

Sup*IR*Buck™

USER GUIDE FOR IR3840 EVALUATION BOARD

DESCRIPTION

The IR3840 is a synchronous buck converter, providing a compact, high performance and flexible solution in a small 5mmx6mm Power QFN package.

Key features offered by the IR3840 include programmable soft-start ramp, precision 0.7V reference voltage, Power Good, thermal protection, programmable switching frequency, Sequence input, Enable input, input under-voltage lockout for proper startup, and pre-bias start-up.

An output over-current protection function is implemented by sensing the voltage developed across the on-resistance of the synchronous rectifier MOSFET for optimum cost and performance.

This user guide contains the schematic and bill of materials for the IR3840 evaluation board. The guide describes operation and use of the evaluation board itself. Detailed application information for IR3840 is available in the IR3840 data sheet.

BOARD FEATURES

- V_{in} = +12V (13.2V Max)
- V_{cc}=+5V (5.5V Max)
- V_{out} = +1.8V @ 0- 12A
- F_s=600kHz
- L= 0.6uH
- C_{in}= 4x10uF (ceramic 1206) + 330uF (electrolytic)
- C_{out}= 6x22uF (ceramic 0805)



CONNECTIONS and OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS

A well regulated +12V input supply should be connected to VIN+ and VIN-. A maximum 12A load should be connected to VOUT+ and VOUT-. The connection diagram is shown in Fig. 1 and inputs and outputs of the board are listed in Table I.

IR3840 has two input supplies, one for biasing (Vcc) and the other as input voltage (Vin). Separate supplies should be applied to these inputs. Vcc input should be a well regulated 4.5V-5.5V supply and it would be connected to Vcc+ and Vcc-.

If single 12V application is required connect R7 (zero Ohm resistor) which enables the on board bias regulator (see schematic). In this case there is no need of external Vcc supply.

The output can track a sequencing input at the start-up. <u>For sequencing application</u>, <u>R16 should be removed and the external sequencing source should be applied between Seq. and Agnd.</u> The value of R14 and R28 can be selected to provide the desired ratio between the output voltage and the tracking input. <u>For proper operation of IR3840</u>, the voltage at Seq. pin should not exceed Vcc.

Connection	Signal Name	
VIN+	V _{in} (+12V)	
VIN-	Ground of V _{in}	
Vcc+	Vcc input Ground for Vcc input	
Vcc-		
VOUT-	Ground of V _{out}	
VOUT+	V _{out} (+1.8V)	
Enable	Enable Sequence Input	
Seq.		
P_Good	Power Good Signal	

Table I. Connections

LAYOUT

The PCB is a 4-layer board. All of layers are 2 Oz. copper. The IR3840 SupIRBuck and all of the passive components are mounted on the top side of the board.

Power supply decoupling capacitors, the Bootstrap capacitor and feedback components are located close to IR3840. The feedback resistors are connected to the output voltage at the point of regulation and are located close to the SupIRBuck. To improve efficiency, the circuit board is designed to minimize the length of the on-board power ground current path.



