

## Differential/symmetrical chokes

## - Storage mode chokes

This state of the art RS 500, RS 600 choke series has the following features:

- 5 different applications specified
- IEC 950 compatible for any:
  - · basic/reinforced insulation equipment
- Quasi linear saturation for storage mode
- 40 to 450 microjoules storage
- F<sub>o</sub> from 500 kHz to 60 MHz in symmetrical mode
- 3 μH to 3600 μH
- 0.5 A to 4 A
- 6 different housings

This product is ideally suited for the following applications:

- Energy filtering
- Multistage discrete filtering
- General purpose differential/symmetrical mode filtering
- S.M.P.S., U.P.S.
- DC/DC converters
- Frequency converters
- .

#### **Environmental Ratings**

 Maximum operating voltage
 High potential test voltage winding to winding at 25°C.

winding to housing at 25°C • Power operating frequency:

- · Operating temperature range
- Derating above 40°C.
- Storage temperature range:
- Operating relative humidity:
- Climatic class per IEC 68:
- Vibrations:
- · Shocks:
- Temperature rise at I<sub>n</sub>:
- MTBF at 40°C, per MIL-HB-217E.
- Surge current at 10 ms.
- Solderability:
- Pin's pull strength:
- Resistance to solvent
   ultrasonic
- solvent : • Flammability

250 V @ 40° C

1500 V AC, 1 min, guaranteed 2000V, 50/60 Hz, 1 s, factory test 4000V, 50/60 Hz, 1 s, DC to 1 KHz at 40°C in filtering up to 150 KHz at 40°C in storage mode  $- 40^{\circ}$ C to +125°C (DIN 40040 = G, K)

 $I = I_N \sqrt[2]{(125 - \theta) / 85}$ 

UL94VO

- 40°C to +125°C
(DIN 40040 = C) 100 % 30 days, 95 % average
40 / 125 / 56
5 g, 3 Axis, 10...150 Hz, 4 cycles per IEC 68-2-6
10 g, 1000 times, per IEC 68-2-29
40°C @ 40°C Amb
12'000'000 h
50 x l, max. @ 25°C
235°C 2 s dip, 265°C max per IEC 68-2-20
20 N
2 s, 25 kHz
T.C.E. 60°C

RS 512, RS 612 RS 514, RS 614 RS 522, RS 622 250 VAC, 0.5 to 4 A



**RS 512** (GH2 housing) 17.1 x 17 7 x 12 5 mm **RS 514** (GH3 housing) 21 5 x 22 5 x 13 2 mm **RS 522** (GH4 housing) 28 x 27 x 16 5 mm



RS 612 (GV2B housing) 18 x 12 5 x 20 mm



**RS 614 (**GV3A housing) 23 x 15 5 x 25 mm **RS 622** (GV4A housing) 31 x 18 x 29.3 mm



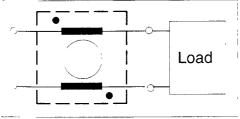


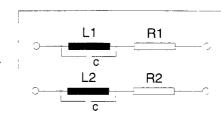
690-274A

5

### EMI suppression/filtering mode

### Application type no. 1: Symmetrical/differential mode





Functional schematic



#### Electrical Characteristics at $25^{\circ}C \pm 2^{\circ}C$

Product Type	Nominal current at 40°C	Induc L1 = I	1)Inal tance _2 = L H		sistar = R2 Ω		3 Resonance Frequency F <sub>0</sub> - MHz	④ Equivalent Self-Capa- citance C at F₀	Attenuation dB at F <sub>o</sub>
	A	min ty	p. max.	mın	typ.	max.	typical	pF typical	typical
RS 512-0 5/02, RS 612-0 5/02	05	150 20	0 250		0.65		8	20	46
RS 512-1/02, RS 612-1/02	10	42 5			013		20	11	40
RS 512-2/02, RS 612-2/02	2.0	10 1			0 03		25	32	20
RS 512-4/02, RS 612-4/02	4 0	2.3	3 38		0 01		33	78	10
RS 514-0 5/02, RS 614-0 5/02	05	360 48	0 600		08		7	1	56
RS 514-1/02, RS 614-1/02	1.0	90 12			02		11	1.8	25
RS 514-2/02, RS 614-2/02	20	23 3			0.05		16	33	17
RS 514-4/02, RS 614-4/02	4.0	6	8 10		0.02		22	65	10
RS 522-0.5/02, RS 622-0 5/02	05	675 90	0 1125		1 25		2	7	45
RS 522-1/02, RS 622-1/02	10	169 22			0.3		4	7	40
RS 522-2/02, RS 622-2/02	2.0	42 5			0 07		7	94	33
RS 522-4/02, RS 622-4/02	40	11 1	5 19		0 03		13	10	27

