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## Code structure

## FG 60AD1D0A-LP30F20GK900

| Integrated contact blocks |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Solenoid operated $\ddagger$ | Actuator operated ㅇ.f |
| 60A | $1 \mathrm{NO}+1 \mathrm{NC}$ | $1 \mathrm{NO}+1 \mathrm{NC}$ |
| 60B | 2NC | 1NO+1NC |
| 60C | 3NC | 1 NC |
| 60D | $1 \mathrm{NO}+1 \mathrm{NC}$ | 2 NC |
| 60E | $1 \mathrm{NO}+2 \mathrm{NC}$ | 1 NC |
| 60F | $1 \mathrm{NO}+2 \mathrm{NC}$ | 1NO |
| 60G | 2NC | 2 NC |
| 60H | 4NC | / |
| 601 | 3NC | 1NO |
| 60L | $2 \mathrm{NO}+1 \mathrm{NC}$ | 1 NC |
| 60M | $2 \mathrm{NO}+1 \mathrm{NC}$ | 1 NO |
| 60N | $1 \mathrm{NO}+1 \mathrm{NC}$ | 2 NO |
| 60P | 1 NC | 3NC |
| 60R | $2 \mathrm{NO}+2 \mathrm{NC}$ | / |
| 60S | 1 NC | $1 \mathrm{NC}+2 \mathrm{NO}$ |
| 60T | 1 NC | $2 \mathrm{NC}+1 \mathrm{NO}$ |
| 60 U | / | 4 NC |
| 60V | 2NC | 2 NO |
| 60X | 1NO | 3NC |
| 60Y | 1NO | $1 \mathrm{NO}+2 \mathrm{NC}$ |

## Working principle

D1D locked actuator with de-energized solenoid
D1E locked actuator with energized solenoid
55D locked actuator with de-energized solenoid. With lock release device.
locked actuator with de-energized solenoid.
D6D With lock release device and anti-panic release push button.

D7D
locked actuator with de-energized solenoid. With anti-panic release push button.

D7E
locked actuator with energized solenoid. With anti-panic release push button.

## Solenoid supply voltage

$024 \mathrm{Vac} / \mathrm{dc}(-10 \% \ldots+10 \%)$
$1120 \mathrm{Vac} / \mathrm{dc}(-15 \% \ldots+10 \%)$
$2230 \mathrm{Vac}(-15 \% \ldots+10 \%)$
312 Vdc (-15\% ... +20\%)


## Main features

- Actuator holding force 2500 N
- 20 contact blocks with 4 contacts
- Metal housing, three conduit entries M20
- Protection degree IP67
- Version with lock release device and emergency release push button
- 4 stainless steel actuators
- Rotating head and devices and not detachable
- Signalling LED
- Working with energized or de-energized solenoid


## Markings and quality marks:

## c

Approval IMQ: Approval UL: Approval CCC: Approval GOST:

CA02.03848
E131787
2013010305602309
POCC IT.AB24.B04512

## Technical data

## Housing

Metal housing, coated with baked epoxy powder.
Three conduit entries M20
Protection degree: IP67 according to EN 60529 with cable gland having equal or higher protection degree (electrical contacts)

## General data

For safety applications up to SIL 3 / PL e
Safety parameters:
see page 7/34
Ambient temperature:
Max actuation frequency:
Mechanical endurance:
from $-25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
600 operations cycles ${ }^{1} /$ hour
Max actuating speed:
1 million of operations cycles ${ }^{1}$
Min. actuating speed:
$0,5 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$
Max holding force:
$1 \mathrm{~mm} / \mathrm{s}$
Maximum force before the breaking
in accordance with GS-ET-19:
2500 N
2800 N
Maximum holding force
in accordance with GS-ET-19: 2150 N
Max backlash of the actuator: $\quad 4,5 \mathrm{~mm}$
Actuator extraction force:
30 N
Driving torque for installation:
see pages 7/1-7/12
(1) One operation cycle means two movements, one to close and one to open contacts, as foreseen by EN 60947-5-1 standard..

## Cross section of the conductors (flexible copper wire)

| Contact blocks: $\quad \min$. | $1 \times 0,34 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ | $(1 \times$ AWG 22) |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | $\max$. | $2 \times 1,5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ | $(2 \times$ AWG 16) |

## In conformity with standards:

IEC 60947-5-1, EN 60947-5-1, EN 60947-1, IEC 60204-1, EN 60204-1, EN 1088,
EN ISO 12100-1, EN ISO 12100-2, IEC 60529, EN 60529, EN 61000-6-2, EN 61000-6-3,
NFC 63-140, VDE 0660-200, VDE 0113, BG-GS-ET-15.

