For simple and easy safety measures - reduce costs and installation space.

- 2-pole force guided relay to reduce cost and installation space.
- Force guided contact mechanism (EN50205 Type A TÜV approved).
- Reinforced insulation between coil and contact and contacts of different
- Mechanical indicator shows contact status.
- Two terminal styles socket mounting and PC board mounting.
- RTIII degree of protection, LED, diode models available.
- Can be used with SJ series relay socket.

Applicable Standards	Mark	Certification Organization /File No.		
UL60947-4-1A	<i>7</i> 1	UL/Recognition File No. E55996		
CSA C22.2 No.14	⊕	CSA File No. LR35144		
EN50205	TW	TUV SUD		
EN61810-1	ϵ	EU Low Voltage Directive		



Force Guided Relays

			_						
C	Contact		LED	w/Diode	Degree of Pro	tection (Note)	Rated	Part No.	
Con	figuration	Style	Indicator	w/Diode	Flux-tight (RTII)	Sealed (RTIII)	Coil Voltage	Fait No.	
			With	1	J		12V DC	RF2S-1A1BLD1-D12	
			\	_	1			RF2S-1A1B-D24	
			Without	1	J		04)/ DC	RF2S-1A1BD1-D24	
		Diversity	\	1	J		24V DC	RF2S-1A1BLD1-D24	
		Plug-in	With	1		1		RF2S-1A1BLD1K-D24	
			Without	_	J			RF2S-1A1B-D48	
	0007.110			\A/:+ -	1	J		48V DC	RF2S-1A1BLD1-D48
01-	SPST-NO + SPST-NC		With	1		1		RF2S-1A1BLD1K-D48	
2-pole	3F31-NC			_	1		12V DC	RF2V-1A1B-D12	
				_	1			RF2V-1A1B-D24	
			Without	_		1		RF2V-1A1BK-D24	
		PC		1	1		24V DC	RF2V-1A1BD1-D24	
		Board		1		1		RF2V-1A1BD1K-D24	
			With	1		1		RF2V-1A1BLD1K-D24	
	DPDT		Without	_	1		48V DC	RF2V-1A1B-D48	
			Without	_	J		24V DC	RF2V-2C-D24	

[•] Other part numbers are available. See below (contact IDEC for details).

Part No. Development

		рсс										
RF	2	S	_		1A1B		LD1	1	K	_		D24
Series	No. of Poles	Terminal Style		Conta	act Configuration		Option		ree of			ted Coil
	2 2-pole	S Plug-in		1A1B	SPST-NO +	Blank	Standard		ection			oltage
		V PC Board			SPST-NC	L	With LED indicator	Blank	RTII		D12	12V DC
				2C	DPDT	D	With diode (Note 1)	K	RTIII		D24	24V DC
		minal 1 –, terminal		ninal 1 -	+. terminal 8 –	D1	With diode of reverse polarity coil (Note 2)				D48	48V DC
Note 3: L	Note 2: With diode of reverse polarity coil: terminal 1 +, terminal 8 – Note 3: Use this chart for interpreting part numbers. Not all possible variations can be realized.					LD	With LED indicator & diode (Note 1)					
Ratin	•					LD1	With LED indicator & diode of reverse polarity coil (Note 2)					

Coil ratings

	oon ruungo											
Rated Voltage (V)		Rated Current (mA) ±15% (at 20°C)		Coil Resistance ±10% (at 20°C)		Operating Cha						
						Minimum Pickup	5	Maximum Continuous	Power			
		Without LED	With LED	Without LED	With LED	Voltage	Dropout Voltage	Applied Voltage	Consumption			
	12V DC	58	63	205	205							
	24V DC	29	33	820	820	75% maximum	75% maximum	75% maximum 1	aximum 10% minimum	110%	Approx. 0.7W	
	48V DC	14.6	18	3300	3300							

Note: Maximum continuous applied voltage is the maximum voltage that can be applied to relay coils.

