

High Voltage Ceramic Capacitors DC10-40kV

HIGH VOLTAGE CERAMIC CAPACITORS



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● Part Numbering

High Voltage Ceramic Capacitors (over 10kV)

(Global Part Number) **DH R B3 4A 101 M 2B B**
① ② ③ ④ ⑤ ⑥ ⑦ ⑧

① Product ID

Product ID	
DH	High Voltage Ceramic Capacitors (over 10kV)

② Series Category

Code	Contents
R	Radial Type
S	Mold Type

First three digits of part number (①Product ID and ②Series Category) express "Series Name".

③ Temperature Characteristics

Code	Temp. Char.	Cap. Change or Temp. Coeff.	Temp. Range
B3	B	±10%	-25 to +85°C
F4	Z5V	+22%, -82%	+10 to +85°C
4E	ZM	-4700±1000ppm/°C	+20 to +85°C
	N4700		

④ Rated Voltage

Code	Rated Voltage
4A	DC10kV
4B	DC12kV
4C	DC15kV
4D	DC20kV
4F	DC30kV
4G	DC40kV

⑤ Capacitance

Expressed by three figures. The unit is pico-farad (pF). The first and second figures are significant digits, and the third figure expresses the number of zeros which follow the two numbers. If there is a decimal point, it is expressed by the capital letter "R". In this case, all figures are significant digits.

⑥ Capacitance Tolerance

Code	Capacitance Tolerance
K	±10%
M	±20%
Z	+80%, -20%

⑦ Lead Type (DHR Series)

Code	Lead Type	Lead Spacing	Lead Diameter
2B	Straight Long	9.5mm	ø0.65mm
2F		12.7mm	ø0.8mm

⑧ Body Diameter and Terminal Type (DHS Series)

Code	Body Diameter	Terminal Type
C2	20mm	ISO M4, P0.7 Tapped Holes (Metric Screw Thread)
D2	24mm	
H2	30mm	
L2	38mm	
N2	43mm	
R2	52mm	
T2	60mm	
CX	20mm	No.8-32, NC-2B Tapped Holes (Inch Screw Thread)
DX	24mm	
HX	30mm	
LX	38mm	
NX	43mm	
RX	52mm	
TX	60mm	

⑨ Packaging

Code	Packaging
B	Bulk

⚠Note Please read rating and ⚠CAUTION (for storage, operating, rating, soldering, mounting and handling) in this PDF catalog to prevent smoking and/or burning, etc.
This catalog has only typical specifications. Therefore, you are requested to approve our product specifications or to transact the approval sheet for product specifications before ordering.

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ZM Characteristics

Part Number	Rated Voltage (kV)	Capacitance (pF)	Body Dia. D (mm)	Lead Spacing F (mm)	Body Thickness T (mm)	Lead Dia. ød (mm)
DHR4E4A101K2BB	DC10	100 +10, -10%	8.0	9.5	7.0	0.65
DHR4E4A151K2BB	DC10	150 +10, -10%	8.0	9.5	7.0	0.65
DHR4E4A221K2BB	DC10	220 +10, -10%	9.0	9.5	7.0	0.65
DHR4E4A331K2BB	DC10	330 +10, -10%	10.0	9.5	7.0	0.65
DHR4E4A471K2BB	DC10	470 +10, -10%	12.0	9.5	7.0	0.65
DHR4E4A681K2BB	DC10	680 +10, -10%	13.0	9.5	7.0	0.65
DHR4E4A102K2BB	DC10	1000 +10, -10%	15.0	9.5	7.0	0.65
DHR4E4B101K2BB	DC12	100 +10, -10%	8.0	9.5	7.3	0.65
DHR4E4B151K2BB	DC12	150 +10, -10%	9.0	9.5	7.3	0.65
DHR4E4B221K2BB	DC12	220 +10, -10%	9.0	9.5	7.3	0.65
DHR4E4B331K2BB	DC12	330 +10, -10%	11.0	9.5	7.3	0.65
DHR4E4B471K2BB	DC12	470 +10, -10%	12.0	9.5	7.3	0.65
DHR4E4B681K2BB	DC12	680 +10, -10%	14.0	9.5	7.3	0.65
DHR4E4B102K2BB	DC12	1000 +10, -10%	16.0	9.5	7.3	0.65
DHR4E4C101K2BB	DC15	100 +10, -10%	8.0	9.5	8.2	0.65
DHR4E4C151K2BB	DC15	150 +10, -10%	9.0	9.5	8.2	0.65
DHR4E4C221K2BB	DC15	220 +10, -10%	10.0	9.5	8.2	0.65
DHR4E4C331K2BB	DC15	330 +10, -10%	12.0	9.5	8.2	0.65
DHR4E4C471K2BB	DC15	470 +10, -10%	13.0	9.5	8.2	0.65
DHR4E4C681K2BB	DC15	680 +10, -10%	15.0	9.5	8.2	0.65
DHR4E4C102K2FB	DC15	1000 +10, -10%	18.0	12.7	8.2	0.8

