### **General Description**

The MAX3080E-MAX3089E are ±15kV electrostatic discharge (ESD)-protected, high-speed transceivers for RS-485/RS-422 communication that contain one driver and one receiver. These devices feature fail-safe circuitry, which guarantees a logic-high receiver output when the receiver inputs are open or shorted. This means that the receiver output will be a logic high if all transmitters on a terminated bus are disabled (high impedance). The MAX3080E/MAX3081E/MAX3082E feature reduced slew-rate drivers that minimize EMI and reduce reflections caused by improperly terminated cables, allowing error-free data transmission up to 115kbps. The MAX3083E/MAX3084E/MAX3085E offer higher driver output slew-rate limits, allowing transmit speeds up to 500kbps. The MAX3086E/MAX3087E/ MAX3088Es' driver slew rates are not limited, making transmit speeds up to 10Mbps possible. The MAX3089E's slew rate is selectable between 115kbps, 500kbps, and 10Mbps by driving a selector pin with a single three-state driver. All devices feature enhanced ESD protection. All transmitter outputs and receiver inputs are protected to ±15kV using the Human Body Model.

These transceivers typically draw  $375\mu$ A of supply current when unloaded, or when fully loaded with the drivers disabled.

All devices have a 1/8-unit-load receiver input impedance that allows up to 256 transceivers on the bus. The MAX3082E/MAX3085E/MAX3088E are intended for halfduplex communications, while the MAX3080E/MAX3081E/ MAX3083E/MAX3084E/MAX3086E/MAX3087E are intended for full-duplex communications. The MAX3089E is selectable between half-duplex and full-duplex operation. It also features independently programmable receiver and transmitter output phase via separate pins.

#### **Features**

- ESD Protection for RS-485 I/O Pins ±15kV, Human Body Model
- True Fail-Safe Receiver While Maintaining EIA/TIA-485 Compatibility

- Enhanced Slew-Rate Limiting Facilitates Error-Free Data Transmission (MAX3080E–MAX3085E/MAX3089E)
- 1nA Low-Current Shutdown Mode (Except MAX3081E/MAX3084E/MAX3087E)
- Pin-Selectable Full/Half-Duplex Operation (MAX3089E)
- Phase Controls to Correct for Twisted-Pair Reversal (MAX3089E)
- Allow Up to 256 Transceivers on the Bus

## \_Applications

RS-422/RS-485 Communications Level Translators Transceivers for EMI-Sensitive Applications Industrial-Control Local Area Networks

## **Ordering Information**

PART	TEMP. RANGE	PIN-PACKAGE
MAX3080ECSD	0°C to +70°C	14 SO
MAX3080ECPD	0°C to +70°C	14 Plastic DIP
MAX3080EESD	-40°C to +85°C	14 SO
MAX3080EEPD	-40°C to +85°C	14 Plastic DIP

Ordering Information continued at end of data sheet.

#### **Selector Guide**

Part	Half/Full Duplex	Data Rate (Mbps)	Slew- Rate Limited	Low- Power Shutdown	Receiver/ Driver Enable	Quiescent Current (µA)	Transceivers On Bus	Pin Count	Industry- Standard Pinout
MAX3080E	Full	0.115	Yes	Yes	Yes	375	256	14	75180
MAX3081E	Full	0.115	Yes	No	No	375	256	8	75179
MAX3082E	Half	0.115	Yes	Yes	Yes	375	256	8	75176
MAX3083E	Full	0.5	Yes	Yes	Yes	375	256	14	75180
MAX3084E	Full	0.5	Yes	No	No	375	256	8	75179
MAX3085E	Half	0.5	Yes	Yes	Yes	375	256	8	75176
MAX3086E	Full	10	No	Yes	Yes	375	256	14	75180
MAX3087E	Full	10	No	No	No	375	256	8	75179
MAX3088E	Half	10	No	Yes	Yes	375	256	8	75176
MAX3089E	Selectable	Selectable	Selectable	Yes	Yes	375	256	14	75180*

\*Pin compatible with 75180, with additional features implemented using pins 1, 6, 8, and 13.

## /M/IXI/M

Maxim Integrated Products 1

**MAX3080E-MAX3089E** 

For free samples and the latest literature, visit www.maxim-ic.com or phone 1-800-998-8800. For small orders, phone 1-800-835-8769.

## **ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS**

Supply Voltage (V <sub>CC</sub> ) Control Input Voltage (RE, DE)	
Special Input Voltage	=0.37 t0 (700 + 0.37)
(H/F, SRL, TXP, RXP)	0.3V to (V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.3V)
Driver Input Voltage (DI)	0.3V to (V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.3V)
Driver Output Voltage (A, B, Y, Z)	±13V
Receiver Input Voltage (A, B)	±13V
Receiver Input Voltage, Full Duplex (A, I	
Receiver Output Voltage (RO)	0.3V to (V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.3V)

Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

## DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

 $(V_{CC} = +5V \pm 5\%, T_A = T_{MIN}$  to  $T_{MAX}$ , unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at  $V_{CC} = +5V$  and  $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$ .) (Note 1)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	COND	MIN	ТҮР	MAX	UNITS			
DRIVER	1	I							
Differential Driver Output (No Load)	VOD1	Figure 5				5	V		
Differential Driver Output	Vere	Figure 5, R = 50 $\Omega$ (RS-	-422)	2.0			V		
Differential Driver Output	V <sub>OD2</sub>	Figure 5, R = $27\Omega$ (RS-	-485)	1.5			V		
Change-in-Magnitude of Differential Output Voltage (Note 2)	ΔV <sub>OD</sub>	Figure 5, R = 50 $\Omega$ or R	$R = 27\Omega$			0.2	V		
Driver Common-Mode Output Voltage	Voc	Figure 5, R = 50 $\Omega$ or R	$R = 27\Omega$			3	V		
Change-in-Magnitude of Common-Mode Voltage (Note 2)	ΔV <sub>OC</sub>	Figure 5, R = 50 $\Omega$ or R	$R = 27\Omega$			0.2	V		
Input High Voltage	VIH1	DE, DI, RE, H/F, TXP, F	RXP	2.0			V		
Input Low Voltage	VIL1	DE, DI, RE, H/F, TXP, F	RXP			0.8	V		
DI Input Hysteresis	V <sub>HYS</sub>	MAX3080E–MAX3085E SRL = V <sub>CC</sub> or unconne			100		mV		
SRL Input Current	lin1	DE, DI, RE				±2	μA		
	l <sub>IN2</sub>	H/F, TXP, RXP, interna	l pulldown	10		40	μA		
Input High Voltage	VIH2	SRL		V <sub>CC</sub> - 0.8			V		
Input Middle Voltage	V <sub>IM2</sub>	SRL (Note 3)		0.4V <sub>CC</sub>		0.6V <sub>CC</sub>	V		
Input Low Voltage	VIL2	SRL				0.8	V		
SRL Input Current	lina	$SRL = V_{CC}$				75	μA		
She input Current	11N3	SRL = GND (Note 3)		-75			μΑ		
Incut Current (A and D)		DE = GND,	V <sub>IN</sub> = 12V			125			
Input Current (A and B)	l <sub>IN4</sub>	$V_{CC} = GND \text{ or } 5.25V$ $V_{IN} = -7V$				-75	μA		
Output Leakage (Y and Z)		$DE = GND.$ $V_{IN} = 12V$		DF = GND VIN = 12V				125	
Full Duplex	IO	$V_{CC} = GND \text{ or } 5.25V$ $V_{IN} = -7V$		-100			μA		
Driver Chart Circuit Outrait		-7V ≤ V <sub>OUT</sub> ≤ V <sub>CC</sub>	-250						
Driver Short-Circuit Output Current (Note 4)	VOD1	$0V \le V_{OUT} \le 12V$				250	mA		
		$0V \le V_{OUT} \le V_{CC}$	$0V \le V_{OUT} \le V_{CC}$			±25			

