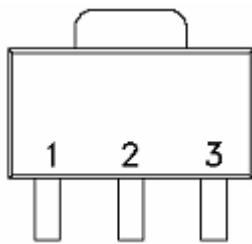


3-Terminal Positive Voltage Regulator ME78L05

General Description

ME78L05 is three-terminal positive regulators. One of these regulators can deliver up to 100 mA of output current. The internal limiting and thermal-shutdown features of the regulator make them essentially immune to overload. When used as a replacement for a zener diode-resistor combination, an effective improvement in output impedance can be obtained, together with lower quiescent current.

Pin Configuration



- 1. Output
- 2. GND
- 3. Input

Features

- Output Current of 100mA
- Output Voltages of $5V \pm 5\%$ over the temperature range
- Thermal Overload Protection
- Short Circuit Protection
- Output transistor safe area protection
- No external components
- Package: SOT89-3

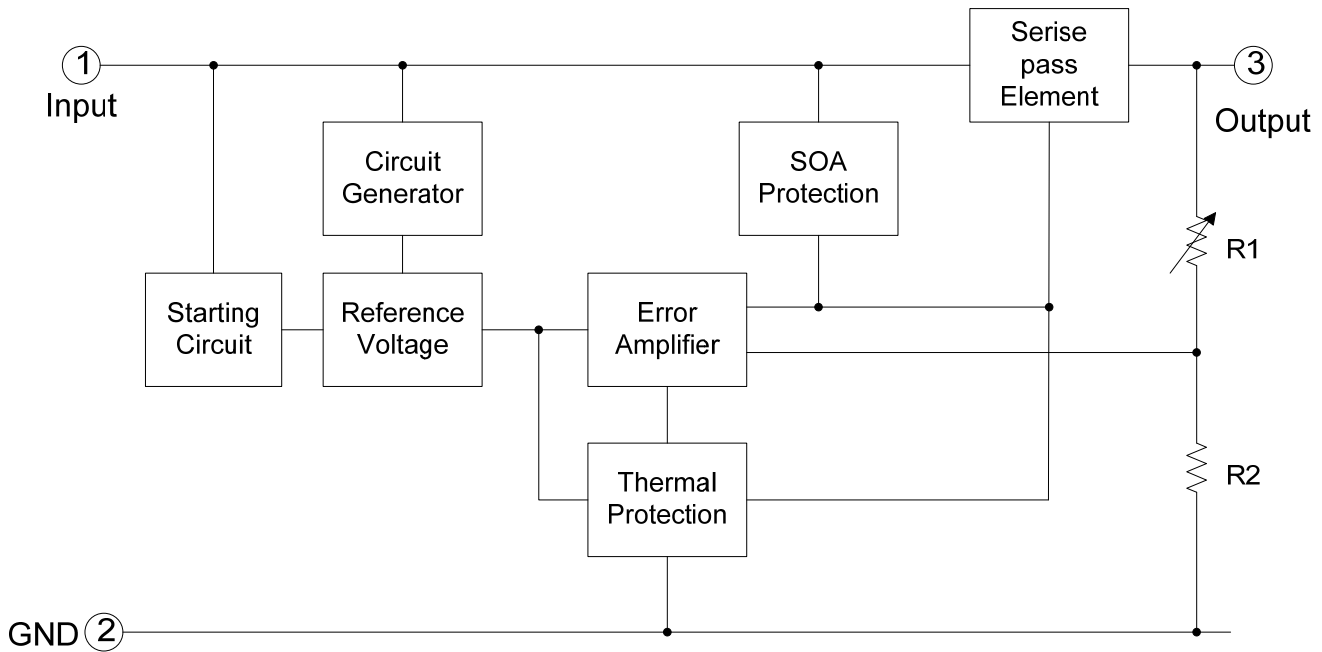
Maximum Ratings($T_a=25^\circ\text{C}$)

Parameter	Rating	Unit
Input supply voltage : V_{IN}	30	V
MAX. Output current: I_{out}	100	mA
Max Power: P_{max}	0.35	W
Maximum junction temperature: T_j	-25~125	$^\circ\text{C}$
Storage temperature : T_{str}	-55~150	$^\circ\text{C}$
Soldering temperature and time	+260 (Recommended 10S)	$^\circ\text{C}$

Caution: The absolute maximum ratings are rated values exceeding which the product could suffer physical damage.