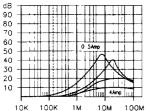
 $\odot$  ~ At 1 kHz, 5 mA for L < 160  $\mu H~$  1 kHz, 500  $\mu A$  for L < 1600  $\mu H$  or  $\geq$  160  $\mu H$ 

3 Per CISPR 17 section 4 2 (50  $\Omega$  / 50  $\Omega$ ), no load.

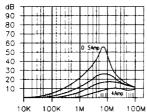
④ Computed C: C =  $1/4 \pi^2 f_0^2 L$ 

Typical functional characteristics (Attenuation/Resonance)

#### RS 512, RS 612

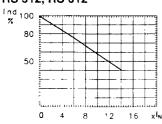


#### RS 514, RS 614



#### **Typical saturation characteristics**







RS 514, RS 614

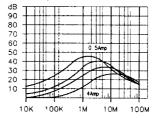
Ind 76 100

80

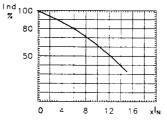
50

0 4 8 12 16 x<sup>1</sup>N



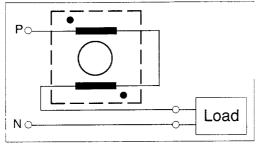


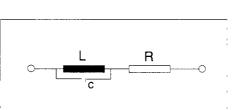
RS 522, RS 622



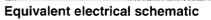
EMI suppression/filtering mode

## • Application type no. 2: Symmetrical/differential mode





**Functional schematic** 



#### Electrical Characteristics at 25°C ± 2°C

Product Type	Nominal current at 40°C A	In	Nomina ductan L - μH	ice	Resistan R - Ω		③ Resonance Frequency F <sub>0</sub> - MHz	④ Equivalent Self-Capa- citance C at F <sub>0</sub>	Attenuation dB at F <sub>0</sub>
1		min	typ	max.	min typ	max.	typical	pF typical	typical
RS 512-0.5/02, RS 612-0.5/02	05	600	800	1000	1.3		2	78	50
RS 512-1/02, RS 612-1/02	10	165	220	275	0.26		8	17	43
RS 512-2/02, RS 612-2/02	2.0	39	52	65	0.06		17	1.7	33
RS 512-4/02, RS 612-4/02	40	9	12	15	0 02		27	29	22
RS 514-0 5/02, RS 614-0.5/02	0.5	1425	1900	2375	16		2 5	21	56
RS 514-1/02, RS 614-1/02	1.0	360	480	600	04		5.5	1.8	50
RS 514-2/02, RS 614-2/02	2.0	90	120	150	01		10	2.2	37
RS 514-4/02, RS 614-4/02	4.0	24	32	40	0.04		18	24	26
RS 522-0.5/02, RS 622-0.5/02	0.5	2700	3600	4500	2.5		06	19 5	63
RS 522-1/02, RS 622-1/02	10	675	900	1125	0.6		1.5	12 5	52
RS 522-2/02, RS 622-2/02	2.0	165	220	275	0.14		3	12 8	40
RS 522-4/02, RS 622-4/02	4.0	45	60	75	0.06		5	16 8	31

At 1 kHz, 5 mA for L < 160  $\mu$ H. 1 kHz, 500  $\mu$ A for L < 1600  $\mu$ H or  $\geq$  160  $\mu$ H 

At 0.1 A DC for  $R \le 200 \text{ m}\Omega$ . 10 mA DC for  $R > 200 \text{ m}\Omega$ . 2

