

# Current Transducer HTB 50 .. 400 - P and HTB 50 .. 100 - TP

For the electronic measurement of currents: DC, AC, pulsed..., with a galvanic isolation between the primary circuit (high power) and the secondary circuit (electronic circuit).



## **Electrical data**

Primar curr I <sub>P</sub>	y nominal ent rms <sub>N</sub> (A)	Primary current measuring range I <sub>PM</sub> (A)	Туре		
± 5 ± 1 ± 1 ± 2 ± 3 ± 4	0 00 50 00 00 00	$\pm 150$ $\pm 300$ $\pm 450$ $\pm 500$ $\pm 600$ $\pm 600$	HTB 50-P, HTB 50-T HTB 100-P, HTB 100 HTB 150-P HTB 200-P HTB 300-P HTB 400-P	'P <sup>1)</sup> )-TP <sup>1)</sup>	
$\mathbf{V}_{c}$ $\mathbf{I}_{c}$ $\mathbf{V}_{d}$ $\mathbf{R}_{IS}$ $\mathbf{V}_{OUT}$ $\mathbf{R}_{OUT}$ $\mathbf{R}_{L}$	Supply volta Current con Rms voltage Isolation res Output volta Output inter Load resista	Supply voltage $(\pm 5 \%)^{2}$ Current consumption Rms voltage for AC isolation test, 50 Hz, 1 min Isolation resistance @ 500 VDC Output voltage (Analog)@ $\pm I_{PN}$ , $R_{L} = 10k\Omega$ , $T_{A} = 25^{\circ}C$ Output internal resistance Load resistance		± 1215 ± 15 2.5 > 500 ± 4 100 > 10	V mA kV ΜΩ V Ω kΩ
Ac	curacy - D	Dynamic perform	nance data		
Х ε <sub>L</sub> V <sub>OE</sub> V <sub>OH</sub> TCV <sub>OE</sub> TCV <sub>OE</sub> t <sub>r</sub> BW	Accuracy @ Linearity err Electrical of Hysteresis of Temperature Response ti Frequency b	$\begin{array}{c} \left  \mathbf{I}_{PN}, \mathbf{T}_{A} = 25^{\circ}\text{C} \text{ (exclution of } \mathbf{I}_{PN} \right) \\ \text{fset voltage } (\mathbf{I}_{PN}) \\ \text{fset voltage } (\mathbf{I}_{P}) \\ \text{fset voltage } (\mathbf{I}_{PN}) \\ \text{fset voltage } (I$	nding offset) 5°C D; an excursion of 1 x I <sub>PN</sub> TB 50-(T)P TB 100-(T)P 400-P % of reading)	< ± 1 < ± 1 < ± 30 < ± 1 < ± 2.0 < ± 1.0 < ± 0.1 < 3 DC 50	% of I <sub>PN</sub> % of I <sub>PN</sub> mV % of I <sub>PN</sub> mV/K mV/K %/K μs kHz

### General data

T₄	Ambient operating temperature	- 40 + 80	°C
T <sub>s</sub>	Ambient storage temperature	- 40 + 85	°C
m	Mass	< 30 ( < 36)	g
	Standards	EN 50178 :	1997
	2 pins of Ø2mm diameter are available on transducer		
	for PCB soldering		

 $\underline{Notes}$  :  $\ ^{1)}$  -TP version is equipped with a primary bus bar.

<sup>2)</sup> Operating at  $\pm 12V \le Vc \le \pm 15V$  will reduce the measuring range.

<sup>3)</sup> Derating is needed to avoid excessive core heating at high frequency.



### **Features**

- Hall effect measuring principle
- Galvanic isolation between
  primary and secondary circuit
- Isolation voltage 2500 V
- Low power consumption
- Wide power supply: ± 12 ..15 V
- Primary bus bar option for 50 A and 100 A version for ease of connection

### **Advantages**

- Small size and space saving
- Only one design for wide current ratings range
- High immunity to external interference.

### **Applications**

- AC variable speed drives
- Static converters for DC motor drives
- Battery supplied applications
- Uninterruptible Power Supplies
  (UPS)
- Switched Mode Power Supplies (SMPS)
- Power supplies for welding applications

### **Application domain**

Industrial

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Isolation characteristics				
V <sub>d</sub> V <sub>e</sub> V <sub>w</sub>	Rms voltage for AC isolation test, 50 Hz, 1 min Partial discharge extinction voltage rms @ 10pC Impulse withstand voltage 1.2/50 µs	2.5 > 500 4	kV V kV	
dCp dCl CTl	Creepage distance Clearance distance Comparative tracking index (Group IIIa)	> 4.5 > 4.5 275	mm mm	

#### **Application examples**

According to EN 50178 and CEI 61010-1 standards and following conditions :

- Over voltage category III

- Pollution degree 2
- Heterogeneous field

	EN 50178	IEC 61010-1
Single isolation	300 V	300 V
Reinforced isolation	150 V	150 V

### Safety



This transducer must be used in electric/electronic equipment with respect to applicable standards and safety requirements in accordance with the manufacturer's operating instructions.



Caution, risk of electrical shock

When operating the transducer, certain parts of the module can carry hazardous voltage (eg. primary busbar, power supply).

Ignoring this warning can lead to injury and/or cause serious damage.

This transducer is a built-in device, whose conducting parts must be inaccessible after installation.

A protective housing or additional shield could be used.

Main supply must be able to be disconnected.

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#### Dimensions HTB 50 .. 400-P and HTB 50 .. 100-TP (in mm. 1 mm = 0.0394 inch)

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