## Midas Passive OLED Part Number System

| MC | OC | 057/21605 A W |  | M |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 2 | $3 \quad 45$ | 6 | 7 | 89 |  |
| 1 | $=$ | MC: | Midas Com | ponents |  |  |
| 2 | $=$ |  | OC: OLED | Character | OG: OLED | Graphic |
| 3 | $=$ | Size / No of Characters an | ad Character | Height |  |  |
| 4 | $=$ | Series |  |  |  |  |
| 5 | $=$ | Operating Temp Range: | B: $-40+70 \mathrm{D}$ | eg C W: -4 | +80 Deg C |  |
| 6 | $=$ |  | Blank:Not | applicable | or No of | Pixels (320240) |
| 7 | $=$ | Mode: $\square$ | M: Transm | $\text { nissive } S: S$ | Sunlight Reada (transmissive) | able |
| 8 | $=$ | Colour: | Y: Yellow <br> W: White | G: Green RGB: Red | R: Red <br> , Green, Blue | B: Blue |
| 9 | $=$ | Driver Chip/Controller: | Blank: Gen E: Multi-E | $\begin{aligned} & \text { neral I: } \mathrm{I}^{2} \mathrm{C} \\ & \text { uropean Cha } \end{aligned}$ | ${ }^{2} \mathrm{C}$ <br> haracter Set |  |

History of Version

| Version | Contents | Date | Note |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 00 | NEW VERSION | 2012/05/06 | Spec. |
| 01 | Update Power up Sequence | 2012/06/25 | Spec. |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |

## Contents

## Page

(1)DIMENSION ..... 5
(2)ABSOLUTE MAXIMUMRATING ..... 6
2.1 Electrical Absolute Ratings ..... 6
2.2 Environmental Absolute Maximum Ratings ..... 6
(3)ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ..... 7
(4)OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS ..... 7
(5)MECHANICAL SPECIFICATION ..... 8
(6)INTERFACE PIN ASSIGNMENT ..... 8
(7) $I^{2} C$ INTERFACE: (FOR $I^{2} C$ Version ) ..... 9
(8)BLOCK DIAGRAM ..... 10
(9)POWER SUPPLY ..... 10
(10)FUNCTIONAL SPECIFICATION ..... 11
Table 10-1: Fundamental Command Table ..... 11
Table 10-2: Extended Command Table ..... 14
Table 10-3: OLED Command Table ..... 15
(11)POWER DOWN AND POWER UP SEQUENCE ..... 17
(12) 6800-SERIES MCU PARALLEL INTERFACE TIMING CHARACTERISTICS ..... 18
(13)APPLICATION ..... 20
(14)SSD1311 CGROM CHARACTER CODE ..... 22
(15)PRECAUTIONS IN USE OF OLED MODULES-1 ..... 25
Modules ..... 25
Handling Precautions ..... 25
Storage Precautions ..... 26
Designing Precautions ..... 26
(16)PRECAUTIONS IN USE OF OLED MODULES-2 ..... 27
PRECAUTIONS WHEN DISPOSING OF THE OLED DISPLAY MODULES ..... 27
Other Precautions ..... 27


## (2)ABSOLUTE MAXIMUMRATING

### 2.1 Electrical Absolute Ratings

| Item | Symbol | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Unit | Notes |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Power Supply for Logic | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DD}}$ | -0.3 | 5.0 | 5.5 | Volt | 1,2 |
| Input Voltage for I/O Pins | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{I}}$ | -0.3 | 5.0 | 5.5 | Volt | 1,2 |
| Life Time $\left(100 \mathrm{~cd} / \mathrm{m}^{2}\right)$ |  | --- | 70,000 | --- | Hour | 3 |

Note 1: All the above voltages are on the basis of "VSS $=0 \mathrm{~V}$ ".
Note 2: When this module is used beyond the above absolute maximum ratings, permanent breakage of the module may occur.

