

Data Sheet October 31, 2005 FN2956.3

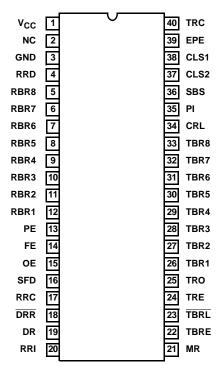
# CMOS Universal Asynchronous Receiver Transmitter (UART)

The HD-6402 is a CMOS UART for interfacing computers or microprocessors to an asynchronous serial data channel. The receiver converts serial start, data, parity and stop bits. The transmitter converts parallel data into serial form and automatically adds start, parity and stop bits. The data word length can be 5, 6, 7 or 8 bits. Parity may be odd or even. Parity checking and generation can be inhibited. The stop bits may be one or two or one and one-half when transmitting 5-bit code.

The HD-6402 can be used in a wide range of applications including modems, printers, peripherals and remote data acquisition systems. Utilizing the Intersil advanced scaled SAJI IV CMOS process permits operation clock frequencies up to 8.0MHz (500K Baud). Power requirements, by comparison, are reduced from 300mW to 10mW. Status logic increases flexibility and simplifies the user interface.

#### **Pinout**

#### HD-6402 (PDIP, CERDIP) TOP VIEW



#### Features

- 8.0MHz Operating Frequency (5962-9052502)
- · 2.0MHz Operating Frequency (HD3-6402R)
- · Low Power CMOS Design
- · Programmable Word Length, Stop Bits and Parity
- · Automatic Data Formatting and Status Generation
- · Compatible with Industry Standard UARTs
- · Single +5V Power Supply
- CMOS/TTL Compatible Inputs
- Pb-Free Plus Anneal Available (RoHS Compliant)

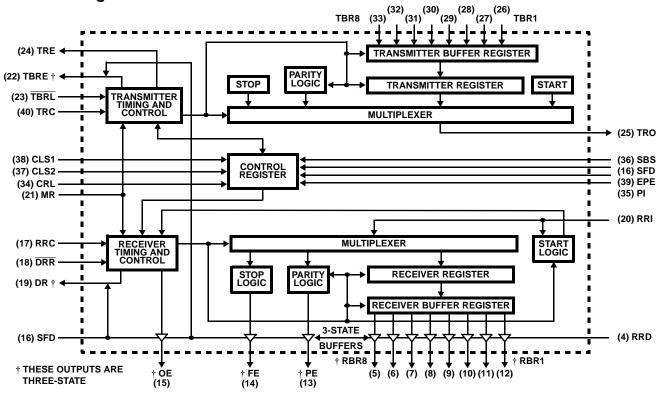
### **Ordering Information**

PACKAGE	TEMP RANGE (°C)	2MHz = 125K BAUD	8MHz = 500K BAUD	PKG. DWG. #
PDIP	-40 to +85	HD3-6402R-9		E40.6
PDIP* (Pb-free)	-40 to +85	HD3-6402R-9Z (Note)		E40.6
CERDIP - SMD#	-55 to +125		5962- 9052502MQA	F40.6

NOTE: Intersil Pb-free plus anneal products employ special Pb-free material sets; molding compounds/die attach materials and 100% matte tin plate termination finish, which are RoHS compliant and compatible with both SnPb and Pb-free soldering operations. Intersil Pb-free products are MSL classified at Pb-free peak reflow temperatures that meet or exceed the Pb-free requirements of IPC/JEDEC J STD-020.

\*Pb-free PDIPs can be used for through hole wave solder processing only. They are not intended for use in Reflow solder processing applications.

