

Film Capacitors

EMI Suppression Capacitors (MKP)

Series/Type: B32912*5 ... B32918*5

Date: June 2018

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X1 / 530 V AC

Typical applications

- X1 class for interference suppression
- "Across the line" applications

Climatic

- Max. operating temperature: 110 °C
- Climatic category (IEC 60068-1:2013): 40/110/56

Construction

- Dielectric: polypropylene (MKP)
- Plastic case (UL 94 V-0)
- Epoxy resin sealing (UL 94 V-0)

Features

- Small dimensions
- Good self-healing properties
- High voltage capability
- RoHS-compatible
- Halogen-free capacitors available on request

Terminals

- Parallel wire leads, lead-free tinned
- Special lead lengths available on request

Marking

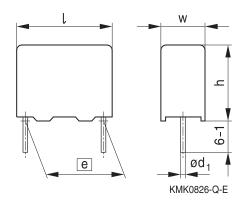
Manufacturer's logo, lot number, date code, rated capacitance (coded), capacitance tolerance (code letter), rated AC voltage (IEC), series number, sub-class (X1), dielectric code (MKP), climatic category, passive flammability category, approvals.

Delivery mode

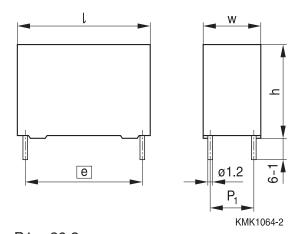
Bulk (untaped)
Taped (Ammo pack or reel)
For taping details, refer to chapter
"Taping and packing".

Dimensional drawing

Drawing 1



Drawing 2



P1 = 20.3 mm Dimensions in mm

Pin	Lead spacing <u>e</u> ±0.4	Lead diameter d ₁ ±0.05	Туре	Drawing
2	15	0.8	B32912*5	1
2	22.5	0.8	B32913*5	1
2	27.5	0.8	B32914*5	1
2 / 41)	37.5	1.0	B32916*5	1 / 21)
4	52.5	1.2	B32918*5	2

¹⁾ A few individual types only



X1 / 530 V AC



Marking examples (position of marks may vary):





Approvals

Approval marks	Standards	Certificate			
15	EN 60384-14:2014, IEC 60384-14:2013	ENEC-00955 (approved by UL Demko)			
c 911 us	UL 60384-14:2014, CSA E60384-14:2013	E97863			
Notes:	Effective January 2014, only for EMI supres	ssion capacitors:			
	 UL 60384-14:2014 certification replaces standards. 	both UL 1414:2000 and UL 1283:2005			
	 CSA C22.2 No.1.2004 and CSA C22.2 No.8:2013 are replaced by CSA E60384-14:2013. 				
	References like 1414, 1283 are removed from the capacitor marking.				





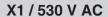
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Overview of available types

Lead spacing	15 mm	22.5 mm	27.5 mm	37.5 mm	52.5 mm
Туре	B32912*5	B32913*5	B32914*5	B32916*5	B32918*5
C _R (μF)					
0.0068					
0.0082					
0.010					
0.022					
0.033					
0.047					
0.056					
0.068					
0.082					
0.10					
0.15					
0.22					
0.33					
0.47					
0.56					
0.68					
0.82					
1.0					
1.5					
1.8					
2.2					
3.3					
4.7					
5.6					



B32912*5





Ordering codes and packing units (lead spacing 15.0 mm)

C _R	Max. dimensions	Ordering code	Ammo pack	Reel	Untaped	Pins
	$w \times h \times I$	(composition see below)				
μF	mm		pcs./MOQ	pcs./MOQ	pcs./MOQ	
0.0068	$5.0 \times 10.5 \times 18.0$	B32912B5682+***	4680	5200	4000	2
0.0082	$5.0 \times 10.5 \times 18.0$	B32912B5822+***	4680	5200	4000	2
0.010	$5.0 \times 10.5 \times 18.0$	B32912B5103+***	4680	5200	4000	2
0.022	$5.5 \times 11.0 \times 18.0$	B32912A5223M***	4280	4800	4000	2
0.033	$7.0 \times 12.5 \times 18.0$	B32912B5333+***	3320	3600	4000	2
0.047	$8.0 \times 14.0 \times 18.0$	B32912A5473+***	2920	3000	2000	2
0.056	$8.0 \times 14.0 \times 18.0$	B32912A5563M***	2920	3000	2000	2
0.068	$9.0 \times 17.5 \times 18.0$	B32912A5683+***	2560	2800	2000	2
0.10	$11.0 \times 18.5 \times 18.0$	B32912A5104+***	_	2200	1200	2

MOQ = Minimum Order Quantity, consisting of 4 packing units.

Further intermediate capacitance values on request.

