



# **OLED SPECIFICATION**

Model No:

# RET025664AGPP3N00000

## **CUSTOMER:**

APPROVED BY	
PCB VERSION	
DATE	

FOR CUSTOMER USE ONLY

SALES BY	APPROVED BY	CHECKED BY	PREPARED BY
Release DATE:		100	



# 1. Revision History

VERSION	DATE	REVISED PAGE NO.	Note
0	2015/08/28		First release
Α	2015/12/22		Modify Life Time
В	2016/06/01		Modify Static
			electricity test



## **Contents**

- 1.General Specification
- 2. Module Classification Information
- 3.Interface Pin Function
- 4. Contour Drawing & Block Diagram
- 5. Absolute Maximum Ratings
- 6. Electrical Characteristics
- 7. Optical Characteristics
- 8.OLED Lifetime
- 9.Reliability
- 10.Inspection specification
- 11.Precautions in use of OLED Modules



## **1.General Specification**

The Features is described as follow:

■ Module dimension: 84.0 × 25.8 × 2.05 mm

■ Active area: 69.098 × 17.258 mm

■ Dot Matrix: 256 \* 64

■ Pixel size: 0.248 × 0.248 mm

■ Pixel pitch: 0.27 × 0.27 mm

■ Duty: 1/64 Duty

■ Display Mode: Passive Matrix

■ Display Color: Green

■ IC: SSD1322



# 2.Module Coding System

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
R	Е	Т	025664	Α	G	Р	Р	3	N	0	0	0	00

1	Brand : Raystar Opt	ronics Inc.					
2	E: OLED						
3	Display Type:C→Character, G→Graphic , T→TAB ,X→COG , H→COG (with Frame)						
4	Dot Matrix: 256*64						
5	Series						
		A : Amber	R : Red	C : Full Color			
6	Emitting Color	B : Blue	W : White				
	Limiting Color	G : Green	Y : Yellow				
		S : Sky Blue	X : Dual Color				
7	Polarizer	P : With Polarizer;	N: Without Polarizer				
	1 Olalizei	A : Anti-glare Polar	rizer				
8	Display Mode	P : Passive Matrix	; N : Active Matrix				
9	Driver Voltage	3:3.0~3.3V; 5	: 5.0V				
10	Touch Panel	N : Without touch p	panel; T: With touch pan	el			
		0 : Standard					
		1 : Sunlight Reada	ble	1000			
11	Product type	2 : Transparent OLED (TOLED)					
		3 : Flexible OLED	(FOLED)				
		4 : OLED Lighting					
		0 : Standard					
12	Inspection Grade	2 : B grade					
12	C : Automotive grade						
		Y : Consumer grad	le				
13	Interface	· ·	C;H:Hot bar;D:De	mo Kit			
14	Serial No.	Serial number(00~	ZZ)				







## **3.Interface Pin Function**

Pin	Symbol	I/O	Function
Number			
Power St	upply		<u> </u>
26	VCI	Р	Power Supply for Operation
			This is a voltage supply pin. It must be connected to external source &
			always be equal to or higher than VDD & VDDIO.
25	VDD	Р	Power Supply for Core Logic Circuit
			This is a voltage supply pin. It can be supplied externally (within the
			range of 2.4~2.6V) or regulated internally from VCI. A capacitor
			should be connected between this pin & VSS under all circumstances.
24	VDDIO	Р	Power Supply for I/O Pin
			This pin is a power supply pin of I/O buffer. It should be connected to
			VDD or external source. All I/O signal should have VIH reference to
			VDDIO. When I/O signal pins (BS0~BS1, D0~D7, control signals)
			pull high, they should be connected to VDDIO.
2	VSS	Р	Ground of Logic Circuit
			This is a ground pin. It also acts as a reference for the logic pins. It
	1/00		must be connected to external ground.
3,29	VCC	Р	Power Supply for OLED Panel
			These are the most positive voltage supply pin of the chip. They must
	\".00	_	be connected to external source.
5,28	VLSS	Р	Ground of Analog Circuit
			These are the analog ground pins. They should be connected to VSS
Driver			externally.
22	IREF		Current Reference for Brightness Adjustment
22	INCI		This pin is segment current reference pin. A resistor should be
			connected between this pin and VSS. Set the current lower than
			10uA.
4	VCOMH	Р	Voltage Output High Level for COM Signal
•	VOUNT	' '	This pin is the input pin for the voltage output high level for COM
			signals. A tantalum capacitor should be connected between this pin
			and VSS.
27	VSL	Р	Voltage Output Low Level for SEG Signal
			This is segment voltage reference pin.
	,		When external VSL is not used, this pin should be left open.
			When external VSL is used, this pin should connect with resistor and
			diode to ground.
Testing F	Pads		
21	FR	0	Frame Frequency Triggering Signal
			This pin will send out a signal that could be used to identify the driver
			status. Nothing should be connected to this pin. It should be left open
			individually.



