

**CoolMOS™ Power Transistor**
**Features**

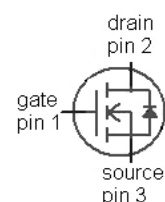
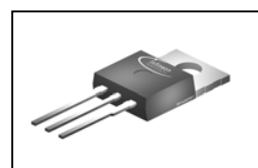
- Intrinsic fast-recovery body diode
- Extremely low reverse recovery charge
- Ultra low gate charge
- Extreme  $dv/dt$  rated
- High peak current capability
- Qualified for industrial grade applications according to JEDEC<sup>1)</sup>

**CoolMOS CFD designed for:**

- Softswitching PWM Stages
- LCD & CRT TV

**Product Summary**

$V_{DS}$ @ $T_{jmax}$	650	V
$R_{DS(on),max}$	0.330	$\Omega$
$I_D$	13.4	A

**PG-TO220**


Type	Package	Marking
SPP15N60CFD	PG-TO220	15N60CFD

**Maximum ratings, at  $T_j=25$  °C, unless otherwise specified**

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Value	Unit
Continuous drain current	$I_D$	$T_C=25$ °C	13.4	A
		$T_C=100$ °C	8.4	
Pulsed drain current <sup>2)</sup>	$I_{D,pulse}$	$T_C=25$ °C	33	
Avalanche energy, single pulse	$E_{AS}$	$I_D=6.7$ A, $V_{DD}=50$ V	460	mJ
Avalanche energy, repetitive <sup>2),3)</sup>	$E_{AR}$	$I_D=13.4$ A, $V_{DD}=50$ V	0.8	
Avalanche current, repetitive <sup>2),3)</sup>	$I_{AR}$		13.4	A
Drain source voltage slope	$dv/dt$	$I_D=13.4$ A, $V_{DS}=480$ V, $T_j=125$ °C	80	V/ns
Reverse diode $dv/dt$	$dv/dt$	$I_S=13.4$ A, $V_{DS}=480$ V, $T_j=125$ °C	40	V/ns
Maximum diode commutation speed	$di/dt$		600	A/ $\mu$ s
Gate source voltage	$V_{GS}$	static	$\pm 20$	V
		AC ( $f>1$ Hz)	$\pm 30$	
Power dissipation	$P_{tot}$	$T_C=25$ °C	156	W
Operating and storage temperature	$T_j, T_{stg}$		-55 ... 150	°C
Mounting torque		M3 & 3.5 screws	60	Ncm

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Values			Unit
			min.	typ.	max.	

**Thermal characteristics**

Thermal resistance, junction - case	$R_{thJC}$		-	-	0.8	K/W
Thermal resistance, junction - ambient	$R_{thJA}$	leaded	-	-	62	
Soldering temperature, wave soldering only allowed at leads	$T_{sold}$	1.6 mm (0.063 in.) from case for 10 s	-	-	260	°C

**Electrical characteristics, at  $T_j=25\text{ °C}$ , unless otherwise specified**
**Static characteristics**

Drain-source breakdown voltage	$V_{(BR)DSS}$	$V_{GS}=0\text{ V}$ , $I_D=250\text{ }\mu\text{A}$	600	-	-	V
Avalanche breakdown voltage	$V_{(BR)DS}$	$V_{GS}=0\text{ V}$ , $I_D=13.4\text{ A}$	-	700	-	
Gate threshold voltage	$V_{GS(th)}$	$V_{DS}=V_{GS}$ , $I_D=750\text{ }\mu\text{A}$	3	4	5	
Zero gate voltage drain current	$I_{DSS}$	$V_{DS}=600\text{ V}$ , $V_{GS}=0\text{ V}$ , $T_j=25\text{ °C}$	-	1.4	-	$\mu\text{A}$
		$V_{DS}=600\text{ V}$ , $V_{GS}=0\text{ V}$ , $T_j=150\text{ °C}$	-	1200	-	
Gate-source leakage current	$I_{GSS}$	$V_{GS}=20\text{ V}$ , $V_{DS}=0\text{ V}$	-	-	100	nA
Drain-source on-state resistance	$R_{DS(on)}$	$V_{GS}=10\text{ V}$ , $I_D=9.4\text{ A}$ , $T_j=25\text{ °C}$	-	0.28	0.33	$\Omega$
		$V_{GS}=10\text{ V}$ , $I_D=9.4\text{ A}$ , $T_j=150\text{ °C}$	-	0.78	-	
Gate resistance	$R_G$	$f=1\text{ MHz}$ , open drain	-	1.3	-	
Transconductance	$g_{fs}$	$ V_{DS} >2 I_D R_{DS(on)max}$ , $I_D=9.4\text{ A}$	-	8	-	S

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Values			Unit
			min.	typ.	max.	

