

ProLight PM2E-1LLE 1W UV Power LED Technical Datasheet Version: 1.8



- Industry best moisture sensitivity level JEDEC Level 1
- Instant light (less than 100ns)

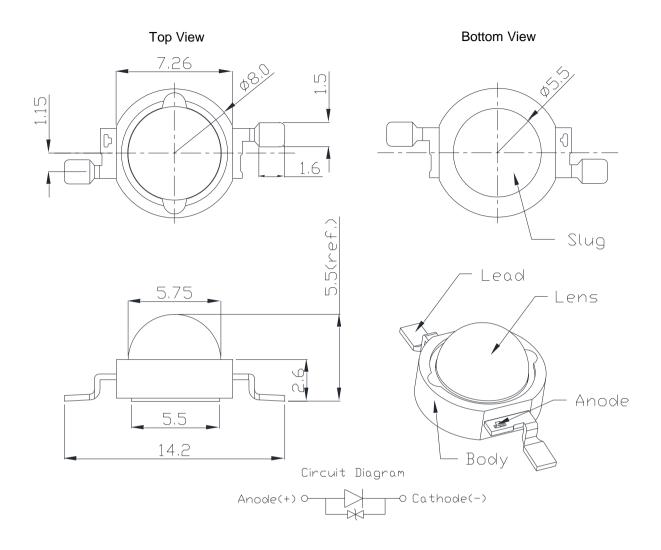
- Lead free reflow soldering
- RoHS compliant
- Cool beam, safe to the touch
- Superior ESD protection

#### **Typical Applications**

- UV gluing, UV curing, UV marking
- UV drying of printing inks and lacquers
- Currency inspection
- Forensic analysis urine, protein stains
- Leak detection using fluorescent dyes
- Detects fluorescing minerals and gems
- Indoor Lighting
- Outdoor Lighting

ProLight

#### **Emitter Mechanical Dimensions**



Notes:

- 1. The Anode side of the device is denoted by a hole in the lead frame.
- 2. Electrical insulation between the case and the board is required. Do not electrically connect either the anode or cathode to the slug.
- 3. Drawing not to scale.
- 4. All dimensions are in millimeters.
- 5. Unless otherwise indicated, tolerances are  $\pm$  0.20mm.
- 6. Please do not bend the leads of the LED, otherwise it will damage the LED.
- 7. Please do not use a force of over 3kgf impact or pressure on the lens of the LED, otherwise it will cause a catastrophic failure.

\*The appearance and specifications of the product may be modified for improvement without notice.

ProLight

Radiation	ation Color Part Number	Radiometric Power (mW)		
Pattern	Color	Emitter	Minimum	Typical
Lambertian	UV	PM2E-1LLE	435	640

### Flux Characteristics at 350mA, T<sub>J</sub> = 25°C

• ProLight maintains a tolerance of ± 7% on flux and power measurements.

• Please do not drive at rated current more than 1 second without proper heat sink.

## Electrical Characteristics at 350mA, $T_J = 25^{\circ}C$

Color	Forward Voltage V <sub>F</sub> (V)			Thermal Resistance
Color	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Junction to Slug (°C/W)
UV	2.85	3.40	4.10	10

• ProLight maintains a tolerance of ± 0.1V for Voltage measurements.

## Optical Characteristics at 350mA, $T_J = 25^{\circ}C$

			Total included Angle	Viewing Angle	
Color	P Min.	Peak Wavelength λ <sub>P</sub> Min. Typ. Max.		(degrees) θ <sub>0.90V</sub>	(degrees) 2 θ <sub>1/2</sub>
UV	390 nm	400 nm	410 nm	180	130

• ProLight maintains a tolerance of ± 1nm for dominant wavelength measurements.

#### **Absolute Maximum Ratings**

Parameter	UV
DC Forward Current (mA)	350
Peak Pulsed Forward Current (mA)	500 (less than 1/10 duty cycle@1KHz)
ESD Sensitivity (HBM per MIL-STD-883E Method 3015.7)	±4000V (Class III)
LED Junction Temperature	120°C
Operating Board Temperature at Maximum DC Forward Current	-20°C - 45°C
Storage Temperature	-40°C - 100°C
Soldering Temperature	JEDEC 020c 260°C
Allowable Reflow Cycles	3
Reverse Voltage	Not designed to be driven in reverse bias

#### **Radiometric Power Bin Structure**

	Color	Bin Code	Minimum Radiometric Power (mW)	Maximum Radiometric Power (mW)	Available Color Bins
ſ		Q	435	515	[1]
	1.157	R	515	635	2,3,4 [1]
	UV	S	635	755	[1]
		Т	755	875	[1]

• ProLight maintains a tolerance of ± 7% on flux and power measurements.

