

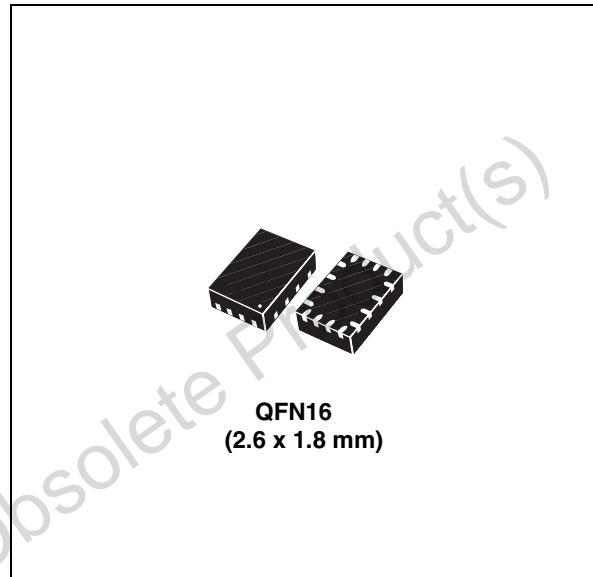
## S-Touch<sup>®</sup> 8-channel capacitive touchkey controller

### Features

- Up to 8 GPIOs
- Up to 8 capacitive touch key inputs
- Operating voltage 2.7- 3.6
- Internal regulator
- Interrupt output pin
- I<sup>2</sup>C interface (1.8 V operation, 3.3 V tolerant)
- 8 kV HBM ESD protection
- 50 fF resolution, 128 steps capacitance measurement
- Advanced data filtering (AFS)
- Environment tracking calibration (ETC)
- Individually adjustable touch variance (TVR) setting for all channels
- Adjustable environmental variance (EVR) for optimal calibration
- Capacitive key sensing capability in 25  $\mu$ A sleep mode

### Applications

- Mobile and smartphones
- Portable media players
- Game consoles



### Description

The STMPE821 is an 8-channel capacitive touch key controller. The capacitance measurement is implemented fully in optimized hardware.

All 8 I/Os could be configured via I<sup>2</sup>C bus to function as either capacitive touch key, or GPIO (general purpose I/O).

**Table 1. Device summary**

Order code	Package	Packing
STMPE821QTR	QFN16 (2.6 x 1.8 mm)	Tape and reel

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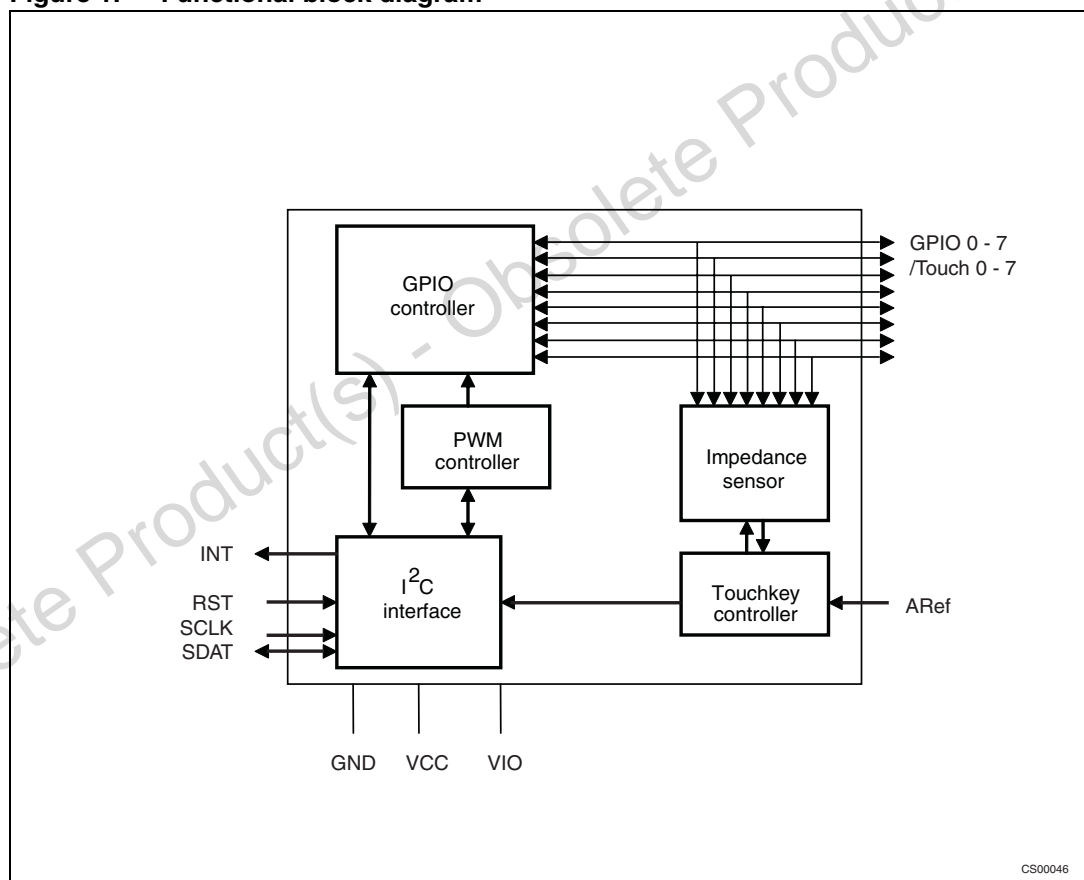
# 1 STMPE821 functional overview

The STMPE821 consists of the following blocks:

- GPIO controller
- PWM controller
- Impedance sensor
- Touch key controller
- I<sup>2</sup>C interface

## 1.1 STMPE821 block diagram

Figure 1. Functional block diagram



## 1.2 Pin assignment and function

Figure 2. STMPE821 pin assignment (top view)

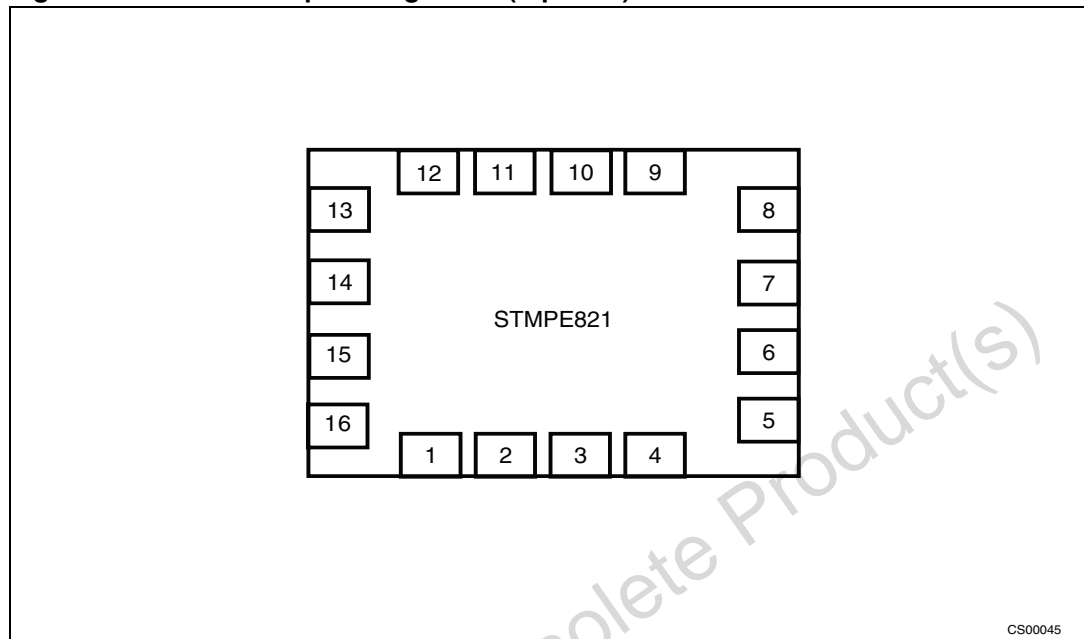


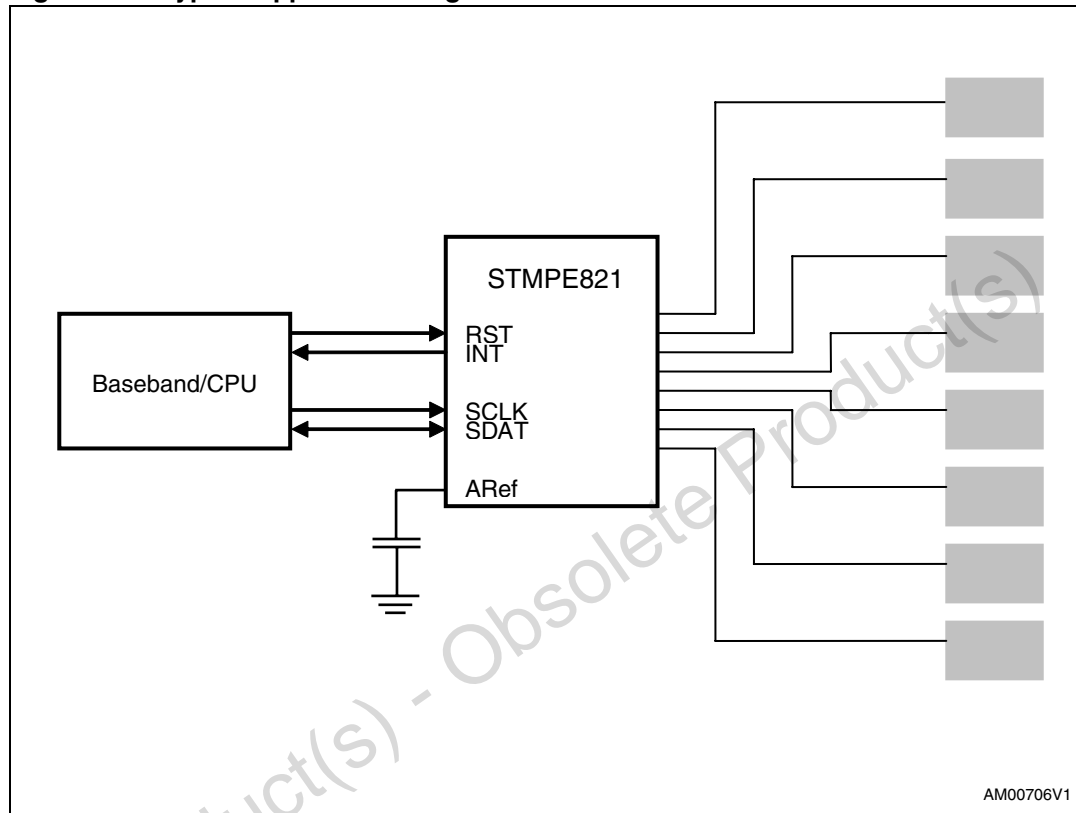
Table 2. Pin assignments and function

Pin number	Pin name	Description
1	GPIO_2/Touch_2	GPIO 2
2	GPIO_1/Touch_1	GPIO 1
3	GPIO_0/Touch_0	GPIO 0
4	ARef	Reference capacitor for touch sensor
5	RST	RESET (active low). Pull to V <sub>CC</sub> for normal operation, pull to GND to reset.
6	SDA	I <sup>2</sup> C data
7	SCL	I <sup>2</sup> C clock
8	INT	INT output (open drain)
9	GND	GND
10	V <sub>CC</sub>	Supply voltage for I <sup>2</sup> C block
11	V <sub>IO</sub>	Supply voltage for GPIO and internal regulator
12	GPIO_7/Touch_7	GPIO 7
13	GPIO_6/Touch_6	GPIO 6
14	GPIO_5/Touch_5	GPIO 5
15	GPIO_4/Touch_4	GPIO 4
16	GPIO_3/Touch_3	GPIO 3

### 1.3 STMPE821 typical application

The STMPE821 is able to support up to 8 channel capacitive sensors.