**Dynamic characteristics**

Input capacitance	$C_{iss}$	$V_{GS}=0\text{ V}, V_{DS}=25\text{ V},$ $f=1\text{ MHz}$	-	1820	-	pF
Output capacitance	$C_{oss}$		-	520	-	
Reverse transfer capacitance	$C_{rss}$		-	21	-	
Effective output capacitance, energy related <sup>4)</sup>	$C_{o(er)}$	$V_{GS}=0\text{ V}, V_{DS}=0\text{ V}$ to 480 V	-	61	-	
Effective output capacitance, time related <sup>5)</sup>	$C_{o(tr)}$		-	110	-	
Turn-on delay time	$t_{d(on)}$	$V_{DD}=400\text{ V},$ $V_{GS}=10\text{ V}, I_D=13.4\text{ A},$ $R_G=3.6\ \Omega$	-	43	-	ns
Rise time	$t_r$		-	24	-	
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$		-	47	-	
Fall time	$t_f$		-	5	-	

**Gate Charge Characteristics**

Gate to source charge	$Q_{gs}$	$V_{DD}=480\text{ V},$ $I_D=13.4\text{ A},$ $V_{GS}=0\text{ to }10\text{ V}$	-	11	-	nC
Gate to drain charge	$Q_{gd}$		-	38	-	
Gate charge total	$Q_g$		-	63	84	
Gate plateau voltage	$V_{plateau}$		-	7.3	-	V

<sup>1)</sup> J-STD20 and JESD22

<sup>2)</sup> Pulse width  $t_p$  limited by  $T_{j,max}$ 
<sup>3)</sup> Repetitive avalanche causes additional power losses that can be calculated as  $P_{AV}=E_{AR} \cdot f$ .

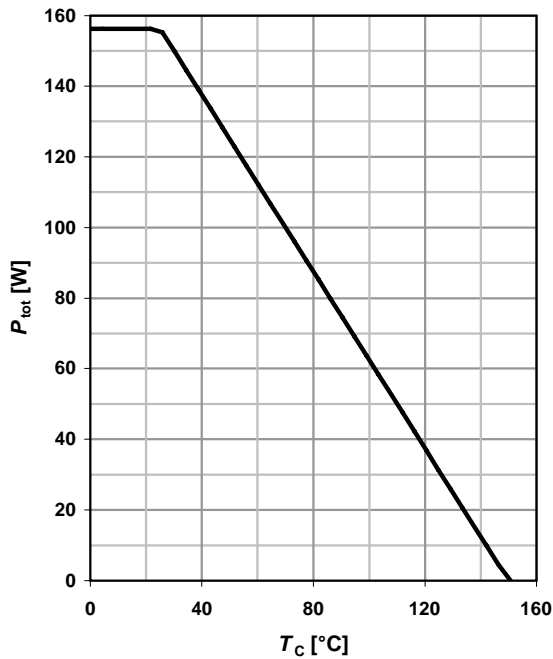
<sup>4)</sup>  $C_{o(er)}$  is a fixed capacitance that gives the same stored energy as  $C_{oss}$  while  $V_{DS}$  is rising from 0 to 80%  $V_{DSS}$ .

<sup>5)</sup>  $C_{o(tr)}$  is a fixed capacitance that gives the same charging time as  $C_{oss}$  while  $V_{DS}$  is rising from 0 to 80%  $V_{DSS}$ .

