Encapsulation Resins

Technical Data Sheet



PROVISIONAL TDS

ER2223 Epoxy Resin

ER2223 is a two-part filled, high Tg, low viscosity epoxy encapsulation resin which has primarily been developed for encapsulation of electrical components that require high temperature resistance.

- Low viscosity; aids ease of potting difficult and complex geometries
- Good chemical resistance; offers good protection in a range of environments
- Excellent adhesion to a wide range of substrates
- Wide operating temperature range; excellent high temperature performance

Typical Properties

Liquid Properties: Base Material Epoxy

Density Part A - Resin (g/ml) 1.15 Density Part B - Hardener (g/ml) 0.96 Part A Viscosity (mPa s @ 23°C) 600-1000 Part B Viscosity (mPa s @ 23°C) 50-100 Mixed System Viscosity (mPa s @ 23°C) 150-250 Mix Ratio (Weight) 3.45:1 Mix Ratio (Volume) 2.90:1 Usable Life (20°C) 30 mins Gel Time (23°C) 90 mins Cure Time (23°C) 24 hours Cure Time (60°C) 4 hours Cure Time (100°C) 1 hour Colour Part A - Resin **Black**

Colour Part B - Hardener Colourless to light brown

Storage Conditions Dry Conditions: Above 15°C, Below 35°C

Shelf Life 12 months
Shrinkage <1%

All information is given in good faith but without warranty. Properties are given as a guide only and should not be taken as a specification.

Electrolube cannot be held responsible for the performance of its products within any application determined by the customer, who must satisfy themselves as to the suitability of the product.

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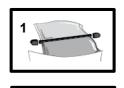


Cured System:	Cured Density (g/ml) Temperature Range (°C)	1.10 -40 to +180
	Max Temperature (Short Term (°C)/30 mins) (Application and Geometry Dependent)	210°C
	Glass Transition Temperature (°C)	140
	Shore Hardness @ 25°C	D80
	Shore Hardness @ 60°C	D80
	Shore Hardness @ 100°C	D75
	Colour (Mixed System)	Black
	Dielectric Strength (kV/mm)	12
	Volume Resistivity (ohm-cm)	10 ¹⁵
	Flame Retardancy	No
	Water Absorption (10 days @ 20°C)	<0.25%
	Water Absorption (1 hour @ 100°C)	<0.25%
	Coefficient of Thermal Expansion (ppm)	70

Mixing Procedures

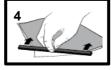
Resin Packs

When in Resin pack form, the resin and hardener are mixed by removing the clip and moving the contents around inside the pack until thoroughly mixed. To remove the clip, remove both end caps, grip each end of the pack and pull apart gently. By using the removed clip, take special care to push unmixed material from the corners of the pack. Mixing normally takes from two to four minutes depending on the skill of the operator and the size of the pack. Both the resin and hardener are evacuated prior to packing so the system is ready for use immediately after mixing. The corner may be cut from the pack so that it may be used as a simple dispenser.













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Bulk Mixing

When mixing, care must be taken to avoid the introduction of excessive amounts of air. Automatic mixing equipment is available which will not only mix both the resin and hardener accurately in the correct ratio but do this without introducing air. Containers of Part A (Resin) and Part B (Hardener) should be kept sealed at all times when not in use to prevent the ingress of moisture. Bulk material must be thoroughly mixed before use. Incomplete mixing will result in erratic or partial curing.

General

Sedimentation of the resin has been minimised by careful attention to the formulation. However, any sediment which may have occurred over long periods of time must be dispersed before removing any material from the container. This dispersion can be carried out (if necessary) by stirring with a broad bladed spatula or gently rolling the can. Take care not to introduce excessive amounts of air during this operation or it may be necessary to reevacuate the resin. Sedimentation will be accelerated by storage at high temperatures. Sedimentation found in resin packs forms no problem since the sediment is re-mixed when the pack is used.

Additional Information

Cleaning: It is far easier for machines & containers to be cleaned before the resin has been allowed

to cure. Electrolube's RRS is suitable for cleaning machines and containers and cured resin

may be slowly softened and removed by soaking in our RRS.

Curing: Do not heat cure large volumes immediately. Allow these to gel at room temperature and

post-cure at high temperature if required (refer to liquid properties for details). Small

volumes (250ml) may be heat cured immediately.

Storage: When storing under very cold conditions, the hardener may crystallise. If this occurs, simply

warm (40°C) the container gently until all crystals have re-melted.

Health & Safety: Always refer to the Health & Safety data sheet before use. These can be downloaded

from www.electrolube.com

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