# AVR600: STK600 Expansion, routing and socket boards

# **AMEL**®

# 8-bit **AVR**® Microcontrollers

## **Application Note**

#### 1 Introduction

This application note describes the process of developing new routing, socket and expansion cards for the STK<sup>®</sup>600. It also describes the physical parameters for creating such cards.

The STK600 starter kit from Atmel has a sandwich design to match a specific part package and pin out to the generic pin headers. It also features an expansion area where most part pins are available.

While the variety of IC packages is relatively limited, the number of possible pin outs increases rapidly with the number of pins. i.e. a 6 pin IC can have 720 (6!) different pin outs!

The routing / socket card design provides a low cost solution to support upcoming devices as the socket is the cost driving factor.

STK600 users might also want to create their own routing cards to include specialized hardware to prototype their design.

Figure 1-1. STK600 router and socket card



Rev. 8170B-AVR-12/10





#### 2 Routing cards

The routing cards sit between the generic socket card and the STK600. It has one pair of electric pads underneath to mate with the STK600 spring loaded connector, and one pair of pads on top where the socket card connector connects. A part specific card with the target IC soldered on can be viewed as a routing card without the top pads.

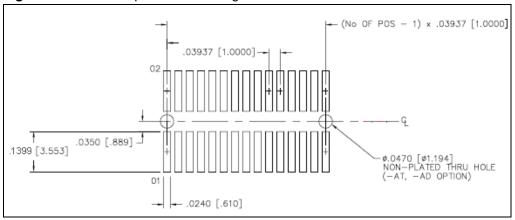
#### 2.1 Connector footprints

A Routing card should have pads to mate with the following spring loaded connectors:

Table 2-1. Router card connectors

Manufacturer and MPN	Quantity	Comment
SAMTEC, FSI-140-03-G-D-AD	2	80 pins To socket card (top)
SAMTEC, FSI-150-03-G-D-AD	2	100 pins To STK600 (bottom)

Figure 2-1. PCB land pattern for mating to FSI connectors



#### 2.2 Physical dimensions and component placement

82mm

69mm

69mm

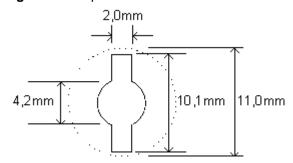
69mm

60mm

90 deg angle on routing card

Figure 2-2. Routing card connector pad placement and dimensions

Figure 2-3. Clip hole dimensions



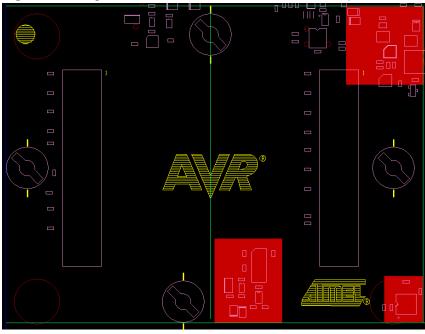
The board thickness should be 1.6mm to be compatible with the clips.

Note that components on the main board might conflict with through hole mounted or secondary side mounted components. Areas with such components are highlighted in the next figure





Figure 2-4. Height restricted areas due to main board components



#### 2.3 STK600 socket connectors pinout

The following figure shows the pinout for the STK600 headers. This correspond to the routing card connectors J1 and J2  $\,$ 

PA[7.0] 🔇 PJ[7.0] 🕸 9 111 131 151 177 29 21 23 33 35 37 39 41 43 33 46 49 51 56 67 77 73 78 88 89 91 92 98 99 99 99 99 VTGC GND VTGC GND 141
16
18
20
24
28
30
32
34
36
38
40
42
44
46
56
56
67
68
87
77
78
88
88
89
99
99
96
96 VTG GND PC[7.0] (\$\) PC[7.0] VTG GND GND PM1 VTGC VTG PD[7.0] ((>) ⟨⟨⟨>PDI7.01< PM[7.0] <<>> GND VTGO PE[7..0] ((>) (C) PE[7..0] PN[7.0] <<>> VTG GND PF[7.0] (\$\infty\$) VTGC PP[7.0] (\(\right)) VTG PG[7..0] ((>) 62 64 66 70 72 74 76 80 82 84 86 88 90 92 94 PQ[7..0] (\(\sigma\) VTG GND PH[7.0] (\$\infty) VBUST UVCON GND -IGND TGT\_PDATA[7.0] <<> ♦ TGT\_PDATA[7..0] GND TGT\_PCTRL[7.0] FSI-150-03-G-D-AD DARD\_ID[7.0] < >BOARD\_ID[7..0]