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Values			Unit
			min.	typ.	max.	
<b>Reverse Diode</b>						
Diode continuous forward current	$I_S$	$T_C=25\text{ °C}$	-	-	13.4	A
Diode pulse current <sup>2)</sup>	$I_{S,pulse}$		-	-	33	
Diode forward voltage	$V_{SD}$	$V_{GS}=0\text{ V}, I_F=I_S,$ $T_j=25\text{ °C}$	-	1.0	1.2	V
Reverse recovery time	$t_{rr}$	$V_R=480\text{ V}, I_F=I_S,$ $di_F/dt=100\text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$	-	147	-	ns
Reverse recovery charge	$Q_{rr}$		-	1	-	$\mu\text{C}$
Peak reverse recovery current	$I_{rrm}$		-	12	-	A
Peak rate of fall of reverse recovery current	$di_{rr}/dt$	$T_j=25\text{ °C}$	-	1200	-	$\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$

**1 Power dissipation**

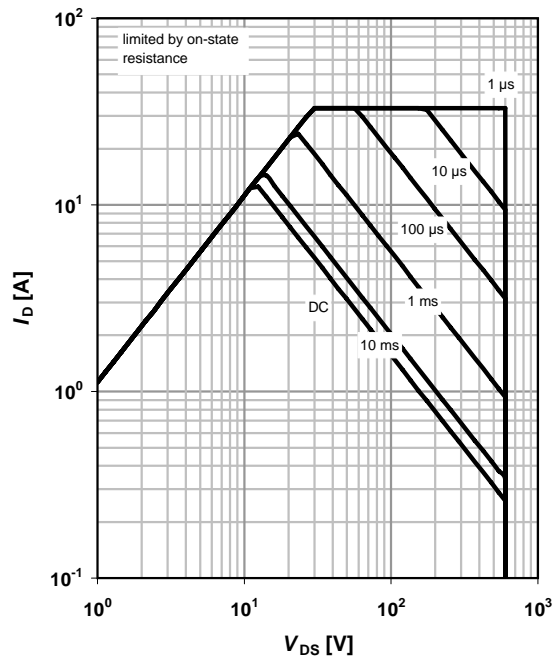
$P_{tot}=f(T_C)$



**2 Safe operating area**

$I_D=f(V_{DS}); T_C=25\text{ °C}; D=0$

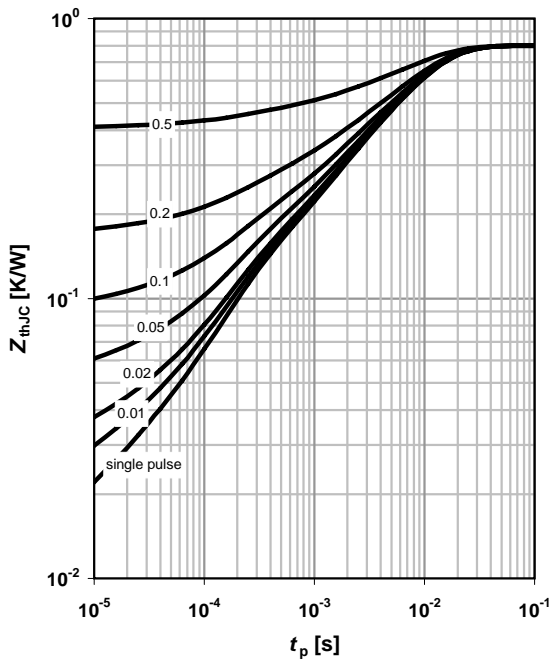
parameter:  $t_p$



**3 Max. transient thermal impedance**

$I_D=f(V_{DS}); T_j=25\text{ °C}$

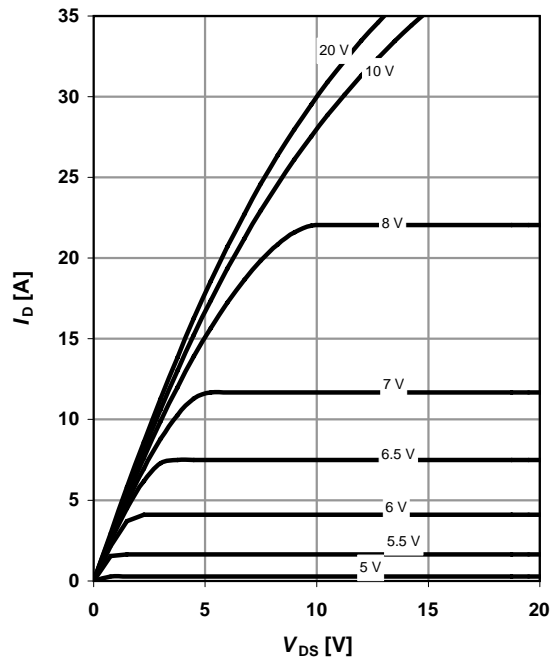
parameter:  $D=t_p/T$



**4 Typ. output characteristics**

$I_D=f(V_{DS}); T_j=25\text{ °C}$

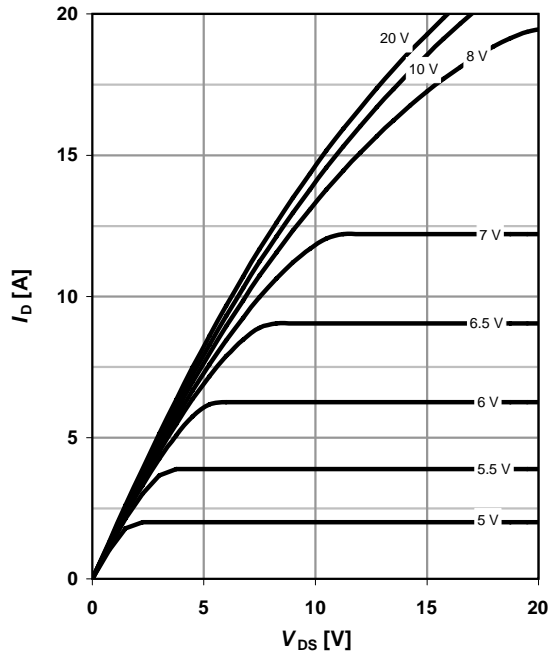
parameter:  $V_{GS}$



**5 Typ. output characteristics**

$I_D = f(V_{DS}); T_j = 150\text{ °C}$

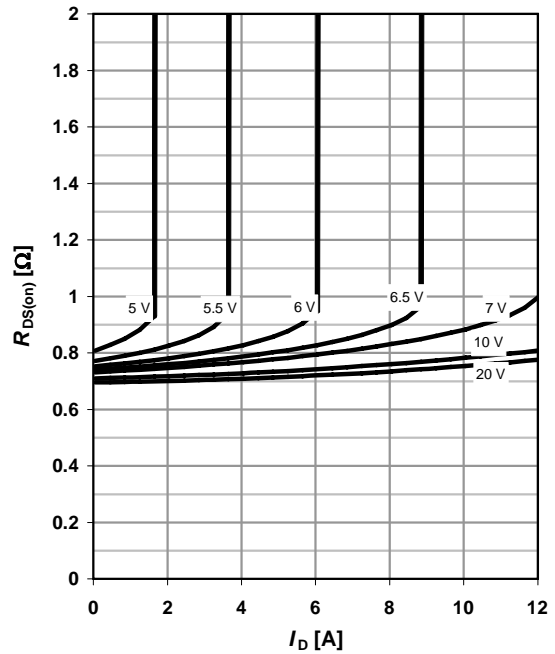
parameter:  $V_{GS}$



**6 Typ. drain-source on-state resistance**

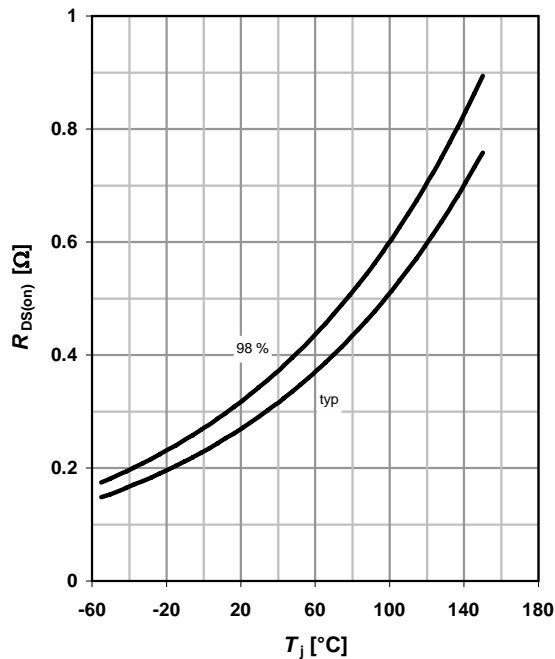
$R_{DS(on)} = f(I_D); T_j = 150\text{ °C}$