These values must therefore not be exceeded under any conditions.

Block Diagram



Electrical Characteristics

($C_{in} = 0.33\mu F$, $C_o = 0.1\mu F$, $0 \leq T_j \leq 125^\circ C$, unless otherwise noted)

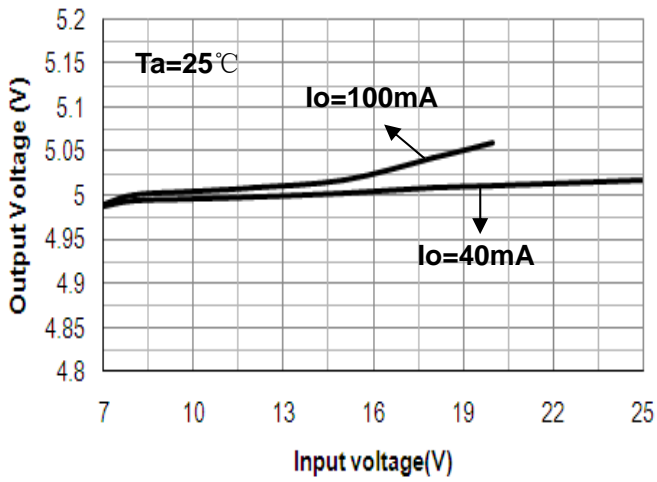
Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Output Voltage	V_o	$I_o = 40mA$, $V_{IN} = 10V$	4.82	5.0	5.18	V
		$I_o = 1mA \sim 40mA$ $V_{IN} = 7V \sim 20V$	4.8	5.0	5.2	
		$I_o = 1mA \sim 10mA$ $V_{IN} = 10V$	4.75	5.0	5.25	
Line Regulations	LNR	$V_{IN} = 7V \sim 20V$, $I_o = 40mA$	-150	-	150	mV
		$V_{IN} = 8V \sim 20V$, $I_o = 40mA$	-100	-	100	
Load Regulation	LDR	$V_{IN} = 10V$, $I_o = 1mA \sim 100mA$	-60	-	60	mV
		$V_{IN} = 10V$, $I_o = 1mA \sim 40mA$	-30	-	30	
Dropout Voltage	V_{DIF}	$T_j = 25^\circ C$, $I_o = 100mA$	-	2	-	V
Output noise Voltage	V_N	$f = 10Hz$ to $100KHz$	-	40	-	$\mu V/V_o$
Ripple Rejection	PSRR	$T_j = 25^\circ C$, $f = 120Hz$, $I_o = 40mA$ $V_{IN} = 8V \sim 20V$	-	80	-	dB
Quiescent Current	I_Q	$V_{IN} = 10V$, $I_{OUT} = 40mA$	-	-	5.5	mA
Quiescent Current Change	ΔI_Q	$V_{IN} = 8V \sim 20V$, $I_o = 40mA$	-1.5	-	1.5	mA
		$V_{IN} = 10V$, $I_o = 1mA \sim 40mA$,	-0.1	-	0.1	

LNR: Line Regulation. The change in output voltage for a change in the input voltage. The measurement is made under conditions of low dissipation or by using pulse techniques such that the average chip temperature is not significantly affected.