Connection Diagram

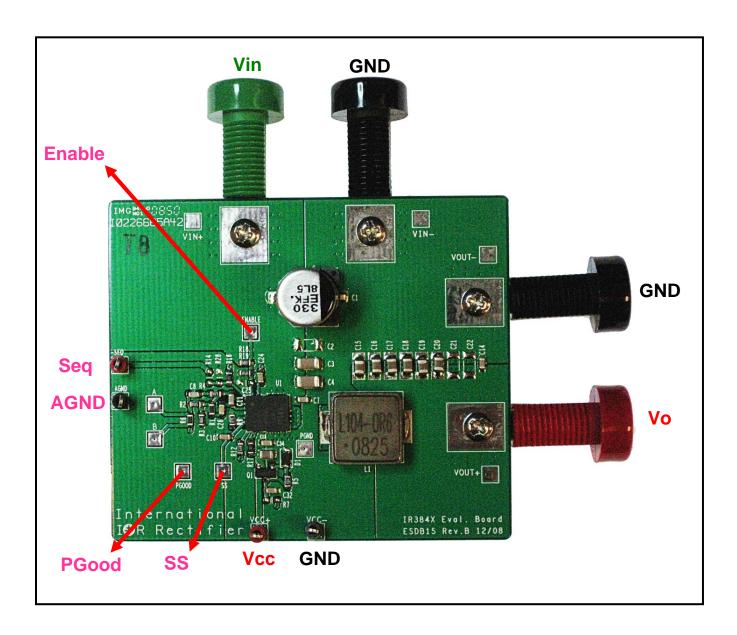


Fig. 1: Connection diagram of IR384x evaluation boards

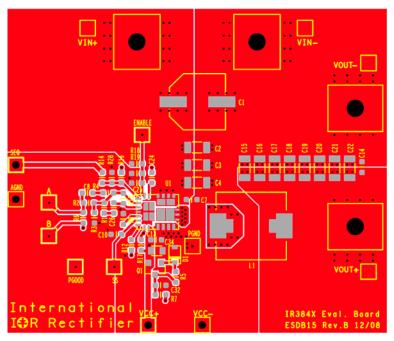


Fig. 2: Board layout, top overlay

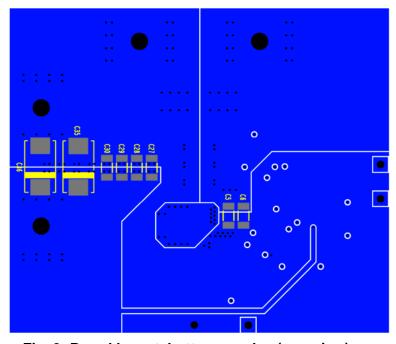


Fig. 3: Board layout, bottom overlay (rear view)

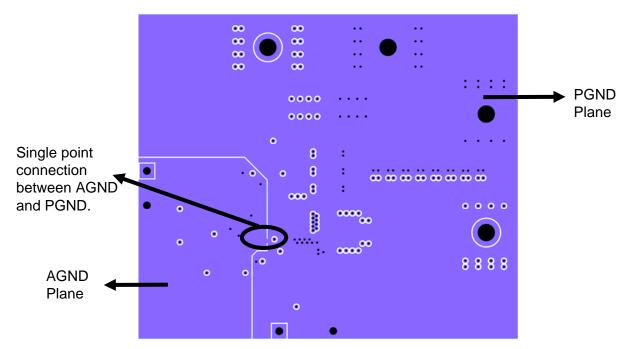


Fig. 4: Board layout, mid-layer I.

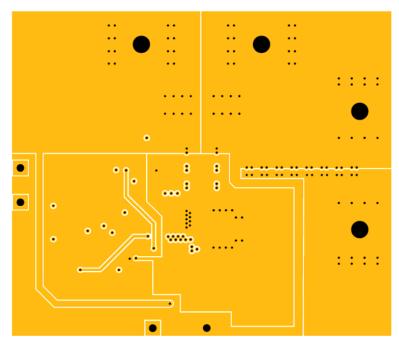


Fig. 5: Board layout, mid-layer II.