Standard Ratings

	•				
Valtage	UL Rating	Resistive	CSA Rating Resistive		
Voltage	NO	NC	NO	NC	
277V AC	6A	ЗА	6A	ЗА	
30V DC	6A	ЗА	6A	ЗА	

Voltago	TÜV Rating Resistive				
Voltage	NO	NC			
240VAC	6A	ЗА			
24V DC	6A	ЗА			

Specifications

No. of Poles	Model		RF2S (Plug-in Terminal)	RF2V (PC board terminal)			
Disconnecting Means Contact Resistance (Note 1) 100mC maximum Contact Material AgNi+Au-Clad Degree of Protection RTII (flux-tighr), RTIII (sealed) Degree of Protection RTIII (flux-tighr), RTIII (sealed) Rated Load (resistive load) NC contact: 240V VC, 6A2V4V DC, 6A Rated Load (resistive load) NC contact: 240V VC, 6A2V4V DC, 6A Rated Load (resistive load) NC contact: 240V VC, 6A2V4V DC, 6A Miximum Allowable Power (resistive load) NC contact: 240V VC, 6A2V4V DC, 6A Miximum Allowable Voltage Power (resistive load) Power (resistive load) NC contact: 240V VC, 6A2V4V DC, 6A Miximum Allowable Current 6A Miximum Allowable Current 6A Miximum Allowable Current 6A Miximum Allowable Current 6A Rated Insulation Voltage Power Consumption Approx 0.7W Rated Insulation Voltage 1000MC minimum (500V megger) Insulation Resistance	No. of Poles						
Contact Resistance (Note 1) 100mC maximum Contact Material AgNi+Au-Clad Degree of Protection RTII (flux-tight), RTIII (sealed) Rated Load (resistive load) NO contact: 240V AC, 6A/24V DC, 6A Contact Maximum Allowable Power (resistive load) NO contact: 1440VA/144W, NC contact: 720VA/72W Contact (resistive load) NO contact: 1440VA/144W, NC contact: 720VA/72W Maximum Allowable Current 6A Minimum Applicable Load (Note 2) 1V DC, 1mA Power Consumption Approx. 0.7W Rated Insulation Voltage 250V AC, 1mA Power Voltage (resistance) 1000MC minimum (500V megger) Insulation Resistance (resistance) 1000MC minimum (500V megger) Insulation Voltage (resistance) 2 Eleven contact of the different poles 6000V Pollution Deve (resistance) 15000V AC, 1 minute Provided (resistance) 15000V AC, 1 minute Provided (resistance) 15000V AC, 1 minute Provided (resistance) 15000V AC, 1 minute Resistance (resistance) 15ms max. (at the rated coil voltage, excluding contact bounce time, without diode) Provided (resistance)	Contact Con	figuration	SPST-NO + SPST-NC, DPDT				
Contact Material Degree of Protection AgNI+Au-Clad Degree of Protection Rated Load (resistive load) NC contact: 240V AC, 6A/24V DC, 6A Rated Load (resistive load) NC contact: 240V AC, 3A/24V DC, 6A Contact Protection Maximum Allowable Power (resistive load) NC contact: 1440VA/144W, NC contact: 720VA/72W Minimum Alpowable Voltage (awaimum Allowable Current) 6A Minimum Applicable Load (Note 2) 1 V DC, 1mA Power Consumption Approx. 0.7W Rated Insulation Voltage 250V Insulation Resistance 1000MΩ minimum (500V megger) Impulse Withstand Voltage 6000V Pollution Detyce 2 Between contacts and coil 5000V AC, 1 minute Steroph 8etween contacts of the same pole Between contacts of the same pole 4000V AC, 1 minute Poperating Time (Note 3) 5ms max. (at the rated coil voltage, excluding contact bounce time) Resistance 10ms max. (at the rated coil voltage, with diode) Poperating Extremes 10ms max. (at the rated coil voltage, excluding contact bounce time, without diode) Poperating Extremes 10ms max. (at the rated coil voltage, excluding contact bounce time, without diode)	Disconnectin	ng Means	Micro disc	connection			
Rated Load (resistive load)	Contact Res	istance (Note 1)	100mΩ r	naximum			
Rated Load (resistive load) NC contact: 240V AC, 6, 6/24V DC, 6, 6A	Contact Mate	erial	AgNi+A	Au-Clad			