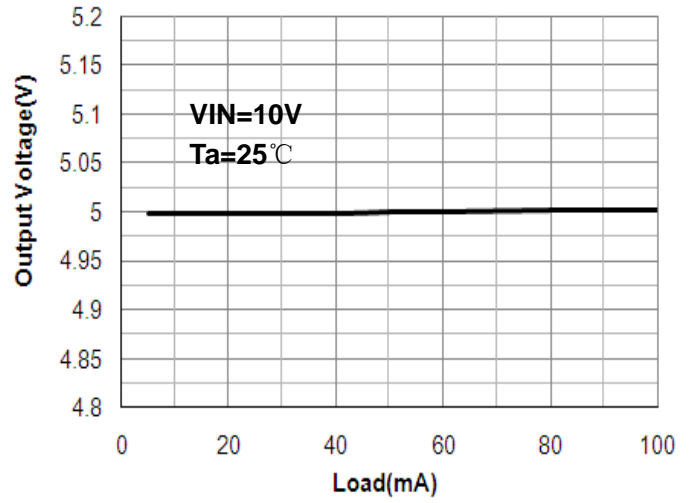
LDR: Load Regulation. The change in output voltage for a change in load current at constant chip temperature.

Type Characteristics

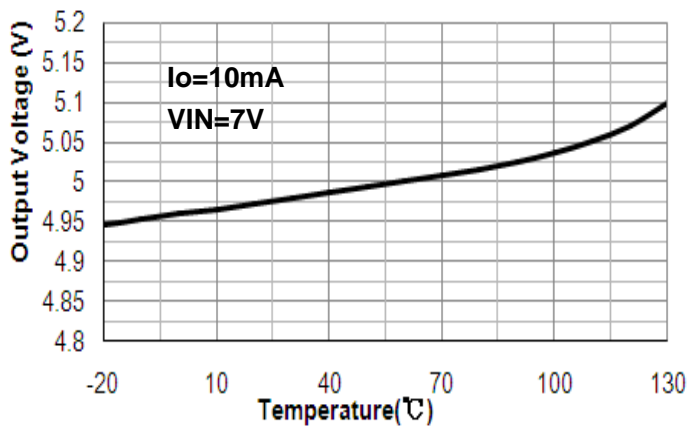
Output Voltage vs. Input voltage



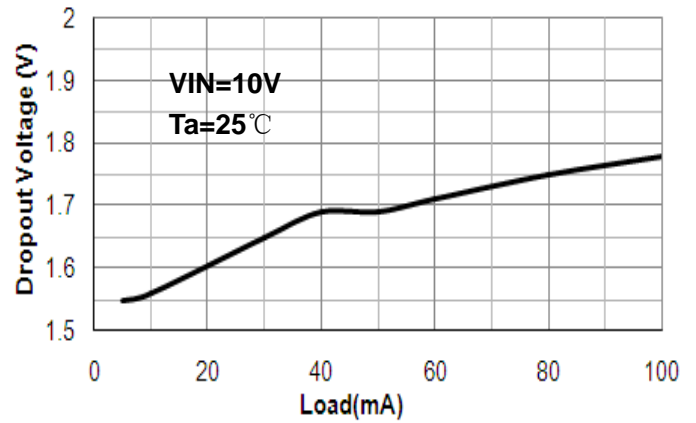
Output Voltage vs. Load



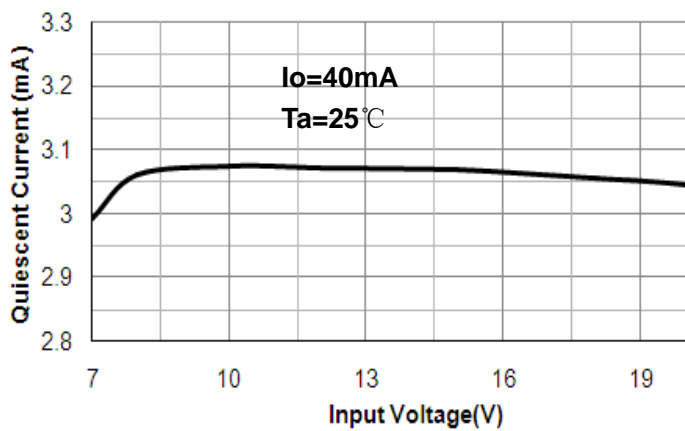
Output Voltage vs. Temperature



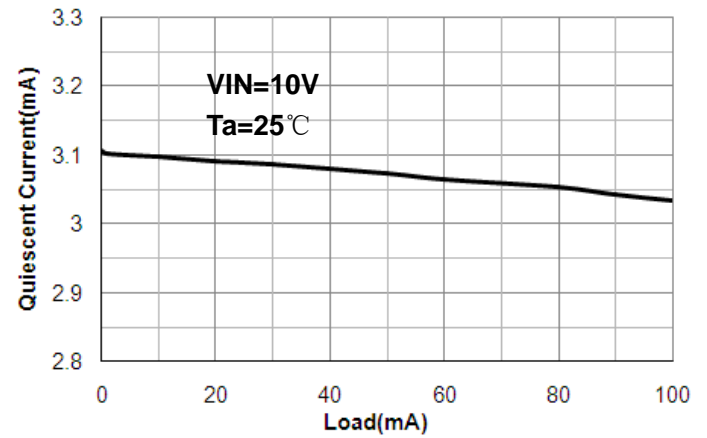
Dropout Voltage vs. Load



Quiescent Current vs. Input Voltage



Quiescent Current vs. Load



Operation Description

ME78L05 is designed with Thermal Overload Protection that shuts down the circuit when subjected to an excessive power overload condition, Internal Short Circuit Protection that limits the maximum current the circuit will pass, and Output Transistor Safe-Area Compensation that reduces the output short circuit current as the voltage across the pass transistor is increased.

In many low current applications, compensation capacitors are not required. However, it is recommended that the regulator input be bypassed with a capacitor if the regulator is connected to the power supply filter with long wire lengths, or if the output load capacitance is large. An input bypass capacitor should be selected to