Composition of ordering code

+ = Capacitance tolerance code:

 $M = \pm 20\%$

 $K = \pm 10\%$

*** = Packaging code:

289 = Straight terminals, Ammo pack

189 = Straight terminals, Reel

003 = Straight terminals, untaped

(lead length 3.2 ±0.3 mm)

000 =Straight terminals, untaped (lead length 6 -1 mm)





B32913*5

X1 / 530 V AC

Ordering codes and packing units (lead spacing 22.5 mm)

C_R	Max. dimensions	Ordering code	Ammo pack	Reel	Untaped	Pins
	$w \times h \times I$	(composition see below)				
μF	mm		pcs./MOQ	pcs./MOQ	pcs./MOQ	
0.033	$6.0 \times 15.0 \times 26.5$	B32913A5333+***	2720	2800	2880	2
0.047	$6.0 \times 15.0 \times 26.5$	B32913A5473+***	2720	2800	2880	2
0.056	$6.0 \times 15.0 \times 26.5$	B32913A5563+***	2720	2800	2880	2
0.068	$6.0 \times 15.0 \times 26.5$	B32913A5683+***	2720	2800	2880	2
0.082	$6.0 \times 15.0 \times 26.5$	B32913A5823M***	2720	2800	2880	2
0.10	$7.0 \times 16.0 \times 26.5$	B32913C5104+***	2320	2400	2520	2
0.10	$7.5 \times 14.0 \times 26.5$	B32913B5104+***	2200	2000	2280	2
0.15	$8.5 \times 16.5 \times 26.5$	B32913A5154+***	1920	2000	2040	2
0.22	$10.5 \times 18.5 \times 26.5$	B32913B5224+***	1560	1600	2160	2
0.33	$11.0 \times 20.5 \times 26.5$	B32913A5334M***	1480	1400	2040	2
0.33	$12.0 \times 22.0 \times 26.5$	B32913B5334+***	_	_	1800	2
0.47	$14.5 \times 29.5 \times 26.5$	B32913A5474+***	_	_	1040	2

MOQ = Minimum Order Quantity, consisting of 4 packing units.

Further intermediate capacitance values on request.

Composition of ordering code

+ = Capacitance tolerance code:

 $M = \pm 20\%$

 $K = \pm 10\%$

*** = Packaging code:

289 = Straight terminals, Ammo pack

189 = Straight terminals, Reel

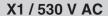
003 = Straight terminals, untaped

(lead length 3.2 ±0.3 mm)

000 =Straight terminals, untaped (lead length 6 -1 mm)



B32914*5





Ordering codes and packing units (lead spacing 27.5 mm)

C _R	Max. dimensions	Ordering code	Ammo pack	Reel	Untaped	Pins
	$w \times h \times I$	(composition see below)				
μF	mm		pcs./MOQ	pcs./MOQ	pcs./MOQ	
0.15	$11.0 \times 19.0 \times 31.5$	B32914A5154+***	_	1400	1280	2
0.22	$11.0 \times 19.0 \times 31.5$	B32914A5224+***	_	1400	1280	2
0.33	$11.0 \times 19.0 \times 31.5$	B32914A5334M***	_	1400	1280	2
0.47	$12.5 \times 21.5 \times 31.5$	B32914A5474M***	_	1200	1120	2
0.47	$13.5 \times 23.0 \times 31.5$	B32914B5474+***	_	1000	1040	2
0.56	$13.5 \times 23.0 \times 31.5$	B32914A5564M***	_	1000	1040	2
0.56	$14.0 \times 24.5 \times 31.5$	B32914B5564+***	_	1000	1040	2
0.68	$14.0 \times 24.5 \times 31.5$	B32914A5684M***	_	1000	1040	2
0.68	$16.0 \times 32.0 \times 31.5$	B32914C5684+***	_	_	880	2
0.68	$18.0 \times 27.5 \times 31.5$	B32914B5684+***	_	_	800	2
0.82	$16.0 \times 32.0 \times 31.5$	B32914B5824+***	_	_	880	2
0.82	$18.0 \times 27.5 \times 31.5$	B32914A5824+***	_	_	800	2
1.0	$16.0 \times 32.0 \times 31.5$	B32914B5105+***	_	_	880	2
1.0	$18.0 \times 27.5 \times 31.5$	B32914A5105M***	_	_	800	2
1.5	$22.0 \times 36.5 \times 31.5$	B32914A5155+***	_	_	640	2
1.8	$22.0 \times 36.5 \times 31.5$	B32914A5185M***	_	_	640	2

MOQ = Minimum Order Quantity, consisting of 4 packing units.

Further intermediate capacitance values on request.

Composition of ordering code

+ = Capacitance tolerance code:

 $M=\pm 20\%$

 $K = \pm 10\%$

*** = Packaging code:

289 = Straight terminals, Ammo pack

189 = Straight terminals, Reel

003 = Straight terminals, untaped (lead length 3.2 ±0.3 mm)

000 = Straight terminals, untaped

(lead length 6 -1 mm)





B32916*5

X1 / 530 V AC

Ordering codes and packing units (lead spacing 37.5 mm)