Figure 2-5. STK600 Socket connectors pin out

Table 2-2. STK600 J201 left, routing card J1 connector pin out

Signal name	Pin ı	number	Signal name
VTG	2	1	GND
PA1	4	3	PA0
PA3	6	5	PA2
PA5	8	7	PA4
PA7	10	9	PA6
VTG	12	11	GND
PB1	14	13	PB0
PB3	16	15	PB2
PB5	18	17	PB4
PB7	20	19	PB6
VTG	22	21	GND
PC1	24	23	PC0
PC3	26	25	PC2
PC5	28	27	PC4
PC7	30	29	PC6
VTG	32	31	GND
PD1	34	33	PD0
PD3	36	35	PD2
PD5	38	37	PD4
PD7	40	39	PD6
VTG	42	41	GND
PE1	44	43	PE0
PE3	46	45	PE2
PE5	48	47	PE4
PE7	50	49	PE6
VTG	52	51	GND
PF1	54	53	PF0
PF3	56	55	PF2
PF5	58	57	PF4
PF7	60	59	PF6
VTG	62	61	GND
PG1	64	63	PG0
PG3	66	65	PG2
PG5	68	67	PG4
PG7	70	69	PG6
VTG	72	71	GND
PH1	74	73	PH0
PH3	76	75	PH2





Signal name	Pin	number	Signal name
PH5	78	77	PH4
PH7	80	79	PH6
VTG	82	81	GND
AREF0	84	83	XTAL1
AREF1	86	85	XTAL2
TGT_MOSI	88	87	GND
TGT_MISO	90	89	TOSC1
TGT_SCK	92	91	TOSC2
TDI	94	93	TGT_RESET
TDO	96	95	GND
TMS	98	97	Vext
TCK	100	99	Vcc

Table 2-3. STK600 J202 right, routing card connector J2 pin out

Signal name	P	in number	Signal name
VTG	2	1	GND
PJ1	4	3	PJ0
PJ3	6	5	PJ2
PJ5	8	7	PJ4
PJ7	10	9	PJ6
VTG	12	11	GND
PK1	14	13	PK0
PK3	16	15	PK2
PK5	18	17	PK4
PK7	20	19	PK6
VTG	22	21	GND
PL1	24	23	PL0
PL3	26	25	PL2
PL5	28	27	PL4
PL7	30	29	PL6
VTG	32	31	GND
PM1	34	33	PM0
PM3	36	35	PM2
PM5	38	37	PM4
PM7	40	39	PM6
VTG	42	41	GND
PN1	44	43	PN0
PN3	46	45	PN2
PN5	48	47	PN4

Signal name	Pin	number	Signal name
PN7	50	49	PN6
VTG	52	51	GND
PP1	54	53	PP0
PP3	56	55	PP2
PP5	58	57	PP4
PP7	60	59	PP6
VTG	62	61	GND
PQ1	64	63	PQ0
PQ3	66	65	PQ2
PQ5	68	67	PQ4
PQ7	70	69	PQ6
VBUST	72	71	DP
UVCON	74	73	DN
Vcc	76	75	UID
Vext	78	77	GND
TGT_PDATA1	80	79	TGT_PDATA0
TGT_PDATA3	82	81	TGT_PDATA2
TGT_PDATA5	84	83	TGT_PDATA4
TGT_PDATA7	86	85	TGT_PDATA6
TGT_PCTRL1	88	87	TGT_PCTRL0
TGT_PCTRL3	90	89	TGT_PCTRL2
TGT_PCTRL5	92	91	TGT_PCTRL4
TGT_PCTRL7	94	93	TGT_PCTRL6
BOARD_ID1	96	95	BOARD_ID0
BOARD_ID3	98	97	BOARD_ID2
BOARD_ID5	100	99	BOARD_ID4

