

# **Digital Temperature Controllers E5**□N

#### Compact and Intelligent General-purpose Temperature Controllers

- Various temperature inputs: thermocouple, platinum resistance thermometer, infrared temperature sensor, and analog inputs.
- Auto-tuning and self-tuning available. Auto-tuning is possible even while self-tuning is being executed.
- Heating or heating/cooling control is available.
- Event input allows multiple SP selection and run/stop function.
- Water-resistant construction (NEMA4X: equivalent to IP66).
- Conforms to UL, CSA, and IEC safety standards as well as CE marking.



# E5□N Series

# E5AN 1/4 DIN







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#### **■** E5AN/E5EN/E5CN/E5GN Selection Guide

Item		E5AN	E5EN	E5CN	E5GN			
Dimensions (W	x H x D (mm))	96 x 96 x 78	48 x 96 x 78	48 x 48 x 78	48 x 24 x 100			
Indication accuracy		±0.5% PV±1 digit	±0.5% PV±1 digit max.					
Control method		2-PID or ON/OFF						
Alarm	None	No	No	Yes	Yes			
	1 point	No	No	No	Yes			
	2 points	No	No	Yes	No			
	3 points	Yes	Yes	No	No			
Input	Thermocouple input	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes			
	Analog input by non-contact temperature sensor							
	Platinum resistance temperature sensor	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes			
Output	Relay output	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes			
	Voltage output	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes			
	Current output	Yes	Yes	Yes	No			
RS-232C comm	unication function	Yes	Yes	No	No			
RS-485 commu	nication function	Yes	Yes Yes		Yes			
Event input		Yes	Yes Yes		No			
Heater burnout alarm		Yes	Yes	Yes	No			
Heating/Cooling control		Yes	Yes Yes		Yes			
Run/Stop		Yes	Yes Yes		Yes			
Multiple SP sele	ection	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes			

# **■ E5CN Option Units**

The E5CN provides communication or event input functionality when mounted with one of the following Option Units.

Name	Function	Model
Communications Unit	RS-485 communication and heater burnout alarm	E53-CNH03 (For relay and voltage output)
	RS-485 communication	E53-CN03 (For current output)
Event Input Unit	Event input and heater burnout alarm	E53-CNHB (For relay and voltage output)
	Event input	E53-CNB (For current output)

Note: The heater burnout alarm is available by mounting the E53-CNH03 or E53-CNHB Option Unit on E5CN.

# **■** E5AN/E5EN Option Units

The E5AN/E5EN provides communication or event input functionality when mounted with one of the following Option Units.

Name	Function	Model
Communications Unit	RS-232C communication	E53-AK01
	RS-485 communication	E53-AK03
Event Input Unit	Event input	E53-AKB

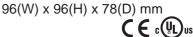


# Digital Temperature Controllers E5AN

# Compact and Intelligent Temperature Controllers

- Depth of only 78 mm.
- Various temperature inputs: thermocouple, platinum resistance thermometer, infrared temperature sensor, and analog inputs.
- Auto-tuning and self-tuning available. Auto-tuning is possible even while self-tuning is being executed.
- Heating or heating/cooling control is available.
- Event input allows multiple SP selection and run/stop function.
- Water-resistant construction (NEMA4X: equivalent to IP66).
- Conforms to UL, CSA, and IEC safety standards as well as CE marking.





# **Model Number Structure**

# **■** Model Number Legend

E5AN-  $\square$   $\square$   $\square$   $\square$  M  $\square$  -500

1. Output type

R: Relay

Q: Voltage (for driving SSR)

C: Current

2. Number of alarms

3: Three alarms

3. Heater burnout alarm

Blank:Not available H: Available

4. Option Unit

M: Option Unit can be mounted

5. Input type

TC: Thermocouple

P: Platinum resistance thermometer

# **Ordering Information**

#### ■ Standard Models

Size	Power supply voltage	No. of alarm points	Control output	Heater burnout alarm	Thermocouple model	Platinum resistance thermometer model
1/4 DIN	100 to 240 VAC	3	Relay	No	E5AN-R3MTC-500	E5AN-R3MP-500
96(W) x 96(H) x				Yes	E5AN-R3HMTC-500	E5AN-R3HMP-500
78(D) mm			Voltage	No	E5AN-Q3MTC-500	E5AN-Q3MP-500
			(for driving SSR)	Yes	E5AN-Q3HMTC-500	E5AN-Q3HMP-500
			Current	No	E5AN-C3MTC-500	E5AN-C3MP-500
	24 VAC/VDC	3	Relay	No	E5AN-R3MTC-500	E5AN-R3MP-500
				Yes	E5AN-R3HMTC-500	E5AN-R3HMP-500
Voltage			No	E5AN-Q3MTC-500	E5AN-Q3MP-500	
			(for driving SSR)	Yes	E5AN-Q3HMTC-500	E5AN-Q3HMP-500
	Current		No	E5AN-C3MTC-500	E5AN-C3MP-500	

Note 1. A Current Transformer (CT) is not provided with the Unit. If using a heater burnout alarm, be sure to order one when ordering the E5AN.

- 2. When the heating and cooling function or the heater burnout alarm is used, one of the alarm outputs will be disabled for each function used.
- 3. Specify the power supply specifications when ordering.

# **■** Option Units

The E5AN provides communication or event input functionality when mounted with one of the following Option Units.  $\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{1}{2} \right) = \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{1}{2} \right) \left( \frac{1}$ 

Name	Model	Function
Communication Unit	E53-AK01	RS-232C communication
	E53-AK03	RS-485 communication
Event Input Unit	E53-AKB	Event input

# ■ Current Transformer (Sold Separately)

Model	E54-CT1	E54-CT3
Hole diameter	5.8 dia.	12.0 dia.

# **■** Terminal Cover

Model E53-COV11	
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**Note:** The Terminal Cover comes with the E5AN and does not have to be purchased separately.

# **Specifications**

# **■** Ratings

Supply voltage		100 to 240 VAC, 50/60 Hz		24 VAC, 50/60 Hz/24 VDC			
Operating voltage	range	85% to 110% of rated supply v	85% to 110% of rated supply voltage				
Power consumption	on	9 VA		5 VA/4 W			
Sensor input		Thermocouple:	K, J, T, E, L	., U, N, R, S, B			
		Platinum resistance thermome	eter: Pt100, JPt1	100			
		Infrared temperature sensor:	10 to 70°C,	60 to 120°C, 115 to 165°C, 160 to 260°C			
		Voltage input:	0 to 50 mV				
Control output	Relay output	SPST-NO, 250 VAC, 5 A (resis	stive load), electr	ical life: 100,000 operations			
	Voltage output	12 VDC +15%/_20% (PNP), max.	12 VDC +15%/_20% (PNP), max. load current: 40 mA, with short-circuit protection circuit				
	Current output	4 to 20 mA DC, load: 600 $\Omega$ m	4 to 20 mA DC, load: 600 $\Omega$ max., resolution: approx. 2,600				
Alarm output	•	SPST-NO, 250 VAC, 3 A (resis	SPST-NO, 250 VAC, 3 A (resistive load), electrical life: 100,000 operations				
Control method		2-PID or ON/OFF control					
Setting method		Digital setting using front pane	el keys				
Indication method			7-segment digital display and single-lighting indicator Character height: PV: 15.0 mm; SV: 9.5 mm				
Other functions		According to Controller model	According to Controller model				
Ambient temperat	ure	-10 to 55°C (with no condensa	-10 to 55°C (with no condensation or icing)				
Ambient humidity		25% to 85%	25% to 85%				
Storage temperatu	ıre	-25 to 65°C (with no condensation or icing)					

# **■ Input Ranges**

# Platinum Resistance Thermometer Input/Thermocouple Input

	Platinum resistance th	ermometer input
Input type	Platinum resistance	thermometer
Name	Pt100	JPt100
1800 1700 1600 1500 1400 1300 1200 50 1100 900 1000 900 1000 300 200 100 0 -100 -200	850 	
Set value	0 1 2	3 4

						Thermocoup	le input								
Input type			Ther	mocoup	le						ES Te	S1A Infra mperatu	ared ure Sens	sor	Analog input
Name	К	J	Т	Е	L	U	N	R	S	В	K10 to 70°C	K60 to 120°C	K115 to 165°C	K160 to 260°C	0 to 50 mV
1800 1700 1600 1500 1400 1300 1200 1100 900 800 900 500 400 300 200 0 0 -100 -200		850 400.0	400. 400.0					1700		1800_		120	165 9	260 _	Usable in the following ranges by scaling: -1999 to 9999 or -199.9 to 999.9
Set value	0 1	2 3	4 17	5	6	7 18	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16

Applicable standards by input type are as follows:

K, J, T, E, N, R, S, B: JIS C1602-1995 L: Fe-CuNi, DIN 43710-1985 U: Cu-CuNi, DIN 43710-1985 JPt100: JIS C1604-1989, JIS C1606-1989 Pt100: JIS C1604-1997, IEC751

Shaded ranges indicate default settings.

ES1A models with a temperature range of 160°C to 260°C have been discontinued.

#### **■** Characteristics

Indication accuracy	Thermocouple:						
	( $\pm 0.5\%$ of indicated value or $\pm 1^{\circ}$ C,	whichever greate	er) ±1 digit max. (see note)				
	Platinum resistance thermometer: $(\pm 0.5\%)$ of indicated value or $\pm 1^{\circ}$ C,	which over great	or) 11 digit may				
	Analog input: ±0.5% FS±1 digit ma:	_	er) ±1 digit max.				
	CT input: ±5% FS±1 digit max.	Α.					
Hysteresis	0.1 to 999.9 EU (in units of 0.1 EU)						
Proportional band (P)	0.1 to 999.9 EU (in units of 0.1 EU)						
Integral time (I)	0 to 3999 s (in units of 1 s)						
Derivative time (D)	0 to 3999 s (in units of 1 s)						
Control period	1 to 99 s (in units of 1 s)						
Manual reset value	0.0% to 100.0% (in units of 0.1%)						
	,						
Alarm setting range	-1999 to 9999 (decimal point position depends on input type) 500 ms						
Sampling period							
Insulation resistance	20 MΩ min. (at 500 VDC)						
Dielectric strength	2000 VAC, 50 or 60 Hz for 1min (between different charging terminals)						
Vibration resistance	10 to 55 Hz, 10 m/s <sup>2</sup> for 2 hours each in X, Y and Z directions						
Shock resistance	300 m/s <sup>2</sup> , 3 times each in 3 axes, 6		,				
Weight	Approx. 310 g	Mo	unting bracket: Approx. 60 g				
Degree of protection	Front panel: NEMA4X for indoor us	e (equivalent to	IP66), rear case: IP20, terminals: IP00				
Memory protection	EEPROM (non-volatile memory) (n	umber of writes:	100,000)				
EMC	Emission Enclosure:	EN55011 Grou					
	Emission AC Mains:	EN55011 Grou					
	Immunity ESD:	EN61000-4-2:	4 kV contact discharge (level 2)				
	Immunity RF-interference:	ENV50140:	8 kV air discharge (level 3) 10 V/m (amplitude modulated, 80 MHz to				
	inimumity iti -interierence.	LINV30140.	1 GHz) (level 3)				
	10 V/m (pulse modulated, 900 MHz)						
	Immunity Conducted Disturbance: ENV50141: 10 V (0.15 to 80 MHz) (level 3)						
	Immunity Burst: EN61000-4-4: 2 kV power-line (level 3)						
	2 kV I/O signal-line (level 4)						
Approved standards	UL3121-1, CSA22.2 No. 142, E.B.1 Conforms to EN50081-2, EN50082		JEC61010 1)				
1	Conforms to VDE0106/part 100 (Finger Protection), when the terminal cover is mounted.						

Note: The indication of K thermocouples in the -200 to  $1300^{\circ}$ C range, and T and N thermocouples at a temperature of  $-100^{\circ}$ C or less, and U and L thermocouples at any temperature is  $\pm 2^{\circ}$ C $\pm 1$  digit maximum. The indication of B thermocouples at a temperature of  $400^{\circ}$ C or less is unrestricted.

The indication of R and S thermocouples at a temperature of 200°C or less is ±3°C±1 digit maximum.

# **■** Communications Specifications

Transmission path connection	RS-485: Multiple points
	RS-232C: Point-to-point
Communications method (see note 1)	RS-485 (two-wire, half duplex)/RS-232C
Synchronization method	Start-stop synchronization
Baud rate	1,200/2,400/4,800/9,600/19,200 bps
Transmission code	ASCII
Data bit length (see note 2)	7 or 8 bits
Stop bit length (see note 2)	1 or 2 bits
Error detection	Vertical parity (none, even, odd) Frame check sequence (FCS): with SYSWAY Block check character (BCC): with CompoWay/F
Flow control	Not available
Interface (see note 1)	RS-485/RS-232C
Retry function	Not available
Communications buffer	40 bytes

Note 1. RS-232C communications are only supported for the E5AN and E5EN models.

<sup>2.</sup> The baud rate, data bit length, stop bit length, or vertical parity can be individually set using the communications setting level.