C _R	Max. dimensions	Ordering code	Ammo pack	Reel	Untaped	Pins
	$w \times h \times I$	(composition see below)				
μF	mm		pcs./MOQ	pcs./MOQ	pcs./MOQ	
0.22	$12.0 \times 22.0 \times 42.0$	B32916A5224+***	_	_	1620	2
0.33	$12.0 \times 22.0 \times 42.0$	B32916A5334+***	_	_	1620	2
0.47	$12.0 \times 22.0 \times 42.0$	B32916A5474+***	_	_	1620	2
0.56	$12.0 \times 22.0 \times 42.0$	B32916A5564+***	_	_	1620	2
0.56	$24.0 \times 15.0 \times 42.0$	B32916B5564+***	_	_	1040	2
0.68	$12.0 \times 22.0 \times 42.0$	B32916A5684+***	_	_	1620	2
0.68	$24.0 \times 15.0 \times 42.0$	B32916B5684+***	_	_	1040	2
0.82	$14.0 \times 25.0 \times 42.0$	B32916A5824M***	_	_	1380	2
0.82	$24.0 \times 15.0 \times 42.0$	B32916B5824+***	_	_	1040	2
1.0	$14.0 \times 25.0 \times 42.0$	B32916A5105M***	_	_	1380	2
1.0	$16.0 \times 28.5 \times 42.0$	B32916C5105+***	_	_	800	2
1.0	$24.0 \times 19.0 \times 42.0$	B32916D5105+***	_	_	780	2
1.5	$16.0 \times 28.5 \times 42.0$	B32916A5155M***	_	_	800	2
1.5	$17.0 \times 32.0 \times 42.0$	B32916B5155+***	_	_	760	2
2.2	$20.0 \times 39.5 \times 42.0$	B32916A5225+***	_	_	640	2
2.2	$31.0 \times 26.5 \times 42.0$	B32916B5225+***	_	_	600	2
3.3	$28.0 \times 37.0 \times 42.0$	B32916A5335M***	_	_	440	2
3.3	$28.0 \times 42.5 \times 42.0$	B32916B5335+***	_	_	440	2
4.7	$30.0 \times 45.0 \times 42.0$	B32916A5475M***	_	_	400	4
4.7	$33.0 \times 48.0 \times 42.0$	B32916B5475+***	_	_	180	4
5.6	$33.0 \times 48.0 \times 42.0$	B32916A5565M***	_	_	180	4

MOQ = Minimum Order Quantity, consisting of 4 packing units.

Further intermediate capacitance values on request.

Composition of ordering code

+ = Capacitance tolerance code:

 $M = \pm 20\%$

 $K = \pm 10\%$

*** = Packaging code:

289 = Straight terminals, Ammo pack

189 = Straight terminals, Reel

003 = Straight terminals, untaped (lead length 3.2 ±0.3 mm)

000 =Straight terminals, untaped (lead length 6 -1 mm)



B32918*5

X1 / 550 V AC



Ordering codes and packing units (lead spacing 52.5 mm)

C _R	Max. dimensions	Ordering code	Ammo pack	Reel	Untaped	Pins
	$w \times h \times I$	(composition see below)				
μF	mm		pcs./MOQ	pcs./MOQ	pcs./MOQ	
4.7	$30.0 \times 45.0 \times 57.5$	B32918A5475+***	_	_	280	4
5.6	$30.0 \times 45.0 \times 57.5$	B32918A5565+***	_	_	280	4
5.6	$35.0 \times 50.0 \times 57.5$	B32918B5565+***	_	_	108	4

MOQ = Minimum Order Quantity, consisting of 4 packing units.

Further intermediate capacitance values on request.

Composition of ordering code

+ = Capacitance tolerance code:

 $M = \pm 20\%$

 $K = \pm 10\%$

*** = Packaging code:

289 = Straight terminals, Ammo pack

189 = Straight terminals, Reel

003 = Straight terminals, untaped (lead length 3.2 ±0.3 mm)

000 =Straight terminals, untaped (lead length 6 -1 mm)





X1 / 530 V AC

Technical data

Reference standard: IEC 60384-14:2013 / UL 60384-14:2014. All data given at T = 20 $^{\circ}$ C, unless otherwise specified.

Rated AC voltage (IEC 60384-14:2013)	530 V (50/60 Hz)
Maximum continuous DC voltage V _{DC}	1000 V
Max. operating temperature T _{op,max}	+110 °C
DC test voltage	2700 V, 2 s

The repetition of this DC voltage test may damage the capacitor. Special care must be taken in case of use several capacitors in a parallel configuration.

case of ase several capacitors in a parame	i comiguration.			
Dissipation factor tan δ (in 10 ⁻³) at 20 °C		$C_R \le 2.2 \ \mu F$	C _R > 2.2 μF	
(upper limit values)	at 1 kHz	1	2	
Insulation resistance R _{ins} or time constant	$C_R \le 0.33~\mu F$	C _R > 0.33 μF		
$\tau = C_R \cdot R_{ins}$ at 100 V DC, 20 °C, rel. humidity \leq 65% and for 60 s (minimum as-delivered values)	30 000 ΜΩ	10 000 s		
Passive flammability category	В			
Capacitance tolerances (measured at 1 kHz)	±10% (K), ±20% (M)			
Damp heat test	Test conditions			
	Temperature:	+40 °C ±2 °C		
	Relative humic	93% ±2%		
	Test duration:	500 hours		
	Voltage value: 440 V AC, 50 Hz			
Limit values after damp heat test	Capacitance change (Δ C/C) \leq 10%			
	Dissipation factories	o (,	$\leq 5 \cdot 10^{-3} \text{ (at 1 kHz)}$	
	or time constant $\tau = C_R \cdot R_{ins}$ $\geq 200 \text{ M}\Omega$			



X1 / 530 V AC



Pulse handling capability

"dV/dt" represents the maximum permissible voltage change per unit of time for non-sinusoidal voltages, expressed in $V/\mu s$.