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## DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

 $(V_{CC} = +5V \pm 5\%, T_A = T_{MIN} \text{ to } T_{MAX}, \text{ unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at } V_{CC} = +5V \text{ and } T_A = +25^{\circ}C.)$  (Note 1)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	COND	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS	
RECEIVER							
Receiver Differential Threshold Voltage	VTH	$-7V \le V_{CM} \le 12V$	$-7V \le V_{CM} \le 12V$		-125	-50	mV
Receiver Input Hysteresis	ΔV <sub>TH</sub>				25		mV
Receiver Output High Voltage	Voh	I <sub>O</sub> = -4mA, V <sub>ID</sub> = -50n	nV	V <sub>CC</sub> -1.5			V
Receiver Output Low Voltage	Vol	$I_{O} = 4mA, V_{ID} = -200r$	mV			0.4	V
Three-State Output Current at Receiver	I <sub>OZR</sub>	$0.4V \le V_O \le 2.4V$				±1	μA
Receiver Input Resistance	RIN	$-7V \le V_{CM} \le 12V$	$-7V \le V_{CM} \le 12V$				kΩ
Receiver Output Short-Circuit Current	IOSR	$0V \le V_{RO} \le V_{CC}$		±7		±95	mA
SUPPLY CURRENT		T					
		No load, RE = DI = GND	DE = V <sub>CC</sub>		430	900	μA
Supply Current	ICC	or $V_{CC}$ , SRL = $V_{CC}$	DE = GND		375	600	
		No load,	$DE = V_{CC}$		475	1000	
		$\overline{RE} = DI = GND$ or V <sub>CC</sub> , SRL = GND	DE = GND		420	800	- μΑ
Supply Current in Shutdown Mode	ISHDN	$DE = GND, V_{\overline{RE}} = V_{CC}$			0.001	10	μA
ESD Protection for Y, Z, A, B		Human Body Model		±15		kV	

**Note 1:** All currents into the device are positive; all currents out of the device are negative. All voltages are referred to device ground unless otherwise noted.

Note 2:  $\Delta V_{OD}$  and  $\Delta V_{OC}$  are the changes in  $V_{OD}$  and  $V_{OC}$ , respectively, when the DI input changes state.

**Note 3:** The SRL pin is internally biased to  $V_{CC}$  / 2 by a  $100k\Omega/100k\Omega$  resistor-divider. It is guaranteed to be  $V_{CC}$  / 2 if left unconnected.

Note 4: Maximum current level applies to peak current just prior to foldback-current limiting; minimum current level applies during current limiting.

# SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS—MAX3080E/MAX3081E/MAX3082E, and MAX3089E with SRL = Unconnected

(V<sub>CC</sub> = +5V ±5%,  $T_A = T_{MIN}$  to  $T_{MAX}$ , unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at V<sub>CC</sub> = +5V and  $T_A = +25^{\circ}$ C.)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	ТҮР	MAX	UNITS
Driver Input to Output	t <sub>DPLH</sub>	Figures 7 and 9, $R_{DIFF} = 54\Omega$ ,	500	2030	2600	20
Driver Input-to-Output	t <sub>DPHL</sub>	$C_{L1} = C_{L2} = 100 pF$	500	2030	2600	ns
Driver Output Skew   <sup>t</sup> DPLH - <sup>t</sup> DPHL	<b>t</b> DSKEW	Figures 7 and 9, $R_{DIFF} = 54\Omega$ , $C_{L1} = C_{L2} = 100 pF$		-3	±200	ns
Driver Rise or Fall Time	t <sub>DR</sub> , t <sub>DF</sub>	Figures 7 and 9, RDIFF = $54\Omega$ , C <sub>L1</sub> = C <sub>L2</sub> = 100pF	667	1320	2500	ns
Maximum Data Rate	f <sub>MAX</sub>		115			kbps
Driver Enable to Output High	tdzh	Figures 8 and 10, $C_L = 100pF$ , S2 closed			3500	ns
Driver Enable to Output Low	t <sub>DZL</sub>	Figures 8 and 10, $C_L = 100pF$ , S1 closed			3500	ns
Driver Disable Time from Low	t <sub>DLZ</sub>	Figures 8 and 10, C <sub>L</sub> = 15pF, S1 closed			100	ns
Driver Disable Time from High	t <sub>DHZ</sub>	Figures 8 and 10, $C_L = 15pF$ , S2 closed			100	ns
Receiver Input to Output	t <sub>RPLH</sub> , t <sub>RPHL</sub>	Figures 11 and 13; $ V_{ID}  \ge 2.0V$ ; rise and fall time of $V_{ID} \le 15$ ns		127	200	ns
t <sub>RPLH</sub> - t <sub>RPHL</sub>   Differential Receiver Skew	<sup>t</sup> RSKD	Figures 11 and 13; $ V_{ID}  \ge 2.0V$ ; rise and fall time of $V_{ID} \le 15$ ns		3	±30	ns
Receiver Enable to Output Low	t <sub>RZL</sub>	Figures 6 and 12, $C_L = 100pF$ , S1 closed		20	50	ns
Receiver Enable to Output High	trzh	Figures 6 and 12, $C_L = 100pF$ , S2 closed		20	50	ns
Receiver Disable Time from Low	t <sub>RLZ</sub>	Figures 6 and 12, $C_L = 100pF$ , S1 closed		20	50	ns
Receiver Disable Time from High	t <sub>RHZ</sub>	Figures 6 and 12, $C_L = 100pF$ , S2 closed		20	50	ns
Time to Shutdown	<b>t</b> SHDN	(Note 5)	50	200	600	ns
Driver Enable from Shutdown to Output High	tDZH(SHDN)	Figures 8 and 10, $C_L = 15pF$ , S2 closed			6000	ns
Driver Enable from Shutdown to Output Low	tDZL(SHDN)	Figures 8 and 10, $C_L = 15pF$ , S1 closed			6000	ns
Receiver Enable from Shutdown- to-Output High	trzh(SHDN)	Figures 6 and 12, C <sub>L</sub> = 100pF, S2 closed			3500	ns
Receiver Enable from Shutdown- to-Output Low	trzl(SHDN)	Figures 6 and 12, C <sub>L</sub> = 100pF, S1 closed			3500	ns

# SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS—MAX3083E/MAX3084E/MAX3085E, and MAX3089E with SRL = VCC

(V<sub>CC</sub> = +5V ±5%, T<sub>A</sub> = T<sub>MIN</sub> to T<sub>MAX</sub>, unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at V<sub>CC</sub> = +5V and T<sub>A</sub> = +25°C.)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	ТҮР	MAX	UNITS
Driver Input-to-Output	<b>t</b> DPLH	Figures 7 and 9, $R_{DIFF} = 54\Omega$ ,	250	720	1000	20
	$t_{\text{DPHL}} C_{\text{L1}} = C_{\text{L2}} = 100 \text{pF}$		250	720	1000	ns
Driver Output Skew   tDPLH - tDPHL	<b>t</b> DSKEW	Figures 7 and 9, $R_{DIFF} = 54\Omega$ , $C_{L1} = C_{L2} = 100 pF$		-3	±100	ns
Driver Rise or Fall Time	t <sub>DR</sub> , t <sub>DF</sub>	Figures 7 and 9, $R_{DIFF} = 54\Omega$ , $C_{L1} = C_{L2} = 100 pF$	200	530	750	ns
Maximum Data Rate	fMAX		500			kbps
Driver Enable to Output High	t <sub>DZH</sub>	Figures 8 and 10, C <sub>L</sub> = 100pF, S2 closed			2500	ns
Driver Enable to Output Low	t <sub>DZL</sub>	Figures 8 and 10, C <sub>L</sub> = 100pF, S1 closed			2500	ns
Driver Disable Time from Low	tDLZ	Figures 8 and 10, $C_L = 15pF$ , S1 closed			100	ns
Driver Disable Time from High	t <sub>DHZ</sub>	Figures 8 and 10, $C_L = 15pF$ , S2 closed			100	ns
Receiver Input to Output	t <sub>RPLH</sub> , t <sub>RPHL</sub>	Figures 11 and 13; $ V_{ID}  \ge 2.0V$ ; rise and fall time of $V_{ID} \le 15$ ns		127	200	ns
t <sub>RPLH</sub> - t <sub>RPHL</sub>   Differential Receiver Skew	t <sub>RSKD</sub>	Figures 11 and 13; $ V_{ID}  \ge 2.0V$ ; rise and fall time of $V_{ID} \le 15$ ns		3	±30	ns
Receiver Enable to Output Low	t <sub>RZL</sub>	Figures 6 and 12, C <sub>L</sub> = 100pF, S1 closed		20	50	ns
Receiver Enable to Output High	t <sub>RZH</sub>	Figures 6 and 12, C <sub>L</sub> = 100pF, S2 closed		20	50	ns
Receiver Disable Time from Low	t <sub>RLZ</sub>	Figures 6 and 12, C <sub>L</sub> = 100pF, S1 closed		20	50	ns
Receiver Disable Time from High	t <sub>RHZ</sub>	Figures 6 and 12, C <sub>L</sub> = 100pF, S2 closed		20	50	ns
Time to Shutdown	<b>t</b> SHDN	(Note 5)	50	200	600	ns
Driver Enable from Shutdown-to-Output High	tDZH(SHDN)	Figures 8 and 10, $C_L = 15pF$ , S2 closed			4500	ns
Driver Enable from Shutdown-to-Output Low	tDZL(SHDN)	Figures 8 and 10, $C_L = 15pF$ , S1 closed			4500	ns
Receiver Enable from Shutdown-to-Output High	tRZH(SHDN)	Figures 6 and 12, C <sub>L</sub> = 100pF, S2 closed			3500	ns
Receiver Enable from Shutdown-to-Output Low	trzl(SHDN)	Figures 6 and 12, C <sub>L</sub> = 100pF, S1 closed			3500	ns

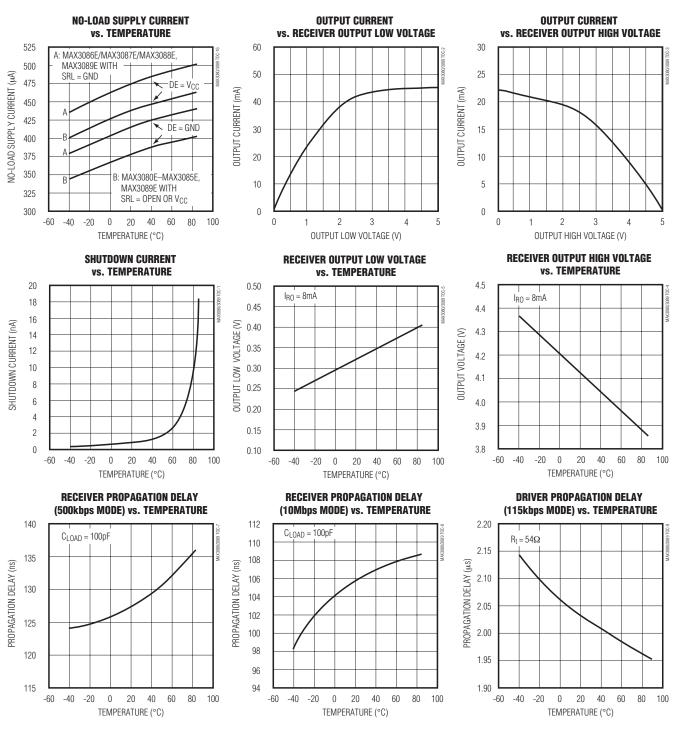
# SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS—MAX3086E/MAX3087E/MAX3088E, and MAX3089E with SRL = GND

(V<sub>CC</sub> = +5V ±5%, T<sub>A</sub> = T<sub>MIN</sub> to T<sub>MAX</sub>, unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at V<sub>CC</sub> = +5V and T<sub>A</sub> = +25°C.)

