

Kaohsiung Opto-Electronics Inc.

FOR MESSRS :	DATE : Jan. 20 <sup>th</sup> ,2014
	2711

# CUSTOMER'S ACCEPTANCE SPECIFICATIONS

# SP14N02L6ALCZ

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ACCEPTED BY:	PROPOSED BY: Lenther
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# RECORD OF REVISION

DATE	SHEET No.	SUMMARY	

# 3. GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS

(1) Part Name SP14N02L6ALCZ

(2) Module Size 159.4(W)mm x 101.0(H)mm x 12.0 (D)mm max.

(3) Dot Size 0.47(W)mm x 0.47(H)mm

(4) Dot Pitch 0.50(W)mm x 0.50(H)mm

(5) Number Of Dots 240(W) x 128(H)dots

(6) Duty 1/128

(7) LCD Type Film type black / white (Negative type)

The upper polarizer is anti-glare type.

(Hardness.3H)

The bottom polarizer is transmissive type.

(8) Viewing Direction 6 O'clock

(9) Backlight Light-Emitting Diode

(10) LED Lifetime 50k hrs.

## 4. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

4.1 Electrical Absolute Maximum Ratings.

VSS = 0V : Standard

ITEM	SYMBOL	MIN.	MAX.	UNIT	COMMENT
Power Supply For Logic	VDD-VSS	0	6.5	V	
Power Supply For LC Drive	VDD-VEE	0	20.5	V	
Input Voltage	Vi	-0.3	VDD+0.3	V	
Input Current	li	0	1	Α	
Static Electricity	-	-	ı	-	Note 1

Note 1: Make certains you are grounded when handling LCM.

4.2 Environmental Absolute Maximum Ratings

ITEM	OPERATING		STO	RAGE	COMMENT	
ITEM	MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	COMMENT	
Ambient Temperature	<b>0</b> °C	<b>50</b> ℃	<b>-20</b> ℃	<b>60</b> °C	Note 2,3	
Humidity	Not	te 1	No	te 1	Without Condensation	
Vibration	-	4.9m/s <sup>2</sup> (0. 5G)	-	19.6m/s <sup>2</sup> (2G) Note 5	Note 4	
Shock	-	29.4m/s <sup>2</sup> (3 G)	-	490.0m/s <sup>2</sup> (50 G)	XYZ Directions	
Corrosive Gas	Not Acc	eptable	Not Acceptable			

Note 1: Ta ≤ 40°C: 85%RH max.

 $Ta>40^{\circ}C$ : Absolute humidity must be lower than the humidity of 85%RH at  $40^{\circ}C$ 

Note 2: Ta at  $-20^{\circ}$ C -----< 48h, at  $60^{\circ}$ C -----< 168h.

Note 3: The maximum rating is defined as above based on the chamber temperature, which might be different from ambient temperature after assembling the panel into the application.

Moreover some temperature-related phenomenon as below needed to be noticed:

- Operating under high temperature will shorten LED lifetime.

Note 4: 5Hz~100Hz (Except Resonance Frequency)

Note 5: This module should be operated normally after finishing the test.

# 5. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

# 5.1 ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

ITEM	SYMBOL	CONDITION	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
Power Supply Voltage For Logic	VDD-VSS	-	4.75	5.0	5.25	V
LC driver Circuit Power Supply Voltage	VEE-VSS	-	-15.5	-15.0	-14.5	V
Input Voltage	VI	H LEVEL	0.8VDD	-	VDD	V
input voltage	VI	L LEVEL	0	-	0.2VDD	V
Power Supply Current For Logic Note 1	IDD	VDD-VSS=5.0V	-	11.7	14.0	mA
Power Supply Current For LCD Note 1	IEE	VDD-VSS=5.0V	-	2.5	4.0	mA
Decemmended		Ta= $0^{\circ}$ C , $\phi = 0^{\circ}$	-	16.9	-	V
Recommended	VDD-V0	Ta=25°C , <i>φ</i> =0°	-	15.8	-	V
LC Driving Voltage Note 2		Ta=50°C , <i>φ</i> =0°	-	15.2	-	V

Note 1: VDD-V0=15.8V , Ta=25°C

Note 2: Recommended LC driving voltage may fluctuate about  $\pm 1.0V$  by each module. Test pattern is all "Q".