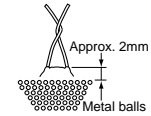
B Characteristics

Part Number	Rated Voltage (kV)	Capacitance (pF)	Body Dia. D (mm)	Lead Spacing F (mm)	Body Thickness T (mm)	Lead Dia. ød (mm)
DHRB34A101M2BB	DC10	100 +20, -20%	8.0	9.5	7.0	0.65
DHRB34A151M2BB	DC10	150 +20, -20%	8.0	9.5	7.0	0.65
DHRB34A221M2BB	DC10	220 +20, -20%	9.0	9.5	7.0	0.65
DHRB34A331M2BB	DC10	330 +20, -20%	10.0	9.5	7.0	0.65
DHRB34A471M2BB	DC10	470 +20, -20%	12.0	9.5	7.0	0.65
DHRB34A681M2BB	DC10	680 +20, -20%	13.0	9.5	7.0	0.65
DHRB34A102M2BB	DC10	1000 +20, -20%	15.0	9.5	7.0	0.65
DHRB34B101M2BB	DC12	100 +20, -20%	8.0	9.5	7.7	0.65
DHRB34B151M2BB	DC12	150 +20, -20%	9.0	9.5	7.5	0.65
DHRB34B221M2BB	DC12	220 +20, -20%	9.0	9.5	7.5	0.65
DHRB34B331M2BB	DC12	330 +20, -20%	11.0	9.5	7.5	0.65
DHRB34B471M2BB	DC12	470 +20, -20%	12.0	9.5	7.5	0.65
DHRB34B681M2BB	DC12	680 +20, -20%	14.0	9.5	7.5	0.65
DHRB34B102M2BB	DC12	1000 +20, -20%	16.0	9.5	7.5	0.65
DHRB34C101M2BB	DC15	100 +20, -20%	8.0	9.5	8.5	0.65
DHRB34C151M2BB	DC15	150 +20, -20%	9.0	9.5	8.2	0.65
DHRB34C221M2BB	DC15	220 +20, -20%	10.0	9.5	8.2	0.65
DHRB34C331M2BB	DC15	330 +20, -20%	12.0	9.5	8.2	0.65
DHRB34C471M2BB	DC15	470 +20, -20%	13.0	9.5	8.2	0.65
DHRB34C681M2BB	DC15	680 +20, -20%	15.0	9.5	8.2	0.65
DHRB34C102M2FB	DC15	1000 +20, -20%	18.0	12.7	8.2	0.8

Specifications and Test Methods

1

No.	Item	Specifications	Testing Method																		
1	Operating Temperature Range	-25 to +100°C	—																		
2	Capacitance	Within the specified tolerance.	The capacitance should be measured at 20°C with 1±0.2kHz and AC 5V(r.m.s.) max.																		
3	Dissipation Factor (D.F.)	<table border="1"> <tr> <td>ZM</td> <td>1.0% max.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>B</td> <td>2.5% max.</td> </tr> </table>	ZM	1.0% max.	B	2.5% max.	Same condition as capacitance.														
ZM	1.0% max.																				
B	2.5% max.																				
4	Insulation Resistance (I.R.)	Between Lead Wires 10000MΩ min.	The insulation resistance should be measured with DC1000V within 60±5 sec. of charging.																		
5	Dielectric Strength	Between Lead Wires No failure.	The capacitor should not be damaged when DC voltage of 150% of the rated voltage is applied between the lead wires for 60±5 sec. in insulating liquid or gas. (Charge/Discharge current≤50mA)																		
		Body Insulation No failure.	The capacitor is placed in the container with metal balls of diameter 1mm so that each lead wire, shortcircuited, is kept approximately 2mm off the metal balls as shown in the figure at right, and DC voltage of 3kV is applied for 10 sec. between capacitor lead wires and metal balls. (Charge/Discharge current≤50mA)																		
6	Temperature Characteristics	<table border="1"> <tr> <th>Temp. Char.</th> <th>Temp. Coefficient or Max. Cap. Change</th> </tr> <tr> <td>ZM</td> <td>-4700±1000ppm/°C</td> </tr> <tr> <td>B</td> <td>±10%</td> </tr> </table>	Temp. Char.	Temp. Coefficient or Max. Cap. Change	ZM	-4700±1000ppm/°C	B	±10%	The capacitance measurement should be made at each step specified in table. Capacitance change from the value of step 3 should not exceed the limit specified.												
		Temp. Char.	Temp. Coefficient or Max. Cap. Change																		
ZM	-4700±1000ppm/°C																				
B	±10%																				
			<table border="1"> <tr> <th>Step Char.</th> <th>1</th> <th>2</th> <th>3</th> <th>4</th> <th>5</th> </tr> <tr> <td>ZM</td> <td>—</td> <td>—</td> <td>20±2°C</td> <td>85±2°C</td> <td>20±2°C</td> </tr> <tr> <td>B</td> <td>20±2°C</td> <td>-25±3°C</td> <td>20±2°C</td> <td>85±2°C</td> <td>20±2°C</td> </tr> </table>	Step Char.	1	2	3	4	5	ZM	—	—	20±2°C	85±2°C	20±2°C	B	20±2°C	-25±3°C	20±2°C	85±2°C	20±2°C
Step Char.	1	2	3	4	5																
ZM	—	—	20±2°C	85±2°C	20±2°C																
B	20±2°C	-25±3°C	20±2°C	85±2°C	20±2°C																
7	Soldering Effect	Appearance No marked defect.	The lead wires should be immersed into the melted solder of 350±10°C up to about 1.5 to 2.0mm from the main body for 3.5±0.5 sec. Post-treatment: Capacitor should be stored for 24±2 hrs. at *room condition.																		
		Capacitance Change Within ±10%																			
		Dielectric Strength (Between Lead Wires) No failure.																			
8	Humidity (Under Steady State)	Appearance No marked defect.	Set the capacitor for 240±8 hrs. at 40±2°C in 90 to 95% relative humidity. Post-treatment: Capacitor should be stored for 1 to 2 hrs. at *room condition.																		
		Capacitance Change Within ±10%																			
		D.F. <table border="1"> <tr> <td>ZM</td> <td>1.5% max.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>B</td> <td>4.0% max.</td> </tr> </table>		ZM	1.5% max.	B	4.0% max.														
		ZM		1.5% max.																	
		B		4.0% max.																	
I.R. 5000MΩ min.																					
Dielectric Strength (Between Lead Wires) No failure.																					
9	Life	Appearance No marked defect.	Apply a DC voltage of 125% of the rated voltage for 1000 ^{±0.4B} hrs. in silicon oil at 85±2°C. Post-treatment: Capacitor should be stored for 24±2 hrs. at *room condition. (Charge/Discharge current≤50mA)																		
		Capacitance Change Within ±10%																			
		D.F. <table border="1"> <tr> <td>ZM</td> <td>1.5% max.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>B</td> <td>4.0% max.</td> </tr> </table>		ZM	1.5% max.	B	4.0% max.														
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Dielectric Strength (Between Lead Wires) No failure																					



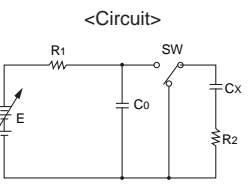
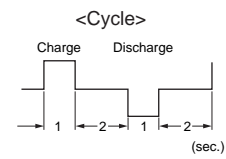
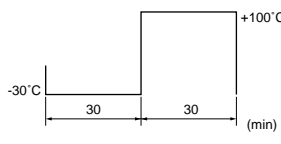

(Note) Tests for Dielectric Strength (between lead wires), Charge Discharge Test, Humidity, Temperature Cycle and Life should be performed with specimens having molded resin (MR1023C : made by Murata) extending over 3mm on all the surface.