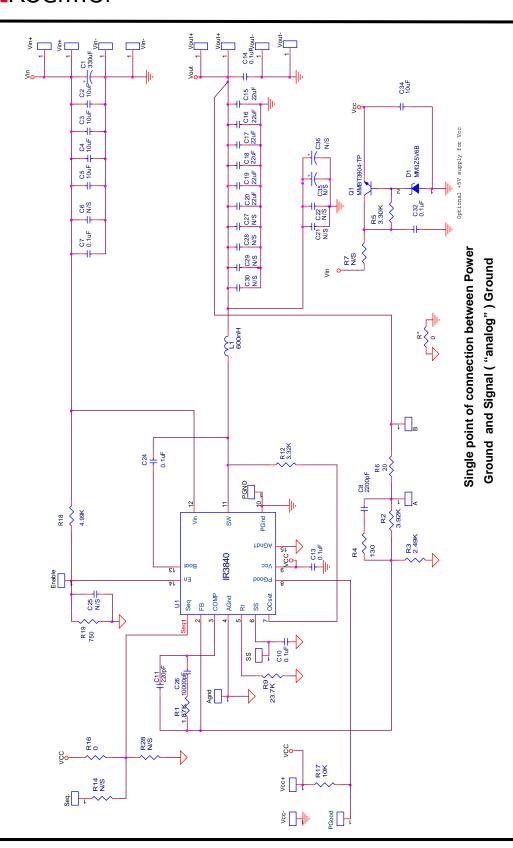


Fig. 6: Schematic of the IR3840 evaluation board

7



Bill of Materials

Item	Quantity	Part Reference	Value	Description	Manufacturer	Part Number
1	1	C1	330uF	SMD Elecrolytic, Fsize, 25V, 20%	Panasonic	EEV-FK1E331P
2	1	C34	10uF	0805, 10V, X5R, 20%	Panasonic - ECG	ECJ-GVB1A106M
3	4	C3 C4 C5 C2	10uF	1206, 16V, X5R, 20%	Panasonic - ECG	ECJ-3YB1C106M
4	6	C7 C10 C13 C14 C24 C32	0.1uF	0603, 25V, X7R, 10%	Panasonic - ECG	ECJ-1VB1E104K
5	1	C8	2200pF	0603, 50V, NP0, 5%	Murata	GRM1885C1H222JA01D
6	1	C11	220pF	0603, 50V, NP0, 5%	Panasonic- ECG	ECJ-1VC1H221J
7	6	C15 C16 C17 C18 C19 C20	22uF	0805, 6.3V, X5R, 20%	Panasonic- ECG	ECJ-2FB0J226M
8	1	C26	10000pF	0603, 50V, X7R, 10%	Panasonic - ECG	ECJ-1VB1H103K
9	1	D1	MM3Z5V6B	MM3Z5V6B,Zener, 5.6V	Fairchild	MM3Z5V6B
10	1	L1	0.6uH	11.5x10x4mm, 20%, 1.7mOhm	Delta	MPL104-0R6IR
11	1	Q1	MMBT3904/SOT	NPN, 40V, 200mA, SOT-23	Fairchild	MMBT3904/SOT
12	1	R5	3.3k	Thick Film, 0603,1/10W,1%	Rohm	MCR03EZPFX3301
13	1	R18	4.99k	Thick Film, 0603,1/10W,1%	Rohm	MCR03EZPFX4991
14	1	R4	130	Thick Film, 0603,1/10W,1%	Panasonic - ECG	ERJ-3EKF1300V
15	1	R6	20	Thick Film, 0603,1/10 W,1%	Vishey/Dale	CRCW060320R0FKEA
16	1	R9	23.7k	Thick Film, 0603,1/10W,1%	Rohm	MCR03EZPFX2372
17	1	R16	0	Thick Film, 0603,1/10 W,5%	Vishay/Dale	CRCW06030000Z0EA
18	1	R12	3.32k	Thick Film, 0603,1/10 W,1%	Rohm	MCR03EZPFX3321
19	1	R17	10.0k	Thick Film, 0603,1/10W,1%	Rohm	MCR03EZPFX1002
20	1	R19	750	Thick Film, 0603,1/10W,1%	Rohm	MCR03EZPFX7500
21	1	R1	1.87k	Thick Film, 0603,1/10W,1%	Rohm	MCR03EZPFX1871
22	1	R2	3.92k	Thick Film, 0603,1/10W,1%	Rohm	MCR03EZPFX3921
23	1	R3	2.49k		Rohm	MCR03EZPFX2491
24	1	U1	IR3840	PQFN, 6mmx5mm, 12A SupIRBuck	International Rectifier	IR3840MPbF