Note $3: \mathrm{Ta}_{\mathrm{a}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, 25 \%$ Checkerboard.
Software configuration follows Section ACTUAL APPLICATION EXAMPLE Initialization. End of lifetime is specified as $50 \%$ of initial brightness reached. The average operating lifetime at room temperature is estimated by the accelerated operation at high temperature conditions.
2.2 Environmental Absolute Maximum Ratings

| Item | Wide Temperature |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Operating |  |  | Storage |  |
|  | Min, | Max. | Min, | Max. |  |
| Ambient Temperature | $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $+90^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |

Note : The defined temperature ranges do not include the polarizer. The maximum withstood temperature of the polarizer should be $85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.

## (3)ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

| Item | Symbol | Condition | Min. | Typ | Max. | Unit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Power Supply for Logic | $V_{\text {DD }}$ | (Wide Voltage I/O Application) | 2.8 | 5.0 | 5.3 | Volt |
| Input Voltage for I/O Pins | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{i}}$ |  | 2.8 | 5.0 | 5.3 | Volt |
| Input Voltage | VIL | L level | 0 | - | 0.2 V D | Volt |
|  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{H}}$ | H level | 0.8 V D | - | $V_{\text {DD }}$ | Volt |
| Output Voltage | VoL | L level | 0 | - | $0.1 \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{DD}}$ |  |
|  | Vor | H level | 0.9 VDD | - | $V_{D D}$ |  |
| Power Supply Current for OLED | IDD | Note |  | 30 |  | mA |
| Sleep Mode Current for VDD | $\mathrm{l}_{\text {do,SLEEP }}$ |  |  |  | 10 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |

Note: $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DD}}=5.0 \mathrm{~V}, 25 \%$ Display Area Turn on. $100 \mathrm{~cd} / \mathrm{m}^{2}$
When random texts pattern is running, averagely, about $1 / 4$ of pixels will be on.
(4)OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS

| Item | Symbol | Min. | Typ | Max. | Unit |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Viewing angle <br> range |  |  | Free |  | Degree |
| Dark Room <br> Contrast | Cr |  | $>10,000: 1$ |  |  |
| Brightness | Lbr |  | 140 | $\mathrm{~cd} / \mathrm{m}^{2}$ |  |
| Peak Emission <br> Wavelength | C.I.E 1931 | $\mathrm{X}=0.25$ <br> $\mathrm{Y}=0.27$ | $\mathrm{X}=0.29$ <br> $\mathrm{Y}=0.31$ | $\mathrm{X}=0.33$ <br> $\mathrm{Y}=0.35$ |  |

## (5)MECHANICAL SPECIFICATION

| Item | Description |
| :--- | :--- |
| Product No. | $0 \& 2 \& \quad \$: 0:($ |
| Viewing Area | $58.22(\mathrm{~W}) \mathrm{mm} \times 13.52(\mathrm{H}) \mathrm{mm}$ |
| Module Size | $80.0(\mathrm{~W}) \times 36.0(\mathrm{H}) \times 9.7 \mathrm{max}(\mathrm{D})$ |
| Dot Size | $0.57(\mathrm{~W}) \mathrm{mm} \times 0.67(\mathrm{H}) \mathrm{mm}$ |
| Dot Pitch | $0.60(\mathrm{~W}) \mathrm{mm} \times 0.70(\mathrm{H}) \mathrm{mm}$ |
| Display Format | 16 characters $(\mathrm{W}) \times 2$ lines $(\mathrm{H})$ |
| Duty Ratio | $1 / 16$ Duty |
| Controller | SSD1311 or Equivalent |

(6)INTERFACE PIN ASSIGNMENT

| Pin No. | Symbol | External <br> Connection | Description |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :--- |
| 1 | VSS | Power Supply | Ground |
| 2 | VDD | Power Supply | Supply Voltage for OLED and logic |
| 3 | Vo | - | Contrast Adjustment |
| 4 | RS(D/C\#) | MPU | Register select signal. H: DATA, L: Command |
| 5 | R/W\# (WR\#) | MPU | 6800 -interface: <br> Read/Write select signal, <br> R/W $=1:$ Read R/W: $=0:$ Write <br> $8080-$-interface: <br> Active LOW Write signal. |
| 6 | E or /RD | MPU | 6800 -interface: <br> Operation enable signal. Falling edge triggered. <br> 8080 -interface: <br> Active LOW Read signal. |
| $7-14$ | DB0-DB7 | MPU | $8-$ bit Bi-directional data bus lines <br> 15 |
| 16 | NC | - | No Connect |