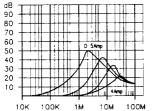
Per CISPR 17 section 4 2 (50  $\Omega$  / 50  $\Omega$ ), no load. 3

Computed C:  $C = 1/4 \pi^2 f_0^2$ . L 4

#### **Typical functional characteristics**

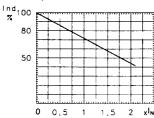
Attenuation/Resonance frequency characteristics

#### RS 512, RS 612



#### Typical saturation characteristics

#### RS 512, RS 612



#### RS 514, RS 614

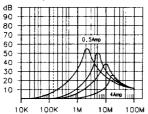
RS 514, RS 614

0 0,5 1 1,5

1nd 100

80

50

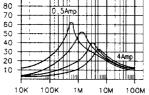


2 x<sup>I</sup>N

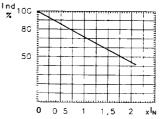
## 90 80 70

RS 522, RS 622

dB



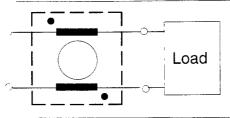
RS 522, RS 622



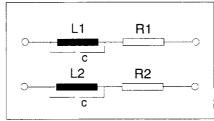
3

• EMI suppression/filtering mode

### • Application type no. 3: Asymmetrical/common mode



**Functional schematic** 



Equivalent electrical schematic

#### Electrical Characteristics at 25°C ± 2°C

Product Type	Nominal current at 40°C A	In	Nomir ducta I = L2 µH typ	nce	esista = R2 Ω typ.	= R	③ Resonance Frequency F₀ - MHz typical	<ul> <li>④</li> <li>Equivalent</li> <li>Self-Capa- citance</li> <li>C at F<sub>o</sub></li> <li>pF typical</li> </ul>	dB at F <sub>o</sub>
			.76		 		.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		- <b>7</b>
RS 512-0 5/02, RS 612-0.5/02	0.5	150	200	250	0.65		3	14	41
RS 512-1/02. RS 612-1/02	1.0	42	55	69	0.13		10	4.6	36
RS 512-2/02, RS 612-2/02	2.0	10	13	16	0 03		35	1.6	30
RS 512-4/02, RS 612-4/02	4.0	23	3	3.8	0 01		52	3.1	20
RS 514-0 5/02, RS 614-0.5/02	0.5	360	480	600	 08		15	23.5	44
RS 514-1/02, RS 614-1/02	1.0	90	120	150	02		8	3.4	39
RS 514-2/02, RS 614-2/02	2.0	23	30	38	0.05		20	2.2	30
RS 514-4/02, RS 614-4/02	40	6	8	10	0.02		40	2.0	22
RS 522-0.5/02, RS 622-0.5/02	05	675	900	1125	 1 25		5	11	50
RS 522-1/02, RS 622-1/02	1.0	169	225	281	03		12	0.8	44
RS 522-2/02, RS 622-2/02	20	42	55	69	0.07		30	05	36
RS 522-4/02, RS 622-4/02	40	11	15	19	0 03		60	05	28

① At 1 kHz, 5 mA for L < 160  $\mu H$  \_1 kHz, 500  $\mu A$  for L < 1600  $\mu H$  or  $\geq$  160  $\mu H$ 

② At 0.1 A DC for R  $\leq$  200 m $\Omega$ . 10 mA DC for R > 200 m $\Omega$ 

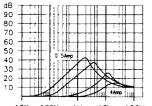
3 Per CISPR 17 section 4 2 (50  $\Omega$  / 50  $\Omega$ ), no load.