# Functional Diagram



#### **Control Definition**

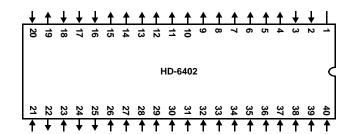
	COI	NTROL WO	ORD		CHARACTER FORMAT			
CLS 2	CLS 1	PI	EPE	SBS	START BIT	DATA BITS	PARITY BIT	STOP BITS
0	0	0	0	0	1	5	ODD	1
0	0	0	0	1	1	5	ODD	1.5
0	0	0	1	0	1	5	EVEN	1
0	0	0	1	1	1	5	EVEN	1.5
0	0	1	Х	0	1	5	NONE	1
0	0	1	Х	1	1	5	NONE	1.5
0	1	0	0	0	1	6	ODD	1
0	1	0	0	1	1	6	ODD	2
0	1	0	1	0	1	6	EVEN	1
0	1	0	1	1	1	6	EVEN	2
0	1	1	Х	0	1	6	NONE	1
0	1	1	Х	1	1	6	NONE	2
1	0	0	0	0	1	7	ODD	1
1	0	0	0	1	1	7	ODD	2
1	0	0	1	0	1	7	EVEN	1
1	0	0	1	1	1	7	EVEN	2
1	0	1	Х	0	1	7	NONE	1
1	0	1	Х	1	1	7	NONE	2
1	1	0	0	0	1	8	ODD	1
1	1	0	0	1	1	8	ODD	2
1	1	0	1	0	1	8	EVEN	1
1	1	0	1	1	1	8	EVEN	2
1	1	1	Х	0	1	8	NONE	1
1	1	1	х	1	1	8	NONE	2

# Pin Description

PIN	TYPE	SYMBOL	DESCRIPTION				
1		V <sub>CC</sub> †	Positive Voltage Supply				
2		NC	No Connection				
3		GND	Ground				
4	I	RRD	A high level on RECEIVER REGISTER DISABLE forces the receiver holding out-puts RBR1-RBR8 to high impedance state.				
5	0	RBR8	The contents of the RECEIVER BUFFER REGIS- TER appear on these three-state outputs. Word for- mats less than 8 characters are right justified to RBR1.				
6	0	RBR7	See Pin 5-RBR8				
7	0	RBR6	See Pin 5-RBR8				
8	0	RBR5	See Pin 5-RBR8				
9	0	RBR4	See Pin 5-RBR8				
10	0	RBR3	See Pin 5-RBR8				
11	0	RBR2	See Pin 5-RBR8				
12	0	RBR1	See Pin 5-RBR8				
13	0	PE	A high level on PARITY ERROR indicates received parity does not match parity programmed by control bits. When parity is inhibited this output is low.				
14	0	FE	A high level on FRAMING ERROR indicates the first stop bit was invalid.				
15	0	OE	A high level on OVERRUN ERROR indicates the data received flag was not cleared before the last character was transferred to the receiver buffer register.				
16	I	SFD	A high level on STATUS FLAGS DISABLE forces the outputs PE, FE, OE, DR, TBRE to a high impedance state.				
17	I	RRC	The Receiver register clock is 16X the receiver data rate.				
18	I	DRR	A low level on DATA RECEIVED RESET clears the data received output DR to a low level.				
19	0	DR	A high level on DATA RECEIVED indicates a character has been received and transferred to the receiver buffer register.				
20	I	RRI	Serial data on RECEIVER REGISTER INPUT is clocked into the receiver register.				
21	I	MR	A high level on MASTER RESET clears PE, FE, OE and DR to a low level and sets the transmitter register empty (TRE) to a high level 18 clock cycles after MR falling edge. MR does not clear the receiver buffer register. This input must be pulsed at least once after power up. The HD-6402 must be master reset after power up. The reset pulse should meet V <sub>IH</sub> and t <sub>MR</sub> . Wait 18 clock cycles after the falling edge of MR before beginning operation.				
22	0	TBRE	A high level on TRANSMITTER BUFFER REGIS- TER EMPTY indicates the transmitter buffer register has transferred its data to the transmitter register and is ready for new data.				
23	_	TBRL	A low level on TRANSMITTER BUFFER REGISTER LOAD transfers data from inputs TBR1-TBR8 into the transmitter buffer register. A low to high transition on TBRL initiates data transfer to the transmitter register. If busy, transfer is automatically delayed so that the two characters are transmitted end to end.				