**Figure 3. Typical application diagram**



## 1.4 Calibration algorithm

The STMPE821 maintains 2 parameters for each TOUCH channel: TVR and CALIBRATED IMPEDANCE. CALIBRATED IMPEDANCE is an internal reference of which, if the currently measured IMPEDANCE exceeds the CALIBRATED IMPEDANCE by a magnitude of TVR, it is considered a TOUCH.

If the IMPEDANCE is more than the CALIBRATED IMPEDANCE, but the magnitude does not exceed CALIBRATED IMPEDANCE by TVR, it is not considered a TOUCH. In this case, 2 scenarios are possible:

1. Environmental changes has caused the IMPEDANCE to increase
2. Finger is near the sensing pad, but not near enough

In case 1, the change in IMPEDANCE is expected to be small, as environmental changes are normally gradual. A value "EVR" is maintained to specify the maximum IMPEDANCE change that is still considered an environmental change.

**Table 3. Calibration action under different scenarios**

Scenario	Touch sensing and calibration action
IMP > CALIBRATED IMP + TVR	TOUCH, no calibration
IMP < CALIBRATED IMP + TVR IMP > CALIBRATED IMP + EVR	NO TOUCH, no calibration
IMP < CALIBRATED IMP + TVR IMP < CALIBRATED IMP + EVR IMP > CALIBRATED IMP	NO TOUCH, new CALIBRATED IMP = previous CALIBRATED IMP + change in IMP
IMP > CALIBRATED IMP	CALIBRATED IMP + change in IMP
IMP < CALIBRATED IMP	NO TOUCH, new CALIBRATED IMP = new IMP

'IMP' and 'CALIBRATED IMP' used in this table is not the direct register read-out.

IMP = 127 - impedance register read-out

CALIBRATED IMP = 127 - calibrated impedance register read out.

ETC WAIT register state a period of time of which, all TOUCH inputs must remain "NO TOUCH" for the next calibration to be carried out.

CAL INTERVAL states the period of time between successive calibrations when there are prolonged NO TOUCH condition.



### 1.4.1 Noise filtering

When the STMPE821 is operating in the vicinity of highly emissive circuits (DC-DC converter, PWM controller/drive etc), the sensor inputs will be affected by high-frequency noise. In this situation, the time-integrating function could be used to distinguish between real touch, or emission-related false touch.

The INTEGRATION TIME and STRENGTH THRES registers are used to configure the time-integrating function of STMPE821.

### 1.4.2 Data filtering

The output from the calibration unit is an instantaneous "TOUCH" or "NO TOUCH" status. This output is directed to the filtering stage where the TOUCH is integrated across a programmable period of time. The output of the integration stage would be a "STRENGTH" (in STRENGTH register) that indicates the number of times a "TOUCH" is seen, across the integration period.

The "STRENGTH" is then compared with the value in "STRENGTH THRESHOLD" register. If STRENGTH exceeds the STRENGTH THRESHOLD, this is considered a final, filtered TOUCH status.

In data filtering stage, 3 modes of operation is supported:

Mode 1: Only the "touch" channel with highest STRENGTH is taken

Mode 2: All the "touch" channels with STRENGTH > STRENGTH THRESHOLD is taken

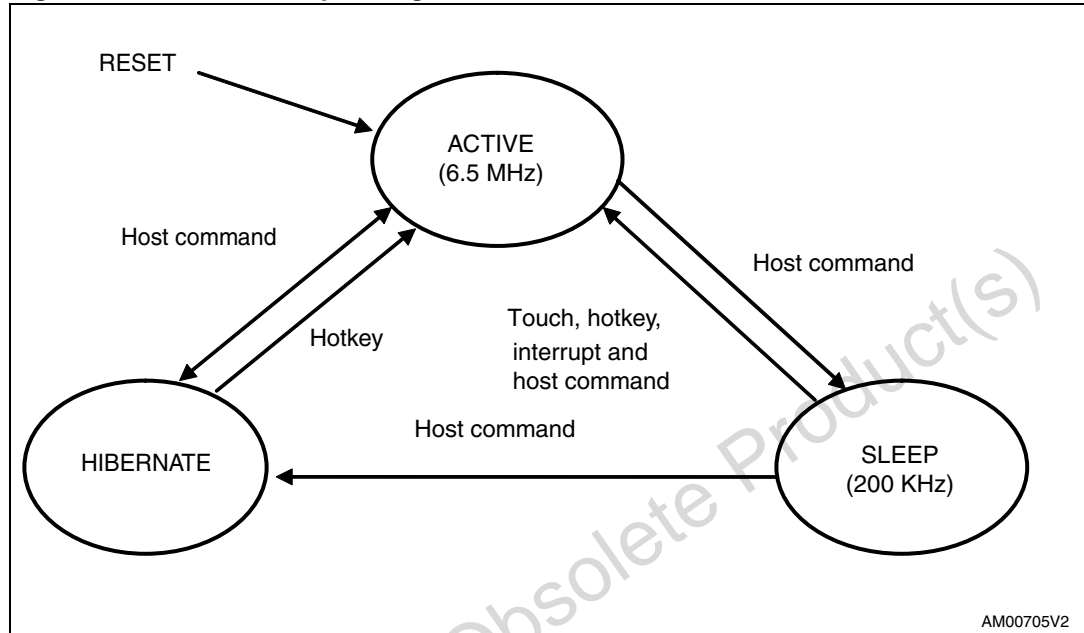
Mode 3: The 2 "touch" channel with the highest STRENGTH is taken. These modes are selected using the FEATURE SELECTOR register.

The final, filtered data is accessible through the Touch Byte register.

## 1.5 Power management

The STMPE821 operates in 3 states.

**Figure 4. STMPE821 operating states**



On RESET, the STMPE821 enters the ACTIVE state immediately.

Upon a fixed period of inactivity, the device enters into the SLEEP state. Any touch activity in SLEEP state would cause the device to go back to ACTIVE state.

In SLEEP mode:

- Calibration continues if F2A bit is set in CONTROL register
- Calibration stops if F2A bit is NOT set in CONTROL register

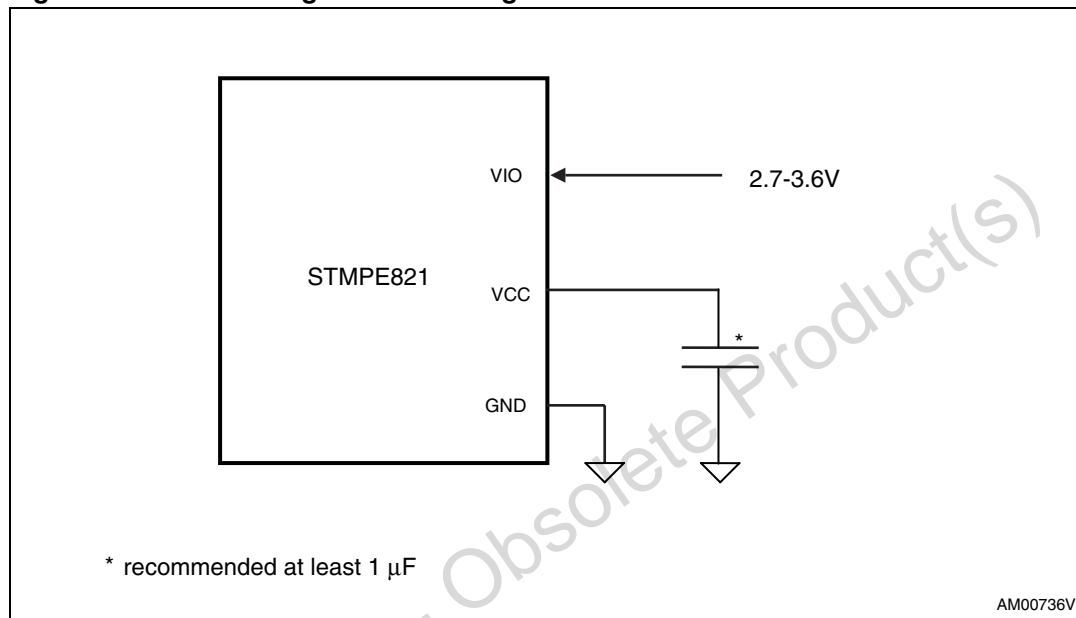
If no touch activity is expected, the host may set the device into HIBERNATE state to save power.

If any key is touched and held, the I<sup>2</sup>C command to enter sleep or hibernate will be put on hold, until the key has been released.

## 2 Power schemes

The STMPE821 is powered by a 2.7 - 3.6 V supply. An internal LDO regulates this supply into 1.8 V for core operation. All GPIOs operates at  $V_{IO}$  domain.

**Figure 5. Power using the internal regulator**



## 3 I<sup>2</sup>C interface

The features that are supported by the I<sup>2</sup>C interface are the following ones:

- I<sup>2</sup>C slave device
- Compliant to Philips I<sup>2</sup>C specification version 2.1
- Supports standard (up to 100 kbps) and fast (up to 400 kbps) modes.
- 7-bit and 10-bit device addressing modes
- General call
- Start/Restart/Stop
- I<sup>2</sup>C address is 0x58 (0xB0/0xB1 for write/read, including the LSB)

SCL/SDA level must be  $\leq 3.6$  V

### Start condition

A Start condition is identified by a falling edge of SDA while SCLK is stable at high state. A Start condition must precede any data/command transfer. The device continuously monitors for a Start condition and will not respond to any transaction unless one is encountered.

### Stop condition

A Stop condition is identified by a rising edge of SDA while SCLK is stable at high state. A Stop condition terminates communication between the slave device and bus master. A read command that is followed by NoAck can be followed by a Stop condition to force the slave device into idle mode. When the slave device is in idle mode, it is ready to receive the next I<sup>2</sup>C transaction. A Stop condition at the end of a write command stops the write operation to registers.

### Acknowledge bit (ACK)

The acknowledge bit is used to indicate a successful byte transfer. The bus transmitter releases the SDA after sending eight bits of data. During the ninth bit, the receiver pulls the SDA low to acknowledge the receipt of the eight bits of data. The receiver may leave the SDA in high state if it would to not acknowledge the receipt of the data.

### Data Input

The device samples the data input on SDA on the rising edge of the SCLK. The SDA signal must be stable during the rising edge of SCLK and the SDA signal must change only when SCLK is driven low.