parameter:  $V_{GS}$



**7 Drain-source on-state resistance**

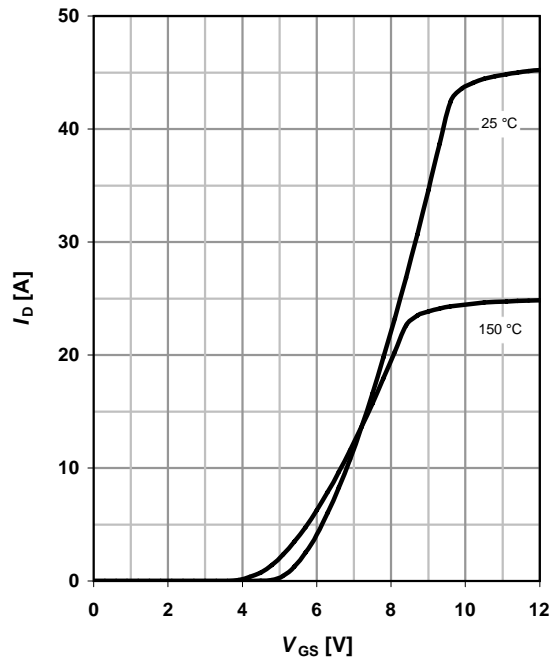
$R_{DS(on)} = f(T_j); I_D = 9.4\text{ A}; V_{GS} = 10\text{ V}$



