Panasonic

Precision Thick Film Chip Resistors

Precision Thick Film Chip Resistors		-			1001	1001
Type: ERJ XG, 1G ERJ 1R, 2R, 3R, 6R ERJ 3E, 6E, 8E, 14, 12, 1T	1001		1001	100	1	1001

Features

- Small size and lightweight
- High reliability
- Metal glaze thick film resistive element and three layers of electrodes
- Compatible with placement machines Taping packaging available
- Suitable for both reflow and flow soldering
- Low Resistance Tolerance ERJXG, 1G, 2R, 3E, 6E, 8E, 14, 12, 1T Type : ±1 % ERJ1R, 2R, 3R, 6R Type : ±0.5 %
- Reference Standards IEC 60115-8, JIS C 5201-8, EIAJ RC-2134B
- AEC-Q200 qualified (Exemption ERJXG, ERJ1R)
- RoHS compliant

■ As for Packaging Methods, Land Pattern, Soldering Conditions and Safety Precautions, Please see Data Files

Explanation of Part Numbers • ERJ1R, 2R, 3R, 6R Type, ±0.5 % 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 1 Ε R J 3 R В D 0 0 2 ν T.C.R. Marking Packaging Methods Size, Power Rating Resistance Tolerance Product Code Thick Film Code Inch Power R. Code T.C.R. Code Code Packaging Tolerance Chip Resistors 1R 0201 0.05 W Н ±50×10⁻⁶/°C (1R, 2R) D ±0.5 % Pressed Carrier Taping С 2 mm pitch, 15,000 pcs 2R 0402 0.063 W В ±50×10⁻⁶/°C (3R, 6R) ±100×10⁻⁶/°C (2R) 3R 0603 0.1 W Κ Punched Carrier Taping Х ±100×10⁻⁶/°C (3R, 6R) 2 mm pitch, 10,000 pcs 0805 0.1 W Е 6R Punched Carrier Taping V 4 mm pitch, 5,000 pcs. **Resistance Value**

The first three digits are significant figures of resistance and the last one denotes number of zeros following. Example: $1002 \rightarrow 10 \text{ k} \Omega$ Part No.

ERJ1R

FR.I2R

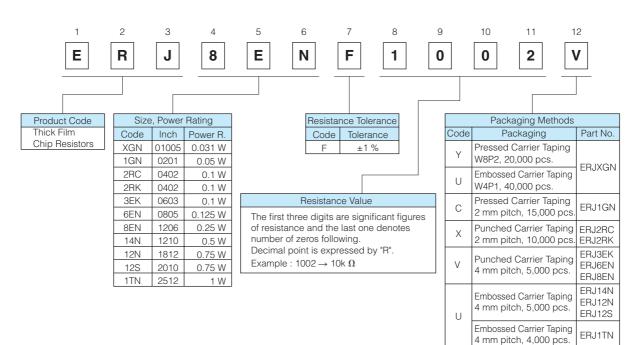
ERJ3R

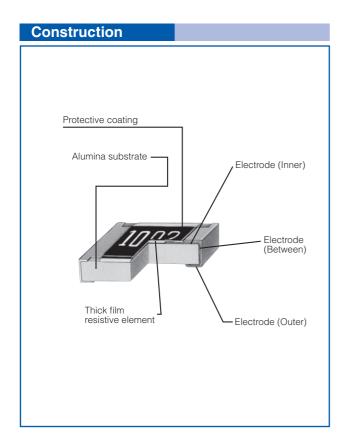
ERJ6R

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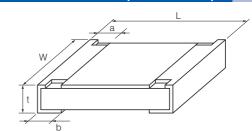
Precision Thick Film Chip Resistors

• ERJXGN, 1GN, 2RC, 2RK, 3EK, 6EN, 8EN, 14N, 12N, 12S, 1TN Type, ±1%





Dimensions in mm (not to scale)