### Memory addressing

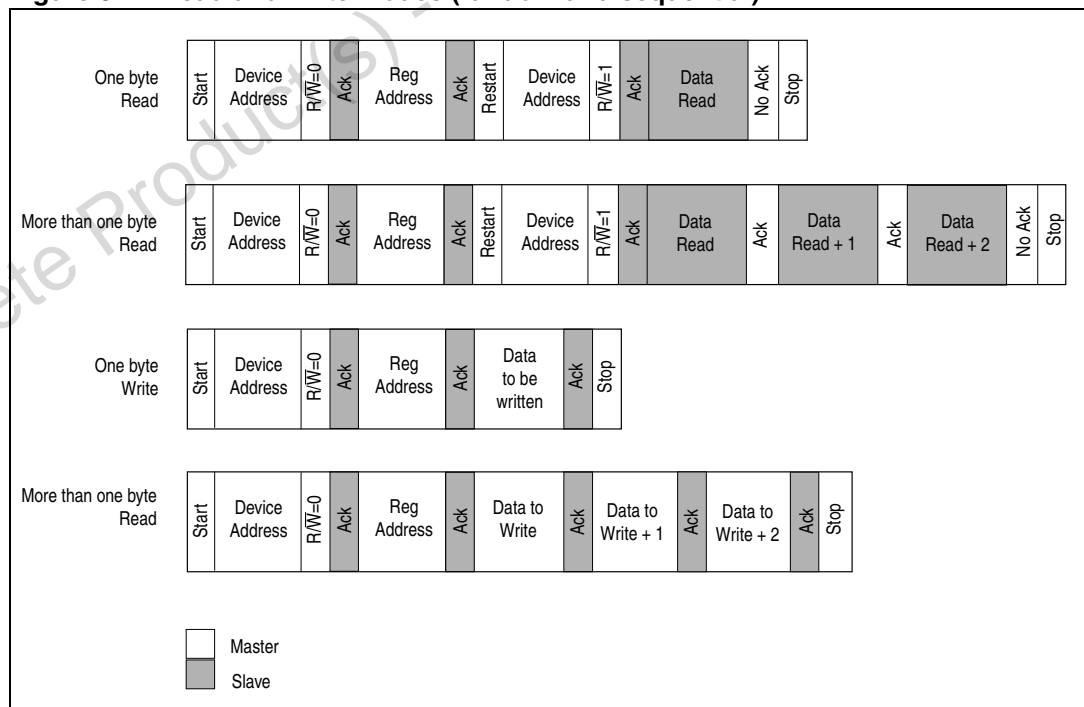
For the bus master to communicate to the slave device, the bus master must initiate a Start condition and followed by the slave device address. Accompanying the slave device address, there is a Read/WRITE bit (R/W). The bit is set to 1 for read and 0 for write operation.

If a match occurs on the slave device address, the corresponding device gives an acknowledgement on the SDA during the 9th bit time. If there is no match, it deselects itself from the bus by not responding to the transaction.

**Table 4. Operation modes**

Mode	Byte	Programming sequence
Read	≥1	Start, Device address, $R/\bar{W} = 0$ , Register address to be read
		Restart, Device address, $R/\bar{W} = 1$ , Data Read, STOP
		If no Stop is issued, the Data Read can be continuously performed. If the register address falls within the range that allows an address auto-increment, then the register address auto-increments internally after every byte of data being read. For those register addresses that fall within a non-incremental address range, the address will be kept static throughout the entire write operations. Refer to the memory map table for the address ranges that are auto and non-increment. An example of such a non-increment address is FIFO
Write	≥1	Start, Device address, $R/\bar{W} = 0$ , Register address to be written, Data Write, Stop
		If no Stop is issued, the Data Write can be continuously performed. If the register address falls within the range that allows address auto-increment, then the register address auto-increments internally after every byte of data being written in. For those register addresses that fall within a non-incremental address range, the address will be kept static throughout the entire write operations. Refer to the memory map table for the address ranges that are auto and non-increment. An example of a non-increment address is Data port for initializing the PWM commands.

**Figure 6. Read and write modes (random and sequential)**



## 4 Register map and function description

This section lists and describes the registers of the STMPE821 device, starting with a register map and then provides detailed descriptions of register types.

**Table 5. Register summary map table**

Address	Register name	Bit	Type	Reset value	Function
0x00	CHIP_ID_0	8	R	0x08	Device identification
0x01	CHIP_ID_1	8	R	0x21	Device identification
0x02	ID_VER	8	R	0x0F	Revision number
0x03	SYS_CFG_1	8	R/W	0x00	System configuration 1
0x04	SYS_CFG_2	8	R/W	0xEF	System configuration 2
0x08	INT_CTRL	8	R/W	0x01	Interrupt control register
0x09	INT_EN	8	R/W	0x01	Interrupt enable register
0x0A	INT_STA	8	R	0x01	Interrupt status register
0x0B	GPIO__INT_EN_lsb	8	R/W	0x00	GPIO interrupt enable register
0x0C	GPIO__INT_EN_msb	8	R/W	0x00	GPIO interrupt enable register
0x0D	GPIO_INT_STA_lsb	8	R/W	0x00	GPIO interrupt status register
0x0E	GPIO_INT_STA_msb	8	R/W	0x00	GPIO interrupt status register
0x10	GPIO_MR	8	R/W	0x00	GPIO monitor pin
0x12	GPIO_SET	8	R/W	0x00	GPIO set pin state register
0x14	GPIO_DIR	8	R/W	0x00	GPIO set pin direction register
0x16	GPIO_FUNCT	8	R/W	0x00	GPIO function register
0x18	TOUCH_FIFO	64	R	0x00	Fifo access for touch data buffer
0x20	FEATURE_SEL	8	R/W	0x04	Feature selection
0x21	ETC_WAIT	8	R/W	0x27	Wait time
0x22	CAL_INTERVAL	8	R/W	0x30	Calibration interval
0x23	INTEGRATION_TIME	8	R/W	0x0F	Integration time
0x25	CTRL	8	R/W	0x00	Control
0x26	INT_MASK	8	R/W	0x08	Interrupt mask
0x27	INT_CLR	8	R/W	0x00	Interrupt clear
0x28	FILTER_PERIOD	8	R/W	0x00	Filter period
0x29	FILTER_THRESHOLD	8	R/W	0x00	Filter threshold
0x2A	REF_DLY	8	R/W	0x00	Reference delay
0x30 - 0x37	TVR	8	R/W	0x08	Touch variance setting

Table 5. Register summary map table (continued)

Address	Register name	Bit	Type	Reset value	Function
0x40	EVR	8	R/W	0x04	Environmental variance
0x50 - 0x57	STRENGTH_THRES [0-7]	8	R/W	0x01	Setting of strength threshold for each channel
0x60 - 0x67	STRENGTH [0-7]	8	R	0x00	Strength
0x70 - 0x77	CAL_IMPEDANCE [0-7]	8	R	0x00	Calibrated impedance
0x80 - 0x87	IMPEDANCE [0-7]	8	R	0x00	Impedance
0x92	INT_PENDING	8	R/W	0x00	Status of GINT interrupt sources
0xA0	PWM_OFF_OUTPUT	8	R/W	0x00	PWM group control
0xA1	MASTER_EN	8	R/W	0x00	Master enable
0xB0	PWM0_SET	8	R/W	0x00	PWM 0 setup
0xB1	PWM0_CTRL	8	R/W	0x00	PWM 0 control
0xB2	PWM0_RAMP_RATE	8	R/W	0x00	PWM 0 ramp rate
0xB4	PWM1_SET	8	R/W	0x00	PWM 1 setup
0xB5	PWM1_CTRL	8	R/W	0x00	PWM 1 control
0xB6	PWM1_RAMP_RATE	8	R/W	0x00	PWM 1 ramp rate
0xB8	PWM2_SET	8	R/W	0x00	PWM 2 setup
0xB9	PWM2_CTRL	8	R/W	0x00	PWM 2 control
0xBA	PWM2_RAMP_RATE	8	R/W	0x00	PWM 2 ramp rate
0xBC	PWM3_SET	8	R/W	0x00	PWM 3 setup
0xBD	PWM3_CTRL	8	R/W	0x00	PWM 3 control
0xBE	PWM3_RAMP_RATE	8	R/W	0x00	PWM 3 ramp rate

## 5 System and identification registers

**Table 6. System and identification registers map**

Address	Register name	Bit	Type	Reset	Function
0x00	CHIP_ID_0	8	R	0x08	Device identification
0x01	CHIP_ID_1	8	R	0x21	Device identification
0x02	ID_VER	8	R	0x0F	Revision number
0x03	SYS_CFG_1	8	R/W	0x00	System configuration 1
0x04	SYS_CFG_2	8	R/W	0xEF	System configuration 2

**CHIP\_ID\_x****Device identification****Address:** 0x00, 0x01**Type:** R**Description:** 8-bit device identification



**ID\_VER**

Revision number

**Address:** 0x02  
**Type:** R  
**Reset:** 0x0F  
**Description:** 16-bit revision number

**SYS\_CFG\_1**

System configuration 1

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
RESERVED				SLEEP	WARM_RESET	SOFT_RESET	HIBERNATE

**Address:** 0x03  
**Type:** R/W  
**Reset:** 0x00  
**Description:** The reset control register enables to reset the device

- [7:4] RESERVED
- [3] **SLEEP:**  
Write '1' to enable sleep mode. hardware resets this bit to '0' after it successfully enters sleep mode.
- [2] **WARM\_RESET:**  
Write '1' to initiate a warm reset. Register content remains, state machine reset.
- [1] **SOFT\_RESET:**  
Write '1' to initiate a soft reset. All registers content and state machines reset.
- [0] **HIBERNATE:** Force the device into hibernation mode.  
Write '1' to enter the hibernate mode. Hardware resets this bit to '0' after it successfully enters hibernate mode.

**SYS\_CFG\_2**

**System configuration 2**

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
SENSOR CLOCK 2	SENSOR CLOCK 1	SENSOR CLOCK 0	-	PWM CLOCK DISABLE	GPIO CLOCK DISABLE	FIFO CLOCK DISABLE	TOUCH CLOCK DISABLE

**Address:** 0x04

**Type:** R/W

**Reset:** 0xEF

**Description:** This register enables to switch off the clock supply

[7:5] **SENSOR CLOCK:** See description in the table below.

[4] **RESERVED**

[3] **PWM CLOCK DISABLE:**  
Write '1' to disable the clock to PWM unit.

[2] **GPIO CLOCK DISABLE:**  
Write '1' to disable the clock to GPIO unit. Note that GPIO clock is required for PWM operation.

[1] **FIFO CLOCK DISABLE:**  
Write '1' to disable the clock to FIFO unit. This must be set to '0' if touch interrupt is required.

