

^{OGY} Programmable Quad Supply Monitor with Adjustable Reset Timer

FEATURES

- Simultaneously Monitors Four Supplies
- 16 User Selectable Combinations of 5V, 3.3V, 3V, 2.5V, 1.8V, 1.5V and/or \pm Adjustable Voltage Thresholds
- Guaranteed Threshold Accuracy: ±1.5% of Monitored Voltage Over Temperature
- Low Supply Current: 43µA Typ
- Adjustable Reset Time
- Small MSOP and 3mm × 3mm DFN Packages
- Manual Reset Pin
- Open-Drain RST Output (LTC2900-1)
- Push-Pull RST Output (LTC2900-2)
- Power Supply Glitch Immunity
- Guaranteed \overline{RST} for $V_{CC} \ge 1V$

APPLICATIONS

- Desktop and Notebook Computers
- Multivoltage Systems
- Telecom Equipment
- Portable Battery-Powered Equipment
- Network Servers

DESCRIPTION

The LTC®2900 is a programmable supply monitor for systems with up to four supply voltages. One of 16 preset or adjustable voltage monitor combinations can be selected using an external resistor divider connected to the program pin. The preset voltage thresholds are accurate to $\pm 1.5\%$ over temperature.

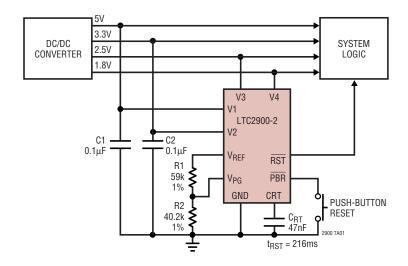
The reset delay time is adjustable using an external capacitor and the manual reset input may be used with a momentary switch to issue reset pulses with programmed duration. Tight voltage threshold accuracy and glitch immunity ensure reliable reset operation without false triggering. The \overline{RST} output is guaranteed to be in the correct state for V_{CC} down to 1V. The LTC2900-1 features an open-drain \overline{RST} output, while the LTC2900-2 has a push-pull \overline{RST} output.

The $43\mu A$ supply current makes the LTC2900 ideal for power conscious systems and it may be configured to monitor less than four inputs. The parts are available in the 10-lead MSOP and the 10-lead 3mm \times 3mm DFN packages.

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TYPICAL APPLICATION

Quad Supply Monitor (5V, 3.3V, 2.5V, 1.8V)



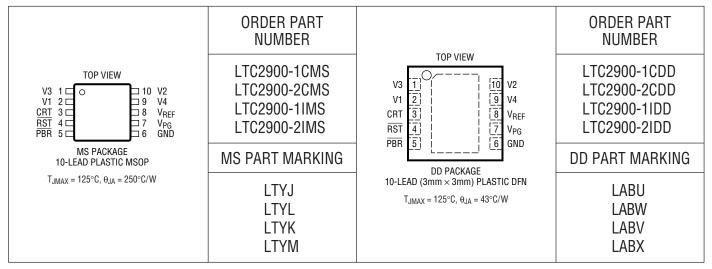
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ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (Notes 1, 2, 3)

V1, V2, V3, V4, V _{PG} , PBR0.3V to 7V	V4 Input Current (-ADJ Mode)1mA
RST (LTC2900-1)0.3V to 7V	Operating Temperature Range
RST (LTC2900-2)0.3V to (V2 + 0.3V)	LTC2900-1C/LTC2900-2C 0°C to 70°C
CRT $-0.3V$ to $(V_{CC} + 0.3V)$	LTC2900-1I/LTC2900-2I40°C to 85°C
V_{REF} $-0.3V$ to $(V_{CC} + 0.3V)$	Storage Temperature Range65°C to 150°C
Reference Load Current (I _{VREF}) ±1 mA	Lead Temperature (Soldering, 10 sec)300°C

PACKAGE/ORDER INFORMATION



Consult LTC Marketing for parts specified with wider operating temperature ranges.

