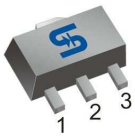




### SOT-89



### Pin Definition:

1. Drain
2. GND
3. VDD

### General Description

The TS19451 is a PWM high efficiency LED driver control IC. It allows efficient operation of LED strings from voltage source ranging up to 400VDC. It includes an internal high voltage switching MOSFET controlled with fixed off-time of approximately 10.5 $\mu$ S.

The LED string is driven at constant current, thus providing constant light output and enhanced reliability. The output current is internally fixed at 50mA. The peak current control scheme provides good regulation of the output current throughout the universal AC line voltage range of 85~264VAC or DC input voltage of 20~400V

### Features

- Constant output current at 50mA
- Universal 85~264VAC operation
- Fixed off-time buck converter
- Internal 475V power MOSFET

### Application

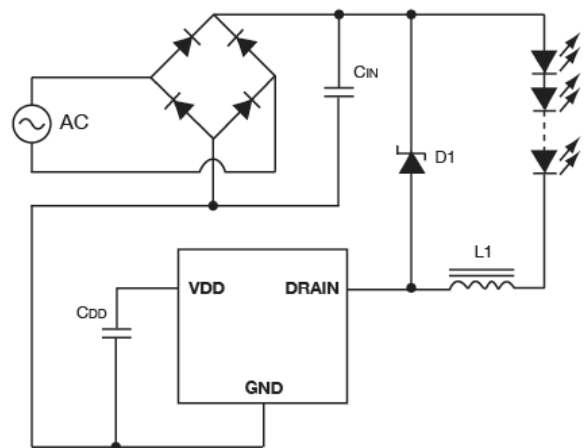
- Decorating LED lighting
- Lower power lighting fixtures
- Back light of flat panel displays

### Ordering Information

Part No.	Package	Packing
TS19451CY RMG	SOT-89	1Kpcs / 7" Reel

**Note:** "G" denotes for Halogen Free

### Typical Application Circuit



### Absolute Maximum Rating

Parameter	Symbol	Limit	Unit
Input Voltage Range	$V_{IN}$ to GND	~ +475	V
Supply Current	$I_{DD}$	5	mA
Power Dissipation @ $T_A=25^{\circ}C$	$P_D$	1300	mW
Operating Ambient Temperature	$T_{OPR}$	-40 to +85	$^{\circ}C$
Storage Temperature Range	$T_{STG}$	-65 to +150	$^{\circ}C$
Junction Temperature Range	$T_J$	-40 to +150	$^{\circ}C$
Thermal Resistance – Junction to Ambient	$R\theta_{JA}$	128	$^{\circ}C/W$

**Note:** Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress rating only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

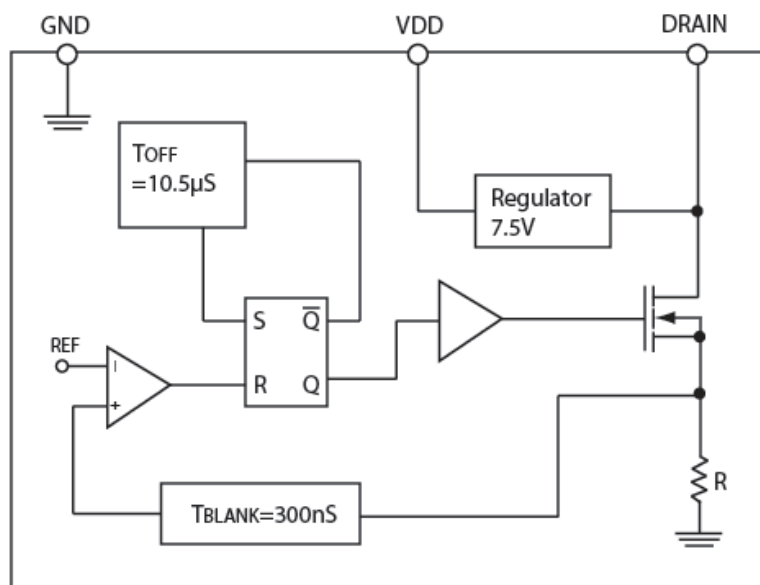
### Electrical Specifications (Ta = 25°C, V<sub>DRAIN</sub> = 50V, unless otherwise noted)