TYPICAL OPERATING WAVEFORMS

Vin=12.0V, Vcc=5V, Vo=1.8V, Io=0-12A, Room Temperature, No Air Flow

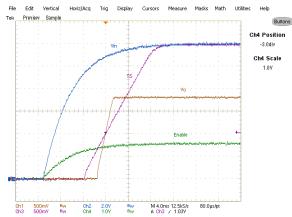


Fig. 7: Start up at 12A Load Ch₁:V_o, Ch₂:V_{in}, Ch₃:V_{ss}, Ch₄:Enable

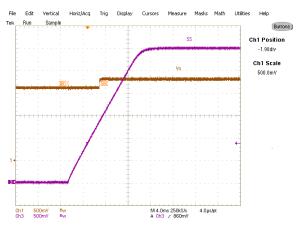


Fig. 9: Start up with 1.62V Pre Bias, 0A Load, Ch₁:V_o, Ch₃:V_{SS}

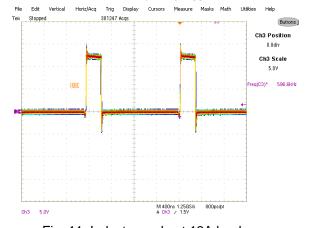


Fig. 11: Inductor node at 12A load Ch₃:LX

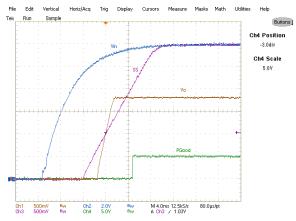


Fig. 8: Start up at 12A Load, Ch₁:V_o, Ch₂:V_{in}, Ch₃:V_{ss}, Ch₄:V_{PGood}

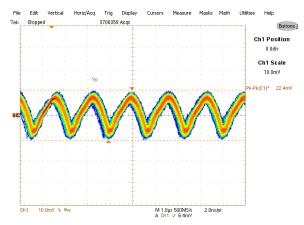


Fig. 10: Output Voltage Ripple, 12A load Ch_1 : V_{out}

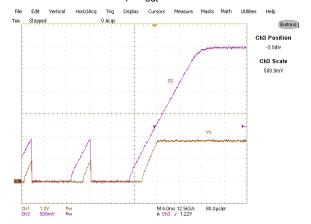
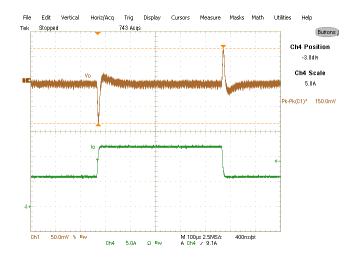


Fig. 12: Short (Hiccup) Recovery $Ch_1:V_{out}$, $Ch_3:V_{ss}$



TYPICAL OPERATING WAVEFORMS
Vin=12V, Vcc=5V, Vo=1.8V, Io=0-12A, Room Temperature, No Air Flow



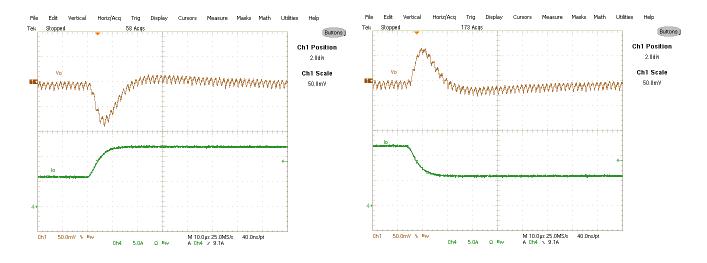


Fig. 13: Transient Response, 6A to 12A step $2.5A/\mu s$ $Ch_1:V_{out}, Ch_4:I_{out}$



TYPICAL OPERATING WAVEFORMS
Vin=12V, Vcc=5V, Vo=1.8V, Io=12A, Room Temperature, No Air Flow

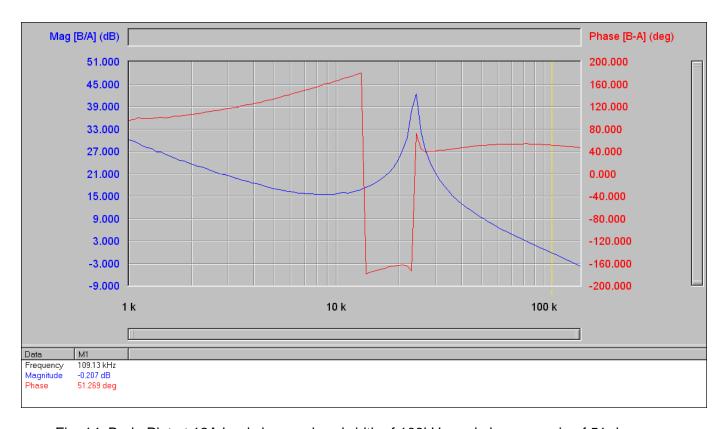


Fig. 14: Bode Plot at 12A load shows a bandwidth of 109kHz and phase margin of 51 degrees