## Approvals:

IEC 60947-5-1, UL 508.

## In conformity with requirements requested by:

Low Voltage Directive 2006/95/EC, Machinery Directive 2006/42/EC and
Electromagnetic Compatibility 2004/108/EC.
Positive contact opening in conformity with standards:
IEC 60947-5-1, EN 60947-5-1, VDE 0660-206.

## Solenoid

Solenoid duty cycle:
Solenoid protection 12 V :
Solenoid protection 24 V :
Solenoid protection 120 V :
Solenoid protection 230 V :
Solenoid power:

## 100\% ED

fuse 1 A type gG
fuse 0,5 A type gG
fuse 315 mA , delayed type
fuse 315 mA , delayed type
9 VA
$\measuredangle$ If not expressly indicated in this chapter, for the right installation and the correct utilization of all articles see requirements indicated from page $7 / 1$ to page $\mathbf{7 / 1 2}$.

| Electrical data |  |  | Utilization categories |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Thermal current (Ith): 10 A <br> Rated insulation voltage (Ui): 400 Vac 300 Vdc <br> Rated impulse withstand voltage ( $\mathrm{U}_{\mathrm{imp}}$ ): 6 kV <br> Conditional shot circuit current: 1000 A according to EN 60947-5-1 <br> Protection against short circuits: fuse $10 \mathrm{~A} \mathrm{500V} \mathrm{type} \mathrm{aM}$Pollution degree: 3 |  | Alternate current: AC15 (50... 60 Hz ) |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | Ue (V) 120 250 400 <br> le (A) 6 5 3 <br> Direct current: DC13   |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | Ue (V) le (A) | 243 |  | $\begin{aligned} & 250 \\ & 0,4 \end{aligned}$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Thermal current (Ith): 8 A <br> Rated insulation voltage (Ui): 250 Vac 300 Vdc <br> Protection against short circuits: fuse 8 A 500 V type g <br> Pollution degree: 3 |  | Alternate current: AC15 (50... 60 Hz ) |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | Ue (V) | 120 | 250 |  |
|  |  |  | le (A) | 6 | 5 |  |
|  |  |  | Direct | ent: |  |  |
|  |  |  | Ue (V) | 24 | 125 | 250 |
|  |  |  | le (A) | 3 | 0,7 | 0,4 |

## Data type approved by IMQ

Rated insulation voltage (Ui): 400 Vac
Thermal current (Ith): 10
Rated impulse withstand voltage ( $\mathrm{U}_{\mathrm{imp}}$ ): 6 kV
Protection against short circuits: fuse 10 A 500 V type gG
Protection degree: IP67
MV terminals (screw clamps)
Pollution degree 3
Utilization category: AC15
Operation voltage (Ue): $400 \mathrm{Vac}(50 \mathrm{~Hz})$
Operation current (le): 3 A
Forms of the contact element: $X+X+X+X, Y+Y+Y+Y, X+Y+Y+Y, X+X+Y+Y, X+X+X+Y$
Positive opening of contacts on contact block 60A, 60B, 60C, 60D, 60E, 60F, 60G,
60H, 60I, 60L, 60M, 60N, 60P, 60R, 60S, 60T, 60U, 60V, 60X, 60Y
In conformity with standards: EN 60947-1, EN 60947-5-1+ A1:2009, fundamental requirements of the Low Voltage Directive 2006/95/CE.

Please contact our technical service for the list of approved products.

## Data type approved by UL

Utilization categories A300 (720 VA, 120-300 Vac)
Q300 ( $69 \mathrm{VA}, 125-250 \mathrm{Vdc}$ )
Data of the housing type $1,4 \mathrm{X}$ "indoor use only", 12, 13
In conformity with standard: UL 508

Please contact our technical service for the list of approved products.

## Limits of utilization

Do not use where dust and dirt may penetrate in any way into the head and deposit there, in particular where metal dust, concrete or chemicals are spread.
Do not use where explosive or inflammable gas is present.
Use Atex products in environments with explosion hazard (see page 2/137).