* "room condition" Temperature: 15 to 35°C, Relative humidity: 45 to 75%, Atmospheric pressure: 86 to 106kPa

Continued on the following page.

Specifications and Test Methods

Continued from the preceding page.

No.	Item	Specifications	Testing Method				
10	Appearance	No marked defect.	Charge discharge test should be measured in the following test circuit and cycle. Applied voltage : Rated voltage Cycle time : 20000 cycle Post-treatment : Capacitor should be stored for 4 hrs. at *room condition.   Cx : specimen R1 : circuit protective resistor (300kΩ) C0 : supplied energy for Cx. $C_0 = 10C_x$ R2 : current limiting resistor ($E/10\Omega$) E : direct-current voltage source				
	Capacitance Change	Within $\pm 10\%$					
	D.F.	<table border="1"> <tr> <td>ZM</td> <td>1.5% max.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>B</td> <td>4.0% max.</td> </tr> </table>		ZM	1.5% max.	B	4.0% max.
	ZM	1.5% max.					
	B	4.0% max.					
I.R.	5000MΩ min.						
Dielectric Strength (Between Lead Wires)	No failure.						
11	Appearance	No marked defect.	Temperature cycle should be measured in the following test. Cycle time : 5 cycle Post-treatment : Capacitor should be stored for 4 hrs. at *room condition. 				
	Capacitance Change	Within $\pm 10\%$					
	D.F.	<table border="1"> <tr> <td>ZM</td> <td>1.5% max.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>B</td> <td>4.0% max.</td> </tr> </table>		ZM	1.5% max.	B	4.0% max.
	ZM	1.5% max.					
	B	4.0% max.					
I.R.	5000MΩ min.						
Dielectric Strength (Between Lead Wires)	No failure.						
12	Pull	Lead wire should not be cut off. Capacitor should not be broken.	As shown in the figure at right, fix the body of the capacitor and apply a tensile weight gradually to each lead wire in the radial direction of the capacitor up to 10N and keep it for 10 ± 1 sec. 				
	Bending		Each lead wire should be subjected to 5N of weight and bent 90° at the point of egress, in one direction, then returned to its original position and bent 90° in the opposite direction at the rate of one bend in 2 to 3 sec.				
13	Solderability of Leads	Lead wire should be soldered with uniform coating on the axial direction over $\frac{3}{4}$ of the circumferential direction.	The lead wire of a capacitor should be dipped into a 25% methanol solution of rosin and then into molten solder of $235 \pm 5^\circ\text{C}$ for 2 ± 0.5 sec. In both cases the depth of dipping is up to about 1.5 to 2.0mm from the root of lead wires.				

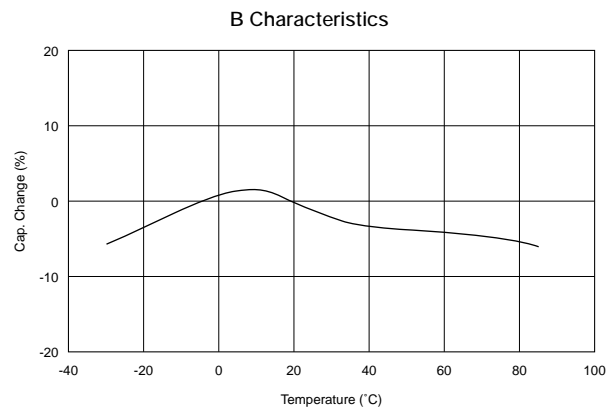
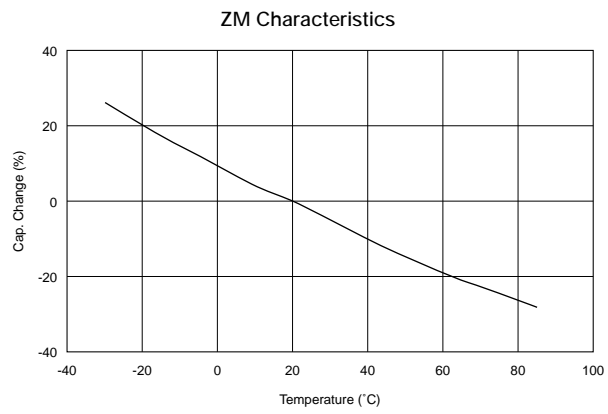
(Note) Tests for Dielectric Strength (between lead wires), Charge Discharge Test, Humidity, Temperature Cycle and Life should be performed with specimens having molded resin (MR1023C : made by Murata) extending over 3mm on all the surface.