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS The • denotes the specifications which apply over the full operating temperature range, otherwise specifications are at $T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$. $V_{CC} = 5V$, unless otherwise noted. (Note 3)

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS		MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
V _{RT50}	5V, 5% Reset Threshold	V1 Input Threshold	•	4.600	4.675	4.750	V
V _{RT33}	3.3V, 5% Reset Threshold	V1, V2 Input Threshold	•	3.036	3.086	3.135	V
V _{RT30}	3V, 5% Reset Threshold	V2 Input Threshold	•	2.760	2.805	2.850	V
V _{RT25}	2.5V, 5% Reset Threshold	V2, V3 Input Threshold	•	2.300	2.338	2.375	V
V _{RT18}	1.8V, 5% Reset Threshold	V3, V4 Input Threshold	•	1.656	1.683	1.710	V
V _{RT15}	1.5V, 5% Reset Threshold	V3, V4 Input Threshold	•	1.380	1.403	1.425	V
V_{RTA}	ADJ Reset Threshold	V3, V4 Input Threshold	•	0.492	0.500	0.508	V
V _{RTAN}	-ADJ Reset Threshold	V4 Input Threshold	•	-18	0	18	mV
V _{CC}	Minimum Internal Operating Voltage	RST in Correct Logic State, V _{CC} Rising Prior to Program	•			1	V
V _{CCMINP}	Minimum Required for Programming	V _{CC} Rising	•			2.42	V
V_{REF}	Reference Voltage	$V_{CC} \ge 2.3V$, $I_{VREF} = \pm 1$ mA, $C_{REF} \le 1000$ pF	•	1.192	1.210	1.228	V
V_{PG}	Programming Voltage Range	$V_{CC} \ge V_{CCMINP}$	•	0		V _{REF}	V
I _{VPG}	V _{PG} Input Current	$V_{PG} = V_{REF}$	•			±20	nA
I _{V1}	V1 Input Current	V1 = 5V, I _{VREF} = 12μA, (Note 4)	•		43	75	μΑ
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ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

The • denotes the specifications which apply over the full operating temperature range, otherwise specifications are at $T_A = 25$ °C. $V_{CC} = 5V$, unless otherwise noted. (Note 3)

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS		MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
I _{V2}	V2 Input Current	V2 = 3.3V	•		0.8	2	μΑ
I _{V3}	V3 Input Current	V3 = 2.5V V3 = 0.55V (ADJ Mode)	•	-15	0.52	1.2 15	μA nA
I _{V4}	V4 Input Current	V4 = 1.8V V4 = 0.55V (ADJ Mode) V4 = -0.05V (-ADJ Mode)	•	-15 -15	0.34	0.8 15 15	μA nA nA
I _{CRT(UP)}	CRT Pull-Up Current	V _{CRT} = 0V	•	-1.4	-2	-2.6	μΑ
I _{CRT(DN)}	CRT Pull-Down Current	V _{CRT} = 1.3V	•	10	20	30	μΑ
t _{RST}	Reset Time-Out Period	C _{RT} = 1500pF	•	5	7	9	ms
t _{UV}	V _X Undervoltage Detect to RST	V _X Less Than Reset Threshold V _{RTX} by More Than 1%			150		μS
V_{OL}	Output Voltage Low RST	I _{SINK} = 2.5mA; V1 = 3V, V2 = 3V; V3, V4 = 0V; V _{PG} = 0V	•		0.15	0.4	V
		I_{SINK} = 100 μ A; V2 = 1V; V1, V3, V4 = 0V I_{SINK} = 100 μ A; V1 = 1V; V2, V3, V4 = 0V	•		0.05 0.05	0.3 0.3	V
V _{OH}	Output Voltage High RST (LTC2900-1) (Note 5)	I _{SOURCE} = 1μA	•	V2 – 1			V
	Output Voltage High RST (LTC2900-2) (Note 6)	I _{SOURCE} = 200μA	•	0.8 • V2			V
Manual Re	set Pin						
V_{IH}	PBR Input Threshold High	V _{CC} = 3.3V to 5.5V	•			1.6	V
V _{IL}	PBR Input Threshold Low	V _{CC} = 3.3V to 5.5V	•	0.4			V
t _{PBW}	PBR Input Pulse Width	V _{CC} = 3.3V	•	150			ns
t _{PBD}	Manual Reset Propagation Delay	$V_{CC} = 3.3V$, $V_{\overline{PBR}}$ Falling	•		0.1	1	μS
I _{PBR}	PBR Pull-Up Current	$V_{\overline{PBR}} = 0V$			-10		μΑ

Note 1: Absolute Maximum Ratings are those values beyond which the life of a device may be impaired.

Note 2: All currents into pins are positive, all voltages are referenced to GND unless otherwise noted.

Note 3: The greater of V1, V2 is the internal supply voltage (V_{CC}).

Note 4: Under static no-fault conditions, V1 will necessarily supply quiescent current. If at any time V2 is larger than V1, V2 must be capable of supplying the quiescent current, programming (transient) current and reference load current.

Note 5: The RST output pin on the LTC2900-1 has an internal pull-up to V2 of typically 6µA. However, an external pull-up resistor may be used when faster rise times are required or for V_{OH} voltages greater than V2.

Note 6: The push-pull RST output pin on the LTC2900-2 is actively pulled up to V2.