" k_0 " represents the maximum permissible pulse characteristic of the waveform applied to the capacitor, expressed in $V^2/\mu s$.

Note:

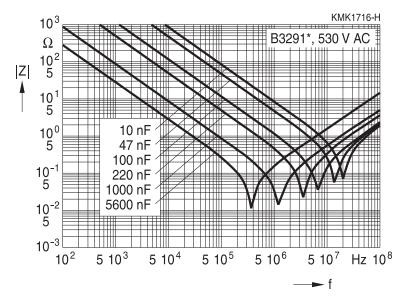
The values of dV/dt and k_0 provided below must not be exceeded in order to avoid damaging the capacitor.

dV/dt and k₀ values

Lead spacing	15 mm	22.5 mm	27.5 mm	37.5 mm	52.5 mm
dV/dt in V/μs	400	200	150	100	40
k ₀ in V²/μs	344 000	172 000	129 000	86 000	34 400

Impedance Z versus frequency f

(typical values)







X1 / 530 V AC

Testing and Standards

Test	Reference	Conditions of test		Performance requirements
Electrical parameters	IEC 60384-14:2013	Voltage Proof: Between terminals,		Within specified limits
		4.3 V _R , 1 min.		
		Terminals and enclo	sure:	
		2 V _R + 1500 V AC		
		Insulation resistance	, R _{ins}	
		Capacitance, C	•	
		Dissipation factor, ta		
Robustness	IEC	Tensile strength (tes	t Ua1)	Capacitance and δ
of termina- tions	60068-2-21:2006	Wire diameter	Tensile force	within specified limits
		$0.5 < d_1 \le 0.8 \text{ mm}$	10 N	
		$0.8 < d_1 \le 1.25 \text{ mm}$	20 N	
Resistance	IEC	Solder bath tempera	ture at	$\Delta C/C_0 \le 5\%$
to soldering	60068-2-20:2008,	260 ±5 °C, immersio	n for	tan δ within specified limits
heat	test Tb,	10 seconds		
	method 1A			
Rapid	IEC	T_A = lower category t		No visible damage
change of	60384-14:2013	T_B = upper category	•	
temperature		Five cycles, duration	t = 30 min.	tan δ within specified limits
Vibration	IEC	Test F _C : vibration sin	usoidal	No visible damage
	60384-14:2013	Displacement: 0.75 r	mm	
		Accleration: 98 m/s ²		
		Frequency: 10 Hz		
		Test duration: 3 ortho	ogonal axes,	
		2 hours each axe		
Bump	IEC	Test Eb: Total 4000	•	_
	60384-14:2013	400 m/s ² mounted on PCB		$ \Delta C/C_0 \le 5\%$
		6 ms duration		$\tan \delta$ within specified limits
Climatic	IEC	Dry heat Tb / 16 h		No visible damage
sequence	60384-14:2013	Damp heat cyclic, 1st cycle		$ \Delta C/C_0 \le 5\%$
		+55 °C / 24 h / 95% 100% RH		$ \Delta \tan \delta \le 0.008$ for $C \le 1 \mu F$
		Cold Ta / 2 h		$ \Delta \tan \delta \le 0.005$ for C > 1 μ F
		Damp heat cyclic, 5	•	Voltage proof
		+55 °C / 24 h / 95%	100% KH	$R_{ins} \ge 50\%$ of initial limit



X1 / 530 V AC



Test	Reference	Conditions of test	Performance requirements
Damp heat,	IEC	Test Ca	No visible damage
steady	60384-14:2013	40 °C / 93% RH / 56 days	$ \Delta C/C_0 \le 5\%$
state			$ \Delta \tan \delta \le 0.008$ for C $\le 1 \mu$ F
			$ \Delta \tan \delta \le 0.005$ for C > 1 μ F
			Voltage proof
			$R_{ins} \ge 50\%$ of initial limit
Impulse	IEC	3 impulses	No visible damage
test	60384-14:2013	Tb / 1.25 V _R / 1000 hours,	$ \Delta C/C_0 \le 10\%$
Endurance		1000 V _{RMS} for 0.1 s every hour	$ \Delta \tan \delta \le 0.008$ for C $\le 1 \mu$ F
			$ \Delta \tan \delta \le 0.005$ for C > 1 μ F
			Voltage proof
			$R_{ins} \ge 50\%$ of initial limit
Passive	IEC	Flame applied for a period of	В
flammability	60384-14:2013	time depending on capacitor	
		volume	
Active	IEC	20 discharges at 2.5 kV + V _R	The cheesecloth shall not
flammability	60384-14:2013		burn with a flame

Mounting guidelines

1 Soldering

1.1 Solderability of leads

The solderability of terminal leads is tested to IEC 60068-2-20, test Ta, method 1.

Before a solderability test is carried out, terminals are subjected to accelerated ageing (to IEC 60068-2-2, test Ba: 4 h exposure to dry heat at 155 °C). Since the ageing temperature is far higher than the upper category temperature of the capacitors, the terminal wires should be cut off from the capacitor before the ageing procedure to prevent the solderability being impaired by the products of any capacitor decomposition that might occur.