Function Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
<b>Internal Regulator</b>						
Internally Regulated Voltage	V <sub>DD</sub>		--	7.5	--	V
Drain Supply Voltage	V <sub>DRAIN</sub>		--	20	--	V
Undervoltage Lockout Threshold	UVLO		4.0	--	--	V
Undervoltage Lockout Hysteresis	ΔUVLO		--	200	--	mV
Supply Current	I <sub>DD</sub>	V <sub>DD(EXT)</sub> =8.5V, V <sub>DRAIN</sub> =40V	--	200	350	μA
<b>Output (Drain)</b>						
Breakdown Voltage	V <sub>BR</sub>		475	--	--	V
On Resistance	R <sub>DS(on)</sub>	I <sub>DRAIN</sub> =50mA	--	--	210	Ω
Output Capacitance	C <sub>DRAIN</sub>	V <sub>DRAIN</sub> =400V	--	1.0	5.0	pF
MOSFET Saturation current	I <sub>SAT</sub>		100	150	--	mA
<b>Current Sense Comparator</b>						
Threshold Current	I <sub>TH</sub>		49	--	63	mA
Leading edge Blanking delay	T <sub>BLANK</sub>		200	300	400	nS
Minimum Turn On-Time	T <sub>ON(MIN)</sub>		--	--	650	nS
<b>Off-Time Generator</b>						
Turn On-Time	T <sub>OFF</sub>		8	10.5	13	μS

Note 1: The specification which apply over the full operating ambient temperature range of -40°C < T<sub>A</sub> < +85°C

2: Guaranteed by design

### Block Diagram



### Function Description

The TS19451 is a PWM peak current controller for controlling a buck converter topology in continuous conduction mode (CCM). The output current is internally preset at 50mA

When the input voltage of 20~400V appears at the Drain pin, the internal high-voltage linear regulator seeks to maintain a voltage of 7.5VDC at the VDD pin. Until this voltage exceeds the internally programmed under-voltage threshold, the output switching MOSFET is non-conductive. When the threshold is exceeded, the MOSFET turns on. The input current begins to flow into the Drain pin. Hysteresis is provided in the under-voltage comparator to prevent oscillation.

When the input current exceeds the internal preset level, a current sense comparator resets an RS flip-flop, and the MOSFET turns off. At the same time, a one-shot circuit is activated that determines the duration of the off-state (10.5μS typ.) As soon as this time is over, the flip-flop sets again. The new switching cycle begins.

A “blanking” delay of 300nS is provided that prevents false triggering of the current sense comparator due to the leading edge spike caused by circuit parasitic.

### Application Information

The TS19451 is specifically designed for driving multi LED strings. It can be operated from either universal AC line range of 85~264VAC or 20~400VDC, and drives up to tens of high brightness LEDs. All LEDs can be run in series and this device regulates at constant current, yielding uniform illumination. It's also compatible with triac dimmers.

#### Selecting L1 and D1

There is a certain trade-off to be considered between optimal sizing of the output inductor L1 and the tolerated output current ripple. The required value of L1 is inversely proportional to the ripple current  $\Delta I_O$  in it.

$$L1 = (V_O \times T_{OFF}) / \Delta I_O$$

$V_O$  is the forward voltage of the LED string.  $T_{OFF}$  is the off-time of the TS19451. The output current in the LED string ( $I_O$ ) is calculated as:

$$I_O = I_{TH} - (\Delta I_O / 2)$$

Where  $I_{TH}$  is the current sense comparator threshold. The ripple current introduces a peak-to-average error in the output current setting that needs to be accounted for. Due to constant off-time control technique used in the TS19451, the ripple current is independent of the input AC or DC line voltage variation. Therefore, the output current will remain unaffected by the varying input voltage.

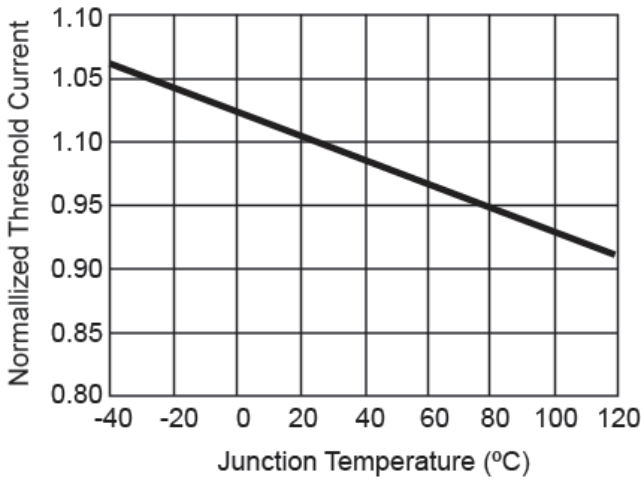
According a filter capacitor across the LED string can reduce the output current ripple even further, thus permitting a reduced value of L1. However, one must keep in mind that the peak-to-average current error is affected by the variation of  $T_{OFF}$ . Therefore, the initial output current accuracy might be sacrificed at large ripple current in L1.