TEST CIRCUITS

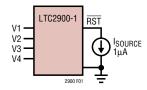


Figure 1. \overline{RST} V_{OH} Test

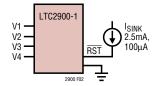


Figure 2. \overline{RST} V_{OL} Test

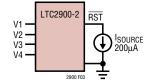


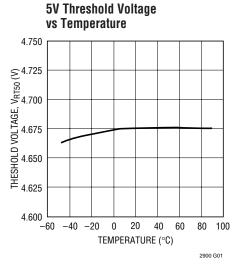
Figure 3. Active Pull-Up RST V_{OH} Test

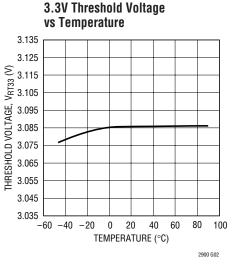


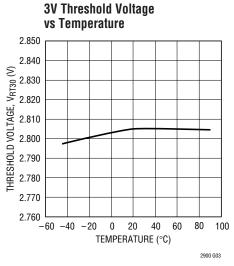
TIMING DIAGRAM

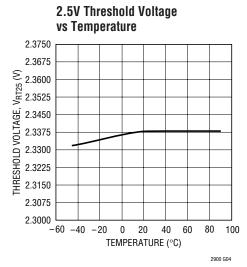
Monitor Timing V_{RTX} V_{RTX} t_{RST} T_{RST} T_{PBD} t_{RST} 2900 TD

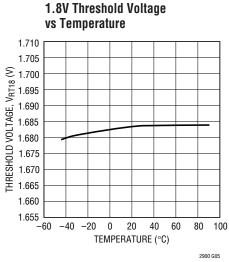
TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

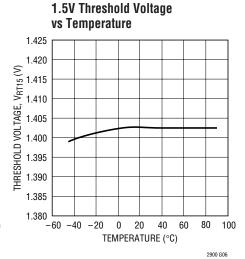








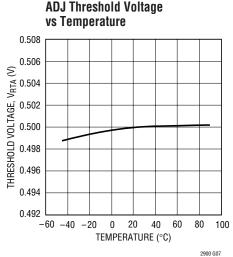


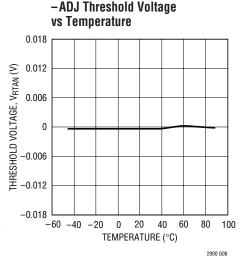


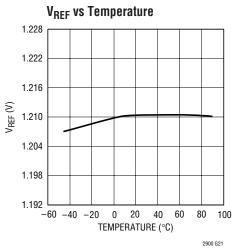
LINEAR

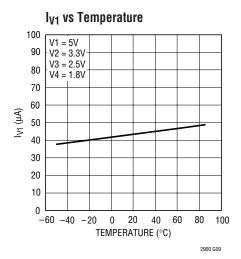
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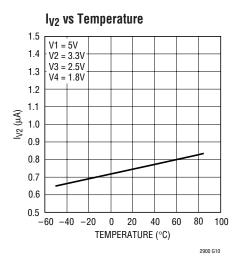
TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

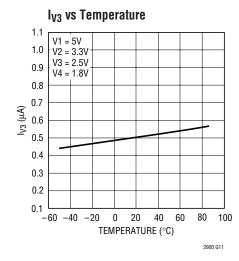


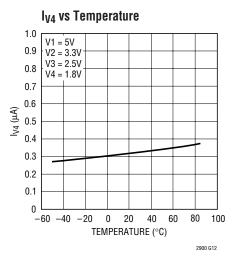


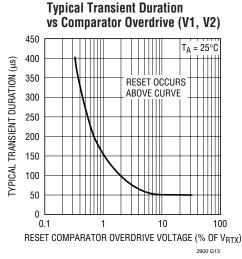


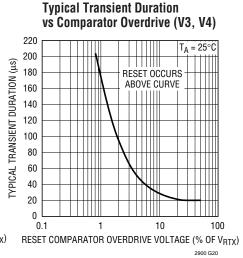






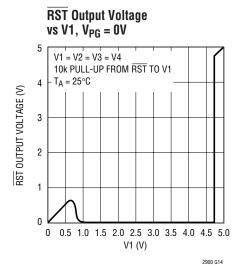


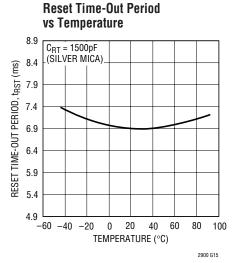


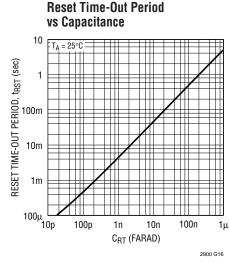


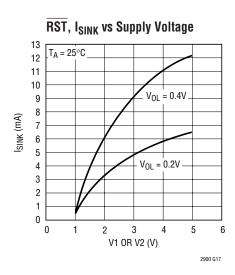


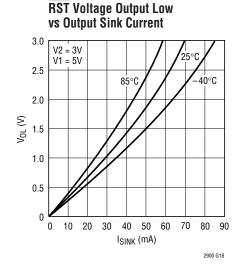
TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