## (7) $I^{2} C$ INTERFACE: (FOR I ${ }^{2} C$ Version)

| Pin No. | Symbol | External <br> Connection | Description |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :--- |
| 1 | VSS | Power Supply | Ground |
| 2 | VDD | Power Supply | Supply Voltage for OLED and logic |
| 3 | Vo | - | Contrast Adjustment |
| 4 | SA0 | MPU | Slave Address selection. |
| $5-6$ | VSS | Power Supply | Ground |
| 7 | SCL | MPU | Serial Clock signal Input |
| 8 | SDAin | MPU | Serial Data Input . |
| 9 | SDAout | MPU | Serial Data Output . |
| $10-14$ | VSS | Power Supply | Ground |
| 15 | NC | - | No Connect |
| 16 | NC | - | No Connect |

(8)BLOCK DIAGRAM


| Display Position | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| DD RAM Address | 00 | 01 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 F |
| DD RAM Address | 40 | 41 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 4 F |

## (9)POWER SUPPLY

HW\&SW Contrast Adjustable


SW Contrast Adjustable


## (10)FUNCTIONAL SPECIFICATION

## COMMAND TABLE

There are three sets of command set in SSD1311: Fundamental Command Set, Extended Command Set and OLED Command Set. These three command sets can be selected by setting logic bits IS, RE and SD accordingly.

Table 10-1: Fundamental Command Table

1. Fundamental Command Set

| Command | IS | RE | SD | Instruction Code |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | D/C\# | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \mathbf{R} / \mathbf{W} \# \\ \text { (WR\#) } \end{array}$ | D7 | D6 | D5 | D4 | D3 | D2 | D1 | D0 |  |
| Clear <br> Display | X | X | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | Write " 20 H " to DDRAM and set DDRAM address to " 00 H " from AC. |
| Return <br> Home | X | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | * | Set DDRAM address to " 00 H " from AC and return cursor to its original position if shifted. The contents of DDRAM are not changed. |
| Entry Mode Set | X | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | $0$ | $0$ | 0 | 1 | I/D | S | Assign cursor / blink moving direction with DDRAM address. <br> I/D = "1": cursor/ blink moves to right and DDRAM address is increased by 1 (POR) <br> I/D = "0": cursor/ blink moves to left and DDRAM address is decreased by 1 <br> Assign display shift with DDRAM address. <br> $S=$ "1": make display shift of the enabled lines by the DS4 to DS1 bits in the shift enable instruction. Left/ right direction depends on I/D bit selection. <br> $S=$ "0": display shift disable (POR) |
|  | X | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | BDC | BDS | Common bi-direction function. <br> BDC = "0": COM31 -> COM0 <br> BDC = "1": COM0 -> COM31 <br> Segment bi-direction function. <br> BDS = "0": SEG99 -> SEG0, <br> BDS = "1": SEG0 -> SEG99 |
| Display ON <br> / OFFControl | X | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | D | C | B | Set display/cursor/blink ON/OFF $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{D}=\text { = } 1 ": \text { display ON, } \\ & \mathrm{D}=\text { "0": display OFF (POR), } \\ & \mathrm{C}=" 1 ": \text { cursor ON, } \\ & \mathrm{C}=\text { "0": cursor OFF (POR), } \\ & \mathrm{B}=" 1 ": \text { blink ON, } \\ & \mathrm{B}=\text { "0": blink OFF (POR). } \end{aligned}$ <br> Note: It is recommended to turn off the cursor and blinking effects when updating internal RAM contents for better visual performance; |


