## XK-1A Hardware Manual

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## 1 Introduction

The XK-1A is a low cost development board intended for exploring and designing multicore microcontroller designs. It comprises a single XS1-L1 device, 128KBytes SPI FLASH memory, four LEDs and two press-button switches. Two xCONNECT Links allow you to link multiple XK-1A boards together in a chain, two I/O expansion areas are provided for connecting additional components to the XK-1A, and an XTAG-2 debug adapter can be connected to debug the XK-1A board with a PC. The diagram below shows the layout of these components on the card.

A XS1-L1 Device
B XSYS IDC Headers
E 16-way Expansion Areas
C User LEDs
D Push-Button Switches
F SPI Flash Memory
G 20 MHz Crystal Oscillator
H 5V PSU

An XK-1A board can be powered from the USB connection using an XTAG-2 debug adapter or by an external 5 V power supply. Additional boards that have been chained together may be able to be powered by the XTAG-2 (depending on the length of the chain) or from an external 5 V power supply.

The rest of this document provide a detailed description of these components.

## 2 XS1-L1 Device [A]

The XK-1A is based on a single XS1-L1 device in a 128TQFP package. The XS1-L1 consists of a single XCORE Tile, which comprises a multicore microcontroller with tightly integrated general purpose I/O pins and 64 KBytes of on-chip RAM. The pins are brought out of the package and connected to the card's components as follows:

- Four yellow LEDs
- Two push-button switches
- Two XSYS 20-way IDC headers (one male and one female)
- An SPI interface to FLASH memory
- 12 I/O pins to the expansion areas

The processor has ports that are directly connected to the I/O pins. Examples of how to write software that interfaces over these ports with the XK-1A components is provided in the document Programming XC for XMOS Devices available from the XMOS website.

## 3 User LEDs [C]

The XK-1A provides four user LEDs that can be driven by software. The layout of these LEDs is shown below.


Each LED is connected to a different pin, all of which are mapped to ports as described in the table below.

| Pin | Port | Processor |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| XD28 | P4F0 | PORT_LED |
| XD29 | P4F1 | PORT_LED |
| XD30 | P4F2 | PORT_LED |
| XD31 | P4F3 | PORT_LED |

The LED pins are active high.

## 4 Push-Button Switches [D]

The XK-1A provides two push-button switches whose states can be sampled at any time by software. The layout of these switches is shown below.


The switches are connected to two pins, which are mapped to ports as described in the table below.

| Pin | Port | Processor |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| XD34 | P1 K0 | PORT_BUT_1 |
| XD35 | P1L0 | PORT_BUT_2 |

The push-button switch pins are active low.

## 5 XSYS Connectors [B]

The XK-1A includes two XSYS 20-way IDC Headers, which can be used to link to an XTAG-2 debug adapter for debugging programs on the board, or to connect additional XK-1A boards together in a chain.

The XSYS connector provides pins for JTAG control, system reset, processor debug, two UART links and two xCONNECT Links.

| Pin | Signal | Direction | Description |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1 | $3 V 3$ | Target to Host | Power |
| 2 | 3 V3 | Target to Host | Power |
| 3 | TRST_N | Host to Target | JTAG Test Reset - Active Low |
| 4 | SENSE | N/A | Ground on TARGET, pull up on HOST |
| 5 | TDI/TDO | Host to Target | JTAG Test Data |
| 6 | XLC1_up/XLD1_up | Target to Host | xCONNECT Link |
| 7 | TMS | Host to Target | JTAG Test Mode Select |
| 8 | GND | N/A | Ground |
| 9 | TCK | Host to Target | JTAG Test Clock |
| 10 | XLC0_up/XLD0_up | Target to Host | xCONNECT Link |
| 11 | DEBUG | Bidirectional | Debug |
| 12 | GND | N/A | Ground |
| 13 | TDOC | Target to Host | JTAG Test Data |
| 14 | XLC0_dn/XLD0_dn | Host to Target | xCONNECT Link |
| 15 | RST_N | Host to Target | System Reset - Active Low. |
| 16 | GND | N/A | Ground |
| 17 | UART_RX | Host to Target | Serial Port (Down) |
| 18 | XLC1_dn/XLD1_dn | Host to Target | xCONNECT Link |
| 19 | UART_TX | Target to Host | Serial Port (Up) |
| 20 | GND | N/A | Ground |

The routing of these I/O pins along with the power pins is shown on the following page.