Part No.		Mass (Weight)					
Fait NO.	L	W	а	b	t	[g/1000 pcs.]	
ERJXG	0.40 ^{±0.02}	0.20 ^{±0.02}	$0.10^{\pm 0.03}$	$0.10^{\pm 0.03}$	$0.13^{\pm 0.02}$	0.04	
ERJ1G, 1R	0.60 ^{±0.03}	0.30 ^{±0.03}	0.10 ^{±0.05}	0.15 ^{±0.05}	0.23 ^{±0.03}	0.15	
ERJ2R	1.00 ^{±0.05}	0.50 ^{±0.05}	0.20 ^{±0.10}	0.25 ^{±0.05}	0.35 ^{±0.05}	0.8	
ERJ3R□ ERJ3EK	1.60 ^{±0.15}	0.80 ^{+0.15}	0.30 ^{±0.20}	0.30 ^{±0.15}	0.45 ^{±0.10}	2	
ERJ6R□ ERJ6EN	2.00 ^{±0.20}	1.25 ^{±0.10}	0.40 ^{±0.20}	0.40 ^{±0.20}	0.60 ^{±0.10}	4	
ERJ8EN	3.20 ^{+0.05} _{-0.20}	1.60 ^{+0.05} _{-0.15}	0.50 ^{±0.20}	0.50 ^{±0.20}	0.60 ^{±0.10}	10	
ERJ14N	3.20 ^{±0.20}	2.50 ^{±0.20}	0.50 ^{±0.20}	0.50 ^{±0.20}	0.60 ^{±0.10}	16	
ERJ12N	4.50 ^{±0.20}	3.20 ^{±0.20}	0.50 ^{±0.20}	0.50 ^{±0.20}	0.60 ^{±0.10}	27	
ERJ12S	5.00 ^{±0.20}	2.50 ^{±0.20}	0.60 ^{±0.20}	0.60 ^{±0.20}	0.60 ^{±0.10}	27	
ERJ1TN	6.40 ^{±0.20}	3.20 ^{±0.20}	0.65 ^{±0.20}	0.60 ^{±0.20}	0.60 ^{±0.10}	45	

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Ratings

Part No. (inch size)	Power Rating at 70 °C ⁽⁴⁾ (W)	Limiting Element Voltage ⁽¹⁾ (V)	Maximum Overload Voltage ⁽²⁾ (V)	Resistance Tolerance (%)	Resistance Range (Ω)	T.C.R. (×10⁻⁶/°C)	Category Temperature Range (°C)	AEC-Q200 Grade
ERJ1RH (0201)	0.05	15	30	±0.5	1k to 1M (E24, E96)	±50	–55 to +125	_
ERJ2RH (0402)	0.063	50	100	±0.5	100 to 100k (E24, E96)	±50	–55 to +155	Grade 0
ERJ2RK (0402)	0.063	50	100	±0.5	10 to 97.6 102k to 1M (E24, E96)	±100	–55 to +155	Grade 0
ERJ3RB (0603)	0.1	50	100	±0.5	100 to 100k (E24, E96)	±50	–55 to +155	Grade 0
ERJ3RE (0603)	0.1	50	100	±0.5	10 to 97.6 102k to 1M (E24, E96)	±100	–55 to +155	Grade 0
ERJ6RB (0805)	0.1	150	200	±0.5	100 to 100k (E24, E96)	±50	–55 to +155	Grade 0
ERJ6RE (0805)	0.1	150	200	±0.5	10 to 97.6 102k to 1M (E24, E96)	±100	–55 to +155	Grade 0