# **■** Current Transformer (Sold Separately) Ratings

Dielectric strength	1,000 VAC (1 min)
Vibration resistance	50 Hz 98 m/s <sup>2</sup>
Weight	E54-CT1: Approx. 11.5 g E54-CT3: Approx. 50 g
Accessories (E54-CT3 only)	Armature (2) Plug (2)

# **■** Heater Burnout Alarm Specifications

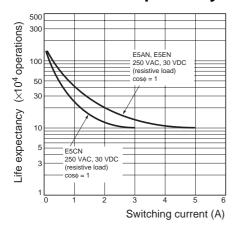
Max. heater current	Single-phase AC: 50 A (see note 1)
Input current readout accuracy	±5%FS±1 digit max.
Heater burnout alarm setting range	0.0 to 50.0 A (0.1 A units) (see note 2)
Min. detection ON time	190 ms (see note 3)

Note 1. When heater burnout is detected on a 3-phase heater, use the K2CU-F□□A-□GS (with gate input terminal).

- 2. When the set value is "00 A," the heater burnout alarm will always be OFF. When the set value is "50.0 A," the heater burnout alarm will always be ON.
- 3. When the control output ON time is less than 190 ms, heater burnout detection and heater current measurement will not be carried out.

# **■** Engineering Data

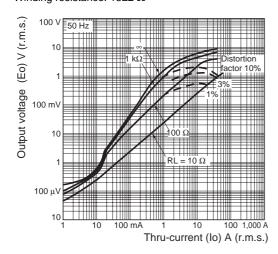
#### **Electrical Life Expectancy Curve for Relays (Reference Values)**



#### E54-CT1

# Thru-current (Io) vs. Output Voltage (Eo) (Reference Values)

Maximum continuous heater current: 50 A (50/60 Hz) Number of windings: 400±2 Winding resistance: 18±2  $\Omega$ 



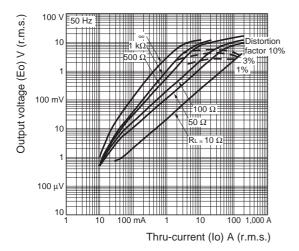
#### E54-CT3

# Thru-current (Io) vs. Output Voltage (Eo) (Reference Values)

Maximum continuous heater current: 120 A (50/60 Hz)

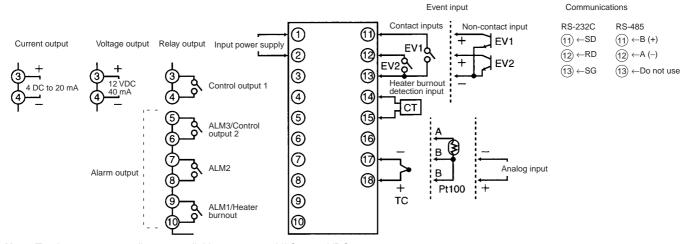
(Maximum continuous heater current for an OMRON Temperature Controller is 50 A.)

Number of windings:  $400\pm2$  Winding resistance:  $8\pm0.8~\Omega$ 



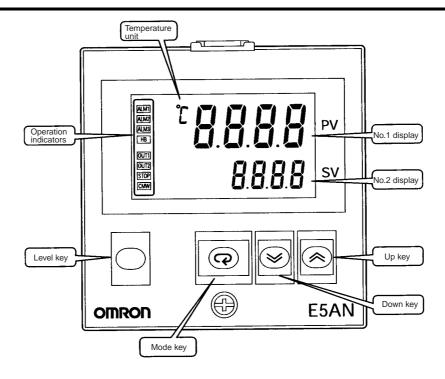
# **Wiring Terminals**

- The voltage output (control output) is not electrically insulated from the internal circuits. When using a grounding thermocouple, do not connect the control output terminals to the ground. If the control output terminals are connected to the ground, errors will occur in the measured temperature values as a result of leakage current.
- Standard insulation is applied to the power supply I/O sections. If reinforced insulation is required, connect the input and output terminals to a device without any exposed current-carrying parts or to a device with standard insulation suitable for the maximum operating voltage of the power supply I/O section.



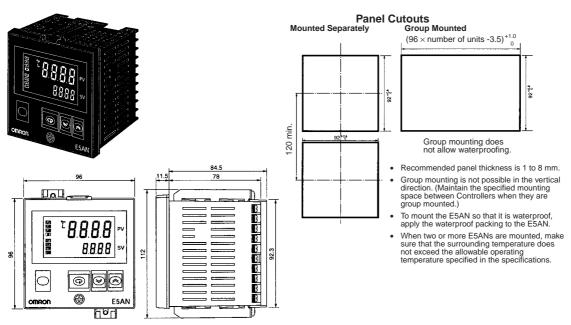
Note: Two input power supplies are available: 100 to 240 VAC or 24 VDC.

# **Nomenclature**

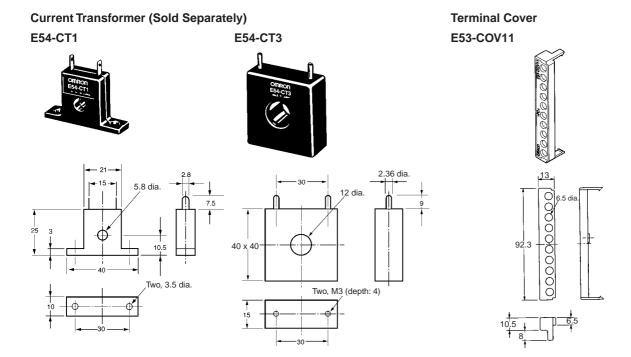


# **Dimensions**

Note: All units are in millimeters unless otherwise indicated.



# OMRON



ALL DIMENSIONS SHOWN ARE IN MILLIMETERS.

To convert millimeters into inches, multiply by 0.03937. To convert grams into ounces, multiply by 0.03527.



# Digital Temperature Controllers ESEN

# Compact and Intelligent Temperature Controllers

- Depth of only 78 mm.
- Various temperature inputs: thermocouple, platinum resistance thermometer, infrared temperature sensor, and analog inputs.
- Auto-tuning and self-tuning available. Auto-tuning is possible even while self-tuning is being executed.
- Heating or heating/cooling control is available.
- Event input allows multiple SP selection and run/stop function.
- Water-resistant construction (NEMA4X: equivalent to IP66).
- Conforms to UL, CSA, and IEC safety standards as well as CE marking.



48(W) x 96(H) x 78(D) mm

# **Model Number Structure**

# **■** Model Number Legend

E5EN- \_ \_ \_ \_ \_ M \_ \_ -500

1. Output type

R: Relay

Q: Voltage (for driving SSR)

C: Current

2. Number of alarm

3: Three alarms

3. Heater burnout alarm

Blank: Not available

H: Available

#### 4. Option Unit

M: Option Unit can be mounted

5. Input type

TC: Thermocouple

P: Platinum resistance thermometer

# **Ordering Information**

#### **■ Standard Models**

Size	Power supply voltage	No. of alarm points	Control output	Heater burnout alarm	Thermocouple model	Platinum resistance thermometer model	
1/8 DIN	100 to 240 VAC	3	Relay	No	E5EN-R3MTC-500	E5EN-R3MP-500	
48(W) x 96(H) x 78(D) mm				Yes	E5EN-R3HMTC-500	E5EN-R3HMP-500	
76(D) IIIIII			Voltage	No	E5EN-Q3MTC-500	E5EN-Q3MP-500	
			(for driving SSR)	Yes	E5EN-Q3HMTC-500	E5EN-Q3HMP-500	
			Current	No	E5EN-C3MTC-500	E5EN-C3MP-500	
24 VAC/VDC	24 VAC/VDC	3	Relay	No	E5EN-R3MTC-500	E5EN-R3MP-500	
				Yes	E5EN-R3HMTC-500	E5EN-R3HMP-500	
			Voltage	No	E5EN-Q3MTC-500	E5EN-Q3MP-500	
			(for driving SSR)	Yes	E5EN-Q3HMTC-500	E5EN-Q3HMP-500	
			Current	No	E5EN-C3MTC-500	E5EN-C3MP-500	

Note 1. A Current Transformer (CT) is not provided with the Unit. Be sure to order one when ordering the E5EN.

- 2. When the heating and cooling function or the heater burnout alarm is used, one of the alarm outputs will be disabled for each function used.
- 3. Specify the power supply specifications when ordering.

# **■** Option Units

The E5EN provides communication or event input functionality when mounted with one of the following Option Units.

Name	Model	Function
Communication Unit	E53-AK01	RS-232C communication
	E53-AK03	RS-485 communication
Event Input Unit	E53-AKB	Event input

# ■ Current Transformer (Sold Separately)

Model	E54-CT1	E54-CT3
Hole diameter	5.8 dia.	12.0 dia.

# **■** Terminal Cover

Model	E53-COV11

**Note:** The Terminal Cover comes with the E5EN and does not have to be purchased separately.

# **Specifications**

# **■** Ratings

Supply voltage		100 to 240 VAC, 50/60 Hz		24 VAC, 50/60 Hz/24 VDC				
Operating voltage	range	85% to 110% of rated supply v	85% to 110% of rated supply voltage					
Power consumption	sumption 9 VA 5 VA/4 W							
Sensor input		Thermocouple:	K, J, T, E, L	., U, N, R, S, B				
		Platinum resistance thermome	eter: Pt100, JPt1	100				
		Infrared temperature sensor:	10 to 70°C,	60 to 120°C, 115 to 165°C, 160 to 260°C				
		Voltage input:	0 to 50 mV					
Control output	Relay output	SPST-NO, 250 VAC, 5 A (resis	stive load), electr	ical life: 100,000 operations				
	Voltage output	12 VDC (PNP), max. load curr	12 VDC (PNP), max. load current: 40 mA, with short-circuit protection circuit					
	Current output	4 to 20 mA DC, load: 600 $\Omega$ m	4 to 20 mA DC, load: 600 $\Omega$ max., resolution: approx. 2,600					
Alarm output		SPST-NO, 250 VAC, 3 A (resis	SPST-NO, 250 VAC, 3 A (resistive load), electrical life: 100,000 operations					
Control method		2-PID or ON/OFF control						
Setting method		Digital setting using front pane	el keys					
Indication method		7-segment digital display and Character height: PV: 14.0 mn		dicator				
Other functions		According to Controller model	According to Controller model					
Ambient temperature –10 to 55°C (with no condensation or icing)								
Ambient humidity 25% to 85%								
Storage temperatu	ire	-25 to 65°C (with no condense	ation or icing)					

# **■ Input Ranges**

# Platinum Resistance Thermometer Input/Thermocouple Input

		Platii	Platinum resistance thermometer input											
Inpu	t type	Platinum resistance thermometer												
Na	me		F	Pt10	0				JPt100					
Temperature range	1800 1700 1600 1500 1400 1200 1100 1000 900 600 500 400 200 100 0 -100 -200		-	500	- - - -	- - - - - - - - -	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -		-					
Set	value	0	J	1	9.9		2	!	-	3	1		4	

		Thermocouple input											
Input type		Thermocouple ES1A Infrared Temperature Sensor										Analog input	
Name	К	J	Т	Е	L	U	N	R S	В	K10 to 70°C		K115 to K160 to 165°C 260°C	0 to 50 mV
1800 1700 1600 1500 1400 1300 1200 1100 900 800 900 600 600 200 100 400 200 100 0 -100 -200	500.0	850 - 400.0 - 100	400 400.0	600		400 400.0	1300	1700	1800		120	260	Usable in the following ranges by scaling: –1999 to 9999 or –199.9 to 999.9
Set value	0 1	2 3	4 17	5	6	7 18	8	9 10	11	12	13	14 15	16

Applicable standards by input type are as follows:

K, J, T, E, N, R, S, B: JIS C1602-1995 L: Fe-CuNi, DIN 43710-1985 U: Cu-CuNi, DIN 43710-1985 JPt100: JIS C1604-1989, JIS C1606-1989 Pt100: JIS C1604-1997, IEC751 Shaded ranges indicate default settings.

ES1A models with a temperature range of 160°C to 260°C have been discontinued.

#### **■** Characteristics

Indication accuracy	Thermocouple:							
indication accuracy	( $\pm 0.5\%$ of indicated value or $\pm 1^{\circ}$ C, whichever greater) $\pm 1$ digit max. (see note)							
	Platinum resistance thermometer:							
	( $\pm 0.5\%$ of indicated value or $\pm 1$ °C, whichever greater) $\pm 1$ digit max.							
	Analog input: ±0.5% FS±1 digit max.							
	CT input: ±5% FS±1 digit max.							
Hysteresis	0.1 to 999.9 EU (in units of 0.1 EU)							
Proportional band (P)	0.1 to 999.9 EU (in units of 0.1 EU)							
Integral time (I)	0 to 3999 s (in units of 1 s)							
Derivative time (D)	0 to 3999 s (in units of 1 s)							
Control period	1 to 99 s (in units of 1 s)							
Manual reset value	0.0% to 100.0% (in units of 0.1%)							
Alarm setting range	-1999 to 9999 (decimal point position depends on input type)							
Sampling period	500 ms							
Insulation resistance	20 MΩ min. (at 500 VDC)							
Dielectric strength	2000 VAC, 50 or 60 Hz for 1min (between different charging terminals)							
Vibration resistance	10 to 55 Hz, 10 m/s² for 2 hours each in X, Y and Z directions							
Shock resistance	300 m/s <sup>2</sup> , 3 times each in 3 axes, 6 directions (relay: 100 m/s <sup>2</sup> )							
Weight	Approx. 260 g Mounting bracket: Approx. 60 g							
Degree of protection	Front panel: NEMA4X for indoor use (equivalent to IP66), rear case: IP20, terminals: IP00							
Memory protection	EEPROM (non-volatile memory) (number of writes: 100,000)							
EMC	Emission Enclosure: Emission AC Mains: Emission AC Mains: EN55011 Group 1 class A EN55011 Group 1 class A EN55011 Group 1 class A EN61000-4-2: 4 kV contact discharge (level 2) 8 kV air discharge (level 3) ENV50140: 10 V/m (amplitude modulated, 80 MHz to 1 GHz) (level 3) 10 V/m (pulse modulated, 900 MHz) Immunity Conducted Disturbance: ENV50141: 10 V (0.15 to 80 MHz) (level 3) EN61000-4-4: 2 kV power-line (level 3) 2 kV I/O signal-line (level 4)							
Approved standards	UL3121-1, CSA22.2 No. 142, E.B.1402C Conforms to EN50081-2, EN50082-2, EN61010-1 (IEC61010-1) Conforms to VDE0106/part 100 (Finger Protection), when the terminal cover is mounted.							