National Code (Pesistrive load) NC contact: 240V AC, 3A/24V DC, 3A	Degree of Pr	otection	` • ,	, ,			
Contact Maximum Allowable Voltage 250 V AC, 125 V DC	Rated Load	,					
Maximum Allowable Current 66A	0		NO contact: 1440VA/144V	J, NC contact: 720VA/72W			
Minimum Apulicable Load (Note 2)	Contact	Maximum Allowable Voltage	250V AC,	125V DC			
Power Consumption Approx. 0.77W Rated Insulation Voltage 250V Insulation Resistance 1000MΩ minimum (500V megger) Impulse Wilthstand Voltage 6000V Pollution Degree 2 Between contact and coil 5000 VAC, 1 minute Dielectric Strength Between contacts of the same pole Between contacts of the different poles 1500V AC, 1 minute Operating Time 15m max. (at the rated coil voltage, excluding contact bounce time) 5ms max. (at the rated coil voltage, without diode) Vibration Resistance Poerating Extremes 10ms max. (at the rated coil voltage, excluding contact bounce time, without diode) 25ms max. (at the rated coil voltage, excluding contact bounce time, without diode) 25ms max. (at the rated coil voltage, excluding contact bounce time, without diode) 10 parage Limits 10ms max. (at the rated coil voltage, excluding contact bounce time, with diode) 10 parage Limits NC contact: 10 to 55Hz, amplitude 0.75mm 10 parage Limits 10 to 55Hz, amplitude 0.75mm 10 parage Limits NO contact: 100m/s² NC contact: 50m/s² 10 parage Limits NO contact: 100m/s² NC contact: 50m/s² 100 poor apprations minimum (operating frequency 1,800 per hour) at 24V 6A r		Maximum Allowable Current	6	A			
Rated Insulation Resistance 1000MΩ minimum (500V megger)	Minimum Ap	plicable Load (Note 2)	1V DC	C, 1mA			
Insulation Resistance 1000MΩ minimum (500V megger)	Power Consi	umption	Approx	c. 0.7W			
Impulse With-ind Voltage S000 V	Rated Insula	tion Voltage	25	0V			
Pollution Degree 2 5000 V AC, 1 minute 7000 V AC, 1 minut	Insulation Re	esistance	1000MΩ minimur	n (500V megger)			
Dielectric Between contacts of the same pole Setween contacts of the same pole Between contacts of the same pole Setween contacts of the same pole Setween contacts of the different poles Setween contacts Setween c	Impulse With	stand Voltage	600	00V			
Dielectric Strength Between contacts of the same pole Between contacts of the different poles 4000V AC, 1 minute Operating Time 15ms max. (at the rated coil voltage, excluding contact bounce time) Response Time (Note 3) 5ms max. (at the rated coil voltage, without diode) 20ms max. (at the rated coil voltage, without diode) Release Time 10ms max. (at the rated coil voltage, excluding contact bounce time, without diode) 25ms max. (at the rated coil voltage, excluding contact bounce time, without diode) 25ms max. (at the rated coil voltage, excluding contact bounce time, without diode) 25ms max. (at the rated coil voltage, excluding contact bounce time, without diode) 25ms max. (at the rated coil voltage, excluding contact bounce time, without diode) 25ms max. (at the rated coil voltage, excluding contact bounce time, without diode) 25ms max. (at the rated coil voltage, excluding contact bounce time, without diode) 25ms max. (at the rated coil voltage, excluding contact bounce time, without diode) 25ms max. (at the rated coil voltage, excluding contact bounce time, without diode) 25ms max. (at the rated coil voltage, excluding contact bounce time, without diode) 25ms max. (at the rated coil voltage, excluding contact bounce time, without diode) 25ms max. (at the rated coil voltage, excluding contact bounce time, without diode) 25ms max. (at the rated coil voltage, excluding contact bounce time, without diode) 25ms max. (at the rated coil voltage, excluding contact bounce time, without diode) 25ms max. (at the rated coil voltage, excluding contact tone, descluding contact tone, with diode) 25ms max. (at the rated coil voltage, excluding contact tone with diode) 25ms max. (at the rated coil voltage, excluding contact tone, with diode) 25ms max. (at the rated coil voltage, excluding contact tone with dio	Pollution Deg	gree	2	2			