<±1 %>

Part No. (inch size)	Power Rating at 70 °C ⁽⁴⁾ (W)	Limiting Element Voltage ⁽¹⁾ (V)	Maximum Overload Voltage ⁽²⁾ (V)	Resistance Tolerance (%)	Resistance Range (Ω)	T.C.R. (×10 ^{−6} /°C)	Category Temperature Range (°C)	AEC-Q200 Grade
ERJXGN (01005)	0.031	15	30	±1	10 to 1 M ⁽³⁾ (E24, E96)	$\begin{array}{l} <100 \ \Omega \ \vdots \ \pm 300 \\ 100 \ \Omega \leq \vdots \ \pm 200 \end{array}$	-55 to +125	_
ERJ1GN (0201)	0.05	25	50	±1	10 to 1 M ⁽³⁾ (E24, E96)	±200	-55 to +125	Grade 1
ERJ2RC (0402)	0.1	50	100	±1	1 to 9.76 (E24, E96)	-100 to +600	-55 to +155	Grade 0
ERJ2RK (0402)	0.1	50	100	±1	10 to 1 M (E24, E96)	±100	–55 to +155	Grade 0
ERJ3EK (0603)	0.1	75	150	±1	10 to 1 M (E24, E96)	±100	–55 to +155	Grade 0
ERJ6EN (0805)	0.125	150	200	±1	10 to 2.2 M (E24, E96)	±100	-55 to +155	Grade 0
ERJ8EN (1206)	0.25	200	400	±1	10 to 2.2 M (E24, E96)	±100	–55 to +155	Grade 0
ERJ14N (1210)	0.5	200	400	±1	10 to 1 M (E24, E96)	±100	-55 to +155	Grade 0
ERJ12N (1812)	0.75	200	500	±1	10 to 1 M (E24, E96)	±100	–55 to +155	Grade 0
ERJ12S (2010)	0.75	200	500	±1	10 to 1 M (E24, E96)	±100	-55 to +155	Grade 0
ERJ1TN (2512)	1	200	500	±1	10 to 1 M (E24, E96)	±100	–55 to +155	Grade 0

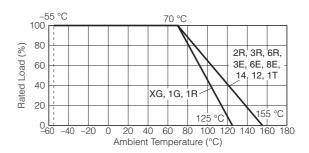
(1) Rated Continuous Working Voltage (RCWV) shall be determined from RCWV= $\sqrt{Power Rating \times Resistance Values}$, or Limiting Element Voltage listed above, whichever less.

(2) Overload Test Voltage (OTV) shall be determined from OTV=Specified Magnification (refer to performance) \times RCWV or Maximum Overload Voltage listed above, whichever less. (3) Please contact us when you need a type with a resistance of less than 10 Ω .

(4) Use it on the condition that the case temperature is below the upper category temperature.

Power Derating Curve

For resistors operated in ambient temperatures above 70 °C, power rating shall be derated in accordance with the figure on the right.



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Perfomance

• ERJ1R, 2R, 3R, 6R Type, ±0.5%(D)

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Test Item	Performance Requirements	Test Conditions
Resistance	Within Specified Tolerance	20 °C
T. C. R.	Within Specified T. C. R.	+25 °C/+125 °C
Overload	±2%	Rated Voltage × 2.5, 5 s
Resistance to Soldering Heat	±1%	270 °C, 10 s
Rapid Change of Temperature	±1%	-55 °C (30min.) / +155 °C (ERJ1R : +125 °C) (30min.), 100 cycles
High Temperature Exposure	±1%	+155 °C (ERJ1R : +125 °C) , 1000 h
Damp Heat, Steady State	±1%	60 °C, 90% to 95 %RH, 1000 h
Load Life in Humidity	±2% ERJ1R: ±3%	60 °C, 90% to 95 %RH, Rated Voltage, 1.5 h ON/0.5 h OFF cycle, 1000 h
Endurance at 70 °C	±2% ERJ1R: ±3%	70 °C, Rated Voltage, 1.5 h ON/0.5 h OFF cycle, 1000 h

• ERJXGN, 1GN, 2RC, 2RK, 3EK, 6EN, 8EN, 14N, 12N, 12S, 1TN Type, ±1%(F)