Another important aspect of designing an LED driver with TS19451 is related to certain parasitic elements of the circuit, including distributed coil capacitance of L1, junction capacitance and reverse recover of the rectifier diode D1, capacitance of the PCB traces  $C_{PCB}$  and output capacitance  $C_{DRAIN}$  of the controller itself. These parasitic elements affect the efficiency of the switching converter and could potentially cause false triggering of the current sense comparator if not properly managed. Minimizing these parasitic is essential for efficient and reliable operation of the TS19451.

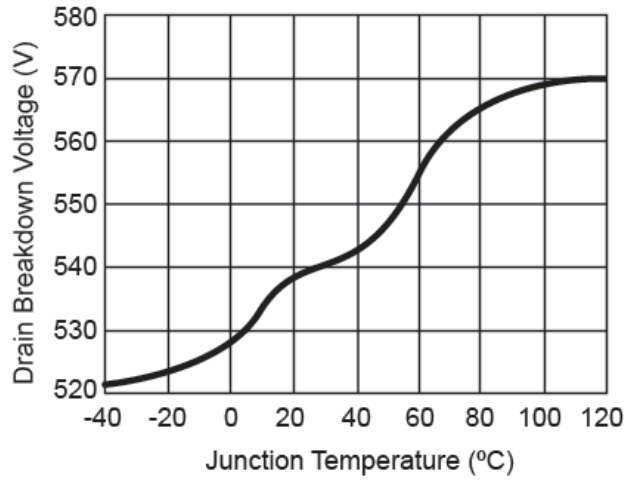
Coil capacitance of inductors is typically provided in the manufacturer's data books either directly or in terms of the self-resonant frequency (SRF).



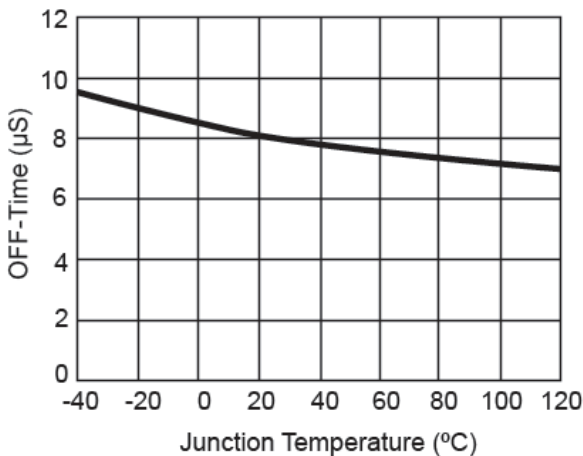
**Electrical Characteristics Curve**



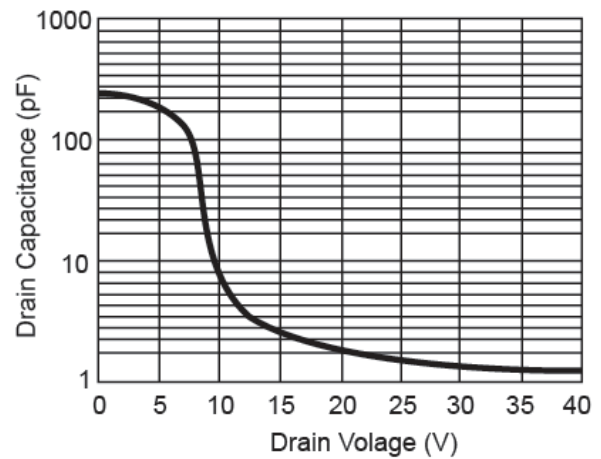
**Figure 1. Threshold Current vs. Junction Temperature**



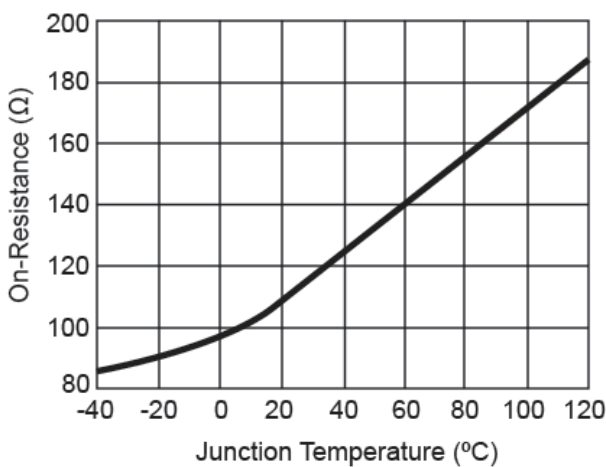
**Figure 2. Drain Breakdown Voltage vs. Output Current**



