

Innovating Energy Technology

6MBP15XSD060-50

IGBT Modules

IGBT MODULE (X series) 600V / 15A / IPM

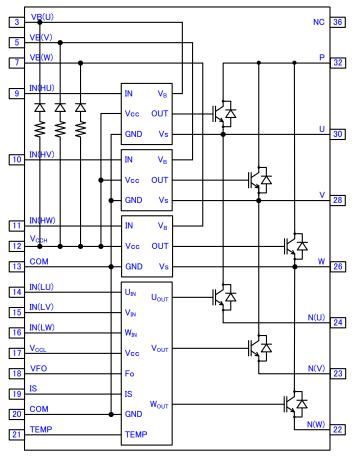
Features

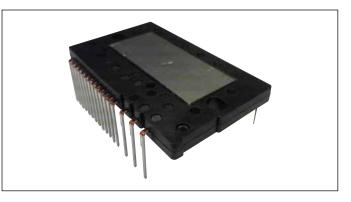
Low-side IGBTs are separate emitter type Short circuit protection Temperature sensor output function Under voltage protection Fault signal output function Input interface : TTL (3.3V/5V) Active high logic

Applications

AC 100 ~ 240V three phase inverter drive for small power AC motor drives (such as compressor motor drive for air conditioner, compressor motor drive for heat pump applications, fan motor drive, ventilator motor drive)

Terminal assign and Internal circuit





| Pin No. | Pin Name | Pin Description |
|---------|----------|---|
| 3 | VB(U) | High-side bias voltage for U-phase IGBT driving |
| 5 | VB(V) | High-side bias voltage for V-phase IGBT driving |
| 7 | VB(W) | High-side bias voltage for W-phase IGBT driving |
| 9 | IN(HU) | Signal input for high side U-phase |
| 10 | IN(HV) | Signal input for high side V-phase |
| 11 | IN(HW) | Signal input for high side W-phase |
| 12 | Vссн | High-side control supply |
| 13 | СОМ | Common supply ground |
| 14 | IN(LU) | Signal input for low side U-phase |
| 15 | IN(LV) | Signal input for low side V-phase |
| 16 | IN(LW) | Signal input for low side W-phase |
| 17 | VCCL | Low-side control supply |
| 18 | VFO | Fault output |
| 19 | IS | Over current sensing voltage input |
| 20 | СОМ | Common supply ground |
| 21 | TEMP | Temperature sensor output |
| 22 | N(W) | Negative bus voltage input for W-phase |
| 23 | N(V) | Negative bus voltage input for V-phase |
| 24 | N(U) | Negative bus voltage input for U-phase |
| 26 | W | Motor W-phase output |
| 28 | V | Motor V-phase output |
| 30 | U | Motor U-phase output |
| 32 | Р | Positive bus voltage input |
| 36 | NC | No Connection |

■ Absolute Maximum Ratings at Tj=25°C, Vcc=15V (unless otherwise specified)

| Ite | ms | Symbol | Characteristics | Unit | Remarks |
|------------|---|--|--|------|---|
| | DC Bus Voltage | VDC | 450 | V | Note *1 |
| | Bus Voltage (Surge) | V _{DC(Surge)} | 500 | V | Note *1 |
| | Collector-Emitter Voltage | VCES | 600 | V | |
| | Collector Current | C@25 | 15 | A | Note *2 |
| block | Peak Collector Current | CP@25 | 30 | A | V _{cc} ≧15V, V _B (*)≧15V Note *2, *3, *4 |
| nverter bl | | ICP@25 | 20 | A | Vcc≧13V, V₅(*)≧13V Note *2, *3, *4 |
| Ž | Diode Forward current | F@25 | 15 | A | Note *2 |
| | Peak Diode Forward current | FP@25 | 30 | A | Note *2 |
| | Collector Power Dissipation | Pd_igbt | 32.5 | W | per single IGBT Tc=25°C |
| | FWD Power Dissipation | P _{D_FWD} | 25.5 | W | per single FWD Tc=25°C |
| | Junction Temperature | Tj | 150 | °C | |
| | Operating Junction Temperature | Tjop | -40 ~ +150 | °C | |
| | High-side Supply Voltage | Vссн | -0.5 ~ 20 | V | Applied between VCCH-COM |
| | Low-side Supply Voltage | VCCL | -0.5 ~ 20 | V | Applied between V _{CCL} -COM |
| | High-side Bias Absolute Voltage | Vvb(u)-com Vvb(v)-com Vvb(w)-com | -0.5 ~ 620 | V | Applied between VB(U)-COM, VB(V)-COM, VB(W)-COM |
| t block | High-side Bias Voltage for IGBT gate driving | $\begin{matrix} V_{B(U)} \\ V_{B(V)} \\ V_{B(W)} \end{matrix}$ | -0.5 ~ 20 | V | Note *4 |
| | High-side Bias offset Voltage | Vu Vv Vw | -5 ~ 600 | V | Applied between U-COM, V-COM, W-COM Note *5 |
| Conti | Input Signal Voltage | Vin | -0.5 ~ V _{ссн} +0.5 -0.5 ~ V _{ссг} +0.5 | V | Note *6 |
| | Input Signal Current | lin | 3 | mA | sink current |
| | Fault Signal Voltage | VFO | -0.5 ~ V _{CCL} +0.5 | V | Applied between V _F O-COM |
| | Fault Signal Current | Fo | 1 | mA | sink current |
| | Over Current sensing Input Voltage | Vis | -0.5 ~ V _{CCL} +0.5 | V | Applied between IS-COM |
| | Junction Temperature | Tj | 150 | °C | |
| 0 | perating Case Temperature | Tc | -40 ~ +125 | °C | See Fig.1-1 |
| St | orage Temperature | Tstg | -40 ~ +125 | °C | |
| ls | olation Voltage | Viso | AC 1500 | Vrms | Sine wave,60Hz t=1min , Note *7 |