TYPICAL OPERATING WAVEFORMS Vin=12V, Vo=1.8V, Io=0- 12A, Room Temperature, No Air Flow

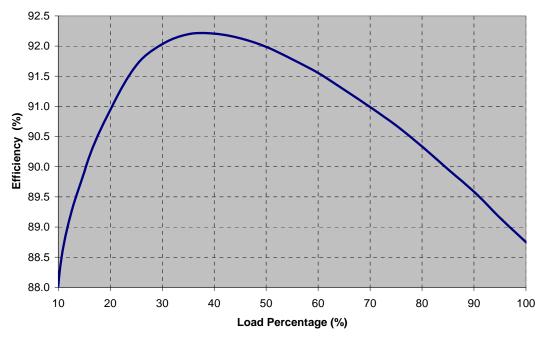


Fig.15: Efficiency versus load current

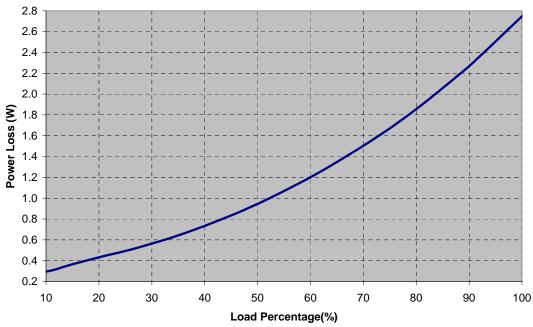


Fig.16: Power loss versus load current



THERMAL IMAGES

Vin=12V, Vo=1.8V, Io=12A, Room Temperature, No Air Flow

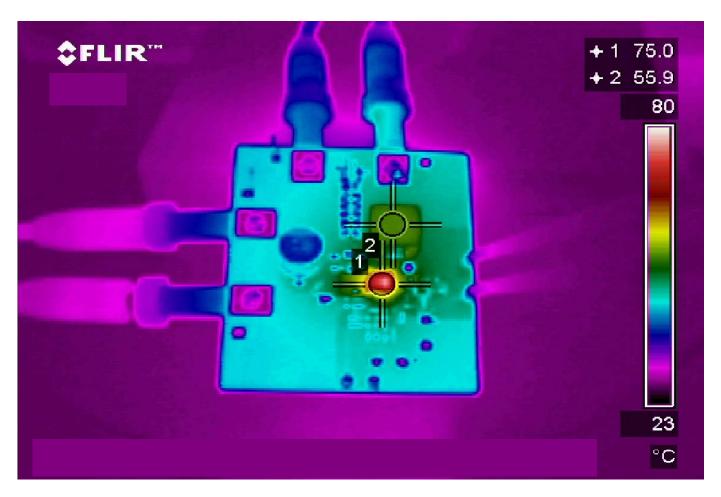


Fig. 17: Thermal Image at 12A load Test points 1 and 2 are IR3840 and inductor, respectively.



Simultaneous Tracking at Power Up and Power Down Vin=12V, Vo=1.8V, Io=12A, Room Temperature, No Air Flow

In order to run the IR3840 in the simultaneous tracking mode, following steps should be taken:

- Remove R16 from the board.
- Set the value of R14 and R28 as R2 (3.92K) and R3 (2.49K), respectively.
- Connect the controlling input across SEQ and AGND test points on the board. This voltage should be at least 1.15 time greater than Vo. For the following test results a 0-3.3V source is applied to SEQ pin.
- The controlling input should be applied after the SS pin is clamped to 3.0V.