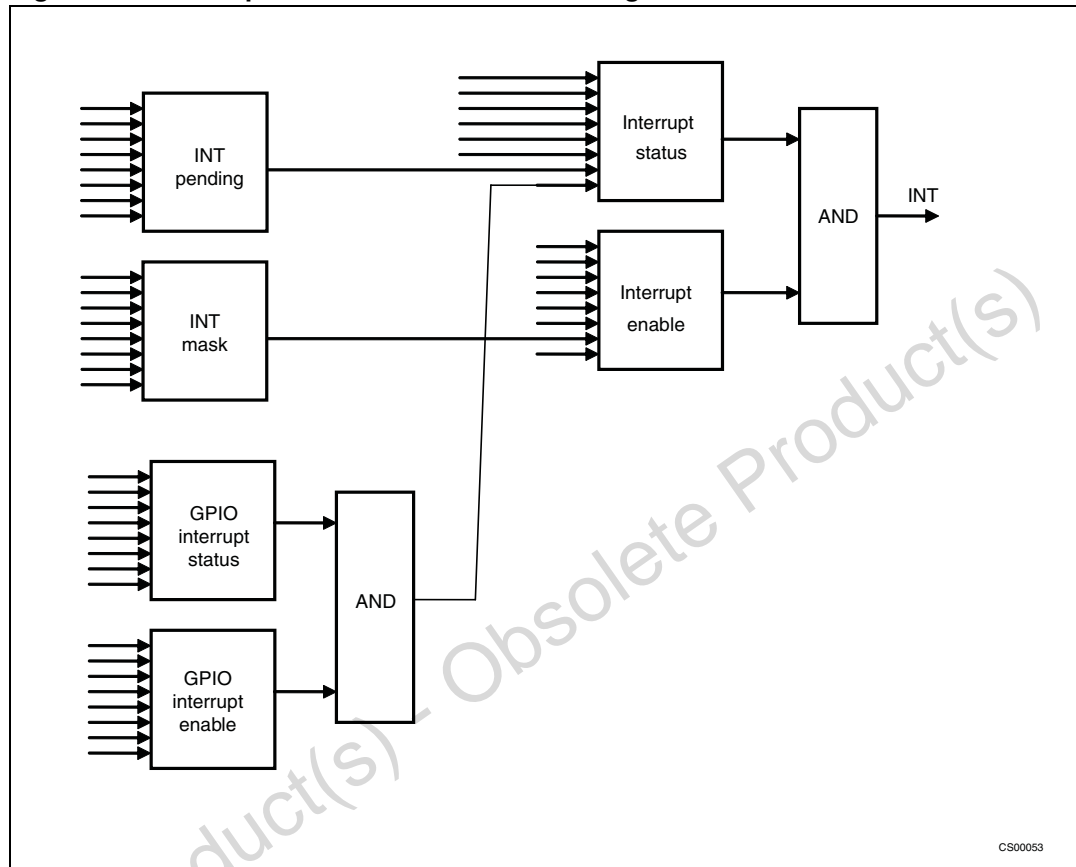
[0] **TOUCH CLOCK DISABLE:**  
Write '1' to disable the clock to TOUCH unit.

**Table 7. Sensor clock setting**

Mode	Divider	Sensor clock [2:0]	Active	Calibration
Operational (6.5 MHz)	1	000	12.8 KHz	100 KHz
	2	001	6.4 KHz	50 KHz
	4	010	3.2 KHz	25 KHz
	8	011	1.6 KHz	12.5 KHz
	16	1xx	800 Hz	6.25 KHz
Autosleep (200 KHz)	1	000	400 Hz	3.2 KHz
	2	001	200 Hz	1.6 KHz
	4	010	100 Hz	800 Hz
	8	011	50 Hz	400 Hz
	16	1xx	25 Hz	200 Hz

## 6 Interrupt controller module

Figure 7. Interrupt controller module block diagram



**INT\_CTRL**

**Interrupt control register**

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
					POLARITY	TYPE	INT_EN

**Address:** 0x08

**Type:** R/W

**Reset:** 0x00

**Description:** This register is used to enable control the polarity, edge/level and enabling of the interrupt system.device

[7:3] **RESERVED**

[2] **POLARITY:**

'0' for active low

'1' for active high

For active low operation, the INT pin should be externally pulled high (up to 3.3 V, but  $\leq V_{IO}$ ). The INT pin will be pulled to GND when there is a pending interrupt.

For active high operation, the INT pin should be externally pulled to GND. In this mode, the INT pin will be pulled to  $V_{CC}$  by the device when there is a pending interrupt.

[1] **TYPE:**

'0' for level trigger

'1' for edge trigger (pulse width is 200 nS)

[0] **INT\_EN:**

'0' to disable all interrupt

'1' to enable all interrupt

**INT\_EN**

**Interrupt enable register**

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
GPIO	PWM3	PWM2	PWM1	PWM0	GEN	FIFO	POR

**Address:** 0x09

**Type:** R/W

**Reset:** 0x00

**Description:** This register is used to enable the interruption from a system related interrupt source to the host. Writing '1' in this register enables the corresponding interrupt event to generate interrupt signal at the INT pin. Note that even if the interrupt is not enabled, an interrupt event will still be reflected in the interrupt status register.

- [7] GPIO:  
One or more level transition in enabled GPIOs
- [6] PWM3:  
Completion of PWM sequence
- [5] PWM2:  
Completion of PWM sequence
- [4] PWM1:  
Completion of PWM sequence
- [3] PWM0:  
Completion of PWM sequence
- [2] GEN:  
System INT (A21, I2A, EOC)
- [1] FIFO:  
Data available in FIFO. This interrupt can be cleared only if FIFO is empty.
- [0] POR:  
Power-on reset

**INT\_STA**

**Interrupt status register**

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
GPIO	PWM3	PWM2	PWM1	PWM0	GEN	FIFO	POR

**Address:** 0x0A

**Type:** R

**Reset:** 0x00

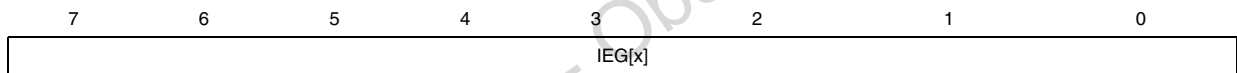
**Description:** This register is used to enable the interruption from a system related interrupt source to the host. Regardless whether the IESYSIOR bits are enabled, the ISSYSIOR bits

are still updated. Writing '1' clears a bit in this register. Writing '0' has no effect.

- [7] GPIO:  
One or more level transition in enabled GPIOs
- [6] PWM3:  
Completion of PWM sequence
- [5] PWM2:  
Completion of PWM sequence
- [4] PWM1:  
Completion of PWM sequence
- [3] PWM0:  
Completion of PWM sequence
- [2] GEN:  
System INT (A21, I2A, EOC)
- [1] FIFO:  
Data available in FIFO
- [0] POR:  
Power-on reset

**GPIO\_INT\_EN**

**GPIO interrupt enable register1**



**Address:** 0x0B, 0x0C

**Type:** R/W

**Reset:** 0x00

**Description:** The GPIO interrupt enable register is used to enable the interruption from a particular GPIO interrupt source to the host. The IEG[7:0] bits and the interrupt enable mask bits correspond to the GPIO[7:0] pins.

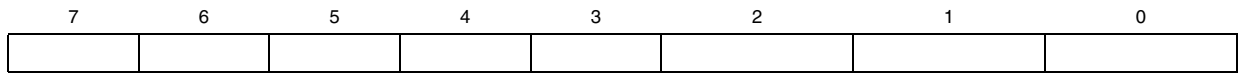
[7:0] IEG[7:0]

Interrupt enable GPIO mask (where x = 7 to 0)

Writing a '1' to the IE[x] bit will enable the interruption to the host.

**GPIO\_INT\_STA**

**GPIO interrupt status register**



**Address:** 0x0D

**Type:** R/W

**Reset:** 0x00

**Description:** The GPIO interrupt status register LSB monitors the status of the interruption from a particular GPIO pin interrupt source to the host. Regardless whether the IEGPIOR bits are enabled or not, the INT\_STA\_GPIO\_LSB bits are still updated. The ISG[7:0] bits are the interrupt status bits correspond to the GPIO[7:0] pins.

[7:0] ISG[x]:

Interrupt status GPIO (where x = 7 to 0)

Read:

Interrupt status of the GPIO[x]. Writing '1' clears a bit. Writing '0' has no effect.

Obsolete Product(s) - Obsolete Product(s)

## 7 GPIO controller

A total of 8 GPIOs are available in the STMPE821. The GPIO controller contains the registers that allow the host system to configure each of the pins into either a GPIO, direct output of a TOUCH channel or a PWM output. Unused GPIOs should be configured as outputs to minimize the power consumption.

A group of registers is used to control the exact function of each of the 8 GPIOs. The registers and their respective address is listed in the following table.

**Table 8. GPIO controller registers summary map**

Address	Register name	Description	Auto-increment
0x10	GPIO_MR_LSB	GPIO monitor pin state register	YES
0x11	GPIO_MR_MSB		
0x12	GPIO_SET_LSB	GPIO set pin state register	YES
0x13	GPIO_SET_MSB		
0x14	GPIO_DIR_LSB	GPIO set pin direction register	YES
0x15	GPIO_DIR_MSB		
0x16	GPIO_FUNCT_LSB	GPIO function register	YES
0x17	GPIO_FUNCT_MSB		

All GPIO registers are named as GPxx, where:

Xxx represents the functional group

For LSB registers:

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
IO-7	IO-6	IO-5	IO-4	IO-3	IO-2	IO-1	IO-0

For MSB registers:

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
RESERVED							



The function of each bit is shown in the following table:

**Table 9. GPIO control bits function**

Register name	Function
GPIO monitor pin state	Reading this bit yields the current state of the bit. Writing has no effect.
GPIO set pin state	Writing '1' to this bit causes the corresponding GPIO to go to '1' state Writing '0' to this bit causes the corresponding GPIO to go to '0' state
GPIO set pin direction	'0' sets the corresponding GPIO to input state, and '1' sets it to output state. All bits are '0' on reset. The GPIO must be set as output if the PWM on this pin is to be used.
GPIO function	'1' sets the corresponding GPIO to function as GPIO/PWM, and '0' sets it to touch key mode. For GPIO 0-3, if the GPIO function is set to GPIO/PWM mode and the AF bits in the PWM master enable register is enabled, the corresponding GPIO will function as PWM output.

Obsolete Product(s) - Obsolete Product(s)

## 8 Capacitive touch module registers

Table 10. TOUCH\_FIFO summary table

Address	Function
0x18	FIFO-0, LSB
0x19	FIFO-0, MSB
0x1A	FIFO-1, LSB
0x1B	FIFO-1, MSB
0x1C	FIFO-2, LSB
0x1D	FIFO-2, MSB
0x1E	FIFO-3, LSB
0x1F	FIFO-3, MSB

### TOUCH\_FIFO

### Touch FIFO

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
T7	T6	T5	T4	T3	T2	T1	T0

**Address:** 0x19, 0x18

**Type:** R

**Reset:** 0x00

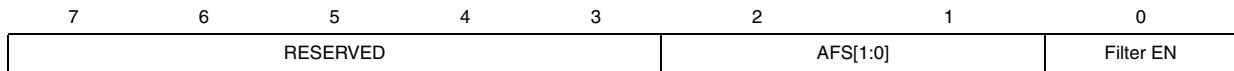
**Description:** TOUCH\_FIFO is the access port for the internal 4-level FIFO used for buffering the touch events. While it is possible to access each bytes in the data structure directly, it is recommended that the FIFO is accessed only via the 0x18 address.