Note *1 : Applied between P-N(U),P-N(V),P-N(W) Note *2 : Pulse width and duty were limited by T_imax. Note *3 : Vcc is applied between VccH-COM,VccL-COM. Note *4 : V₆(*) is applied between VB(U)-U,VB(V)-V, VB(W)-W. Note *5 : Over 13.0V applied between VB(U)-U,VB(V)-V, VB(W)-W. This IPM module might make incorrect response if the high-side bias offset voltage is less than -5V.

Note *6 : Applied between IN(HU)-COM,IN(HV)-COM,IN(HW)-COM,IN(LU)-COM,IN(LV)-COM,IN(LW)-COM. Note *7 : Applied between shorted all terminal and IMS (Insulated Metal Substrate).

Electrical Characteristics

● Inverter block (Tj=25°C unless otherwise specified)

| Description | Symbol | Conditions | | min. | typ. | max. | Unit |
|---|----------------------|--|-----------------------|------|------|--------|------|
| Zero gate Voltage | ICES | V _{CE} = 600V | Tj=25°C | - | - | 1 | mA |
| Collector current | ICES | V _{IN} = 0V | T _j =125°C | - | - | 10 | mA |
| | | V _{cc} =+15V | l₀=1.5A Tj=25°C | - | 0.90 | 1.10 | |
| Collector-Emitter saturation Voltage | V _{CE(sat)} | V _B (*)=+15V V _{IN} =5V | I₀=15A Tj=25°C | - | 1.60 | 1.90 | V |
| | | Note *4 | Ic=15A Tj=125°C | - | 1.75 | 5 2.10 | |
| FW/D Forward valtage drep | VF | | T _j =25°C | - | 1.60 | 1.90 | v |
| FWD Forward voltage drop | VF | | T _j =125°C | - | 1.50 | - | |
| Turn-on time | ton | | | 0.55 | 0.90 | 1.30 | |
| Turn-on delay | t _{d(on)} | V _{DC} =300V | | | 0.75 | - | |
| Turn-on rise time | tr | Ic=15A | | - | 0.15 | - | |
| VCE-IC Cross time of turn-on | t _{c(on)} | Vcc=15V | | - | 0.35 | 0.60 | |
| Turn-off time | toff | ─ V _B (*)=15V ─ Ti=125°C | | - | 0.90 | 1.30 | μs |
| Turn-off delay | t _{d(off)} | $V_{IN}=0V <-> 5V$ | | - | 0.80 | - | |
| Turn-off fall time | tr | See Fig.2-1 | | - | 0.10 | - | |
| VCE-IC Cross time of turn-on | t _{c(off)} | Note *4 | | - | 0.15 | 0.30 | |
| FWD Reverse Recovery time | trr | | | - | 0.20 | - | |

• Control circuit block (Tj=25°C unless otherwise specified)