The XTAG-2 converts between XSYS and USB 2.0, allowing the XK-1A to be connected to most PCs. On power on, the XS1-L1 boots from the on-board flash memory. The XS1-L1 can then be put into JTAG mode by the PC, which then boots another program.

No UART hardware is provided. Instead, two UART pins are mapped to ports, as shown in the table below.

| Pin | Port | Processor |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| XD24 | P1I0 | PORT_UART_RX |
| XD25 | P1J0 | PORT_UART_TX |

If a UART is required, it can be implemented in software by sampling and driving these ports at the required rate. The XTAG-2 performs a UART-to-USB conversion on these pins, which is interfaced by a proprietary XMOS terminal emulator.

## 6 Expansion Areas [E]

The I/O pins of the processor are brought out to expansion areas on the top and bottom of the card. These areas have 0.1 "pitch through-plated holes and are populated with 0.1 " right-angle IDC male connectors. The routing of I/O and power pins in the headers is shown below.


Each expansion header provides a bank of $12 \mathrm{I} / \mathrm{O}$ pins, which are mapped to the ports as described in the table on the next page, and four power/ground pins.

| Pin | Port |  |  | Processor |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1 b | 4b | 8b |  |
| XD0 | P1A0 |  |  | GPIO_A |
| XD1 | P1B0 |  |  |  |
| XD2 |  | P4A0 | P8A0 |  |
| XD3 |  | P4A1 | P8A1 |  |
| XD4 |  | P4B0 | P8A2 |  |
| XD5 |  | P4B1 | P8A3 |  |
| XD6 |  | P4B2 | P8A4 |  |
| XD7 |  | P4B3 | P8A5 |  |
| XD8 |  | P4A2 | P8A6 |  |
| XD9 |  | P4A3 | P8A7 |  |
| XD10 | P1C0 |  |  |  |
| XD11 | P1D0 |  |  |  |
| XXD12 | P1E0 |  |  | GPIO_B |
| XD13 | P1F0 |  |  |  |
| XD14 |  | P4C0 | P8B0 |  |
| XD15 |  | P4C1 | P8B1 |  |
| XD16 |  | P4D0 | P8B2 |  |
| XD17 |  | P4D1 | P8B3 |  |
| XD18 |  | P4D2 | P8B4 |  |
| XD19 |  | P4D3 | P8B5 |  |
| XD20 |  | P4C2 | P8B6 |  |
| XD21 |  | P4C3 | P8B7 |  |
| XD22 | P1G0 |  |  |  |
| XD23 | P1H0 |  |  |  |

Eight pins from each bank can be configured as either two 4-bit ports or a single 8 -bit port. The $A$ and $B$ expansion headers can alternatively be used together as a single 16-bit port.

Narrower ports take priority over the pins where multiple ports are mapped to the same pins.

## 6.1 xCONNECT Link Configuration

Some of the I/O pins on the processor are configured as an additional 2-bit xCONNECT Link. The mapping of xCONNECT Links to the pins is shown in the table below.

| Pin | xCONNECT Link |
| :--- | :--- |
| XD52 | XLC1_up |
| XD53 | XLC0_up |
| XD54 | XLC0_dn |
| XD55 | XLC1_dn |
| XD64 | XLD1_up |
| XD65 | XLD0_up |
| XD66 | XLD0_dn |
| XD67 | XLD1_dn |

Some of the I/O pins on the expansion areas can also be configured as 2-bit xCONNECT Links. The mapping of xCONNECT Links to the headers is shown in the table below.

| Pin | XCONNECT Link | Expansion Area |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| XD4 | XLA1_out |  |
| XD5 | XLA0_out | GPIO_A |
| XD6 | XLA0_in |  |
| XD7 | XLA1_in |  |
| XD16 | XLB1_out |  |
| XD17 | XLB0_out | GPIO_B |
| XD18 | XLB0_in |  |
| XD19 | XLB1_in |  |

