

# PTC thermistors for overcurrent protection in telecom applications

Telecom Pair Protector (TPP), SMD

Series/Type:

Date: January 2016

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## Telecom pair protector (TPP), SMD

## SMD

## Applications

- Overcurrent protection for telecom applications
- Suitable for line card applications e.g. POTS, access networks, customer premises equipment (CPE) or integrated voice data (IVD)

## Features

- Two resistance-matched PTCs in a plastic housing
- Compliant with ITU-T standards
  - basic-level lightning surges (10/700 μs)
  - basic-level power induction (600 V, 1 A, 0.2 s)
  - power contact criteria A/B (230 V, 15 min.)
- Compliant with GR-1089 AC power contact 120 V, 25 A, 15 min.
- Suitable for continuous connection to mains voltages of 110/230 V AC in tripped (high-ohmic) condition
- Housing material to UL94-V0
- UL approval to UL 1434 (file number E69802) for selected types
- Tight resistance matching maintained after switching
- Negligible resistance drift after reflow soldering or switching
   Marked with manufacturer's logo, type designation and date
- code
- RoHS-compatible

## Options

Alternative tolerances and resistances on request

#### **Delivery mode**

- T15\*\* and T16\*\*: Blister tape, 330-mm reel with 16-mm tape, taping to IEC 60286-3
- T17\*\* and T18\*\*: Blister tape, 380-mm reel with 24-mm tape, taping to IEC 60286-3

## General technical data

Maximum fault voltage1)		V <sub>F,max</sub>	245	V AC
Max. operating voltage		V <sub>max</sub>	135	V AC
Operating temperature range	(V = 0)	T <sub>op</sub>	-20/+125	°C
Operating temperature range $(V = V_{max})$			0/+70	°C
Insulating test voltage between PTC1 and PTC2			> 3	kV
Resistance matching in one housing			< 1.0	Ω

1) The maximum fault voltage V<sub>F.max</sub> is the highest voltage that is permitted to be applied across the PTC thermistor in protection mode.

#### Internal circuit





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## Electrical specifications and ordering codes

Туре	R <sub>R</sub>	$\Delta R_{R}$	I <sub>R</sub>		l <sub>s</sub>	I <sub>Smax</sub>	Approvals	Ordering code
			@ 25 °C	@ 70 °C	@ 25 °C			
	Ω	%	mA	mA	mA	А	<b>91</b>	
Compo	nent he	eight max. 7	.3					
T1535	35	+15/-20	100	65	210	2.5	-	B59535T1120A262
T1550	50	±15	80	50	170	2.5	-	B59550T1120A262
Compo	nent he	eight max. 8	.3					
T1509	9	±10	180	120	360	1.0	-	B59509T1120A062
T1535	35	+15/-20	110	70	230	4.6	_	B59535T1120A062
T1550	50	±15	90	60	190	2.5	_	B59550T1120A062
Compo	nent he	eight max. 9	.9					
T1635	35	+15/-20	110	70	230	4.6	Х	B59635T1120A062
T1650	50	±15	90	60	190	2.5	х	B59650T1120A062
Component height max. 10.5								
T1735	35	+15/-20	110	70	230	4.6	Х	B59735T1120A062
T1735	35	+15/-20	130	95	270	3.6	-	B59735T1150A062
T1750	50	±15	90	60	190	2.5	х	B59750T1120A062
Component height max. 11.5								
T1835	35	+15/-20	115	75	240	4.6	Х	B59835T1120A062

## Switching times and ordering codes

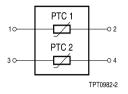
Туре	t <sub>s</sub> (typ.) @ I <sub>Smax</sub>	t <sub>s</sub> (typ.) @ 1 A	t <sub>s</sub> (typ.) @ 500 mA	Ordering code
	S	s	s	
Compone	nt height max.	7.3		
T1535	0.07	0.4	1.7	B59535T1120A262
T1550	0.05	0.3	1.2	B59550T1120A262
Compone	ent height max.	8.3		
T1509	4	4	20	B59509T1120A062
T1535	0.04	0.8	3.4	B59535T1120A062
T1550	0.1	0.6	2.4	B59550T1120A062
Compone	ent height max.	9.9		
T1635	0.04	0.8	3.4	B59635T1120A062
T1650	0.1	0.6	2.4	B59650T1120A062
Component height max. 10.5				
T1735	0.04	0.8	3.4	B59735T1120A062
T1735	0.1	1.1	4.5	B59735T1150A062
T1750	0.1	0.6	2.4	B59750T1120A062
Component height max. 11.5				
T1835	0.06	1.1	4.5	B59835T1120A062