| Description | Symbol | Conditions | | min. | typ. | max. | Unit |
|---|----------------------|--|---------------------|------|------|------|------|
| Circuit current of Low-side | | V _{CCL} =15V | V _{IN} =5V | - | 0.6 | 0.9 | |
| Circuit current of Low-side | ICCL | V _{CCL} =15V | V _{IN} =0V | - | 0.6 | 0.9 | mA |
| Circuit current of Link olde | | V _{CCH} =15V | V _{IN} =5V | - | 1.25 | 1.9 | m 1 |
| Circuit current of High-side | Іссн | V _{CCH} =15V | V _{IN} =0V | - | 1.25 | 1.9 | mA |
| Circuit current of Bootstrap circuit (per one uint) | | $V_{B}(U)=15V,$ | V _{IN} =5V | - | - | 0.20 | ~^ |
| | ССНВ | V _в (V)=15V, V _в (W)=15V | V _{IN} =0V | - | - | 0.20 | mA |
| Innut Cianal threadald valtage | Vth _(on) | Note *8 Pw≥0.9μs | | - | 2.1 | 2.6 | V |
| Input Signal threshold voltage | Vth _(off) | | | 0.8 | 1.3 | - | V |
| Input Signal threshold hysteresis voltage | Vth _(hys) | | | 0.35 | 0.80 | - | V |
| Operational input pulse width of turn-on | tin(ON) | V _{IN} =0V to 5V rise up, Note *6, Note *8 | | 0.5 | - | - | μs |
| Operational input pulse width of turn-off | tin(OFF) | V _{IN} =5V to 0V fall down Note *6, Note *8 | | 0.7 | - | - | μs |
| Input current | lin | V _{IN} =5V, Note *6 | | 0.7 | 1.0 | 1.5 | mA |
| Input pull-down resistance | RIN | Note *6 | | 3.3 | 5.0 | 7.2 | kΩ |
| Fault Output Voltage | V _{FO(H)} | V_{IS} =0V, VFO terminal pull up to 5V by 10k Ω | | 4.9 | - | - | V |
| | V _{FO(L)} | VIS=1V, IFO=1mA | | - | - | 0.95 | V |
| Fault Output pulse width | t FO | Note *9, See Fig.2-2, 2-3 | | 20 | - | - | μs |

Control circuit block (continued)

| Over Current Protection Voltage Level | V _{IS(ref)} | V∞=15V → Note *3, *10 See Fig.2-2 | | 0.455 | 0.48 | 0.505 | V |
|--|-----------------------|--|---------|-------|------|-------|----|
| Over Current Protection Delay time | td _(IS) | | | 0.3 | 0.8 | 1.3 | μs |
| | V | Note *11 | Tc=90°C | 2.63 | 2.77 | 2.91 | V |
| Output Voltage of temperature sensor | V _(temp) | Note II | Tc=25°C | 0.88 | 1.13 | 1.39 | V |
| Vcc Under Voltage Trip Level of Low-side | VCCL(OFF) | T (7000 | | 10.3 | - | 12.5 | V |
| Vcc Under Voltage Reset Level of Low-side | V _{CCL(ON)} | — Tj<150°C — See Fig.2-3 | | 10.8 | - | 13.0 | V |
| Vcc Under Voltage hysteresis | V _{CCL(hys)} | | | - | 0.5 | - | V |
| Vcc Under Voltage Trip Level of High-side | VCCH(OFF) | — T∣<150°C — See Fig.2-4 | | 8.3 | - | 10.3 | V |
| Vcc Under Voltage Reset Level of High-side | V _{CCH(ON)} | | | 8.8 | - | 10.8 | V |
| Vcc Under Voltage hysteresis | V _{CCH(hys)} | | | - | 0.5 | - | V |
| VB Under Voltage Trip Level | V _{B(OFF)} | | | 10.0 | - | 12.0 | V |
| VB Under Voltage Reset Level | V _{B(ON)} | ── Tj<150°C ── See Fig.2-5 | | 10.5 | - | 12.5 | V |
| VB Under Voltage hysteresis | V _{B(hys)} | | | - | 0.5 | - | V |
| Forward voltage of Bootstrap diode | V _{F(BSD)} | Т _j =25°С І _{F(BSD)} =10mА | | 0.90 | 1.4 | 1.90 | V |
| | V _{F(BSD)} | T _j =25°C I _{F(BSD)} =100mA | | 2.3 | 4.3 | 6.3 | V |

Note *8 : This IPM module might make incorrect response if the input signal pulse width is less than t_{IN(on)} and t_{IN(off)}. Note *9: Fault signal is asserted corresponding to an "Over-current protection", an "Under-voltage protection" at low-side, and an "Over-heat protection". Under the condition of "Over-current protection" or "Under-voltage protection" or "Over-heat protection", the fault signal is asserted continuously while these conditions are continuing. However, the minimum fault output pulse width is minimum 20µsec even if very short failure condition (which is less than 20µa) is the transport. 20µs) is triggered.

Note *10: Over current protection is functioning only for the low-side arms. Note *11 : Fig.1-1 shows the measurement position of temperature sensor.

6MBP15XSD060-50

Thermal Characteristics

| Description | Symbol | min. | typ. | max. | Unit |
|--|---------------|------|------|------|------|
| Junction to Case Thermal Resistance (per single IGBT) Note *12 | Rth(j-c)_IGBT | - | - | 3.85 | °C/W |
| Junction to Case Thermal Resistance (per single FWD) Note *12 | Rth((-c)_FWD | - | - | 4.95 | °C/W |

Note *12: Thermal compound with good thermal conductivity should be applied evenly with about +100µm~+200µm on the contacting surface of this device and heatsink.