16	BS0	I	Communicating Protocol Select					
17	BS1		These pins are MCU interface select	ction input.	See the	following table:		
				BS0	BS1			
			3-wire SPI	1	0			
			4-wire SPI	0	0			
			8-bit 68XX Parallel	1	1			
			8-bit 80XX Parallel	0	1			
20	RES#	I	Power Reset for Controller and D	river				
			This pin is reset signal input. When	the pin is I	ow, initia	lization of the		
			chip is executed.					
19	CS#	1	Chip Select					
			This pin is the chip select input. The		abled for	MCU		
40	- · · · · ·	ļ.,	communication only when CS# is p	ulled low.				
18	D/C#	I	Data/Command Control			and the section of the section		
			This pin is Data/Command control p		ine pin is	pulled nigh,		
			the input at D7~D0 is treated as dis When the pin is pulled low, the input		) will be t	ranafarrad ta		
			the command register. For detail re					
			signals, please refer to the Timing (					
14	E/RD#	ı	Read/Write Enable or Read	Jilai aotorio	tios biag	iams.		
		'	This pin is MCU interface input. Wh	en interfac	ing to a 6	88XX-series		
			microprocessor, this pin will be use		•			
			Read/write operation is initiated wh		` ,	•		
			CS# is pulled low.	·	•			
			When connecting to an 80XX-micro					
			Read (RD#) signal. Data read opera	ation is initi	iated whe	en this pin is		
			pulled low and CS# is pulled low.					
4=	D04//		When serial mode is selected, this	pin must be	e connec	ted to VSS.		
15	R/W#	1	Read/Write Select or Write	!4 <b>-</b>	i	2000		
			This pin is MCU interface input. Wh		-			
			microprocessor, this pin will be used input. Pull this pin to "High" for read					
	, 1		mode.	mode and	puil it to	LOW IOI WITE		
			When 80XX interface mode is selec	cted this pi	in will be	the Write		
			(WR#) input. Data write operation is					
			low and the CS# is pulled low.					
	V Y		When serial mode is selected, this	pin must be	e connec	ted to VSS.		
6~13	D7~D0	I/O	Host Data Input/Output Bus					
			These pins are 8-bit bi-directional d	ata bus to	be conne	ected to the		
			microprocessor's data bus. When serial mode is selected, D1 will be					
			the serial data input SDIN and D0 v					
			Unused pins must be connected to	VSS excep	ot for D2	ın serial mode		
Reserve	N O	1	Decembed Din	- 6		- 01		
23	N.C.	-	Reserved Pin	are record	od for co	mnotible and		
			The N.C. pin between function pins	are reserv	eu ior co	inpanble and		
		<u> </u>	flexible design.	1120				

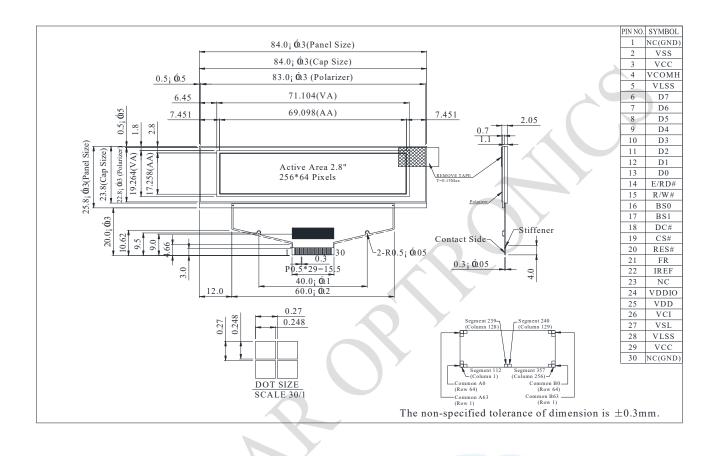


1,30	N.C.	-	Reserved Pin (Supporting Pin)
	(GND)		The supporting pins can reduce the influences from stresses on the
			function pins. These pins must be connected to external ground.