• The flux bin of the product may be modified for improvement without notice.

• <sup>[1]</sup> The rest of color bins are not 100% ready for order currently. Please ask for quote and order possibility.

#### Peak Wavelength Bin Structure

	Color	Bin Code	Minimum Peak Wavelength (nm)	Maximum Peak Wavelength (nm)
Γ		1	390	395
		2	395	400
	UV	3	400	405
		4	405	410

• ProLight maintains a tolerance of ± 1nm for peak wavelength measurements.

#### Forward Voltage Bin Structure

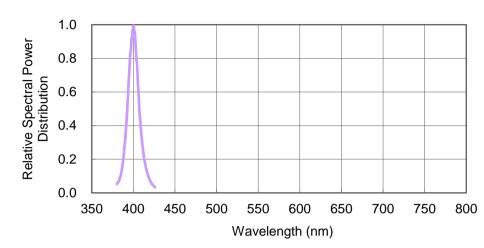
	Color	Bin Code	Minimum Voltage (V)	Maximum Voltage (V)
Γ		А	2.85	3.10
		В	3.10	3.35
	UV	D	3.35	3.60
		E	3.60	3.85
		F	3.85	4.10

• ProLight maintains a tolerance of ± 0.1V for Voltage measurements.

Note: Although several bins are outlined, product availability in a particular bin varies by production run and by product performance. Not all bins are available in all colors.

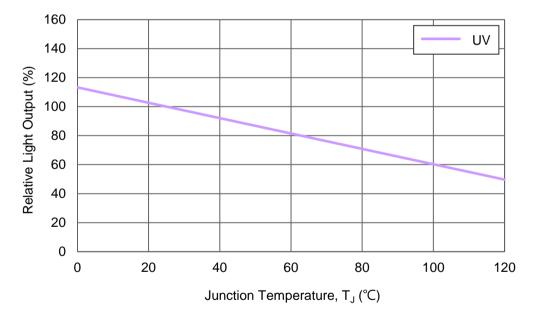
Color Spectrum,  $T_J = 25^{\circ}C$ 



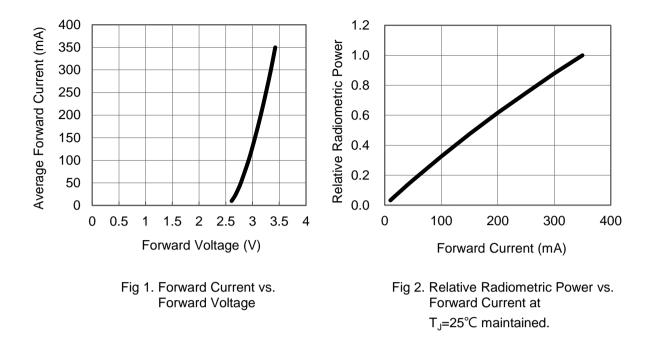


## **Light Output Characteristics**



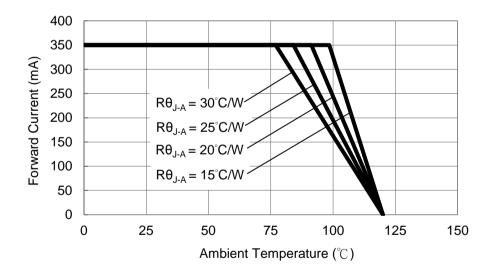


### Forward Current Characteristics, $T_J = 25^{\circ}C$



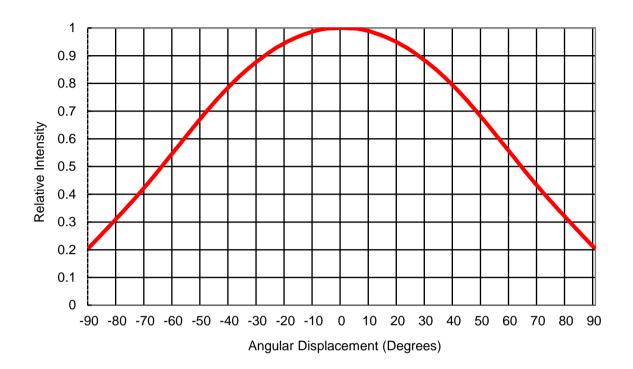
#### **Ambient Temperature vs. Maximum Forward Current**





## **Typical Representative Spatial Radiation Pattern**

#### Lambertian Radiation Pattern



## **Moisture Sensitivity Level - JEDEC Level 1**

	Level Floor Life		Soak Requirements			
Level			Floor Life Standard		Accelerated Environment	
	Time	Conditions	Time (hours)	Conditions	Time (hours)	Conditions
1	Unlimited	≤30°C / 85% RH	168 +5/-0	85°C / 85% RH	NA	NA

• The standard soak time includes a default value of 24 hours for semiconductor manufature's exposure time (MET) between bake and bag and includes the maximum time allowed out of the bag at the distributor's facility.