| 1. Fundamental Command Set |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Command | IS | RE | SD | Instruction Code |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Description |
|  |  |  |  | D/C\# | R/W\# | D7 | D6 | D5 | D4 | D3 | D2 | D1 | D0 |  |
| Extended Function Set | X | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | FW | B/W | NW | Assign font width, black/white inverting of cursor, and 4-line display mode control bit. <br> FW = "1": 6-dot font width, FW = "0": 5-dot font width (POR), <br> $\mathrm{B} / \mathrm{W}=$ = 1 ": black/white inverting of cursor enable, <br> $\mathrm{B} / \mathrm{W}=$ = 0 ": black/white inverting of cursor disable (POR) <br> NW = "1": 3-line or 4-line display mode (POR) <br> NW = "0": 1-line or 2-line display mode |
| Cursor or Display Shift | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | S/C | R/L | * | * | Set cursor moving and display shift control bit, and the direction, without changing DDRAM data. <br> S/C = "1": display shift, S/C = "0": cursor shift, <br> R/L = "1": shift to right, <br> R/L = "0": shift to left |
| Double <br> Height (4- <br> line) / <br> Display-dot shift | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | UD2 | UD1 | * | DH' | UD2~1: Assign different doubt height format ( $\mathrm{POR}=11 \mathrm{~b}$ ) $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{DH}^{\prime}=\text { " } 1 ": \text { display shift enable } \\ & \mathrm{DH}^{\prime}=\text { " } 0 \text { ": dot scroll enable (POR) } \end{aligned}$ |
| Shift Enable | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | DS4 | DS3 | DS2 | DS1 | DS[4:1] $=1111 \mathrm{~b}(\mathrm{POR})$ when $\mathrm{DH}^{\prime}=1 \mathrm{~b}$ <br> Determine the line for display shift. <br> DS1 $=$ " $1 / 0^{\prime \prime}: 1^{\text {st }}$ line display shift enable/disable <br> DS2 = " $1 / 0$ ": $2^{\text {nd }}$ line display shift enable/disable <br> DS3 $=$ " $1 / 0$ ": $3^{\text {rd }}$ line display shift enable/disable DS4 $=$ " $1 / 0^{\prime}: 4^{\text {th }}$ line display shift enable/disable. |
| Scroll <br> Enable | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | HS4 | HS3 | HS2 | HS1 | HS[4:1] $=1111 \mathrm{~b}(\mathrm{POR})$ when $\mathrm{DH}^{\prime}=0 \mathrm{~b}$ <br> Determine the line for horizontal smooth scroll. <br> HS1 = " $1 / 0^{0}: 1^{\text {st }}$ line dot scroll enable/disable <br> HS2 = " $1 / 0^{\prime}: 2^{\text {nd }}$ line dot scroll enable/disable <br> HS3 = " $1 / 0$ ": $3^{\text {rd }}$ line dot scroll enable/disable HS4 $=$ " $1 / 0^{\prime}: 4^{\text {th }}$ line dot scroll enable/disable. |