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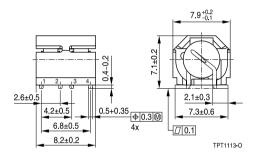
<u>SMD</u>

## Internal circuit

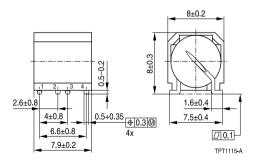


## Dimensional drawings in mm

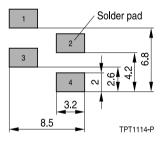
## Maximum component height 7.3 mm



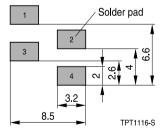
## Maximum component height 8.3 mm



Solder pad



Solder pad



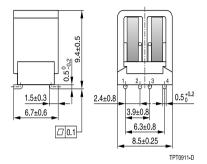


#### Telecom pair protector (TPP), SMD

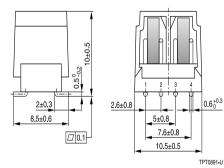
<u>SMD</u>

#### Dimensional drawings in mm

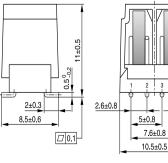
## Maximum component height 9.9 mm

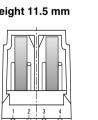


#### Maximum component height 10.5 mm



Maximum component height 11.5 mm

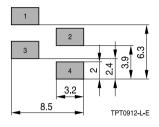




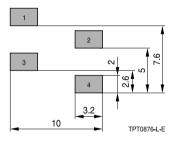
0.60+0.3

TPT0962-M

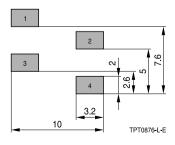
Solder pad



Solder pad



Solder pad



## Please read *Cautions and warnings* and *Important notes* at the end of this document.



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## Reliability data

Test	Standard	Test conditions	$ \Delta R_{25}/R_{25} $
Electrical endurance,	IEC 60738-1	Room temperature, I <sub>Smax</sub> ; V <sub>max</sub>	< 20%
cycling		Number of cycles: 10	
Electrical endurance,	IEC 60738-1	Storage at V <sub>max</sub> and T <sub>op,max</sub> (@ V <sub>max</sub> )	< 25%
constant		Test duration: 1000 h	
Damp heat	IEC 60738-1	Temperature of air: 40 °C	< 10%
		Relative humidity of air: 93%	
		Duration: 56 days	
		Test according to IEC 60068-2-78	
Rapid change	IEC 60738-1	$T_1 = T_{op,min} (0 V), T_2 = T_{op,max} (0 V)$	< 10%
of temperature		Number of cycles: 5	
		Test duration: 30 min	
		Test according to IEC 60068-2-14, test Na	
Vibration	IEC 60738-1	Frequency range: 10 to 55 Hz	< 5%
		Displacement amplitude: 0.75 mm	
		Test duration: $3 \times 2$ h	
		Test according to IEC 60068-2-6, test Fc	
Shock	IEC 60738-1	Acceleration: 400 m/s <sup>2</sup>	< 5%
		Pulse duration: 6 ms; $6 \times 5000$ pulses	
Climatic sequence	IEC 60738-1	Dry heat: $T = T_{op,max} (0 V)$	< 10%
		Test duration: 16 h	
		Damp heat first cycle	
		Cold: $T = T_{op,min} (0 V)$	
		Test duration: 2 h	
		Damp heat 5 cycles	
		Tests performed according to	
		IEC 60068-2-30	



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## ITU performance overview and fault conditions

	Test no.	ITU K20		ITU K21		ITU K45	
		Basic test level	Enhanced test level	Basic test level	Enhanced test level	Basic test level	Enhanced test level
Power induction	1	A	A	A	A	A	A
	2	В	С	В	С	В	С
Power contact	3	D	E	D	E	D	E
Lightning ourgo	4	F	G	G	G	G	G
Lightning surge	5	Н	Н	Н	Ι	Н	Н