• Table below presents the moisture sensitivity level definitions per IPC/JEDEC's J-STD-020C.

Level Floor Life		Soak Requirements				
		r Life	Stan	dard	Accelerated	Environment
	Time	Conditions	Time (hours)	Conditions	Time (hours)	Conditions
1	Unlimited	≤30°C /	168 +5/-0	85°C /	NA	NA
I	Onminited	85% RH	100 +5/-0	85% RH		ΝA
2	1 year	≤30°C /	168 +5/-0 85°C /		NA	NA
2	i yeai	60% RH	100 +5/-0	60% RH	NA	
2a	4 weeks	≤30°C /	696 +5/-0	30°C /	120 +1/-0	60°C /
Za	4 WEEKS	60% RH	090 +5/-0	60% RH	120 +1/-0	60% RH
3	168 hours	≤30°C /	192 +5/-0	30°C /	40 +1/-0	60°C /
5	100 110013	60% RH	192 +3/-0	60% RH	40 +1/-0	60% RH
4	72 hours	≤30°C /	96 +2/-0	30°C /	20 +0.5/-0	60°C /
4	72 110013	60% RH	90 +2/-0	60% RH	20 +0.5/-0	60% RH
5	48 hours	≤30°C /	72 +2/-0	30°C /	15 +0.5/-0	60°C /
5	40 110013	60% RH	72 +2/-0	60% RH	13 +0.5/-0	60% RH
5a	24 hours	≤30°C /	48 +2/-0	48 . 2/ 0 30°C /		60°C /
Ja	24 110015	60% RH	40 +2/-0	60% RH	10 +0.5/-0	60% RH
6	Time on Label	≤30°C /	Time on Label	30°C /	NA	NA
0	(TOL)	60% RH	(TOL)	60% RH	INA I	NА

## **Qualification Reliability Testing**

Stress Test	Stress Conditions	Stress Duration	Failure Criteria
Room Temperature Operating Life (RTOL)	25°C, I <sub>F</sub> = max DC (Note 1)	1000 hours	Note 2
Wet High Temperature Operating Life (WHTOL)	85°C/60%RH, I <sub>F</sub> = max DC (Note 1)	1000 hours	Note 2
Wet High Temperature Storage Life (WHTSL)	85°C/85%RH, non-operating	1000 hours	Note 2
High Temperature Storage Life (HTSL)	110°C, non-operating	1000 hours	Note 2
Low Temperature Storage Life (LTSL)	-40°C, non-operating	1000 hours	Note 2
Non-operating Temperature Cycle (TMCL)	0°C to 100°C, 30 min. dwell, <5 min. transfer	100 cycles	Note 2
Mechanical Shock	1500 G, 0.5 msec. pulse, 5 shocks each 6 axis		Note 3
Natural Drop	On concrete from 1.2 m, 3X		Note 3
Variable Vibration Frequency	10-2000-10 Hz, log or linear sweep rate, 20 G about 1 min., 1.5 mm, 3X/axis		Note 3
Solder Heat Resistance (SHR)	260°C ± 5°C, 10 sec.		Note 3
Solderability	Steam age for 16 hrs., then solder dip at 260°C for 5 sec.		Solder coverage on lead

Notes:

1. Depending on the maximum derating curve.

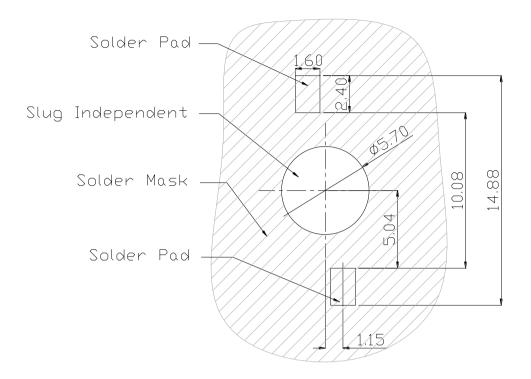
2. Criteria for judging failure

ltem	Test Condition	Criteria for Judgement		
item	rest condition	Min.	Max.	
Forward Voltage (V <sub>F</sub> )	I <sub>F</sub> = max DC	-	Initial Level x 1.1	
Luminous Flux or Radiometric Power ( $\Phi_V$ )	I <sub>F</sub> = max DC	Initial Level x 0.7	-	

\* The test is performed after the LED is cooled down to the room temperature.

