LTC1775 High Power

No R_{SENSE} Stepdown Controller

DESCRIPTION

Demonstration Circuit (1775) is a constant frequency stepdown (buck) regulator for high power applications using the LTC1775 No $\rm R_{\scriptscriptstyle SENSE}$ controller. The regulator delivers up to 10A at fixed output voltages of 3.3V and 5V. The output voltage can also be adjusted with an external feedback divider from 1.19V up to 12V. Input voltages can range from 4.5V up to

The LTC1775 controller uses a current mode, constant frequency architecture to switch a pair of Nchannel power MOSFETs. Current mode control is provided without using a sense resistor by monitoring the voltage drop across the MOSFET switches in order to determine the inductor current. By eliminating the power loss in the sense resistor,

efficiencies in excess of 95% are readily achieved without sacrificing the advantages of current mode control such as inherent current limiting, excellent rejection of line transients, and simple compensation.

At low output currents, the LTC1775 automatically changes to Burst Mode[™] operation to reduce switching losses and maintain high operating efficiency. Additionally, the supply current can be shut down to less than 20uA to maximize battery life in portable applications. This board is intended for applications such as notebook computers, automotive electronics, and distributed power systems. Gerber files for this circuit board are available. Call the LTC factory.

PERFORM	ANCE SUMMARY Operating Temperature Range OC to 50C				
SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	VALUE			
V _{IN}	Input Voltage Range (Maximum input voltage limited by external MOSFET and input capacitor)				
I _{OUT(MAX)}	Maximum Output Current				
V _{OUT}	Output Voltage (Jumper selectable)				
	Output Voltage (Adjustable, limited by output capacitor)	1.19V to 12V			
$\Delta V_{ ext{OUT(RIPPLE)}}$	Output Voltage Ripple at $V_{\rm IN} = 10 {\rm V}$, $V_{\rm OUT} = 5 {\rm V}$, $I_{\rm OUT} = 5 {\rm A}$				
	Output Voltage Ripple at V_{IN} =10V, V_{OUT} =5V, I_{OUT} =0.5A (Burst Mode)	100mV			
$\Delta V_{ ext{OUT (LOADREG)}}$	Load Regulation, I _{OUT} =0A to 10A, Continuous Mode				
$\Delta V_{\text{OUT(LINEREG)}}$	Line Regulation, V_{IN} =4.5V to 20V, Continuous Mode				
I _Q	Supply Current at V_{IN} =10V, I_{OUT} =0A, FCB=INTV _{CC} (Burst Mode), EXTV _{CC} =5V	300uA			
	Supply Current in Shutdown at $V_{\rm IN}$ =10V	15uA			
I	${ m EXTV}_{ m CC}$ Pin Current at ${ m V}_{ m IN}$ =10V, ${ m I}_{ m OUT}$ =0A, FCB=INTV $_{ m CC}$ (Burst Mode), EXTV $_{ m CC}$ =5V	550uA			
V _{RUN/SS}	RUN/SS Pin Threshold	1.4V			
f	Switching Frequency, SYNC=0V	150kHz			

TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS AND BOARD PHOTO

PRE-RELEASE DEMO MANUAL DC(1775)

PACKAGE AND SCHEMATIC DIAGRAMS

TOP VIEW

(Package Drawing)

S PACKAGE 16-LEAD PLASTIC SO

(Schematic Drawing)

PRE-RELEASE DEMO MANUAL DC(1775)

PARTS LIST

This parts list is out of date, use latest list from J. Larson.