Test Item	Performance Requirements	Test Conditions
Resistance	Within Specified Tolerance	20 °C
T. C. R.	Within Specified T. C. R.	+25 °C/+155 °C (ERJXG, ERJ1G : +25 °C/+125 °C)
Overload	±2%	Rated Voltage × 2.5, 5 s
Resistance to Soldering Heat	±1%	270 °C, 10 s
Rapid Change of Temperature	±1%	-55 °C (30min.) / +155 °C (ERJXG, ERJ1G : +125 °C) (30min.), 100 cycles
High Temperature Exposure	±1%	+155 °C (ERJXG, ERJ1G : +125 °C) , 1000 h
Damp Heat, Steady State	±1%	60 °C, 90% to 95 %RH, 1000 h
Load Life in Humidity	±2% ERJXG, ERJ1G: ±3%	60 °C, 90% to 95 %RH, Rated Voltage, 1.5 h ON/0.5 h OFF cycle, 1000 h
Endurance at 70 °C	±2% ERJXG, ERJ1G: ±3%	70 °C, Rated Voltage, 1.5 h ON/0.5 h OFF cycle, 1000 h

△ Safety Precautions (Common precautions for Surface Mount Resistors)

The following are precautions for individual products. Please also refer to the common precautions for Fixed Resistors in this catalog.

- 1. Take measures against mechanical stress during and after mounting of Surface Mount Resistors (hereafter called the resistors) so as not to damage their electrodes and protective coatings.
- Be careful not to misplace the resistors on the land patterns. Otherwise, solder bridging may occur.
- 2. Keep the rated power and ambient temperature within the specified derating curve. Some circuit boards, wiring patterns, temperatures of heat generated by adjacent components, or ambient temperatures can become factors in the rise of the temperature of the resistors, regardless of the level of power applied. Therefore, check the conditions before use and optimize them so as not to damage the boards and peripheral components.

Make sure to contact us before using the resistors under special conditions.

- 3. If a transient load (heavy load in a short time) like a pulse is expected to be applied, check and evaluate the operations of the resistors when installed in your products before use.
- Never exceed the rated power. Otherwise, the performance and/or reliability of the resistors may be impaired.
- 4. Before using halogen-based or other high-activity flux, check the possible effects of the flux residues on the performance and reliability of the resistors.
- 5. When soldering with a soldering iron, never touch the resistors'bodies with the tip of the soldering iron. When using a soldering iron with a high temperature tip, finish soldering as quickly as possible (within three seconds at 350 °C max.).
- 6. As the amount of applied solder becomes larger, the mechanical stress applied to the resistors increases, causing problems such as cracks and faulty characteristics. Avoid applying an excessive amounts of solder.
- 7. When the resistors' protective coatings are chipped, flawed, or removed, the characteristics of the resistors may be impaired. Take special care not to apply mechanical shock during automatic mounting or cause damage during handling of the boards with the resistors mounted.
- 8. Do not apply shock to the resistors or pinch them with a hard tool (e.g. pliers and tweezers). Otherwise, the resistors' protective coatings and bodies may be chipped, affecting their performance.
- 9. Avoid excessive bending of printed circuit boards in order to protect the resistors from abnormal stress.
- Do not immerse the resistors in solvent for a long time. Before using solvent, carefully check the effects of immersion.
 Transient voltage

If there is a possibility that the transient phenomenon (significantly high voltage applied in a short time) may occur or that a high voltage pulse may be applied, make sure to evaluate and check the characteristics of Fixed Metal (Oxide) Film Resistors mounted on your product rather than only depending on the calculated power limit or steady-state conditions to complete the design or decide to use the resistors.

12. Do not apply excessive tension to the terminals.

△Safety Precautions (Common precautions for Fixed Resistors)

- When using our products, no matter what sort of equipment they might be used for, be sure to make a written agreement on the specifications with us in advance. The design and specifications in this catalog are subject to change without prior notice.
- Do not use the products beyond the specifications described in this catalog.
- This catalog explains the quality and performance of the products as individual components. Before use, check and evaluate their operations when installed in your products.
- Install the following systems for a failsafe design to ensure safety if these products are to be used in equipment where a defect in these products may cause the loss of human life or other significant damage, such as damage to vehicles (automobile, train, vessel), traffic lights, medical equipment, aerospace equipment, electric heating appliances, combustion/gas equipment, rotating equipment, and disaster/crime prevention equipment.
- * Systems equipped with a protection circuit and a protection device

* Systems equipped with a redundant circuit or other system to prevent an unsafe status in the event of a single fault