#### 5.2 ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS OF BACKLIGHT

ITEM	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	NOTE	
LED Input Voltage	VLED	-	5	5.7	V	Note 4	
LED Forward Current	ILED	-	144	-	mA	Note 1	
LED Lifetime	-	-	50K	-	V	Note 2	

Note 1: Fig. 5.1 shows the LED backlight circuit. VLED and ILED is many to one relationship, the above VLED range is defined to obtain 144 mA.

Note 2: The estimated lifetime is specified as the time to reduce 50% brightness by applying 144 mA at  $25^{\circ}$ C.

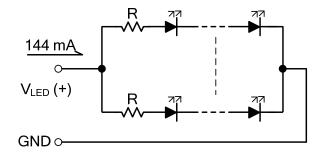


Fig 5.1

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# 6. OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS

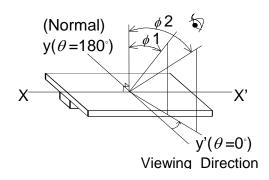
## **6.1 OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

Ta=25°C (Backlight on)

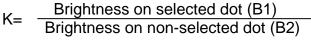
						0 (	9 /
ITEM	SYMBOL	CONDITIONAL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	NOTE
Viewing Area	φ2-φ1	K≧2.0	30	40	-	deg	1,2
Contrast Ratio	K	$\phi$ =0°, $\theta$ =0°	ı	20	-	ı	3
Response Time (Rise)	tr	$\phi$ =0°, $\theta$ =0°	-	160	-	ms	4
Response Time (Fall)	tf	$\phi$ =0°, $\theta$ =0°	-	110	-	ms	4

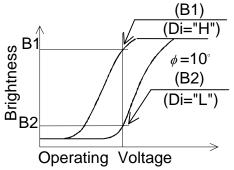
(Measure condition by KOE)

Note 1: Definition of  $\theta$  and  $\phi$ 

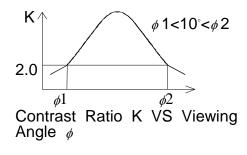


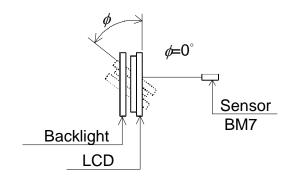
Note 3: Definition of contrast "K"



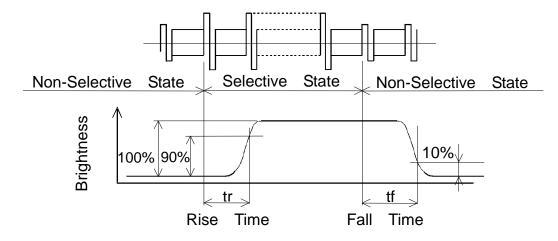


Note 2: Definition of viewing angle  $\phi$  1 and  $\phi$  2.





Note 4: Definition of optical response



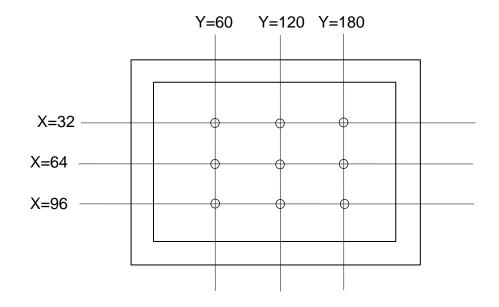
#### 6.2 OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS OF BACKLIGHT

ITEM	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	REMARKS
Brightness	120	150	-	cd/m <sup>2</sup>	Note1,2
Brightness Uniformity	-	-	±30	%	Note1,3

Note 1: Measurement after 10 minutes of LED operating.