Mechanical Characteristics

| Description | Symbol | Conditions | min. | typ. | max. | Unit |
|-------------------------|--------|--------------------|------|------|------|------|
| Tighten torque | - | Mounting screw: M3 | 0.59 | 0.69 | 0.98 | Nm |
| Heat-sink side flatness | - | Note. *13 | 0 | - | 100 | μm |
| Weight | - | - | - | 9.3 | - | g |

Note *13: Fig.1-2 shows the measurement position of heat sink flatness

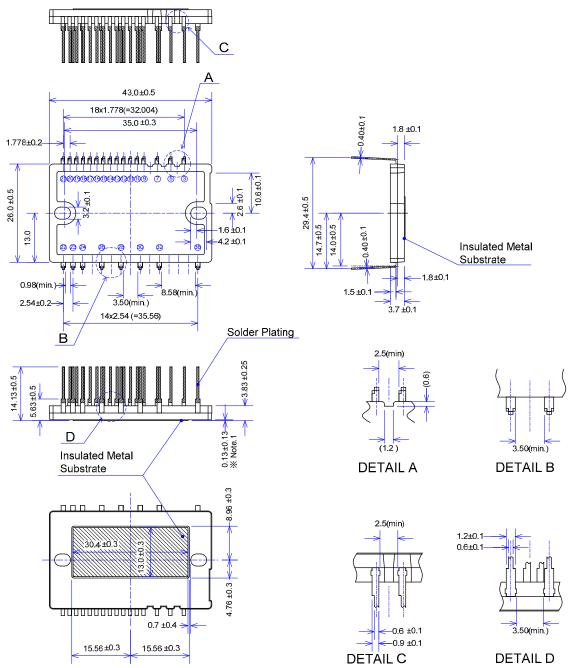
Recommended Operation Conditions

● All voltages are absolute voltages referenced to Vcc –potential unless otherwise specified.

| Description | Conditions | min. | typ. | max. | Unit |
|--|-----------------------|------|------|------|-------|
| DC Bus Voltage | VDC | 0 | 300 | 400 | V |
| High-side Bias Voltage for IGBT gate driving | V _B (*) | 13.0 | 15.0 | 18.5 | V |
| High-side Supply Voltage | Vссн | 13.5 | 15.0 | 16.5 | V |
| Low-side Supply Voltage | Vccl | 13.5 | 15.0 | 16.5 | V |
| Control Supply variation | ΔV _B | -1 | - | 1 | 1//00 |
| Control Supply variation | ΔVcc | -1 | - | 1 | V/µs |
| Input signal voltage | Vin | 0 | - | 5 | V |
| Voltage for current sensing | Visc | 0 | - | 5 | V |
| Potential difference of between COM to N (including surge) | V _{COM_N} | -5 | - | 5 | V |
| Dead time for preventing arm-short (Tc≤125°C) | tDEAD | 1.0 | - | - | μs |
| Allowable output current (Note *14) | lo | - | - | 15.0 | A rms |
| Allowable minimum input pulse width | PW _{IN(on)} | 0.5 | - | - | μs |
| (Note *15, Note *16) | PW _{IN(off)} | 0.7 | - | - | μs |
| PWM Input frequency | f _{PWM} | - | - | 20 | kHz |
| Operating Junction Temperature | T _{j(ope)} | -30 | - | 150 | °C |

Note *14: V_{DC}=300V, V_{CCH}=V_{CCL}=V_B(*)=15V, PF=0.8, Sinusoidal PWM, 3phase modulation, Tj≤150°C, Tc≤100°C, f_{PWM}=5kHz, fo=200Hz, Ks=0.9 Note *15: In the pulse width of 0.5us, the loss of IGBT increases for the saturation operation. To reduce the loss of IGBT, please enlarge the pulse width more than the switching time of IGBT. Note *16: This IPM module might response according to input signal pulse even when the input signal pulse width is less than PW_{IN(or)} and PW_{IN(orf)}.