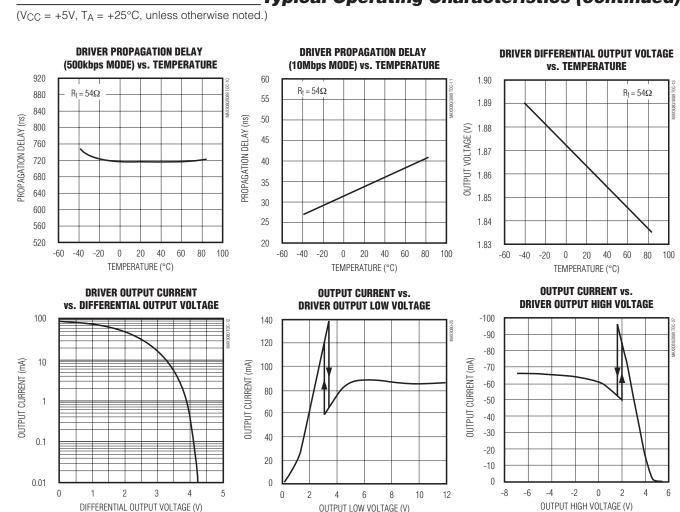
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Driver Input-to-Output	t <sub>DPLH</sub>	Figures 7 and 9, $R_{DIFF} = 54\Omega$ ,		34	60	ns
	t <sub>DPHL</sub>	$C_{L1} = C_{L2} = 100 pF$		34	60	115
Driver Output Skew   tDPLH - tDPHL	<b>t</b> DSKEW	Figures 7 and 9, $R_{DIFF} = 54\Omega$ , $C_{L1} = C_{L2} = 100 pF$		-2.5	±10	ns
Driver Rise or Fall Time	t <sub>DR</sub> , t <sub>DF</sub>	Figures 7 and 9, $R_{DIFF} = 54\Omega$ , $C_{L1} = C_{L2} = 100 pF$		14	25	ns
Maximum Data Rate	f <sub>MAX</sub>		10			Mbps
Driver Enable to Output High	t <sub>DZH</sub>	Figures 8 and 10, C <sub>L</sub> = 100pF, S2 closed			150	ns
Driver Enable to Output Low	t <sub>DZL</sub>	Figures 8 and 10, C <sub>L</sub> = 100pF, S1 closed			150	ns
Driver Disable Time from Low	t <sub>DLZ</sub>	Figures 8 and 10, $C_L = 15pF$ , S1 closed			100	ns
Driver Disable Time from High	t <sub>DHZ</sub>	Figures 8 and 10, $C_L = 15pF$ , S2 closed			100	ns
Receiver Input-to-Output	t <sub>RPLH</sub> , t <sub>RPHL</sub>	Figures 11 and 13; $ V_{ID}  \ge 2.0V$ ; rise and fall time of $V_{ID} \le 15$ ns		106	150	ns
t <sub>RPLH</sub> - t <sub>RPHL</sub>   Differential Receiver Skew	<sup>t</sup> RSKD	Figures 11 and 13; $ V_{ID}  \ge 2.0V$ ; rise and fall time of $V_{ID} \le 15$ ns		0	±10	ns
Receiver Enable to Output Low	t <sub>RZL</sub>	Figures 6 and 12, C <sub>L</sub> = 100pF, S1 closed		20	50	ns
Receiver Enable to Output High	t <sub>RZH</sub>	Figures 6 and 12, C <sub>L</sub> = 100pF, S2 closed		20	50	ns
Receiver Disable Time from Low	t <sub>RLZ</sub>	Figures 6 and 12, $C_L = 100 pF$ , S1 closed		20	50	ns
Receiver Disable Time from High	t <sub>RHZ</sub>	Figures 6 and 12, $C_L = 100 pF$ , S2 closed		20	50	ns
Time to Shutdown	<b>t</b> SHDN	(Note 5)	50	200	600	ns
Driver Enable from Shutdown-to-Output High	t <sub>DZH</sub> (SHDN)	Figures 8 and 10, $C_L = 15pF$ , S2 closed			250	ns
Driver Enable from Shutdown-to-Output Low	tDZL(SHDN)	Figures 8 and 10, C <sub>L</sub> = 15pF, S1 closed			250	ns
Receiver Enable from Shutdown-to-Output High	tRZH(SHDN)	Figures 6 and 12, C <sub>L</sub> = 100pF, S2 closed			3500	ns
Receiver Enable from Shutdown-to-Output Low	trzl(SHDN)	Figures 6 and 12, C <sub>L</sub> = 100pF, S1 closed			3500	ns

**Note 5:** The device is put into shutdown by bringing RE high and DE low. If the enable inputs are in this state for less than 50ns, the device is guaranteed not to enter shutdown. If the enable inputs are in this state for at least 600ns, the device is guaranteed to have entered shutdown.

**Typical Operating Characteristics** 

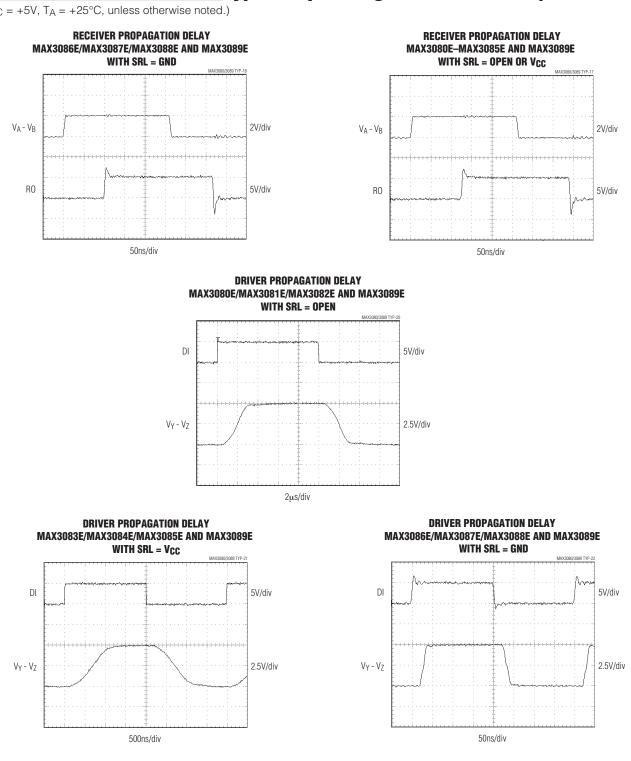


#### $(V_{CC} = +5V, T_A = +25^{\circ}C, unless otherwise noted.)$



**Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)** 

**Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)** 



 $(V_{CC} = +5V, T_A = +25^{\circ}C, unless otherwise noted.)$ 

MAX3080E-MAX3089E

## **Pin Description**

		PIN				
MAX3080E MAX3083E MAX3086E	MAX3081E MAX3084E MAX3087E	MAX3082E MAX3085E MAX3088E	MAX	3089E	NAME	FUNCTION
-	OUPLEX ICES	HALF- DUPLEX DEVICES	FULL- DUPLEX MODE	HALF- DUPLEX MODE		
_	_		1	1	H/F	Half/Full-Duplex Selector Pin. Connect H/ $\!\overline{\!F}$ to V <sub>CC</sub> for half-duplex mode; connect to GND or leave unconnected for full-duplex mode.
2	2	1	2	2	RO	Receiver Output. When $\overline{RE}$ is low and if A - B $\geq$ -50mV, RO will be high; if A - B $\leq$ -200mV, RO will be low.
3	_	2	3	3	RE	Receiver Output Enable. Drive $\overline{\text{RE}}$ low to enable RO; RO is high impedance when $\overline{\text{RE}}$ is high. Drive $\overline{\text{RE}}$ high and DE low to enter low-power shutdown mode.
4	_	3	4	4	DE	Driver Output Enable. Drive DE high to enable driver outputs. These outputs are high impedance when DE is low. Drive RE high and DE low to enter low-power shutdown mode.
5	3	4	5	5	DI	Driver Input. With DE high, a low on DI forces noninverting output low and inverting output high. Similarly, a high on DI forces non-inverting output high and inverting output low.
	_		6	6	SRL	Slew-Rate-Limit Selector Pin. Connect SRL to GND for 10Mbps communication rate; connect to V <sub>CC</sub> for 500kbps communication rate. Leave unconnected for 115kbps communication rate.
6, 7	4	5	7	7	GND	Ground
	_	_	8	8	TXP	Transmitter Phase. Connect TXP to GND, or leave floating for normal transmitter phase/polarity. Connect to $V_{CC}$ to invert the transmitter phase/polarity.
9	5		9		Y	Noninverting Driver Output
	_			9	Y	Noninverting Receiver Input and Noninverting Driver Output*
10	6		10		Z	Inverting Driver Output
_	_	_		10	Z	Inverting Receiver Input and Inverting Driver Output*
11	7		11		В	Inverting Receiver Input
_	_	—	—	11	В	Receiver Input Resistors*
		7			В	Inverting Receiver Input and Inverting Driver Output