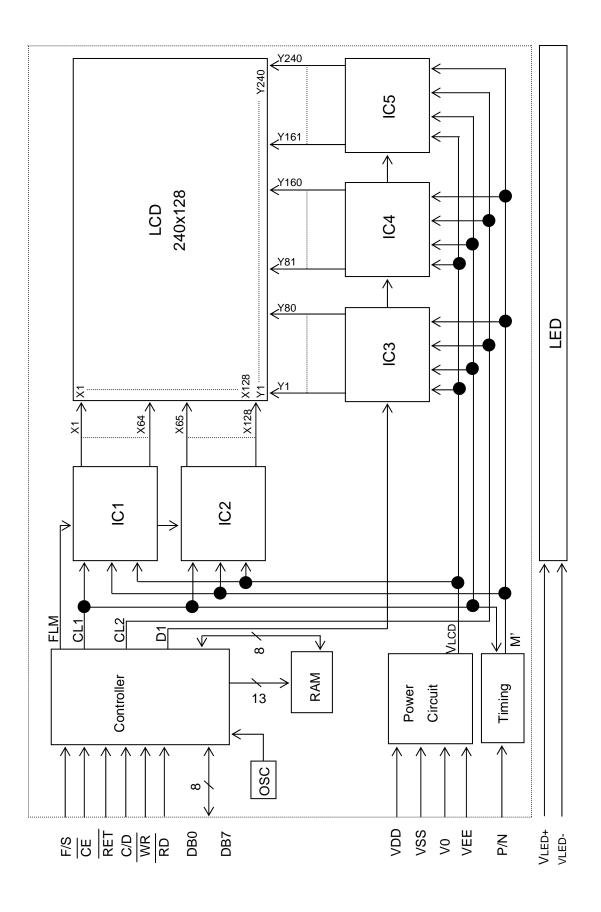
Note 2: Brightness control: 100%. The LED current is 144 mA when applying 5V (VLED).

Note 3: Measure of the following 9 places on the display.



Definition of the brightness tolerance.

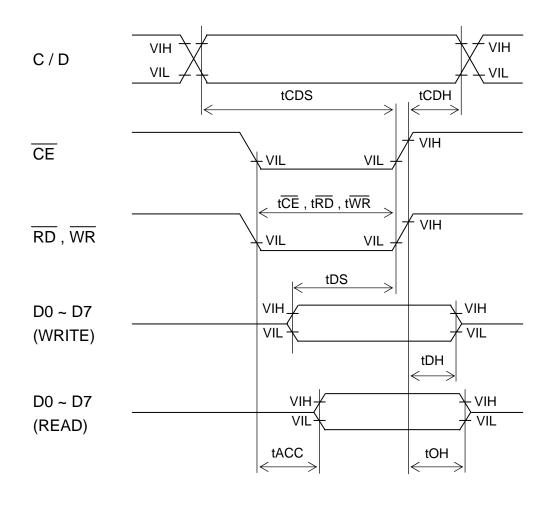
# 7. BLOCK DIAGRAM



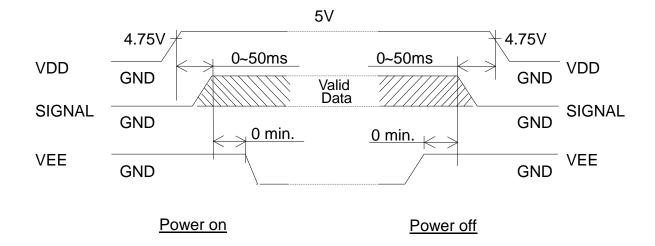
# 8. INTERFACE TIMING

# 8.1 INTERFACE TIMING

ITEM	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
C / D Setup Time	tCDS 100		1	ns	
C / D Hold Time	tCDH	10	-	ı	ns
CE, RD, WR Pulse Width	tCE, tRD, tWR	80	-	1	ns
Data Setup Time	tDS	80	-	1	ns
Data Hold Time	tDH	40	-	ı	ns
Access Time	tACC	1	-	150	ns
Output Hold Time	tOH	10	-	50	ns

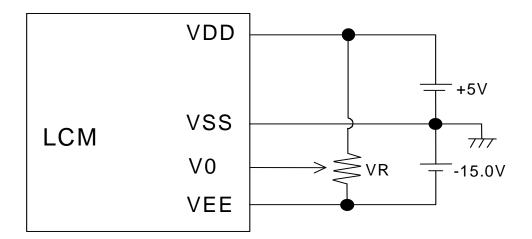


#### 8.2 TIMING OF POWER SUPPLY AND INTERFACE SIGNAL



The missing pixels may occur when the LCM is driven beyond above power interface timing sequence.