PIN	TYPE	SYMBOL	DESCRIPTION
24	0	TRE	A high level on TRANSMITTER REGISTER EMP- TY indicates completed transmission of a charac- ter including stop bits.
25	0	TRO	Character data, start data and stop bits appear serially at the TRANSMITTER REGISTER OUTPUT.
26	I	TRB1	Character data is loaded into the TRANSMITTER BUFFER REGISTER via inputs TBR1-TBR8. For character formats less than 8 bits the TBR8, 7 and 6 inputs are ignored corresponding to their programmed word length.
27	I	TBR2	See Pin 26-TBR1.
28	I	TBR3	See Pin 26-TBR1.
29	I	TBR4	See Pin 26-TBR1.
30	I	TBR5	See Pin 26-TBR1.
31	I	TBR6	See Pin 26-TBR1.
32	I	TBR7	See Pin 26-TBR1.
33	I	TBR8	See Pin 26-TBR1.
34	I	CRL	A high level on CONTROL REGISTER LOAD loads the control register with the control word. The control word is latched on the falling edge of CRL. CRL may be tied high.
35	I	PI	A high level on PARITY INHIBIT inhibits parity generation, parity checking and forces PE output low.
36	I	SBS	A high level on STOP BIT SELECT selects 1.5 stop bits for 5 character format and 2 stop bits for other lengths.
37	I	CLS2	These inputs program the CHARACTER LENGTH SELECTED (CLS1 low CLS2 low 5 bits) (CLS1 high CLS2 low 6 bits) (CLS1 low CLS2 high 7 bits) (CLS1 high CLS2 high 8 bits.)
38	ı	CLS1	See Pin 37-CLS2.
39	I	EPE	When PI is low, a high level on EVEN PARITY ENABLE generates and checks even parity. A low level selects odd parity.
40	I	TRC	The TRANSMITTER REGISTER CLOCK is 16X the transmit data rate.

 $<sup>\</sup>dagger$  A  $0.1 \mu F$  decoupling capacitor from the  $V_{CC}$  pin to the GND is recommended.



# **Transmitter Operation**

The transmitter section accepts parallel data, formats the data and transmits the data in serial form on the Transmitter Register Output (TRO) terminal (See serial data format). Data is loaded from the inputs TBR1-TBR8 into the Transmitter Buffer Register by applying a logic low on the Transmitter Buffer Register Load ( $\overline{TBRL}$ ) input (A). Valid data must be present at least  $t_{set}$  prior to and  $t_{hold}$  following the rising edge of  $\overline{TBRL}$ . If words less than 8 bits are used, only the least significant bits are transmitted. The character is right justified, so the least significant bit corresponds to TBR1 (B).

The rising edge of TBRL clears Transmitter Buffer Register Empty (TBRE). 0 to 1 Clock cycles later, data is transferred to the transmitter register, the Transmitter Register Empty (TRE) pin goes to a low state, TBRE is set high and serial data information is transmitted. The output data is clocked by Transmitter Register Clock (TRC) at a clock rate 16 times the data rate. A second low level pulse on TBRL loads data into the Transmitter Buffer Register (C). Data transfer to the transmitter register is delayed until transmission of the current data is complete (D). Data is automatically transferred to the transmitter register and transmission of that character begins one clock cycle later.

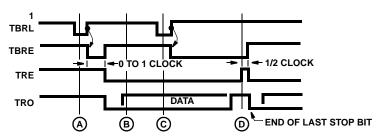


FIGURE 1. TRANSMITTER TIMING (NOT TO SCALE)

# Receiver Operation

Data is received in serial form at the Receiver Register Input (RRI). When no data is being received, RRI must remain high. The data is clocked through the Receiver Register Clock (RRC). The clock rate is 16 times the data rate. A low level on Data Received Reset (DRR) clears the Data Receiver (DR) line (A). During the first stop bit data is transferred from the Receiver Register to the Receiver Buffer Register (RBR) (B). If the word is less than 8 bits, the unused most significant bits will be a logic low. The output

character is right justified to the least significant bit RBR1. A logic high on Overrun Error (OE) indicates overruns. An overrun occurs when DR has not been cleared before the present character was transferred to the RBR. One clock cycle later DR is reset to a logic high, and Framing Error (FE) is evaluated (C). A logic high on FE indicates an invalid stop bit was received, a framing error. A logic high on Parity Error (PE) indicates a parity error.