## Pin Description (continued)

		PIN					
MAX3080E MAX3083E MAX3086E	MAX3081E MAX3084E MAX3087E	MAX3082E MAX3085E MAX3088E	MAXS	3089E	NAME	FUNCTION	
FULL-D DEV	OUPLEX ICES	HALF- DUPLEX DEVICES	FULL- DUPLEX MODE	HALF- DUPLEX MODE			
12	8		12		А	Noninverting Receiver Input	
_				12	А	Receiver Input Resistors*	
_		6			А	Noninverting Receiver Input and Noninverting Driver Output	
_			13	13	RXP	Receiver Phase. Connect RXP to GND, or leave uncon- nected for normal receiver phase/polarity. Connect to V <sub>CC</sub> to invert the receiver phase/polarity.	
14	1	8	14	14	V <sub>CC</sub>	Positive Supply 4.75V $\leq$ V <sub>CC</sub> $\leq$ 5.25V	
1, 8, 13					N.C.	Not Connected. Not internally connected.	

\*(MAX3089E only). In half-duplex mode, the driver outputs serve as receiver inputs. The full-duplex receiver inputs (A and B) will still have a 1/8-unit load, but are not connected to the receiver.

## **Function Tables**

TRANSMITTING											
INPUTS OUTPUTS											
RE	DE	DI	Z	Y							
Х	1	1	0	1							
Х	1	0	1	0							
0	0	Х	High-Z	High-Z							
1	0	Х	Shutdown								

MAX3080E/MAX3083E/MAX3086E

RECEIVING										
	INPUTS		OUTPUT							
RE	DE	A - B	RO							
0	Х	≥ -0.05V	1							
0	Х	≤ -0.2V	0							
0	Х	Open/shorted	1							
1	1	Х	High-Z							
1	0	Х	Shutdown							

X = Don't care

Shutdown mode, driver and receiver outputs high impedance

#### MAX3081E/MAX3084E/MAX3087E

TRANSMITTING				
INPUT	INPUT OUTPUTS			
DI	Z	Y		
1	0	1		
0	1	0		

RECEIVING				
INPUTS	OUTPUT			
A - B	RO			
≥ -0.05V	1			
≤ -0.2V	0			
Open/shorted	1			



#### MAX3082E/MAX3085E/MAX3088E

TRANSMITTING					
INPUTS			OUTPUTS		
RE	DE	DI	B/Z	A/Y	
Х	1	1	0	1	
Х	1	0	1	0	
0	0	Х	High-Z	High-Z	
1	0	Х	Shute	down	

RECEIVING					
	INPUTS		OUTPUT		
RE	DE	A - B	RO		
0	Х	≥ -0.05V	1		
0	Х	≤ -0.2V	0		
0	Х	Open/shorted	1		
1	1	Х	High-Z		
1	0	Х	Shutdown		

X = Don't care

Shutdown mode, driver and receiver outputs high impedance

## Function Tables (continued)

MA	Х3	08	9E	

TRANSMITTING					
	INP	OUTI	PUTS		
TXP	RE	DE	DI	Z	Y
0	Х	1	1	0	1
0	Х	1	0	1	0
1	Х	1	1	1	0
1	Х	1	0	0	1
Х	0	0	Х	High-Z	High-Z
Х	1	0	Х	Shute	down

RECEIVING								
	INPUTS OUTPUT							
H/F	RXP	RE	DE	A - B	Y - Z	RO		
0	0	0	Х	≥ -0.05V	Х	1		
0	0	0	Х	≤ -0.2V	Х	0		
0	1	0	Х	≥ -0.05V	Х	0		
0	1	0	Х	≤ -0.2V	Х	1		
1	0	0	0	Х	≥ -0.05V	1		
1	0	0	0	Х	≤ -0.2V	0		
1	1	0	0	Х	≥ -0.05V	0		
1	1	0	0	Х	≤ -0.2V	1		
0	0	0	Х	Open/ shorted	Х	1		
1	0	0	0	Х	Open/ shorted	1		
0	1	0	Х	Open/ shorted	Х	0		
1	1	0	0	Х	Open/ shorted	0		
Х	Х	1	1	Х	Х	High-Z		
Х	Х	1	0	Х	Х	Shutdown		

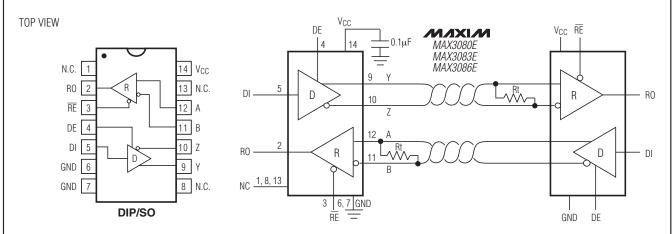


Figure 1. MAX3080E/MAX3083E/MAX3086E Pin Configuration and Typical Full-Duplex Operating Circuit

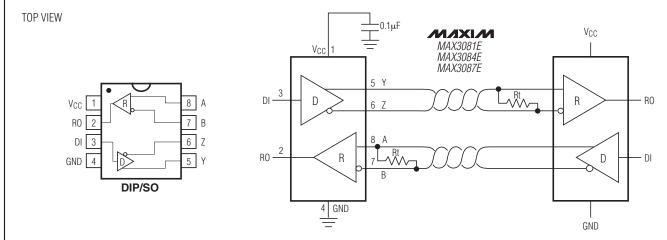


Figure 2. MAX3081E/MAX3084E/MAX3087E Pin Configuration and Typical Full-Duplex Operating Circuit

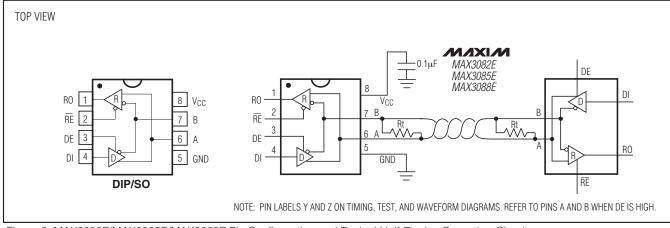


Figure 3. MAX3082E/MAX3085E/MAX3088E Pin Configuration and Typical Half-Duplex Operating Circuit