Note: The indication of K thermocouples in the -200 to  $1300^{\circ}$ C range, and T and N thermocouples at a temperature of  $-100^{\circ}$ C or less, and U and L thermocouples at any temperature is  $\pm 2^{\circ}$ C $\pm 1$  digit maximum. The indication of B thermocouples at a temperature of  $400^{\circ}$ C or less is unrestricted.

The indication of R and S thermocouples at a temperature of 200°C or less is ±3°C±1 digit maximum.

# **■** Communications Specifications

Transmission path connection	RS-485: Multiple points				
	RS-232C: Point-to-point				
Communications method (see note 1)	RS-485 (two-wire, half duplex)/RS-232C				
Synchronization method	Start-stop synchronization				
Baud rate	1,200/2,400/4,800/9,600/19,200 bps				
Transmission code	ASCII				
Data bit length (see note 2)	7 or 8 bits				
Stop bit length (see note 2)	1 or 2 bits				
Error detection	Vertical parity (none, even, odd) Frame check sequence (FCS): with SYSWAY Block check character (BCC): with CompoWay/F				
Flow control	Not available				
Interface (see note 1)	RS-485/RS-232C				
Retry function	Not available				
Communications buffer	40 bytes				

 $\textbf{Note 1.} \ \mathsf{RS-232C} \ communications \ \mathsf{are \ only \ supported \ for \ the \ E5AN \ \mathsf{and \ E5EN \ models}.$ 

<sup>2.</sup> The baud rate, data bit length, stop bit length, or vertical parity can be individually set using the communications setting level.

# **■** Current Transformer (Sold Separately) Ratings

Dielectric strength	1,000 VAC (1 min)	
Vibration resistance	0 Hz 98 m/s <sup>2</sup>	
Weight	E54-CT1: Approx. 11.5 g E54-CT3: Approx. 50 g	
Accessories (E54-CT3 only)	Armature (2) Plug (2)	

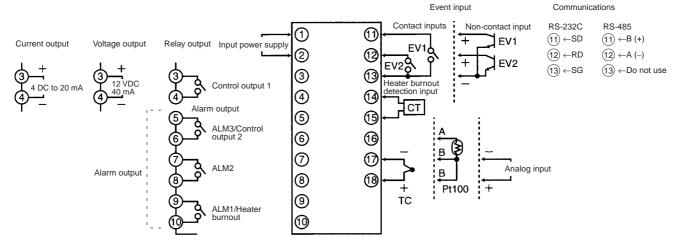
## **■** Heater Burnout Alarm Specifications

Max. heater current	Single-phase AC: 50 A (see note 1)	
Input current readout accuracy	5%FS±1 digit max.	
Heater burnout alarm setting range	0.0 to 50.0 A (0.1 A units) (see note 2)	
Min. detection ON time	190 ms (see note 3)	

- Note 1. When heater burnout is detected on a 3-phase heater, use the K2CU-F□□A-□GS (with gate input terminal).
  - 2. When the set value is "00 A," the heater burnout alarm will always be OFF. When the set value is "50.0 A," the heater burnout alarm will always be ON.
  - 3. When the control output ON time is less than 190 ms, heater burnout detection and heater current measurement will not be carried out.

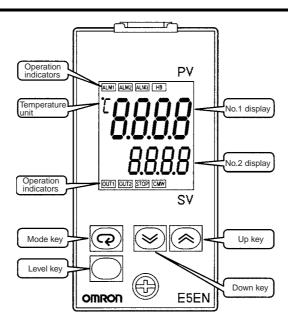
# Wiring Terminals

- The voltage output (control output) is not electrically insulated from the internal circuits. When using a grounding thermocouple, do not connect the control output terminals to the ground. If the control output terminals are connected to the ground, errors will occur in the measured temperature values as a result of leakage current.
- Standard insulation is applied to the power supply I/O sections. If reinforced insulation is required, connect the input and output terminals to a device without any exposed current-carrying parts or to a device with standard insulation suitable for the maximum operating voltage of the power supply I/O section.



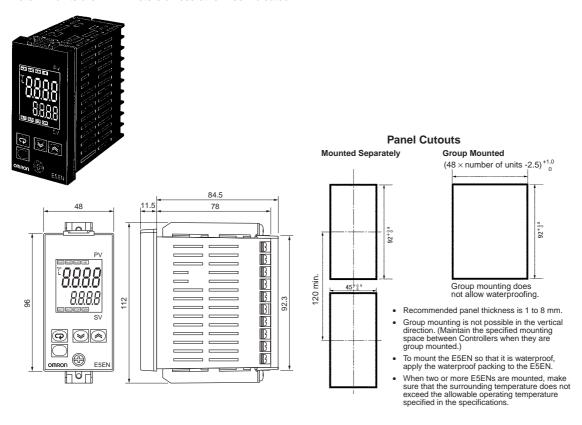
Note: Two input power supplies are available: 100 to 240 VAC or 24 VDC.

# **Nomenclature**

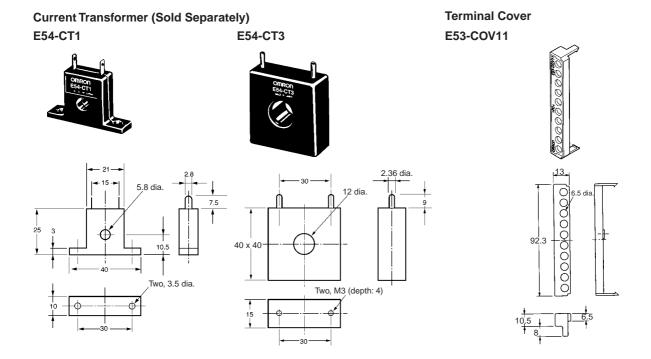


# **Dimensions**

Note: All units are in millimeters unless otherwise indicated.



#### **OMRON**



ALL DIMENSIONS SHOWN ARE IN MILLIMETERS.

To convert millimeters into inches, multiply by 0.03937. To convert grams into ounces, multiply by 0.03527.



# **Digital Temperature Controllers E5CN**

# Compact and Intelligent Temperature Controllers

- Various temperature inputs: thermocouple, platinum resistance thermometer, infrared temperature sensor, and analog inputs.
- Auto-tuning and self-tuning available. Auto-tuning is possible even while self-tuning is being executed.
- Heating or heating/cooling control is available.
- Event input allows multiple SP selection and run/stop function.
- The PV display color can be changed according to the application (red or green).
- Water-resistant construction (NEMA4X: equivalent to IP66).
- Conforms to UL, CSA, and IEC safety standards as well as CE marking.



48(W) x 48(H) x 78(D) mm

## **Model Number Structure**

# ■ Model Number Legend

E5CN-  $\square$   $\square$  M  $\square$  -500

1. Output type

R: Relay

Q: Voltage (for driving SSR)

C: Current

2. Number of alarms

Blank: No alarm

2: Two alarms

3. Option Unit

M: Option Unit can be mounted

4. Input type

TC: Thermocouple

P: Platinum resistance thermometer

Note: An Option Unit is required to use heater burnout alarm.

# **Ordering Information**

#### ■ Standard Models

Size	Power supply voltage	No. of alarm points	Control output	Thermocouple model	Platinum resistance thermometer model
1/16 DIN	100 to 240 VAC		Relay	E5CN-RMTC-500	E5CN-RMP-500
48(W) x 48(H) x 78(D) mm			Voltage (for driving SSR)	E5CN-QMTC-500	E5CN-QMP-500
			Current	E5CN-CMTC-500	E5CN-CMP-500
	2	2	Relay	E5CN-R2MTC-500	E5CN-R2MP-500
			Voltage (for driving SSR)	E5CN-Q2MTC-500	E5CN-Q2MP-500
			Current	E5CN-C2MTC-500	E5CN-C2MP-500
	24 VAC/VDC		Relay	E5CN-RMTC-500	E5CN-RMP-500
			Voltage (for driving SSR)	E5CN-QMTC-500	E5CN-QMP-500
			Current	E5CN-CMTC-500	E5CN-CMP-500
		2	Relay	E5CN-R2MTC-500	E5CN-R2MP-500
			Voltage (for driving SSR)	E5CN-Q2MTC-500	E5CN-Q2MP-500
			Current	E5CN-C2MTC-500	E5CN-C2MP-500

Note 1. A Current Transformer (CT) is not provided with the Unit. Be sure to order one when ordering the E5CN.

- 2. The heating and cooling function is available for models with two alarm points.
- 3. Specify the power supply specifications when ordering.

# **■** Option Units

The E5CN provides communications or event input functionality when mounted with one of the following Option Units.

Name	Model	Function
Communications Unit	E53-CNH03 (For relay and voltage output)	RS-485 communication and heater burnout alarm
	E53-CN03 (For current output)	RS-485 communication
Event Input Unit	E53-CNHB (For relay and voltage output)	Event input and heater burnout alarm
	E53-CNB (For current output)	Event input

Note: The heater burnout alarm is available by mounting the E53-CNH03 or E53-CNHB Option Unit on the E5CN.

# ■ Current Transformer (Sold Separately)

Model	E53-COV10

**■** Terminal Cover

Model	E54-CT1	E54-CT3
Hole diameter	5.8 dia.	12.0 dia.

**Note:** The Terminal Cover comes with the E5CN and does not have to be purchased separately.

# **Specifications**

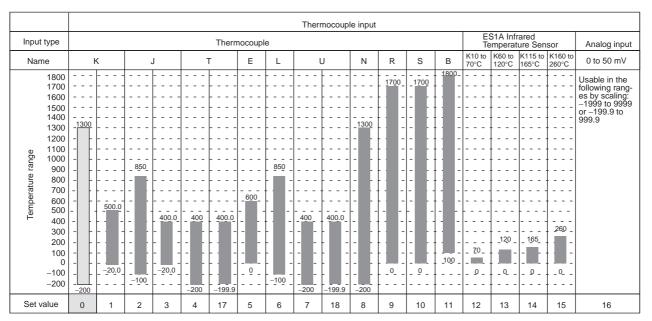
# **■** Ratings

Supply voltage		100 to 240 VAC, 50/60 Hz	24 VAC, 50/60 Hz/24 VDC		
Operating voltage range		85% to 110% of rated supply vo	85% to 110% of rated supply voltage		
Power consumption	on	7 VA	4 VA/3 W		
Sensor input		Thermocouple:	K, J, T, E, L, U, N, R, S, B		
		Platinum resistance thermometer	Platinum resistance thermometer: Pt100, JPt100		
		Infrared temperature sensor:	10 to 70°C, 60 to 120°C, 115 to 165°C, 160 to 260°C		
		Voltage input:	0 to 50 mV		
Control output	Relay output	SPST-NO, 250 VAC, 3 A (resisti	ve load), electrical life: 100,000 operations		
	Voltage output	12 VDC (PNP), max. load curre	nt: 21 mA, with short-circuit protection circuit		
Current output		4 to 20 mA DC, load: 600 $\Omega$ ma	4 to 20 mA DC, load: 600 $\Omega$ max., resolution: approx. 2,600		
Alarm output	SPST-NO, 250 VAC, 1 A (resistive load), electrical life: 100,000 operations		ve load), electrical life: 100,000 operations		
Control method		2-PID or ON/OFF control			
Setting method		Digital setting using front panel keys			
Indication method	I	7-segment digital display and single-lighting indicator Character height: PV: 9.9 mm; SV: 6.4 mm			
Other functions		According to Controller model			
Ambient temperat	ure	-10 to 55°C (with no condensation or icing)			
Ambient humidity		25% to 85%			
Storage temperatu	torage temperature –25 to 65°C (with no condensation or icing)				

## **■ Input Ranges**

# Platinum Resistance Thermometer Input/Thermocouple Input

		Platinu	ım resista	ance the	ermome	ter input
Input	type	Pla	tinum res	sistance	thermo	meter
Nar	ne		Pt100		JPt1	00
Temperature range	1800 1700 1600 1500 1400 1300 1200 1100 900 800 500 400 300 200 100 0 -100 -200	850 	500.0	100.0		100.0
Set v	alue	0	1	2	3	4



Applicable standards by input type are as follows:

L: Fe-CuNi, DIN 43710-1985 U: Cu-CuNi, DIN 43710-1985 U: Cu-CuNi, DIN 43710-1985 JPt100: JIS C1604-1989, JIS C1606-1989 Pt100: JIS C1604-1997, IEC751

Shaded ranges indicate default settings.