1. Fundamental Command Set

| Command | IS | RE | SD | Instruction Code |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | D/C\# | R/W\# | D7 | D6 | D5 | D4 | D3 | D2 | D1 | D0 |  |
| Function Set | $\mathbf{X}$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | * | N | DH | $\begin{gathered} \text { RE } \\ \mathbf{( 0 )} \end{gathered}$ | IS | Numbers of display line, N when N = "1" (POR): <br> 2-line ( $\mathrm{NW}=0 \mathrm{~b}$ ) / 4-line ( $\mathrm{NW}=1 \mathrm{~b}$ ), when $\mathrm{N}=00$ ": <br> 1 -line ( $\mathrm{NW}=0 \mathrm{~b}$ ) / 3-line ( $\mathrm{NW}=1 \mathrm{~b}$ ) <br> DH = " $1 / 0$ ": Double height font control for 2-line mode enable/ disable (POR=0) <br> Extension register, RE ("0") <br> Extension register, IS |
|  | X | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | * | N | BE | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RE } \\ & \text { (1) } \end{aligned}$ | REV | CGRAM blink enable <br> $\mathrm{BE}=1 \mathrm{~b}$ : CGRAM blink enable <br> $\mathrm{BE}=0 \mathrm{~b}:$ CGRAM blink disable (POR) <br> Extension register, RE ("1") <br> Reverse bit <br> REV = "1": reverse display, <br> REV = "0": normal display (POR) |
| Set CGRAM address | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | AC5 | AC4 | AC3 | AC2 | AC1 | AC0 | Set CGRAM address in address counter $(\mathrm{POR}=000000)$ |
| Set DDRAM Address | X | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | AC6 | AC5 | AC4 | AC3 | AC2 | AC1 | AC0 | Set DDRAM address in address counter (POR=000 0000) |
| Set Scroll Quantity | X | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | * | SQ5 | SQ4 | SQ3 | SQ2 | SQ1 | SQ0 | Set the quantity of horizontal dot scroll. (POR=00 0000) <br> Valid up to $\mathrm{SQ}[5: 0]=110000 \mathrm{~b}$ |
| Read Busy <br> Flag and <br> Address/ <br> Part ID | X | X | 0 | 0 | 1 | BF | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} \text { AC6 } \\ 1 \\ \text { ID6 } \end{gathered}\right.$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { AC5 } \\ \text { / } \\ \text { ID5 } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { AC4 } \\ 1 \\ \text { ID4 } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { AC3 } \\ \text { / } \\ \text { ID3 } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { AC2 } \\ \text { / } \\ \text { ID2 } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { AC1 } \\ \text { / } \\ \text { ID1 } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c} \hline \text { AC0 } \\ 1 \\ \text { ID0 } \end{array}$ | Can be known whether during internal operation or not by reading BF. The contents of address counter or the part ID can also be read. When it is read the first time, the address counter can be read. When it is read the second time, the part ID can be read. $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{BF}=\text { "1": busy state } \\ & \mathrm{BF}=\text { " } 0 \text { ": ready state } \end{aligned}$ |
| Write data | X | X | 0 | 1 | 0 | D7 | D6 | D5 | D4 | D3 | D2 | D1 | D0 | Write data into internal RAM (DDRAM / CGRAM ). |
| Read data | X | $\mathbf{X}$ | 0 | 1 | 1 | D7 | D6 | D5 | D4 | D3 | D2 | D1 | D0 | Read data from internal RAM (DDRAM / CGRAM ). |

Table 10-2: Extended Command Table

| 2. Extended C | Com | man | , S |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Command | IS | RE |  | Instruction Code |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Description |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | $\mathrm{D} / \mathrm{C} \#\left(\begin{array}{l} \text { R/W } \\ (\mathrm{WR} \#) \end{array}\right.$ |  | Hex | D7 | D6 | D5 | D4 | D3 | D2 | D1 | D0 |  |  |  |
| Function Selection A | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{X} \\ & \mathbf{X} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1 \\ & 1 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 0 \\ & 1 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 71 \\ \mathrm{~A}[7: 0] \end{gathered}$ | $\left(\left.\begin{array}{c} 0 \\ \mathrm{~A}_{7} \end{array} \right\rvert\,\right.$ | $\begin{gathered} 1 \\ \mathrm{~A}_{6} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1 \\ \mathrm{~A}_{5} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1 \\ \mathrm{~A}_{4} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 0 \\ \mathrm{~A}_{3} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 0 \\ \mathrm{~A}_{2} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 0 \\ \mathrm{~A}_{1} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1 \\ \mathrm{~A}_{0} \end{gathered}$ | $\mathrm{A}[7: 0]=00 \mathrm{~h}$, Disable internal $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DD}}$ regulator at 5 V I/O application mode <br> $\mathrm{A}[7: 0]=5 \mathrm{Ch}$, Enable internal $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DD}}$ regulator at 5 V I/O application mode (POR) |  |  |
|  | X | 1 | 0 | $0$ | $0$ | 72 | $0$ | $1$ | $1$ | $1$ | 0 |  | $\begin{gathered} 1 \\ \hline 010 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline 0 \\ \text { OPO } \end{array}$ | OP[1:0]: Select | the chara tor | no. of |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | OP[1:0] | CGROM | CGRAM |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 00b | 240 | 8 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 01b | 248 | 8 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 10b | 250 | 6 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 11b | 256 | 0 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | RO[1:0]: Select | character | OM |
| Selection B |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | RO[1 |  | OM |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 00b |  | A |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 01 b |  | B |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 10b | - | C |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 11 b | - | valid |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | - |  |  |  |  | A |  | Note: It is reco disply (cmd 08h) CGRAM and d while clear disp recommended to | mended <br> ) before s fining cha lay (cmd 0 sent after | turn off the ting no. of acter ROM, $h$ ) is wards |
| OLED <br> Characterization | X | 1 | X | 0 | 0 | 78/79 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | SD | Extension registe SD = 0b: OLED (POR) SD = 1b: OLED Details refer to T | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{r}, \mathrm{SD} \\ & \text { command se } \\ & \text { command se } \\ & \text { able 10-3. } \end{aligned}$ | is disabled is enabled |