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## **Detailed Description**

The MAX3080E-MAX3089E high-speed transceivers for RS-485/RS-422 communication contain one driver and one receiver. These devices feature fail-safe circuitry, which guarantees a logic-high receiver output when the receiver inputs are open or shorted, or when they are connected to a terminated transmission line with all drivers disabled (see the *Fail-Safe* section). The MAX3080E/MAX3081E/MAX3082E feature reduced slew-rate drivers that minimize EMI and reduce reflections caused by improperly terminated cables, allowing error-free data transmission up to 115kbps (see the Reduced EMI and Reflections section). The MAX3083E/MAX3084E/MAX3085E offer higher driver output slew-rate limits, allowing transmit speeds up to 500kbps. The MAX3086E/MAX3087E/MAX3088E's driver slew rates are not limited, making transmit speeds up to 10Mbps possible. The MAX3089E's slew rate is selectable between 115kbps, 500kbps, and 10Mbps by driving a selector pin with a three-state driver.

The MAX3082E/MAX3085E/MAX3088E are half-duplex transceivers, while the MAX3080E/MAX3081E/ MAX3083E/MAX3084E/MAX3086E/MAX3087E are full-duplex transceivers. The MAX3089E is selectable between half- and full-duplex communication by driving a selector pin high or low, respectively.

All of these parts operate from a single +5V supply. Drivers are output short-circuit current limited. Thermal shutdown circuitry protects drivers against excessive power dissipation. When activated, the thermal shutdown circuitry places the driver outputs into a highimpedance state.

#### **Receiver Input Filtering**

The receivers of the MAX3080E–MAX3085E, and the MAX3089E when operating in 115kbps or 500kbps mode, incorporate input filtering in addition to input hysteresis. This filtering enhances noise immunity with differential signals that have very slow rise and fall times. Receiver propagation delay increases by 20% due to this filtering.

**Fail-Safe** The MAX3080E family **guarantees** a logic-high receiver output when the receiver inputs are shorted or open, or when they are connected to a terminated transmission line with all drivers disabled. This is done by setting the receiver threshold between -50mV and -200mV. If the differential receiver input voltage (A - B) is greater than or equal to -50mV, RO is logic high. If A - B is less than or equal to -200mV, RO is logic low. In the case of a terminated bus with all transmitters disabled, the receiver's differential input voltage is pulled to 0V by the termination. With the receiver thresholds of the MAX3080E family, this results in a logic high with a 50mV minimum noise margin. Unlike previous fail-safe devices, the -50mV to -200mV threshold complies with the  $\pm$ 200mV EIA/TIA-485 standard.

#### MAX3089E Programming

The MAX3089E has several programmable operating modes. Transmitter rise and fall times are programmable between 2500ns, 750ns, and 25ns, resulting in maximum data rates of 115kbps, 500kbps, and 10Mbps, respectively. To select the desired data rate, drive SRL to one of three possible states by using a three-state driver, by connecting it to V<sub>CC</sub> or GND, or by leaving it unconnected. For 115kbps operation, set the three-state device in high-impedance mode or leave SRL unconnected. For 500kbps operation, drive SRL high or connect it to V<sub>CC</sub>. For 10Mbps operation, drive SRL low or connect it to GND. SRL can be changed during operation without interrupting data communications.

Occasionally, twisted-pair lines are connected backward from normal orientation. The MAX3089E has two pins that invert the phase of the driver and the receiver to correct for this problem. For normal operation, drive TXP and RXP low, connect them to ground, or leave them unconnected (internal pulldown). To invert the driver phase, drive TXP high or connect it to V<sub>CC</sub>. To invert the receiver phase, drive RXP high or connect it to V<sub>CC</sub>. Note that the receiver threshold is positive when RXP is high.

The MAX3089E can operate in full- or half-duplex mode. Drive the  $H/\overline{F}$  pin low, leave it unconnected (internal pulldown), or connect it to GND for full-duplex operation, and drive it high for half-duplex operation. In full-duplex mode, the pin configuration of the driver and receiver is the same as that of a MAX3080E (Figure 4). In half-duplex mode, the receiver inputs are switched to the driver outputs, connecting outputs Y and Z to inputs A and B, respectively. In half-duplex mode, the internal full-duplex receiver input resistors are still connected to pins 11 and 12.

#### ±15kV ESD Protection

As with all Maxim devices, ESD-protection structures are incorporated on all pins to protect against electrostatic discharges encountered during handling and assembly. The driver outputs and receiver inputs of the MAX3080E–MAX3089E family have extra protection against static electricity. Maxim's engineers have developed state-of-the-art structures to protect these pins against ESD of ±15kV without damage.



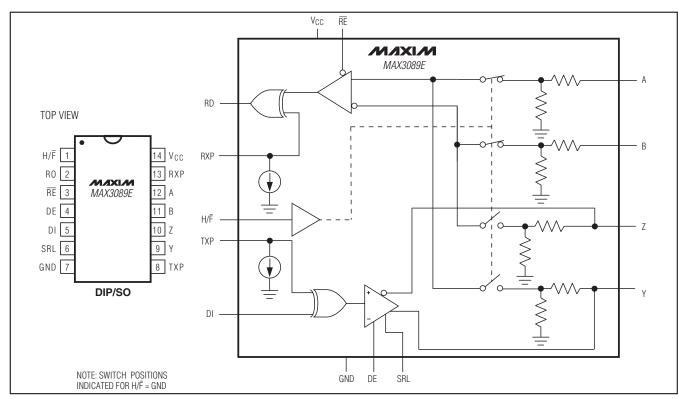


Figure 4. MAX3089E Pin Configuration and Functional Diagram

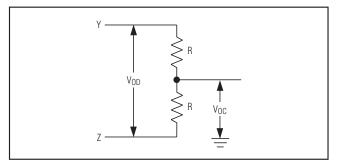


Figure 5. Driver DC Test Load

The ESD-protected pins are tested with reference to the ground pin in a powered-down condition. They are tested to  $\pm 15$ kV using the Human Body Model.

#### ESD Test Conditions

ESD performance depends on a variety of conditions. Contact Maxim for a reliability report that documents test setup, test methodology, and test results.

#### Human Body Model

Figure 14a shows the Human Body Model, and Figure 14b shows the current waveform it generates when dis-

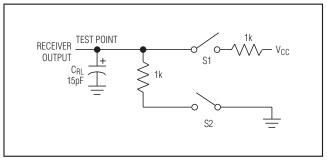


Figure 6. Receiver Enable/Disable Timing Test Load

charged into a low impedance. This model consists of a 100pF capacitor charged to the ESD voltage of interest, which is then discharged into the test device through a  $1.5 k\Omega$  resistor.

#### Machine Model

The Machine Model for ESD tests all pins using a 200pF storage capacitor and zero discharge resistance. The objective is to emulate the stress caused when I/O pins are contacted by handling equipment during test and assembly. All pins require this protection, not just RS-485 inputs and outputs.