## Description

These switches are used on machines where the hazardous conditions remain for a while, even after the machines have been switched off, for example because of mechanical inertia of pulleys, saw disks, parts under pressure or with high temperatures. They can also be used when it is necessary to control machine guards allowing the opening of protections only under specific conditions.

## Actuator holding force



The strong interlocking system guarantees a maximum actuator holding force of 2500 N .

Rotating heads and devices


## Release device with rotating lock



The auxiliary release device with rotating lock is used to allow the maintenance or the entry into the machinery to authorized personnel only. Rotating the key, will make the same action of the solenoid, that is move solenoid contacts and release the actuator. The device can be rotated allowing the installation of the safety switch inside the machinery and making the release device accessible outside the protection. In this way, the switch is more protected against possible tampering and the external side/surface of the machinery remains pleasant.

Lock release device and emergency push button


This device performs the two above mentioned functions at the same time. Also in this case the device can be rotated and the release button can be ordered with different lengths. The activation of the button has the priority on the lock, that is with the closed lock is possible to activate the button and unlock the switch. To reset the switch is necessary to restore lock and button to their initial position.

## Signalling LED type A

In the version with signalling LED type A, two green
 LED are switched-on directly by the solenoid power supply. Wiring is not necessary.


## Actuating regulation zone



This switch has a wide backlash of the actuator into the head $(4,5 \mathrm{~mm})$ to avoid that door gaskets keep in traction the actuator on the solenoid. With closed door, check that the actuator doesn't knock straight against the head of the switch; it must be in the adjustment zone ( $0,5 \ldots 5 \mathrm{~mm}$ )

## 4 poles contact block



Innovative 4 poles contact block, available in different contacts configurations to monitor the actuator or the solenoid (patented). The contact block is supplied with no-loosing screws and self-lifting plates

## Safety screws for actuators



These new screws have tamper-resistant Torx buttonheads.
Devices fixed with this kind of screws cannot be removed or tampered by common tools.
See accessories page 6/5.

Emergency release push button


This device is used when the safety switch controls hazardous areas where operators may physically enter with all their body. The release button, oriented towards inside the machinery, allows the exit of the operator accidentally trapped also in case of possible black-out. Pushing the button, it will be actuated the same function of the auxiliary release device. To reset the switch, restore the button to the initial position. The emergency button can be rotated, available with different lengths and it is fixed to the switch by a screw, so to allow the installation of the switch inside or outside the guards.

## Not detachable head and devices



The head and the release devices can be rotated but they are not detachable to each other. In such a way the switch is safer because the installer do not have to worry about the assembly of various components and there is a lower probability of damages (loss of small parts, dirt penetration, etc.)

## Signalling LED type B



## Description

## Working conditions

The working principle of these safety switches allows three different working states:
state A: with the actuator inserted and blocked by the solenoid
state B: with the actuator inserted but not blocked
state C: with the actuator extracted
All or some of these states may be controlled through the positive opening contacts of the internal contact block. In detail, contact blocks that have electric contacts marked with the symbol of the solenoid ( $=\triangle$ ) are switched in the transition between the state A and state B, while the electric contacts marked with the symbol of the actuator ( $\sigma \sqrt{\circ}$ ) are switched between state B and state C:

## Working principle

It is also possible to choose between two working principles for the actuator locking:

- Working principle D: Actuator blocked with de-energized solenoid. Actuator release is obtained by power supply to the solenoid (see example of working cycle steps).
- Working principle E: Actuator blocked with energized solenoid. The unlock of the actuator is obtained by power-off to the solenoid. It is advisable to use this version under special conditions because a blackout will allow the immediate opening of the protection.


## Product versatility

This series of products includes many technical solutions that results in easier installation and working:

- Four different types of stainless steel actuators, suitable to be fixed in several positions and with insertion radius arc equal to or over 80 mm .
- Swinging head, in $90^{\circ}$ steps, with two actuator entries for easy installation of the switch. Heads D5, D6 and D7 are provided with release devices that can be rotated independently to the actuator entry side. All parts of heads are rotating but not detachable from the body, in order to avoid any tampering or wrong assembling during the installation.
- To extract the inserted but not blocked actuator, a 30 N force is necessary, that avoids the guard opening because of vibrations or impacts.
- Extremely heavy mechanical system of actuator locking, able to support traction forces up to 2500 N .
- When actuator is locked, it can still move a little ( $4,5 \mathrm{~mm}$ ), to avoid that door gaskets keep in traction the actuator on the solenoid.
- Housing with three conduit entries for an easier installation or connection in series.
- Electronic control of the power supply. This technical solution resolves the problems that may derive from not stable power supply (machine distance from main transformers, tension variation between night/day hours), allowing also a low solenoid power consumption and consequently enlarging the working temperatures range of the switch.
- No-loosing screws contact blocks, fingers protection, contacts with double interruption, high contact reliability.
- Version with signalling LED connected to the power supply or freely linked by the installer. LED are externally visible through the housing cover.