# 8.3 POWER SUPPLY FOR LCM (EXAMPLE)



Recommend:

VR:10~20kΩ

VDD-V0: LCD driving voltage

# 9.2 DISPLAY PATTERN 119.97 (240 Dots) 0.5 63.97 (128 Dots) 0.47 0.5 Scale: NTS Unit: mm

Measurement Tolerance :  $\pm 0.1$ 

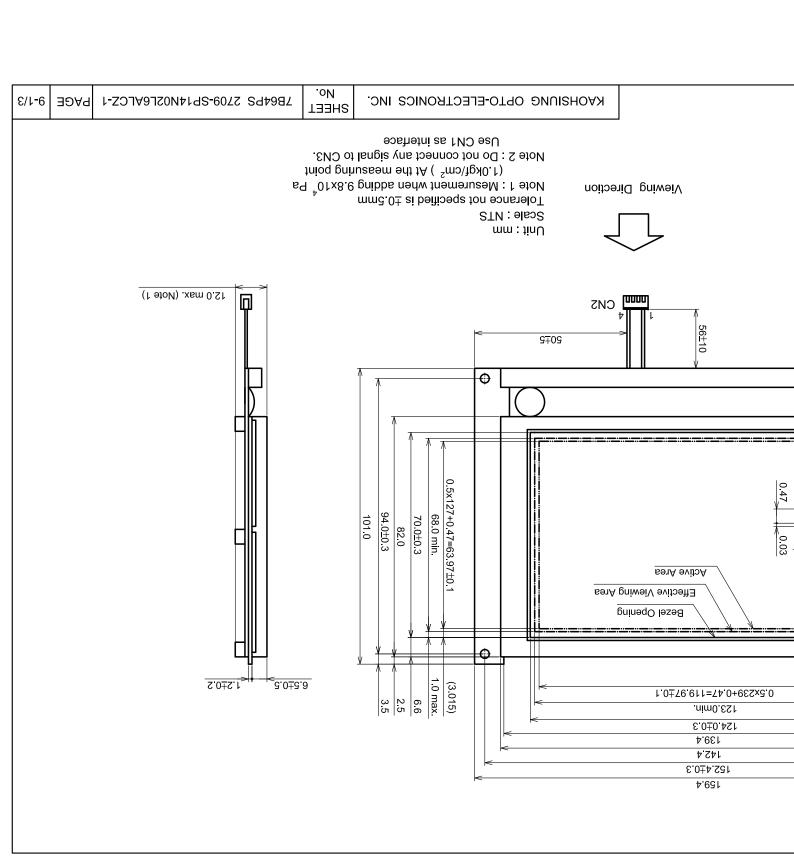
## 9.3 INTERNAL PIN CONNECTION

# CN1

PIN No.	SYMBOL	FUNCTION	
A1	VSS(0V)	Ground	
A2	VDD(+5V)	Power supply for logic circuit	
A3	V0	Power supply for LCD drive	
A4	C/D	WR="L": C/D="H" Command write  C/D="L" Data write  RD="L": C/D="H" Status read  C/D="L" Data read	
A5	WR	Data write (Data write at "L")	
A6	RD	Data read (Read data at "L")	
A7~14	DB0~DB7	Data bus	
A15	CE	Chip enable (CE must be "L")	
A16	RET	Reset	
A17	VEE(-15V)	Power supply for LCD drive	
A18	D.OFF	NC/Display , GND/Display off	
A19	F/S	Character font select : F/S="H" 6*8Font F/S="L" 8*8Font	
A20	P/N	Display mode reverse.	

# LED I/F: JAE IL-G-4S-S3C2-SA

PIN No.	SYMBOL	Function	
1	VSS	GND	
2	NC	No Connect	
3	NC	No Connect	
4	VLED(+5V)	Power Supply for LED	

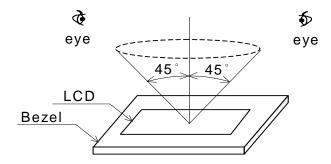


# 10. APPEARANCE STANDARD

## 10.1 APPEARANCE INSPECTION CONDITION

Visual inspection should be done under the following condition.