Strength Between contacts of the same pole Between contacts of the same pole Between contacts of the different poles 1500V AC, 1 minute	Distratuis	Between contact and coil	5000V AC	, 1 minute			
Operating Time		Between contacts of the same pole	4000V AC, 1 minute				
Sins max. (at the rated coil voltage, without diode) 20ms max. (at the rated coil voltage, with diode) 20ms max. (at the rated coil voltage, with diode) 20ms max. (at the rated coil voltage, with diode) 25ms max. (at the rated coil voltage, excluding contact bounce time, without diode) 25ms max. (at the rated coil voltage, excluding contact bounce time, with diode) 25ms max. (at the rated coil voltage, excluding contact bounce time, with diode) 25ms max. (at the rated coil voltage, excluding contact bounce time, with diode) 25ms max. (at the rated coil voltage, excluding contact bounce time, with diode) 25ms max. (at the rated coil voltage, excluding contact bounce time, with diode) 25ms max. (at the rated coil voltage, excluding contact bounce time, with diode) 25ms max. (at the rated coil voltage, excluding contact bounce time, with diode) 25ms max. (at the rated coil voltage, excluding contact bounce time, with diode) 25ms max. (at the rated coil voltage, excluding contact bounce time, with diode) 25ms max. (at the rated coil voltage, excluding contact bounce time, with diode) 25ms max. (at the rated coil voltage, excluding contact bounce time, with diode) 25ms max. (at the rated coil voltage, excluding contact bounce time, with diode) 25ms max. (at the rated coil voltage, excluding contact bounce time, with diode) 25ms max. (at the rated coil voltage, excluding contact bounce time, with diode) 25ms max. (at the rated coil voltage, excluding contact bounce time, with diode) 25ms max. (at the rated coil voltage, excluding contact bounce time, with diode) 25ms max. (at the rated coil voltage, excluding contact bounce time, with diode) 25ms max. (at the rated coil voltage, excluding contact bounce time, with diode) 25ms max. (at the rated coil voltage, excluding contact bounce time, with diode) 25ms max. (at the rated coil voltage, excluding contact bounce time, with diode) 25ms max. (at the rated coil voltage, excluding contact bounce time, with diode) 25ms	Olichgui	Between contacts of the different poles	1500V AC, 1 minute				
Release Time Note 3 20ms max. (at the rated coil voltage, with diode)	Operating Ti	me	15ms max. (at the rated coil voltage, excluding contact bounce time)				
Vibration Resistance Operating Extremes Damage Limits Operating Extremes NO contact: 10 to 55Hz, amplitude 0.75mm NC contact: 50m/s² NO contact: 100m/s², NC contact: 50m/s² NO contact: 1000m/s² NO contact: 1000m/s² NO contact: 1000m/s² NO contact: 100,000 operations minimum (operating frequency 1,800 per hour) at 240V 6A resistive load or 2A inductive load (time constant 48ms) NC contact: 100,000 operations minimum (operating frequency 1,800 per hour) at 240V AC, 3A resistive load or 2A inductive load (power factor 0.4) 100,000 operations minimum (operating frequency 1,800 per hour) at 240V AC, 3A resistive load or 2A inductive load (ime constant 48ms) Mechanical Life 10 million operations minimum (operating frequency 1,800 per hour) at 24V DC, 3A resistive load or 1A inductive load (time constant 48ms) Mechanical Freperature Single mounting: -40 to +70°C (no freezing) Operating Humidity 5 to 85%RH (no condensation) Storage Temperature -40 to +85°C (no freezing)	Response Ti	me (Note 3)					