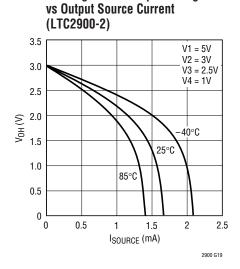




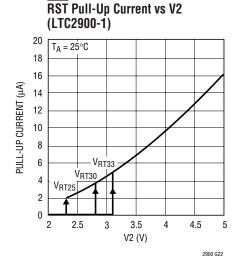


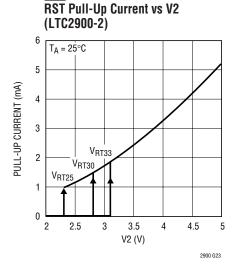






RST High Level Output Voltage





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LINEAR

PIN FUNCTIONS

V3 (Pin 1): Voltage Input 3. Select from 2.5V, 1.8V, 1.5V or ADJ. See Table 1 for details.

V1 (Pin 2): Voltage Input 1. Select from 5V or 3.3V. See Table 1 for details. The greater of (V1, V2) is also V_{CC} for the device. Bypass this pin to ground with a $0.1\mu F$ (or greater) capacitor.

CRT (Pin 3): Reset Delay Time Programming Pin. Attach an external capacitor (C_{RT}) to GND to set a reset delay time of 4.6ms/nF. Leaving the pin open generates a minimum delay of approximately 50 μ s. A 47nF capacitor will generate a 216ms reset delay time.

RST (Pin 4): Reset Logic Output. Active low with weak pull-up to V2 (LTC2900-1) or active pull-up to V2 (LTC2900-2). Pulls low when any voltage input is below the reset threshold and held low for the programmed delay time after all voltage inputs are above threshold. May be pulled above V2 using an external pull-up (LTC2900-1 only).

PBR (**Pin 5**): Manual Reset Pin. Attach a push-button switch between this pin and ground. A logic low on this pin will pull RST low. When the PBR pin returns high, RST will return high after the programmed reset delay assuming all four voltage inputs are above threshold. A weak internal pull-up allows the pin to be left floating for normal monitor

operation. When using a switch, the switch is debounced through the reset circuitry using the delay provided by the C_{RT} timing capacitor.

GND (Pin 6): Ground.

 V_{PG} (Pin 7): Voltage Threshold Combination Select Input. Connect to an external 1% resistive divider between V_{REF} and GND to select 1 of 16 combinations of preset and/or \pm adjustable voltage thresholds (see Table 1). Do not add capacitance on the V_{PG} pin.

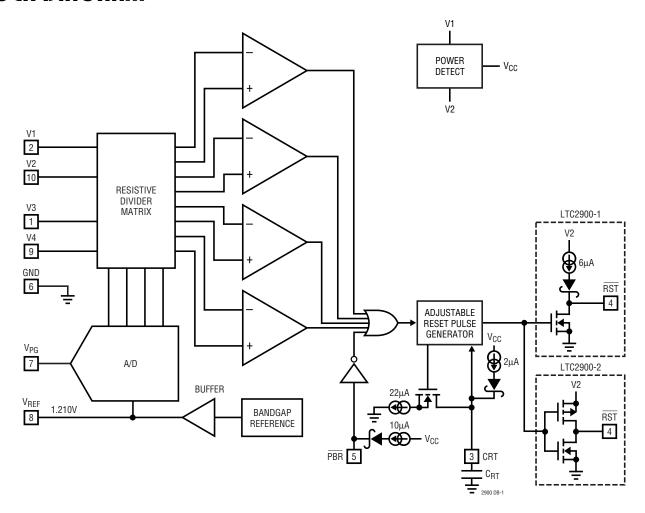
 V_{REF} (Pin 8): Buffered Reference Voltage. A 1.210V nominal reference used for the programming voltage (V_{PG}) and for the offset of negative adjustable applications. The buffered reference can source and sink up to 1mA. The reference can drive a bypass capacitor of up to 1000pF without oscillation.