## 7 SPI Flash Memory [F]

The XK-1A provides 128 K Bytes of Serial Peripheral Interface (SPI) FLASH memory, which is interfaced by the four 1 -bit connections described in the table below.

| Pin | Port | Processor |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| XD36 | P1M0 | PORT_SPI_MISO |
| XD37 | P1 N0 | PORT_SPI_SS |
| XD38 | P1O0 | PORT_SPI_CLK |
| XD39 | P1P0 | PORT_SPI_MOSI |

The XTIMEcomposer tools include the XFLASH utility for programming compiled programs into the flash memory. XK-1A designs may also access the FLASH memory at run-time by interfacing with the above ports.

The XK-1A does not use the SPI boot pins on the L1 (P1A0, P1B0, P1C0, P1D0) for the SPI flash. The XS1-L1 device on the XK-1A board has its OTP programmed with a bootloader, so that the XSI-L1 device uses the pins shown in the above table when booting from SPI. This pinout is not recommended for customer applications. Instead please refer to the XS1-L1 datasheets for information on the boot SPI pins.

## 8 20MHz Crystal Oscillator [G]

The XS1-L1 is clocked at 20 MHz by a crystal oscillator on the card. Each processor is clocked at 400 MHz , the $\mathrm{I} / \mathrm{O}$ ports at 100 MHz , by an on-chip phase-locked loop (PLL).

## 9 Power Connector [H]

An XK-1A can be powered from the XTAG-2 debug adapter or an external 5 V power supply. Additional boards that have been chained together may be able to be powered by the XTAG-2 (depending on the length of the chain) or from an external 5 V power supply.

The voltage is converted by the on-board regulator to the 1 V and 3 V 3 supplies used by the components.

## 10 Dimensions

The XK-1A dimensions are $50 \times 50 \mathrm{~mm}$. The mounting holes are 3 mm in diameter.

## 11 XK-1A Block Diagram

The diagram below shows how the XK-1A components are connected to the XS1-L1.


### 11.1 I/O Port-to-Pin Mapping

The table below provides a full description of the port-to-pin mappings described throughout this document.