(1) Precautions for use

- These products are designed and manufactured for general and standard use in general electronic equipment (e.g. AV equipment, home electric appliances, office equipment, information and communication equipment)
- These products are not intended for use in the following special conditions. Before using the products, carefully check the effects on their quality and performance, and determine whether or not they can be used.
 - 1. In liquid, such as water, oil, chemicals, or organic solvent
 - 2. In direct sunlight, outdoors, or in dust
 - 3. In salty air or air with a high concentration of corrosive gas, such as Cl₂, H₂S, NH₃, SO₂, or NO₂
 - 4. Electric Static Discharge (ESD) Environment These components are sensitive to static electricity and can be damaged under static shock (ESD). Please take measures to avoid any of these environments. Smaller components are more sensitive to ESD environment.
 - 5. Electromagnetic Environment
 - Avoid any environment where strong electromagnetic waves exist.
 - 6. In an environment where these products cause dew condensation
 - 7. Sealing or coating of these products or a printed circuit board on which these products are mounted, with resin or other materials
- These products generate Joule heat when energized. Carefully position these products so that their heat will not affect the other components.
- Carefully position these products so that their temperatures will not exceed the category temperature range due to the effects of neighboring heat-generating components. Do not mount or place heat-generating components or inflammables, such as vinyl-coated wires, near these products.
- Note that non-cleaning solder, halogen-based highly active flux, or water-soluble flux may deteriorate the performance or reliability of the products.
- Carefully select a flux cleaning agent for use after soldering. An unsuitable agent may deteriorate the performance or reliability. In particular, when using water or a water-soluble cleaning agent, be careful not to leave water residues. Otherwise, the insulation performance may be deteriorated.

(2) Precautions for storage

The performance of these products, including the solderability, is guaranteed for a year from the date of arrival at your company, provided that they remain packed as they were when delivered and stored at a temperature of 5 $^{\circ}$ C to 35 $^{\circ}$ C and a relative humidity of 45 % to 85 %.

Even within the above guarantee periods, do not store these products in the following conditions. Otherwise, their electrical performance and/or solderability may be deteriorated, and the packaging materials (e.g. taping materials) may be deformed or deteriorated, resulting in mounting failures.

1. In salty air or in air with a high concentration of corrosive gas, such as Cl_2 , H_2S , NH_3 , SO_2 , or NO_2 2. In direct sunlight

<Package markings>

Package markings include the product number, quantity, and country of origin. In principle, the country of origin should be indicated in English.

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 CRL0603-FW-R700ELF
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 RC1005F1072CS

 RC1005F471CS
 RC1005F4751CS
 RCP0603W100RGED
 ERJ-1GMF1R00C
 ERJ-1GMF1R20C
 ERJ-1GMF2R55C
 ERJ-1GMF8R66C

 25121WF1003T4E
 25.501.3653.0
 290-1.0M-RC
 292-2.2K-RC
 292-4.7K-RC
 25121WF4700T4E
 292-470K-RC
 302-1.0M-RC

 RC
 CPG1206F10KC
 CRCW02011R00FXED
 CRCW060315K0FKEE
 CRCW060320K5FKEE
 CRG0201F10K
 RCP2512B100RGWB

 RCWP12061K00FKS2
 3520510RJT
 352075KJT
 M55342K11B9E53RUL
 RMC16-102JT
 RMC1JPTE
 TR0603MR-075K1L
 5-2176094-4

 35202K7JT
 WF06Q1000FTL
 ERJ-S14J4R7U
 CHP2512L4R30GNT
 WR12X1621FTL
 RCWP11001K00FKS3
 LRC-LRF3W-01-R050

 FTR1800
 9-2176088-6
 NRC06F1002TR20F
 CRCW02013M30FNED
 CRCW060343K0FKEE
 WR04X5360FTL
 RCA060345K3FKEA

 LTR100JZPF33R0
 VR04X5360FTL
 RCA060345K3FKEA
 LTR100JZPF33R0
 RCW02013M30FNED
 CRCW060343K0FKEE
 WR04X5360FTL
 RCA060345K3FKEA