Package outline dimensions



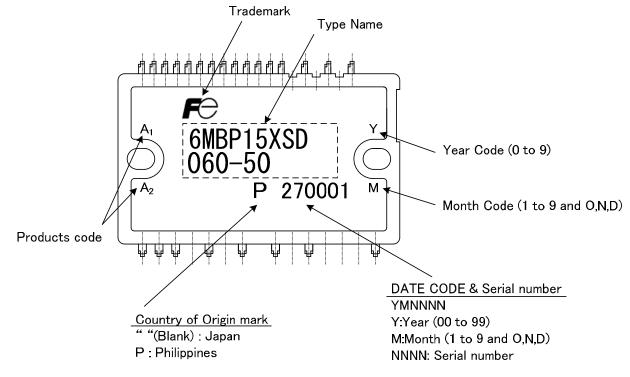
Unit: mm

Note %1: The IMS(Insulated Metal Substrate) deliberately protruded from back surface of case. It is improved of thermal conductivity between IMS and heat-sink.

| Pin No. | Pin Name | Pin No. | Pin Name | Pin No. | Pin Name |
|---------|----------|---------|----------|---------|----------|
| 3 | VB(U) | 14 | IN(LU) | 22 | N(W) |
| 5 | VB(V) | 15 | IN(LV) | 23 | N(V) |
| 7 | VB(W) | 16 | IN(LW) | 24 | N(U) |
| 9 | IN(HU) | 17 | Vccl | 26 | W |
| 10 | IN(HV) | 18 | VFO | 28 | V |
| 11 | IN(HW) | 19 | IS | 30 | U |
| 12 | Vссн | 20 | COM | 32 | Р |
| 13 | COM | 21 | TEMP | 36 | NC |

6MBP15XSD060-50

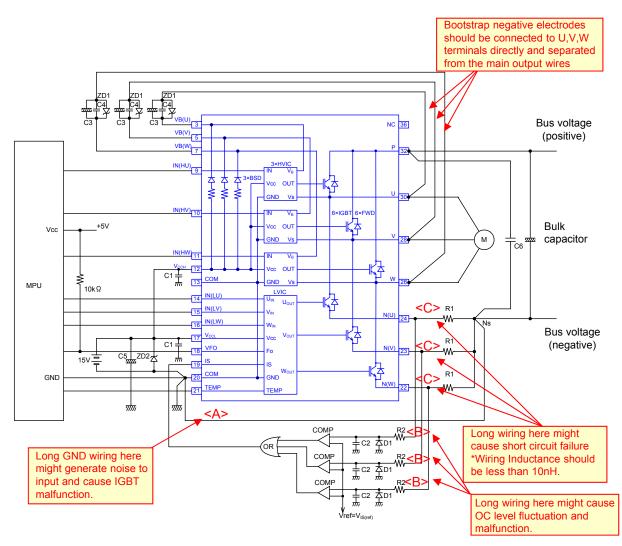
Marking



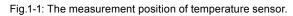
Note : Product code A_1 means current ratings , and "L" is marked. Product code A_2 means variations , and "D" is marked.

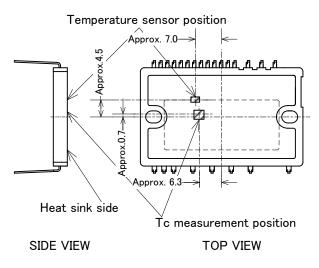
An example of application circuit.

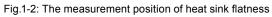
• Fig. shows an example of an application circuit.



- Note *1: Input signal for drive is High-Active. There is a pull-down resistor built in the IC input circuit. To prevent malfunction, the wiring of each input should be as short as possible. When using R-C coupling circuit, make sure the input signal level meet the turn-on and turn-off threshold voltage.
- Note *2: By the function of the HVIC, it is possible of the direct coupling to microprocessor (MPU) without any photo-coupler or pulse-transformer isolation.
- Note *3: VFO output is open drain type. It should be pulled up to the positive side of a 5V power supply by a resistor of about 10kΩ.
- Note *4: To prevent erroneous protection, the wiring of (A), (B), (C) should be as short as possible.
- Note *5: The time constant R2-C2 of the protection circuit should be selected approximately 1.5µs.
- Over current (OC) shutdown time might vary due to the wiring pattern. Tight tolerance, temp-compensated type is recommended for R2, C2.
- Note *6: Please set the threshold voltage of the comparator reference input to be same as the IPM OC trip reference voltage V_{IS(ref)}.
- Note *7: Please use high speed type comparator and logic IC to detect OC condition quickly.
- Note *8: If negative voltage of R1 at the switching timing is applied, the schottky barrier diode D1 is recommended to be inserted parallel to R1.
- Note *9: All capacitors should be mounted as close to the terminals of the IPM as possible. (C1, C4 : narrow temperature drift, higher frequency and DC bias characteristic ceramic type are recommended, and C3, C5: narrow temperature drift, higher frequency and electrolytic type.)
- *10: To prevent surge destruction, the wiring between the snubber capacitor and the P terminal ,Ns node should be as short as possible. Generally a 0.1µ to 0.22µF Note snubber capacitor (C6) between the P terminal and Ns node is recommended.
- Note *11: Two COM terminals (13 & 20 pin) are connected inside the IPM, it must be connected either one to the signal GND outside and leave another one open.
- Note *12: It is recommended to insert a zener-diode (22V) between each pair of control supply terminals to prevent surge destruction.
- Note *13: If signal GND is connected to power GND by broad pattern, it may cause malfunction by power GND fluctuation. It is recommended to connect signal GND and power GND at only a point.







