







# **Model Number**

### UB1000-18GM75-E4-V15

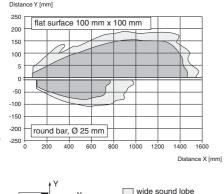
Single head system

#### **Features**

- Switch output
- 5 different output functions can be
- Selectable sound lobe width
- **Program input**
- Synchronization options
- **Deactivation option**
- **Temperature compensation**
- Very small unusable area

# **Diagrams**

### Characteristic response curve



narrow sound lobe

# **Technical data**

70 1000 mm
90 1000 mm
0 70 mm
100 mm x 100 mm
approx. 255 kHz
approx. 125 ms
indication of the switching state

indication of the switching state flashing: program function object detected

I FD red solid red: Error red, flashing: program function, object not detected

**Electrical specifications** 

Operating voltage U<sub>B</sub> 10 ... 30 V DC , ripple 10  $\%_{SS}$ 

No-load supply current I<sub>0</sub> ≤ 50 mA

Input/Output

1 synchronous connection, bi-directional Synchronization 0-lével: -U<sub>B</sub>...+1 V

1-level: +4 V...+U<sub>B</sub> input impedance: > 12 k $\Omega$ 

synchronization pulse:  $\geq$  100  $\mu$ s, synchronization interpulse

period: ≥ 2 ms

Synchronization frequency < 40 Hz Common mode operation

Multiplex operation ≤ 40 Hz /n, n = number of sensors

Input

Input type 1 program input. operating range 1: -U<sub>B</sub> ... +1 V, operating range 2: +4 V ...

 $+U_B$ 

input impedance: > 4.7 k $\Omega$ ; program pulse:  $\geq$  1 s

Output 1 switch output NPN Normally open/closed, programmable Output type

Rated operational current I<sub>e</sub> 200 mA, short-circuit/overload protected  $\leq$  3 V Voltage drop U<sub>d</sub> Repeat accuracy ≤ 1 % Switching frequency f max. 3 Hz

Range hysteresis H 1 % of the set operating distance

Temperature influence ± 1.5 % of full-scale value

Ambient conditions

Ambient temperature -25 ... 70 °C (-13 ... 158 °F) Storage temperature -40 ... 85 °C (-40 ... 185 °F)

Mechanical specifications

Connection type Device connector M12 x 1, 5-pin

Protection degree

Material

Housing brass, nickel-plated Transducer epoxy resin/hollow glass sphere mixture; foam

polyurethane, cover PBT

Mass 60 g

Compliance with standards and directives

Standard conformity

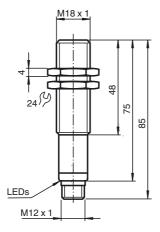
EN 60947-5-2:2007 Standards

IEC 60947-5-2:2007

# Approvals and certificates

**UL** approval cULus Listed, General Purpose CSA approval cCSAus Listed, General Purpose

### **Dimensions**



### **Electrical Connection**

### Standard symbol/Connections:

(version E4, npn)



Wire colors in accordance with EN 60947-5-2

# **Pinout**



Wire colors in accordance with EN 60947-5-2

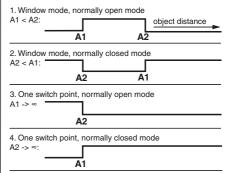
1	BN	(brown)
2	WH	(white)
3	BU	(blue)
4	BK	(black)
5	GY	(gray)

# Synchronisation

The sensor features a synchronisation input for the suppression of mutual interference. If this input is not used, the sensor will operate using an internally generated clock rate. The synchronisation of multiple sensors can be realised as follows:

# **Additional Information**

#### Programmable output modes



5. A1 -> ∞, A2 -> ∞: Object presence detection mode Object detected: Switch output closed No object detected: Switch output open

# **Accessories**

#### **UB-PROG2**

Programming unit

#### **OMH-04**

Mounting aid for round steel ø 12 mm or sheet 1.5 mm  $\dots$  3 mm

#### **BF 18**

Mounting flange, 18 mm

#### RF 18-F

Mounting flange with dead stop, 18 mm

#### BF 5-30

Universal mounting bracket for cylindrical sensors with a diameter of 5 ... 30 mm

#### UVW90-K18

Ultrasonic -deflector

# V15-G-2M-PVC

Cable socket, M12, 5-pin, PVC cable

#### V15-W-2M-PUR

Cable socket, M12, 5-pin, PUR cable

#### External synchronisation

The sensor can be synchronised by the external application of a square wave voltage. A synchronisation pulse at the synchronisation input starts a measuring cycle. The pulse must have a duration greater than 100 µs. The measuring cycle starts with the falling edge of a synchronisation pulse. A low level > 1 s or an open synchronisation input will result in the normal operation of the sensor. A high level at the synchronisation input disables the sensor.

#### Two operating modes are available

- 1. Multiple sensors can be controlled by the same synchronisation signal. The sensors are synchronised.
- 2. The synchronisation pulses are sent cyclically to individual sensors. The sensors operate in multiplex mode.

#### Internal synchronisation

The synchronisation connections of up to 5 sensors capable of internal synchronisation are connected to one another. When power is applied, these sensors will operate in multiplex mode. The response delay increases according to the number of sensors to be synchronised. Synchronisation cannot be performed during TEACH-IN and vice versa. The sensors must be operated in an unsynchronised manner to teach the switching point.