ES1A models with a temperature range of 160°C to 260°C have been discontinued.

#### **■** Characteristics

Indication accuracy	Thermocouple:			
	( $\pm 0.5\%$ of indicated value or $\pm 1$ °C,	whichever gre	ater) ±1 digit max. (see note)	
	Platinum resistance thermometer:			
	(±0.5% of indicated value or ±1°C, whichever greater) ±1 digit max.			
	Analog input: ±0.5% FS±1 digit max.  CT input: ±5% FS±1 digit max.			
Hyptogoio	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	\		
Hysteresis	0.1 to 999.9 EU (in units of 0.1 EU 0.1 to 999.9 EU (in units of 0.1 EU			
Proportional band (P)	0 to 3999 s (in units of 1 s)	)		
Integral time (I)				
Derivative time (D)	0 to 3999 s (in units of 1 s)			
Control period	1 to 99 s (in units of 1 s)			
Manual reset value	0.0% to 100.0% (in units of 0.1%)			
Alarm setting range	-1999 to 9999 (decimal point position depends on input type)			
Sampling period	500 ms			
Insulation resistance	20 M $\Omega$ min. (at 500 VDC)			
Dielectric strength	2000 VAC, 50 or 60 Hz for 1min (between different charging terminals)			
Vibration resistance	10 to 55 Hz, 10 m/s <sup>2</sup> for 2 hours each in X, Y and Z directions			
Shock resistance	300 m/s <sup>2</sup> , 3 times each in 3 axes, 6	directions (re	lay: 100 m/s <sup>2</sup> )	
Weight	Approx. 150 g	ľ	Mounting bracket: Approx. 10 g	
Degree of protection	Front panel: NEMA4X for indoor use (equivalent to IP66), rear case: IP20, terminals: IP00		to IP66), rear case: IP20, terminals: IP00	
Memory protection	EEPROM (non-volatile memory) (number of writes: 100,000)		es: 100,000)	
EMC	Emission Enclosure: Emission AC Mains: Immunity ESD:	EN55011 Gro EN55011 Gro EN61000-4-2	oup 1 class A : 4 kV contact discharge (level 2)	
	Immunity RF-interference:	ENV50140:	8 kV air discharge (level 3) 10 V/m (amplitude modulated, 80 MHz to 1 GHz) (level 3) 10 V/m (pulse modulated, 900 MHz)	
	Immunity Conducted Disturbance: Immunity Burst:			
Approved standards	UL3121-1, CSA22.2 No. 142, E.B. Conforms to EN50081-2, EN50082 Conforms to VDE0106/part 100 (F	2-2, EN61010-	1 (IEC61010-1) on), when the terminal cover is mounted.	

Note: The indication of K thermocouples in the -200 to  $1300^{\circ}$ C range, and T and N thermocouples at a temperature of  $-100^{\circ}$ C or less, and U and L thermocouples at any temperature is  $\pm 2^{\circ}$ C $\pm 1$  digit maximum. The indication of B thermocouples at a temperature of  $400^{\circ}$ C or less is unrestricted.

The indication of R and S thermocouples at a temperature of 200°C or less is ±3°C±1 digit maximum.

# **■** Communications Specifications

Transmission path connection	Multiple points	
Communications method	RS-485 (two-wire, half duplex)	
Synchronization method	Start-stop synchronization	
Baud rate	1,200/2,400/4,800/9,600/19,200 bps	
Transmission code	ASCII	
Data bit length (see note)	7 or 8 bits	
Stop bit length (see note)	1 or 2 bits	
Error detection	Vertical parity (none, even, odd) Frame check sequence (FCS): with SYSWAY Block check character (BCC): with CompoWay/F	
Flow control	Not available	
Interface (see note)	RS-485	
Retry function	Not available	
Communications buffer	40 bytes	

Note: The baud rate, data bit length, stop bit length, or vertical parity can be individually set using the communications setting level.

# ■ Current Transformer (Sold Separately) Ratings

Dielectric strength	,000 VAC (1 min)	
Vibration resistance	) Hz 98 m/s <sup>2</sup>	
	E54-CT1: Approx. 11.5 g E54-CT3: Approx. 50 g	
Accessories (E54-CT3 only)	Armature (2) Plug (2)	

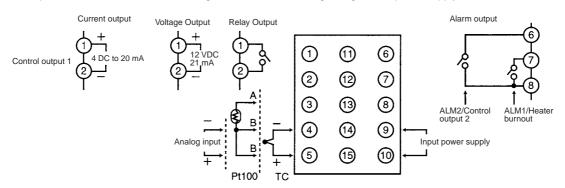
## **■** Heater Burnout Alarm Specifications

Max. heater current	Single-phase AC: 50 A (see note 1)	
Input current readout accuracy	5%FS±1 digit max.	
Heater burnout alarm setting range	0.0 to 50.0 A (0.1 A units) (see note 2)	
Min. detection ON time	190 ms (see note 3)	

- Note 1. When heater burnout is detected on a 3-phase heater, use the K2CU-F□□A-□GS (with gate input terminal).
  - 2. When the set value is "00 A," the heater burnout alarm will always be OFF. When the set value is "50.0 A," the heater burnout alarm will always be ON.
  - 3. When the control output ON time is less than 190 ms, heater burnout detection and heater current measurement will not be carried out.

# **Wiring Terminals**

- The voltage output (control output) is not electrically insulated from the internal circuits. When using a grounding thermocouple, do not connect the control output terminals to the ground. If the control output terminals are connected to the ground, errors will occur in the measured temperature values as a result of leakage current.
- Standard insulation is applied to the power supply I/O sections. If reinforced insulation is required, connect the input and output terminals to a device without any exposed current-carrying parts or to a device with standard insulation suitable for the maximum operating voltage of the power supply I/O section.

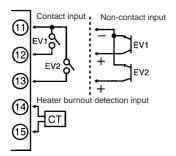


Two input power supplies are available: 100 to 240 VAC or 24 VDC.

# **■** Option Units

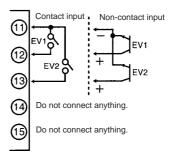
# E53-CNHB Event Input/Heater Burnout Alarm Unit

Event Input/Heater Burnout Detection



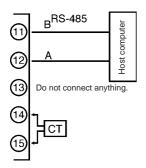
#### **E53-CNB Event Input**

**Event Input** 



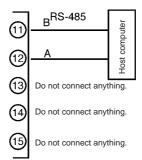
# E53-CNH03 Communications/Heater Burnout Alarm Unit

Communications Specification/Heater Burnout Specification

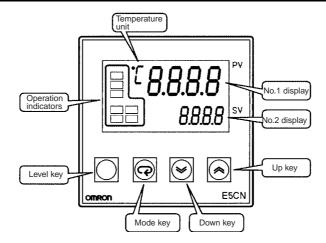


#### **E53-CN03 Communications Unit**

Communications Specification

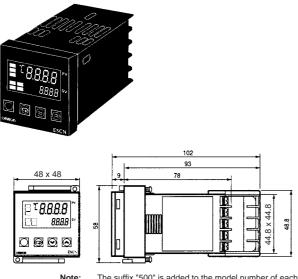


# **Nomenclature**



# **Dimensions**

Note: All units are in millimeters unless otherwise indicated.



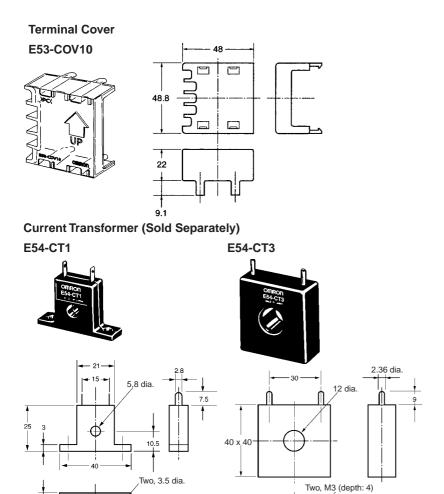
**Note:** The suffix "500" is added to the model number of each Controller provided with a E53-COV10 Terminal Cover.

# Mounted Separately Group Mounted (48 × number of units -2.5) 0 45 0 Group mounting does not allow waterproofing.

• Recommended panel thickness is 1 to 5 mm.

**Panel Cutouts** 

- Group mounting is not possible in the vertical direction.
  (Maintain the specified mounting space between Controllers when they are group mounted.)
- To mount the E5CN so that it is waterproof, apply the waterproof packing to the E5CN.
- When two or more E5CNs are mounted, make sure that the surrounding temperature does not exceed the allowable operating temperature specified in the specifications.



ALL DIMENSIONS SHOWN ARE IN MILLIMETERS.

To convert millimeters into inches, multiply by 0.03937. To convert grams into ounces, multiply by 0.03527.



# Digital Temperature Controllers E5GN

# Compact and Intelligent Temperature Controllers

#### 1/32 DIN with Communications Function

- Various temperature inputs: Thermocouple, platinum resistance thermometer, infrared temperature sensor, and analog inputs.
- Auto-tuning and self-tuning available. Auto-tuning is possible even while self-tuning is being executed.
- Heating or heating/cooling control is available.
- Water-resistant construction (NEMA4X: equivalent to IP66).
- Conforms to UL, CSA, and IEC safety standards as well as CE marking.



48(W) x 24(H) x 100(D) mm

## **Model Number Structure**

# **■** Model Number Legend

1. Output type

R: Relay

Q: Voltage (for driving SSR)

2. Number of alarms

Blank: No alarm

1: One alarm

3. Communications

Blank: No communications function

03: RS-485

#### 4. Input type

TC: Thermocouple

P: Platinum resistance thermometer

5. CompoWay/F serial communications

-FLK: CompoWay/F serial communications

# **Ordering Information**

#### **■ Standard Models**

Size	Power supply voltage	No. of alarm points	Control output	Thermocouple model	Platinum resistance thermometer model
1/32 DIN	100 to 240 VAC		Relay	E5GN-RTC	E5GN-RP
48(W) x 24(H) x 100(D) mm			Voltage (for driving SSR)	E5GN-QTC	E5GN-QP
		1	Relay	E5GN-R1TC	E5GN-R1P
		(see note 1)	Voltage (for driving SSR)	E5GN-Q1TC	E5GN-Q1P
	24 VAC/VDC		Relay	E5GN-RTC	E5GN-RP
			Voltage (for driving SSR)	E5GN-QTC	E5GN-QP
		1	Relay	E5GN-R1TC	E5GN-R1P
		(see note 1)	Voltage (for driving SSR)	E5GN-Q1TC	E5GN-Q1P

Note 1. If the heating/cooling function is used, ALM1 will be used for control output and so alarm output will not be available.

- 2. Control output 2 for heating/cooling control is relay output.
- 3. Specify the power supply specifications when ordering.

# **■** Communication Models

Size	Power supply voltage	Communication function	Control output	Thermocouple model	Platinum resistance thermometer model
1/32 DIN	100 to 240 VAC	RS-485	Relay	E5GN-R03TC-FLK	E5GN-R03P-FLK
48(W) x 24(H) x 100(D) mm			Voltage (for driving SSR)	E5GN-Q03TC-FLK	E5GN-Q03P-FLK
	24 VAC/VDC		Relay	E5GN-R03TC-FLK	E5GN-R03P-FLK
			Voltage (for driving SSR)	E5GN-Q03TC-FLK	E5GN-Q03P-FLK

**Note:** Specify the power supply specifications when ordering.

# **Specifications**

# **■** Ratings

Supply voltage		100 to 240 VAC, 50/60 Hz		24 VAC, 50/60 Hz/24 VDC			
Operating voltage	range	85% to 110% of rated supply vol	85% to 110% of rated supply voltage				
Power consumptio	n	7 VA		4 VA/2.5 W			
Sensor input		Thermocouple:	Thermocouple: K, J, T, E, L, U, N, R, S, B				
		Platinum resistance thermometer	Platinum resistance thermometer: Pt100, JPt100				
		Infrared temperature sensor:	10 to 70°	C, 60 to 120°C, 115 to 165°C, 160 to 260°C			
		Voltage input:	0 to 50 m	nV			
Control output	Relay output	SPST-NO, 250 VAC, 2 A (resistive load), electrical life: 100,000 operations					
	Voltage output	12 VDC (PNP), max. load current: 21 mA, with short-circuit protection circuit					
Alarm output		SPST-NO, 250 VAC, 1 A (resistive load), electrical life: 100,000 operations					
Control method		2-PID or ON/OFF control					
Setting method		Digital setting using front panel l	keys				
Indication method		7-segment digital display and sir Character height: PV: 7.0 mm; S		ndicator			
Other functions		According to controller model					
Ambient temperatu	ire	-10 to 55°C (with no condensati	on or icing)				
Ambient humidity		25% to 85%					
Storage temperatu	re	−25 to 65°C (with no condensation or icing)					

# **■ Input Ranges**

# Platinum Resistance Thermometer Input/Thermocouple Input

	Platinum resistance th	ermometer input					
Input type	Platinum resistance thermometer						
Name	Pt100	JPt100					
1800 1700 1600 1500 1400 1300 85 1200 1200 1000 900 200 200 400 300 200 100 0 -100 -200	850	500.0					
Set value	0 1 2	3 4					

		Thermocouple input																
Input type		Thermocouple							ES1A Infrared Temperature Sensor			Analog input						
Name	К		J	-	Т	Е	L	ι	J	N	R	S	В	K10 to 70°C	K60 to 120°C	K115 to 165°5C		0 to 50 mV
1800 1700 1600 1500 1400 1300 1200 9,0 1100 e g 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 10	1300		400.0	400	400.0		850		400.0		1700		1800		120		260	Usable in the following rang es by scaling: —1999 to 9999 or —199.9 to 999.9
Set value	0 1	2	3	4	17	5	6	7	18	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16

Applicable standards by input type are as follows:

K, J, T, E, N, R, S, B: JIS C1602-1995 L: Fe-CuNi, DIN 43710-1985 U: Cu-CuNi, DIN 43710-1985 JPt100: JIS C1604-1989, JIS C1606-1989 Pt100: JIS C1604-1997, IEC751

Shaded ranges indicate default settings.