The FIFO must be accessed in multiples of 2 bytes (LSB, MSB). For STMPE821, MSB is reserved and LSB contains a snapshot of the recent touch event. The FIFO must be accessed in multiples of 2 bytes (LSB, MSB). For STMPE821, MSB is reserved and LSB contains a snapshot of the recent touch event.

Where T<sub>n</sub> is touch status of touch sensing channel n.

**FEATURE\_SELECT**

**Feature select**



**Address:** 0x20

**Type:** R/W

**Reset:** 0x04

**Description:** Controls AFS (advanced filtering system and second level filtering feature

[7:3] RESERVED

[2:1] AFS[1:0]:

“00”: reserved

“01”: AFS mode 1 (only 1 strongest key)

“10”: AFS mode 2 (all keys that are above threshold)

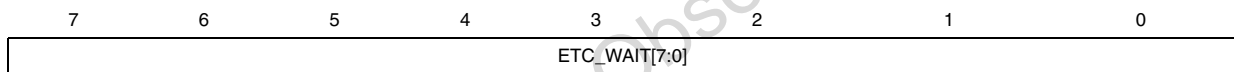
“11”: AFS mode 3 (the 2 strongest keys)

[0] Filter EN:

Write '1' to enable filter

**ETC\_WAIT**

**Wait time setting**



**Address:** 0x21

**Type:** R/W

**Reset:** 0x27

**Description:** Sets the wait time between the calibration and the last button touch

[7:0] ETC\_WAIT[7:0]:

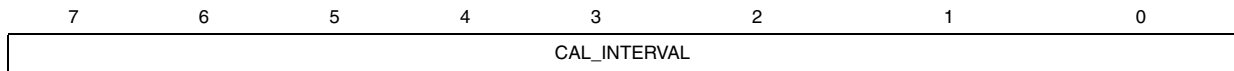
ETC wait time = ETC\_Wait[7:0] \*64 + sensor clock period

A "non-touch" condition must persist for this wait time, before an ETC operation is carried out.

Range: 5 mS - 20 s

**CAL\_INTERVAL**

**Calibration interval**



**Address:** 0x22

**Type:** R/W

**Reset:** 0x30

**Description:** Calibration interval

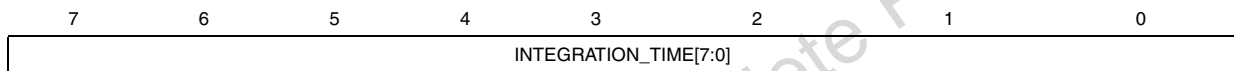
[7:0] CALIBRATION INTERVAL:

Interval between calibration = Calibration Interval [7:0] \* sensor clock period \* 50

Range: 4 mS - 16 S

**INTEGRATION TIME**

**Integration time**



**Address:** 0x23

**Type:** R/W

**Reset:** 0x0F

**Description:** Integration time

[7:0] Integration time in AFS mode

Total period of integration = sensor clock period \* Integration Time [7:0]

78 μS - 320 mS

**CTRL**

**Control**

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
RESERVED				F2A	HDC_U	HDC_C	HOLD

**Address:** 0x25

**Type:** R/W

**Reset:** 0x00

**Description:** Control

[7:4] RESERVED

[3] F2A:

Write '1' to force device to remain in ACTIVE state at all times

[2] HDC\_U:

Write '1' to perform unconditional host driven calibration.

Cleared to '0' when calibration is completed

Only applicable HOLD is '1'

[1] HDC\_C:

Write '1' to perform conditional host driven calibration.

Calibration is performed if and only if no touch is detected.

Cleared to '0' when calibration is completed

Only applicable HOLD is '1'

[0] HOLD:

'0' to enable ETC

'1' to disable ETC

**INT\_MASK**

**Interrupt mask**

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
RESERVED				EOC	RESERVED		

**Address:** 0x26

**Type:** R/W

**Reset:** 0x08

**Description:** Writing '1' to this register disables the corresponding interrupt source.

[7:4] RESERVED

[3] EOC:

End of calibration

This interrupt occurs on both automatic and forced calibration

[2:0] RESERVED

**INT\_CLR**

**Interrupt clear**

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
RESERVED				EOC	RESERVED		

**Address:** 0x27

**Type:** R/W

**Reset:** 0x00

**Description:** Writing '1' to this register clears the corresponding interrupt source in INT\_PENDING register.

[7:4] RESERVED

[3] EOC:

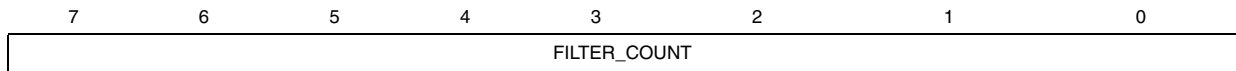
End of calibration

This interrupt occurs on both automatic and forced calibration

[2:0] RESERVED

**FILTER\_PERIOD**

**Filter period**



**Address:** 0x28

**Type:** R/W

**Reset:** 0x00

**Description:** Filter period.

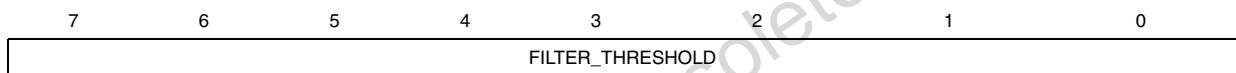
[7:0] FILTER\_COUNT:

Additional filter to stabilize touch output in AFS mode.

AFS touch output is monitored for Filter Count [7:0] times every integration time. For each time a "touch status" is detected, an internal "Filter Counter" is incremented once. This counter value is then compared with Filter Threshold (register 0x3E)

**FILTER\_THRESHOLD**

**Filter threshold**



**Address:** 0x29

**Type:** R/W

**Reset:** 0x00

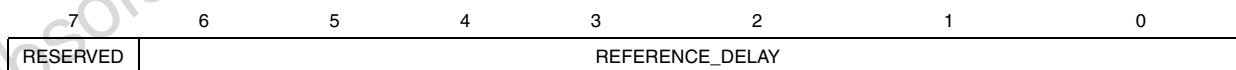
**Description:** Filter threshold.

[7:0] FILTER\_THRESHOLD:

An internal "Filter Counter" is compared with Filter Threshold [7:0] to determine if a valid touch has occurred.

**REFERENCE\_DELAY**

**Reference delay**



**Address:** 0x2A

**Type:** R/W

**Reset:** 0x00

**Description:** Shifting of capacitive sensor dynamic range. The capacitance value set into this register is in effect, equivalent to capacitor connected to the A\_Ref pin.

[7] RESERVED

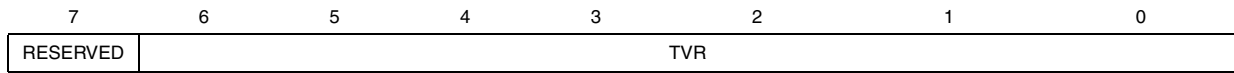
[6:0] REFERENCE\_DELAY:

Valid range = 0-127

Each step represents capacitance value of 0.05 pF

Warm reset is required after this value is updated

**TVR** **Touch variance setting**



**Address:** 0X30 - 0x3B

**Type:** R/W

**Reset:** 0x08

**Description:** Touch variance setting.

[7] RESERVED

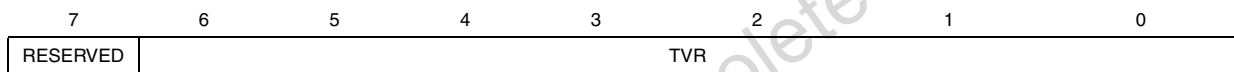
[6:0] TVR:

Setting TVR between 0-99

A high TVR value decreases sensitivity of the sensor, but increasing its tolerance to ambient noise

A small TVR value increases the sensitivity.

**EVR** **Environmental variance**



**Address:** 0x40

**Type:** R/W

**Reset:** 0x04

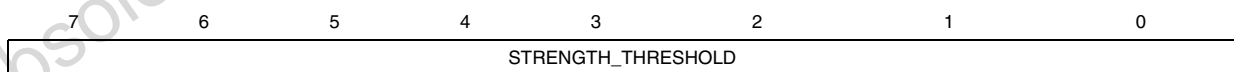
**Description:** Environmental variance setting.

[7] RESERVED

[6] EVR:

EVR is used to detect "Non-Touch" condition

**STRENGTH\_THRESHOLD** **Strength threshold**



**Address:** 0x50 - 0x57

**Type:** R/W

**Reset:** 0x01

**Description:** Strength threshold.

[7:0] STRENGTH\_THRESHOLD:

Setting threshold to be used in AFS mode to determine valid touch



**STRENGTH****Strength**

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
STRENGTH							

**Address:** 0x60 - 0x67**Type:** R**Reset:** 0x00**Description:** The number of times where a sense capacitance exceeds the calibrated reference impedance

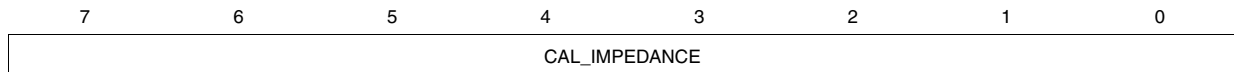
[7:0] STRENGTH:

Read-only field

Counts the number of times a sensed impedance exceeds calibrated reference impedance over and integration time. Maximum strength equals Integration Time [7:0]

**CALIBRATED\_IMPEDANCE**

**Calibrated impedance**



**Address:** 0x70 - 0x77

**Type:** R

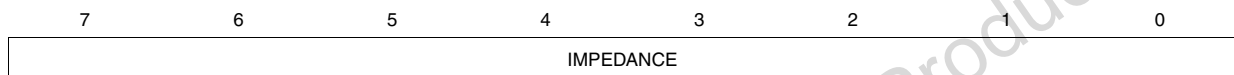
**Reset:** 0x00

**Description:** Calibrated impedance is a reference value maintained by the device.

[7:0] CALIBRATED IMPEDANCE:  
Calibrated reference impedance

**IMPEDANCE**

**Impedance**



**Address:** 0x80 - 0x87

**Type:** R

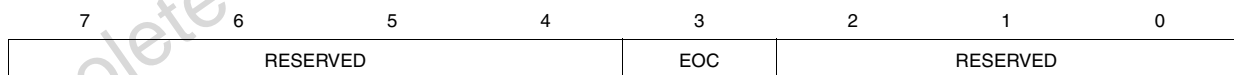
**Reset:** 0x00

**Description:** Impedance is the instantaneous impedance value seen at the input pin of each cap. sensing pin.

[7:0] IMPEDANCE:  
Currently sensed impedance. This impedance reading decreases with the increase of the capacitance at sensing channel.  
When this register reads 0x7F, reference capacitance should be reduced.  
When this register reads 0x00, reference capacitance should be increased.