#### 2.3.1 Signal descriptions

 Table 2-4. Socket card connector pin description

STK600 Signal name	MCU	Comment
PAx, PBx etc	PAx, PBx etc	1-to-1 mcu pin mapping
VTG	Vcc	Target supply rail controlled by AVR Studio <sup>®</sup> / STK600
GND	GND	
AREFx	AREF	Analog reference voltage, controlled by AVR Studio / STK600
XTALx	XTALx	Clock pins connected to oscillator on STK600.





STK600 Signal name	MCU	Comment
TGT_SCK, TGT_MISO, TGT_MOSI	ISP pins	ISP programming interface
TGT_TDI, TGT_TDO, TGT_TMS, TGT_TCK	JTAG pins	JTAG programming interface
VBUST	VBUS	VBUS (sense) for USB
UID	UID	ID pin for USB OTG
UVCON	UVCON	USB VBUS generation control for USB OTG. A low level on this signal enables VBUS generation.
DP, DN	DP, DN	USB differential pair
TGT_PDATA(0-7)	(HV) data pins	Data pins for high voltage (PP/HVSP) programming.
TGT_CTRL0	(HV) BS2	
TGT_CTRL1	(HV) Ready/Busy	Control signals for High voltage
TGT_CTRL2	(HV) /OE	Parallell Programming / Serial
TGT_CTRL3	(HV) /WR	Programming. Please refer to AVR datasheet for further
TGT_CTRL4	(HV) BS1	information.
TGT_CTRL5	(HV) XA0	On AVRs with common
TGT_CTRL6	(HV) XA1	XA1/BS2, XA1 is used. On AVRs with common
TGT_CTRL7	(HV) PAGEL	BS1/PAGEL, BS1 is used.
BOARD_IDn	none	ID system for router / socket / expansion cards, see section 5 - ID System

- Notes: 1. Not all AVR will have every pin (ex. two aref pins, tosc or usb)
  - 2. A MCU pin will fan-out to both Pnx pin and to the programming interface(s) located at that pin.

#### 3 Socket cards

Socket cards route each pin from the IC socket to separate pins on the spring loaded connectors on the bottom side, facing the routing card.

#### 3.1 Power design issues

Since all routing is handled by the routing card, even power lines and power decoupling is ignored at the socket card. This produces less than ideal power design which may lead to unwanted noise, ground bounce and other effects. It should therefore be expected that heavily loaded designs can not run at full speed on STK600. Likewise, such power design is not recommended for custom designs.

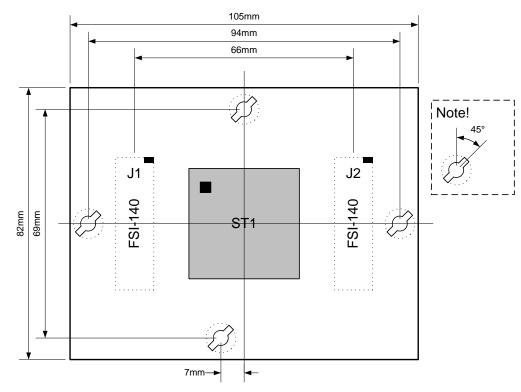
#### 3.2 Connector MPN

Table 3-1. Socket card connector

Manufacturer and MPN	Quantity	Comment
SAMTEC, FSI-140-03-G-D-AD	2	Spring loaded 80-pin connector

#### 3.3 Physical dimensions and component placement

Figure 3-1. Socket card connector placement and dimensions



The board thickness should be 1.6mm to be compatible with the clips.