④ Computed C: C =  $1/4 \pi^2$ . f<sub>0</sub><sup>2</sup>. L

#### **Typical functional characteristics**

Attenuation/Resonance frequency characteristics

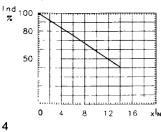
#### RS 512, RS 612



#### 10K 100K 1M 1 OM 100M

#### **Typical saturation characteristics**

#### RS 512, RS 612





RS 514, RS 614

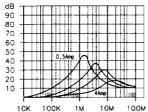
1 nd % 100

80

50

0

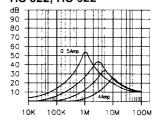
4



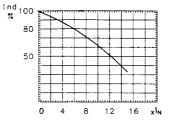
12 16  $_{\rm X}I_{\rm N}$ 

8

#### RS 522, RS 622

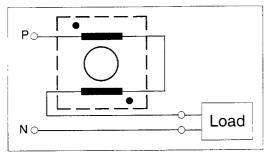


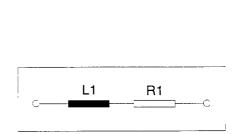
RS 522, RS 622



• Energy storage mode

### • Application type no. 4: Energy storage





Functional schematic

#### Equivalent electrical schematic

#### Electrical Characteristics at 25°C $\pm$ 2°C

Product Type	Nominal current at 40°C A	Inc	lomina ductan L - μΗ typ.	се	Resistan R1 = R2 = Ω min typ.	 Energy <sup>③</sup> Ε - μJ typ
RS 512-0 5/02, RS 612-0.5/02	05	600	800	1000	13	100
RS 512-1/02, RS 612-1/02	10	165	220	275	0.26	100
RS 512-2/02, RS 612-2/02	2.0	39	52	65	0 06	100
RS 512-4/02, RS 612-4/02	4 0	9	12	15	0.02	 100
RS 514-0 5/02, RS 614-0.5/02	0.5	1425	1900	2375	16	240
RS 514-1/02, RS 614-1/02	10	360	480	600	04	240
RS 514-2/02, RS 614-2/02	20	90	120	150	0.1	240
RS 514-4/02, RS 614-4/02	4.0	24	32	40	0.04	240
RS 522-0 5/02, RS 622-0.5/02	05	2700	3600	4500	2.5	450
RS 522-1/02, RS 622-1/02	10	675	900	1125	06	450
RS 522-2/02, RS 622-2/02	2.0	165	220	275	0 14	450
RS 522-4/02, RS 622-4/02	40	45	60	75	0 06	450

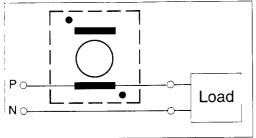
 $\odot~$  At 1 kHz, 5 mA for L < 160  $\mu H~$  1 kHz, 500  $\mu A$  for L < 1600  $\mu H$  or  $\geq$  160  $\mu H$ 

 $\label{eq:rescaled} \textcircled{2} \mbox{ At 0.1 A DC for } R \leq 200 \mbox{ m}\Omega \mbox{ 10 mA DC for } R > 200 \mbox{ m}\Omega.$ 

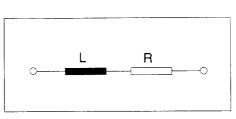
3 Computed E : E =  $\frac{1}{2}$ . L  $|^{2}$ 

### • Energy storage mode

## Application type no. 5: Energy storage



**Functional schematic** 



Equivalent electrical schematic

#### Electrical Characteristics at 25°C ± 2°C

:

٩

1

Product Type	Nominal current at 40°C A	Permitted current at 40°C A		Nomin ductar L - μΗ typ.	nce	Resistance R - Ω min typ. m	③ Energy E - μJ typ
RS 512-0 5/02, RS 612-0 5/02	05	0 63	150	200	250	0.65	40
RS 512-1/02, RS 612-1/02	10	1.25	42	55	69	0.13	40
RS 512-2/02, RS 612-2/02	20	2.5	10	13	16	0 03	40
RS 512-4/02, RS 612-4/02	40	5.0	2	3 3	3.8	0 01	40
RS 514-0.5/02, RS 614-0.5/02	0.5	0.63	360	480	600	0 8	95
RS 514-1/02, RS 614-1/02	10	1.25	90	120	150	0 2	95
RS 514-2/02, RS 614-2/02	20	2.5	23	30	38	0.05	95
RS 514-4/02, RS 614-4/02	40	5 0	6	8	10	0 02	95
RS 522-0.5/02, RS 622-0 5/02	0.5	0 63	675	900	1125	1.25	175
RS 522-1/02, RS 622-1/02	1 0	1 25	169	225	281	0.3	175
RS 522-2/02, RS 622-2/02	2.0	2.5	42	55	69	0.07	175
RS 522-4/02, RS 622-4/02	4.0	5.0	11	15	19	0.03	175

 $\odot~$  At 1 kHz, 5 mA for L < 160  $\mu H.~$  1 kHz, 500  $\mu A$  for L < 1600  $\mu H$  or  $\geq$  160  $\mu H$ 

(a) At 0.1 A DC for  $R \le 200 \text{ m}\Omega$ . 10 mA DC for  $R > 200 \text{ m}\Omega$ . (a) Computed  $E \cdot E = \frac{1}{2}$ . L  $I^2$  with permitted current. (a) Increased in current value when using only one winding side.