Solder bath temperature	235 ±5 °C	
Soldering time	2.0 ±0.5 s	
Immersion depth	2.0 +0/-0.5 mm from capacitor body or seating plane	
Evaluation criteria:		
Visual inspection	Wetting of wire surface by new solder ≥90%, free-flowing solder	



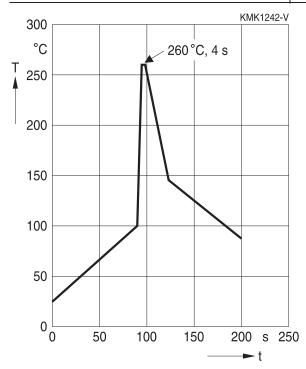


X1 / 530 V AC

1.2 Resistance to soldering heat

Resistance to soldering heat is tested to IEC 60068-2-20, test Tb, method 1. Conditions:

Series		Solder bath temperature	Soldering time
MKT	boxed (except $2.5 \times 6.5 \times 7.2$ mm) coated uncoated (lead spacing >10 mm)	260 ±5 °C	10 ±1 s
MFP	ancoarea (read opacing / 10 mm)		
MKP	(lead spacing >7.5 mm)		
MKT	boxed (case $2.5 \times 6.5 \times 7.2$ mm)		5 ±1 s
MKP	(lead spacing ≤7.5 mm)		<4 s
MKT	uncoated (lead spacing ≤10 mm) insulated (B32559)		recommended soldering profile for MKT uncoated (lead spacing ≤ 10 mm) and insulated (B32559)



Immersion depth	2.0 +0/-0.5 mm from capacitor body or seating plane	
Shield	Heat-absorbing board, (1.5 ±0.5) mm thick, between	
	capacitor body and liquid solder	
Evaluation criteria:		
Visual inspection	No visible damage	
$\Delta C/C_0$	2% for MKT/MKP/MFP	
$\Delta O/O_0$	5% for EMI suppression capacitors	
$tan \delta$	As specified in sectional specification	



X1 / 530 V AC



1.3 General notes on soldering

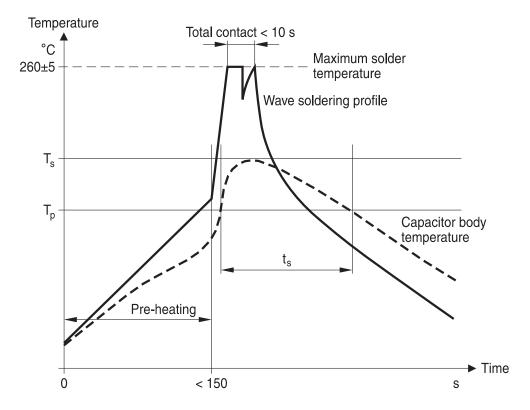
Permissible heat exposure loads on film capacitors are primarily characterized by the upper category temperature T_{max} . Long exposure to temperatures above this type-related temperature limit can lead to changes in the plastic dielectric and thus change irreversibly a capacitor's electrical characteristics. For short exposures (as in practical soldering processes) the heat load (and thus the possible effects on a capacitor) will also depend on other factors like:

- Pre-heating temperature and time
- Forced cooling immediately after soldering
- Terminal characteristics: diameter, length, thermal resistance, special configurations (e.g. crimping)
- Height of capacitor above solder bath
- Shadowing by neighboring components
- Additional heating due to heat dissipation by neighboring components
- Use of solder-resist coatings

The overheating associated with some of these factors can usually be reduced by suitable countermeasures. For example, if a pre-heating step cannot be avoided, an additional or reinforced cooling process may possibly have to be included.

EPCOS recommendations

As a reference, the recommended wave soldering profile for our film capacitors is as follows:



T_s: Capacitor body maximum temperature at wave soldering

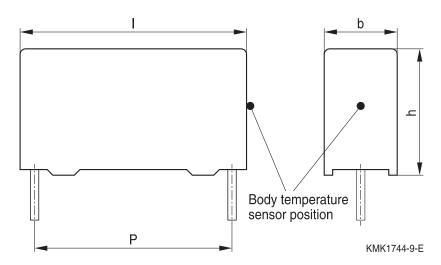
T_p: Capacitor body maximum temperature at pre-heating

KMK1745-A-E





X1 / 530 V AC



Body temperature should follow the description below:

■ MKP capacitor

During pre-heating: $T_p \le 110 \, ^{\circ}C$

During soldering: T_s ≤120 °C, t_s ≤45 s

MKT capacitor

During pre-heating: T_p ≤125 °C

During soldering: T_s ≤160 °C, t_s ≤45 s

When SMD components are used together with leaded ones, the film capacitors should not pass into the SMD adhesive curing oven. The leaded components should be assembled after the SMD curing step.

Leaded film capacitors are not suitable for reflow soldering.

In order to ensure proper conditions for manual or selective soldering, the body temperature of the capacitor (T_s) must be ≤ 120 °C.

One recommended condition for manual soldering is that the tip of the soldering iron should be <360 °C and the soldering contact time should be no longer than 3 seconds.