## Notes

(1) POR stands for Power On Reset Values.

Table 10-3: OLED Command Table

3. OLED Command Set


## Note

(1) POR stands for Power On Reset Values.
(2) The locked OLED driver IC MCU interface prohibits all commands access except logic bit SD is set to $\mathbf{1 b}$.
(3) Refer to Table 10-1 and

Table 10-2 for the details of logic bits IS, RE and SD.

## (11)Power down and Power up Sequence

To protect OEL panel and extend the panel life time, the driver IC power up/down routine should include a delay period between high voltage and low voltage power sources during turn on/off. It gives the OEL panel enough time to complete the action of charge and discharge before/after the operation.

Power up Sequence:

1. Power up $V_{D D}$
2. Send Display off command
3. Initialization
4. Clear Screen
5. Power up $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{Cc}}$
6. Delay 100 ms
(When $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{cc}}$ is stable)

7. Send Display on command

Power down Sequence:

1. Send Display off command
2. Power down Vcc
3. Delay 100 ms
(When $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{Cc}}$ is reach 0 and panel is completely discharges)
4. Power down $V_{D D}$


Note :

1) Since an ESD protection circuit is connected between $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DD}}$ and $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ inside the driver $I C, V_{C C}$ becomes lower than $V_{D D}$ whenever $V_{D D}$ is $O N$ and $V_{C C}$ is $O F F$.
2) $V_{C C}$ should be kept float (disable) when it is OFF.
3) Power Pins ( $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DD}}, \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ ) can never be pulled to ground under any circumstance.
4) $V_{D D}$ should not be power down before $V_{C C}$ power down.

## Reset Circuit

When RES\# input is low, the chip is initialized with the following status:

1. Display is OFF
2. 5X8 Character Mode
3. Display start position is set at display RAM address 0
4. CGRAM address counter is set at 0
5. Cursor is OFF
6. Blink is OFF
7. Contrast control register is set at 7 Fh
8. OLED command set is disabled
(12) 6800-Series MCU Parallel Interface Timing Characteristics
$\left(\mathrm{TA}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{VDD}=2.8 \sim 5.3 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{VSS}=0 \mathrm{~V}\right)$

| Symbol | Descripti | Min | Max | Unit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| tcycle | Clock Cycle Time | 400 | - | ns |
| tAS | Address Setup Time | 13 | - | ns |
| tah | Address Hold Time | 17 | - | ns |
| tosw | Write Data Setup Time | 35 | - | ns |
| tohw | Write Data Hold Time | 18 | - | ns |
| tDHR | Read Data Hold Time | 13 | - | ns |
| tor | Output Disable Time | - | 90 | ns |
| tacc | Access Time (RAM) <br> Access Time (command) | - | 200 | ns |
| PWcsl | Chip Select Low Pulse Width (read RAM) Chip Select Low Pulse Width (read Command) Chip Select Low Pulse Width (write) | $\begin{gathered} 250 \\ 250 \\ 50 \end{gathered}$ | - | ns |
| PWcsh | Chip Select High Pulse Width (Read) Chip Select High Pulse Width (Write) | $\begin{gathered} \hline 155 \\ \hline 55 \end{gathered}$ | - | ns |
| tR | Rise Time | - | 15 | ns |
| tF | Fall Time | - | 15 | ns |