| Pin | Port |  |  |  | Processor |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1b | 4b | 8b | 16b |  |
| XD0 | Pla0 |  |  |  | GPIO_A |
| XD1 | PlB0 |  |  |  |  |
| XD2 |  | P4A0 | P8A0 | P16A0 |  |
| XD3 |  | P4Al | P8AI | P16A1 |  |
| XD4 |  | P4B0 | P8A2 | P16A2 |  |
| XD5 |  | P4B1 | P8A3 | P16A3 |  |
| XD6 |  | P4B2 | P8A4 | P16A4 |  |
| XD7 |  | P4B3 | P8A5 | P16A5 |  |
| XD8 |  | P4A2 | P8A6 | P16A6 |  |
| XD9 |  | P4A3 | P8A7 | P16A7 |  |
| XD10 | PIC0 |  |  |  |  |
| XD11 | P1D0 |  |  |  |  |
| XD12 | P1E0 |  |  |  | GPIO_B |
| XD13 | P1F0 |  |  |  |  |
| XD14 |  | P4C0 | P8B0 | P16A8 |  |
| XD15 |  | P4C1 | P8B1 | P16A9 |  |
| XD16 |  | P4D0 | P8B2 | P16A10 |  |
| XD17 |  | P4D1 | P8B3 | P16A11 |  |
| XD18 |  | P4D2 | P8B4 | P16A12 |  |
| XD19 |  | P4D3 | P8B5 | P16A13 |  |
| XD20 |  | P4C2 | P8B6 | P16A14 |  |
| XD21 |  | P4C3 | P8B7 | P16A15 |  |
| XD22 | P1G0 |  |  |  |  |
| XD23 | P1H0 |  |  |  |  |
| XD24 | P1IO |  |  |  | PORT_UART_RX |
| XD25 | P1J0 |  |  |  | PORT_UART_TX |
| XD26 |  | P4E0 | P8C0 |  |  |
| XD27 |  | P4E1 | P8C1 |  |  |
| XD28 |  | P4F0 | P8C2 |  | PORT_LED |
| XD29 |  | P4F1 | P8C3 |  |  |
| XD30 |  | P4F2 | P8C4 |  |  |
| XD31 |  | P4F3 | P8C5 |  |  |
| XD32 |  | P4E2 | P8C6 |  |  |
| XD33 |  | P4E3 | P8C7 |  |  |
| XD34 | P1K0 | P8D0 <br> P8D1 <br> P8D2 <br> P8D3 <br> P8D4 <br> P8D5 <br> P8D6 <br> P8D7 |  |  | PORT_BUT_1 |
| XD35 | PlLO |  |  |  | PORT_BUT_2 |
| XD36 | PlM0 |  |  |  | PORT_SPI_MISO |
| XD37 | P1N0 |  |  |  | PORT_SPI_SS |
| XD38 | P100 |  |  |  | PORT_SPI_CLK |
| XD39 | PIP0 |  |  |  | PORT_SPI_MOSI |
| XD40 |  |  |  |  |  |
| XD41 |  |  |  |  |  |
| XD42 |  |  |  |  |  |
| XD43 |  |  |  |  |  |
| XD52 |  |  |  |  | XLC1_up |
| XD53 |  |  |  |  | XLCO_up |
| XD54 |  |  |  |  | XLC0_dn |
| XD55 |  |  |  |  | XLC1_dn |
| XD64 |  |  |  |  | XLD1_up |
| XD65 |  |  |  |  | XLD0_up |
| XD66 |  |  |  |  | XLDO_dn |
| XD67 |  |  |  |  | XLD1_dn |

## 12 XK-1A Schematic



## 13 XK-1A XN File

The XK-1A XN file is a platform specific file, similar to a \# define. It defines the type of multicore microcontroller device on the board, and can be used to map the hardware features on the board to generic port identifiers, simplifying the process of writing projects and porting between platforms.

The following table lists the defined identifiers defined in the XMOS Tools version 9.9.1 for the XK-1A:

| Port Location | Generic Identifier |
| :--- | :--- |
| XS1_PORT_11 | PORT_UART_RX |
| XS1_PORT_1J | PORT_UART_TX |
| XS1_PORT_1K | PORT_BUT_1 |
| XS1_PORT_1L | PORT_BUT_2 |
| XS1_PORT_1M | PORT_SPI_MISO |
| XS1_PORT_1N | PORT_SPI_SS |
| XS1_PORT_1O | PORT_SPI_CLK |
| XS1_PORT_1P | PORT_SPI_MOSI |
| XS1_PORT_4F | PORT_LED |

To provide backward compatibility with source code written using the version 9.9.0 XN file, add the following to your source:

```
#ifdef PORT\_BUT_1
    // 9.9.1 XN names found, add 9.9.0 XN names
    #define PORT_BUTTON_0 PORT_BUT_1
    #define PORT_BUTTON_1 PORT_BUT_2
#else
    // 9.9.0 XN names found, add 9.9.1 XN names
    #define PORT_BUT_1 PORT_BUTTON_0
    #define PORT_BUT_2 PORT_BUTTON_1
endif
```


## 14 Related Documents

The following documents (available from the XMOS website) provide more information on designing with the XK-1A:

- XK-1A Development Kit Tutorial: provides an introduction to programming software on the XK-1A using the XC language.
- XCore XS1 Architecture Tutorial: provides an overview of the XS1 instruction set architecture.

The most up-to-date information on the XK-1A, including board schematics and product datasheets, is available from:
http://www.xmos.com/xk1a/

## 15 Document History

| Date | Release | Comment |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $2011-01-28$ | 1.0 .0 | First release |
| $2012-04-19$ | 1.0 .1 | Page 9: XLB1_in mapped to XD19 |
| $2012-11-28$ | 1.1 .0 | SPI memory pin/port assignment note - page 7 |

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