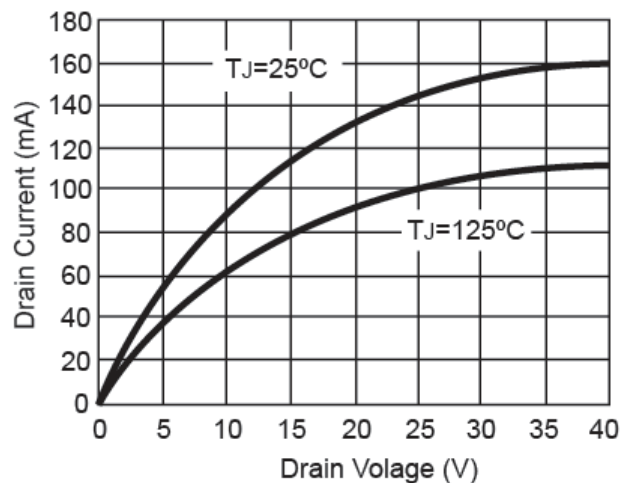
**Figure 3. OFF-Time vs. Junction Temperature**



**Figure 4. Drain Capacitance vs. Drain Voltage**

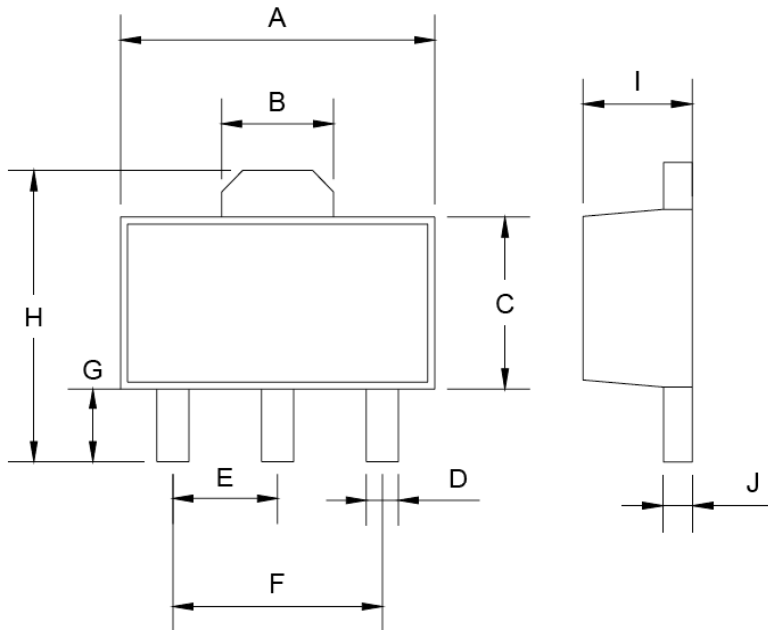


**Figure 5. On-Resistance vs. Junction Temperature**



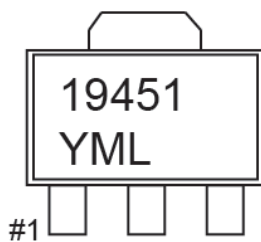
**Figure 6. Drain Current vs. Drain Voltage**

### SOT-89 Mechanical Drawing



SOT-89 DIMENSION				
DIM	MILLIMETERS		INCHES	
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
A	4.40	4.60	0.173	0.181
B	1.50	1.7	0.059	0.070
C	2.30	2.60	0.090	0.102
D	0.40	0.52	0.016	0.020
E	1.50	1.50	0.059	0.059
F	3.00	3.00	0.118	0.118
G	0.89	1.20	0.035	0.047
H	4.05	4.25	0.159	0.167
I	1.4	1.6	0.055	0.068
J	0.35	0.44	0.014	0.017

### Marking Diagram



- Y** = Year Code
- M** = Month Code for Halogen Free Product  
(**O**=Jan, **P**=Feb, **Q**=Mar, **R**=Apr, **S**=May, **T**=Jun, **U**=Jul, **V**=Aug, **W**=Sep, **X**=Oct, **Y**=Nov, **Z**=Dec)
- L** = Lot Code

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