## 4 Expansion cards

The STK600 features an expansion area where cards for custom peripherals like memory expansion, LCD etc can be placed. STK600 routes all part pins and power to the expansion card connectors.

#### 4.1 Connector MPN

Table 4-1. Expansion card connector

Manufacturer and MPN	Quantity	Comment
FCI, 61082-101402LF	2	





#### 4.2 Physical dimensions and component placement

Pin 1 EXPANDO T□■Z 유 모 Ь (**III**)+ TERM Ц ✐ \$PLIT Ц SLOPECTRL RS232 1(000) Ц USB mini-AB EXPAND1 Pin 1 Max Width: 55mm

Figure 4-1. Expansion card connector placement and dimensions

There is no requirement to board thickness.

#### 4.3 STK600 Expansion connectors pin out

(C).PJ[7.0] PA[7..0] (()) 8 10 12 14 16 18 20 24 26 33 32 34 36 38 34 46 48 50 52 54 46 66 66 66 66 68 88 88 90 92 94 98 98 VTGo -GND VTG<sub>0</sub> GND PK[7.0] <<>>) <<>> PK[7..0] 17 19 21 23 25 27 29 31 33 35 35 37 39 41 43 46 47 49 51 53 56 57 67 69 71 73 79 81 GND PC[7..0] <<>> VTG GND РЦ7..0] (🔷) VTG <>> РЦ7..0] VTG0 GND PD[7..0] <<>> PM[7..0] (\$> (0.7]MP< 34 36 38 40 42 44 46 48 50 52 54 56 68 70 72 74 76 78 80 82 84 86 88 90 92 94 96 PE[7..0] ((>) <>> PE7.01</> PN[7..0] (>> <<>>PN[7.0] VTG0 GND VTGo GND <>> PP[7..0] PP[7.0] (\$\infty VEGO GND GND PG[7..0] <<>> PQ[7.0] (\$\infty) <<>>PQ7..0J PH[7..0] <<>> VTG GND GND ⟨⟩TGT\_PDATA[7.0] TGT\_PDATA[7..0] << TGT\_RESET VC08GNDVC08 61083-101402LF 61083-101402LF BOARD\_ID[7.0] < >BOARD\_ID[7..0]

Figure 4-2. Pinout for expansion connectors

Table 4-2. STK600 J301 "expand0" connector pin out

Signal name	Pin number		Signal name
VTG	2	1	GND
PA1	4	3	PA0
PA3	6	5	PA2
PA5	8	7	PA4
PA7	10	9	PA6
VTG	12	11	GND
PB1	14	13	PB0
PB3	16	15	PB2
PB5	18	17	PB4
PB7	20	19	PB6
VTG	22	21	GND
PC1	24	23	PC0
PC3	26	25	PC2
PC5	28	27	PC4
PC7	30	29	PC6
VTG	32	31	GND





Signal name	Pin	number	Signal name
PD1	34	33	PD0
PD3	36	35	PD2
PD5	38	37	PD4
PD7	40	39	PD6
VTG	42	41	GND
PE1	44	43	PE0
PE3	46	45	PE2
PE5	48	47	PE4
PE7	50	49	PE6
VTG	52	51	GND
PF1	54	53	PF0
PF3	56	55	PF2
PF5	58	57	PF4
PF7	60	59	PF6
VTG	62	61	GND
PG1	64	63	PG0
PG3	66	65	PG2
PG5	68	67	PG4
PG7	70	69	PG6
VTG	72	71	GND
PH1	74	73	PH0
PH3	76	75	PH2
PH5	78	77	PH4
PH7	80	79	PH6
VTG	82	81	GND
AREF0	84	83	XTAL1
AREF1	86	85	XTAL2
TGT_MOSI	88	87	GND
TGT_MISO	90	89	TOSC1
TGT_SCK	92	91	TOSC2
TDI	94	93	TGT_RESET
TDO	96	95	Vcc6
TMS	98	97	GND
TCK	100	99	Vcc6