For uncoated MKT capacitors with lead spacings ≤10 mm (B32560/B32561) the following measures are recommended:

- pre-heating to not more than 110 °C in the preheater phase
- rapid cooling after soldering

Please refer to EPCOS Film Capacitor Data Book in case more details are needed.



X1 / 530 V AC



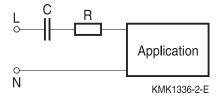
Application note for the different possible X1 / X2 positions

In series with the powerline (i.e. capacitive power supply)

Typical Applications:

- Power meters
- ECUs for white goods and household appliances
- Different sensor applications
- Severe ambient conditions

Basic circuit



Required features

- High capacitance stability over the lifetime
- Narrow tolerances for a controlled current supply

Recommended EPCOS product series

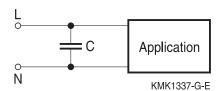
- B3293* (305 V AC) heavy duty with EN approval for X2 (UL Q1/2010)
- B3265* MKP series standard MKP capacitor without safety approvals
- B3267*L MKP series standard MKP capacitor without safety approvals
- B3292*H/J (305 V AC), severe ambient condition, approved as X2

In parallel with the powerline

Typical Applications:

Standard X2 are used parallel over the mains for reducing electromagnetic interferences coming from the grid. For such purposes they must meet the applicable EMC directives and standards.

Basic circuit



Required features

- Standard safety approvals (ENEC, UL, CSA, CQC)
- High pulse load capability
- Withstand surge voltages

Recommended EPCOS product series

- B3292*C/D (305 V AC) standard series, approved as X2
- B3291* (330 V AC), approved as X1
- B3291* (530 V AC), approved as X1
- B3292*H/J (305 V AC), severe ambient condition, approved as X2





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Cautions and warnings

- Do not exceed the upper category temperature (UCT).
- Do not apply any mechanical stress to the capacitor terminals.
- Avoid any compressive, tensile or flexural stress.
- Do not move the capacitor after it has been soldered to the PC board.
- Do not pick up the PC board by the soldered capacitor.
- Do not place the capacitor on a PC board whose PTH hole spacing differs from the specified lead spacing.
- Do not exceed the specified time or temperature limits during soldering.
- Avoid external energy inputs, such as fire or electricity.
- Avoid overload of the capacitors.
- Consult us if application is with severe temperature and humidity condition.
- There are no serviceable or repairable parts inside the capacitor. Opening the capacitor or any attempts to open or repair the capacitor will void the warranty and liability of EPCOS.
- Please note that the standards referred to in this publication may have been revised in the meantime.

The table below summarizes the safety instructions that must always be observed. A detailed description can be found in the relevant sections of the chapters "General technical information" and "Mounting guidelines".

Topic	Safety information	Reference chapter "General technical information"
Storage	Make sure that capacitors are stored within the specified	
conditions	range of time, temperature and humidity conditions.	"Storage conditions"
Flammability	Avoid external energy, such as fire or electricity (passive	5.3
	flammability), avoid overload of the capacitors (active	"Flammability"
	flammability) and consider the flammability of materials.	
Resistance to	Do not exceed the tested ability to withstand vibration.	5.2
vibration	The capacitors are tested to IEC 60068-2-6:2007.	"Resistance to
	EPCOS offers film capacitors specially designed for	vibration"
	operation under more severe vibration regimes such as	
	those found in automotive applications. Consult our	
	catalog "Film Capacitors for Automotive Electronics".	

Topic	Safety information	Reference chapter
		"Mounting guidelines"
Soldering	Do not exceed the specified time or temperature limits	1 "Soldering"
	during soldering.	
Cleaning	Use only suitable solvents for cleaning capacitors.	2 "Cleaning"



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Topic	Safety information	Reference chapter
		"Mounting guidelines"
Embedding of	When embedding finished circuit assemblies in plastic	3 "Embedding of
capacitors in	resins, chemical and thermal influences must be taken	capacitors in finished
finished	into account.	assemblies"
assemblies	Caution: Consult us first, if you also wish to embed other	
	uncoated component types!	

Design of EMI Capacitors

EPCOS EMI capacitors use polypropylene (PP) film metalized with a thin layer of Zinc (Zn). The following key points have made this design suitable to IEC/UL testing, holding a minimum size.

- Overvoltage AC capability with very high temperature Endurance test of IEC 60384-14:2013 (4th edition) / UL 60384-14:2014 (2nd edition) must be performed at 1.25 × V_R at maximum temperature, during 1000 hours, with a capacitance drift less than 10%.
- Higher breakdown voltage withstanding if compared to other film metallizations, like Aluminum. IEC 60384-14:2013 (4th edition) / UL 60384-14:2014 (2nd edition) establishes high voltage tests performed at $4.3 \times V_R 1$ minute, impulse testing at 2500 V for C = 1 µF and active flammability tests.
- Damp heat steady state: 40 °C/ 93% RH / 56 days. (without voltage or current load)

Effect of humidity on capacitance stability

Long contact of a film capacitor with humidity can produce irreversible effects. Direct contact with liquid water or excess exposure to high ambient humidity or dew will eventually remove the film metallization and thus destroy the capacitor. Plastic boxed capacitors must be properly tested in the final application at the worst expected conditions of temperature and humidity in order to check if any parameter drift may provoke a circuit malfunction.