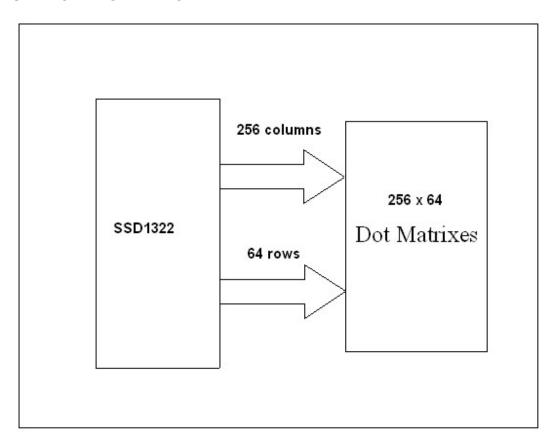
## 4. Counter Drawing & Block Diagram







### **FUNCTION BLOCK DIAGRAM**



<sup>\*</sup>For more information, please refer to Application Note provided by Raystar Optronics.



## **5.Absolute Maximum Ratings**

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Notes
Supply Voltage for Operation	VCI	-0.3	4	V	1, 2
Supply Voltage for Logic	VDD	-0.5	2.75	V	1, 2
Supply Voltage for I/O Pins	VDDIO	-0.5	VCI	V	1, 2
Supply Voltage for Display	VCC	-0.5	20	V	1, 2
Operating Temperature	TOP	-40	80	°C	-
Storage Temperature	TSTG	-40	80	°C	-

Note 1: All the above voltages are on the basis of "VSS = 0V".

Note 2: When this module is used beyond the above absolute maximum ratings, permanent breakage of the module may occur. Also, for normal operations, it is desirable to use this module under the conditions according to Section 6 "Electrical Characteristics". If this module is used beyond these conditions, malfunctioning of the module can occur and the reliability of the module may deteriorate



## **6.Electrical Characteristics**

Item	Symbol	Condition	Min	Тур	Мах	Unit
Supply Voltage for Logic	VCI	Note	2.8	3.0	3.3	V
Supply Voltage for Display	VCC	-	14	14.5	15	V
High Level Input	VIH	-	0.8×V <sub>DDIO</sub>	-	V <sub>DDIO</sub>	<b>V</b>
Low Level Input	VIL	-	0	- <	0.2×V <sub>DDIO</sub>	V
High Level Output	VOH	-	0.9×V <sub>DDIO</sub>	-	V <sub>DDIO</sub>	V
Low Level Output	VOL	-	0		0.1×V <sub>DDIO</sub>	V
50% Check Board operatir Current	ng	VCC =14.5V	23	25	32	mA

Note: Supply Voltage for Logic = VDD core power supply can be regulated from VCI.

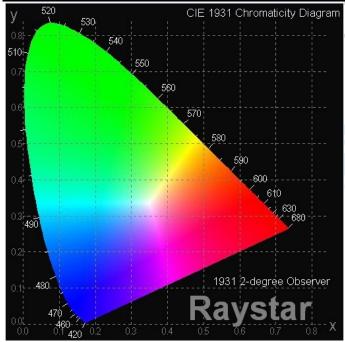


Page 14, Total 33 Pages



# 7. Optical Characteristics

Item	Symbol	Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
View Angle	(V)θ	-	160	-	-	deg
View / trigic	(Η)φ	-	160	-		deg
Contrast Ratio	CR	Dark	2000:1	-	-	-
Response Time	T rise	-	-	10		μs
Tresponse Time	T fall	-		10	-	μs
Display with 50% check E	120	140	-	cd/m2		
CIEx(Green)	0.24	0.28	0.32	-		
CIEy(Green)		(CIE1931)	0.59	0.63	0.67	-







## 8.OLED Lifetime

ITEM	Conditions	Min	Тур	Remark
Operating Life Time	Ta=25°C / Initial 50% check board brightness Typical Value	40,000 Hrs	-	Note

### Notes:

- 1. Life time is defined the amount of time when the luminance has decayed to <50% of the initial value.
- 2. This analysis method uses life data obtained under accelerated conditions to extrapolate an estimated probability density function (*pdf*) for the product under normal use conditions.
- 3. Screen saving mode will extend OLED lifetime.