## Note: 6800-Series

All timings are based on $20 \%$ to $80 \%$ of VDD-VSS


## (13)Application

## <Power up Sequence>


(1) This command could be programmable or defined by pin configuration.
(2) This command could be programmable or defined by pin configuration.
※ (C) : Write Command
※ (D) : Write Data

If the noise is accidentally occurred at the displaying window during the operation, please reset the display in order to recover the display function.
<Power down Sequence>

<Entering Sleep Mode>

<Exiting Sleep Mode>

(14)SSD1311 CGROM CHARACTER CODE ROMA

|  |  |
| :---: | :---: |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  | 9123456789: $\%=\%$ |
|  | THECDEFGHTJKLNNO |
|  | PDESTUNOXVEAONOS |
|  | \%sbedefohijk 1mmo |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  | ГAПT |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |


|  |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| \%oo |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  | 0123456789:3 $\%$ \% |
|  | EPECDEFGHITKLMNO |
|  | PQRSTUNWPYZ [.] |
|  | gbedefohi ik 1 mbo |
|  | Farstumbx ${ }^{\text {a }}$ (13 |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  | ARSEXEESA1 ITANE |
|  |  |
|  | AAAFABECEEEET i i |
|  | ENstsmbxGubuntep |
|  |  |
|  |  |



## (15)Precautions in use of OLED Modules-1

Modules
(1)Avoid applying excessive shocks to module or making any alterations or modifications to it.
(2)Don't make extra holes on the printed circuit board, modify its shape or change the components of OLED module.
(3)Don't disassemble the OLEDM.
(4)Don't operate it above the absolute maximum rating.
(5)Don't drop, bend or twist OLEDM.
(6)Soldering: only to the I/O terminals.
(7)Storage: please storage in anti-static electricity container and clean environment.

Handling Precautions
(1) Since the display panel is being made of glass, do not apply mechanical impacts such us dropping from a high position.
(2) If the display panel is broken by some accident and the internal organic substance leaks out, be careful not to inhale nor lick the organic substance.
(3) If pressure is applied to the display surface or its neighborhood of the OLED display module, the cell structure may be damaged and be careful not to apply pressure to these sections.
(4) The polarizer covering the surface of the OLED display module is soft and easily scratched. Please be careful when handling the OLED display module.
(5) When the surface of the polarizer of the OLED display module has soil, clean the surface. It takes advantage of by using following adhesion tape.

* Scotch Mending Tape No. 810 or an equivalent

Never try to breathe upon the soiled surface nor wipe the surface using cloth containing solvent such as ethyl alcohol, since the surface of the polarizer will become cloudy.
Also, pay attention that the following liquid and solvent may spoil the polarizer:

* Water
* Ketone
* Aromatic Solvents
(6) Hold OLED display module very carefully when placing OLED display module into the System housing. Do not apply excessive stress or pressure to OLED display module. And, do not over bend the film with electrode pattern layouts.
These stresses will influence the display performance. Also, secure sufficient rigidity for the outer cases.