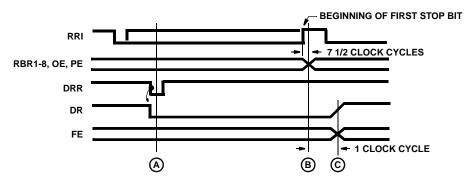


FIGURE 2. RECEIVER TIMING (NOT TO SCALE)

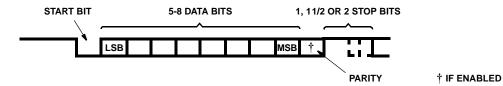


FIGURE 3. SERIAL DATA FORMAT

#### Start Bit Detection

The receiver uses a 16X clock timing. The start bit could have occurred as much as one clock cycle before it was detected, as indicated by the shaded portion (A). The center of the start bit is defined as clock count 7 1/2. If the receiver clock is a

symmetrical square wave, the center of the start bit will be located within  $\pm 1/2$  clock cycle,  $\pm 1/32$  bit or 3.125% giving a receiver margin of 46.875%. The receiver begins searching for the next start bit at the center of the first stop bit.

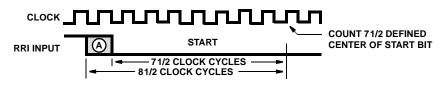


FIGURE 4.

# Interfacing with the HD-6402

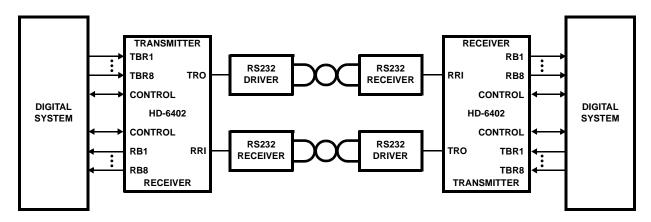


FIGURE 5. TYPICAL SERIAL DATA LINK

#### **Absolute Maximum Ratings**

#### 

#### **Thermal Information**

Thermal Resistance (Typical)	$\theta_{\sf JA}$	$\theta$ JC
CERDIP Package	50°C/W	12 <sup>0</sup> C/W
PDIP Package*	50°C/W	N/A
Gate Count		1643 Gates
*Pb-free PDIPs can be used for through ho	le wave sold	er processing
only. They are not intended for use in Ref	low solder pr	ocessing
applications.		

CAUTION: Stresses above those listed in "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress only rating and operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the operational sections of this specification is not implied.

#### **Operating Conditions**

Operating Temperature Range
HD3-6402R-9....-40°C to +85°C

### **DC Electrical Specifications** $V_{CC} = 5.0V \pm 10\%$ , $T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to +85°C (HD3-6402R-9)

		LIMITS			
SYMBOL	PARAMETER	MIN	MAX	UNITS	CONDITIONS
V <sub>IH</sub>	Logical "1" Input Voltage	2.0	-	V	V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.5V
V <sub>IL</sub>	Logical "0" Input Voltage	-	0.8	V	V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5V
II	Input Leakage Current	-1.0	1.0	μА	$V_{IN}$ = GND or $V_{CC}$ , $V_{CC}$ = 5.5 $V$
V <sub>OH</sub>	Logical "1" Output Voltage	3.0 V <sub>CC</sub> -0.4	-	V	I <sub>OH</sub> = -2.5mA, V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5V I <sub>OH</sub> = -100μA
V <sub>OL</sub>	Logical "0" Output Voltage	-	0.4	V	$I_{OL}$ = +2.5mA, $V_{CC}$ = 4.5V
Io	Output Leakage Current	-1.0	1.0	μА	$V_O$ = GND or $V_{CC}$ , $V_{CC}$ = 5.5V
ICCSB	Standby Supply Current	-	100	μА	V <sub>IN</sub> = GND or V <sub>CC</sub> ; V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.5V, Output Open
ICCOP	Operating Supply Current (See Note)	-	2.0	mA	V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.5V, Clock Freq. = 2MHz, V <sub>IN</sub> = V <sub>CC</sub> or GND, Outputs Open