* "room condition" Temperature: 15 to 35°C, Relative humidity: 45 to 75%, Atmospheric pressure: 86 to 106kPa

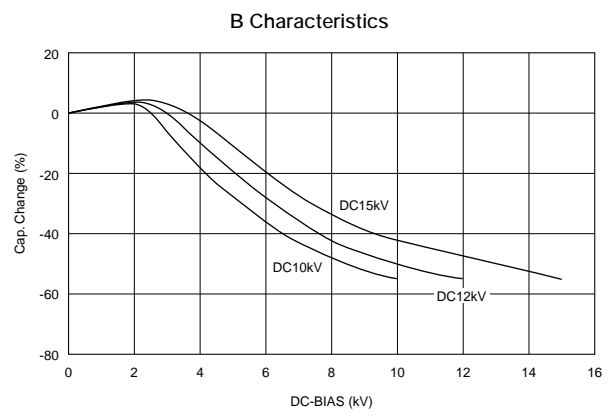
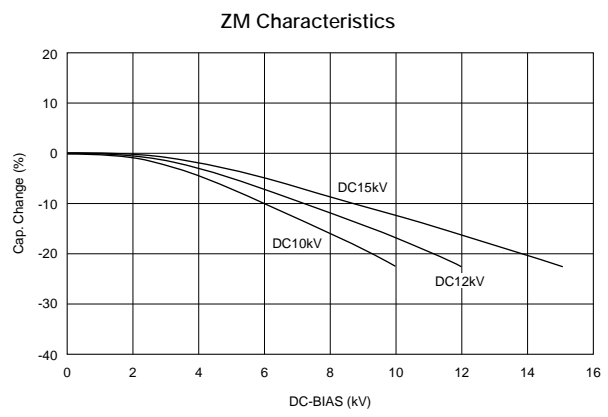
Typical Characteristics Data/Packaging

1

■ Cap.-Temp. Char.



■ Cap.-DC Bias Char.



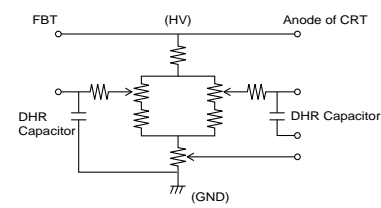
■ Packaging Styles



Minimum Quantity (Order in Sets Only)	200 (pcs.)
Minimum Order Quantity	200 (pcs.)

- "Minimum Quantity" means the number of units of each delivery or order. The quantity should be an integral multiple of the "minimum quantity". (Please note that the actual delivery quantity in a package may change sometimes.)

■ Example



DHR Series ⚠Caution/Notice

■ ⚠Caution (Rating)

1. Operating Voltage

When DC-rated capacitors are to be used in AC or ripple current circuits, be sure to maintain the V_{p-p} value of the applied voltage or the V_{0-p} which contains DC bias within the rated voltage range.

When the voltage is applied to the circuit, starting or stopping may generate irregular voltage for a transit period because of resonance or switching. Be sure to use a capacitor with a rated voltage range that includes these irregular voltages.

Voltage	DC Voltage	DC+AC Voltage	AC Voltage	Pulse Voltage (1)	Pulse Voltage (2)
Positional Measurement					

2. Operating Temperature and Self-generated Heat

Keep the surface temperature of a capacitor below the upper limit of its rated operating temperature range. Be sure to take into account the heat generated by the capacitor itself. When the capacitor is used in a high-frequency current, pulse current or similar current, it may self-generate heat due to dielectric loss. The applied voltage load should be such that the capacitor's self-generated heat is within 10°C at an atmosphere temperature of 25°C. When measuring, use a thermocouple of small thermal capacity-K of $\phi 0.1$ mm in conditions where the capacitor is not affected by radiant heat from other components or surrounding ambient fluctuations. Excessive heat may lead to deterioration of the capacitor's characteristics and reliability. (Never attempt to perform measurement with the cooling fan running. Otherwise, accurate measurement cannot be ensured.)

Failure to follow the above cautions may result, worst case, in a short circuit and cause fuming or partial dispersion when the product is used.

■ ⚠Caution (Storage and Operation Condition)

Operating and storage environment

The insulating coating of capacitors does not form a perfect seal; therefore, do not use or store capacitors in a corrosive atmosphere, especially where chloride gas, sulfide gas, acid, alkali, salt or the like are present. And avoid exposure to moisture.

The capacitor is designed to be used in insulating media, such as epoxy resin, silicone oil, etc.

There must be 3mm or more of insulating media for each direction of the capacitor.

Before cleaning, bonding, or molding this product,

verify that these processes do not affect product quality by testing the performance of a cleaned, bonded or molded product in the intended equipment. Store the capacitors where the temperature and relative humidity do not exceed -10 to 40 degrees centigrade and 15 to 85%. Use capacitors within 6 months.

FAILURE TO FOLLOW THE ABOVE CAUTIONS MAY RESULT, WORST CASE, IN A SHORT CIRCUIT AND CAUSE FUMING OR PARTIAL DISPERSION WHEN THE PRODUCT IS USED.

■ ⚠Caution (Soldering and Mounting)

1. Vibration and impact

Do not expose a capacitor or its leads to excessive shock or vibration during use.

2. Soldering

When soldering this product to a PCB/PWB, do not exceed the solder heat resistance specification of the capacitor. Subjecting this product to excessive heating could melt the internal junction solder and may result in thermal shocks that can crack the ceramic element.

When soldering capacitor with a soldering iron, it should be performed in following conditions.

Temperature of iron-tip: 400 degrees C. max.

Soldering iron wattage: 50W max.

Soldering time: 3.5 sec. max.

FAILURE TO FOLLOW THE ABOVE CAUTIONS MAY RESULT, WORST CASE, IN A SHORT CIRCUIT AND CAUSE FUMING OR PARTIAL DISPERSION WHEN THE PRODUCT IS USED.

■ ⚠Caution (Handling)

Vibration and impact

Do not expose a capacitor or its leads to excessive shock or vibration during use.

FAILURE TO FOLLOW THE ABOVE CAUTIONS MAY RESULT, WORST CASE, IN A SHORT CIRCUIT AND CAUSE FUMING OR PARTIAL DISPERSION WHEN THE PRODUCT IS USED.

■ Notice (Soldering and Mounting)

Cleaning (ultrasonic cleaning)

To perform ultrasonic cleaning, observe the following conditions. Rinse bath capacity : Output of 20 watts per liter or less.

Rinsing time : 5 min maximum.

Do not vibrate the PCB/PWB directly.

Excessive ultrasonic cleaning may lead to fatigue destruction of the lead wires.

■ Notice (Rating)

Capacitance change of capacitor

1. Class 1 capacitors

Capacitance might change a little depending on the surrounding temperature or an applied voltage.

Please contact us if you intend to use this product in a strict time constant circuit.