**TINT\_PENDING**

**Interrupt pending**



**Address:** 0x92

**Type:** R/W

**Reset:** 0x00

**Description:** Reflects the status of each interrupt source.

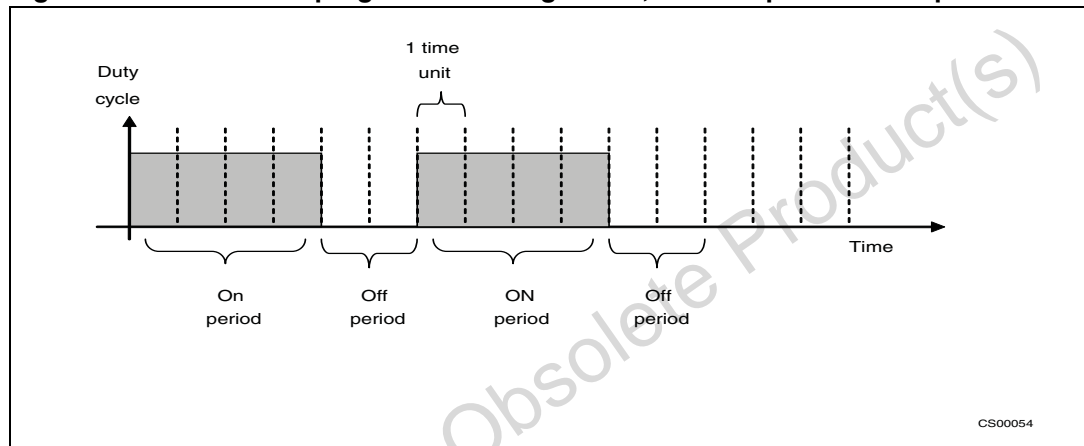
[7:4] RESERVED  
[3] EOC:  
End of calibration  
[2:0] RESERVED

## 9 Basic PWM controller

The advanced PWM allows complex brightness and blinking control of a LED. The basic PWM controller allows simpler brightness control and basic blinking patterns. The STMPE821 is fitted with a 4-channel basic PWM controller.

The PWM controllers outputs are connected to the GPIO 0-3. In order to activate the PWM channels, the alternate function bits in the master enable register must be set to '1'. The PWM controllers are capable of generating the following brightness patterns:

**Figure 8. Pulses with programmable brightness, ON/OFF period and repetition**



On period = period 0[1:0] \* time unit [3:0]

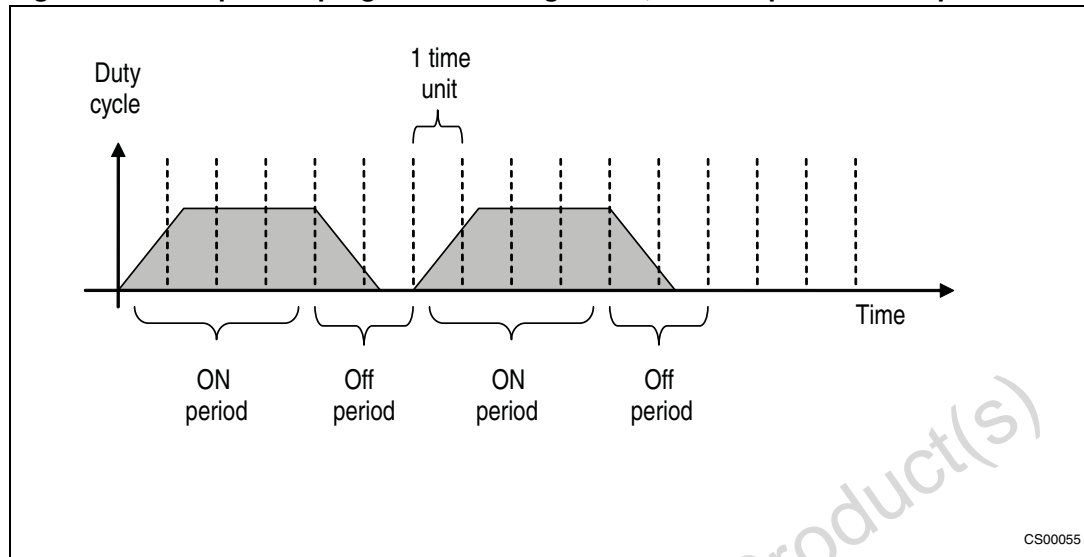
Off period = period 1[1:0] \* time unit [3:0]

Duty cycle during "on period" = brightness [7:4]

Number of cycles = repetition [3:0]

Ramp mode is disabled

**Figure 9. Ramps with programmable brightness, ON/OFF period and repetition**



“On” period = period 0[1:0] \* time unit [3:0]

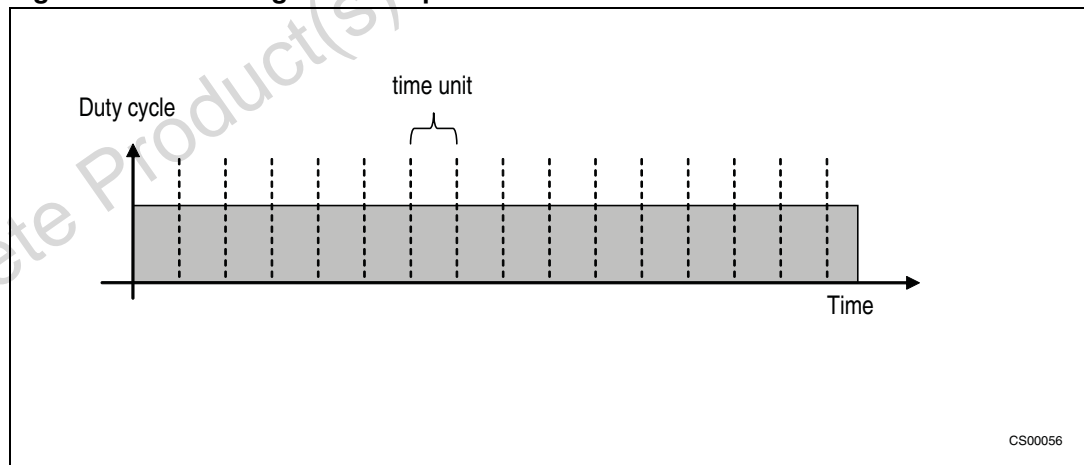
“Off” period = period 1[1:0] \* time unit [3:0]

Duty cycle during “on” period = brightness [7:4]

Number of cycles = repetition [3:0]

Ramp up rate is programmable.

**Figure 10. Fixed brightness output**



“On” period = period 0[1:0] \* time unit [3:0]

Off period = don't care

Duty cycle during “on” period = brightness [7:4]

Number of cycles = repetition [3:0] = 0 (means infinite repetition)

## 9.1 PWM function register map

Table 11. PWM function register map summary table

Register name	Description	Auto-increment (during sequential R/W)
PWM_OFF_OUTPUT	Set the output level when PWM is disabled	Yes
MASTER_EN	Enables/disables individual basic PWM channels	Yes
PWM0_SET	PWM 0 setup	Yes
PWM0_CTRL	PWM 0 control	Yes
PWM0_RAMP_RATE	PWM 0 ramp rate	Yes
PWM1_SET	PWM 1 setup	Yes
PWM1_CTRL	PWM 1 control	Yes
RAMP1_RATE	PWM 1 ramp rate	Yes
PWM2_SET	PWM 2 setup	Yes
PWM2_CTRL	PWM 2 control	Yes
RAMP2_RATE	PWM 2 ramp rate	Yes
PWM3_SET	PWM 3 setup	Yes
PWM3_CTRL	PWM 3 control	Yes
PWM3_RATE	PWM 3 ramp rate	Yes

### MASTER\_EN

### Master enabler

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
AF3	AF2	AF2	AF0	EN3	EN2	EN1	EN0

**Address:** 0xA1

**Type:** R/W

**Reset:** 0x00

**Description:** Write '1' to select PWM function on the corresponding channel.

[7:4] AF3:0

[3:0] OUT3:0:

Default is '0'.

Write '1' to used the corresponding PWM channel must be disabled for the controlling registers to be accessed.

**PWM\_OFF\_OUTPUT**

**PWM group control register**

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
				OUT3	OUT2	OUT1	OUT0

**Address:** 0xA0  
**Type:** R/W  
**Reset:** 0x00  
**Description:** PWM group control register.

- [7:4] RESERVED
- [3:0] OUT3:0:  
 Default is '0'  
 '1' - PWM channel outputs '1' when disabled  
 '0' - PWM channel outputs '0' when disabled

**RAMP\_RATE**

**Ramp rate register**

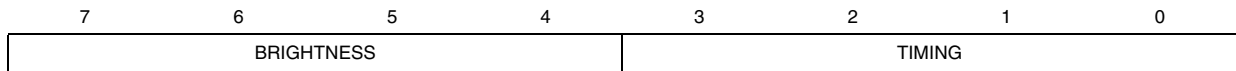
7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
RESERVED		RAMP_DOWN			RAMP_UP		

**Address:** 0xB2  
**Type:** R/W  
**Reset:** 0x00  
**Description:** Ramp rate register.

- [7:6] RESERVED
- [5:3] RAMP\_DOWN [2:0]:  
 '000' = 1/4 of time unit per brightness level change  
 '001' = 1/8 of time unit per brightness level change  
 '010' = 1/16 of time unit per brightness level change  
 '011' = 1/32 of time unit per brightness level change  
 '100' = 1/64 of time unit per brightness level change  
 '101' = 1/128 of time unit per brightness level change  
 '110' = reserved  
 '111' = reserved
- [2:0] RAMP\_UP [2:0]:  
 '000' = 1/4 of time unit per brightness level change  
 '001' = 1/8 of time unit per brightness level change  
 '010' = 1/16 of time unit per brightness level change  
 '011' = 1/32 of time unit per brightness level change  
 '100' = 1/64 of time unit per brightness level change  
 '101' = 1/128 of time unit per brightness level change  
 '110' = reserved  
 '111' = reserved

**PWM\_n\_SETUP**

**PWM\_n setup register (n=0-3)**



**Address:** 0xB0

**Type:** R/W

**Reset:** 0x00

**Description:** PWM setup register.

[7:4] BRIGHTNESS:

This defines the duty cycle during the ON period of the PWM channel output which in turn determines the brightness level of the LED that the PWM output drives.