### **Application Example**

The RS 500, RS 600 family attenuation process in a S.M.P.S.

Fig 1. shows the conducted emissions of a switched mode power supply which has no suppression components.

The conducted emissions exceed the standards from 35 kHz to over 10 MHz.

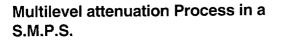
The effect of inserting an RS choke of the line can be seen in Fig. 2.

Below 100 kHz the narrowband differential mode peaks have been significantly reduced. Differential mode suppression is the strong point from choke series RS 500.

A significant reduction in emissions is also noted above 3 MHz.

At the choke self resonance frequency of 1.5 MHz an increase in emissions is noted. To reduce this effect other suppression components would be used.

By using this choke with other components a complete suppression of this power supply can be achieved as shown in Fig 4.



Usage of dedicated discrete suppression devices, like symmetrical mode attenuation chokes (RS 500, RS 600 series) and/or asymmetrical mode attenuation chokes, (RN 100, RN 200 series) and/ or capacitor suppression network (SN 9223, SN 223) allow the designer to build multistage filtering. Each stage works in a specific frequency area, or noise mode, see fig. 3.

This added flexibility has been made feasible with the proper design of the 3 above mentioned Schaffner product families. Build to work together and optimized for perfect interaction, this combined with the freedom to select capacitance and inductance values they allow fast and efficient design for high volume production equipment In our example the result is shown on fig. 4.

For further information, refer to the following Schaffner publications:

- RN 100, RN 200 family data sheet.
- SN 9223, SN 223 family data sheet.
- Application note 11006E: The S.M.P.S. EMC COMBO Set

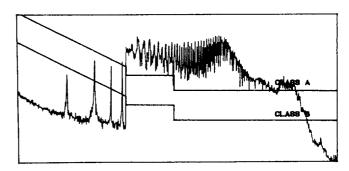


Fig. 1 Emissions level of a S.M.P S without suppression device

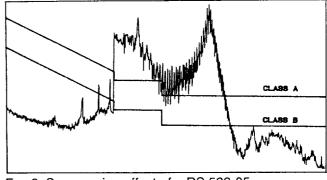


Fig. 2 Suppression effect of a RS 522-05

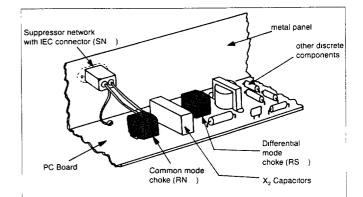


Fig. 3 A typical discrete filtering assembly

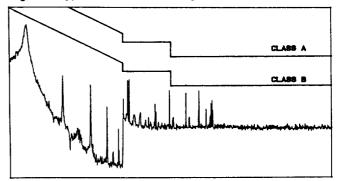
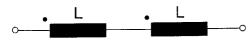


Fig. 4 Suppression effect of combined SN 223, RS 522, RN 114

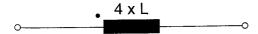
### **Connection in Storage Mode**

The RS range of chokes are suitable for storage applications for switching frequencies greater than 150 kHz<sup>1</sup>

The low dc resistance and use of low loss cores makes these chokes ideal for low current power supplies operating at high switching frequencies. The recommended connection for the chokes in storage mode is a series connection as shown.



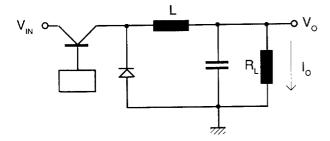
since they are on the same core, this is equivalent to



Care must of course be taken to ensure that the dot convention is observed.