V4 (Pin 9): Voltage Input 4. Select from 1.8V, 1.5V, ADJ or –ADJ. See Table 1 for details.

V2 (Pin 10): Voltage Input 2. Select from 3.3V, 3V or 2.5V. See Table 1 for details. The greater of (V1, V2) is also V_{CC} for the device. Bypass this pin to ground with a $0.1\mu F$ (or greater) capacitor. RST is weakly pulled up to V2 (LTC2900-1). RST is actively pulled up to V2 in the LTC2900-2.



BLOCK DIAGRAM



Power-Up

The greater of V1, V2 is the internal supply voltage (V_{CC}). On power-up, V_{CC} will power the drive circuits for the RST pin. This ensures that the RST output will be low as soon as V1 or V2 reaches 1V. The RST output will remain low until the part is programmed. After programming, if any one of the V_X inputs is below its programmed threshold, RST will be a logic low. Once all the V_X inputs rise above their thresholds, an internal timer is started and RST is released after the programmed delay time. If $V_{CC} < (V3-1)$ and $V_{CC} < 2.4V$, the V3 input impedance will be low (1k Ω typ).

Monitor Programming

The LTC2900 input voltage combination is selected by placing the recommended resistive divider from V_{REF} to GND and connecting the tap point to V_{PG} , as shown in Figure 4. Table 1 offers recommended 1% resistor values

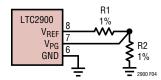


Figure 4. Monitor Programming

for the various modes. The last column in Table 1 specifies optimum V_{PG}/V_{REF} ratios (± 0.01) to be used when programming with a ratiometric DAC.

During power-up, once V1 or V2 reaches 2.4V max, the monitor enters a programming period of approximately $150\mu s$ during which the voltage on the V_{PG} pin is sampled and the monitor is configured to the desired input combination. Do not add capacitance to the V_{PG} pin. Immediately after programming, the comparators are enabled and supply monitoring will begin.

Table 1. Voltage Threshold Programming

MODE	V1 (V)	V2 (V)	V3 (V)	V4 (V)	R1 (kΩ)	R2 (kΩ)	$\frac{V_{PG}}{V_{REF}}$
0	5.0	3.3	ADJ	ADJ	Open	Short	0.000
1	5.0	3.3	ADJ	-ADJ	93.1	9.53	0.094
2	3.3	2.5	ADJ	ADJ	86.6	16.2	0.156
3	3.3	2.5	ADJ	-ADJ	78.7	22.1	0.219
4	3.3	2.5	1.5	ADJ	71.5	28.0	0.281
5	5.0	3.3	2.5	ADJ	66.5	34.8	0.344
6	5.0	3.3	2.5	1.8	59.0	40.2	0.406
7	5.0	3.3	2.5	1.5	53.6	47.5	0.469
8	5.0	3.0	2.5	ADJ	47.5	53.6	0.531
9	5.0	3.0	ADJ	ADJ	40.2	59.0	0.594
10	3.3	2.5	1.8	1.5	34.8	66.5	0.656
11	3.3	2.5	1.8	ADJ	28.0	71.5	0.719
12	3.3	2.5	1.8	-ADJ	22.1	78.7	0.781
13	5.0	3.3	1.8	-ADJ	16.2	86.6	0.844
14	5.0	3.3	1.8	ADJ	9.53	93.1	0.906
15	5.0	3.0	1.8	ADJ	Short	Open	1.000

Supply Monitoring

The LTC2900 is a low power, high accuracy programmable quad supply monitoring circuit with a common reset output and a manual reset input. Reset timing is adjustable using an external capacitor. Single pin programming selects 1 of 16 input voltage monitor combinations. All four voltage inputs must be above predetermined thresholds for the reset not to be invoked. The LTC2900 will assert the reset output during power-up, power-down and brownout conditions on any one of the voltage inputs.

The inverting inputs on the V3 and/or V4 comparators are set to 0.5V when the positive adjustable modes are selected (Figure 5). The tap point on an external resistive divider, connected between the positive voltage being



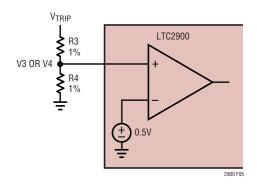


Figure 5. Setting the Positive Adjustable Trip Point

sensed and ground, is connected to the high impedance noninverting inputs (V3, V4). The trip voltage is calculated from:

$$V_{TRIP} = 0.5V \left(1 + \frac{R3}{R4}\right)$$

In the negative adjustable mode, the noninverting input on the V4 comparator is connected to ground (Figure 6). The tap point on an external resistive divider, connected between the negative voltage being sensed and the V_{REF} pin, is connected to the high impedance inverting input (V4). V_{REF} provides the necessary level shift required to operate at ground. The trip voltage is calculated from:

$$V_{TRIP} = -V_{REF} \left(\frac{R3}{R4}\right); V_{REF} = 1.210V \text{ Nominal}$$

In a negative adjustable application, the minimum value for R4 is limited by the sourcing capability of V_{REF} (± 1 mA). With no other load on V_{REF} , R4 (minimum) is:

$$1.21V \div 1mA = 1.21k\Omega$$
.