2. Class 2 and 3 capacitors

Class 2 and 3 capacitors with temperature characteristics B, E and F have an aging

characteristic, whereby the capacitor continually decreases its capacitance slightly if the capacitor is left on for a long time. Moreover, capacitance might change greatly depending on the surrounding temperature or an applied voltage. So, it is not likely to be suitable for use in a time constant circuit. Please contact us if you need detailed information.

High Voltage Ceramic Capacitors DC10-40kV



Mold Type DHS N4700 Series (DC10-40kV)

2

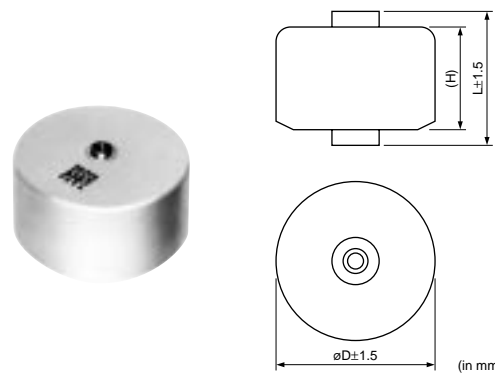
Murata's high voltage ceramic capacitors, DHS N4700 series, are designed to meet the stringent requirements of high voltage applications. These capacitors are especially appropriate for applications which require a low dissipation factor and a small voltage coefficient.

■ Features

1. Epoxy resin encapsulated
2. Small size
3. Low dissipation factor and low heating value
4. Linear temperature characteristic
5. Low DC, AC-voltage coefficient

■ Applications

- Gas laser
- DC HV power supplies
- Lightning arresters, voltage distribution systems
- Electron microscopes, synchroscopes
- Electrostatic coating machines



DC Rated Voltage (kV)	Depth of tapped holes (mm)
10, 15	4
20, 30	6
40	8

Part Number	Capacitance (pF)	Capacitance Tolerance (%)	DC Rated Voltage (kV)	Dimensions (mm)			Terminal Type (Screw Thread Type)
				D	L	H	
DHS4E4A561KC2B	560	±10	10	20	16	12	ISO M4, P0.7 (Metric Screw Thread)
DHS4E4A122KH2B	1200			30			
DHS4E4A282KL2B	2800			38			
DHS4E4A502KR2B	5000			52			
DHS4E4A802KT2B	8000			60			
DHS4E4A561MCXB	560	±20	10	20	16	12	No.8-32, NC-2B (Inch Screw Thread)
DHS4E4A122MHXB	1200			30			
DHS4E4A282MLXB	2800			38			
DHS4E4A502MRXB	5000			52			
DHS4E4A802MTXB	8000			60			
DHS4E4C371KC2B	370	±10	15	20	18	14	ISO M4, P0.7 (Metric Screw Thread)
DHS4E4C112KH2B	1100			30			
DHS4E4C192KL2B	1900			38			
DHS4E4C342KR2B	3400			52			
DHS4E4C532KT2B	5300			60			
DHS4E4C371MCXB	370	±20	15	20	18	14	No.8-32, NC-2B (Inch Screw Thread)
DHS4E4C112MHXB	1100			30			
DHS4E4C192MLXB	1900			38			
DHS4E4C342MRXB	3400			52			
DHS4E4C532MTXB	5300			60			

Continued on the following page.

⚠Note Please read rating and ⚠CAUTION (for storage, operating, rating, soldering, mounting and handling) in this PDF catalog to prevent smoking and/or burning, etc.
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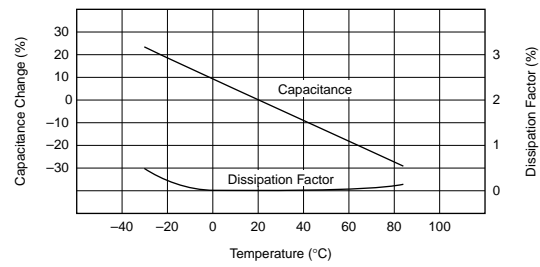
↳ Continued from the preceding page.

Part Number	Capacitance (pF)	Capacitance Tolerance (%)	DC Rated Voltage (kV)	Dimensions (mm)			Terminal Type (Screw Thread Type)	
				D	L	H		
DHS4E4D281KC2B	280	±10	20	20	24	20	ISO M4, P0.7 (Metric Screw Thread)	
DHS4E4D881KH2B	880			30				
DHS4E4D142KL2B	1400			38				
DHS4E4D252KR2B	2500			52				
DHS4E4D402KT2B	4000			60				
DHS4E4D281MCXB	280	±20		20	24	20		No.8-32, NC-2B (Inch Screw Thread)
DHS4E4D881MHXB	880			30				
DHS4E4D142MLXB	1400			38				
DHS4E4D252MRXB	2500			52				
DHS4E4D402MTXB	4000			60				
DHS4E4F191KC2B	190	±10	30	20	28	24	ISO M4, P0.7 (Metric Screw Thread)	
DHS4E4F591KH2B	590			30				
DHS4E4F941KL2B	940			38				
DHS4E4F172KR2B	1700			52				
DHS4E4F272KT2B	2700			60				
DHS4E4F191MCXB	190	±20		20	28	24		No.8-32, NC-2B (Inch Screw Thread)
DHS4E4F591MHXB	590			30				
DHS4E4F941MLXB	940			38				
DHS4E4F172MRXB	1700			52				
DHS4E4F272MTXB	2700			60				
DHS4E4G141KC2B	140	±10	40	20	36	32	ISO M4, P0.7 (Metric Screw Thread)	
DHS4E4G441KH2B	440			30				
DHS4E4G701KL2B	700			38				
DHS4E4G132KR2B	1300			52				
DHS4E4G202KT2B	2000			60				
DHS4E4G141MCXB	140	±20		20	36	32		No.8-32, NC-2B (Inch Screw Thread)
DHS4E4G441MHXB	440			30				
DHS4E4G701MLXB	700			38				
DHS4E4G132MRXB	1300			52				
DHS4E4G202MTXB	2000			60				