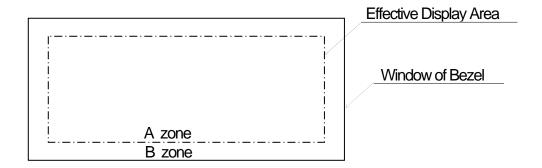
- (1) In the dark room
- (2) With panel lighted with prescribed LED current.
- (3) With eyes 25cm distance from LCM.
- (4) Viewing angle within 45 degrees from the vertical line to the center of LCD.



#### 10.2 DEFINITION OF EACH ZONE

A zone: Within the effective display area specified at page 9-1/3 of this document.

B zone: Area between the window of bezel line and the effective display area line specified at page 9-1/3 of this document.



## 10.3 APPEARANCE SPECIFICATION

- (1) LCD appearance
- \*) If the problem occurs about this item, the responsible person of both party (customer and KOE) will discuss more detail.

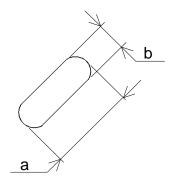
No.	ITEM	CRITERIA				Α	В
	Scratches	Serious one is not allowed			*	-	
	Dent	Serious one is not allowed			*	-	
	Wrinkles In Polarizer	Serious one is not all	owed			*	-
	Bubbles	Average Diameter D(mm)		Maximum Number Acceptable			
		D≦0.2			Ignored		
		0.2 <d≦0.3< td=""><td></td><td colspan="2">12</td><td>О</td><td>-</td></d≦0.3<>		12		О	-
		0.3 <d≦0.5< td=""><td></td><td>3</td><td></td><td></td></d≦0.5<>			3		
		0.5 <d< td=""><td></td><td>None</td><td></td><td></td></d<>			None		
	Stains,		Filam	entous	<u> </u>		
	Foreign	LENGTH L(mm) Width W(mm		W(mm)	Maximum Number		
	Materials	LENGTH L(IIIII)	Width W(mm)	Acceptable	O	*	
L	Dark spot	L≦2.0	W≦0.03			Ignored	
C		L≦3.0	0.03 <w≦0.05< td=""><td>6</td><td></td></w≦0.05<>			6	
D		-	0.05 < V	V	None		
		Round					
		Average	Maximu	m Number	Minimum		
		Diameter D(mm)	Acce	eptable	Space		
		D<0.2	Igr	nored	-	О	*
		0.2≦D<0.3		6	10 mm		
		0.3≦D<0.4		4	30 mm		
		0.4≦D	N	lone	-		
		The whole number Filamentous + Round = 5					
		Those wiped out easily are acceptable				О	О
	Pinhole	Maximu	Maximum number : Ignored				
		0.15<(A+B)/2≦0.3 Maximum number : Ignored				О	-
		C≦0.03 Maximum number : Ignored					

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No.	ITEM	CRITERIA			Α	В		
	Contrast	Average	Maxim	num	Minimum			
	Irregularity	Diameter	Numb	Number		Space		
	(Spot)	D(mm)	Accept	able				
		D≦0.25	Ignor	ed	-		О	-
		0.25 <d≦0.35< td=""><td>10</td><td></td><td></td><td>20mm</td><td></td><td></td></d≦0.35<>	10			20mm		
L		0.35 <d≦0.5< td=""><td>4</td><td colspan="2">4</td><td colspan="2">20mm</td><td></td></d≦0.5<>	4	4		20mm		
		0.5 < D	Non	e	-			
С	Contrast	Width	Length	Maxim	um	Minimum		
	Irregularity	W(mm)	L(mm)	Numb	er	Space		
D	( A Pair of			Accepta	able			
	Scratch)	W≦0.25	L≦1.2	2		20mm		
		W≦0.2	L≦1.5	3		20mm		-
		W≦0.15	L≦2.0	3		20mm		
		W≦0.1	L≦3.0	4		20mm		
		The whole number			6	3		