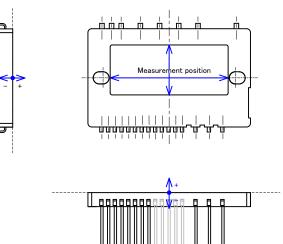
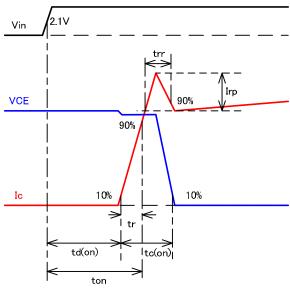


Fig.2-1: Switching waveforms



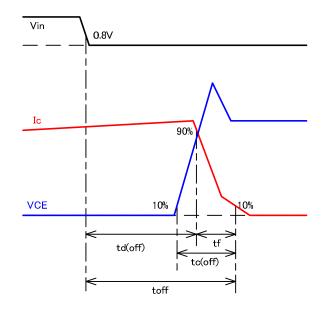
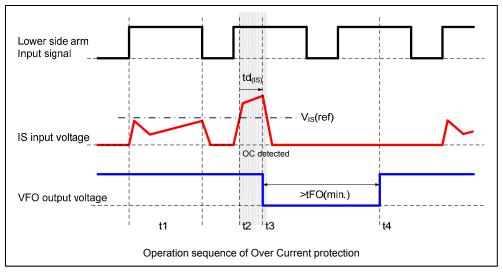


Fig.2-2: Operation sequence of Over current protection



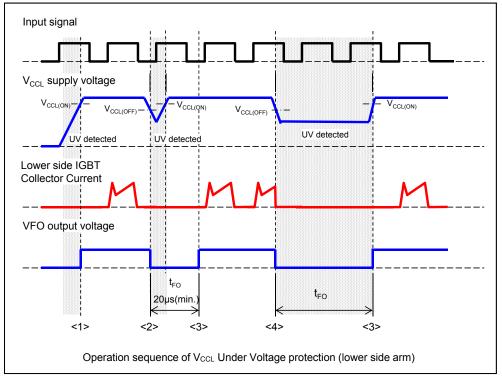
t1: IS input voltage does not exceed V_{IS} (ref), while the collector current of the lower side IGBT is under the normal operation.

t2: When IS input voltage exceeds Vis(ref), the OC is detected.

t3: The fault output VFO is activated and all lower side IGBT shut down simultaneously after the over current protection delay time td(15). Inherently there is dead time of LVIC in td(IS).

t4: After the fault output pulse width tFO, the OC is reset. Then next input signal is activated.

Fig.2-3: Operation sequence of $V_{\text{\tiny CCL}}$ Under voltage trip (lower side arm)



When VCCL is under 4V, UV and fault output are not activated.

<1> When VccL is under VccL(ON), all lower side IGBTs are OFF state.
 After VccL rises VccL(ON), the fault output VFO is released (high level).
 And the LVIC starts to operate, then next input is activated.

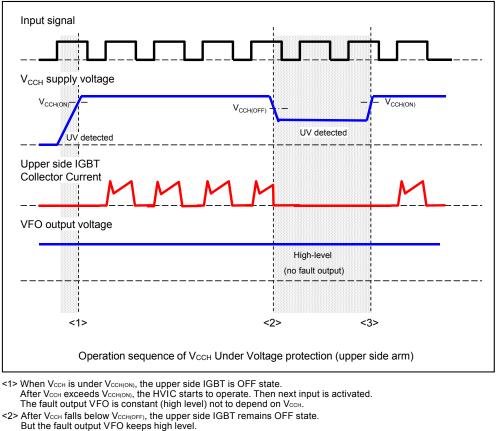
 2> The fault output VFO is activated when VccL falls below VccL(OFF), and all lower side IGBT remains OFF state.

When the voltage drop time is less than 20µs, the fault output pulse width is generated minimum 20µs and all lower side IGBTs are OFF state in spite of input signal condition during that time.

<3> UV is reset after tFo when VCCL exceeds VCCL(ON) and the fault output VFO is reset simultaneously.