**8 Typ. transfer characteristics**

$I_D = f(V_{GS}); |V_{DS}| > 2|I_D|R_{DS(on)max}$

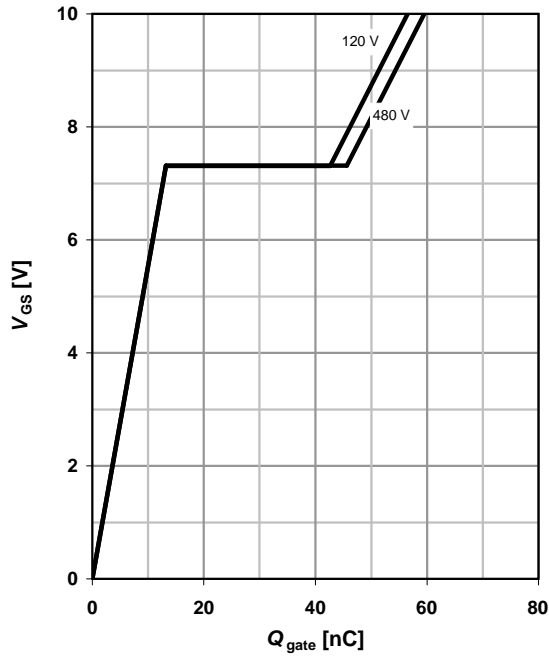
parameter:  $T_j$



**9 Typ. gate charge**

$V_{GS}=f(Q_{gate}); I_D=13.4 \text{ A pulsed}$

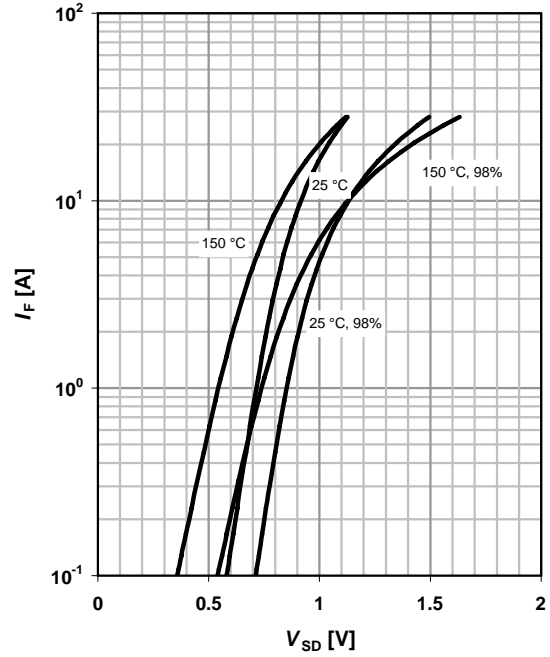
parameter:  $V_{DD}$



**10 Forward characteristics of reverse diode**

$I_F=f(V_{SD})$

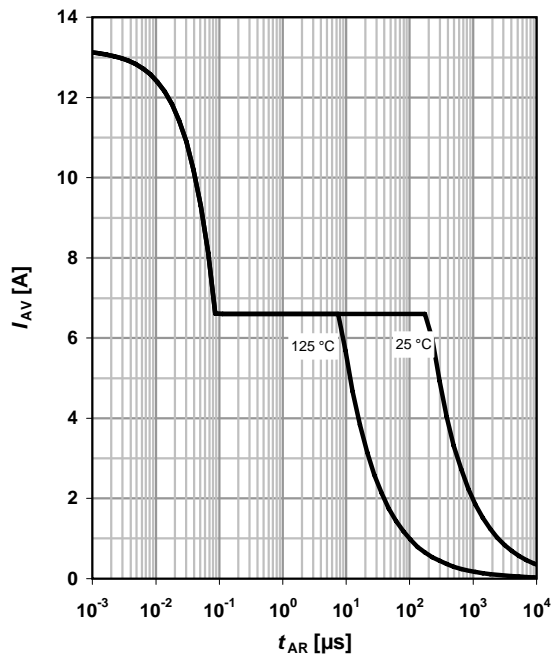
parameter:  $T_j$



**11 Avalanche SOA**

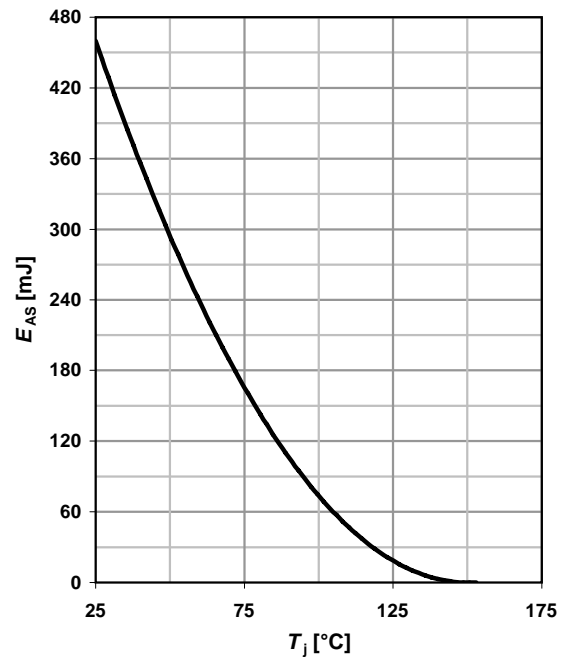
$I_{AR}=f(t_{AR})$