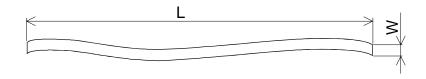
Note

(1) Definition of average diameter D

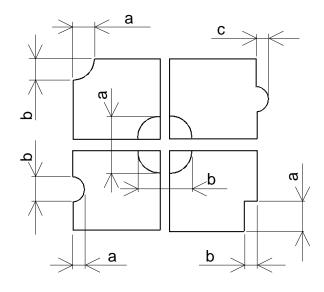


$$D = \frac{a+b}{2}$$

(2) Definition of length L and width W



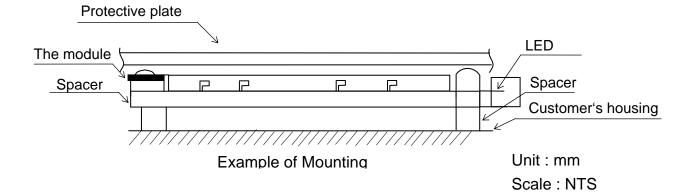
(3) Definition of pinhole

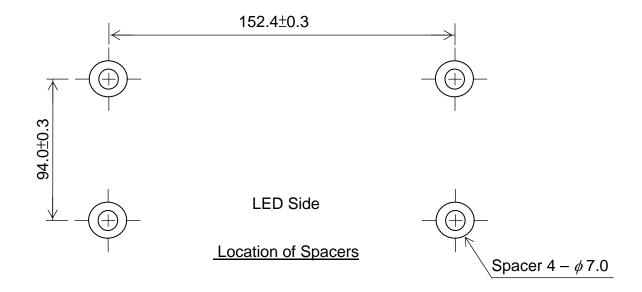


### 11. PRECAUTION IN DESIGN

### 11.1 Mounting Method

Since the module is so constructed as to be fixed by utilizing fitting holes in the module as shown below, it is necessary to take consideration the following items on attachment to a frame.





- (1) Use of protective plate, made of an acrylic plate, etc, in order to protect a polarizer and LC cell.
- (2) To prevent the model cover from being pressed, the spacers between the module and the fitting plates should be longer than 0.5mm.
- (3) We recommend you to use protective spacer as figure for protecting LCD module from any kind of shock to your set.
- 11.2 LC driving voltage (V0) and viewing angle range.

  Setting V0 out of the recommended condition will be a cause for a change of viewing angle range.

#### 11.3 CAUTION AGAINST STATIC CHARGE

As this module is provided with C-MOS LSI, the care to take such a precaution as to grounding the operator's body is required when handling it.

#### 11.4 POWER ON SEQUENCE

Input signals should not be applied to LCD module before power supply voltage is applied and reaches to specified voltage (5±0.25V).

If above sequence is not kept, C-MOS LSIS of LCD modules may be damaged due to latch up problem.

#### 11.5 PACKAGING

- (1) No. leaving products is preferable in the place of high humidity for a long period of time. for their storage in the place where temperature is 35°C or higher, special care to prevent them from high humidity is required. A combination of high temperature and high humidity may cause them polarization degradation as well as bubble generation and polarizer peel-off. Please keep the temperature and humidity within the specified range for use and storing.
- (2) Since upper polarizers and lower aluminum plates tend to be easily damaged, they should be handled with full care so as not to get them touched, pushed or rubbed by a piece of glass, tweezers and anything else which are harder than a pencil lead 3h.
- (3) As the adhesives used for adhering upper/lower polarizers and aluminum plates are made of organic substances which will be deteriorated by a chemical reaction with such chemicals as acetone, toluene ethanol and isopropyl alcohol.

The following solvents are recommended for use: normal hexane

please contact us when it is necessary for you to use chemicals other than the above.

- (4) Lightly wipe to clean the dirty surface with absorbent cotton waste or other soft material like chamois, soaked in the chemicals recommended without scrubbing it hardly.
  - To prevent the display surface from damage and keep the appearance in good state, it is sufficient, in general, to wipe it with absorbent cotton.
- (5) Immediately wipe off saliva or water drop attached on the display area because its long period adherence may cause deformation or faded color on the spot.
- (6) Fogy dew deposited on the surface and contact terminals due to coldness will be a cause for polarizer damage, stain and dirt on product. When necessary to take out the products from some place at low temperature for test, etc.
  - It is required for them to be warmed up in a container once at the temperature higher than that of room.