NOTE: Guaranteed, but not 100% tested

#### Capacitance $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$

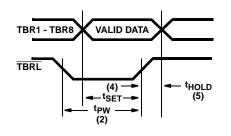
			LIMIT	
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	TYPICAL	UNITS
Input Capacitance	CIN	Freq. = 1MHz, all measurements are referenced to device GND	25	pF
Output Capacitance	COUT		25	pF

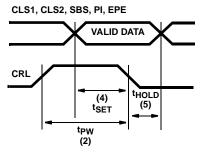
# AC Electrical Specifications $V_{CC}$ = 5.0V $\pm$ 10%, $T_A$ = -40°C to +85°C (HD3-6402R-9)

		LIMITS HD-6402R		LIMITS HD-6402R LIMITS HD-6402B			
SYMBOL	PARAMETER	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	UNITS	CONDITIONS
(1) fCLOCK	Clock Frequency	D.C.	2.0	D.C.	8.0	MHz	C <sub>L</sub> = 50pF
(2) t <sub>PW</sub>	Pulse Widths, CRL, DRR, TBRL	150	-	75	-	ns	See Switching Waveform
(3) t <sub>MR</sub>	Pulse Width MR	150	-	150	-	ns	
(4) t <sub>SET</sub>	Input Data Setup Time	50	-	20	-	ns	
(5) t <sub>HOLD</sub>	Input Data Hold Time	60	-	20	-	ns	
(6) t <sub>EN</sub>	Output Enable Time	-	160	-	35	ns	

6

# Switching Waveforms





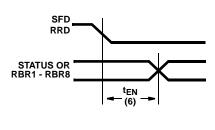
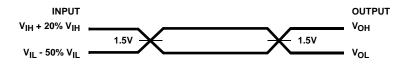


FIGURE 6. DATA INPUT CYCLE

FIGURE 7. CONTROL REGISTER LOAD
CYCLE

FIGURE 8. STATUS FLAG OUTPUT ENABLE TIME OR DATA OUTPUT ENABLE TIME

# A.C. Testing Input, Output Waveform



#### FIGURE 9.

NOTE: A.C. Testing: All input signals must switch between V<sub>IL</sub> - 50% V<sub>IL</sub> and V<sub>IH</sub> + 20% V<sub>IH</sub>. Input rise and fall times are driven at 1ns/V.

#### **Test Circuit**

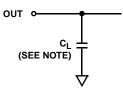


FIGURE 10.

NOTE: Includes stray and jig capacitance, C<sub>I</sub> = 50pF.

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XR88C681CJ-F XR68C681CJTR-F PI7C9X7958BNBE MAX3107EAG+T MAX3107ETG+T TL28L92IFR XR20M1170G24-0A-EB

MIC2013-0.5YML TR SC16IS741AIPWJ SC28C94A1A,518 SC28L202A1DGG,118 MAX3100ETG+ MAX3100CEET MAX14830ETM+

HD1-6402B/883 MAX3107ETG MAX14830ETM MAX3109ETJ MIC2008YML-TR XR20M1280IL24TR-F SC16C754BIA68,529

SC16C550BIBS,128 TL16C2552FNR XR20M1172IL32TR-F SC16IS762IBS,128 ZDU0210RJX ST16C654CQ100-F ST16C554DCJ68-F

Z0847006PSG ST16C554DIQ64TR-F PI7C9X762BLE PI7C9X762BZHE SCN8031HCCN40 ST16C1550CQ48-F ST16C1550IQ48-F