parameter:  $T_{j(start)}$



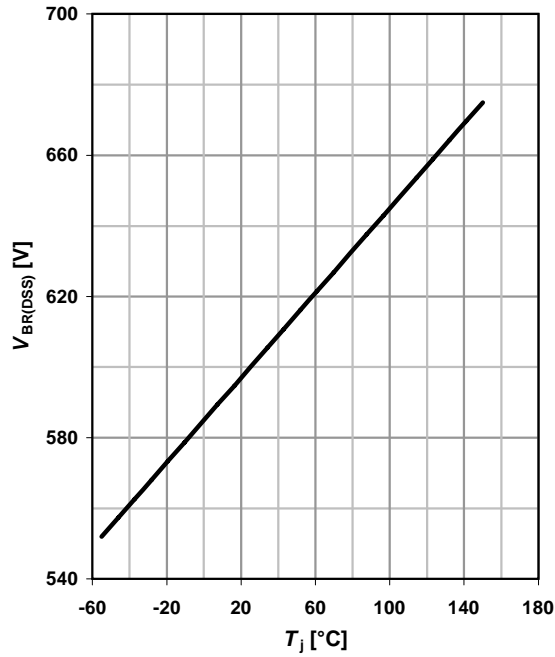
**12 Avalanche energy**

$E_{AS}=f(T_j); I_D=6.7 \text{ A}; V_{DD}=50 \text{ V}$



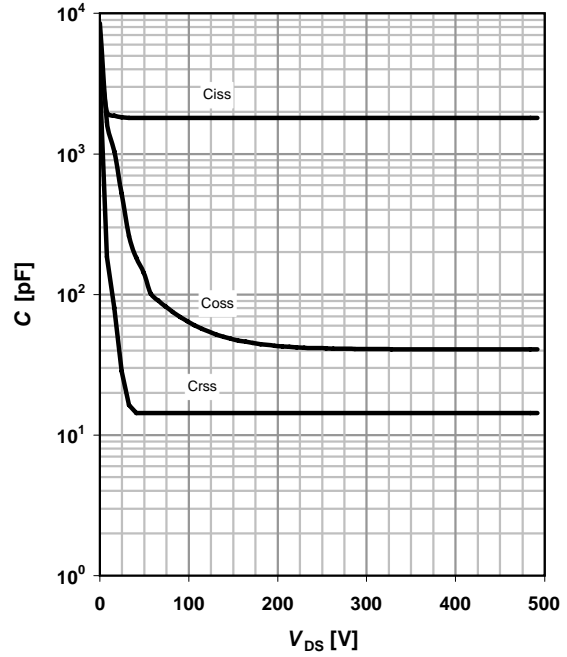
13 Drain-source breakdown voltage

$$V_{BR(DSS)} = f(T_j)$$



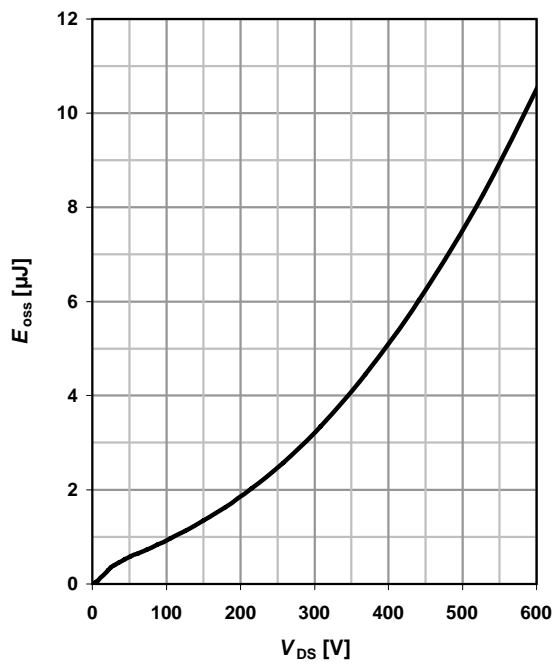
14 Typ. capacitances

$$C = f(V_{DS}); V_{GS} = 0 \text{ V}; f = 1 \text{ MHz}$$



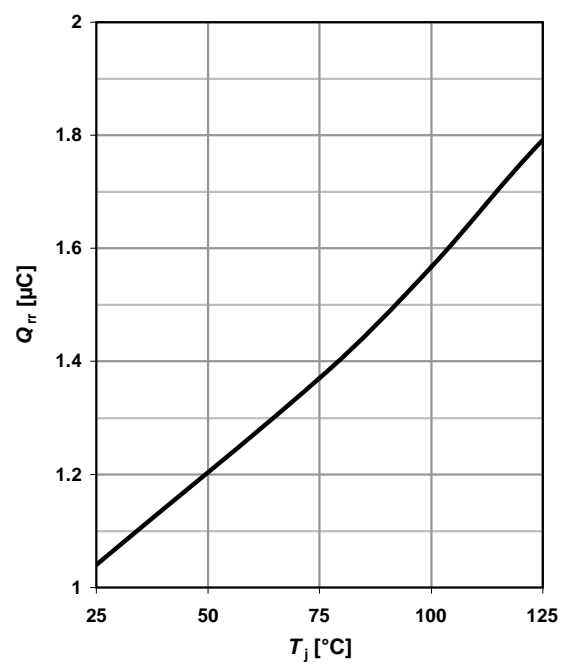
15 Typ.  $C_{oss}$  stored energy

$$E_{oss} = f(V_{DS})$$



16 Typ. reverse recovery charge