ES1A models with a temperature range of 160°C to 260°C have been discontinued.

#### **■** Characteristics

Indication accuracy	Thermocouple: $(\pm 0.5\%$ of indicated value or $\pm 1^{\circ}$ C, whichever greater) $\pm 1$ digit max. (see note)						
	Platinum resistance thermometer:	-	er) ±1 digit max. (see note)				
	$(\pm 0.5\% \text{ of indicated value or } \pm 1 ^{\circ}\text{C}, \text{ whichever greater}) \pm 1 ^{\circ}\text{digit max}.$						
	Analog input: ±0.5% FS±1 digit max.						
	CT input: ±5% FS±1 digit max.						
Hysteresis	0.1 to 999.9 EU (in units of 0.1 EU)						
Proportional band (P)	0.1 to 999.9 EU (in units of 0.1 EU)						
Integral time (I)	0 to 3999 s (in units of 1 s)						
Derivative time (D)	0 to 3999 s (in units of 1 s)						
Control period	1 to 99 s (in units of 1 s)						
Manual reset value	0.0% to 100.0% (in units of 0.1%)						
Alarm setting range	-1999 to 9999 (decimal point position depends on input type)						
Sampling period	500 ms						
Insulation resistance	20 M $\Omega$ min. (at 500 VDC megger)						
Dielectric strength	2000 VAC, 50 or 60 Hz for 1 min (between different charging terminals)						
Vibration resistance	10 to 55 Hz, 10 m/s <sup>2</sup> for 2 hours each in X, Y and Z directions						
Shock resistance	300 m/s <sup>2</sup> , 3 times each in 3 axes, 6	directions (rela	y: 100 m/s²)				
Weight	Approx. 90 g	Mo	ounting bracket: approx. 10 g				
Degree of protection	Front panel: NEMA4X for indoor us	se (equivalent to	IP66), rear case: IP20, terminals: IP00				
Memory protection	EEPROM (non-volatile memory) (r	number of writes:	100,000)				
EMC	Emission Enclosure: Emission AC Mains: Immunity ESD:	EN55011 Group EN55011 Group EN61000-4-2:					
	Immunity RF-interference:	ENV50140:	10 V/m (amplitude modulated, 80 MHz to 1 GHz) (level 3)				
	Immunity Conducted Disturbance: Immunity Burst:	ENV50141: EN61000-4-4:	10 V/m (pulse modulated, 900 MHz) 10 V (0.15 to 80 MHz) (level 3) 2 kV power-line (level 3) 2 kV I/O signal-line (level 4)				
Approved standards	UL3121-1, CSA22.2 No. 142, E.B.1402C Conforms to EN50081-2, EN50082-2, EN61010-1 (IEC61010-1) Conforms to VDE0106/part 100 (Finger Protection), when the terminal cover is mounted.						

Note: The indication of K thermocouples in the -200 to  $1300^{\circ}$ C range, and T and N thermocouples at a temperature of  $-100^{\circ}$ C or less, and U and L thermocouples at any temperature is  $\pm 2^{\circ}$ C $\pm 1$  digit maximum. The indication of B thermocouples at a temperature of  $400^{\circ}$ C or less is unrestricted.

The indication of R and S thermocouples at a temperature of 200°C or less is ±3°C±1 digit maximum.

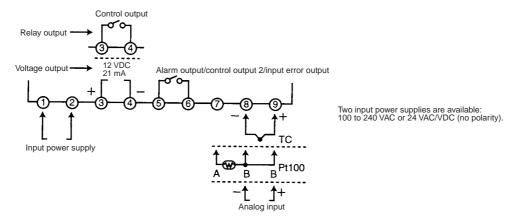
# **■** Communications Specifications

Transmission path connection	Multiple points
Communications method	RS-485 (two-wire, half duplex)
Synchronization method	Start-stop synchronization
Baud rate	1,200/2,400/4,800/9,600/19,200 bps
Transmission code	ASCII
Data bit length (see note)	7 or 8 bits
Stop bit length (see note)	1 or 2 bits
Error detection	Vertical parity (none, even, odd) Frame check sequence (FCS): with SYSWAY Block check character (BCC): with CompoWay/F
Flow control	Not available
Interface (see note)	RS-485
Retry function	Not available
Communications buffer	40 bytes

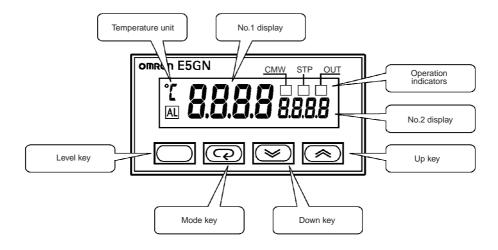
Note: The baud rate, data bit length, stop bit length, or vertical parity can be individually set using the communications setting level.

# **Wiring Terminals**

- The voltage output (control output) is not electrically insulated from the internal circuits. When using a grounding thermocouple, do not connect the control output terminals to the ground. If the control output terminals are connected to the ground, errors will occur in the measured temperature values as a result of leakage current.
- Standard insulation is applied to the power supply I/O sections. If reinforced insulation is required, connect the input and output terminals to a device without any exposed current-carrying parts or to a device with standard insulation suitable for the maximum operating voltage of the power supply I/O section.

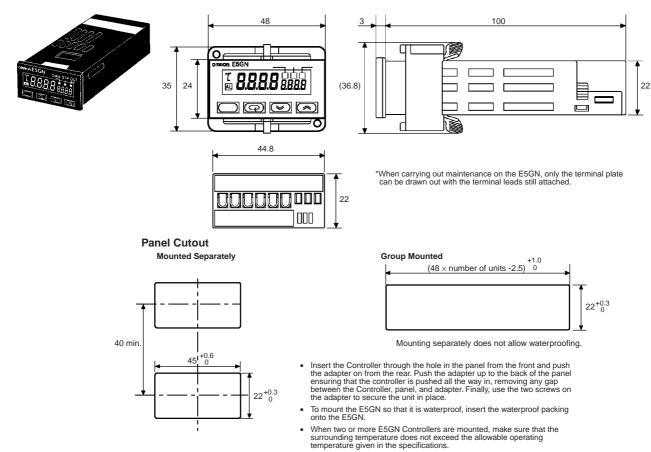


# **Nomenclature**



# **Dimensions**

Note: All units are in millimeters unless otherwise indicated.

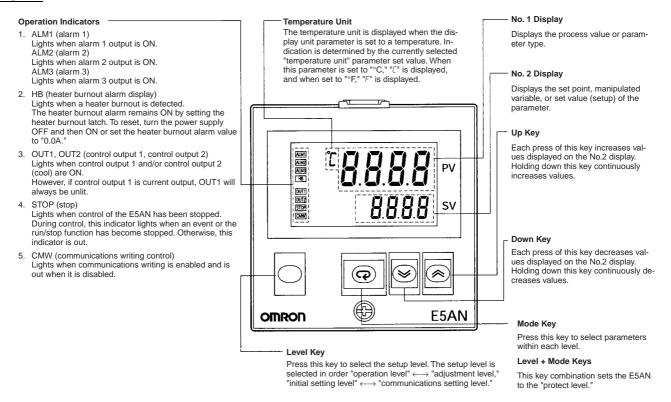


ALL DIMENSIONS SHOWN ARE IN MILLIMETERS.

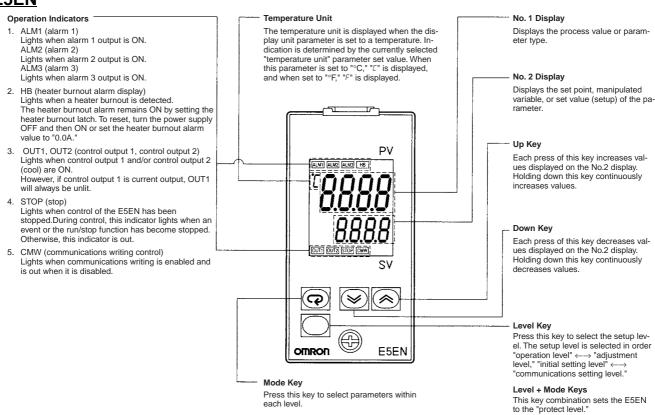
To convert millimeters into inches, multiply by 0.03937. To convert grams into ounces, multiply by 0.03527.

#### **Nomenclature**

#### E5AN

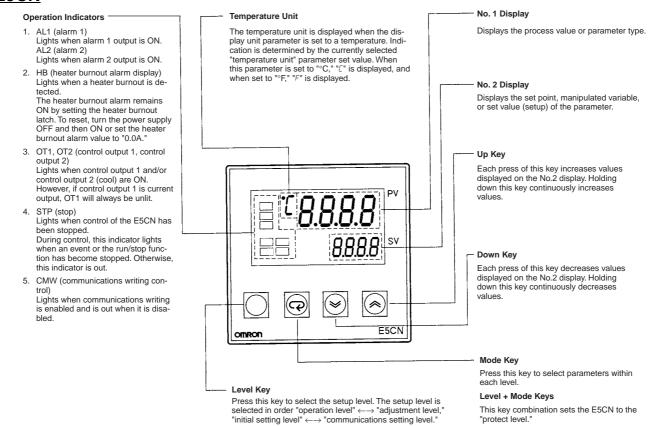


#### E5EN

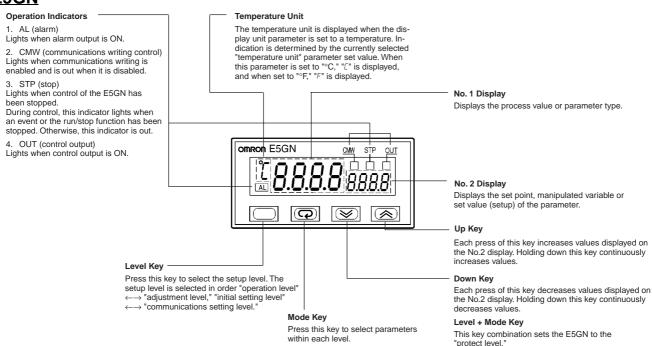


#### OMRON

#### E5CN



#### E5GN



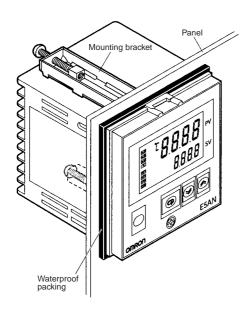
#### Installation

#### **■** E5AN/E5EN

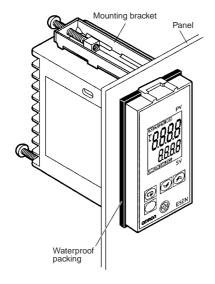
#### **Mounting**

- Insert the E5AN/E5EN into the mounting hole in the panel from the front.
- 2. Push the mounting bracket along the E5AN/E5EN body from the terminals up to the panel, and secure it temporarily.
- 3. Tighten the fixing screw on each mounting bracket alternately until the ratchet stops tightening.

#### E5AN



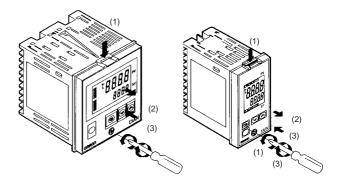
#### E5EN



# **Drawing Out**

For drawing out the Unit, use a suitable Phillips screwdriver for the screw located at the bottom on the front panel.

- While pressing down on the hook located at the top of the front panel, turn the screw (located at the bottom on the front panel) counterclockwise using a Phillips screwdriver.
- Hold both sides of the front panel and draw out the Unit towards you.
- 3. When inserting the Unit, confirm that the waterproof packing is in place. While pressing down on the hook located at the top of the front panel, turn the screw (located at the bottom on the front panel) clockwise using a Phillips screwdriver and tighten to a torque of 0.3 to 0.5 N·m. Make sure that electronic parts do not come in contact with the case.



#### **■** E5CN

#### **Setting Up Option Units**

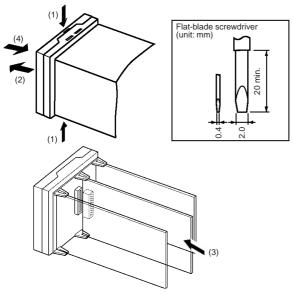
If communications, event input, or heater burnout functions are required, mount the E53-CNH03/E53-CN03 Communications Unit or the E53-CNHB/E53-CNB Event Input Unit. The heater burnout function is supported on either of these two Option Units.