Tables 2 and 3 offer suggested 1% resistor values for various adjustable applications.

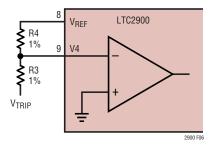


Figure 6. Setting the Negative Adjustable Trip Point

Table 2. Suggested 1% Resistor Values for the ADJ Inputs

V _{SUPPLY} (V)	V _{TRIP} (V)	R3 (kΩ)	R4 (kΩ)		
12	11.25	2150	100		
10	9.4	1780	100		
8	7.5	1400	100		
7.5	7	1300	100		
6	5.6	1020	100		
5	4.725	845	100		
3.3	3.055	511	100		
3	2.82	464	100		
2.5	2.325	365	100		
1.8	1.685	237	100		
1.5	1.410	182	100		
1.2	1.120	124	100		
1	0.933	86.6	100		
0.9	0.840	68.1 100			

Table 3. Suggested 1% Resistor Values for the -ADJ Input

	•				
V _{SUPPLY} (V)	V _{TRIP} (V)	R3 (kΩ)	R4 (kΩ)		
-2	-1.87	187	121		
-5	-4.64	464	121		
-5.2	-4.87	487	121		
-10	-9.31	931	121		
-12	-11.30	1130	121		

Although all four supply monitor comparators have builtin glitch immunity, bypass capacitors on V1 and V2 are recommended because the greater of V1 or V2 is also the V_{CC} for the device. Filter capacitors on the V3 and V4 inputs are allowed.

Power-Down

On power-down, once any of the V_X inputs drop below their threshold, \overline{RST} is held at a logic low. A logic low of 0.4V is guaranteed until both V1 and V2 drop below 1V. If the bandgap reference becomes invalid (V_{CC} < 2V typ), the part will reprogram once V_{CC} rises above 2.4V max.

Monitor Output Rise and Fall Time Estimation

The \overline{RST} output has strong pull-down capability. If the external load capacitance (C_{LOAD}) is known, output fall time (10% to 90%) is estimated using:

$$t_{FALL} \approx 2.2 \bullet R_{PD} \bullet C_{LOAD}$$

where R_{PD} is the on-resistance of the internal pull-down transistor. The typical performance curve (V_{OL} vs I_{SINK}) demonstrates that the pull-down current is somewhat linear versus output voltage. Using the 25°C curve, R_{PD} is estimated to be approximately $40\Omega.$ Assuming a 150pF load capacitance, the fall time is about 13.2ns.

Although the RST output of the LTC2900-1 is considered to be "open-drain," it does have weak pull-up capability (see RST Pull-Up Current vs V2 curve). Output rise time (10% to 90%) is estimated using:

$$t_{RISE} \approx 2.2 \bullet R_{PU} \bullet C_{LOAD}$$

where R_{PU} is the on-resistance of the pull-up transistor. The on-resistance as a function of the V2 voltage at room temperature is estimated using:

$$R_{PU} = \frac{6 \cdot 10^5}{V2 - 1} \Omega$$

with V2 = 3.3V, R_{PU} is about 260k. Using 150pF for load capacitance, the rise time is 86 μ s. If the output needs to pull up faster and/or to a higher voltage, a smaller external pull-up resistor may be used. Using a 10k pull-up resistor, the rise time is reduced to 3.3 μ s for a 150pF load capacitance.

The LTC2900-2 has an active pull-up to V2 on the RST output. The typical performance curve (RST Pull-Up Current vs V2 curve) demonstrates that the pull-up current is somewhat linear versus the V2 voltage and R_{PU} is estimated to be approximately 625 Ω . A 150pF load capacitance makes the rise time about 206ns.

Selecting the Reset Timing Capacitor

The reset time-out period is adjustable in order to accommodate a variety of microprocessor applications. The reset time-out period, t_{RST} , is adjusted by connecting a capacitor, C_{RT} , between the CRT pin and ground. The value of this capacitor is determined by:

$$C_{RT} = t_{RST} \cdot 217 \cdot 10^{-9}$$

with C_{RT} in Farads and t_{RST} in seconds. The C_{RT} value per millisecond of delay can also be expressed as $C_{RT}/ms = 217$ (pF/ms).