- (7) Touching the display area and contact terminals with bare hands and contaminating them are prohibited, because the stain on the display area and poor insulation between terminals are often caused by being touched by bare hands. (There are some cosmetics detrimental to polarizers.)
- (8) In general the quality of glass is fragile so that it tends to be cracked or chipped in handling, specially on its periphery please be careful not give it sharp shock caused by dropping down, ect.

#### 11.6 CAUTION FOR OPERATION

- (1) It is an indispensable condition to drive LCD's within the specified voltage limit since the higher voltage than the limit causes the shorter LCD life. An electrochemical reaction due to direct current causes LCD's undesirable deterioration, so that the use of direct current driver should be avoided.
- (2) Response time will be extremely delayed at lower temperature than the operating temperature range and on the other hand at higher temperature LCD's show dark blue color in them. However those phenomena do not mean inpediment or out of order with

LCD's which will come back in the specified operating temperature range.

- (3) If the display area is pushed hard during operation, some font will be abnormally displayed but it resumes normal condition after turning off once.
- (4) A slight dew depositing on terminals is a cause for electrochemical reaction resulting in terminal open circuit. Usage under the relative condition of 40°C 50%RH less is required.

#### 11.7 STORAGE

In case of storing for a long period of time (for instance, for years) for the purpose of replacement use, the following ways are recommended.

- (1) Storage in a polyethylene bag with the opening sealed so as not to enter fresh air outside in it, and with no desiccant.
- (2) The placing in a dark room where neither exposure to direct sunlight nor light is, keeping temperature in the range from  $0^{\circ}$ C to  $35^{\circ}$ C.
- (3) Storing with no touch on polarizer surface by anything else. (It is recommended to stone them as they have been contained in the inner container at the time of delivery from us.)

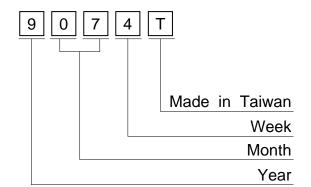
#### 11.8 SAFETY

- (1) It is recommendable to crash damaged or unnecessary LCD's into pieces and wash off liquid crystal by either of solvents such as acetone and ethanol, which should be burned up later.
- (2) When any liquid leaked out of a damaged glass gall comes in contact with your hands, please wash it off well with soap and water.

# 12. DESIGNATION OF LOT MARK

# 12.1 Lot Mark

Lot mark is consisted of 4 digits for production lot.



YEAR	FIGURE IN LOT MARK
2013	3
2014	4
2015	5
2016	6

MONITU	FIGURE IN	MONTH	FIGURE IN	
MONTH	LOT MARK	MONTH	LOT MARK	
Jan.	01	Jul.	07	
Feb.	02	Aug.	08	
Mar.	03	Sep.	09	
Apr.	04	Oct.	10	
May	05	Nov.	11	
Jun.	06	Dec.	12	

WEEK (DAY IN CALENDAR	FIGURE IN LOT MARK
01~07	1
08~14	2
15~21	3
22~29	4
30~31	5

# 12.2 LOCATION OF LOT MARK on the back side of LCM

9074T

# 13. PRECAUTION FOR USE

- (1) A limit sample should be provided by the both parties on an occasion when the both parties agreed its necessity.
  - Judgement by a limit sample shall take effect after the limit sample has been eatablished and confirmed by the both parties.
- (2) On the following occasions, the handling of the problem should be decided through discussion and agreement between responsible persons of the both parties.
  - (1) When a question is arisen in the specifications.
  - (2) When a new problem is arisen which is not specified in this specifications.
  - (3) When an inspection specifications change or operating condition change in customer is reported to KOE, and some problem is arisen in this specification due to the change.
  - (4) When a new problem is arisen at the customer's operating set for sample evaluation in the customer site.
- (3) Regarding the treatment for maintenance and repairing, both parties will disscuss it in six months later after latest delivery of this product.

The precaution that should be observed when handling LCM have been explaind above.

If any points are unclear of if you have any requests, please contact KOE.

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