Table 4-2. STK600 J302 "expand1" connector pinout

Signal name	Pin ı	number	Signal name
VTG	2	1	GND
PJ1	4	3	PJ0

# **AVR600**

Signal name	Pin ı	number	Signal name			
PJ3	6	5	PJ2			
PJ5	8	7	PJ4			
PJ7	10	9	PJ6			
VTG	12	11	GND			
PK1	14	13	PK0			
PK3	16	15	PK2			
PK5	18	17	PK4			
PK7	20	19	PK6			
VTG	22	21	GND			
PL1	24	23	PL0			
PL3	26	25	PL2			
PL5	28	27	PL4			
PL7	30	29	PL6			
VTG	32	31	GND			
PM1	34	33	PM0			
PM3	36	35	PM2			
PM5	38	37	PM4			
PM7	40	39	PM6			
VTG	42	41	GND			
PN1	44	43	PN0			
PN3	46	45	PN2			
PN5	48	47	PN4			
PN7	50	49	PN6			
VTG	52	51	GND			
PP1	54	53	PP0			
PP3	56	55	PP2			
PP5	58	57	PP4			
PP7	60	59	PP6			
VTG	62	61	GND			
PQ1	64	63	PQ0			
PQ3	66	65	PQ2			
PQ5	68	67	PQ4			
PQ7	70	69	PQ6			
Vext	72	71	GND			
Vext	74	73	GND			
GND	76	75	Vcc			
GND	78	77	Vcc			
TGT_PDATA1	80	79	TGT_PDATA0			
TGT_PDATA3	82	81	TGT_PDATA2			





Signal name	Pin	number	Signal name
TGT_PDATA5	84	83	TGT_PDATA4
TGT_PDATA7	86	85	TGT_PDATA6
TGT_PCTRL1	88	87	TGT_PCTRL0
TGT_PCTRL3	90	89	TGT_PCTRL2
TGT_PCTRL5	92	91	TGT_PCTRL4
TGT_PCTRL7	94	93	TGT_PCTRL6
Vcc3	96	95	GND
BOARD_ID1	98	97	BOARD_ID0
BOARD_ID7	100	99	BOARD_ID6

#### 5 ID System

The STK600 features an id system to identify which routing, socket and expansion card is attached. The STK600 can impose voltage limitations based on the IDs, and AVR Studio will notify the user if the combination is incorrect.

The ID system consists of two common output and two board unique input signals. Each input is one of sixteen possible values based in the input signals – giving a total id space of 256.

Three IDs are reserved for custom use and can be implemented without use of ICs.

Table 5-1. IDs reserved for custom use

Туре	ID	
Board limited to 1.8 V	0xCA	
Board limited to 3.3 V	0xCC	
No limit on voltage	0xCF	

The id 0xff indicates no board present.

#### 5.1 Signal usage

Table 5-2. ID system signal usage

name	Direction	Function
BOARD_ID0	Output (A)	Common output to functions
BOARD_ID1	Output (B)	Common output to functions
BOARD_ID2	Input	Input from routing card
BOARD_ID3	Input	Input from routing card
BOARD_ID4	Input	Input from socket card
BOARD_ID5	Input	Input from socket card
BOARD_ID6	Input	Input from expansion card
BOARD_ID7	Input	Input from expansion card

#### 5.2 ID functions

The functions and their output according to input A and B

В	Α	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
0	0	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	1
0	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	1
1	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1
1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

Functions as logic expressions

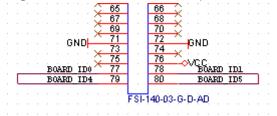
Function	Expression	ID
0	0	0x0
1	$\overline{A+B}$	0x1
2	$A\overline{B}$	0x2
3	$\overline{B}$	0x3
4	$\overline{A}B$	0x4
5	$\overline{A}$	0x5
6	$A \oplus B$	0x6
7	$\overline{AB}$	0x7
8	AB	0x8
9	$\overline{A \oplus B}$	0x9
10	A	0xA
11	$\overline{B} + AB$	0xB
12	В	0xC
13	$B + \overline{A} \cdot \overline{B}$	0xD
14	A + B	0xE
15	1	0xF