Leaving the CRT pin unconnected will generate a minimum reset time-out of approximately $50\mu s$. Maximum reset time-out is limited by the largest available low leakage capacitor. The accuracy of the time-out period will be affected by capacitor leakage (the nominal charging current is $2\mu A$) and capacitor tolerance. A low leakage ceramic capacitor is recommended.



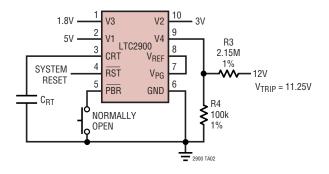
Ensuring Reset Valid for V_{CC} Down to OV (LTC2900-2)

Some applications require the reset output (RST) to be valid with V_{CC} down to 0V. The LTC2900-2 is designed to handle this requirement with the addition of an external resistor from \overline{RST} to ground. The resistor will provide a path for stray charge and/or leakage currents, preventing the \overline{RST} output from floating to undetermined voltages

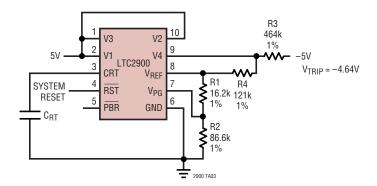
when connected to high impedance (such as CMOS logic inputs). The resistor value should be small enough to provide effective pull-down without excessively loading the active pull-up circuitry. Too large a value may not pull down well enough. A 100k resistor from \overline{RST} to ground is satisfactory for most applications.

TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

Quad Supply Monitor with Push-Button Reset 5V, 3V, 1.8V, 12V (ADJ)



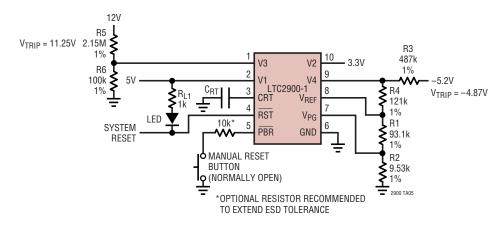
5V, -5V Monitor and Unused V2, V3 Inputs Pulled Above Trip Thresholds



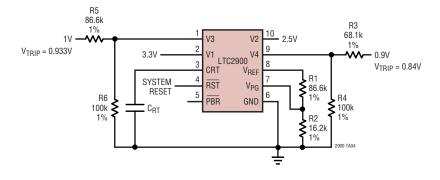


TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

5V, 3.3V, 12V, -5.2V Monitor with Manual Reset and LED Indication on RST



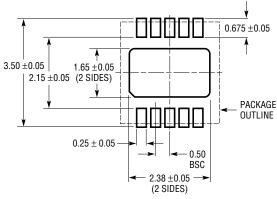
Low Voltage Quad Supply Monitor 3.3V, 2.5V, 1V (ADJ), 0.9V (ADJ)

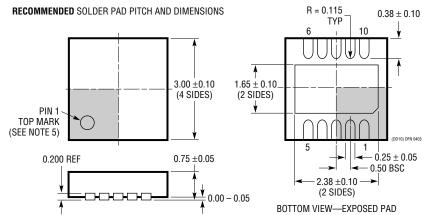


PACKAGE DESCRIPTION

$\begin{array}{c} \text{DD Package} \\ \text{10-Lead Plastic DFN (3mm} \times \text{3mm)} \end{array}$

(Reference LTC DWG # 05-08-1699)



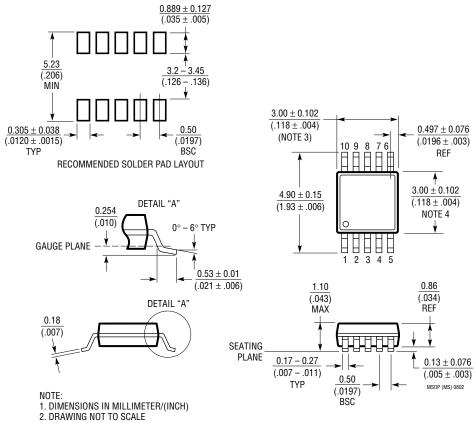


- NOTE:
- 1. DRAWING TO BE MADE A JEDEC PACKAGE OUTLINE MO-229 VARIATION OF (WEED-2). CHECK THE LTC WEBSITE DATA SHEET FOR CURRENT STATUS OF VARIATION ASSIGNMENT
- 2. ALL DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETERS
- 3. DIMENSIONS OF EXPOSED PAD ON BOTTOM OF PACKAGE DO NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH. MOLD FLASH, IF PRESENT, SHALL NOT EXCEED 0.15mm ON ANY SIDE
- 4. EXPOSED PAD SHALL BE SOLDER PLATED
- 5. SHADED AREA IS ONLY A REFERENCE FOR PIN 1 LOCATION ON THE TOP AND BOTTOM OF PACKAGE