In case of penetration of humidity through the film, the layer of Zinc can be degraded, specially under AC operation (change of polarity), accelerated by the temperature, provoking an increment of the serial resistance of the electrode and eventually a reduction of the capacitance value. For DC operation, the parameter drift is much less.

Plastic boxes and resins can not protect 100% against humidity. Metal enclosures, resin potting or coatings or similar measures by customers in their applications will offer additional protection against humidity penetration.

Display of ordering codes for EPCOS products

The ordering code for one and the same product can be represented differently in data sheets, data books, other publications and the website of EPCOS, or in order-related documents such as shipping notes, order confirmations and product labels. The varying representations of the ordering codes are due to different processes employed and do not affect the specifications of the respective products. Detailed information can be found on the Internet under www.epcos.com/orderingcodes.





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Symbols and terms

Symbol	English	German	
α	Heat transfer coefficient	Wärmeübergangszahl	
α_{C}	Temperature coefficient of capacitance	Temperaturkoeffizient der Kapazität	
Α	Capacitor surface area	Kondensatoroberfläche	
β_{C}	Humidity coefficient of capacitance	Feuchtekoeffizient der Kapazität	
С	Capacitance	Kapazität	
C_R	Rated capacitance	Nennkapazität	
ΔC	Absolute capacitance change	Absolute Kapazitätsänderung	
ΔC/C	Relative capacitance change (relative deviation of actual value)	Relative Kapazitätsänderung (relative Abweichung vom Ist-Wert)	
$\Delta C/C_R$	Capacitance tolerance (relative deviation from rated capacitance)	,	
dt	Time differential	Differentielle Zeit	
Δt	Time interval	Zeitintervall	
ΔΤ	Absolute temperature change (self-heating)	Absolute Temperaturänderung (Selbsterwärmung)	
∆tan δ	Absolute change of dissipation factor	Absolute Änderung des Verlustfaktors	
ΔV	Absolute voltage change	Absolute Spannungsänderung	
dV/dt	Time differential of voltage function (rate of voltage rise)	Differentielle Spannungsänderung (Spannungsflankensteilheit)	
ΔV/Δt	Voltage change per time interval	Spannungsänderung pro Zeitintervall	
E	Activation energy for diffusion	Aktivierungsenergie zur Diffusion	
ESL	Self-inductance	Eigeninduktivität	
ESR	Equivalent series resistance	Ersatz-Serienwiderstand	
f	Frequency	Frequenz	
f ₁	Frequency limit for reducing permissible AC voltage due to thermal limits	Grenzfrequenz für thermisch bedingte Reduzierung der zulässigen Wechselspannung	
f ₂	Frequency limit for reducing permissible AC voltage due to current limit	Grenzfrequenz für strombedingte Reduzierung der zulässigen Wechselspannung	
f _r	Resonant frequency	Resonanzfrequenz	
F_{D}	Thermal acceleration factor for diffusion	Therm. Beschleunigungsfaktor zur Diffusion	
F _T	Derating factor	Deratingfaktor	
i	Current (peak)	Stromspitze	
I _C	Category current (max. continuous current)	Kategoriestrom (max. Dauerstrom)	



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Symbol	English	German
I _{RMS}	(Sinusoidal) alternating current, (Sinusförmiger) Wechselstror	
	root-mean-square value	
i _z	Capacitance drift	Inkonstanz der Kapazität
k_0	Pulse characteristic	Impulskennwert
L _s	Series inductance	Serieninduktivität
λ	Failure rate	Ausfallrate
λ_{o}	Constant failure rate during useful	Konstante Ausfallrate in der
	service life	Nutzungsphase
λ_{test}	Failure rate, determined by tests	Experimentell ermittelte Ausfallrate
P_{diss}	Dissipated power	Abgegebene Verlustleistung
P_{gen}	Generated power	Erzeugte Verlustleistung
Q	Heat energy	Wärmeenergie
ρ	Density of water vapor in air	Dichte von Wasserdampf in Luft
R	Universal molar constant for gases	Allg. Molarkonstante für Gas
R	Ohmic resistance of discharge circuit	Ohmscher Widerstand des
		Entladekreises
R_i	Internal resistance	Innenwiderstand
R_{ins}	Insulation resistance	Isolationswiderstand
R_P	Parallel resistance	Parallelwiderstand
R_s	Series resistance	Serienwiderstand
S	severity (humidity test)	Schärfegrad (Feuchtetest)
t	Time	Zeit
Т	Temperature	Temperatur
τ	Time constant	Zeitkonstante
tan δ	Dissipation factor	Verlustfaktor
tan $\delta_{\scriptscriptstyle D}$	Dielectric component of dissipation factor	Dielektrischer Anteil des Verlustfaktors
tan $\delta_{\scriptscriptstyle P}$	Parallel component of dissipation factor	Parallelanteil des Verlfustfaktors
tan $\delta_{ extsf{S}}$	Series component of dissipation factor	Serienanteil des Verlustfaktors
T_A	Temperature of the air surrounding the component	Temperatur der Luft, die das Bauteil umgibt
T_{max}	Upper category temperature	Obere Kategorietemperatur
T _{min}	Lower category temperature	Untere Kategorietemperatur
t _{ol}	Operating life at operating temperature	Betriebszeit bei Betriebstemperatur und
J_	and voltage	-spannung
T _{op}	Operating temperature, $T_A + \Delta T$	Beriebstemperatur, $T_A + \Delta T$
T _R	Rated temperature	Nenntemperatur
T _{ref}	Reference temperature	Referenztemperatur
t _{SL}	Reference service life	Referenz-Lebensdauer