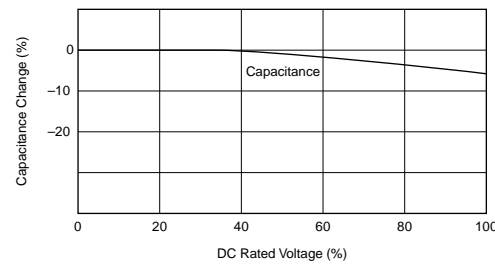
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Typical Characteristics Data / Specifications and Test Methods

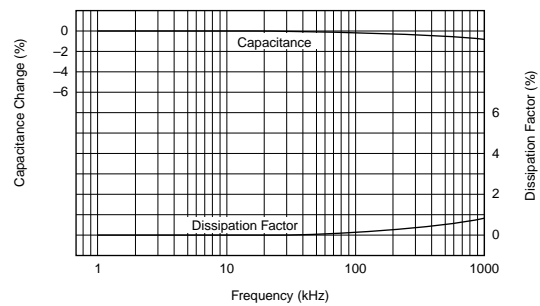
Temperature Characteristic



Typical Voltage Coefficient



Frequency Characteristic



No	Item	Specifications	Testing Method												
1	Operating Temperature Range	-20 to +85°C	—												
2	Capacitance	Within the specified tolerance.	The capacitance should be measured at 20°C with 1±0.1kHz and AC 1 to 5V(r.m.s.).												
3	Temperature Characteristics	Temperature coefficient -4700±1000ppm/°C (Temp. range: +20 to +85°C)	The capacitance measurement should be made at each step specified in table. Capacitance change from the value of step 3 should not exceed the limit specified. <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Step</th> <th>1</th> <th>2</th> <th>3</th> <th>4</th> <th>5</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Temp. (°C)</td> <td>—</td> <td>—</td> <td>20±2</td> <td>85±2</td> <td>20±2</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Step	1	2	3	4	5	Temp. (°C)	—	—	20±2	85±2	20±2
Step	1	2	3	4	5										
Temp. (°C)	—	—	20±2	85±2	20±2										
4	Dissipation Factor (D.F.)	0.3% max.	The dissipation factor should be measured at 20°C with 1±0.1kHz and AC 1 to 5V(r.m.s.).												
5	Dielectric Strength	Between Terminal	No failure. The capacitor should not be damaged when DC voltage of 150% of the rated voltage is applied between the terminals for 60±5 sec. in insulating liquid or gas. (Charge/Discharge current ≤ 50mA)												
6	Insulation Resistance (I.R.)	10000MΩ min.	The insulation resistance should be measured with DC1000V within 60±5 sec. of charging.												
7	Strength of Terminal	Torque Strength	Capacitor should not be broken. When mounting the capacitor on equipment, be sure to mount them within the torque strength values shown in the table below. <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Terminal Type</th> <th>torque (N·m)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>ISO M4, No.8-32</td> <td>1.5</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Terminal Type	torque (N·m)	ISO M4, No.8-32	1.5								
Terminal Type	torque (N·m)														
ISO M4, No.8-32	1.5														
8	Life	Appearance Capacitance Change D.F. I.R.	Apply a DC voltage of 125% of the rated voltage for 100+24/-0 hrs. in silicon oil at 85±2°C. Post-treatment: Capacitor should be stored for 24 hrs. at *room condition. (Charge/Discharge current ≤ 50mA)												
9	Humidity (Under Steady State)	Appearance Capacitance Change D.F. I.R.	Set the capacitor for 100+24/-0 hrs. at 40±2°C in 90 to 95% relative humidity. Post-treatment: Capacitor should be stored for 24 hrs. at *room condition.												

* *room condition* Temperature: 15 to 35°C, Relative humidity: 45 to 75%, Atmospheric pressure: 86 to 106kPa

High Voltage Ceramic Capacitors DC10-40kV



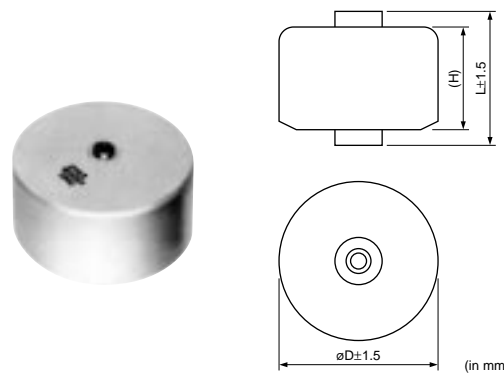
Mold Type DHS Z5V Series (DC20-40kV)

■ Features

1. Epoxy resin encapsulated
2. Small size
3. Highly reliable internal construction
4. Wide selection of values
5. Up to DC 40kV working voltage

■ Applications

- Electrostatic coating machines
- Electron microscopes, synchroscopes
- CRT power supplies
- Lightning arrester voltage distribution systems
- DC HV power supplies