#### **Option Units**

Name	Model	Function
Communications Unit	E53-CNH03 E53-CN03	RS-485 communications
Event Input Unit	E53-CNHB E53-CNB	Event inputs

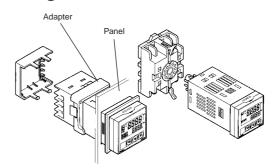
Note: Terminal label: x1

#### **Assembling a Unit**



- 1. Insert the tools (see drawing above) into the slots (one on the top and one on the bottom) and release the hooks.
- Insert the tool in the space between the front and rear panels and slightly pull out the front panel. Hold the top and bottom of the front panel and pull toward yourself to remove it.
- 3. Match up the upper and lower claws with the connection points and insert the Option Unit. Mount the Option Unit in the center.
- 4. Before inserting the Unit, confirm that the waterproof packing is in place. Insert the Unit into the rear case until you hear a click. When inserting the Unit, press down the hooks on the top and bottom of the rear case so that they firmly hook on the inserted Unit. Make sure that electronic parts do not come in contact with the case.

#### **Mounting**



#### Attaching the E5CN to a Panel

- 1. Insert the E5CN into the mounting hole in the panel.
- 2. Push the adapter along the E5CN body from the terminals up to the panel, and secure it temporarily.
- 3. Tighten the two fixing screws on the adapter. When tightening screws, tighten the two screws alternately keeping the torque to between 0.29 and 0.39 N·m (2.9 kgf·cm to 3.9 kgf·cm).

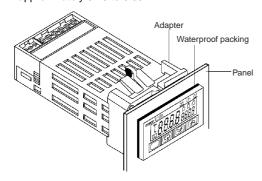
#### **Attaching the Terminal Cover**

Make sure that the "UP" mark is facing up, and then fit the Terminal Cover (E53-COV10) into the holes on the top and bottom. A E5CN□-500 Controller is provided with a Terminal Cover.

#### **■** E5GN

#### **Mounting**

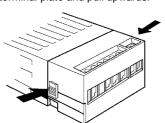
- 1. Insert the E5GN into the mounting hole in the panel from the
- 2. Push the adapter along the E5GN body from the terminals up to the panel, and secure it temporarily.
- 3. Tighten the two fixing screws on the adapter. When tightening screws, tighten the two screws alternately keeping the torque to within approximately 0.29 to 0.39 N·m.



## Removing and Attaching the Terminal **Plate**

The E5GN can be replaced by removing the terminal plate.

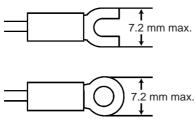
1. Press down hard on the fasteners on both sides of the terminals to unlock the terminal plate and pull upwards.



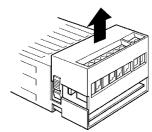
# **■** Wiring Precautions

#### E5AN/E5EN/E5CN

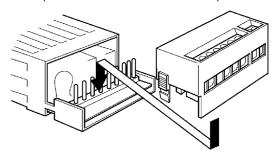
- Separate input leads and power lines to protect the E5AN/E5EN/ E5CN and its lines from external noise.
- We recommend using solderless terminals when wiring the E5AN/ E5EN/E5CN.
- Tighten the terminal screws using a torque between 0.74 and 0.90 N·m.
- Use the following type of solderless terminals for M3.5 screws.



2. Draw out the terminal plate as it is.



3. Before you insert the terminal plate again, make sure that the pins match the positions of the holes in the terminal plate.

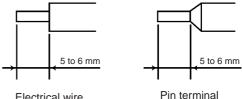


#### E5GN

· Connect the terminals as specified below.

I	Terminal No.	Cables	Pin terminals			
Ŀ	1 to 6	AWG24 to AWG14	2.1 dia. max.			
E	7 to 9	AWG28 to AWG22	1.3 dia. max.			

• The exposed current-carrying part to be inserted into terminals must be 5 to 6 mm.



Electrical wire

• Tighten the terminal screws to the torque specified below.

Terminal No.	Screw	Maximum tightening torque
1 to 6	M2.6	0.23 to 0.25 N·m
7 to 9	M2	0.12 to 0.14 N·m

# **Operation**

# ■ Initial Setup

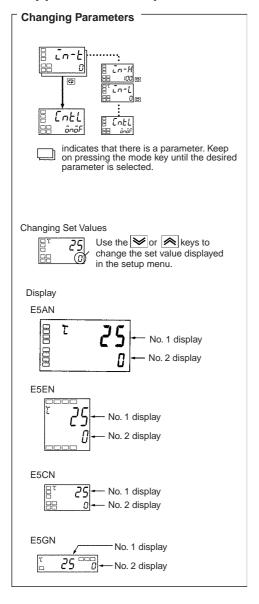
On previous Controllers, sensor input type, alarm type and control period were set on DIP switches. These hardware settings are now

set in parameters in setup menus. The  $\square$  and  $\square$  keys are used to switch between setup menus, and the amount of time that you hold the keys down for determines which setup menu you move to. This section describes two typical examples.

Note: On the E5EN/E5GN, the C Key is the Key.

#### 1. ON/OFF Control

#### **Typical Application Examples**



#### **Typical Example**

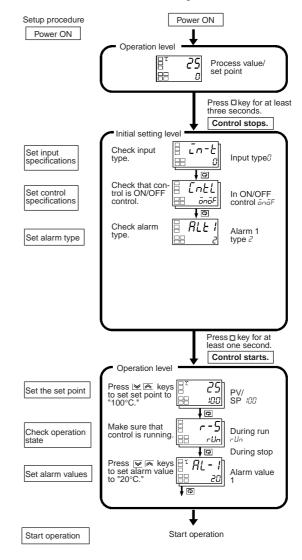
Input type: 0 K thermocouple –200 to 1300°C

Control method: ON/OFF control Alarm type: 2 upper limit

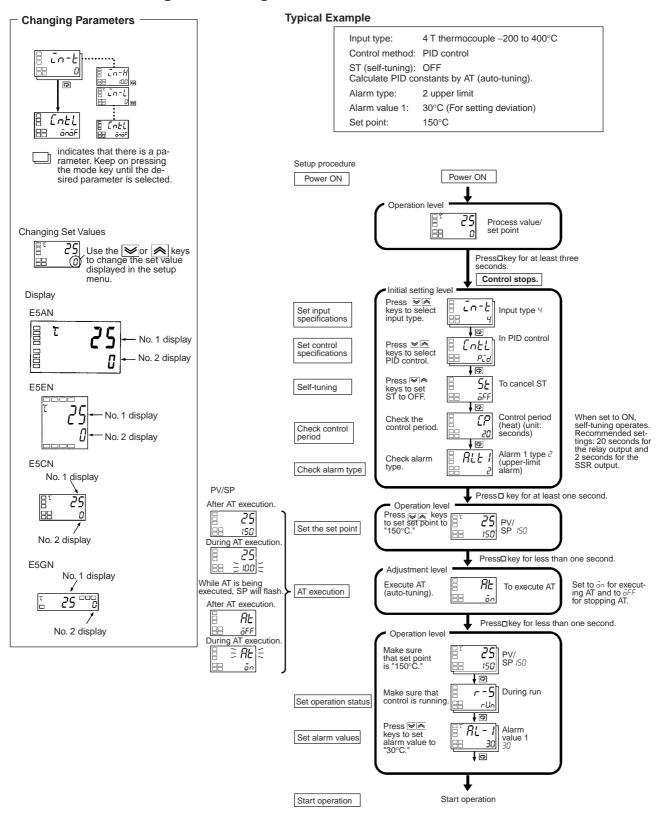
Alarm value 1: 20°C (For setting deviation)

Set point: 100°C

Change only the alarm value 1 and set point. The rest must be left as default settings.



#### 2. PID Control Using Autotuning

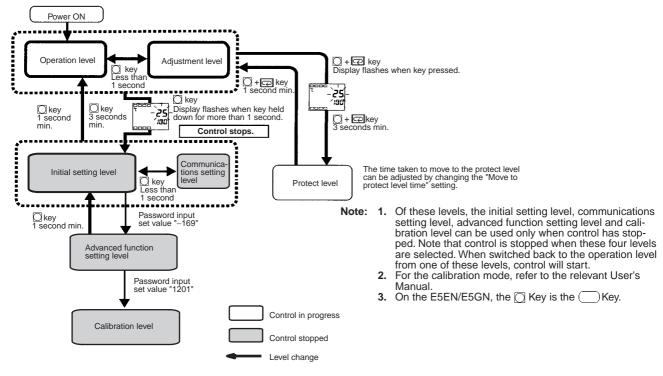


## **■** Specification Setting after Turning ON Power

#### **Outline of Operation Procedures**

#### **Key Operation**

In the following descriptions, all the parameters are introduced in the display sequence. Some parameters may not be displayed depending on the protect settings and operation conditions.



### **Description of Each Level**

#### **Operation Level**

This level is displayed when you turn the power ON. You can move to the protect level, initial setting level and adjustment level from this level.

Normally, select this level during operation. During operation, the process value, set point and manipulated variable can be monitored, and the alarm value and upper- and lower-limit alarms can be monitored and modified.

#### **Adjustment Level**

To select this level, press the  $\square$  key once for less than one second.

This level is for entering set values and offset values for control. This level contains parameters for setting the set values, AT (auto-tuning), communications writing enable/disable, hysteresis, multi-SP, input shift values, heater burnout alarm (HBA) and PID constants. You can move to the top parameter of the operation level or initial setting level from here.

#### Initial Setting Level

To select this level, press the  $\bigcirc$  key for at least three seconds in the operation level. This level is for specifying the input type, selecting the control method, control period, setting direct/reverse action and alarm type. You can move to the advanced function setting level or communications setting level from this initial setting level. To return to the operation level, press the  $\bigcirc$  key for at least one second. To move to the communications setting level, press the  $\bigcirc$  key once for less than one second.

#### **Protect Level**

To select this level, simultaneously press the  $\square$  and  $\bowtie$  keys for at least 3 seconds. This level is to prevent unwanted or accidental modification of parameters. Protected levels will not be displayed, and so the parameters in that level cannot be modified.

#### **Communications Setting Level**

To select this level, press the  $\square$  key once for less than one second in the initial setting level. When the communications function is used, set the communications conditions in this level. Communicating with a personal computer (host computer) allows set points to be read and written, and manipulated variables to be monitored.

#### **Advanced Function Setting Level**

To select this level, you must enter the password ("-169") in the initial setting level.

You can move only to the calibration level from this level.

This level is for setting the automatic return of display mode, MV limiter, event input assignment, standby sequence, alarm hysteresis, ST (self-tune) and to move to the user calibration level.

#### Calibration Level

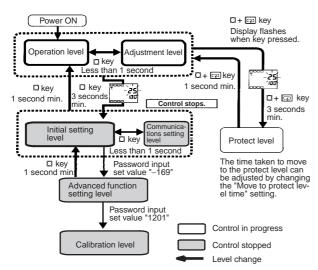
To select this level, you must enter the password ("1201") in the advanced function setting level. This level is for offsetting deviation in the input circuit.

You cannot move to other levels by operating the keys on the front panel from the calibration level. To cancel this level, turn the power OFF then back ON again.

#### **Specification Setting after Turning ON Power**

#### **Initial Setting Level**

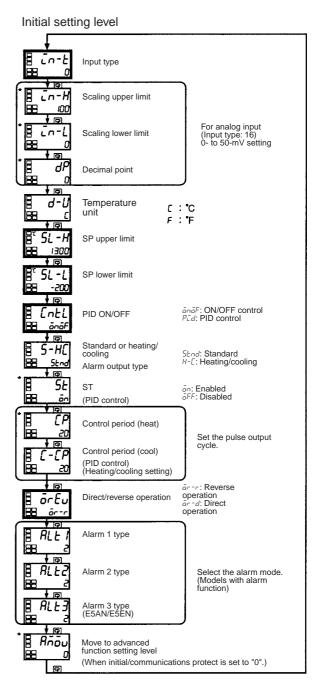
This level is used for setting basic specifications of the Temperature Controller. Using this level, set the input type for selecting the input to be connected such as the thermocouple or platinum resistance thermometer and set the range of set point and the alarm mode.



The move from the operation level to the initial setting level, press  $\square$  key for three seconds or more.

The initial setting level is not displayed when "initial/communications protection" is set to "2." This initial setting level can be used when "initial setting/communications protection" is set to "0" or "1."

The "scaling upper limit," "scaling lower limit," and "decimal point" parameters are displayed when an analog voltage input is selected as the input type.



To return to the operation level, press the  $\hfill \square$  key for longer than one second.

<sup>\*</sup> Not displayed as default setting.

### **Input Type**

When using a thermocouple input type, follow the specifications listed in the following table.