Power induction	А	600 V AC, R = 600 $\Omega$ , t = 0.2 s, criteria A
	В	600 V AC, R = 600 $\Omega$ , t = 1.0 s, with GDT, criteria A
	С	1500 V AC, R = 200 $\Omega$ , t = 2.0 s, with GDT, criteria A
	D	230 V AC, t = 15 min, R = 10 1000 Ω, criteria B
Power contact	L	230 V AC, t = 15 min, R = 10, 20, 40, 80, 1000 Ω, criteria B,
	Е	R = 160, 300, 600 Ω, criteria A
Lightning surge	F	$V_{c(max)}$ = 1.0 kV, R = 25 $\Omega$ , t = 10/700 µs, without GDT, criteria A
	G	$V_{c(max)}$ = 1.5 kV, R = 25 $\Omega$ , t = 10/700 µs, without GDT, criteria A
	Н	$V_{c(max)}$ = 4.0 kV, R = 25 $\Omega$ , t = 10/700 µs, with GDT, criteria A
	Ι	$V_{c(max)}$ = 6.0 kV, R = 25 $\Omega,$ t = 10/700 $\mu s,$ with GDT, criteria A

# Note: Use a GDT (gas discharge tube) with adequate electrical properties in order to ensure reliable operation at enhanced test levels (power induction, lightning surge).

Criteria A: no damage, function must be fulfilled. Criteria B: no fire hazard.

#### Electrical requirements according to GR-1089 standard for AC power contact

AC voltage: 120 V, 50 Hz, short circuit current 25 A, time 15 min, criteria A.



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## Cautions and warnings

#### General

- EPCOS thermistors are designed for specific applications and should not be used for purposes not identified in our specifications, application notes and data books unless otherwise agreed with EPCOS during the design-in-phase.
- Ensure suitability of thermistor through reliability testing during the design-in phase. The thermistors should be evaluated taking into consideration worst-case conditions.

## Storage

- Store thermistors only in original packaging. Do not open the package prior to processing.
- Storage conditions in original packaging: storage temperature -25 °C ... +45 °C, relative humidity ≤75% annual mean, maximum 95%, dew precipitation is inadmissible.
- Avoid contamination of thermistors surface during storage, handling and processing.
- Avoid storage of thermistor in harmful environment with effect on function on long-term operation (examples given under operation precautions).
- Use thermistor within the following period after delivery:
  - Through-hole devices (housed and leaded PTCs): 24 months
  - Motor protection sensors, glass-encapsulated sensors and probe assemblies: 24 months
  - Telecom pair and quattro protectors (TPP, TQP): 24 months
  - Leadless PTC thermistors for pressure contacting: 12 months
  - Leadless PTC thermistors for soldering: 6 months
  - SMDs in EIA sizes 3225 and 4032, and for PTCs with metal tags: 24 months
  - SMDs in EIA sizes 1210 and smaller: 12 months

#### Handling

- PTCs must not be dropped. Chip-offs must not be caused during handling of PTCs.
- The ceramic and metallization of the components must not be touched with bare hands. Gloves are recommended.
- Avoid contamination of thermistor surface during handling.

#### Soldering (where applicable)

- Use rosin-type flux or non-activated flux.
- Insufficient preheating may cause ceramic cracks.
- Rapid cooling by dipping in solvent is not recommended.
- Complete removal of flux is recommended.
- Standard PTC heaters are not suitable for soldering.



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## Mounting

- Electrode must not be scratched before/during/after the mounting process.
- Contacts and housing used for assembly with thermistor have to be clean before mounting. Especially grease or oil must be removed.
- When PTC thermistors are encapsulated with sealing material, the precautions given in chapter "Mounting instructions", "Sealing and potting" must be observed.
- When the thermistor is mounted, there must not be any foreign body between the electrode of the thermistor and the clamping contact.
- The minimum force and pressure of the clamping contacts pressing against the PTC must be 10 N and 50 kPa, respectively. In case the assembly is exposed to mechanical shock and/ or vibration this force should be higher in order to avoid movement of the PTC during operation.
- During operation, the thermistor's surface temperature can be very high. Ensure that adjacent components are placed at a sufficient distance from the thermistor to allow for proper cooling at the thermistors.
- Ensure that adjacent materials are designed for operation at temperatures comparable to the surface temperature of thermistor. Be sure that surrounding parts and materials can withstand this temperature.
- Avoid contamination of thermistor surface during processing.