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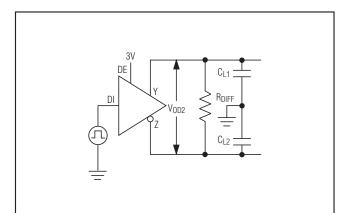


Figure 7. Driver Timing Test Circuit

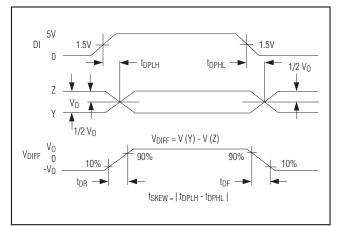


Figure 9. Driver Propagation Delays

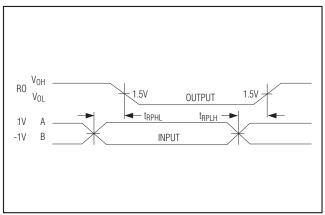


Figure 11. Receiver Propagation Delays

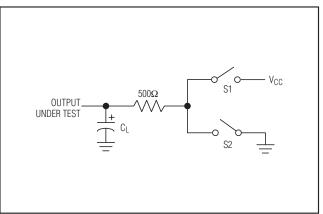


Figure 8. Driver Enable and Disable Timing Test Load

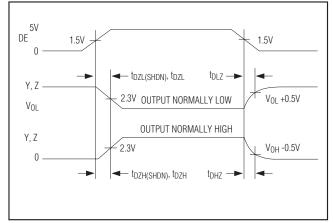


Figure 10. Driver Enable and Disable Times (Except MAX3081E/MAX3084E/MAX3087E)

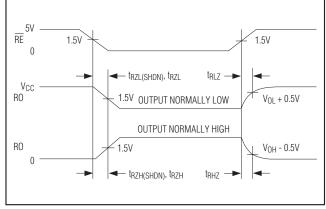


Figure 12. Receiver Enable and Disable Times (Except MAX3081E/MAX3084E/MAX3087E)



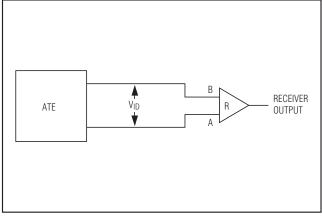


Figure 13. Receiver Propagation Delay Test Circuit

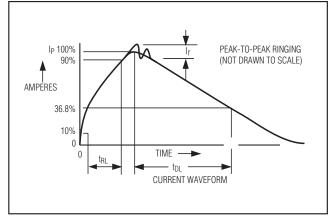


Figure 14b. Human Body Current Waveform

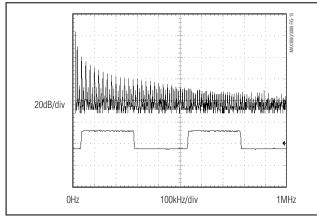


Figure 16. Driver Output Waveform and FFT Plot of MAX3083E/MAX3084E/MAX3085E, and MAX3089E with SRL =  $V_{CC}$ , Transmitting a 20kHz Signal



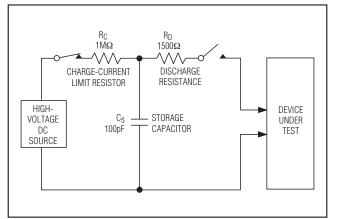


Figure 14a. Human Body ESD Test Model

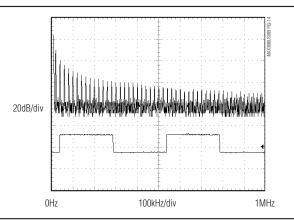


Figure 15. Driver Output Waveform and FFT Plot of MAX3086E/MAX3087E/MAX3088E, and MAX3089E with SRL = GND, Transmitting a 20kHz Signal

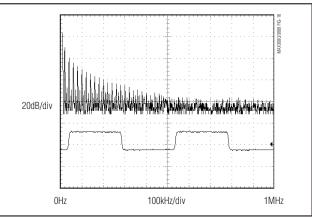


Figure 17. Driver Output Waveform and FFT Plot of MAX3080E/MAX3081E/MAX3082E, and MAX3089E with SRL = Unconnected, Transmitting a 20kHz Signal

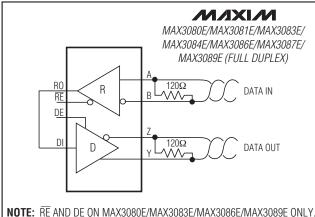


Figure 18. Line Repeater for MAX3080E/MAX3081E/MAX3083E/ MAX3084E/MAX3086E/MAX3087E, and MAX3089E in Full-Duplex Mode

#### **Applications Information**

#### 256 Transceivers on the Bus

The standard RS-485 receiver input impedance is  $12k\Omega$  (one-unit load), and the standard driver can drive up to 32 unit loads. The MAX3080E family of transceivers have a 1/8-unit-load receiver input impedance (96k $\Omega$ ), allowing up to 256 transceivers to be connected in parallel on one communication line. Any combination of these devices and/or other RS-485 transceivers with a total of 32 unit loads or less can be connected to the line.

#### **Reduced EMI and Reflections**

The MAX3080E-MAX3085E, and MAX3089E with SRL = VCC or unconnected, are slew-rate limited, minimizing EMI and reducing reflections caused by improperly terminated cables. Figure 15 shows the driver output waveform and its Fourier analysis of a 20kHz signal transmitted by a MAX3086E/MAX3087E/MAX3088E, and MAX3089E with SRL = GND. High-frequency harmonic components with large amplitudes are evident. Figure 16 shows the same signal displayed for a MAX3083E/MAX3084E/MAX3085E, and MAX3089E with SRL = VCC, transmitting under the same conditions. Figure 16's high-frequency harmonic components are much lower in amplitude, compared with Figure 15's, and the potential for EMI is significantly reduced. Figure 17 shows the same signal displayed for a MAX3080E/ MAX3081E/MAX3082E, and MAX3089E with SRL = unconnected, transmitting under the same conditions. Figure 17's high-frequency harmonic components are even lower.

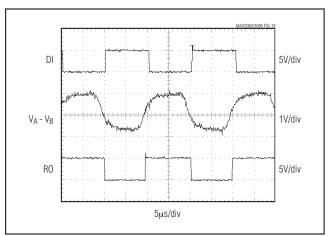


Figure 19. MAX3080E/MAX3081E/MAX3082E, and MAX3089E with SRL = Unconnected, System Differential Voltage at 50kHz Driving 4000ft of Cable

In general, a transmitter's rise time relates directly to the length of an unterminated stub, which can be driven with only minor waveform reflections. The following equation expresses this relationship conservatively:

where tRISE is the transmitter's rise time.

For example, the MAX3080E's rise time is typically 1320ns, which results in excellent waveforms with a stub length up to 90 feet. A system can work well with longer unterminated stubs, even with severe reflections, if the waveform settles out before the UART samples them.