PACKAGE DESCRIPTION

MS Package 10-Lead Plastic MSOP

(Reference LTC DWG # 05-08-1661)



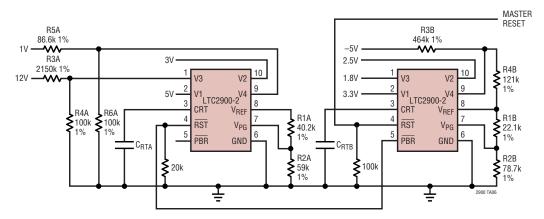
- 3. DIMENSION DOES NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH, PROTRUSIONS OR GATE BURRS.

 MOLD FLASH, PROTRUSIONS OR GATE BURRS SHALL NOT EXCEED 0.152mm (.006°) PER SIDE
- 4. DIMENSION DOES NOT INCLUDE INTERLEAD FLASH OR PROTRUSIONS.
- INTERLEAD FLASH OR PROTRUSIONS SHALL NOT EXCEED 0.152mm (.006") PER SIDE
- 5. LEAD COPLANARITY (BOTTOM OF LEADS AFTER FORMING) SHALL BE 0.102mm (.004") MAX



TYPICAL APPLICATION

Monitor Eight Supplies Using Supervisory Cascade 12V (ADJ), 5V, 3.3V, 3V, 2.5V, 1.8V, 1V (ADJ), -5V (-ADJ)



RELATED PARTS

PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	COMMENTS
LTC690	5V Supply Monitor, Watchdog Timer and Battery Backup	4.65V Threshold
LTC694-3.3	3.3V Supply Monitor, Watchdog Timer and Battery Backup	2.9V Threshold
LTC699	5V Supply Monitor and Watchdog Timer	4.65V Threshold
LTC1232	5V Supply Monitor, Watchdog Timer and Push-Button Reset	4.37V/4.62V Threshold
LTC1326	Micropower Precision Triple Supply Monitor for 5V, 3.3V and ADJ	4.725V, 3.118V, 1V Thresholds (±0.75%)
LTC1326-2.5	Micropower Precision Triple Supply Monitor for 2.5V, 3.3V and ADJ	2.363V, 3.118V, 1V Thresholds (±0.75%)
LTC1536	Precision Triple Supply Monitor for PCI Applications	Meets PCI t _{FAIL} Timing Specifications
LTC1726-2.5	Micropower Triple Supply Monitor for 2.5V, 3.3V and ADJ	Adjustable RESET and Watchdog Time-Outs
LTC1726-5	Micropower Triple Supply Monitor for 5V, 3.3V and ADJ	Adjustable RESET and Watchdog Time-Outs
LTC1727-2.5/LTC1727-5	Micropower Triple Supply Monitors with Open-Drain Reset	Individual Monitor Outputs in MSOP
LTC1728-1.8/LTC1728-3.3	Micropower Triple Supply Monitors with Open-Drain Reset	5-Lead SOT-23 Package
LTC1728-2.5/LTC1728-5	Micropower Triple Supply Monitors with Open-Drain Reset	5-Lead SOT-23 Package
LTC1985-1.8	Micropower Triple Supply Monitor with Push-Pull Reset Output	5-Lead SOT-23 Package
LTC2901	Programmable Quad Supply Monitor	Adjustable Reset and Watchdog Timers, 16-Lead Narrow SSOP Package
LTC2902	Programmable Quad Supply Monitor	Adjustable Reset Timer, Supply Tolerance and Margining Functions, 16-Lead Narrow SSOP Package

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        NCP305LSQ18T1G
        NCP305LSQ24T1G
        NCP305LSQ29T1G
        NCP305LSQ31T1G
        NCP308MT180TBG

        NCP308MT250TBG
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        NCP304LSQ27T1G
        NCP304LSQ29T1G
        NCP304LSQ26T1G
        NCP305LSQ35T1G
        NCP305LSQ37T1G

        NCP308MT300TBG
        NCV300LSN36T1G
        NCV302LSN30T1G
        NCV303LSN16T1G
        NCV303LSN22T1G
        NCV303LSN27T1G

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        MCP1316MT-45GE/OT
        MCP1316MT-23LI/OT
        MCP1316T-26LE/OT
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        MAX809SEUR
        MAX6701LKA+
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