3. A failure is an LED that is open or shorted.

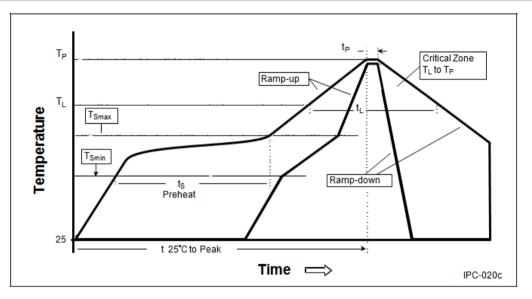
## **Recommended Solder Pad Design**



- All dimensions are in millimeters.
- Electrical isolation is required between Slug and Solder Pad.

#### **Reflow Soldering Condition**

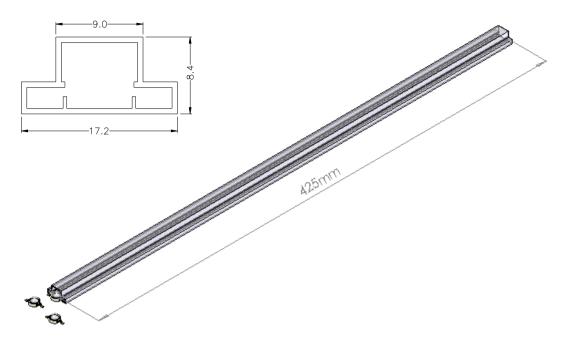
Profile Feature	Sn-Pb Eutectic Assembly	Pb-Free Assembly
Average Ramp-Up Rate (T <sub>Smax</sub> to T <sub>P</sub> )	3°C / second max.	3°C / second max.
Preheat		
– Temperature Min (T <sub>Smin</sub> )	100°C	150°C
– Temperature Max (T <sub>Smax</sub> )	150°C	200°C
– Time ( $t_{Smin}$ to $t_{Smax}$ )	60-120 seconds	60-180 seconds
Time maintained above:		
– Temperature (T <sub>L</sub> )	183°C	217°C
– Time (t <sub>L</sub> )	60-150 seconds	60-150 seconds
Peak/Classification Temperature (T <sub>P</sub> )	240°C	260°C
Time Within 5°C of Actual Peak Temperature (t <sub>P</sub> )	10-30 seconds	20-40 seconds
Ramp-Down Rate	6°C/second max.	6°C/second max.
Time 25°C to Peak Temperature	6 minutes max.	8 minutes max.



- We recommend using the M705-S101-S4 solder paste from SMIC (Senju Metal Industry Co., Ltd.) for lead-free soldering.
- All temperatures refer to topside of the package, measured on the package body surface.
- Repairing should not be done after the LEDs have been soldered. When repairing is unavoidable, a
  double-head soldering iron should be used. It should be confirmed beforehand whether the
  characteristics of the LEDs will or will not be damaged by repairing.
- Reflow soldering should not be done more than three times.
- When soldering, do not put stress on the LEDs during heating.
- After soldering, do not warp the circuit board.

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## **Emitter Tube Packaging**



#### Notes:

- 1.50 pieces per tube.
- 2. Drawing not to scale.
- 3. All dimensions are in millimeters.
- 4. All dimendions without tolerances are for reference only.

\*\*Please do not open the moisture barrier bag (MBB) more than one week. This may cause the leads of LED discoloration. We recommend storing ProLight's LEDs in a dry box after opening the MBB. The recommended storage conditions are temperature 5 to 30°C and humidity less than 40% RH.

### **Precaution for Use**

Storage

Please do not open the moisture barrier bag (MBB) more than one week. This may cause the leads of LED discoloration. We recommend storing ProLight's LEDs in a dry box after opening the MBB. The recommended storage conditions are temperature 5 to 30°C and humidity less than 40% RH. It is also recommended to return the LEDs to the MBB and to reseal the MBB.

- The slug is is not electrically neutral. Therefore, we recommend to isolate the heat sink.
- We recommend using the M705-S101-S4 solder paste from SMIC (Senju Metal Industry Co., Ltd.) for lead-free soldering.
- Any mechanical force or any excess vibration shall not be accepted to apply during cooling process to normal temperature after soldering.
- Please avoid rapid cooling after soldering.
- Components should not be mounted on warped direction of PCB.
- Repairing should not be done after the LEDs have been soldered. When repairing is unavoidable, a heat plate should be used. It should be confirmed beforehand whether the characteristics of the LEDs will or will not be damaged by repairing.
- This device should not be used in any type of fluid such as water, oil, organic solvent and etc. When cleaning is required, isopropyl alcohol should be used.
- When the LEDs are illuminating, operating current should be decide after considering the package maximum temperature.
- The appearance, specifications and flux bin of the product may be modified for improvement without notice. Please refer to the below website for the latest datasheets. http://www.prolightopto.com/

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