#### Low-Power Shutdown Mode (Except MAX3082E/MAX3085E/MAX3088E)

Low-power shutdown mode is initiated by bringing both RE high and DE low. In shutdown, the devices typically draw only 1nA of supply current.

 $\overline{\text{RE}}$  and DE may be driven simultaneously; the parts are guaranteed not to enter shutdown if  $\overline{\text{RE}}$  is high and DE is low for less than 50ns. If the inputs are in this state for at least 600ns, the parts are guaranteed to enter shutdown.

Enable times  $t_{ZH}$  and  $t_{ZL}$  in the *Switching Characteristics* tables assume the part was not in a lowpower shutdown state. Enable times  $t_{ZH(SHDN)}$  and  $t_{ZL(SHDN)}$  assume the parts were shut down. It takes drivers and receivers longer to become enabled from low-power shutdown mode ( $t_{ZH(SHDN)}$ ,  $t_{ZL(SHDN)}$ ) than from driver/receiver-disable mode ( $t_{ZH}$ ,  $t_{ZL}$ ).

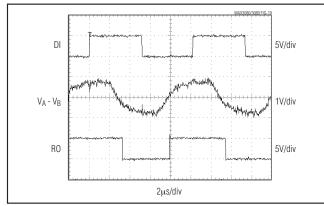
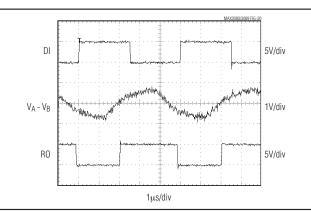
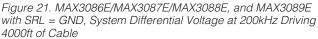


Figure 20. MAX3083E/MAX3084E/MAX3085E, and MAX3089E with SRL =  $V_{CC}$ , System Differential Voltage at 50kHz Driving 4000ft of Cable





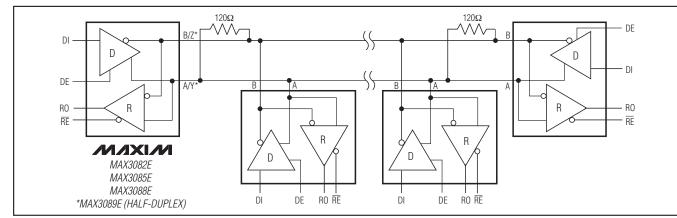


Figure 22. Typical Half-Duplex RS-485 Network

#### **Driver Output Protection**

Two mechanisms prevent excessive output current and power dissipation caused by faults or by bus contention. The first, a foldback current limit on the output stage, provides immediate protection against short circuits over the whole common-mode voltage range (see *Typical Operating Characteristics*). The second, a thermal shutdown circuit, forces the driver outputs into a high-impedance state if the die temperature becomes excessive.

#### Line Length vs. Data Rate

The RS-485/RS-422 standard covers line lengths up to 4000 feet. For line lengths greater than 4000 feet, use the repeater application shown in Figure 18.

Figures 19, 20, and 21 show the system differential voltage for the parts driving 4000 feet of 26AWG twisted-pair wire at 110kHz into  $120\Omega$  loads.

#### **Typical Applications**

The MAX3082E/MAX3085E/MAX3088E/MAX3089E transceivers are designed for bidirectional data communications on multipoint bus transmission lines. Figures 22 and 23 show typical network applications circuits. These parts can also be used as line repeaters, with cable lengths longer than 4000 feet, as shown in Figure 18.

To minimize reflections, the line should be terminated at both ends in its characteristic impedance, and stub lengths off the main line should be kept as short as possible. The slew-rate-limited MAX3082E/MAX3085E, and the two modes of the MAX3089E, are more tolerant of imperfect termination.

**WAX3080E-MAX3089E** 

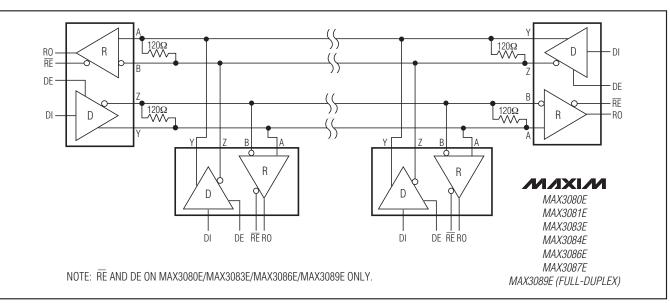


Figure 23. Typical Full-Duplex RS-485 Network

PART	TEMP. RANGE	PIN-PACKAGE
MAX3081ECSA	0°C to +70°C	8 SO
MAX3081ECPA	0°C to +70°C	8 Plastic DIP
MAX3081EESA	-40°C to +85°C	8 SO
MAX3081EEPA	-40°C to +85°C	8 Plastic DIP
MAX3082ECSA	0°C to +70°C	8 SO
MAX3082ECPA	0°C to +70°C	8 Plastic DIP
MAX3082EESA	-40°C to +85°C	8 SO
MAX3082EEPA	-40°C to +85°C	8 Plastic DIP
MAX3083ECSD	0°C to +70°C	14 SO
MAX3083ECPD	0°C to +70°C	14 Plastic DIP
MAX3083EESD	-40°C to +85°C	14 SO
MAX3083EEPD	-40°C to +85°C	14 Plastic DIP
MAX3084ECSA	0°C to +70°C	8 SO
MAX3084ECPA	0°C to +70°C	8 Plastic DIP
MAX3084EESA	-40°C to +85°C	8 SO
MAX3084EEPA	-40°C to +85°C	8 Plastic DIP
MAX3085ECSA	0°C to +70°C	8 SO
MAX3085ECPA	0°C to +70°C	8 Plastic DIP
MAX3085EESA	-40°C to +85°C	8 SO
MAX3085EEPA	-40°C to +85°C	8 Plastic DIP

## **Ordering Information (continued)**

PART	TEMP. RANGE	PIN-PACKAGE
MAX3086ECSD	0°C to +70°C	14 SO
MAX3086ECPD	0°C to +70°C	14 Plastic DIP
MAX3086EESD	-40°C to +85°C	14 SO
MAX3086EEPD	-40°C to +85°C	14 Plastic DIP
MAX3087ECSA	0°C to +70°C	8 SO
MAX3087ECPA	0°C to +70°C	8 Plastic DIP
MAX3087EESA	-40°C to +85°C	8 SO
MAX3087EEPA	-40°C to +85°C	8 Plastic DIP
MAX3088ECSA	0°C to +70°C	8 SO
MAX3088ECPA	0°C to +70°C	8 Plastic DIP
MAX3088EESA	-40°C to +85°C	8 SO
MAX3088EEPA	-40°C to +85°C	8 Plastic DIP
MAX3089ECSD	0°C to +70°C	14 SO
MAX3089ECPD	0°C to +70°C	14 Plastic DIP
MAX3089EESD	-40°C to +85°C	14 SO
MAX3089EEPD	-40°C to +85°C	14 Plastic DIP

## **Revision History**

Pages changed at Rev 1: 1, 19, 20

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