provide good high frequency characteristics to insure stable operation under all load conditions. A $0.33\mu\text{F}$ or larger tantalum, mylar, or other capacitor having low internal impedance at high frequencies should be chosen. The bypass capacitor should be mounted with the shortest possible leads directly across the regulator's input terminals. Normally good construction techniques should be used to minimize ground loops and lead resistance drops since the regulator has no external sense lead.

Typical Application Circuit

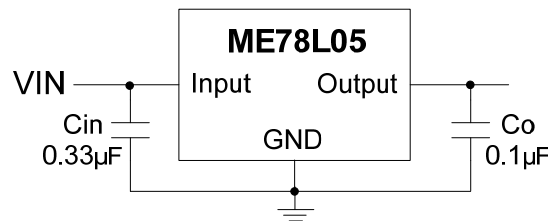


Fig.1 Fixed Output Regulator

A common ground is required between the input and the output voltages. The input voltage must remain typically 2.0 V above the output voltage even during the low point on the input ripple voltage.

- C_{in} is required if regulator is located an appreciable distance from power supply filter.
- C_o is not needed for stability; however, it does improve transient response.

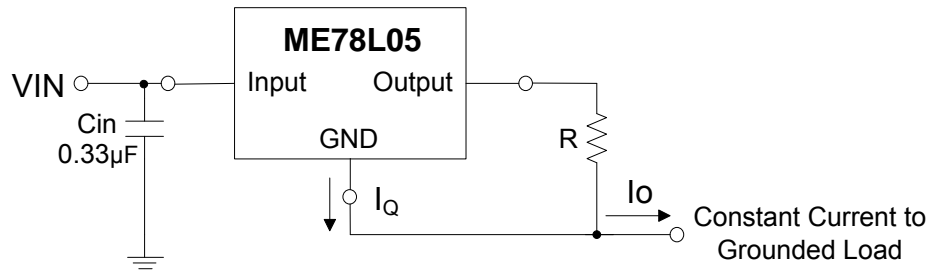


Fig.2 Constant Current Regulator

The ME78L05 regulator can also be used as a current source when connected as Fig.2. In order to minimize dissipation the ME78L05 is chosen in this application. Resistor R determines the current as follows:

$$I_o = \frac{5V}{R} + I_q$$

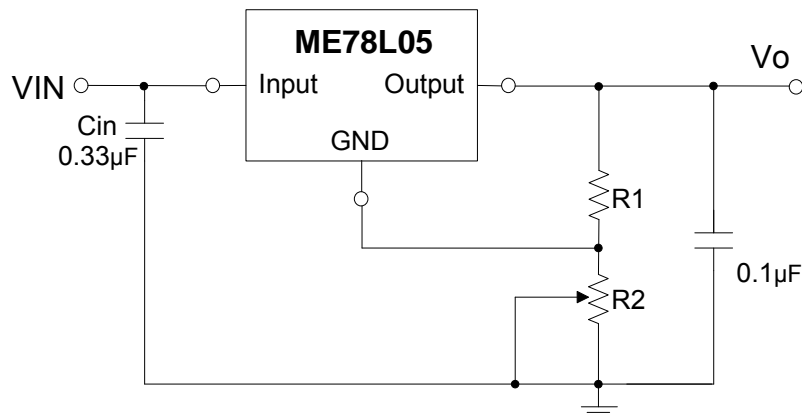


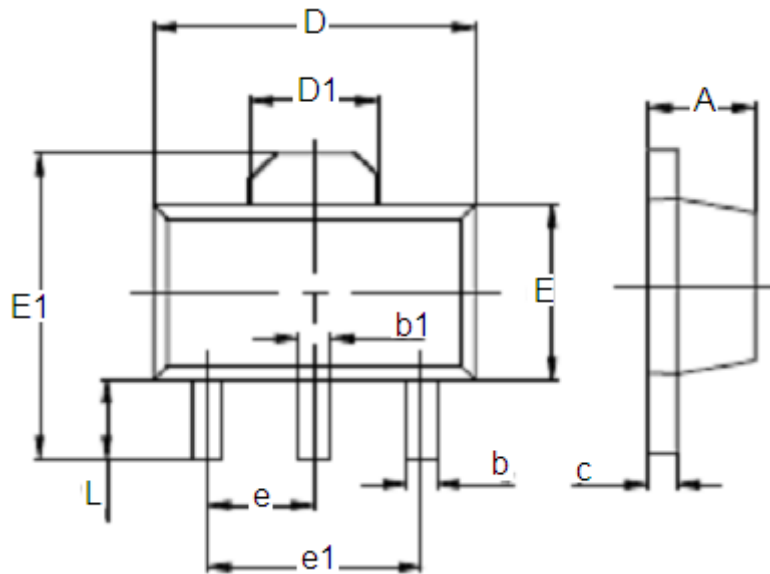
Fig.3 Adjustable Output Regulator

$$V_o = 5V + (5V/R_1 + I_q) * R_2$$

$$5V/R_1 > 3 * I_q$$

Package Information

Package Type:SOT89-3



DIM	Millimeters		Inches	
	Min	Max	Min	Max
A	1.4	1.6	0.055	0.063
D	4.4	4.5	0.173	0.181
D1	1.55REF		0.06REF	
E	2.35	2.55	0.091	0.102
E1	3.94	4.26	0.155	0.167
L	0.9	1.1	0.035	0.047
b	0.35	0.52	0.013	0.197
b1	0.4	0.58	0.016	0.023
c	0.35	0.44	0.014	0.017
e	Type:1.5		Type:0.05	
e1	Type:3.0		Type:0.115	

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[MC78M12CDTT5G](#) [L9468N](#)