## Release device

Versions with D working principle are supplied with a sealable auxiliary release device used by technicians during the installation or to access the machine in case of black-out.
Head D1: •The auxiliary release device is actuated by screwing to the end the safety dowel and rotating the device by $180^{\circ}$.

- The arrow on the switch cover indicates the auxiliary release device state. After the actuator release, put in the start position and reposition the safety dowel.
- To avoid improper use of the auxiliary release device during the usual machine working cycle, it has to be sealed with some drops of paint or by lead sealing.
Head D5: The auxiliary release device is composed of a lock with double key supplied on issue.
Head D7: The auxiliary release device is composed of a mushroom-head push button with no panic functions. This device must be rotated towards the inner and dangerous side of the machine so that an operator entrapped could activate it, release the switch and go out of the area. To restore the switch, reset the push button. This device cannot be used for functions of emergency stop of the machine.
Head D6: This head has contemporaneously functions of heads D5 and D7. The release occurs always, any of two devices is activated (push button or lock).


## Gate monitoring

These switches alone cannot protect operators or maintenance men where they may physically enter with all their body in the hazardous area, because an involuntary closing of the protection behind them could allow the restart of the machine. If the authorization to the machine restart is completely granted by these switches, it must be foresee a system to avoid that risk, as for example the pad lockable device to lock the actuator entry, item VF KB2 at page 4/86 or a safety handle with padlocks as for example VF AP-P11B-200P (page 4/109).

## Example of working cycle steps with FG 60AD1D0A-F21 (switch with working principle D)



## Application examples on machinery guards





How to read travel diagrams
All measures in the diagrams are in mm


## IMPORTANT:

NC contact has to be considered with inserted and locked actuator. In safety applications it is necessary to activate the switch at least up to the positive opening point indicated in the diagrams with the symbol $\Theta$. Operate the switch at least with the positive opening force, indicated between brackets, below each article, next the value of minimum force.


## Travel diagrams table

| Contact blocks | Group 1 | Contact blocks | Group 1 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{aligned} & 60 \mathrm{~A} \\ & 2 \mathrm{NO}+2 \mathrm{NC} \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 60G } \\ & \text { 4NC } \end{aligned}$ |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { 60B } \\ & \text { 1NO+3NC } \end{aligned}$ |  | 60 H <br> 4NC <br> 601 |  |
| 60C |  | 1NO＋3NC | $\text { ■ }{ }^{43-44}{ }^{0}$ |
| 4NC |  | 60L | $21-22$ $33-34$ <br> 43－44 |
| 60D | $13-14$ $21-22$ | 1NO＋3NC | ■ |
| 1NO＋3NC |  | 60M | $=\triangle{ }_{\substack{21 \\ 33 \\ 33-24 \\ 434}}$ |
| 60E | $-\triangle \underbrace{\substack{11-12 \\ 21-22}}_{43-44}$ | 3NO＋1NC | $\text { 울 } 13-14 \stackrel{0}{\rightleftharpoons}$ |
| 1NO＋3NC | ■ | 60N | 13－14 <br> 21－22 |
| 60F | $\begin{aligned} & 11-12 \\ & 21-22 \\ & 33-34 \end{aligned}$ $\square$ | 3NO＋1NC | ■『 |
| 2NO＋2NC | $\text { の㢂 } 43-44 \stackrel{0}{\circ} 7.4$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 60P } \\ & \text { 4NC } \end{aligned}$ |  |



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## Stainless steel actuators

IMPORTANT: These actuators must be used with FG series only (e.g. FG 60AD1D0A).


| Article |
| :---: |
| VF KEYF21 |

Description
Right-angled actuator



Universal actuator VF KEYF28
IMPORTANT: These actuators must be used with FG series only (e.g. FG 60AD1D0A).