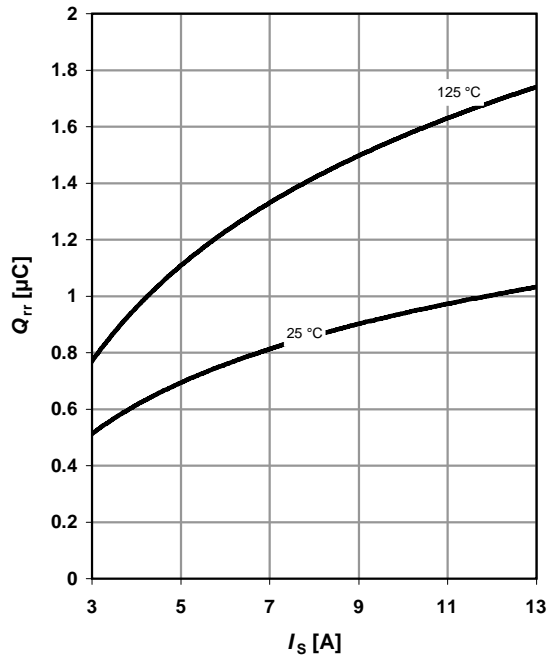
$$Q_{rr} = f(T_j); \text{parameter: } I_D = 13.4 \text{ A}$$





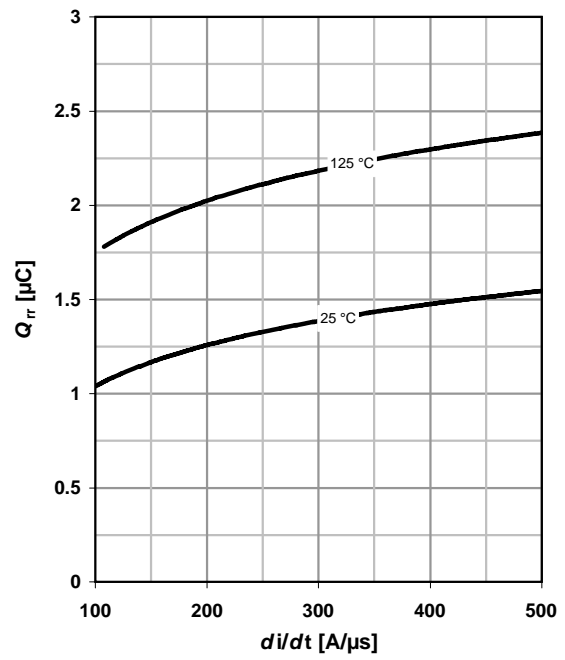
17 Typ. reverse recovery charge

$Q_{rr}=f(I_S)$ ; parameter:  $di/dt=100\text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$

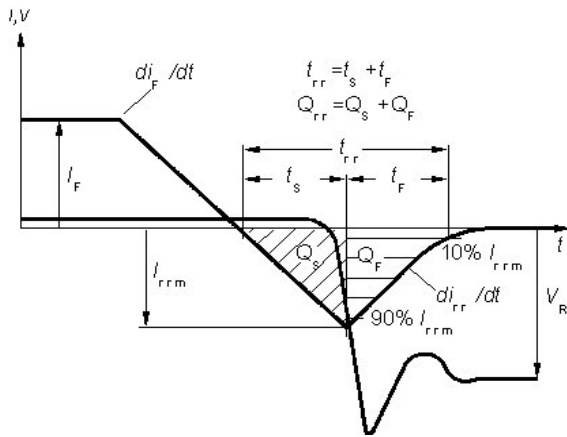


18 Typ. reverse recovery charge

$Q_{rr}=f(di/dt)$ ; parameter:  $I_D=13.4\text{ A}$



Definition of diode switching characteristics





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