0000: Duty cycle ratio 1:15 (6.25%, minimum brightness)

0001: Duty cycle ratio 2:14 (12.50%)

0010: Duty cycle ratio 3:13 (18.75%)

0011: Duty cycle ratio 4:12 (25.00%)

0100: Duty cycle ratio 5:11 (31.25%)

0101: Duty cycle ratio 6:10 (37.50%)

0110: Duty cycle ratio 7: 9 (43.75%)

0111: Duty cycle ratio 8: 8 (50.00%)

1000: Duty cycle ratio 9: 7 (56.25%)

1001: Duty cycle ratio 10: 6 (62.50%)

1010: Duty cycle ratio 11: 5 (68.75%)

1011: Duty cycle ratio 12: 4 (75.00%)

1100: Duty cycle ratio 13: 3 (81.25%)

1101: Duty cycle ratio 14: 2 (87.50%)

1110: Duty cycle ratio 15: 1 (93.75%)

1111: Duty cycle ratio 16: 0 (100.00%, maximum brightness)

[3:1] TIMING[3:0] is the time unit from which the duration of the ON period and OFF period is defined in:

"000" = 20 mS

"001" = 40 mS

"010" = 80 mS

"011" = 160 mS

"100" = 320 mS

"101" = 640 mS

"110" = 1280 mS

"111" = 2560 mS

[0] Write '1' to activate ramp mode

**PWM\_CTRL\_n**

**PWM control register n=0-3**

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
PERIOD_0		PERIOD_1		REPETITION			FRAME_ORDER

**Address:** 0xB1, 0xB5, 0xB9, 0xBD

**Type:** R/W

**Reset:** 0x00

**Description:** This register controls the sequence and repetition of blinking.

[7:6] PERIOD\_0:

This defines the ON period time which is when the PWM channel output is toggling. The time unit is as defined in the TIMING bits of the respective TIMING\_SETUP registers:

- 00: 1 time unit
- 01: 2 time unit
- 10: 3 time unit
- 11: 4 time unit

[5:4] PERIOD\_1:

This defines the OFF period time which is when the PWM channel output is low, that is, not toggling. The time unit is as defined in the TIMING bits of the respective TIMING\_SETUP registers:

- 00: 0 time unit. This means that there is no OFF period but only ON period, that is, the PWM channel output will always be toggling.
- 01: 1 time unit
- 10: 2 time unit
- 11: 3 time unit

[3:1] REPETITION:

This defines the number of repetition of pairs of PERIOD\_0 and PERIOD\_1.

- 000: infinite repetition.
- 001: execute only one pair.
- 010: execute 2 pairs
- 011: execute 3 pairs
- 100: execute 4 pairs
- 101: execute 5 pairs
- 110: execute 6 pairs
- 111: execute 7 pairs

[0] FRAME\_ORDER:

For PWM mode, this defines which frame, PERIOD\_0 or PERIOD\_1 comes first.

- 0: PERIOD\_0 is outputted first then PERIOD\_1.
- 1: PERIOD\_1 is outputted first then PERIOD\_0.



## 9.2 Interrupt on basic PWM controller

The basic PWM controller can be programmed to generate interrupts on completion of the blinking sequence.

- a) Each basic PWM controller has its own bit in interrupt the enable/status registers.
- b) If enabled, completion in any of the PWM controller triggers interrupts. No interrupt is generated if infinite repetition is set.

Obsolete Product(s) - Obsolete Product(s)

## 10 Maximum rating

Stressing the device above the rating listed in the “Absolute maximum ratings” table may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the operating sections of this specification is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

**Table 12. Absolute maximum ratings**

Symbol	Parameter	Value			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	
V <sub>CC</sub>	Power supply	–	–	2.5	V
V <sub>IO</sub>	GPIO supply voltage	–	–	4.5	V
V <sub>ESD</sub>	ESD protection on each GPIO/touch pin	–	–	8	kV

# 11 Electrical specifications

**Table 13. DC electrical characteristics (-40 - 85 °C unless otherwise stated)**

Symbol	Parameter	Test condition	Value			Unit
			Min	Typ	Max	
$V_{CC}$	Core supply voltage	Supplied by internal LDO	1.65	–	1.95	V
$V_{IO}$	IO supply voltage		2.7	–	3.6	V
$I_{active}$	Active current	5% touch activity $V_{IO} = 2.7-3.6$ V, $V_{CC}$ supplied by internal LDO, current measured at $V_{IO}$	–	42	63	$\mu$ A
$I_{active}$	Active current	10% touch activity $V_{IO} = 2.7-3.6$ V, $V_{CC}$ supplied by internal LDO, current measured at $V_{IO}$	–	60	90	$\mu$ A
$I_{active}$	Active current	100% touch activity $V_{IO} = 2.7-3.6$ V, $V_{CC}$ supplied by internal LDO, current measured at $V_{IO}$	–	350	650	$\mu$ A
$I_{sleep}$	Sleep current	$V_{IO} = 2.7-3.6$ V, $V_{CC}$ supplied by internal LDO, current measured at $V_{IO}$	–	25	40	$\mu$ A
$I_{hibernate}$	Hibernate current	$V_{IO} = 2.7-3.6$ V, $V_{CC}$ supplied by internal LDO, current measured at $V_{IO}$	–	5	8	$\mu$ A
$V_{IL}$	Input voltage low state (GPIO)	$V_{IO} = 2.7-3.6$ V	-0.3 V	–	$0.25 V_{IO}$	V
	Input voltage low state (RST)	$V_{CC} = 1.8$ V	-0.3 V	–	$0.20 V_{CC}$	V

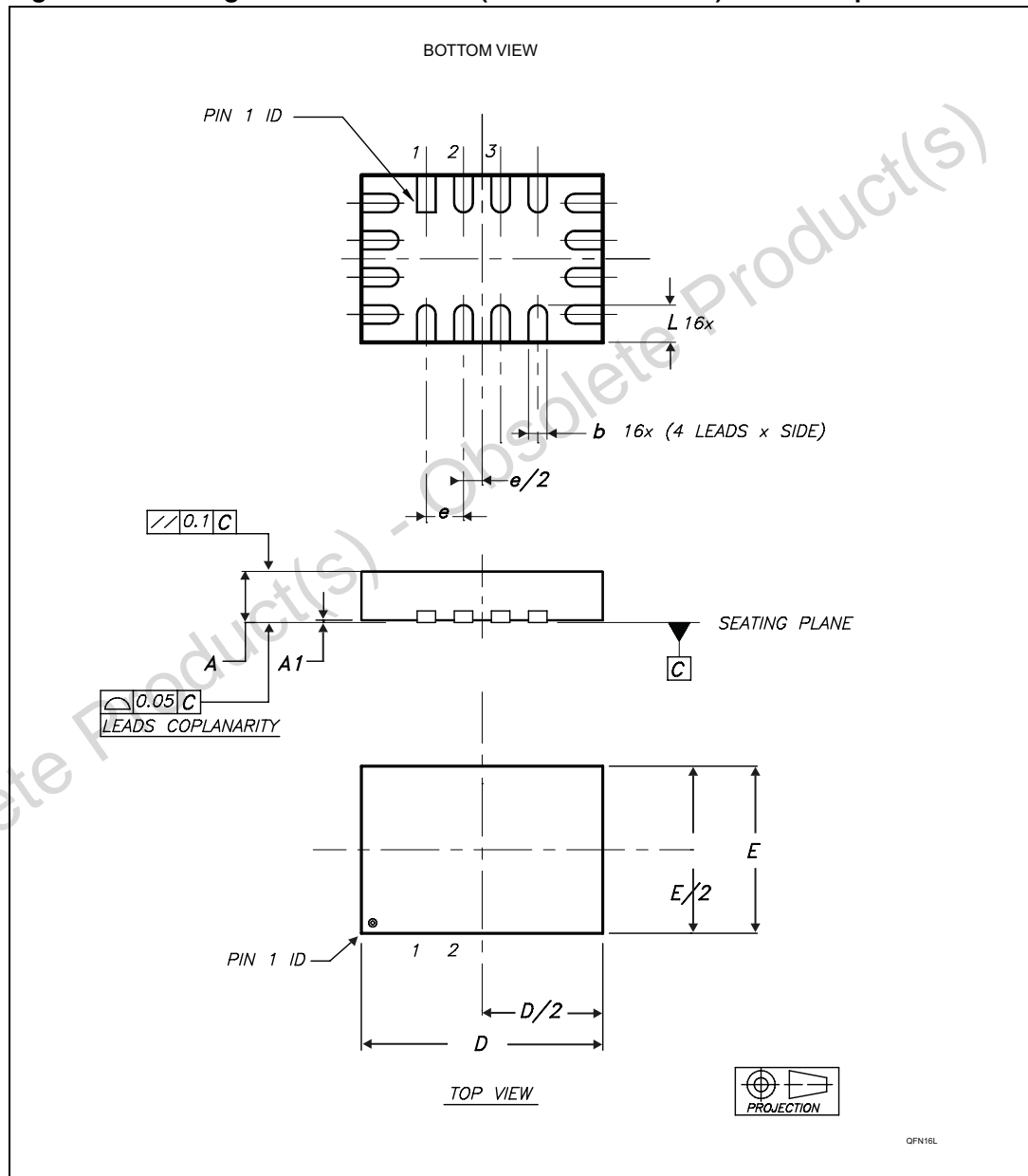
Table 13. DC electrical characteristics (-40 - 85 °C unless otherwise stated)

Symbol	Parameter	Test condition	Value			Unit
			Min	Typ	Max	
$V_{IH}$	Input voltage high state (RST)	$V_{CC} = 1.8 \text{ V}$	$0.80 V_{CC}$	–	$V_{CC}$	V
	Input voltage high state (GPIO)	$V_{IO} = 2.7 - 3.6 \text{ V}$	$0.75 V_{IO}$	–	$V_{IO} + 0.3 \text{ V}$	V
$V_{OL}$	Output voltage low state (GPIO)	$V_{IO} = 2.7-3.6 \text{ V}$ , $I_{OL} = 8 \text{ mA}$	-0.3 V	–	$0.25 V_{IO}$	V
$V_{OH}$	Output voltage high state (GPIO)	$V_{IO} = 2.7-3.6 \text{ V}$ , $I_{OH} = 8 \text{ mA}$	$0.75 V_{IO}$	–	$V_{IO} + 0.3$	V

## 12 Package mechanical data

In order to meet environmental requirements, ST offers these devices in different grades of ECOPACK® packages, depending on their level of environmental compliance. ECOPACK® specifications, grade definitions and product status are available at: [www.st.com](http://www.st.com). ECOPACK® is an ST trademark.