# 9.Reliability

**Content of Reliability Test** 

Environmenta	ıl Test	T	IA P LI
Test Item	Content of Test	Test Condition	Applicable Standard
High Temperature storage	Endurance test applying the high storage temperature for a long time.	80□ 240hrs	-, C
Low Temperature storage	Endurance test applying the low storage temperature for a long time.	-40□ 240hrs	$\rightarrow$
High Temperature Operation	Endurance test applying the electric stress (Voltage & Current) and the thermal stress to the element for a long time.	80□ 240hrs	
Low Temperature Operation	Endurance test applying the electric stress under low temperature for a long time.	-40 □ 240hrs	_
High Temperature/ Humidity Storage	Endurance test applying the high temperature and high humidity storage for a long time.	60□,90%RH 240hrs	
Temperature Cycle	Endurance test applying the low and high temperature cycle.  -40 25 80  30min 5min 30min 1 cycle	-40□/80□ 100 cycles	
Mechanical Te	st		
Vibration test	Endurance test applying the vibration during transportation and using.	10~22Hz→1.5mmp-p 22~500Hz→1.5G Total 0.5hr	
Constructional and mechanical endurance test applying the shock during transportation.		50G Half sin wave 11 ms 3 times of each direction	
Atmospheric pressure test	Endurance test applying the atmospheric pressure during transportation by air.	115mbar 40hrs	
Others			
Static Endurance test applying the electric electricity test stress to the terminal.		VS=±600V(contact), ±800v(air), RS=330Ω CS=150pF 10 times	1666

<sup>\*\*\*</sup> Supply voltage for OLED system =Operating voltage at 25°C



### Test and measurement conditions

- 1. All measurements shall not be started until the specimens attain to temperature stability. After the completion of the described reliability test, the samples were left at room temperature for 2 hrs prior to conducting the failure test at 23±5°C; 55±15% RH.
- 2. All-pixels-on is used as operation test pattern.
- 3. The degradation of Polarizer are ignored for High Temperature storage, High Temperature/ Humidity Storage, Temperature Cycle

### **Evaluation criteria**

- 1. The function test is OK.
- 2. No observable defects.
- 3. Luminance: > 50% of initial value.
- 4. Current consumption: within ± 50% of initial value.

#### **APPENDIX:**

### **RESIDUE IMAGE**

Because the pixels are lighted in different time, the luminance of active pixels may reduce or differ from inactive pixels. Therefore, the residue image will occur. To avoid the residue image, every pixel needs to be lighted up uniformly.



# 10.Inspection specification

NO	Item	Criterion A				AQL	
01	Electrical Testing	1.1 Missing vertical, horizontal segment, segment contrast defect.  1.2 Missing character, dot or icon.  1.3 Display malfunction.  1.4 No function or no display.				0.65	
02	Black or white spots on OLED (display only)	<ul><li>2.1 White and black spots on display □0.25mm, no more than three white or black spots present.</li><li>2.2 Densely spaced: No more than two spots or lines within 3mm.</li></ul>		Y	2.5		
03	OLED black spots,	3.1 Round type following drawin $\Phi=(x + y)/2$			SIZE	Acceptable Q TY	
	white spots,				Ф≦0.10	Accept no dense	2.5
	contamina tion				0.10 < Φ≦0.2	0 2	
	(non-displ				0.20 < Φ≦0.2	5 1	
	ay)				0.25 < Ф	0	
		3.2 Line type : (As following drawing)					
			Length	Wi	dth	Acceptable Q TY	
	A			W	≦0.02	Accept no dense	
			L≦3.0	0.0	)2 < W≦0.03	2	2.5
		7	L≦2.5	0.0	)3 < W≦0.05		
				0.0	)5 < W	As round type	
04	Polarizer						
	bubbles	If bubbles are visible, judge using black spot			ze Ф	Acceptable Q TY	
	specifications, not easy to find, must check in		Ф	≦0.20	Accept no dense		
			0.2	20 < Φ≦0.50	3	2.5	
		specify direction.		0.5	50 < Φ≦1.00	2	
			1.0	)0 < Ф	0		
				То	tal Q TY	3	