NC contact: 10 to 55Hz, amplitude 0.2mm	Release Tim	e					
Damage Limits 10 to 55Hz, amplitude 0.75mm		Operating Extremes					
NO contact: 100,000 operations minimum (operating frequency 1,800 per hour) at 240V 6A resistive load or 2A inductive load (power factor 0.4) 100,000 operations minimum (operating frequency 1,800 per hour) at 24V 6A resistive load or 1A inductive load (time constant 48ms) NC contact: 100,000 operations minimum (operating frequency 1,800 per hour) at 24V AC, 3A resistive load or 2A inductive load (power factor 0.4) 100,000 operations minimum (operating frequency 1,800 per hour) at 24V DC, 3A resistive load or 1A inductive load (time constant 48ms) Mechanical Life	Resistance	Damage Limits	10 to 55Hz, amplitude 0.75mm				
NO contact: 100,000 operations minimum (operating frequency 1,800 per hour) at 240V 6A resistive load or 2A inductive load (power factor 0.4) 100,000 operations minimum (operating frequency 1,800 per hour) at 24V 6A resistive load or 1A inductive load (time constant 48ms) NC contact: 100,000 operations minimum (operating frequency 1,800 per hour) at 240V AC, 3A resistive load or 2A inductive load (power factor 0.4) 100,000 operations minimum (operating frequency 1,800 per hour) at 240V AC, 3A resistive load or 2A inductive load (power factor 0.4) 100,000 operations minimum (operating frequency 1,800 per hour) at 24V DC, 3A resistive load or 1A inductive load (time constant 48ms) Mechanical Life 10 million operations minimum (operating frequency 18,000 operations per hour) Single mounting: -40 to +70°C (no freezing) Collective mounting: -40 to +55°C (no freezing) Operating Humidity 5 to 85%RH (no condensation) Storage Temperature -40 to +85°C (no freezing)	Shock	Operating Extremes	NO contact: 100m/s², NC contact: 50m/s²				
Electrical Life Electr	Resistance	Damage Limits	1000	lm/s ²			
Operating Temperature Single mounting: -40 to +70°C (no freezing) Collective mounting: -40 to +55°C (no freezing) -40 to +70°C (no freezing) Operating Humidity 5 to 85%RH (no condensation) Storage Temperature -40 to +85°C (no freezing)	Electrical Life		100,000 operations minimum (operating frequency 1,800 per hour) at 240V 6A resistive load or 2A inductive load (power factor 0.4) 100,000 operations minimum (operating frequency 1,800 per hour) at 24V 6A resistive load or 1A inductive load (time constant 48ms) NC contact: 100,000 operations minimum (operating frequency 1,800 per hour) at 240V AC, 3A resistive load or 2A inductive load (power factor 0.4) 100,000 operations minimum (operating frequency 1,800 per hour) at 24V DC,				
Operating temperature Collective mounting: -40 to +55°C (no freezing) Operating Humidity 5 to 85%RH (no condensation) Storage Temperature -40 to +85°C (no freezing)	Mechanical Life		10 million operations minimum (operatin	g frequency 18,000 operations per hour)			
Storage Temperature —40 to +85°C (no freezing)	Operating Te	emperature		-40 to +70°C (no freezing)			
	Operating H	umidity	Ü , Ü,				
Weight (approx.) 18g (without LED/diode), 20g (with LED/with diode/with LED & diode)	Storage Tem	perature					
	Weight (appr	rox.)	18g (without LED/diode), 20g (with LED/with diode/	with LED & diode)			