REFERENCE	QUANTITY	PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	VENDOR	TELEPHONE
DESIGNATOR	1		Optional		
C ₁			-		
C_{B}	1	?	0.47uF 16V Y5V Chip Capacitor	AVX	
C _{C1}	1	08055C222	2.2nF 50V 10% NPO Chip Capacitor	AVX	
C _{C2}	1	08055A221	220pF 50V 10% NPO Chip Capacitor	AVX	
C_{F}	1	0805YC104MAT	0.1uF 50V X7R Chip Capacitor	AVX	
C _{IN1} -C _{IN3}	3	THCR70E1H226 ZT	22uF 50V Y5U Chip Capacitor	United Chemi-con	
C _{OUT1} , C _{OUT2}	2	16SP270M	270uF 16V 20% OS-CON Capacitor	Sanyo	
C _{OUT3}	1	GRM235Y5V106 Z	10uF 16V 10% Chip Capacitor	Murata	
C _{SS}	1	0805YC104MAT	0.1uF 16V X7R Chip Capacitor	AVX	
C _{VCC}	1	TAJA475H020R	4.7uF 16V 20% Tantalum Capacitor	AVX	
D1	1	MBRS140T3	1A 40V Schottky diode	Motorola	
D _B	1	CMDSH-3	100mA 30V Schottky diode	Central	
D _z	1	CMPZ5253B	6.8V 20mA zener diode	Central	
E1-E9	9	2501-2	Turret Terminal	Mill-Max	
JP1-JP4	4	?	2 Pin Header	Comm Con	
JP5-JP6	2	?	3 Pin Header	Comm Con	
JP7	1	?	4 Pin Header	Comm Con	
JP1-JP7	7	CC1J2MM-138- G	Jumper	Comm Con	
L1	1	ETQPAF4RH	4.8uH 10A Inductor	Panasonic	
M1, M2	2	SUD50N03-10	N-channel MOSFET	Siliconix	
Q_1, Q_3, Q_5	3	FMMT619	NPN Transistor	Zetex	
Q_2 , Q_4	2	FMMT720	PNP Transistor	Zetex	
Q ₅	3	FCX619	NPN Transistor	Zetex	
R_1	1	CR10-113JM	$11 \mathrm{k}\Omega$ 1/10W 1% Chip Resistor	Tad	
R_2	1	3266 Y-1-104	100k $Ω$ Potentiometer	Bourns	
R ₃	1	CR10-100JM	10Ω 1/10W 1% Chip Resistor	Tad	
R _{C1}	1	CR10-103JM	$10 \mathrm{k}\Omega$ 1/10W 5% Chip Resistor	Tad	
R _F	1	CR10-1R0JM	1Ω 1/10W 5% Chip Resistor	Tad	
R _z	1	CR10-152JM	$1.5 \mathrm{k}\Omega$ 1/10W 5% Chip Resistor	Tad	
U1	1	LTC1775CS		LTC	

QUICK START GUIDE

Please follow the procedure below to quickly and easily configure the demonstration circuit for evaluation.

- 1. Refer to Figure 4 for the correct arrangement of measurement equipment.
- 2. Select the desired output voltage with the V_{PROG} pin jumper JP7. The upper position (5V) sets the output to 5V and the middle position (3.3V) sets the output to 3.3V. Placing the jumper JP7 in the lower (12V) position and removing the jumper JP3 (ADJ BYPASS) makes the output adjustable from 1.2V to 12V with the potentiometer R2.
- 3. Set the SYNC pin jumper JP6 to the lower position (150K) for $150 \, \mathrm{KHz}$ operation.
- 4. Set the FCB pin jumper JP5 to the upper position (BURST) to enable Burst Mode operation.
- 5. Remove the ${\rm EXTV}_{\rm cc}$ supply jumper (JP4) so that the LTC1775 supplies its own gate drive.
- 6. Check that the gate drive jumpers JP1 and JP2 are in place. This disables the optional gate drive buffers.
- 7. Connect the input power supply across the IN terminal (E6) and the input GND terminal (E7) located at the bottom of the board. Be careful not to apply input voltages above 28V or else the MOSFETs may be damaged.
- 8. Connect the load between the OUT terminal (E9) and the output GND terminal (E8) located on the right side of the board.

OPERATION

(Insert text A) An optional 6V EXTV_{cc} supply derived from the input voltage is provided on the board. This can be connected using jumper JP4.

(Insert text B) External Driver Buffers

The LTC1775 drivers are adequate for driving up to about 30nC into the MOSFET switches. When using large single, or multiple, MOSFET switches, external buffers may be needed to provide additional gate drive capability. The demonstration circuit includes optional external bipolar driver buffers. These are bypassed when jumpers JP1 and JP2 are in place. By removing these jumpers, the external buffers become active. This makes it easy to compare the converter behavior and efficiency with and without external buffers. Note that the bipolar drivers reduce the signal swing at the MOSFET gates. Thus, it is recommended that the 6V EXTV $_{\!\scriptscriptstyle \rm CC}$ circuit be used (set jumper JP4) when the driver buffers are active.

X-ON Electronics

Largest Supplier of Electrical and Electronic Components

Click to view similar products for linear technology manufacturer:

Other Similar products are found below:

LTC1503CS8-1.8 LTC1622CMS8 LTC1740CG LT1073CN8-5#PBF LT1342CG LT1376HVIS LT1491A LT1576CS8 LTC1338CG
LTC1592BCG LTC1595BCN8 LTC1698ES LTC2442CGPBF LT1021DCN8-5#PBF LT1079CN#PBF LT1674CN LT3023EDD
LT1076HVCT7#PBF LT1101CN8#PBF LT1168CS8#PBF LT1171CQ#PBF LT1210CT7#PBF LT1308BCS8#PBF LT1913EDD#PBF
LT1172CT#PBF LT3473EDD#PBF LT1376IS8-5#PBF LT1720CS8#PBF LT1785AIS8#PBF LT1944EMS#PBF LT3435EFE#PBF
DC993A DC987B-E DC985A-A/B DC956A DC951A DC936A DC918C-E DC917A DC906A DC903A-B DC895A-C DC817A DC809A
DC790A DC773A DC770C DC768A DC761A-A DC745A