#### 5.3 Examples

For a socket card to report the ID 0xAC:

Route BOARD\_ID0 to BOARD\_ID4 and BOARD\_ID1 to BOARD\_ID5

Figure 5-1. Socket card id example



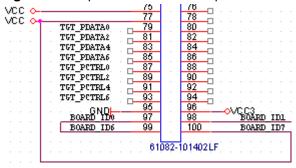




For an expansion card to report the ID 0xCF:

Route BOARD\_ID0 to BOARD\_ID6 and VCC to BOARD\_ID7

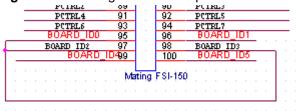
Figure 5-2. Expansion card id example



For a router card to report the ID 0xCC:

Route BOARD\_ID0 to both BOARD\_ID2 and BOARD\_ID3.

Figure 5-3. Routing card id example



#### 6 Design example

To support a new package type one would typically start with designing the socket card. The pinout between the socket card and routing card is not defined and left to the designer. An example is given in figure 6-1

Next is the design of the routing card (figure 6-3). The routing cards role is to connect each pin from the socket card to the corresponding pin on STK600. In addition to decoupling etc, the routing card should also fan-out the correct signals to programming headers.

Each card in the stack has its own board\_id pins, the routing card is responsible for passing on the signal to the socket card.

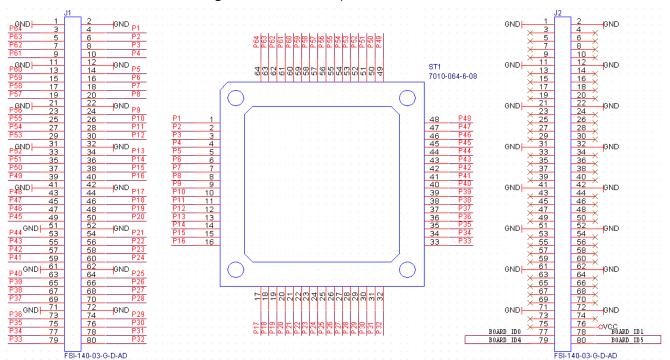


Figure 6-1. Schema capture of socket card

Both the socket and routing card must also include the clip holes:

PCB Clip Hole PCB Clip Hole

E4

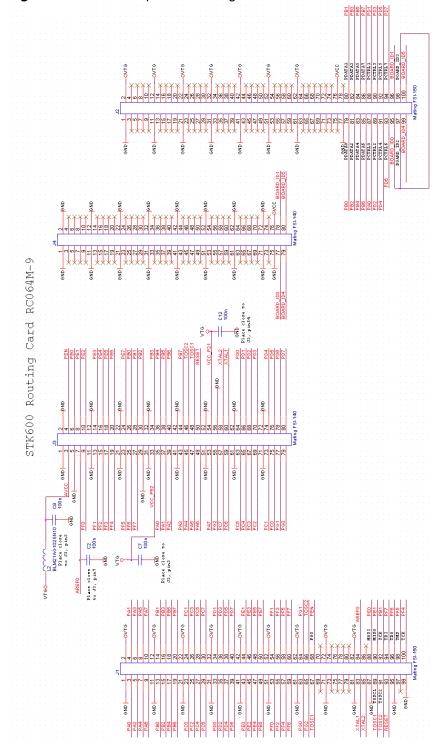
GND
PCB Clip Hole
GND
PCB Clip Hole
GND

Figure 6-2. Clip holes included in schematic.