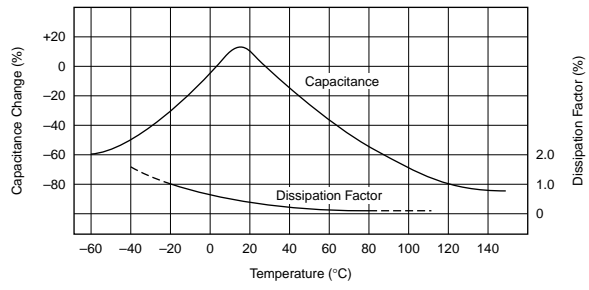


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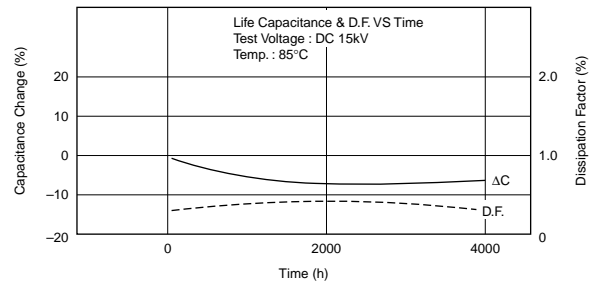
Part Number	Capacitance (pF)	Capacitance Tolerance (%)	DC Rated Voltage (kV)	Dimensions (mm)			Terminal Type (Screw Thread Type)				
				D	L	H					
DHSF44D601ZD2B	600	+80, -20	20	24	26	24	ISO M4, P0.7 (Metric Screw Thread)				
DHSF44D102ZH2B	1000			30							
DHSF44D242ZN2B	2400			43							
DHSF44D332ZR2B	3300			52							
DHSF44D482ZT2B	4800			60							
DHSF44D601ZDXB	600			24							
DHSF44D102ZHXB	1000			30							
DHSF44D242ZNXB	2400			43							
DHSF44D332ZRXB	3300			52							
DHSF44D482ZTXB	4800			60							
DHSF44F461ZD2B	460			30				34	32	ISO M4, P0.7 (Metric Screw Thread)	
DHSF44F781ZH2B	780										24
DHSF44F182ZN2B	1800		30								
DHSF44F252ZR2B	2500		43								
DHSF44F362ZT2B	3600		52								
DHSF44F461ZDXB	460		24								
DHSF44F781ZHXB	780		30								
DHSF44F182ZNXB	1800		43								
DHSF44F252ZRXB	2500		52								
DHSF44F362ZTXB	3600		60								
DHSF44G341ZD2B	340		40		41	39	ISO M4, P0.7 (Metric Screw Thread)				
DHSF44G571ZH2B	570										24
DHSF44G132ZN2B	1300			30							
DHSF44G192ZR2B	1900			43							
DHSF44G272ZT2B	2700	52									
DHSF44G341ZDXB	340	24									
DHSF44G571ZHXB	570	30									
DHSF44G132ZNXB	1300	43									
DHSF44G192ZRXB	1900	52									
DHSF44G272ZTXB	2700	60									
											No.8-32, NC-2B (Inch Screw Thread)

Typical Characteristics Data

■ Dissipation Factor and Capacitance-Temperature

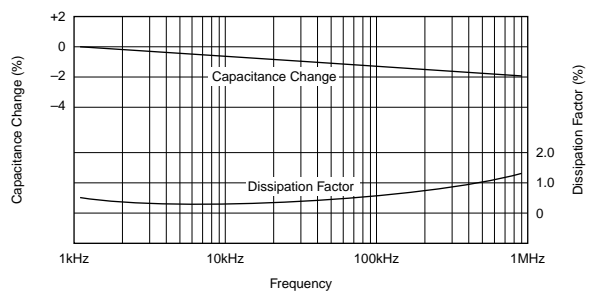


■ Life

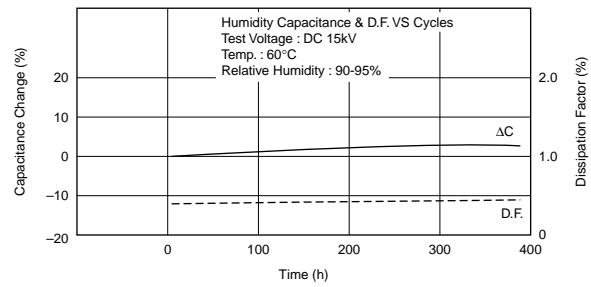


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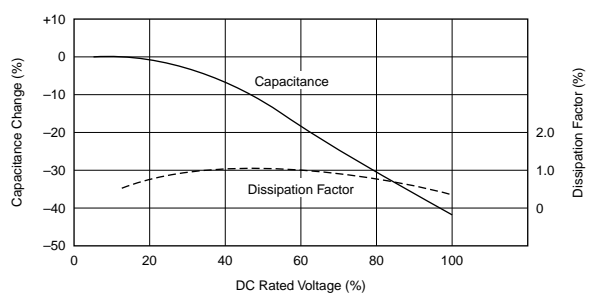
■ Dissipation Factor and Capacitance-Frequency



■ Humidity



■ Typical Voltage Coefficient



Specifications and Test Methods

No	Item	Specifications	Testing Method												
1	Operating Temperature Range	-20 to +85°C													
2	Capacitance	Within the specified tolerance.	The capacitance should be measured at 25°C with 1±0.1kHz and AC 1 to 5V (r.m.s.).												
3	Temperature Characteristics	Capacitance change +22%/-82% (Temp. range: +10 to +85°C)	The capacitance measurement should be made at each step specified in table. Capacitance change from the value of step 3 should not exceed the limit specified. <table border="1" style="margin-left: auto; margin-right: auto; border-collapse: collapse;"> <thead> <tr> <th style="text-align: center;">Step</th> <th style="text-align: center;">1</th> <th style="text-align: center;">2</th> <th style="text-align: center;">3</th> <th style="text-align: center;">4</th> <th style="text-align: center;">5</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">Temp. (°C)</td> <td style="text-align: center;">25±2</td> <td style="text-align: center;">-20±3</td> <td style="text-align: center;">25±2</td> <td style="text-align: center;">85±2</td> <td style="text-align: center;">25±2</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Step	1	2	3	4	5	Temp. (°C)	25±2	-20±3	25±2	85±2	25±2
Step	1	2	3	4	5										
Temp. (°C)	25±2	-20±3	25±2	85±2	25±2										
4	Dissipation Factor (D.F.)	1.5% max.	The dissipation factor should be measured at 25°C with 1±0.1kHz and AC 1 to 5V (r.m.s.).												
5	Dielectric Strength	Between Terminal	No failure. (Charge/Discharge current ≤ 50mA)												
6	Insulation Resistance (I.R.)	10000MΩ min.	The insulation resistance should be measured with DC1000V within 60±5 sec. of charging.												
7	Strength of Terminal	Torque Strength	When mounting the capacitors on equipment, be sure to mount them within the torque strength values shown in the table below. <table border="1" style="margin-left: auto; margin-right: auto; border-collapse: collapse;"> <thead> <tr> <th style="text-align: center;">Terminal Type</th> <th style="text-align: center;">torque (N-m)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">ISO M4, No.8-32</td> <td style="text-align: center;">1.5</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Terminal Type	torque (N-m)	ISO M4, No.8-32	1.5								
Terminal Type	torque (N-m)														
ISO M4, No.8-32	1.5														
8	Life	Appearance	Apply a DC voltage of 125% of the rated voltage for 100+24/-0 hrs. in silicon oil at 85±2°C. Post-treatment: Capacitor should be stored for 24 hrs. at *room condition. (Charge/Discharge current ≤ 50mA)												
		Capacitance Change													
		D.F.													
		I.R.													
9	Humidity (Under Steady State)	Appearance	Set the capacitor for 100+24/-0 hrs. at 40±2°C in 90 to 95% relative humidity. Post-treatment: Capacitor should be stored for 24 hrs. at *room condition.												
		Capacitance Change													
		D.F.													
		I.R.													