(7) Do not apply stress to the LSI chips and the surrounding molded sections.
(8) Do not disassemble nor modify the OLED display module.
(9) Do not apply input signals while the logic power is off.
(10) Pay sufficient attention to the working environments when handing OLED display
modules to prevent occurrence of element breakage accidents by static electricity.
* Be sure to make human body grounding when handling OLED display modules.
* Be sure to ground tools to use or assembly such as soldering irons.
* To suppress generation of static electricity, avoid carrying out assembly work under dry environments.
* Protective film is being applied to the surface of the display panel of the OLED display module. Be careful since static electricity may be generated when exfoliating the protective film.
(11) Protection film is being applied to the surface of the display panel and removes the protection film before assembling it. At this time, if the OLED display module has been stored for a long period of time, residue adhesive material of the protection film may remain on the surface of the display panel after removed of the film. In such case, remove the residue material by the method introduced in the above Section 5.
(12) If electric current is applied when the OLED display module is being dewed or when it is placed under high humidity environments, the electrodes may be corroded and be careful to avoid the above.
Storage Precautions
(1) When storing OLED display modules, put them in static electricity preventive bags avoiding exposure to direct sun light nor to lights of fluorescent lamps. and, also, avoiding high temperature and high humidity environment or low temperature (less than $0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ) environments.
(We recommend you to store these modules in the packaged state when they were shipped from Witical Technology Inc.
At that time, be careful not to let water drops adhere to the packages or bags nor let dewing occur with them.
(2) If electric current is applied when water drops are adhering to the surface of the OLED display module, when the OLED display module is being dewed or when it is placed under high humidity environments, the electrodes may be corroded and be careful about the above.
Designing Precautions
(1) The absolute maximum ratings are the ratings which cannot be exceeded for OLED display module, and if these values are exceeded, panel damage may be happen.
(2) To prevent occurrence of malfunctioning by noise, pay attention to satisfy the VIL and VIH specifications and, at the same time, to make the signal line cable as short as possible.
(3) We recommend you to install excess current preventive unit (fuses, etc.) to the power circuit (VDD). (Recommend value: 0.5A)
(4) Pay sufficient attention to avoid occurrence of mutual noise interference with the neighboring devices.
(5) As for EMI, take necessary measures on the equipment side basically.
(6) When fastening the OLED display module, fasten the external plastic housing section.
(7) If power supply to the OLED display module is forcibly shut down by such errors as taking out the main battery while the OLED display panel is in operation, we cannot guarantee the quality of this OLED display module.
* Connection (contact) to any other potential than the above may lead to rupture of the IC.


## (16)Precautions in use of OLED Modules-2

(1)Avoid applying excessive shocks to module or making any alterations or modifications to it.
(2)Don't make extra holes on the printed circuit board, modify its shape or change the components of OLED module.
(3)Don't disassemble the OLEDM.
(4)Don't operate it above the absolute maximum rating.
(5)Don't drop, bend or twist OLEDM.
(6)Soldering: only to the I/O terminals.
(7)Storage: please storage in anti-static electricity container and clean environment.

Precautions when disposing of the OLED display modules

1) Request the qualified companies to handle industrial wastes when disposing of the OLED display modules. Or, when burning them, be sure to observe the environmental and hygienic laws and regulations.

## Other Precautions

(1) When an OLED display module is operated for a long of time with fixed pattern may remain as an after image or slight contrast deviation may occur.
Nonetheless, if the operation is interrupted and left unused for a while, normal state can be restored. Also, there will be no problem in the reliability of the module.
(2) To protect OLED display modules from performance drops by static electricity rapture, etc., do not touch the following sections whenever possible while handling the OLED display modules.

* Pins and electrodes
* Pattern layouts such as the TCP \& FPC
(3) With this OLED display module, the OLED driver is being exposed. Generally speaking, semiconductor elements change their characteristics when light is radiated according to the principle of the solar battery. Consequently, if this OLED driver is exposed to light, malfunctioning may occur.
* Design the product and installation method so that the OLED driver may be shielded from light in actual usage.
* Design the product and installation method so that the OLED driver may be shielded from light during the inspection processes.
(4) Although this OLED display module stores the operation state data by the commands and the indication data, when excessive external noise, etc. enters into the module, the internal status may be changed. It therefore is necessary to take appropriate measures to suppress noise generation or to protect from influences of noise on the system design.
(5) We recommend you to construct its software to make periodical refreshment of the operation statuses (re-setting of the commands and re-transference of the display data) to cope with catastrophic noise.
(6)Resistors,capacitors and other passive components will have different appearance and color caused by the different supplier.
(7)Our company will has the right to upgrade and modify the product function.


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