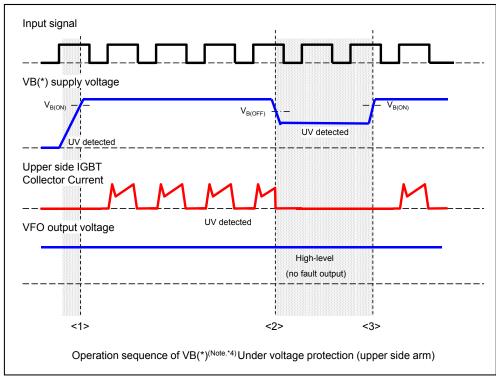
And the LVIC starts to operate, then next input is activated. <4> When the voltage drop time is more than t_{FO}, the fault output pulse width is generated and all lower side IGBTs are OFF state in spite of input signal condition during the same time.

Fig.2-4: Operation sequence of V_{CCH} Under voltage trip (upper side arm)



<3> The HVIC starts to operate after UV is reset, then next input is activated.





- <1> When VB(*) is under V_{B(ON)}, the upper side IGBT is OFF state. After VB(*) exceeds V_{B(ON)}, the HVIC starts to operate. Then next input is activated. The fault output VFO is constant (high level) not to depend on VB(*). (Note*14)
- After VB(*) falls below VB(OFF), the upper side IGBT remains OFF state.
 But the fault output VFO keeps high level. <2>

<3> The HVIC starts to operate after UV is reset, then next input is activated.

Note *14: The fault output is not given HVIC bias conditions.

WARNING

- 1. This Catalog contains the product specifications, characteristics, data, materials, and structures as of March 2016. The contents are subject to change without notice for specification changes or other reasons. When using a product listed in this Catalog, be sure to obtain the latest specifications.
- 2. All applications described in this Catalog exemplify the use of Fuji's products for your reference only. No right or license, either express or implied, under any patent, copyright, trade secret or other intellectual property right owned by Fuji Electric Co., Ltd. is (or shall be deemed) granted. Fuji Electric Co., Ltd. makes no representation or warranty, whether express or implied, relating to the infringement or alleged infringement of other's intellectual property rights which may arise from the use of the applications described herein.
- 3. Although Fuji Electric Co., Ltd. is enhancing product quality and reliability, a small percentage of semiconductor products may become faulty. When using Fuji Electric semiconductor products in your equipment, you are requested to take adequate safety measures to prevent the equipment from causing a physical injury, fire, or other problem if any of the products become faulty. It is recommended to make your design fail-safe, flame retardant, and free of malfunction.
- 4. The products introduced in this Catalog are intended for use in the following electronic and electrical equipment which has normal reliability requirements.
 - Computers OA equipment · Machine tools
- · Communications equipment (terminal devices) Electrical home appliances Personal equipment
- Measurement equipment Industrial robots etc.
- 5. If you need to use a product in this Catalog for equipment requiring higher reliability than normal, such as for the equipment listed below, it is imperative to contact Fuji Electric Co., Ltd. to obtain prior approval. When using these products for such equipment, take adequate measures such
 - as a backup system to prevent the equipment from malfunctioning even if a Fuji's product incorporated in the equipment becomes faulty. Trunk communications equipment

· Gas leakage detectors with an auto-shut-off feature

- Transportation equipment (mounted on cars and ships)
- Traffic-signal control equipment
- · Emergency equipment for responding to disasters and anti-burglary devices

Audiovisual equipment

- Medical equipment
- 6. Do not use products in this Catalog for the equipment requiring strict reliability such as the following and equivalents to strategic equipment (without
 - limitation).
 - Space equipment Aeronautic equipment Submarine repeater equipment
- Nuclear control equipment

· Safety devices

- 7. Copyright ©1996-2016 by Fuji Electric Co., Ltd. All rights reserved. No part of this Catalog may be reproduced in any form or by any means without the express permission of Fuji Electric Co., Ltd.
- 8. If you have any question about any portion in this Catalog, ask Fuji Electric Co., Ltd. or its sales agents before using the product. Neither Fuji Electric Co., Ltd. nor its agents shall be liable for any injury caused by any use of the products not in accordance with instructions set forth herein.



Innovating Energy Technology

Technical Information

IGBT Modules

- Please refer to URLs below for futher information about products, application manuals and technical documents.
- 关于本规格书中没有记载的产品信息,应用手册,技术资料等,请参考以下链接。
- ●本データシートに記載されていない製品情報,アプリケーションマニュアル,技術資料は以下の URL をご参照下さい。

FUJI ELECTRIC Power Semiconductor WEB site

| 日本 | www.fujielectric.co.jp/products/semiconductor/ |
|---------------|--|
| Global | www.fujielectric.com/products/semiconductor/ |
| 中国 | www.fujielectric.com.cn/products/semiconductor/ |
| Europe | www.fujielectric-europe.com/components/semiconductors/ |
| North America | www.americas.fujielectric.com/components/semiconductors/ |