# Example of the selection of storage chokes:

Consider a simple Buck converter with the shown values:



Assume<sup>-</sup>

1

V <sub>IN</sub>	=	30V	2.5 V <sub>IN</sub> V <sub>o</sub>
	=	12V	
	Ξ	1A	$f_{swi}(V_{O}+V_{IN})$

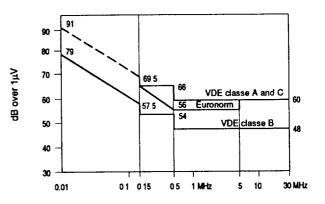
for f switch = 25 kHz,	L = 857 μH
required choke	RS 522-1-02 (900 μH)
for f switch = 48 kHz,	L = 446 μH
required choke	RS 514-1-02 (460 μH)
for f switch = 100 kHz,	L = 214 μH
required choke	RS 512-1-02 (230 μH)

At higher switching frequencies the required choke becomes smaller, however there is an increased likelihood of higher interference levels

By using 48 kHz frequency a medium sized choke can be used and the 3rd harmonic is at 144 kHz which is just below the critical EMC frequency of 150 kHz If the 3rd harmonic is over 150 kHz. There may be a need for large suppression elements. The advantage of small storage elements can be lost due to an increase in filtering requirements.

## Definition of the Euronorms and VDE levels A, B and C:

(all with quasi-peak measurement)



For Euronorms there exists also an AVERAGE level that is 10 dB's below the QUASI-PEAK level. Both the QUASI PEAK and the AVERAGE level must be met.

## **IEC 950**

### IEC 950 - What is it?

The IEC (International Electrotechnical Commission) is a non governmental organisation responsible for preparing standards and recommendations for the Electrotechnical Industry, like ISO (International Standards Organisation) is for most other area of activities.

IEC standards and recommendations are adopted as regulations by national and international bodies such as: UL, VDE, BSI for their respective countries and by CENELEC (Comité Européen de Normalisation Electrotechnique) to cover member states of the EC (European Community). IEC 950 is a safety recommendation covering "Information Technologie" and "Electrical Business" machines Therefore IEC 950 covers: small and large computers, faxes, copiers, typewriters and the many other types of equipment available in a business environment

IEC 950 does not specifically mention power line filters but as filters are components in most of the above mentioned equipment, several aspects of IEC 950 have a direct effect on power line filters design, test, measurement and specifications.

#### IEC 950 Specifications - what are they?

Schaffner IEC 950 compatible filters fulfill IEC 950 requirements in the following way:

## IEC 950 BASIC and SUPPLEMENTARY INSULATION for TN and TT power distribution systems.

High potential tests rated at 2,125 VDC (1500 VAC test is not recommended for capacitor reliability reasons) this phase to neutral, phase to housing, or, neutral to housing. Test duration is 60 secs at the system qualification level, as well as at the component qualification level. For production of equipment or of filter this test is only carried out for 1 sec or more at 80 % of the rated value.

#### IEC 950 leakage current

The Schaffner filters have been designed to produce less leakage current than the maximum permitted In most cases, allowance for additional leakage from the equipment is included. This to meet all the mobility equipment type of the IEC 950 class 1.

#### IEC 950 discharge time

All filters have a phase to neutral discharge of less than 1 second. This meets the requirements for all classes of equipment, pluggable as well as permanently installed.

#### IEC 950 - How to get your system tested and approved?

Approving equipment to IEC 950 with power line filters implies a system test at 2125 VDC (or 1500 VAC) test for 60 secs. During these tests the discharge resistors, when they exist, are many times overloaded IEC 950 allows this test to be carried out without these resistors. For such tests, filter without the discharge resistor can be supplied. They are the FN xxxxT types. RS 500 and RS 600 do not require special "T" units for system tests

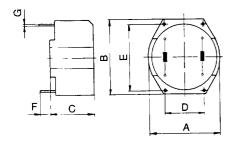
#### Filters for other IEC 950 requirements

For other IEC 950 requirements such as 3 kV test for reinforced insulation or the 4 kV test to earth for "IT" earthing applications, please contact your nearest Schaffner sales office to obtain a specially designed or specified

filter based on the original standard type. Please note that changes in dimension may result due to the increased insulation requirements.