NO	Item	Criterion			AQL
05	Scratches	Follow NO.3 OLED b	lack spots, white spot	ts, contamination	
			t: Glass thickness a gth:	Chip thickness : OLED side length	
			surface and crack bet	ween panels:	
		z: Chip thickness	y: Chip width	x: Chip length	
	Chipped	Z≦1/2t	Not over viewing area	x≦1/8a	
06	glass	1/2t < z≦2t	Not exceed 1/3k	x≦1/8a	2.5
		⊙If there are 2 or mo 6.1.2 Corner crack:	re chips, x is total len	gth of each chip.	
		z: Chip thickness	y: Chip width	x: Chip length	
		Z≦1/2t	Not over viewing area	x≦1/8a	
	7 (	1/2t < z≦2t	Not exceed 1/3k	x≦1/8a	
	7	⊙If there are 2 or mo	re chips, x is the total	length of each chip.	







NO	Item	Criterion				AQL
	itom	Symbols: x: Chip length y: Chip width z: Chip thickness k: Seal width t: Glass thickness a: OLED side length L: Electrode pad length 6.2 Protrusion over terminal: 6.2.1 Chip on electrode pad:				
		y: Chip width y≦0.5mm 6.2.2 Non-conductive	x: Chip length x≦1/8a portion:		Chip thickness < z ≦ t	
06	Glass crack				,	2.5
		y: Chip width	x: Chip le		z: Chip thickness	
		y≦ L	x≦1/8a		0 < z ≦ t	
		<ul> <li>If the chipped area must remain and b specifications.</li> </ul>				
		⊙If the product will be		y the custo	mer, the alignmen	
		mark not be damage 6.2.3 Substrate protu		ternal cracl	k.	
			y: wid	,	x: length	
			y≦1/3l	_	x≦a	
	·					







NO	Item	Criterion	AQL
07	Cracked glass	The OLED with extensive crack is not acceptable.	2.5
08	Backlight elements	<ul> <li>8.1 Illumination source flickers when lit.</li> <li>8.2 Spots or scratched that appear when lit must be judged. Using OLED spot, lines and contamination standards.</li> <li>8.3 Backlight doesn't light or color wrong.</li> </ul>	0.65 2.5 0.65
09	Bezel	<ul><li>9.1 Bezel may not have rust, be deformed or have fingerprints, stains or other contamination.</li><li>9.2 Bezel must comply with job specifications.</li></ul>	2.5 0.65
10	PCB、COB	<ul> <li>10.1 COB seal may not have pinholes larger than 0.2mm or contamination.</li> <li>10.2 COB seal surface may not have pinholes through to the IC.</li> <li>10.3 The height of the COB should not exceed the height indicated in the assembly diagram.</li> <li>10.4 There may not be more than 2mm of sealant outside the seal area on the PCB. And there should be no more than three places.</li> <li>10.5 No oxidation or contamination PCB terminals.</li> <li>10.6 Parts on PCB must be the same as on the production characteristic chart. There should be no wrong parts, missing parts or excess parts.</li> <li>10.7 The jumper on the PCB should conform to the product characteristic chart.</li> <li>10.8 If solder gets on bezel tab pads, OLED pad, zebra pad or screw hold pad, make sure it is smoothed down.</li> </ul>	2.5 2.5 0.65 2.5 2.5 0.65 2.5
11	Soldering	<ul> <li>11.1 No un-melted solder paste may be present on the PCB.</li> <li>11.2 No cold solder joints, missing solder connections, oxidation or icicle.</li> <li>11.3 No residue or solder balls on PCB.</li> <li>11.4 No short circuits in components on PCB.</li> </ul>	2.5 2.5 2.5 0.65