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Symbol	English	German
V_{AC}	AC voltage	Wechselspannung
V_{C}	Category voltage	Kategoriespannung
$V_{C,RMS}$	Category AC voltage	(Sinusförmige)
		Kategorie-Wechselspannung
V_{CD}	Corona-discharge onset voltage	Teilentlade-Einsatzspannung
V_{ch}	Charging voltage	Ladespannung
V_{DC}	DC voltage	Gleichspannung
V_{FB}	Fly-back capacitor voltage	Spannung (Flyback)
V_{i}	Input voltage	Eingangsspannung
V_{o}	Output voltage	Ausgangssspannung
V_{op}	Operating voltage	Betriebsspannung
V_p	Peak pulse voltage	Impuls-Spitzenspannung
V_{pp}	Peak-to-peak voltage Impedance	Spannungshub
V_R	Rated voltage	Nennspannung
ν̂ _R	Amplitude of rated AC voltage	Amplitude der Nenn-Wechselspannung
V_{RMS}	(Sinusoidal) alternating voltage, root-mean-square value	(Sinusförmige) Wechselspannung
V_{SC}	S-correction voltage	Spannung bei Anwendung "S-correction"
V _{sn}	Snubber capacitor voltage	Spannung bei Anwendung
v sn	Chabber capacitor voltage	"Beschaltung"
Z	Impedance	Scheinwiderstand
е	Lead spacing	Rastermaß



Important notes

The following applies to all products named in this publication:

- 1. Some parts of this publication contain statements about the suitability of our products for certain areas of application. These statements are based on our knowledge of typical requirements that are often placed on our products in the areas of application concerned. We nevertheless expressly point out that such statements cannot be regarded as binding statements about the suitability of our products for a particular customer application. As a rule, EPCOS is either unfamiliar with individual customer applications or less familiar with them than the customers themselves. For these reasons, it is always ultimately incumbent on the customer to check and decide whether an EPCOS product with the properties described in the product specification is suitable for use in a particular customer application.
- 2. We also point out that in individual cases, a malfunction of electronic components or failure before the end of their usual service life cannot be completely ruled out in the current state of the art, even if they are operated as specified. In customer applications requiring a very high level of operational safety and especially in customer applications in which the malfunction or failure of an electronic component could endanger human life or health (e.g. in accident prevention or lifesaving systems), it must therefore be ensured by means of suitable design of the customer application or other action taken by the customer (e.g. installation of protective circuitry or redundancy) that no injury or damage is sustained by third parties in the event of malfunction or failure of an electronic component.
- 3. The warnings, cautions and product-specific notes must be observed.
- 4. In order to satisfy certain technical requirements, some of the products described in this publication may contain substances subject to restrictions in certain jurisdictions (e.g. because they are classed as hazardous). Useful information on this will be found in our Material Data Sheets on the Internet (www.epcos.com/material). Should you have any more detailed questions, please contact our sales offices.
- 5. We constantly strive to improve our products. Consequently, the products described in this publication may change from time to time. The same is true of the corresponding product specifications. Please check therefore to what extent product descriptions and specifications contained in this publication are still applicable before or when you place an order. We also reserve the right to discontinue production and delivery of products. Consequently, we cannot guarantee that all products named in this publication will always be available. The aforementioned does not apply in the case of individual agreements deviating from the foregoing for customer-specific products.
- Unless otherwise agreed in individual contracts, all orders are subject to the current version of the "General Terms of Delivery for Products and Services in the Electrical Industry" published by the German Electrical and Electronics Industry Association (ZVEI).



Important notes

- 7. Our manufacturing sites serving the automotive business apply the IATF 16949 standard. The IATF certifications confirm our compliance with requirements regarding the quality management system in the automotive industry. Referring to customer requirements and customer specific requirements ("CSR") TDK always has and will continue to have the policy of respecting individual agreements. Even if IATF 16949 may appear to support the acceptance of unilateral requirements, we hereby like to emphasize that only requirements mutually agreed upon can and will be implemented in our Quality Management System. For clarification purposes we like to point out that obligations from IATF 16949 shall only become legally binding if individually agreed upon.
- 8. The trade names EPCOS, CeraCharge, CeraDiode, CeraLink, CeraPad, CeraPlas, CSMP, CTVS, DeltaCap, DigiSiMic, ExoCore, FilterCap, FormFit, LeaXield, MiniBlue, MiniCell, MKD, MKK, MotorCap, PCC, PhaseCap, PhaseCube, PhaseMod, PhiCap, PowerHap, PQSine, PQvar, SIFERRIT, SIFI, SIKOREL, SilverCap, SIMDAD, SiMic, SIMID, SineFormer, SIOV, ThermoFuse, WindCap are **trademarks registered or pending** in Europe and in other countries. Further information will be found on the Internet at www.epcos.com/trademarks.

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