**Figure 11. Package outline for QFN16 (2.6 x 1.8 x 0.55 mm) - 0.40 mm pitch**

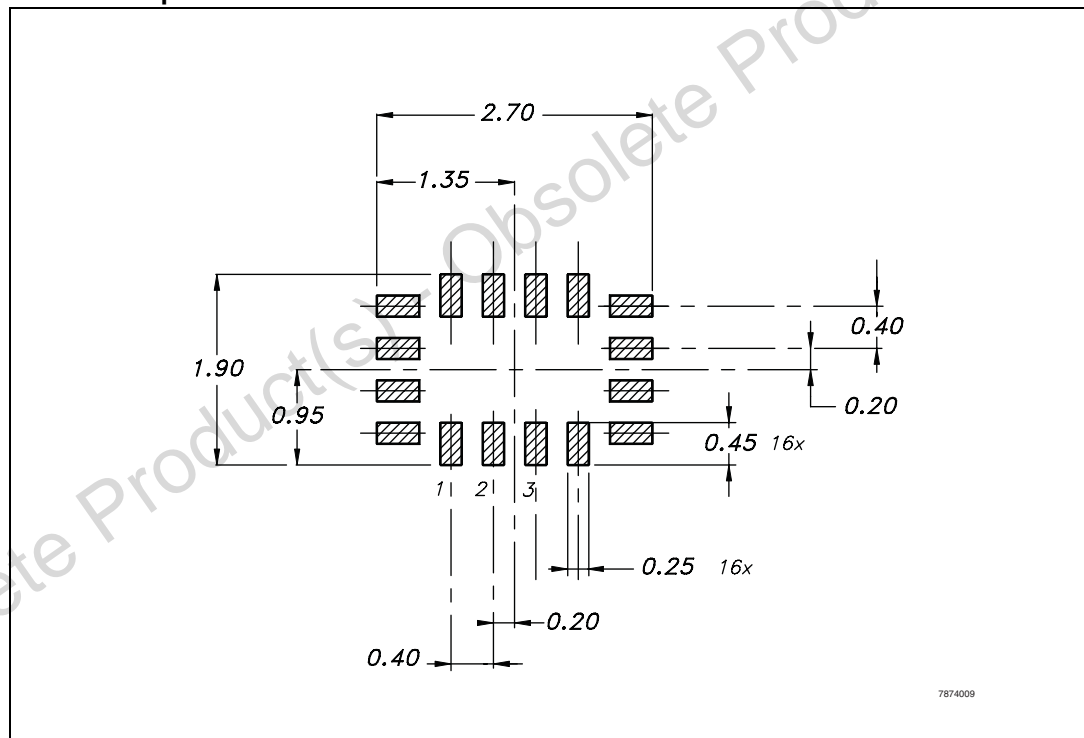


1. Drawing not to scale.
2. Dimensions are in millimeters.

Table 14. Mechanical data for QFN16 (2.6 x 1.8 x 0.55 mm) - 0.40 mm pitch

Symbol	Millimeters		
	Typ	Min	Max
A	0.55	0.45	0.60
A1	0.02	0	0.05
b	0.20	0.15	0.25
D	2.60	2.50	2.70
E	1.80	1.70	1.90
e	0.40	–	–
L	0.40	0.35	0.45

Figure 12. Footprint recommendations for QFN16 (2.6 x 1.8 x 0.55 mm) - 0.40 mm pitch



1. Drawing not to scale.
2. Dimensions are in millimeters.

Figure 13. Carrier tape for QFN16 (2.6 x 1.8 x 0.55 mm) - 0.40 mm pitch

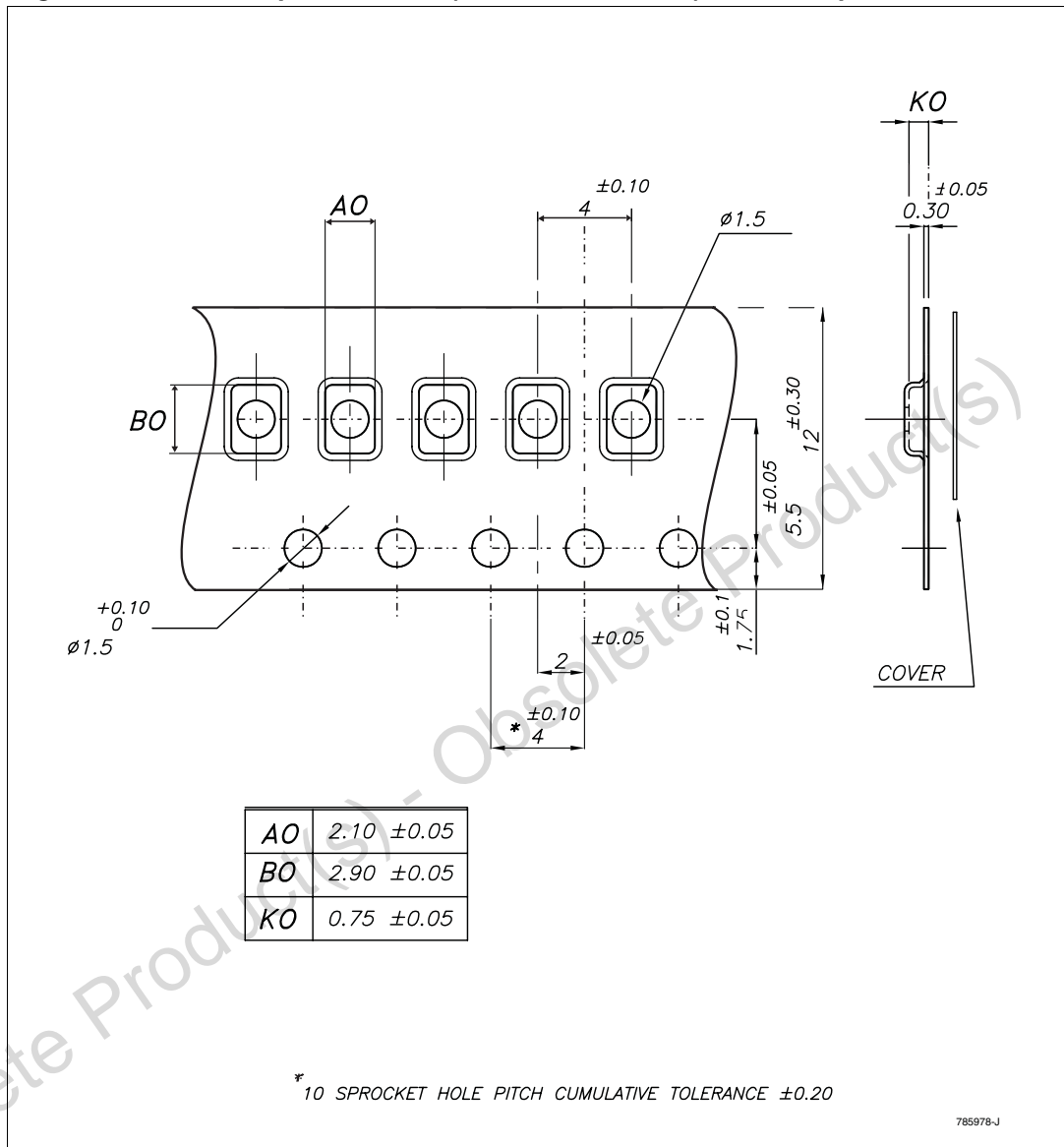
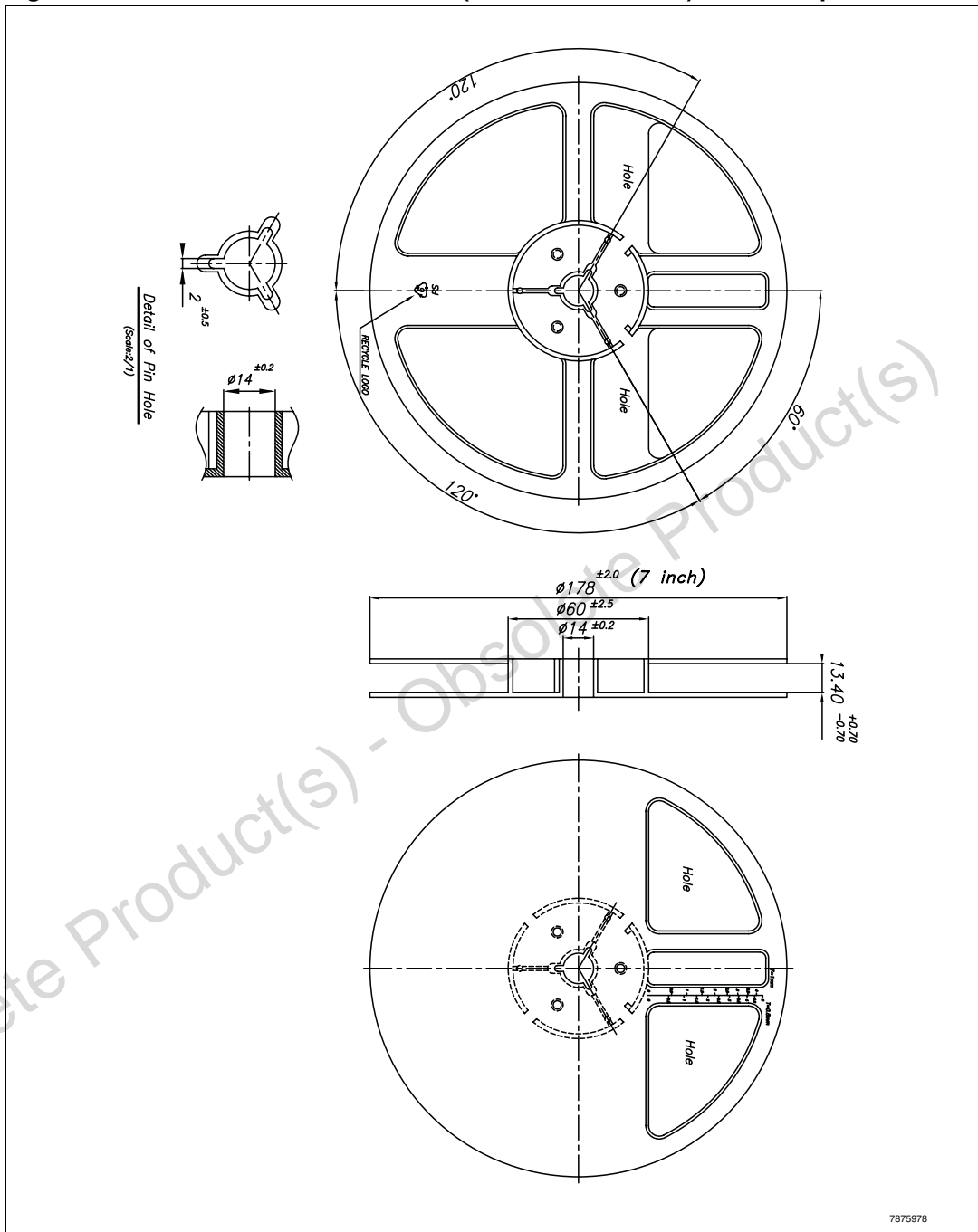


Figure 14. Reel information for QFN16 (2.6 x 1.8 x 0.55 mm) - 0.40 mm pitch



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- 1. Drawing not to scale.
- 2. Dimensions are in millimeters



## 13 Revision history

**Table 15. Document revision history**

Date	Revision	Changes
26-Feb-2008	1	Initial release.
10-Jun-2008	2	Modified: operating voltage range so as to included support for 5.5 V, <a href="#">Section 1.3 on page 7</a> , <a href="#">Figure 4 on page 10</a> , <a href="#">Section 3 on page 12</a> , <a href="#">Section 4 on page 14</a> , <a href="#">Section 7 on page 24</a> , Added: PWM_CTRL_n register description and I <sub>LEAKAGE</sub> value in <a href="#">Table 13 on page 50</a>
15-Sep-2008	3	Modified: package drawing and features section, <a href="#">Table 2 on page 6</a> , <a href="#">Table 3 on page 8</a> , <a href="#">Figure 3</a> , <a href="#">Figure 4</a> , <a href="#">Figure 4</a> , <a href="#">Section 1.4</a> , <a href="#">Section 1.5</a> , <a href="#">Section 2</a> , <a href="#">Section 3</a> , registers descriptions and <a href="#">Table 13</a> .
06-Apr-2009	4	Document status promoted from preliminary data to datasheet. Updated: cover page, <a href="#">Chapter 1 on page 5</a> , <a href="#">Chapter 2 on page 11</a> , <a href="#">Table 13 on page 43</a> and ECOPACK <sup>®</sup> information.
24-Nov-2010	5	Modified: title, <a href="#">Table 6</a> , <a href="#">Section 3</a> and <a href="#">Table 13</a>

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