	Input Type	Specifications	Set Value	Input Temp	erature Range
Thermocouple input type	Thermocouple	K	0	-200 to 1300 (°C)	/-300 to 2300 (°F)
			1	-20.0 to 500.0 (°C)	/0.0 to 900.0 (°F)
		J	2	-100 to 850 (°C)	/–100 to 1500 (°F)
			3	-20.0 to 400.0 (°C)	/0.0 to 750.0 (°F)
		Т	4	-200 to 400 (°C)	/-300 to 700 (°F)
		E	5	0 to 600 (°C)	/0 to 1100 (°F)
		U	17	-199.9 to 400.0 (°C)	/-199.9 to 700 (°F)
		L	6	-100 to 850 (°C)	/–100 to 1500 (°F)
		U	7	-200 to 400 (°C)	/-300 to 700 (°F)
		U	18	-199.9 to 400.0 (°C)	/-199.9 to 700 (°F)
		N	8	-200 to 1300 (°C)	/-300 to 2300 (°F)
		R	9	0 to 1700 (°C)	/0 to 3000 (°F)
		S	10	0 to 1700 (°C)	/0 to 3000 (°F)
		В	11	100 to 1800 (°C)	/300 to 3200 (°F)
	Infrared temperature sensor	K10 to 70°C	12	0 to 90 (°C)	/0 to 190 (°F)
	ES1A	K60 to 120°C	13	0 to 120 (°C)	/0 to 240 (°F)
		K115 to 165°C	14	0 to 165 (°C)	/0 to 320 (°F)
		K160 to 260°C	15	0 to 260 (°C)	/0 to 500 (°F)
	Analog input	0 to 50mV	16	One of following rangeresults of scaling: 19 999.9	ges depending on the 99 to 9999, 199.9 to

Note: The initial settings are: 0: -200 to  $1300^{\circ}\text{C}/-300$  to  $2300^{\circ}\text{F}$ .

When using the platinum resistance thermometer input type, follow the specifications listed in the following table.

	Input Type	Specifications	Set Value	Input Temperature Range
	Platinum resistance ther-	Pt100	0	-200 to 850 (°C) /-300 to 1500 (°F)
	mometer		1	-199.9 to 500.0 (°C) /-199.9 to 900.0 (°F)
			2	0.0 to 100.0 (°C) /0.0 to 210.0 (°F)
		JPt100	3	-199.9 to 500.0 (°C) /-199.9 to 900.0 (°F)
			4	0.0 to 100.0 (°C) /0.0 to 210.0 (°F)

**Note:** The initial settings are: 0: Pt100 -200 to  $850^{\circ}$ C/-300 to  $1500^{\circ}$ F.

#### Alarm 1 and Alarm 2

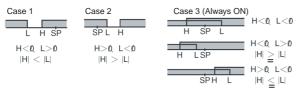
For the alarm 1 and alarm 2, select alarm types out of the 12 alarm types listed in the following table. (The alarm 3 for E5AN/E5EN, which has three alarms, can also be selected from this table.)

Set Value	Alarm Type	Alarm Output Operation			
		When X is positive	When X is negative		
0	Alarm function OFF	Output OFF	•		
1*1	Upper- and lower-limit (deviation)	ON L H SP	*2		
2	Upper-limit (deviation)	ON X ←	ON X C		
3	Lower-limit (deviation)	ON X - SP	ON → X ← SP		
4*1	Upper- and lower-limit range (deviation)	ON → L H ←	*3		
5 <sup>*1</sup>	Upper- and lower-limit with standby sequence (deviation)	ON L H + SP SP	*4		
6	Upper-limit with standby sequence (deviation)	ON X - X SP	ON X - SP		
7	Lower-limit with standby sequence (deviation)	ON X SP	ON → X ← SP		
8	Absolute-value upper-limit	ON ←X→	ON		
9	Absolute-value lower-limit	ON ←X→ OFF 0	ON OFF 0		
10	Absolute-value upper-limit with standby sequence	ON —X—	ON XX		
11	Absolute-value lower-limit with standby sequence	ON ←X→	ON OFF 0		

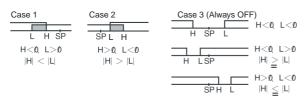
<sup>\*1:</sup> With set values 1, 4 and 5, the upper and lower limit values can be set independently for each alarm type, and are expressed as "L" and "H."

Following operations are for cases when an alarm set point is "X" or negative.

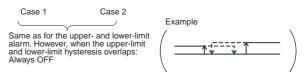
#### \*2: Set value: 1, Upper- and lower-limit alarm



#### \*3: Set value: 4, Upper- and lower-limit range



#### \*4: Set value: 5, Upper- and lower-limit with standby sequence



\*5: Set value: 5, Upper- and lower-limit with standby sequence alarm. Always OFF when the upper-limit and lower-limit hysteresis overlaps.

Set the alarm types for alarm 1 and alarm 2 independently in the initial setting level. The default setting is 2 (upper limit). With the E5AN/E5EN, perform settings similarly for alarm 3.

Example: When the alarm is set ON at 110°C/°F or higher.

## When an alarm type other than the absolute-value alarm is selected

(For alarm types 1 to 7)
The alarm value is set as a deviation from the set point.



## When the absolute-value alarm is selected

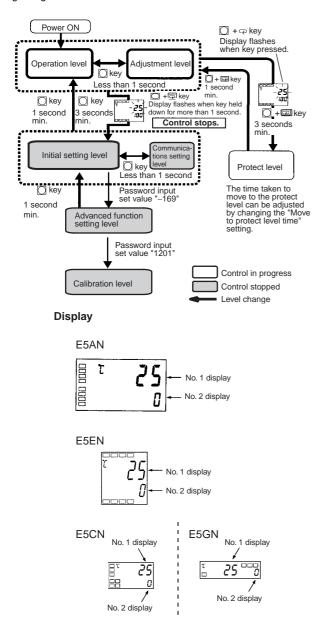
(For alarm types 8 to 11) The alarm value is set as an absolute value from the alarm value of 0°C/F.

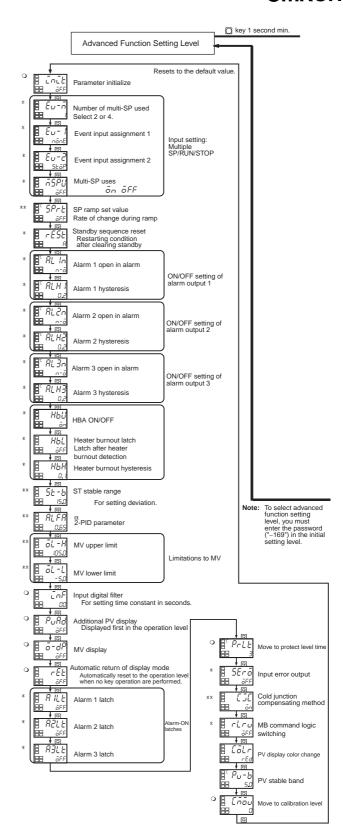


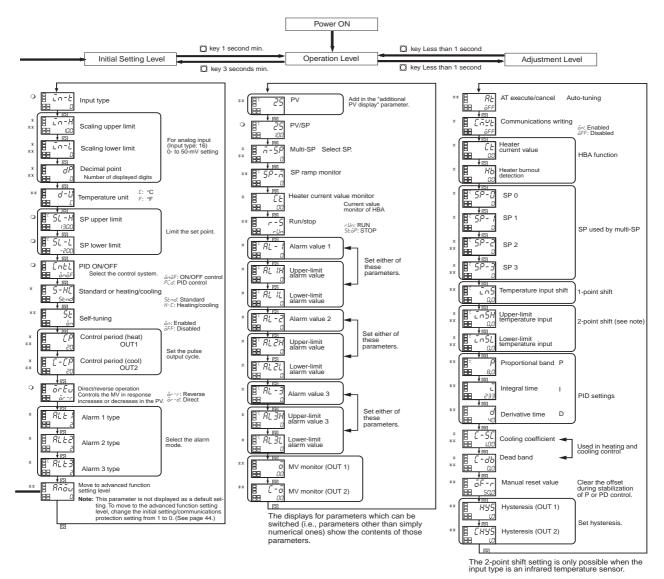
#### OMRON

#### **Parameters**

Parameters related to setting items for each level are marked in boxes in the flowcharts and brief descriptions are given as required. At the end of each setting item, press the mode key to return to the beginning of each level.







**Note:** These diagrams show all the parameters that may be displayed. Depending on the specifications of the model used, there may be some parameters that are not displayed. The following symbols are used to distinguish between these parameters.

- O: Displayed for all models regardless of the settings of other parameters.
- \*: Not displayed for some models.
- \*\*: Depending on the settings of other parameters, may not be displayed.

#### **Input Shift**

All points in the sensor range are shifted by the value set as the temperature input shift value.

#### **Example**

Input shift setting	Temperature measured by sensor	Temperature display
0 (no shift)	100°C	100°C
10 (shifted +10°C)	100°C	110°C
-10 (shifted -10°C)	100°C	90°C

#### **Protect Level**



Operation/adjustment protection

Restricts display and modification of menus in the operation and adjustment levels.

†⊡ Pr In

Initial setting/communications protection

Restricts display and modification of menus in the initial setting, operation level and adjustment levels.

υξ p<sub>E</sub>

Setting change protection

Protects changes to setups by operating the front panel keys.

#### **Operation/Adjustment Protection**

The following table shows the relationship between set values and the range of protection.

Level		Set value			
		0	1	2	3
Operation level	PV	0	0	0	0
	PV/SP	0	0	0	0
	Other	0	0	Х	Х
Adjustment level		0	Х	Х	Х

When this parameter is set to "0," parameters are not protected.

Default setting: 0

○: Can be displayed and changed

O: Can be displayed

X: Cannot be displayed and move to other levels not possible

#### **Initial Setting/Communications Protection**

This protect level restricts movement to the initial setting level, communications setting level and advanced function setting level.

Set value	Initial setting level	Communication s setting level	Advanced function setting level
0	0	O	O
1	0	O	X
2	Х	Х	Х

Default setting: 1

O: Move to other levels possible

X: Move to other levels not possible

#### **Setting Change Protection**

This protect level protects setup from being changed by operating the keys on the front panel.

Set value Description	
OFF	Setup can be changed by key operation.
ON	Setup cannot be changed by key operation. (The protect level, can be changed.)

Default setting: OFF

#### **Communications Setting Level**

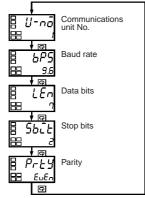
Set the E5AN/E5EN/E5CN/E5GN communications specifications in the communications setting level. For setting communications parameters, use the E5AN/E5EN/E5CN/E5GN panel. The communications parameters and their settings are listed in the following table.

Parameter	Displayed characters	Set (monitor) value	Set value
Communications unit No.	U-nō	0 to 99	0. <b>1</b> to 99
Baud rate	<i>bP5</i>	1.2/2.4/4.8/9.6/19.2 (kbps)	1.2/2.4/4.8/9.6/19.2
Data bits	LEn	7/8 (bit)	<b>7</b> /8 (bit)
Stop bits	SEE	1/2	1/2 (bit)
Parity	PrES	None, even, odd	nonE/EUEn/odd

Note: The highlighted values indicate default settings.

Before executing communications with the E5AN/E5EN/E5CN/E5GN, set the communications unit No., baud rate, etc., through key operations as described below. As for other operations, refer to relevant Operation Manual.

- Press the key for at least three seconds in the "operation level." The level moves to the "initial setting level."
- 2. Press the \( \subseteq \text{ key for less than one second. The "initial setting level" moves to the "communications setting level."
- Pressing the key advances the parameters as shown in the following figure.
- **4.** Press the or keys to change the parameter setups.



Note: On the E5AN/E5EN/E5GN, the  $\hfill \square$  Key is the  $\hfill \square$  Key.

Set each communications parameter to match those of the communicating personal computer.

#### Communications Unit No. (☐-¬ō)

When communicating with the host computer, the unit number must be set in each Temperature Controller so that the host computer can identify each Temperature Controller. The number can be set in a range from 0 to 99 in increments of 1. The default setting is 1. When using more than one Unit, be careful not to use the same number twice. Duplicate settings will cause malfunction. This value becomes valid when the power is turned OFF and ON again.

#### Baud Rate (6/95)

Use this parameter to set the speed of communications with the host computer. It can be set to one of the following values; 1.2 (1200 bps), 2.4 (2400 bps), 4.8 (4800 bps), 9.6 (9600 bps), and 19.2 (19200 bps).

This setting becomes valid when the power is turned OFF and ON again.

#### Data Bits (LEn)

Use this parameter to change the communications data bit length to 7 bits or 8 bits.

#### Stop Bits (552)

Use this parameter to change the communications stop bit to 1 or 2.

#### Parity (P-15)

Use this parameter to set the communications parity to None, Even, or Odd

#### **Troubleshooting**

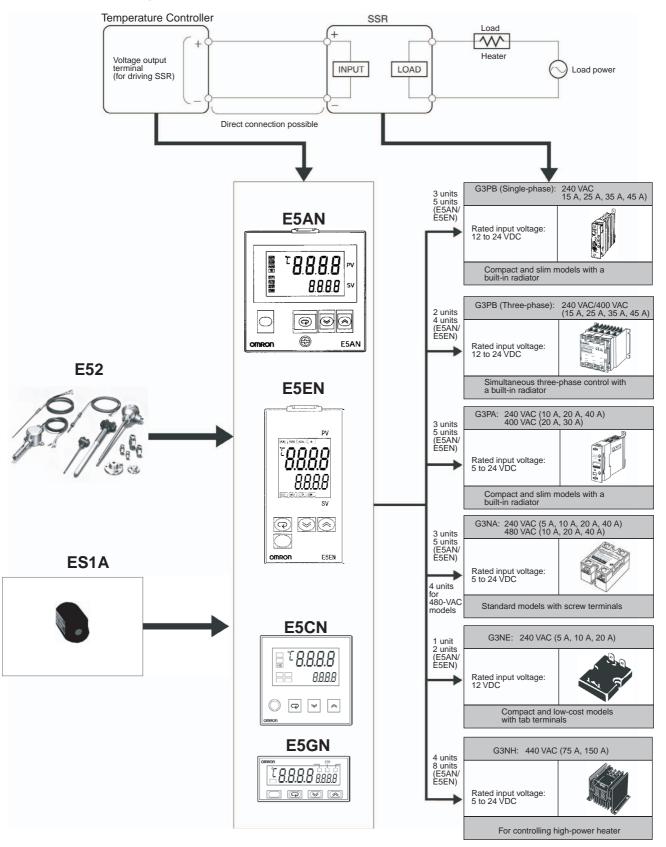
When an error occurs, an error code will be displayed on the No. 1 display. Check the contents of an error and take appropriate countermeasures.