## Mechanical specifications

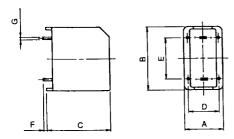
### RS 512, RS 514, RS 522



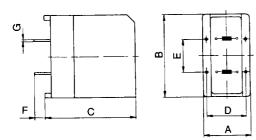
	<b>RS 51</b> (GH2 ho		<b>RS 51</b> (GH3 ho		RS 522 (GH4 housing)		
	mm	tol ±	mm	tol.±	mm	tol.±	
Α	17 1	0.3	21,5	0.3	27	0.3	
В	17.7	0.3	22,5	0.3	28	0.3	
С	12 5	0.3	13,2	0.3	16.5	03	
D	10	02	12.5	0.2	15	0.2	
Ε	15	02	20,1	0.2	25	02	
F	4	0.6	4	0.6	4	0.6	
G	0.8	0.1	0.8	0.1	0.8	0.1	

### RS 612

•



### RS 614, RS 622



÷

	<b>RS 612</b> (GV2B housing)		<b>RS 61</b> (GV3A h		RS 622 (GV4A housing)		
	mm	tol.±	mm	tol.±	mm	tol.±	
Α	12.5	0.3	15.5	0.3	18	0.3	
в	18 0	0.3	23	0.3	' 31	0.3	
С	20	0.3	25	0.3	29.3	0.3	
D	10	0.2	12 5	0.2	15	0.2	
E	15	0.2	10	0.2	12.5	0.2	
F	4	0.5	4	0.5	4,7	0.5	
G	0.8	0.1	0.8	0.1	0.8	0.1	

### Weight chart

Туре	g
RS 512	6
RS 514	11
RS 522	22
RS 612	9
RS 614	15
RS 622	30

### SCHAFFNER

#### Corporate Headquarters Schaffner Elektronik AG Nordstrasse 11 CH-4708 Luterbach Switzerland Phone (065) 802 626 Fax (065) 802 641

Change without notice

Switzerland Schaffner Altrac AG

Phone (01) 741 46 44

Subsidiary companies:

Germany Schaffner Elektronik GmbH Phone (0721) 56 91 - 0 France Schaffner S.A. Phone (1) 39 47 86 36

UK/Ireland Schaffner EMC Ltd. Phone (01734) 77 00 70 Italy Schaffner EMC Srl Phone (02) 66 10 23 91

Sweden Schaffner EMC AB Phone (08) 92 11 21 USA Schaffner EMC Inc Phone (201) 379 7778

Japan Schaffner EMC K.K. Phone (03) 3418 5822

Printed in Switzerland in February 1995

## **X-ON Electronics**

Largest Supplier of Electrical and Electronic Components

Click to view similar products for Common Mode Filters / Chokes category:

Click to view products by Schaffner manufacturer:

Other Similar products are found below :

 74279408
 8109-RC
 8121-RC
 PE-62911NL
 PE-64683
 RD5122-6-9M6
 RD6137-6-7M5
 RD8147-16-3M0
 B82722A2801N020

 B82723A2802N001
 B82723J2802N001
 B82726S2183N020
 T8114NLT
 RD5122-10-6M0
 RD7147-25-0M7
 B82724J2502U040

 B82725S2103N004
 B82731M2401A033
 B82792C0506N365
 IND-0110
 CMC-03
 8117-RC
 PE-67531
 B82732R2601B30

 B82794C0686N465
 2752041447
 2752045447
 CMS3-11-R
 23Z109SMNL-T
 009968H
 014660H
 057966E
 CM9900-224
 CPFC74NP 

 PS01H2A30
 CPFC805NP-100M05
 EXC-24CD121U
 EXC-24CD201U
 EXC-24CD600U
 B82723A2602N001
 B82730U3162A020

 B82730U3951A020
 DKFP-6248-0102
 DKFP-6248-02D5
 DKFP-6248-D504
 7448640395
 ELF-14M080E
 ELF-18D214
 ELF-18D217
 ELF-18D217

 B8218
 ELF-18D227F
 ELF-18D227F
 State
 State