Figure 6-3. Schema capture of routing card



Copyright © 2008, Atmel Corporation



**Atmel Corporation** 

2325 Orchard Parkway San Jose, CA 95131 USA

**Tel:** (+1)(408) 441-0311 **Fax:** (+1)(408) 487-2600

www.atmel.com

Atmel Asia Limited

Unit 01-5 & 16, 19F BEA Tower, Milennium City 5 418 Kwun Tong Road Kwun Tong, Kowloon

Kwun Tong, Kowloor HONG KONG

**Tel:** (+852) 2245-6100 **Fax:** (+852) 2722-1369

Atmel Munich GmbH

Business Campus Parkring 4 D-85748 Garching b. Munich

GERMANY

**Tel:** (+49) 89-31970-0 **Fax:** (+49) 89-3194621

Atmel Japan

9F, Tonetsu Shinkawa Bldg. 1-24-8 Shinkawa Chou-ku, Tokyo 104-0033

JAPAN

Tel: (+81) 3523-3551 Fax: (+81) 3523-7581

© 2010 Atmel Corporation. All rights reserved. / Rev.: CORP072610

Atmel®, logo and combinations thereof, and others are registered trademarks of Atmel Corporation or its subsidiaries. Other terms and product names may be trademarks of others.

Disclaimer: The information in this document is provided in connection with Atmel products. No license, express or implied, by estoppel or otherwise, to any intellectual property right is granted by this document or in connection with the sale of Atmel products. EXCEPT AS SET FORTH IN THE ATMEL TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF SALES LOCATED ON THE ATMEL WEBSITE, ATMEL ASSUMES NO LIABILITY WHATSOEVER AND DISCLAIMS ANY EXPRESS, IMPLIED OR STATUTORY WARRANTY RELATING TO ITS PRODUCTS INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, THE IMPLIED WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY, FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE, OR NON-INFRINGEMENT. IN NO EVENT SHALL ATMEL BE LIABLE FOR ANY DIRECT, INDIRECT, CONSEQUENTIAL, PUNITIVE, SPECIAL OR INCIDENTAL DAMAGES (INCLUDING, WITHOUT LIMITATION, DAMAGES FOR LOSS AND PROFITS, BUSINESS INTERRUPTION, OR LOSS OF INFORMATION) ARISING OUT OF THE USE OR INABILITY TO USE THIS DOCUMENT, EVEN IF ATMEL HAS BEEN ADVISED OF THE POSSIBILITY OF SUCH DAMAGES. Atmel makes no representations or warranties with respect to the accuracy or completeness of the contents of this document and reserves the right to make changes to specifications and product descriptions at any time without notice. Atmel does not make any commitment to update the information contained herein. Unless specifically provided otherwise, Atmel products are not suitable for, and shall not be used in, automotive applications. Atmel products are not intended, authorized, or warranted for use as components in applications intended to support or sustain life.

## **X-ON Electronics**

Largest Supplier of Electrical and Electronic Components

Click to view similar products for Sockets & Adapters category:

Click to view products by Atmel manufacturer:

Other Similar products are found below:

6508-0-00-01-00-00-33-0 AC164341 AC164348 1262 C8051F350-TB KITPF0100SKTEVBE LFVDBJR SK-AX2-CQ256-KITTOP

AC164334 AC164353 AC164383 SOCKET-ADM106XTQZ SPC564A80CAL176 ST5M1267-001 FP3-10PIN-ADAPTER-KIT CY3675
LCC4A TDGL015 ATF15XXDK3-SAA100 LFBGADATC SM64TQ-ACTEL-1 8.06.03 AC164358 ATSTK600-RC99 76002056

DS91230+ OM13019,598 09185058 AC164369 AC164409 AC164402 SMPA-ISP-ACTEL-3-KIT ICESABCM81-01 LFVDBGF

AC164408 LFBGADAU1A KIT 70601-3 S5U13U00P00C100 AC164352 PN-Q208/5256V PN-T100/LC4256 LFBGAINTM55U1QA

AC164370 AC164355 AC164367 LFDAS12XEFT CY3675-TSSOP20B SPC563M64AVB144 ATF15XXDK3-SAA44 AC164410

SPC563M64AVB176