Joined and two directions adjustable actuator for doors with reduced dimensions.
The actuator has two couples of fixing holes and it is possible to rotate by $90^{\circ}$ the actuator-working plan.

for inaccurate doors


Accessories See page 6/1

## Accessories for sealing



Pliers, steel wire and lead seals used to seal the auxiliary release device.

| Article | Description |
| :---: | :--- |
| VF FSPB-200 | Set of 200 lead seals |
| VF FSPB-10 | Set of 10 lead seals |
| Article | Description |
| VF FSFI-400 | 400 m steel wire roll |
| VF FSFI-10 | 10 m steel wire roll |
| Article | Description |
| VF FSPZ | Plier without logo |

## Accessories



Actuator entry locking device Padlockable device to lock the actuator entry in order to prevent from the accidental closing of the door behind operators while they are inside the machine. To be used only with FG series. Padlocks diameter holes 9 mm


## Description

Set of 2 locking keys
Extra copy of the locking keys to be purchased if further keys are needed (standard supply 2 units).
All switches keys have the same code. Other codes on request.

## Other release button lengths



-LPRG

Wall thickness length
60 ... 500 mm

- Avoid torsion and bending on the release button bar.
- To guarantee the device correct operation, keep a distance of 10 to 25 mm between the wall and the release button.
- Keep clean the release push button slipping area. The guide bushing or tube must be cleaned inside, since dirt or chemical products could compromise the device operation.
- Periodically check for correct device operation.

Avoid torsion and bending on the release button bar.

- Use a bushing or a tube with $18 \pm 0,5 \mathrm{~mm}$ diameter as a guide inside the wall.
- The M10 threaded bar has to be inserted into the guide in order to avoid its bending.
The M10 threaded bar is not supplied with the device.
- To guarantee the device correct operation, keep a distance of 10 to 25 mm between the wall and the release button.
- Keep clean the release push button slipping area. The guide bushing or tube must be cleaned inside, since dirt or chemical products could compromise the device operation.
- Periodically check for correct device operation.


## Release pushbutton

| Article | Description |
| :---: | :--- |
| VF FG-LP15 | Polymer release pushbutton for wall thickness length 15-mm <br> max, supplied with screw |
| VF FG-LP30 | Polymer release pushbutton for wall thickness length $30-\mathrm{mm}$ <br> max, supplied with screw |
| VF FG-LP40 | Polymer release pushbutton for wall thickness length 40-mm <br> max, supplied with screw |
| VF FG-LP60 | Metal release pushbutton for wall thickness length 60-mm max, <br> supplied with screw |



Article
VF FG-LPRG

## Description

Metal release pushbutton from 60 to 500 mm , supplied with 2 supports and 2 screws, without M10 threaded bar
The M10 bar can be supplied in zinc-plated steel with 1-m length. Article: AC 8512.

## Safety modules

Pizzato Elettrica s.r.l. offers its customers a wide range of safety modules made considering the typical problems about the control of the safety switches and their real use conditions. There are available safety modules with instantaneous or delayed contacts suitable for type 0 (immediate stop) or type 1 (monitored stop) emergency circuits. Safety switches with solenoid series FG could be connected to safety modules in order to obtain safety circuits up to PLe in accordance with EN ISO 13849. For any technical information or wiring diagram please contact our technical staff.


## X-ON Electronics

Largest Supplier of Electrical and Electronic Components

Click to view similar products for Emergency Stop Switches / E-Stop Switches category:
Click to view products by Pizzato manufacturer:

Other Similar products are found below :
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AVLD39911N-R-24V A22Z-EG22 A165E-SY 3100.0110Y 3050.1302Y 3SE2243-0XX40 3SK1111-2AB30 3SK1211-1BB40 44-710 846841.2B20 84-6830.0040 H3141AAKAA A165E-R-24D-01 E3102AAAAB A22E-M-03 ZA2BV05 A22EL-M-T2-01 951FY000-WO ER6022-022N 952+2000-00 ES3S51653 601+0000-OP E3101AAAAB 84-5130.0040 CS AR-05V024 CS AR-22V024 DS AE1VA DS KB2A DS KB3A HE2G-21SHE-L-K HE6B-M211Y 774191774316777760 R1.100.0129.0 SMA0129- NO/NO R1.188.0640.0 SNV 4063KL-A R1.188.1810.0 SNA 4043K-A R1.188.1840.0 SNA 4043K-A SR BD40ALK-B02F AVLW39911D-R-120V AYD311NUG AVLD32211DNUR 84-5040.0020.0049


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[^1]:    

[^2]:    Items with code on the green background are available in stock