Above values are initial values.

Note 1: Measured using 5V DC, 1A voltage drop method.

Note 2: Failure rate level P, reference value

Note 3: Response time is the time until NO contact opens, after the coil voltage is turned off.

Socket Standards & Certification

Applicable Standards	Mark	Certification Organization/File No.		
UL508	<i>7</i> 1	UL Recognition File No. E62437		
CSA C22.2 No.14		CSA File No. LR84913		
EN60999-1 (Note 1) EN60664-1 (Note 2)	ϵ	EU Low Voltage Directive		

Note 1: Fingersafe screw terminal only.

Note 2: PC board terminal only.

Sockets

DIN-rail Socket

Terminal Style	No. of Poles	Terminal No. Marking Color	Part No.	
Standard Screw Terminal	2	White	SJ2S-05BW	
Fingersafe Screw Terminal	-	vviile	SJ2S-07LW	

• Release lever is supplied with the socket.

Note: Sockets can be used on RF2S (Plug-in terminal) only.

PC Board Socket

No. of Poles	Part No.
2	SJ2S-61

• Release lever is supplied with the socket.



Socket Specifications

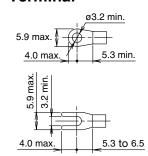
Model		SJ2S-05B/-07L	SJ2S-61	
Mounting		DIN Rail	PC Board	
Rated Current		8.	A	
Rated Insulation	n Voltage	250V A	AC/DC	
Applicable Wire		2mm ²	_	
Applicable Cripr	ming Terminal	See dimensions below	_	
Recommended	Tightening Torque	0.6 to 1.0 N·m	_	
Screw Terminal	Style	M3 slotted Phillips screw (self-lifting)	_	
Terminal Strength		Wire tensile strength: 50N minimum	_	
	Between contact and coil	4000V AC, 1 minute	5000V AC, 1 minute	
Dielectric Strength (Note)	Between contacts of the same pole	1000V AC, 1 minute		
Strength (Note)	Between contacts of the different pole	3000V AC, 1 minute		
Vibration	Damage limits	90m/s²		
Resistance	Resonance	Frequency 10 to 55Hz, amplitude 0.75mm		
Shock Resistan	ce (damage limits)	1000	m/s²	
Operating Temp	perature	-40 to +70°C (no freezing)		
Operating Humidity		5 to 85% RH (no	condensation)	
Storate Temper	ature	−55 to +85°C	(no freezing)	
Storage Humidity		5 to 85% RH (no condensation)		
Degree of Prote	ction (Screw Terminal)	SJ2S-07L: IP20 (IEC 60529)	-	
Weight		34g	4.5g	

Note: The above are same when used with a RF2 force guided relay.

Accessories

Descript	ion/Shape	Material	Part No.	Remarks	
Removable Marki	ing Plate	Plastic (white)	SJ9Z-PW	15.2 9 Marking area: 15.2 × 7.25 mm	
	For 2 sockets		SJ9Z-JF2	Terminal centers: 15.5mm	
Jumper	For 5 sockets	Nickel-coated brass with	SJ9Z-JF5	Rated current: 12A	
	For 8 sockets	polypropylene	SJ9Z-JF8	Ensure that the total current to the jumper does not exceed the	
	For 10 sockets	Coaming	SJ9Z-JF10	maximum current.	

Applicable Crimping Terminal



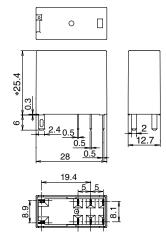
Note: Ring terminal cannot be used on SJ2S-0L.

Replacement Parts

Description/Shape	Material	Part No.	Dimensions (mm)
Release Lever (with integrated marking plate)		SJ9Z-CM	38.5
			When not using marking plate

Relay Dimensions

RF2S (plug-in terminal) Standard (without LED/diode)



* With LED/diode: 28.4

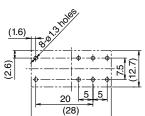
*25.4 H_{1.1} U 0.6 0.6 12.7 0.6 28

RF2V (PC board terminal)

Standard (without LED/diode)

* With LED/diode: 28.4

RF2V (DPDT)



(28)

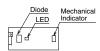
PC Board Terminal Mounting Hole Layout

RF2V (SPST-NO + SPST-NC)

(Bottom View)

(1.6)

With LED/diode

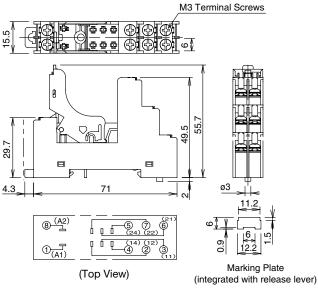


With LED/diode

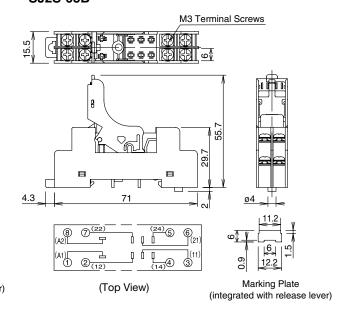


Socket Dimensions

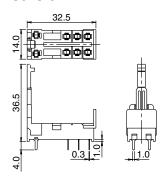
SJ2S-07L



SJ2S-05B



SJ2S-61



Internal Connection (Bottom View)