No.1 display	Contents	Countermeasure	Output status	
			Control output	Alarm output
5.Err (S. Err)	Input error (See note.)	Check that the input wiring is correct, that there is no disconnection or short-circuit, and that the input type is correct. (Thermocouple input short-circuits cannot be detected.)	OFF	Handled as ab- normally high temperature
	A/D converter error (See note.)	After noting the error, reset the power. If the display does not change, replacement is necessary. If the error is removed, it is possible that the original error was caused by noise. Check that there are no possible sources of noise.	OFF	OFF
E	Memory error	Reset the power. If the display does not change, replacement	OFF	OFF
H.Err (H. Err)	HB error (See note.)	is necessary. If the error is removed, it is possible that the original error was caused by noise. Check that there are no possible sources of noise.	OFF	OFF

- Note 1. If the input is within the range for which control is possible but outside the displayable range (-1999 (-199.9) to 9999 (999.9)), [[CCC]] will be displayed if the value is less than -1999 (-199.9), and [[]]] will be displayed if it is greater than 9999 (999.9). Control output and alarm output will operate normally for either of these displays. Refer to the relevant User's Manual for details on the ranges for which control is possible.
  - 2. These errors are displayed only when the Controller is set to display the present value or the present value and the set value. They are not displayed in other statuses.

## **Peripheral Devices**

# ■ Temperature Sensor / SSR Connection Example with SSR



#### Responding to All Demands for Temperature Control in Wide Application Range

## **■** ES1A Infrared Temperature Sensor

Replaces the K-type thermocouple with no modification required.



## Only One-tenth the Size of OMRON's Conventional Model

The ES1A-A is as compact as 14 x 18.6 x 34 (W x H x D) mm and can be built into machines and equipment with ease.

#### **No Power Supply Required**

The ES1A Series has electromotive output that is as high as the output of the thermocouple, thus allowing direct connection to the thermocouple input terminal of the Temperature Controller without requiring any external power supply.

ES1A-A	−25 to 70°C

### **■** G3PB SSC for Three-phase Heaters

Compact, low-cost model for three-phase heater control.



## Saves 40% on Installation Space

The G3PB is dedicated to three-phase heater control and saves 40% on installation space compared with three single-phase models mounted closely side-by-side.

(This comparison is based on the use of three G3PA-240B-VD models and one G3PB-245B-3-VD.)

Note: Refer to the G3PB Datasheet (J135) for more details.

## **■** E52-series Temperature Sensors

### Offers a Wide Variety of High-precision Temperature Sensors

- Used as Sensors for Temperature Controllers.
- Ensures easy selection of the most suitable model according to the temperature, place, and environment.
- Offers a wide variety of models that are different in type, appearance, length, and terminal shape.
- Low-cost models and dedicated models, as well as general-purpose models, are available.



### **Precautions**

#### ■ General Precautions

The user must operate the product according to the performance specifications described in the operation manuals.

Before using the product under conditions which are not described here or applying the product to nuclear control systems, railroad systems, aviation systems, vehicles, combustion systems, medical equipment, amusement machines, safety equipment, and other systems, machines, and equipment that may have a serious influence on lives and property if used improperly, consult your OMRON representative

Make sure that the ratings and performance characteristics of the product are sufficient for the systems, machines, and equipment, and be sure to provide the systems, machines, and equipment with double safety mechanisms.

## **■** Safety Precautions

**Definition of Precautionary Information** 

—∕!\ DANGER

Indicates an imminently hazardous situation which, if not avoided, will result in death or serious injury.

—∕!\ WARNING

Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury.

-∕!\ Caution

Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, may result in minor or moderate injury, or property damage.

#### **Installation Precautions**

—∕!\ WARNING

Do not attempt to take any Temperature Controller apart while the power is being supplied. Doing so may result in electric shock.

**−/!\WARNING** 

Do not touch any of the terminals or terminal blocks while the power is being supplied. Doing so may result in electric shock.

**\_/!\WARNING** 

Do not allow pieces of metal or wire cuttings to get inside the Temperature Controller. Failure to do so may result in malfunction, electric shock or fire.

**−/!\WARNING** 

Do not attempt to disassemble, repair, or modify the Temperature Controller. Any attempt to do so may result in malfunction, fire, or electric shock.

—∕!\ Caution

Do not use the Temperature Controller in locations subject to flammable gases. Doing so may result in an explosion.

–∕!\ Caution

The switching capacity and switching conditions will have a great effect on the longevity of the output relays. Use the Temperature Controller within the rated load and do not use the Temperature Controller beyond the number of operations specified under electrical life. Using the Temperature Controller beyond its electrical life may result in contact welding or burning.

#### 

Do not use the Temperature Controller at loads greater than the rated value. Doing so may result in burning or other damage.

### - $\dot{\mathbb{N}}$ Caution -

Use a power supply voltage within the specified range. Failure to do so may result in burning or other damage.

#### —∕ो Caution -

Tighten the terminal screws to the following torques:

E5AN, E5EN, E5CN: 0.74 to 0.90 N·m

E5GN: Terminals 1 to 6: 0.23 to 0.25 N·m Terminals 7 to 9: 0.12 to 0.14 N·m

Failure to tighten terminal screws to the correct torque may result in fire or malfunction.

#### —∕!\ Caution -

Make settings for the Temperature Controller that are suitable for the controlled system. Failure to do so may cause unexpected operation resulting in damage to equipment or personal injury.

#### —∕!∖ Caution -

Prepare a circuit with an overheating prevention alarm and take other safety measures to ensure safe operation in the event of a malfunction. Loss of operational control due to malfunction may result in a serious accident.

## ■ Operating Environment Precautions

#### — ∕!\ Caution ·

In order to ensure the safe operation, observe the following precautions.

- Do not use the Temperature Controller in the following places:
  - Locations exposed to radiated heat from heating devices
  - · Locations subject to direct sunlight
  - Locations subject to temperatures or humidity outside the range specified in the specifications
  - Locations subject to condensation as the result of severe changes in temperature
  - Locations subject to corrosive or flammable gases
  - · Locations subject to dust (especially iron dust) or salts
  - Locations subject to exposure to water, oil, or chemicals
  - Locations subject to shock or vibration
- Use and store the Temperature Controller within the rated temperature and humidity specified for each model. When two or more Temperature Controllers are mounted horizontally close to each other or vertically next to one another, the internal temperature will increase due to heat radiated by the Temperature Controllers and the service life will decrease. In such a case, forced cooling by fans or other means of air ventilation will be required to cool down the Temperature Controllers. When providing forced cooling, however, be careful not to cool down the terminal sections alone to avoid measurement errors.
- Allow enough space around the Temperature Controller to ensure proper heat dissipation. Do not block the ventilating holes.
- Check polarities and orientation when connecting terminals. Not doing so may result in malfunction.
- When wiring the E5AN, E5EN, or E5CN, use crimp terminals with the specified dimensions (M3.5, width 7.2 mm max.).

- When wiring the E5GN, use cables of a thickness AWG24 (0.205 mm²) to AWG14 (2.081 mm²) for terminals 1 to 6 and use cables of a thickness AWG28 (0.081 mm²) to AWG22 (0.326 mm²) for terminals 7 to 9. The exposed current-carrying part to be inserted into terminals must be 5 to 6 mm.
- · Do not use empty terminals.
- To avoid inductive noise, keep the wiring for the Temperature Controller's terminal board away from power cables carry high voltages or large currents. Also, do not wire power lines together with or parallel to Temperature Controller wiring. Using shielded lines to separate pipes and ducts is recommended. Attach surge absorbers or noise filters to peripheral devices that may generate noise, such as inductance devices (e.g., motors, transformers, solenoids, magnetic coils etc.). If using a noise filter with the power supply, in addition to confirming the voltage and the current, mount the power supply as near as possible to the Temperature Controller. Set up the Temperature Controller, along with its power supply, as far away as possible from devices that generate strong, high-frequency waves (high-frequency welders, high-frequency machines etc.) and devices that generate surges.
- Set up the power supply so that the voltage will reach the rated voltage within 2 seconds after turning ON.
- Allow at least 30 minutes for the Temperature Controller to warm up.
- When using auto-tuning, turn ON power for the load (e.g., heater) at the same time as or before supplying power to the Temperature Controller. If power is turned ON for the Temperature Controller before turning ON power for the load, auto-tuning will not be performed properly and optimum control will not be achieved.
- In order that power can be turned OFF in an emergency by the person operating the Temperature Controller, install the appropriate switches and circuit breakers and label them accordingly.
- With the E5AN, E5EN, or E5CN, when drawing out the Temperature Controller body, do not touch or apply excessive force. After the body is drawn out do not touch the terminals or electronic parts. When inserting, make sure that electronic parts do not come in contact with the case.
- When the terminal block for the E5GN is detached, do not touch or apply excessive force to any electronic parts.
- Use alcohol to clean the Temperature Controller. Do not use thinner or other solvent-based substances.

#### **■** Correct Use

#### **Service Life**

Use the Temperature Controller within the following temperature and humidity ranges:

Temperature: -10°C to 55°C (with no icing or condensation)

Humidity: 25% to 85%

When the Temperature Controller is installed inside a control panel, ensure that the temperature around the Temperature Controller, not the temperature around the control panel, does not exceed 55°C.

The service life of relays used for the control output or alarm output largely varies depending on switching conditions. Be sure to confirm their performance under actual operating conditions and do not use them beyond the allowable number of switchings. If they are used in a deteriorated condition, insulation between circuits may be damaged and, as a result, the Temperature Controller itself may be damaged or burnt.

The service life of electronic devices such as Temperature Controllers is determined not only by the number of switchings of relays but also by the service life of internal electronic components. Component service life is affected by the ambient temperature: the higher the temperature becomes, the shorter the service life becomes and, the lower the temperature becomes, the longer the service life becomes. Therefore, the service life can be extended by lowering the temperature of the Temperature Controller using fans or other means of air ventilation. When providing forced cooling, however, be careful not to cool down the terminals sections alone to avoid measurement errors.

#### **Measurement Accuracy**

When extending or connecting the thermocouple lead wire, be sure to use compensating wires that match the thermocouple types.

When extending or connecting the lead wire of the platinum resistance thermometer, be sure to use wires that have low resistance.

When wiring the platinum resistance thermometer to the Temperature Controller, keep the wire route as short as possible. Separate this wiring away from the power supply wiring and load wiring to avoid inductive or other forms of noise.

Mount the Temperature Controller so that it is horizontally level.

If the measurement accuracy is low, check that input shift has been set correctly.

#### **Waterproofing**

The degree of protection is as shown below. Sections without any specification on their degree of protection or those with  $IP\square 0$  have not been waterproofed.

Front panel: NEMA4 indoor use (equivalent to IP 66)

Rear case: IP 20 Terminal section: IP 00

### **Operating Precautions**

It takes approximately four seconds for the outputs to turn ON from the moment the power is turned ON. Due consideration must be given to this time when incorporating Temperature Controllers in a sequence circuit.

When using auto-tuning, supply power to the load (e.g., heater) at the same time as or before supplying power to the Temperature Controller. If power is turned ON for the Temperature Controller before turning ON power for the load, auto-tuning will not be performed properly and optimum control will not be achieved.

When starting operation after the Temperature Controller has warmed up, turn OFF the power and then turn it ON again at the same time as turning ON power for the load. (Instead of turning the Temperature Controller OFF and ON again, switching from STOP mode to RUN mode can also be used in this case.)

If the Temperature Controller is used close to radios, television sets or wireless devices it may affect reception.

In the case of Temperature Controllers with alarm outputs, alarm output may not be generated properly when an abnormality occurs in the device. It is suggested that a separate alarm device be incorporated in the system.

To ensure proper performance, parameters of the Temperature Controllers are set to default values before they are shipped. Change these parameters depending on actual applications. If left unchanged, the Temperature Controller will operate under the default settings.

## **Crimp Terminal Connection**

Use crimp terminals that match M3.5 screws. M3.5 x 8 self-rising screws are used.



Be careful not to excessively tighten the terminals screws.

## **Soldering Connection**

The self-rising screws provide easy soldering connection. Strip the lead wire by a length of 6 to 8 mm and properly treat the terminal tip.



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ALL DIMENSIONS SHOWN ARE IN MILLIMETERS.
To convert millimeters into inches, multiply by 0.03937. To convert grams into ounces, multiply by 0.03527.

Cat. No. H107-E1-08A In the interest of product improvement, specifications are subject to change without notice.

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