Information

| 日本 | |
|--------------------------------|---|
| 1 半導体総合カタログ | www.fujielectric.co.jp/products/semiconductor/catalog/ |
| 2 製品情報 | www.fujielectric.co.jp/products/semiconductor/model/ |
| 3 アプリケーションマニュアル | www.fujielectric.co.jp/products/semiconductor/model/igbt/application/ |
| 4 技術資料 | www.fujielectric.co.jp/products/semiconductor/model/igbt/technical/ |
| 5 マウンティングインストラクション | www.fujielectric.co.jp/products/semiconductor/model/igbt/mounting/ |
| 6 IGBT 損失シミュレーションソフト | www.fujielectric.co.jp/products/semiconductor/model/igbt/simulation/ |
| 7 AT-NPC 3-Level 損失シュミレーションソフト | www.fujielectric.co.jp/products/semiconductor/model/igbt/simulation_3level/ |
| 8 富士電機技報 | www.fujielectric.co.jp/products/semiconductor/journal/ |
| 9 製品のお問い合わせ | www.fujielectric.co.jp/products/semiconductor/contact/ |
| 10 改廃のお知らせ | www.fujielectric.co.jp/products/semiconductor/discontinued/ |
| | |

Global

| 1 Semiconductors General Catalog | www.fujielectric.com/products/semiconductor/catalog/ |
|---|---|
| 2 Product Information | www.fujielectric.com/products/semiconductor/model/ |
| 3 Application Manuals | www.fujielectric.com/products/semiconductor/model/igbt/application/ |
| 4 Technical Documents | www.fujielectric.com/products/semiconductor/model/igbt/technical/ |
| 5 Mounting Instructions | www.fujielectric.com/products/semiconductor/model/igbt/mounting/ |
| 6 IGBT Loss Simulation Software | www.fujielectric.com/products/semiconductor/model/igbt/simulation/ |
| 7 AT-NPC 3-Level Loss Simulation Software | www.fujielectric.com/products/semiconductor/model/igbt/simulation_3level/ |
| 8 Fuji Electric Journal | www.fujielectric.com/products/semiconductor/journal/ |
| 9 Contact | www.fujielectric.com/products/semiconductor/contact/ |
| 10 Revised and discontinued product information | www.fujielectric.com/products/semiconductor/discontinued/ |

中国

| 1 - | |
|-------------------------|--|
| 1 半导体综合目录 | www.fujielectric.com.cn/products/semiconductor/catalog/ |
| 2 产品信息 | www.fujielectric.com.cn/products/semiconductor/model/ |
| 3 应用手册 | www.fujielectric.com.cn/products/semiconductor/model/igbt/application/ |
| 4 技术资料 | www.fujielectric.com.cn/products/semiconductor/model/igbt/technical/ |
| 5 安装说明书 | www.fujielectric.com.cn/products/semiconductor/model/igbt/mounting/ |
| 6 IGBT 损耗模拟软件 | www.fujielectric.com.cn/products/semiconductor/model/igbt/simulation/ |
| 7 AT-NPC 3-Level 损耗模拟软件 | www.fujielectric.com.cn/products/semiconductor/model/igbt/simulation_3level/ |
| 8 富士电机技报 | www.fujielectric.com.cn/products/semiconductor/journal/ |
| 9 产品咨询 | www.fujielectric.com.cn/products/semiconductor/contact/ |
| 10 产品更改和停产信息 | www.fujielectric.com.cn/products/semiconductor/discontinued/ |

X-ON Electronics

Largest Supplier of Electrical and Electronic Components

Click to view similar products for Fuji manufacturer:

Other Similar products are found below :

EW100AAG-3P100B EW50AAG-2P015B EW50RAGU-3P005K FMN-60 5V AH164-ZSWE3 AH165-EG33 AH165-J3C33A AH165-SGLW11E3 AH165-TGL5W11E3 AH165-TLO11H1 AHX511-L AR22E0L-10E4G AR22F0L-02H4R AR22G3R-01B AR22G4L-11E3A AR22JCR-3A14DC AR22M0R-01B AR22PR-311B AR22PR-711B AR22S2R-22W AR22V2L-11E3R AR22V3R-02RZ286 AR22VGE-11R AR30E0R-11G AR9T511-H AR9T511-M EG52F/40-30MA BLA005D BU-ECA2005L BW250EAGU-3P175 BW9FWCA-15A BZ6KL10CU 1TR0AK SA203CUL/125 SA203CUL/200 SA203RCUL/125 SC-E5-200V 2NC2F-CK SG103CUL/40-CO SK12LR-E01W AC09-CX0/11L1 EW125JAG-4P030K EW250JAGU-3P200K EW250JAGU-3P225K EW50EAG-3P050B EW50RAGU-3P003K ACX011-810 1JC0A0M01 AG23-LAE3-Y AH164-J2B22A