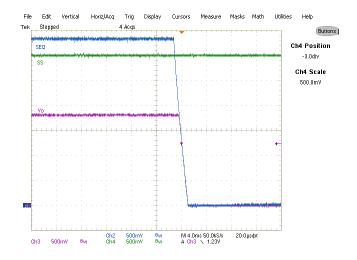


Fig. 18: Simultaneous Tracking a 3.3V input at power-up and shut-down Ch2: SEQ Ch3:Vo Ch4: SS (1.8V)

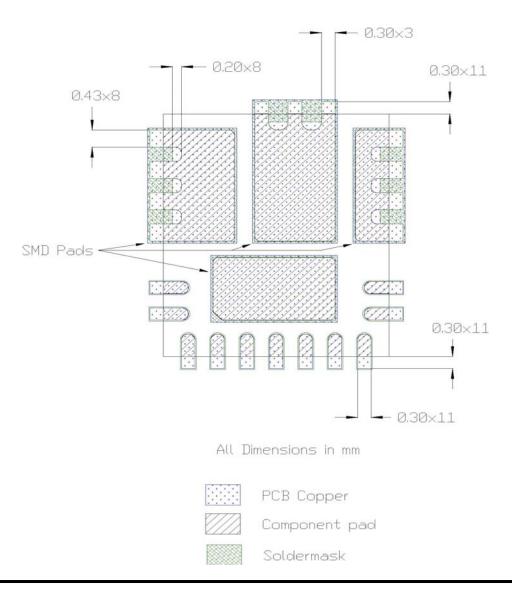


PCB Metal and Components Placement

The lead lands (the 11 IC pins) width should be equal to the nominal part lead width. The minimum lead to lead spacing should be ≥ 0.2mm to minimize shorting.

Lead land length should be equal to the maximum part lead length + 0.3 mm outboard extension. The outboard extension ensures a large and inspectable toe fillet.

The pad lands (the 4 big pads other than the 11 IC pins) length and width should be equal to maximum part pad length and width. However, the minimum metal to metal spacing should be no less than 0.17mm for 2 oz. Copper; no less than 0.1mm for 1 oz. Copper and no less than 0.23mm for 3 oz. Copper.



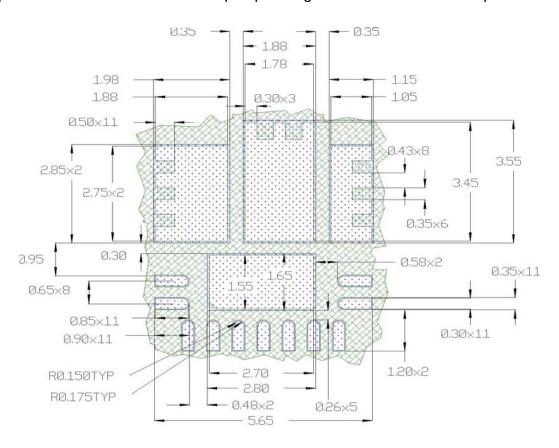


Solder Resist

It is recommended that the lead lands are Non Solder Mask Defined (NSMD). The solder resist should be pulled away from the metal lead lands by a minimum of 0.025mm to ensure NSMD pads.

The land pad should be Solder Mask Defined (SMD), with a minimum overlap of the solder resist onto the copper of 0.05mm to accommodate solder resist mis-alignment.

Ensure that the solder resist in between the lead lands and the pad land is \geq 0.15mm due to the high aspect ratio of the solder resist strip separating the lead lands from the pad land.