3

* *room condition* Temperature: 15 to 35°C, Relative humidity: 45 to 75%, Atmospheric pressure: 86 to 106kPa

DHS Series ⚠Caution and Notice

■ ⚠Caution

1. Operating voltage

When DC-rated capacitors are to be used in AC or ripple current circuits, be sure to maintain the V_{p-p} value of the applied voltage or the V_{o-p} which contains DC bias within the rated voltage range. When the voltage is applied to the circuit, starting or stopping may generate irregular voltage for a transit period because of resonance or switching. Be sure to use a capacitor with a rated voltage range that includes these irregular voltages.

Voltage	DC Voltage	DC+AC Voltage	AC Voltage	Pulse Voltage (1)	Pulse Voltage (2)
Positional Measurement					

2. Operating temperature and self-generated heat

Keep the surface temperature of a capacitor below the upper limit of its rated operating temperature range. Be sure to take into account the heat generated by the capacitor itself.

When the capacitor is used in a high-frequency current, pulse current or similar current, it may self-generate heat due to dielectric loss. The applied voltage load should be such that the capacitor's self-generated heat is within 10°C at an atmosphere temperature of 25°C .

When measuring, use a thermocouple of small thermal capacity-K of $\varnothing 0.1\text{mm}$ in conditions where the capacitor is not affected by radiant heat from other components or surrounding ambient fluctuations.

Excessive heat may lead to deterioration of the capacitor's characteristics and reliability. (Never attempt to perform measurement with the cooling fan running. Otherwise, accurate measurement cannot be ensured.)

3. Installation

Installation torque should not exceed the torque strength values in "Specifications and Test Methods".

Do not use a screw with a thread depth greater than specified.

Avoid installation in which any bending torque is applied to the capacitor terminal.

Do not rework or resolder the terminal.

4. Operating and storage environment

The insulating coating of capacitors does not form a perfect seal; therefore, do not use or store capacitors in a corrosive atmosphere, especially where chloride gas, sulfide gas, acid, alkali, salt or the like are present. And avoid exposure to moisture.

Before cleaning, bonding, or molding this product, verify that these processes do not affect product quality by testing the performance of a cleaned, bonded or molded product in the intended equipment.

Store the capacitors where the temperature and relative humidity do not exceed -10 to 40°C and 15 to 85%. Use capacitors within 6 months.

5. Vibration and impact

Do not expose a capacitor to excessive shock or vibration during use.

Failure to follow the above cautions may result, worst case, in a short circuit and cause fuming or partial dispersion when the product is used.

DHS Series ⚠Caution and Notice

■ Notice

Capacitance change of capacitor

- Class 1 capacitors

Capacitance might change a little depending on the surrounding temperature or an applied voltage.

Please contact us if you intend to use this product in a strict time constant circuit.

- Class 2 and 3 capacitors

Class 2 and 3 capacitors with temperature characteristics B, E and F have an aging characteristic, whereby the capacitor continually decreases its capacitance slightly if the capacitor is left on for a long time. Moreover, capacitance might change greatly depending on the surrounding temperature or an applied voltage. So, it is not likely to be suitable for use in a time constant circuit. Please contact us if you need detailed information.

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Manufacturing plants which produce the products in this catalog have obtained the ISO9000 quality system certificate.

Plant	Certified Date	Organization	Registration No.	Applied standard
Izumo Murata Manufacturing Co., Ltd.	Feb. 1. '00	Underwriters Laboratories Inc.	A5587	ISO9001
Murata Electronics (Thailand), Ltd.	Apr. 8. '02	Underwriters Laboratories Inc.	A6279	ISO9001

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For products which are controlled items subject to the "Foreign Exchange and Foreign Trade Law" of Japan, the export license specified by the law is required for export.
2. Please contact our sales representatives or product engineers before using the products in this catalog for the applications listed below, which require especially high reliability for the prevention of defects which might directly damage to a third party's life, body or property, or when one of our products is intended for use in applications other than those specified in this catalog.
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 - ② Aerospace equipment
 - ③ Undersea equipment
 - ④ Power plant equipment
 - ⑤ Medical equipment
 - ⑥ Transportation equipment (vehicles, trains, ships, etc.)
 - ⑦ Traffic signal equipment
 - ⑧ Disaster prevention / crime prevention equipment
 - ⑨ Data-processing equipment
 - ⑩ Application of similar complexity and/or reliability requirements to the applications listed in the above
3. Product specifications in this catalog are as of April 2003. They are subject to change or our products in it may be discontinued without advance notice. Please check with our sales representatives or product engineers before ordering. If there are any questions, please contact our sales representatives or product engineers.
4. Please read rating and ⚠CAUTION (for storage, operating, rating, soldering, mounting and handling) in this catalog to prevent smoking and/or burning, etc.
5. This catalog has only typical specifications because there is no space for detailed specifications. Therefore, please approve our product specifications or transact the approval sheet for product specifications before ordering.
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7. No ozone depleting substances (ODS) under the Montreal Protocol are used in our manufacturing process.

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[615R100GAD10](#) [615R150GAD10](#) [NCD100K1KVSLF](#) [NCD682M1KVZ5UF](#) [CCK-100N](#) [CCK-100P](#) [CCK-22N](#) [CCK-2N2](#) [CCK-47N](#) [CCK-](#)
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