If the option for synchronisation is not used, the synchronisation input has to be connected to ground (0V) or the sensor has to be operated via a V1 cable connector (4-pin).

# Adjusting the switching points

The ultrasonic sensor features a switch output with two teachable switching points. These are set by applying the supply voltage -U<sub>B</sub> or +U<sub>B</sub> to the TEACH-IN input. The supply voltage must be applied to the TEACH-IN input for at least 1 s. LEDs indicate whether the sensor has recognised the target during the TEACH-IN procedure. Switching point A1 is taught with -U<sub>B</sub>, A2 with

#### Five different output functions can be set

- 1. Window mode, normally-open function
- 2. Window mode, normally-closed function
- 3. One switch point, normally-open function
- 4. One switch point, normally-closed function
- 5. Detection of object presence



Switching points may only be specified directly after Power on. A time lock secures the adjusted switching points against unintended modification 5 minutes after Power on. To modify the switching points later, the user may specify the desired values only after a new Power On.

#### TEACH-IN window mode, normally-open function

- Set target to near switching point
- TEACH-IN switching point A1 with -U<sub>B</sub>
- Set target to far switching point
- TEACH-IN switching point A2 with +U<sub>B</sub>

# TEACH-IN window mode, normally-closed function

- Set target to near switching point
- TEACH-IN switching point A2 with +UB
- Set target to far switching point
- TEACH-IN switching point A1 with -U<sub>B</sub>

# TEACH-IN switching point, normally-open function

- Set target to near switching point
- TEACH-IN switching point A2 with +UB
- Cover sensor with hand or remove all objects from sensing range
- TEACH-IN switching point A1 with -UB

#### TEACH-IN switching point, normally-closed function

- Set target to near switching point
- TEACH-IN switching point A1 with -UB
- Cover sensor with hand or remove all objects from sensing range
- TEACH-IN switching point A2 with +UB

# **TEACH-IN** detection of object presence

- Cover sensor with hand or remove all objects from sensing range
- TEACH-IN switching point A1 with -UB
- TEACH-IN switching point A2 with +U<sub>B</sub>

#### Default setting of switching points

A1 = unusable area

A2 = nominal sensing range

# **LED Displays**

Displays in dependence on operating mode	Red LED	Yellow LED
TEACH-IN switching point:		
Object detected	off	flashes
No object detected	flashes	off
Object uncertain (TEACH-IN invalid)	on	off
Normal operation	off	switching
		state
Fault	on	previous state

# Adjusting the sound cone characteristics:

The ultrasonic sensor enables two different shapes of the sound cone, a wide angle sound cone and a small angle sound cone.

# 1. Small angle sound cone

- switch off the power supply
- connect the Teach-input wire to -U<sub>B</sub>
- switch on the power supply
- the red LED flashes once with a pause before the next.
- · yellow LED: permanently on: indicates the presence of an object or disturbing object within the sensing range
- disconnect the Teach-input wire from -U<sub>B</sub> and the changing is saved

## 2. Wide angle sound cone

- switch off the power supply
- connect the Teach-input wire with +U<sub>R</sub>
- switch on the power supply
- the red LED double-flashes with a long pause before the next.
- yellow LED: permanently on: indicates an object or disturbing object within the sensing range
- disconnect the Teach-input wire from +U<sub>B</sub> and the changing is saved



### Installation conditions

If the sensor is installed at places, where the environment temperature can fall below 0 °C, for the sensors fixation, one of the mounting flanges BF18, BF18-F or BF 5-30 must be used.

In case of direct mounting of the sensor in a through hole using the steel nuts, it has to be fixed at the middle of the housing thread. If a fixation at the front end of the threaded housing is required, plastic nuts with centering ring (accessories) must be used.

# **X-ON Electronics**

Largest Supplier of Electrical and Electronic Components

Click to view similar products for Proximity Sensors category:

Click to view products by Pepperl & Fuchs manufacturer:

Other Similar products are found below:

01.001.5653.1 70.340.1028.0 70.360.2428.0 70.364.4828.0 70.810.1053.0 72.360.1628.0 73.363.6428.0 980659-1 QT-12

E2ECQC2D1M1GJT03M E2EX10D1NN E2E-X14MD1-G E2E-X2D1-G E2EX2ME2N E2E-X3D1-N 10M E2E-X4MD1-G

E2FMX1R5D12M E2K-F10MC1 5M EC3016PPASL-1 EI1204TBOSL-6 EI5515NPAP BSA-08-25-08 IC08ANC15PO-K 25.161.3253.0 25.332.0653.1 25.352.0653.0 25.352.0753.0 25.523.3253.0 922FS1.5C-A4P-Z774 SC606ABV0S30 SM552A100 SM952A126100LE SM956A132600 A1220EUA-T F3S-A162-U CL18 QT-08L 34.110.0010.0 TL-C2MF1-M3-E4 IA08BLF15NOM5 IA08BSF15NOM5 IA12ASF04DOM1 IS2 IS31SE5000-UTLS2-TR 34.110.0021.0 34.110.0022.0 CA150-120VACDC VM18VA3000Q XS508BSCBL2 XS512BLNAM12