All Dimensions in mm

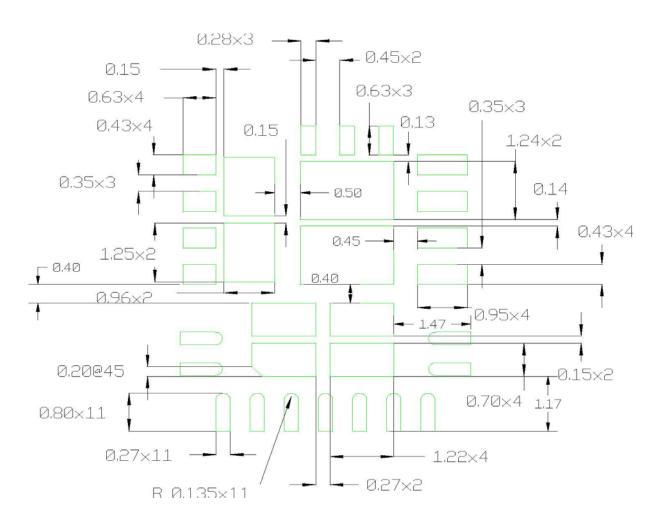
PCB Copper

PCB Solder Resist



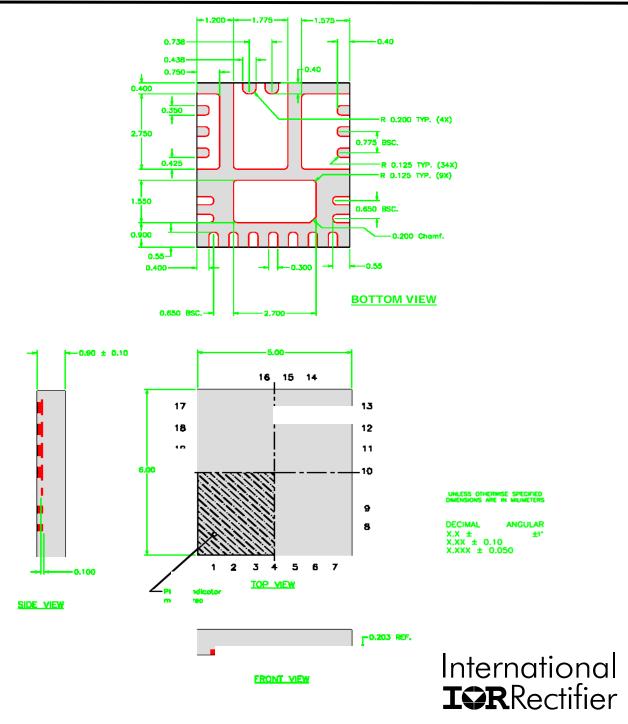
Stencil Design

- The Stencil apertures for the lead lands should be approximately 80% of the area of the lead lads. Reducing the amount of solder deposited will minimize the occurrences of lead shorts. If too much solder is deposited on the center pad the part will float and the lead lands will be open.
- The maximum length and width of the land pad stencil aperture should be equal to the solder resist opening minus an annular 0.2mm pull back to decrease the incidence of shorting the center land to the lead lands when the part is pushed into the solder paste.



Stencil Aperture All Dimensions in mm





IR WORLD HEADQUARTERS: 233 Kansas St., El Segundo, California 90245, USA Tel: (310) 252-7105 TAC Fax: (310) 252-7903

This product has been designed and qualified for the Consumer market.

Visit us at www.irf.com for sales contact information

Data and specifications subject to change without notice. 11/07

X-ON Electronics

Largest Supplier of Electrical and Electronic Components

Click to view similar products for Power Management IC Development Tools category:

Click to view products by Infineon manufacturer:

Other Similar products are found below:

EVAL-ADM1060EBZ EVAL-ADM1073MEBZ EVAL-ADM1166TQEBZ EVAL-ADM1166TQEBZ EVAL-ADM1166TQEBZ EVAL-ADM1166TQEBZ EVAL-ADM1168LQEBZ EVAL-ADM1171EBZ EVAL-ADM1276EBZ EVB-EN5319QI EVB-EN5365QI EVB-EN6347QI EVB-EP5348UI MIC23158YML EV MIC23451-AAAYFL EV MIC5281YMME EV 124352-HMC860LP3E ADM00513 ADM8611-EVALZ ADM8612-EVALZ ADM8613-EVALZ ADM8615-EVALZ ADP1046ADC1-EVALZ ADP1055-EVALZ ADP122-3.3-EVALZ ADP130-0.8-EVALZ ADP130-1.2-EVALZ ADP130-1.5-EVALZ ADP130-1.8-EVALZ ADP160UJZ-REDYKIT ADP166UJ-EVALZ ADP1712-3.3-EVALZ ADP1714-3.3-EVALZ ADP1715-3.3-EVALZ ADP1716-2.5-EVALZ ADP1740-1.5-EVALZ ADP1752-1.5-EVALZ ADP1754-1.5-EVALZ ADP1828LC-EVALZ ADP1870-0.3-EVALZ ADP1871-0.6-EVALZ ADP1873-0.6-EVALZ ADP1874-0.3-EVALZ ADP1876-EVALZ ADP1879-1.0-EVALZ ADP1882-1.0-EVALZ ADP1883-0.6-EVALZ ADP197CB-EVALZ ADP199CB-EVALZ ADP2102-1.25-EVALZ ADP2102-1.25-EVALZ ADP2102-1.2-EVALZ