

Terminal Protection to IP20

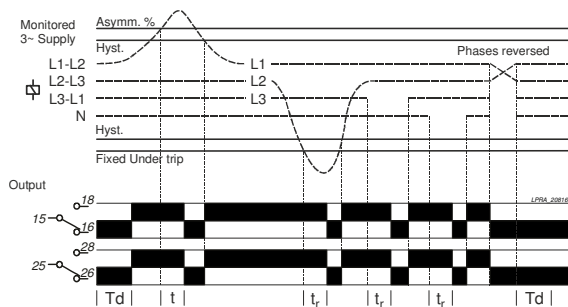


Dims: to DIN 43880
W. 17.5mm

- Compact 17.5mm DIN rail housing
- Microprocessor based
- True R.M.S. monitoring measuring phase to phase (3-wire) or phase to neutral (4-wire) voltages
- Selectable nominal voltages to suit most popular 3-wire or 4-wire supply voltages
- Monitors own supply and detects phase asymmetry/unbalance
- Detects incorrect phase sequence, phase loss and neutral loss¹
- Adjustment for Asymmetry trip level
- Adjustment for Time delay
- DPDT relay output 5A
- Green LED indication for supply status
- Red LED indication for relay status

¹ Only when 4-wire monitoring selected

FUNCTION DIAGRAM



TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION

Supply/monitoring voltage Un (L1, L2, L3, (N)):	3-wire monitoring	3-Wire	4-wire monitoring	4-Wire
Frequency range:	380, 400, 415V AC		220, 230, 240V AC	
Supply variation:	48 – 63Hz			
Overvoltage category:	243– 540V AC (L-L)			
Rated impulse withstand voltage:	III (IEC 60664)			
Power consumption (max.):	4kV (1.2/50µs) IEC 60664			
Monitoring mode:	2.5VA			
Trip levels:	Asymmetry			
Under [2]:	Fixed ± 2% see below			
Asymmetry:	2 – 22%			
Measuring ranges:	Nominal (Un)	Under [2]		
3-wire (L-L)	380V	243V		
	400V	256V		
	415V	265V		
4-wire (L-N)	220V	140V		
	230V	147V		
	240V	153V		
Hysteresis:	≈ 2% of trip level (factory set)			
Setting accuracy:	± 3%			
Repeat accuracy:	± 0.5% at constant conditions			
Immunity from micro power cuts:	<50ms			
Response time (t _r):	≈ 50ms			
Time delay (t _d):	0.2 – 10s (± 5%)			
Power on delay (Td):	≈ 1s (worst case = Td x 2)			
Reset time:	50 – 100ms			
Power on indication:	Green LED			
Relay status indication:	Red LED			
Ambient temperature:	-20 to +60°C			
Relative humidity:	+95% max.			
Output (15, 16, 18 / 25, 26, 28):	DPDT relay			
Output rating:	AC1	250V 5A (1250VA)		
	AC15	250V 2A		
	DC1	25V 5A (125W)		
Electrical life:	≥ 150,000 ops at rated load			
Dielectric voltage:	2kV AC (rms) IEC 60947-1			
Rated impulse withstand voltage:	4kV (1.2/50µs) IEC 60664			
Housing:	Orange flame retardant UL94			
Weight:	90g			
Mounting option:	On to 35mm symmetric DIN rail to BS EN 60715 or direct surface mounting via 2 x M3.5 or 4BA screws using the black clips provided on the rear of the unit.			
Terminal conductor size	≤ 2 x 2.5mm ² solid or stranded			
Approvals:	Conforms to IEC, CE, and RoHS Compliant. EMC: Immunity: EN 61000-6-2 Emissions: EN 61000-6-4			

Note: "L>" has the same meaning as "phase to phase" and "L>N", the same as "phase to neutral"

INSTALLATION AND SETTING



Installation work must be carried out by qualified personnel.

- BEFORE INSTALLATION, ISOLATE THE SUPPLY.
- Connect the unit as required. The Connection Diagram below shows a typical installation, whereby the supply to a load is being monitored by the Phase monitoring relay. If a fault should occur (i.e. fuse blowing), the relay will de-energise and assuming control of the external Contactor, de-energise the Contactor as well.
- Only connect the Neutral if available and 4-wire monitoring is required.

Applying power.

- Set the "Nominal (Un)" voltage selector to match that of the voltage being monitored.
- Set the "Asymmetry %" adjustment to maximum. Set the "Delay (t)" to minimum.
- Apply power and the green "Power supply" LED will illuminate. The red LED will illuminate and relay energise after the short Power on delay (Td).
- Refer to the troubleshooting table if the unit fails to operate correctly.

Setting the unit (with power applied).

- Assuming all phases are perfectly balanced it should be possible to set the "Asymmetry (%)" adjustment to minimum which will ensure that it will detect the smallest of changes in the phase voltages. However, if large changes in phase voltages are likely, then the "Asymmetry (%)" setting should be increased.
- The formula used for calculating "Asymmetry" is as follows:

$$\text{Asymmetry} = \frac{\text{Maximum deviation from } V_{ave}}{V_{ave}} \times 100\%$$

[ANSI/NEMA MG 1-2001]

where V_{ave} is the average of the three phases

Note that "Phase asymmetry" can also referred to as "Phase unbalance"

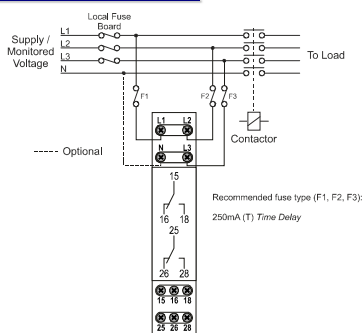
- Set the "Delay (t)" as required. (Note that the delay is only effective should any phases exceed the set trip point. However, if the supply drops below the 2nd under voltage trip level, any set time delay is automatically cancelled and the relays de-energise immediately).

Troubleshooting.

The table below shows the status of the unit during a particular fault condition.

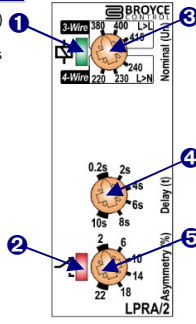
Supply fault	Green LED	Red LED	Relay
Phase or neutral missing	LED's flash alternately	Off	De-energised
Phases reversed (no delay)	Flashing	Off	De-energised
Phase asymmetry trip point exceeded (during timing)	On	Flashing	Energised for delay (t)
Phase asymmetry trip point exceeded (after timing)	On	Off	De-energised
Phases < fixed under trip level [2]	On	Off	De-energised

CONNECTION DIAGRAM

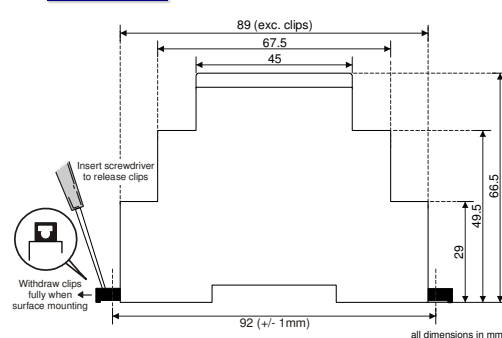


SETTING DETAILS

1. Power supply status (Green) LED
2. Relay output / Timing status (Red) LED
3. "Nominal (Un)" voltage selector
4. "Delay (t)" adjustment
5. "Asymmetry %" trip adjustment



DIMENSIONS



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