## Operation

- Use thermistors only within the specified temperature operating range.
- Use thermistors only within the specified voltage and current ranges.
- Environmental conditions must not harm the thermistors. Use thermistors only in normal atmospheric conditions. Avoid use in deoxidizing gases (chlorine gas, hydrogen sulfide gas, ammonia gas, sulfuric acid gas etc), corrosive agents, humid or salty conditions. Contact with any liquids and solvents should be prevented.
- Be sure to provide an appropriate fail-safe function to prevent secondary product damage caused by abnormal function (e.g. use VDR for limitation of overvoltage condition).

This listing does not claim to be complete, but merely reflects the experience of EPCOS AG.

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## Symbols and terms

Symbol	Term
A	Area
С	Capacitance
C <sub>th</sub>	Heat capacity
f	Frequency
I	Current
I <sub>max</sub>	Maximum current
I <sub>R</sub>	Rated current
I <sub>res</sub>	Residual current
I <sub>PTC</sub>	PTC current
l <sub>r</sub>	Residual currrent
l <sub>r,oil</sub>	Residual currrent in oil (for level sensors)
$\mathbf{I}_{r,air}$	Residual currrent in air (for level sensors)
I <sub>RMS</sub>	Root-mean-square value of current
ls	Switching current
I <sub>Smax</sub>	Maximum switching current
LCT	Lower category temperature
Ν	Number (integer)
N <sub>c</sub>	Operating cycles at V <sub>max</sub> , charging of capacitor
N <sub>f</sub>	Switching cycles at V <sub>max</sub> , failure mode
Р	Power
P <sub>25</sub>	Maximum power at 25 °C
P <sub>el</sub>	Electrical power
$P_{diss}$	Dissipation power
R <sub>G</sub>	Generator internal resistance
R <sub>min</sub>	Minimum resistance
R <sub>R</sub>	Rated resistance @ rated temperature T <sub>R</sub>
$\Delta R_{R}$	Tolerance of R <sub>R</sub>
R <sub>P</sub>	Parallel resistance
R <sub>PTC</sub>	PTC resistance
R <sub>ref</sub>	Reference resistance
R <sub>s</sub>	Series resistance
R <sub>25</sub>	Resistance at 25 °C
R <sub>25,match</sub>	Resistance matching per reel/ packing unit at 25 °C
$\Delta R_{25}$	Tolerance of R <sub>25</sub>



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Т	Temperature
t	Time
T <sub>A</sub>	Ambient temperature
t <sub>a</sub>	Thermal threshold time
Tc	Ferroelectric Curie temperature
t <sub>E</sub>	Settling time (for level sensors)
T <sub>R</sub>	Rated temperature @ 25 °C or otherwise specified in the data sheet
T <sub>sense</sub>	Sensing temperature
T <sub>op</sub>	Operating temperature
T <sub>PTC</sub>	PTC temperature
t <sub>R</sub>	Response time
$T_{ref}$	Reference temperature
T <sub>Rmin</sub>	Temperature at minimum resistance
ts	Switching time
T <sub>surf</sub>	Surface temperature
UCT	Upper category temperature
V or $V_{el}$	Voltage (with subscript only for distinction from volume)
$V_{c(max)}$	Maximum DC charge voltage of the surge generator
V <sub>F,max</sub>	Maximum voltage applied at fault conditions in protection mode
V <sub>RMS</sub>	Root-mean-square value of voltage
V <sub>BD</sub>	Breakdown voltage
V <sub>ins</sub>	Insulation test voltage
$V_{link,max}$	Maximum link voltage
V <sub>max</sub>	Maximum operating voltage
$V_{max,dyn}$	Maximum dynamic (short-time) operating voltage
V <sub>meas</sub>	Measuring voltage
V <sub>meas,max</sub>	Maximum measuring voltage
V <sub>R</sub>	Rated voltage
V <sub>PTC</sub>	Voltage drop across a PTC thermistor
α	Temperature coefficient
Δ	Tolerance, change
$\delta_{th}$	Dissipation factor
$\tau_{th}$	Thermal cooling time constant
λ	Failure rate
е	Lead spacing (in mm)



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