12.1 No oxidation, contamination, curves or, bends on interface Pin (OLB) of TCP.  12.2 No cracks on interface pin (OLB) of TCP.  12.3 No contamination, solder residue or solder balls on product.  12.4 The IC on the TCP may not be damaged, circuits.  12.5 The uppermost edge of the protective strip on the interface pin must be present or look as if it cause the interface pin to sever.  12.6 The residual rosin or tin oil of soldering (component or chip component) is not burned into brown or black color.  12.7 Sealant on top of the ITO circuit has not hardened.  12.8 Pin type must match type in specification sheet.  12.9 OLED pin loose or missing pins.  12.10 Product packaging must the same as specified on packaging specification sheet.  12.11 Product dimension and structure must conform to product specification sheet.	NO	Item	Criterion	AQL
		General	<ul> <li>12.1 No oxidation, contamination, curves or, bends on interface Pin (OLB) of TCP.</li> <li>12.2 No cracks on interface pin (OLB) of TCP.</li> <li>12.3 No contamination, solder residue or solder balls on product.</li> <li>12.4 The IC on the TCP may not be damaged, circuits.</li> <li>12.5 The uppermost edge of the protective strip on the interface pin must be present or look as if it cause the interface pin to sever.</li> <li>12.6 The residual rosin or tin oil of soldering (component or chip component) is not burned into brown or black color.</li> <li>12.7 Sealant on top of the ITO circuit has not hardened.</li> <li>12.8 Pin type must match type in specification sheet.</li> <li>12.9 OLED pin loose or missing pins.</li> <li>12.10 Product packaging must the same as specified on packaging specification sheet.</li> <li>12.11 Product dimension and structure must conform to</li> </ul>	2.5 0.65 2.5 2.5 2.5 2.5 0.65 0.65 0.65



Check Item	Classification	Criteria
No Display	Major	
Missing Line	Major	
Pixel Short	Major	
Darker Short	Major	
Wrong Display	Major	
Un-uniform B/A x 100% < 70% A/C x 100% < 70%	Major	A Normal
		B Dark Fixel  Hit Light Fixel



## 11.Precautions in use of OLED Modules

- (1) Avoid applying excessive shocks to module or making any alterations or modifications to it.
- (2) Don't make extra holes on the printed circuit board, modify its shape or change the components of OLED display module.
- (3) Don't disassemble the OLED display module.
- (4) Don't operate it above the absolute maximum rating.
- (5) Don't drop, bend or twist OLED display module.
- (6) Soldering: only to the I/O terminals.
- (7) Storage: please storage in anti-static electricity container and clean environment.
- (8) It's pretty common to use "Screen Saver" to extend the lifetime and Don't use fix information for long time in real application.
- (9) Don't use fixed information in OLED panel for long time, that will extend "screen burn" effect time...
- (10) Raystar has the right to change the passive components, including R2and R3 adjust resistors. (Resistors, capacitors and other passive components will have different appearance and color caused by the different supplier.)
- (11) Raystar have the right to change the PCB Rev. (In order to satisfy the supplying stability, management optimization and the best product performance...etc, under the premise of not affecting the electrical characteristics and external dimensions, Raystar have the right to modify the version.)

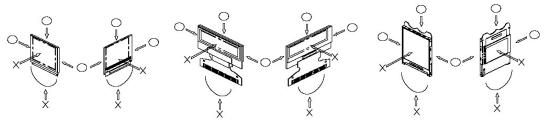
### 11.1 Handling Precautions

- (1) Since the display panel is being made of glass, do not apply mechanical impacts such us dropping from a high position.
- (2) If the display panel is broken by some accident and the internal organic substance leaks out, be careful not to inhale nor lick the organic substance.
- (3) If pressure is applied to the display surface or its neighborhood of the OLED display module, the cell structure may be damaged and be careful not to apply pressure to these sections.
- (4) The polarizer covering the surface of the OLED display module is soft and easily scratched. Please be careful when handling the OLED display module.
- (5) When the surface of the polarizer of the OLED display module has soil, clean the surface. It takes advantage of by using following adhesion tape.
- \* Scotch Mending Tape No. 810 or an equivalent

Never try to breathe upon the soiled surface nor wipe the surface using cloth containing solvent Also, pay attention that the following liquid and solvent may spoil the polarizer:

- \* Water
- \* Ketone
- \* Aromatic Solvents
- (6) Hold OLED display module very carefully when placing OLED display module into the System housing. Do not apply excessive stress or pressure to OLED display module. And, do not over bend the film with electrode pattern layouts. These stresses will influence the display performance. Also, secure sufficient rigidity for the outer cases.