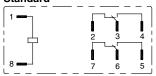
RF2∗-1A1B-□

Standard

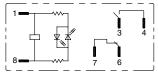


RF2*-2C-□

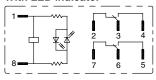
Standard



RF2*-1A1BL-□
With LED indicator

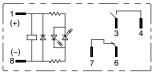


RF2*-2CL-□
With LED indicator



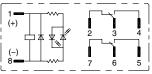
RF2*-1A1BLD1-□

With LED indicator + diode of reverse polarity coil



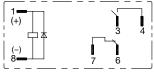
RF2*-2CLD1-□

With LED indicator + diode of reverse polarity coil



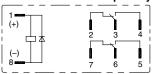
RF2*-1A1BD1-□

With diode of reverse polarity coil

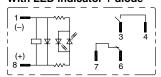


RF2*-2CD1-□

With diode of reverse polarity coil

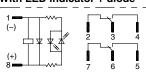


RF2∗-1A1BLD-□ With LED indicator + diode



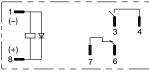
RF2*-2CLD-□

With LED indicator + diode



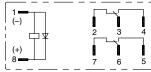
RF2*-1A1BD-□

With diode



RF2∗-2CD-□

With diode



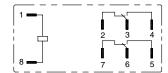
- Relays with diode have polarity. Take polarity into consideration when wiring.
- When using DPDT model as a force guided relay, use in SPST-NO + SPST-NC wiring (EN50205).

Operating Instructions

When using DPDT model as a force guided relay

Use in SPST-NO + SPST-NC wiring according to EN50205 (2002)

RF2∗-2C-□ Standard



Example:

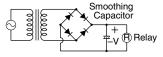
Use terminal 3-4 as NO contact and 6-7 as NC contact. Or terminal 2-3 as NC contact and terminal 5-6 as NO contact.

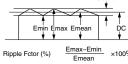
2. Driving Circuit for Relays

2-1. To make sure of correct relay operation, apply rated voltage to the relay coil. Pickup and dropout voltages may differ according to operating temperature and conditions.

2-2. Input voltage for DC coil:

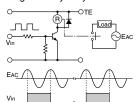
A complete DC voltage is best for the coil power to make sure of stable operation. When using a power supply containing a ripple voltage, suppress the ripple factor within 5%. When power is supplied through a rectification circuit, the relay operating characteristics, such as pickup voltage and dropout voltage, depend on the ripple factor. Connect a smoothing capacitor for better operating characteristics as shown below.





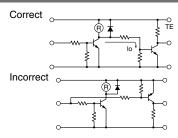
Emax = Maximum pulsating current
Emin = Minimum of pulsating current
Emean = DC mean value

2-3. Operating the relay in sync with an AC load:



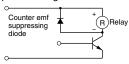
If the relay operates in sync with AC power voltage of the load, the relay life may be reduced. If this is the case, select a relay in consideration of the required reliability for the load. Or, make the relay turn on and off irrespective of the AC power phase or near the point where the AC phase crosses zero voltage.

2-4. Leakage current while relay is OFF When driving an element at the same time as the relay operation, special consideration is needed for the circuit design. As shown in the incorrect circuit at right, leakage current (lo) flows through the relay coil while the relay is off. Leakage current causes coil release failure or adversely affects the vibration resistance and shock resistance. Design a circuit as shown in the correct example.



2-5. Surge suppression for transistor driving circuits:

When the relay coil is turned off, a high-voltage pulse is generated. Be sure to connect a diode to suppress the counter electromotive force. Then, the coil release time becomes slightly longer. To shorten the coil release time, connect a Zener diode between the collector and emitter of the controlling transistor. Select a Zener diode with a Zener voltage slightly higher than the power voltage.



2-6. The coil terminal of the relay has polarity. Connect terminals according to the internal connection diagram. Incorrect wiring may cause malfunction.

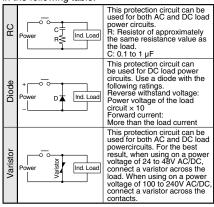
3. Protection for Relay Contacts

3-1. The contact ratings show maximum values. Make sure that these values are not exceeded. When an inrush current flows through the load, the contact may become welded. If this is the case, connect a contact protection circuit, such as a current limiting resistor.

Operating Instructions

3-2. Contact protection circuit:

When switching an inductive load, arcing causes carbides to form on the contacts, resulting in an increased contact resistance. In consideration of contact reliability, contact life, and noise suppression, use of a surge absorbing circuit is recommended. Note that the release time of the load becomes slightly longer. Check the operation using an actual load. Incorrect use of a contact protection circuit will adversely affect switching characteristics. Four typical examples of contact protection circuits are shown in the following table:



3-3. Do not use a contact protection circuit as shown below:



This protection circuit is very effective in arc suppression when opening the contacts. But, when the contacts are closed, a current flows to charge the capacitor, causing contact welding.

Generally, switching a DC inductive load is more difficult than switching a DC resistive load. Using an appropriate arc suppressor will improve the switching characteristics of a DC inductive load.

4. Usage, transport, and storage conditions

4-1. Condensation

Condensation occurs when there is a sudden change in temperature under high temperature and high humidity conditions. The relay insulation may deteriorate due to condensation.

4-2. Freezing

Condensation or other moisture may freeze on the relay when the temperatures is lower than 0°C. This causes problems such as sticking of movable parts or delay in operation.

4-3. Low temperature, low humidity environ-

Plastic parts may become brittle when used in low temperature and low humidity environments.

5. Other Notices

5-1. General notice:

- ① To maintain the initial characteristics, do not drop or shock the relay.
- 2 The relay cover cannot be removed from the base during normal operation. To maintain the initial characteristics, do not remove the relay cover.
- 3 Use the relay in environments free from condensation, dust, sulfur dioxide (SO2), and hydrogen sulfide (H2S).
- ATII model cannot be washed as it is not a sealed type. Also make sure that flux does not leak to the PC board and enter the relay.
- S Make sure that the voltage applied to the coil cotinuously does not exceed the maximum allowable voltage.
- 5-2. Connecting outputs to electronic circuits: When the output is connected to a load which responds very quickly, such as an electronic circuit, contact bouncing causes incorrect operation of the load. Take the following measures into consideration.
- ① Connect an integration circuit.
- ② Suppress the pulse voltage due to bouncing within the noise margin of the load.

- 5-3. Do not use relays in the vicinity of strong magnetic fields, as this may affect relay opera-
- 5-4. UL and CSA ratings may differ from product rated values determined by IDEC.

5-5. Others

Shock Resistance

For the best shock resistance, it is ideal to install the RF2 relay so that the armature movent is perpendicular to the direction of vibration/

Large loads that causes arcs may result in the contact material scattered off, accumulating around the contact. This will degrade insulation resistance between the circuits. Make sure that the relay is mounted in the correct direction.

- Counter-electromotive force model (diode) Counter-electromotive force diode model has polarity. The diode absorbs counter-electromotive force of relay coil. When excessive external surge voltage is anticipated, take additional counter-electromotive force measures. Otherwise the diode may be damaged.
- When using general purpose relays and force guided relays closely, use of a marking plate (optional) on the release lever or socket is recommended, so that force guided relay can be recognized easily.

6. Notes on PC Board Mounting

- When mounting two or more relays on a PC board, keep a minimum spacing of 5 mm in each direction. If used without spacing of 10 mm, rated current and operating temperature differs. Consult IDEC.
- Manual soldering: Solder the terminals at
- 350°C within 3 sec.

 Auto-soldering: Preliminary heating at 120°C within 60 sec. Solder at 250°C within 4 to 5 sec.
- · Because the terminal part is filled with epoxy resin, do not excessively solder or bend the terminal. Otherwise, air tightness will degrade.
- Avoid the soldering iron from touching the relay cover or the epoxy filled terminal part. Use a non-corrosive resin flux.
- Do not install the relay on the PC board in the way the PC board is bent, otherwise copper foil may be cut or solder may be displaced after operating for a long time or due to vibration, de-grading the relay's performance.
 • When multiple PC boards with relays are
- mounted to a rack, the temperature may rise excessively. When mounting relays, leave enough space so that heat will not build up, and so that the relays' ambient temperature remains within the specified operating temperature range.

RF1V Force Guided Relay / SF1V Relay Socket (4-pole/6-pole)

- · Compact and EN compliant RF1V force guided relays.
- Force guided contact mechanism (EN50205 Type A TÜV approved)
- Contact configuration
 - 4-pole (2NO-2NC, 3NO-1NC), 6-pole (4NO-2NC, 5NO-1NC, 3NO-3NC)
- Built-in LED indicator available.
- Fast response time (8 ms maximum).
- High shock resistance (200 m/s2 minimum)
- Finger-safe DIN rail mount socket and PC board mount socket.

Specifications and other descriptions in this brochure are subject to change without notice.





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