- (7) Do not apply stress to the LSI chips and the surrounding molded sections.
- (8) Do not disassemble nor modify the OLED display module.
- (9) Do not apply input signals while the logic power is off.
- (10) Pay sufficient attention to the working environments when handing OLED display modules to prevent occurrence of element breakage accidents by static electricity.
- \* Be sure to make human body grounding when handling OLED display modules.
- \* Be sure to ground tools to use or assembly such as soldering irons.
- \* To suppress generation of static electricity, avoid carrying out assembly work under dry environments.
- \* Protective film is being applied to the surface of the display panel of the OLED display module. Be careful since static electricity may be generated when exfoliating the protective film.
- (11) Protection film is being applied to the surface of the display panel and removes the protection film before assembling it. At this time, if the OLED display module has been stored surface of the display panel after removed of the film. In such case, remove the residue material by the method introduced in the above Section 5.
- (12) If electric current is applied when the OLED display module is being dewed or when it is placed under high humidity environments, the electrodes may be corroded and be careful to avoid the above.

#### 11.2 Storage Precautions

- (1) When storing OLED display modules, put them in static electricity preventive bags avoiding exposure to direct sun light nor to lights of fluorescent lamps. And, also, avoiding high temperature and high humidity environment or low temperature (less than 0°C) environments. (We recommend you to store these modules in the packaged state when they were shipped from Raystar Optronics Inc. At that time, be careful not to let water drops adhere to the packages or bags nor let dewing occur with them.
- (2) If electric current is applied when water drops are adhering to the surface of the OLED display module, when the OLED display module is being dewed or when it is placed under high humidity environments, the electrodes may be corroded and be careful about the above.



### 11.3 Designing Precautions

- (1) The absolute maximum ratings are the ratings which cannot be exceeded for OLED display module, and if these values are exceeded, panel damage may be happen.
- (2) To prevent occurrence of malfunctioning by noise, pay attention to satisfy the VIL and VIH specifications and, at the same time, to make the signal line cable as short as possible.
- (3) We recommend you to install excess current preventive unit (fuses, etc.) to the power circuit (VDD). (Recommend value: 0.5A)
- (4) Pay sufficient attention to avoid occurrence of mutual noise interference with the neighboring devices.
- (5) As for EMI, take necessary measures on the equipment side basically.
- (6) When fastening the OLED display module, fasten the external plastic housing section.
- (7) If power supply to the OLED display module is forcibly shut down by such errors as taking out the main battery while the OLED display panel is in operation, we cannot guarantee the quality of this OLED display module. Connection (contact) to any other potential than the above may lead to rupture of the IC.



Page: 1

Module Sample Estimate Feedback Sheet				
Module Number :				
1、Panel Specification:				
1. Panel Type :	□ Pass	□NG ,		
2. Numbers of Pixel :	□ Pass	□NG ,		
3. View Area :	□ Pass	□NG ,		
4. Active Area :	□ Pass	□NG ,		
5.Emitting Color:	□ Pass	□NG ,		
6.Uniformity:	□Pass	□NG ,		
7.Operating	□ Pass	□NG ,		
Temperature :				
8.Storage Temperature :	□ Pass	□NG ,		
9.Others :				
2. Mechanical Specification	<u>on</u> :			
1. PCB Size :	□Pass	□NG ,		
2.Frame Size :	□Pass	□NG ,		
3.Materal of Frame :	□Pass	□NG ,		
4.Connector Position:	□Pass	□NG ,		
5.Fix Hole Position:	□Pass	□NG ,		
6. Thickness of PCB:	□Pass	□NG ,		
7. Height of Frame to	□Pass	□NG ,		
PCB:				
8.Height of Module:	□Pass	□NG ,		
9.Others:	□Pass	□NG ,		
3、Relative Hole Size:				
1.Pitch of Connector :	□Pass	□NG ,		
2.Hole size of	□Pass	□NG ,		
Connector:				
3.Mounting Hole size:	□Pass	□NG ,		
4.Mounting Hole Type:	□Pass	□NG ,		



5.Others:	□Pass	□NG ,

> > Go to page 2 < <





Page: 2 Module Number : \_ 4、 Electronic Characteristics of Module : □NG ,\_\_\_ □Pass 1.Input Voltage: □Pass □NG ,\_\_\_ 2. Supply Current: □NG ,\_\_\_\_ 3.Driving Voltage for □Pass OLED: □Pass □NG ,\_\_\_ 4.Contrast for OLED: □NG ,\_\_\_\_ 5.Negative Voltage □Pass Output: □NG ,\_\_\_ □Pass 6.Interface Function: □NG ,\_\_\_ □Pass 7.ESD test: □NG ,\_\_\_ □Pass 8.Others: 5. Summary: Sales signature :

Customer Signature : \_\_\_\_\_

Date:



