



### **FEATURES**

- Up to 1A Output Current
- 70uA Operating Supply Current
- Excellent Line Regulation: 0.05%/V
- Low Dropout: 390mV@1A(V<sub>OUT</sub>=3.3V)
- High Power Supply Rejection Ratio
- Wide Operating Voltage Range: 2.5V to 6.0V
- 1V to 5V Factory-Preset Output
- High Accuracy: ±1% or ±2%
- Built-in Auto Discharge Function
- 500mA in-rush Current Limit
- Fold-back Current Limit Protection
- Thermal Shutdown Protection
- DFN-6, SOT-89-5, SOT-89-3, SOT-223-5, SOT-223-3, TO-263-3, TO-220-3, TO-252-3 and TO-252-5 Package
- RoHS Compliant and 100% Lead (Pb)-Free

### **APPLICATIONS**

- Portable Communication Equipment
- Battery-Powered Equipment
- Laptop, Palmtops, Notebook Computers
- Hand-Held Instruments

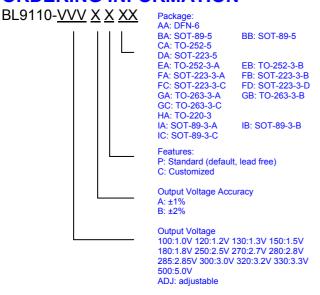
- PCMCIA Cards and Wireless LAN
- Electrical appliances such as cameras, VCRS

### **DESCRIPTION**

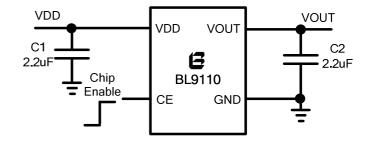
The BL9110 is a low-dropout regulator that operates the input voltage from 2.5V to 6V and delivers 1A load current. The BL9110 is available in two types, either fixed or adjustable output voltage. The output voltage of the fixed types is preset at an internally trimmed voltage 1V, 1.2V, 1.3V, 1.5V, 1.8V, 2.5V, 2.7V, 2.8V, 2.85V, 3.0V, 3.2V, 3.3V, 5V or can be made with options of the output range from 1V to 5V in 50mV increments. The output range of adjustable types is from 1V to 5V. The BL9110 consists of a voltage reference, an error amplifier, resistor net for setting output voltage, a current limit circuit for over-current and a thermal-shutdown circuit.

A standby mode with ultra low supply current can be realized with the chip enable function. Since the packages for BL9110 are DFN-6, SOT-89-5, SOT-223-5, SOT-223-3, TO-263-3, TO-220-3, SOT-89-3, TO-252-3 and TO-252-5 with high power dissipation, high density mounting of the IC on board is possible.

### ORDERING INFORMATION



### TYPICAL APPLICATION





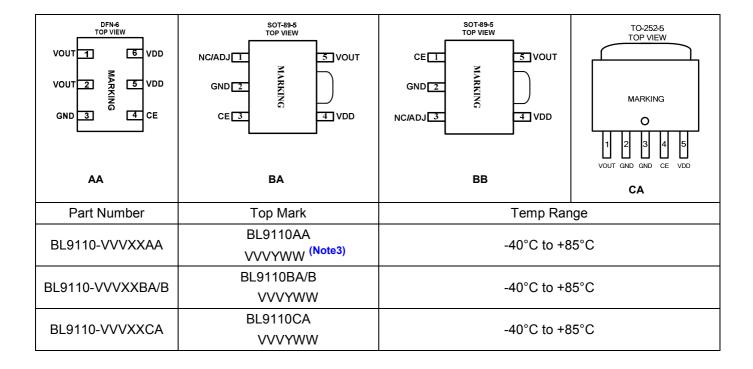


## **Absolute Maximum Rating** (Note 1)

 $\begin{array}{lll} \text{Input Supply Voltage (V}_{\text{DD}}) & -0.3 \text{V to +7V} \\ \text{CE Input Voltage} & -0.3 \text{V to +7V} \\ \text{Output Voltage} & -0.3 \text{V to V}_{\text{IN}} + 0.3 \text{V} \\ \text{Output Current} & 1.4 \text{A} \end{array}$ 

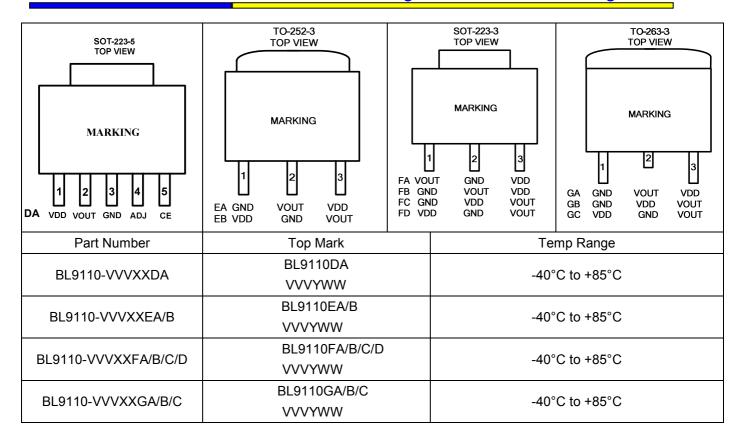
Maximum Junction Temperature 125°C
Operating Temperature Range (Note2) -40°C to 85°C
Storage Temperature Range -65°C to 125°C
Lead Temperature (Soldering, 10s) 300°C

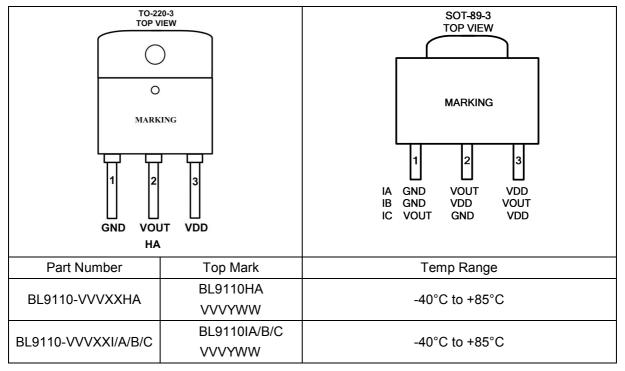
## **Package Information**













## **Pin Descriptions**

Symbol	Description
VOUT	Output Pin
GND	Ground Pin
CE	Chip Enable Pin (High active)
VDD	Input Pin
ADJ/NC	Adjustable/No Connection

VVV	100	120	130	 285	 495	500	ADJ
Voltage (V)	1.0	1.2	1.3	 2.85	 4.95	5.0	Adjustable

Υ	9	Α	В	С	D
Year	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013

WW	01	 09	10	11	 51	52
Week	1	 9	10	11	 51	52

## Thermal Resistance (Note 4):

Package	$\Theta_{JA}$	$\Theta_{JC}$
DFN-6	95°C/W	10°C/W
SOT-89-5	160°C/W	45°C/W
TO-252-5	90°C/W	10°C/W
SOT-223-5	160°C/W	20°C/W
TO-252-3	90°C/W	10°C/W
SOT-223-3	160°C/W	20°C/W
TO-263-3	65°C/W	7°C/W
TO-220-3	50°C/W	7°C/W
SOT89-3	180°C/W	50°C/W

Note 1: Absolute Maximum Ratings are those values beyond which the life of a device may be impaired.

**Note 2:** The BL9110 is guaranteed to meet performance specifications from 0°C to 70°C. Specifications over the –40°C to 85°C operating temperature range are assured by design, characterization and correlation with statistical process controls.

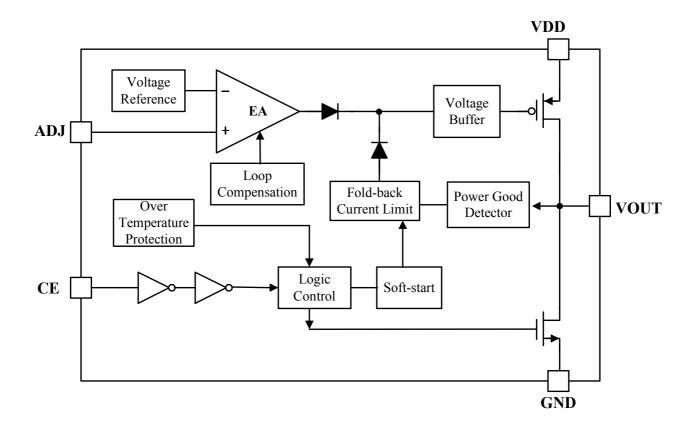
**Note 3:** VVV: Voltage code (for example 100 stands for 1.0V) Y: Year of wafer manufacturing WW: Week of wafer manufacturing

**Note 4:** Thermal Resistance is specified with approximately 1 square of 1 oz copper.





## **Block Diagram**





## **Electrical Characteristics** (Note 5)

### **BL9110-1.2V Electrical Characteristics**

 $(V_{DD}=2.5V, V_{OUT}=1.2V, CE=V_{DD}, C_{IN}=2.2\mu F, C_{OUT}=2.2\mu F, T_A=25^{\circ}C, unless otherwise noted.)$ 

Param	eter	Symbol	Conditions	MIN	TYP	MAX	unit
Input Vo	ltage	$V_{DD}$		2.5		6	V
Output Voltage A	ccuracy (Note 6)	$\Delta V_{OUT}$	I <sub>OUT</sub> =1mA	-1 -2		+1 +2	%
Current	Limit	I <sub>LIM</sub>		1.0	1.3		Α
Short Circui	t Current	I <sub>scc</sub>	V <sub>OUT</sub> =0		250		mA
Quiescent	Current	ΙQ	I <sub>OUT</sub> =0mA		70	120	uA
Standby (	Current	I <sub>STBY</sub>	V <sub>CE</sub> =GND, Shutdown		0.01	1	uA
Dropout Volta	note 7)		I <sub>OUT</sub> =300mA		420		mV
		$V_{DROP}$	I <sub>OUT</sub> =1A		870		IIIV
Line Regulat	ion <sup>(Note 8)</sup>	$\Delta V_{LINE}$	2.5V≤V <sub>DD</sub> ≤ 6V, I <sub>OUT</sub> =100mA		0.05	0.5	%/V
Load Regulat	tion <sup>(Note 9)</sup>	$\Delta V_{LOAD}$	1mA≤l <sub>OUT</sub> ≤1A		20		mV
Output Voltag	ge <sup>(Note 10)</sup>	TC <sub>VOUT</sub>	I <sub>OUT</sub> =100mA -40°C≤T≤85°C		±100		ppm/°C
CE	Logic Low	$V_{IL}$	Shutdown			0.4	V
Input Threshold	Logic High	V <sub>IH</sub>	Start up	1.0			V
CE Pull-down	Resistance	R <sub>CE</sub>			5		ΜΩ
Output Nois	e Voltage	e <sub>NO</sub>	10Hz to100KHz, I <sub>OUT</sub> =1mA		45		$V_{RMS}$
Power Supply	f=1kHz (VOUT≤3.3V)	PSRR	0.2V <sub>P-P</sub> Ripple		70		dB
Rejection Ratio	f=1kHz (VOUT>3.3V)	FUNK	I <sub>OUT</sub> =100mA		60		uБ
Thermal Shutdow	n Temperature	$T_{SD}$	Shutdown, Temp increasing		165		°C
Thermal Shutdov	wn Hysteresis	$T_{SDHY}$			30		°C
Output Discharg	e Resistance	R <sub>DSC</sub>			50		Ω

**Note 5:** 100% production test at +25°C. Specifications over the temperature range are guaranteed by design and characterization.

Note 6: This IC includes two kinds of output voltage accuracy versions. A: ±1%, B: ±2%.

Note 7: The required minimum input operating voltage is equal to  $V_{OUT}+V_{DROP}$ , and if  $V_{OUT}+V_{DROP} < 2.5V$ , the required minimum input operating voltage must be set to 2.5V.  $V_{OUT}$  is the normal output voltage, e.g.  $V_{OUT}=2.8V$  for 2.8V fixed output version.

Note 8: Line regulation is calculated by 
$$\Delta V_{LINE} = \left(\frac{V_{OUT1} - V_{OUT2}}{\Delta V_{DD} \times V_{OUT}}\right) \times 100$$

Where  $V_{OUT1}$  is the output voltage when  $V_{DD1}$ =6.0V,  $V_{OUT2}$  is the output voltage when  $V_{DD2}$ = max ( $V_{OUT}$ +0.5V, 2.5V).  $\triangle V_{DD}$ = $V_{DD1}$ - $V_{DD2}$ .

Note 9: Load regulation is calculated by  $~\Delta V_{LOAD} = V_{OUT1} - V_{OUT2}$ 

Where V<sub>OUT1</sub> is the output voltage when I<sub>OUT1</sub>=1mA, and V<sub>OUT2</sub> is the output voltage when I<sub>OUT2</sub>=1A.





### **BL9110-1.5V Electrical Characteristics**

 $(V_{DD}=2.5V, V_{OUT}=1.5V, CE=V_{DD}, C_{IN}=2.2\mu F, C_{OUT}=2.2\mu F, T_A=25^{\circ}C, unless otherwise noted.)$ 

Param	eter	Symbol	Conditions	MIN	TYP	MAX	unit
Input Vo	ltage	$V_{DD}$		2.5		6	V
Output Voltage A	ccuracy (Note 6)	$\Delta V_{OUT}$	I <sub>OUT</sub> =1mA	-1 -2		+1 +2	%
Current	Limit	I <sub>LIM</sub>		1.0	1.3		Α
Short Circui	t Current	I <sub>scc</sub>	V <sub>OUT</sub> =0		250		mA
Quiescent	Current	ΙQ	I <sub>OUT</sub> =0mA		70	120	uA
Standby (	Current	I <sub>STBY</sub>	V <sub>CE</sub> =GND, Shutdown		0.01	1	uA
Dropout Volta	(note 7)	V	I <sub>OUT</sub> =300mA		260		mV
		$V_{DROP}$	I <sub>OUT</sub> =1A		700		IIIV
Line Regulat	ion <sup>(Note 8)</sup>	$\Delta V_{LINE}$	2.5V≤V <sub>DD</sub> ≤ 6V, I <sub>OUT</sub> =100mA		0.05	0.5	%/V
Load Regulat	tion <sup>(Note 9)</sup>	$\Delta V_{LOAD}$	1mA≤l <sub>OUT</sub> ≤1A		20		mV
Output Voltag	ge <sup>(Note 10)</sup>	TC <sub>VOUT</sub>	I <sub>OUT</sub> =100mA -40°C≤T≤85°C		±100		ppm/°C
CE	Logic Low	$V_{IL}$	Shutdown			0.4	V
Input Threshold	Logic High	V <sub>IH</sub>	Start up	1.0			V
CE Pull-down	Resistance	R <sub>CE</sub>	·		5		ΜΩ
Output Noise	e Voltage	e <sub>NO</sub>	10Hz to100KHz, I <sub>OUT</sub> =1mA		45		$V_{RMS}$
Power Supply	f=1kHz (VOUT≤3.3V)	PSRR	0.2V <sub>P-P</sub> Ripple		70		dB
Rejection Ratio	f=1kHz (VOUT>3.3V)	PORK	I <sub>OUT</sub> =100mA		60		ub
Thermal Shutdow	n Temperature	$T_{SD}$	Shutdown, Temp increasing		165		°C
Thermal Shutdov	wn Hysteresis	T <sub>SDHY</sub>		_	30		°C
Output Discharg	e Resistance	$R_{DSC}$	ations over the temperature range ar		50	_	Ω

**Note 5:** 100% production test at +25°C. Specifications over the temperature range are guaranteed by design and characterization.

Note 6: This IC includes two kinds of output voltage accuracy versions. A: ±1%, B: ±2%.

Note 7: The required minimum input operating voltage is equal to  $V_{OUT}+V_{DROP}$ , and if  $V_{OUT}+V_{DROP} < 2.5V$ , the required minimum input operating voltage must be set to 2.5V.  $V_{OUT}$  is the normal output voltage, e.g.  $V_{OUT}=2.8V$  for 2.8V fixed output version.

Note 8: Line regulation is calculated by 
$$\Delta V_{LINE} = \left(\frac{V_{OUT1} - V_{OUT2}}{\Delta V_{DD} \times V_{OUT}}\right) \times 100$$

Where  $V_{OUT1}$  is the output voltage when  $V_{DD1}$ =6.0V,  $V_{OUT2}$  is the output voltage when  $V_{DD2}$ = max ( $V_{OUT}$ +0.5V, 2.5V).  $\triangle V_{DD}$ = $V_{DD1}$ - $V_{DD2}$ .

Note 9: Load regulation is calculated by  $~\Delta V_{\scriptscriptstyle LOAD} = V_{\scriptscriptstyle OUT1} - V_{\scriptscriptstyle OUT2}$ 

Where  $V_{OUT1}$  is the output voltage when  $I_{OUT1}$ =1mA, and  $V_{OUT2}$  is the output voltage when  $I_{OUT2}$ =1.0A.





### **BL9110-1.8V Electrical Characteristics**

 $(V_{DD}=2.8V, V_{OUT}=1.8V, CE=V_{DD}, C_{IN}=2.2\mu F, C_{OUT}=2.2\mu F, T_A=25^{\circ}C, unless otherwise noted.)$ 

Param	eter	Symbol	Conditions	MIN	TYP	MAX	unit
Input Vo	ltage	$V_{DD}$		2.5		6	V
Output Voltage A	ccuracy (Note 6)	$\Delta V_{OUT}$	I <sub>OUT</sub> =1mA	-1 -2		+1 +2	%
Current	Limit	I <sub>LIM</sub>		1.0	1.3		Α
Short Circui	t Current	I <sub>scc</sub>	V <sub>OUT</sub> =0		250		mA
Quiescent	Current	ΙQ	I <sub>OUT</sub> =0mA		70	120	uA
Standby (	Current	I <sub>STBY</sub>	V <sub>CE</sub> =GND, Shutdown		0.01	1	uA
Dropout Volta	(note 7)	V	I <sub>OUT</sub> =300mA		180		mV
		$V_{DROP}$	I <sub>OUT</sub> =1A		570		IIIV
Line Regulat	ion <sup>(Note 8)</sup>	$\Delta V_{LINE}$	2.5V≤V <sub>DD</sub> ≤ 6V, I <sub>OUT</sub> =100mA		0.05	0.5	%/V
Load Regulat	tion <sup>(Note 9)</sup>	$\Delta V_{LOAD}$	1mA≤l <sub>OUT</sub> ≤1A		20		mV
Output Voltag	ge <sup>(Note 10)</sup>	TC <sub>VOUT</sub>	I <sub>OUT</sub> =100mA -40°C≤T≤85°C		±100		ppm/°C
CE	Logic Low	$V_{IL}$	Shutdown			0.4	V
Input Threshold	Logic High	V <sub>IH</sub>	Start up	1.0			V
CE Pull-down	Resistance	R <sub>CE</sub>	·		5		МΩ
Output Noise	e Voltage	e <sub>NO</sub>	10Hz to100KHz, I <sub>OUT</sub> =1mA		45		$V_{RMS}$
Power Supply	f=1kHz (VOUT≤3.3V)	PSRR	0.2V <sub>P-P</sub> Ripple		70		٩D
Rejection Ratio	f=1kHz (VOUT>3.3V)	PORK	I <sub>OUT</sub> =100mA		60		dB
Thermal Shutdow	n Temperature	$T_{SD}$	Shutdown, Temp increasing		165		°C
Thermal Shutdov	wn Hysteresis	T <sub>SDHY</sub>		_	30		°C
Output Discharg	e Resistance	$R_{DSC}$	ations over the temperature range ar		50		Ω

**Note 5:** 100% production test at +25°C. Specifications over the temperature range are guaranteed by design and characterization.

Note 6: This IC includes two kinds of output voltage accuracy versions. A: ±1%, B: ±2%.

Note 7: The required minimum input operating voltage is equal to  $V_{OUT}+V_{DROP}$ , and if  $V_{OUT}+V_{DROP} < 2.5V$ , the required minimum input operating voltage must be set to 2.5V.  $V_{OUT}$  is the normal output voltage, e.g.  $V_{OUT}=2.8V$  for 2.8V fixed output version.

Note 8: Line regulation is calculated by 
$$\Delta V_{LINE} = \left(\frac{V_{OUT1} - V_{OUT2}}{\Delta V_{DD} \times V_{OUT}}\right) \times 100$$

Where  $V_{OUT1}$  is the output voltage when  $V_{DD1}$ =6.0V,  $V_{OUT2}$  is the output voltage when  $V_{DD2}$ = max ( $V_{OUT}$ +0.5V, 2.5V).  $\triangle V_{DD}$ = $V_{DD1}$ - $V_{DD2}$ .

Note 9: Load regulation is calculated by  $\Delta V_{LOAD} = V_{OUT1} - V_{OUT2}$ 

Where  $V_{OUT1}$  is the output voltage when  $I_{OUT1}$ =1mA, and  $V_{OUT2}$  is the output voltage when  $I_{OUT2}$ =1.0A.





#### **BL9110-2.5V Electrical Characteristics**

 $(V_{DD}=3.5V, V_{OUT}=2.5V, CE=V_{DD}, C_{IN}=2.2\mu F, C_{OUT}=2.2\mu F, T_A=25^{\circ}C, unless otherwise noted.)$ 

Param	eter	Symbol	Conditions	MIN	TYP	MAX	unit
Input Vo	ltage	$V_{DD}$		2.5		6	V
Output Voltage A	ccuracy (Note 6)	$\Delta V_{OUT}$	I <sub>OUT</sub> =1mA	-1 -2		+1 +2	%
Current	Limit	I <sub>LIM</sub>		1.0	1.3		Α
Short Circui	t Current	I <sub>scc</sub>	V <sub>OUT</sub> =0		250		mA
Quiescent	Current	ΙQ	I <sub>OUT</sub> =0mA		70	120	uA
Standby (	Current	I <sub>STBY</sub>	V <sub>CE</sub> =GND, Shutdown		0.01	1	uA
Dropout Volta	(note 7)	\/	I <sub>OUT</sub> =300mA		140		mV
_	_	$V_{DROP}$	I <sub>OUT</sub> =1A		440		IIIV
Line Regulat	ion <sup>(Note 8)</sup>	$\Delta V_{LINE}$	3.0V≤V <sub>DD</sub> ≤ 6V, I <sub>OUT</sub> =100mA		0.05	0.5	%/V
Load Regulat	tion (Note 9)	$\Delta V_{LOAD}$	1mA≤l <sub>OUT</sub> ≤1A		20		mV
Output Voltag	ge <sup>(Note 10)</sup>	TC <sub>VOUT</sub>	I <sub>OUT</sub> =100mA -40°C≤T≤85°C		±100		ppm/°C
CE	Logic Low	$V_{IL}$	Shutdown			0.4	V
Input Threshold	Logic High	V <sub>IH</sub>	Start up	1.0			V
CE Pull-down	Resistance	R <sub>CE</sub>			5		ΜΩ
Output Noise	e Voltage	e <sub>NO</sub>	10Hz to100KHz, I <sub>OUT</sub> =1mA		45		$V_{RMS}$
Power Supply	f=1kHz (VOUT≤3.3V)	DCDD	0.2V <sub>P-P</sub> Ripple		70		
Rejection Ratio	f=1kHz (VOUT>3.3V)	PSRR	I <sub>OUT</sub> =100mA		60		dB
Thermal Shutdow	n Temperature	$T_{SD}$	Shutdown, Temp increasing		165		°C
Thermal Shutdov	wn Hysteresis	T <sub>SDHY</sub>			30		°C
Output Discharg	e Resistance	$R_{DSC}$	ations over the temperature range or		50		Ω

**Note 5:** 100% production test at +25°C. Specifications over the temperature range are guaranteed by design and characterization.

Note 6: This IC includes two kinds of output voltage accuracy versions. A: ±1%, B: ±2%.

Note 7: The required minimum input operating voltage is equal to  $V_{OUT}+V_{DROP}$ , and if  $V_{OUT}+V_{DROP} < 2.5V$ , the required minimum input operating voltage must be set to 2.5V.  $V_{OUT}$  is the normal output voltage, e.g.  $V_{OUT}=2.8V$  for 2.8V fixed output version.

Note 8: Line regulation is calculated by 
$$\Delta V_{LINE} = \left(\frac{V_{OUT1} - V_{OUT2}}{\Delta V_{DD} \times V_{OUT}}\right) \times 100$$

Where  $V_{OUT1}$  is the output voltage when  $V_{DD1}$ =6.0V,  $V_{OUT2}$  is the output voltage when  $V_{DD2}$ = max ( $V_{OUT}$ +0.5V, 2.5V).  $\triangle V_{DD}$ = $V_{DD1}$ - $V_{DD2}$ .

Note 9: Load regulation is calculated by  $\Delta V_{LOAD} = V_{OUT1} - V_{OUT2}$ 

Where  $V_{OUT1}$  is the output voltage when  $I_{OUT1}$ =1mA, and  $V_{OUT2}$  is the output voltage when  $I_{OUT2}$ =1.0A.





#### **BL9110-3.3V Electrical Characteristics**

 $(V_{DD}=4.3V, V_{OUT}=3.3V, CE=V_{DD}, C_{IN}=2.2\mu F, C_{OUT}=2.2\mu F, T_A=25^{\circ}C, unless otherwise noted.)$ 

Param	eter	Symbol	Conditions	MIN	TYP	MAX	unit
Input Vo	ltage	$V_{DD}$		2.5		6	V
Output Voltage A	ccuracy (Note 6)	$\Delta V_{OUT}$	I <sub>OUT</sub> =1mA	-1 -2		+1 +2	%
Current	Limit	I <sub>LIM</sub>		1.0	1.3		Α
Short Circui	t Current	I <sub>scc</sub>	V <sub>OUT</sub> =0		250		mA
Quiescent	Current	ΙQ	I <sub>OUT</sub> =0mA		70	120	uA
Standby (	Current	I <sub>STBY</sub>	V <sub>CE</sub> =GND, Shutdown		0.01	1	uA
Dropout Volta	(note 7)	V	I <sub>OUT</sub> =300mA		110		mV
		$V_{DROP}$	I <sub>OUT</sub> =1A		390		IIIV
Line Regulat	ion <sup>(Note 8)</sup>	$\Delta V_{LINE}$	3.8V≤V <sub>DD</sub> ≤ 6V, I <sub>OUT</sub> =100mA		0.05	0.5	%/V
Load Regulat	tion <sup>(Note 9)</sup>	$\Delta V_{LOAD}$	1mA≤l <sub>OUT</sub> ≤1A		20		mV
Output Voltag	ge <sup>(Note 10)</sup>	TC <sub>VOUT</sub>	I <sub>OUT</sub> =100mA -40°C≤T≤85°C		±100		ppm/°C
CE	Logic Low	$V_{IL}$	Shutdown			0.4	V
Input Threshold	Logic High	V <sub>IH</sub>	Start up	1.0			V
CE Pull-down	Resistance	R <sub>CE</sub>	·		5		МΩ
Output Noise	e Voltage	e <sub>NO</sub>	10Hz to100KHz, I <sub>OUT</sub> =1mA		45		$V_{RMS}$
Power Supply	f=1kHz (VOUT≤3.3V)		0.2V <sub>P-P</sub> Ripple		70		
Rejection Ratio	f=1kHz (VOUT>3.3V)	PSRR	I <sub>OUT</sub> =100mA		60		dB
Thermal Shutdow	n Temperature	$T_{SD}$	Shutdown, Temp increasing		165		°C
Thermal Shutdov	wn Hysteresis	T <sub>SDHY</sub>		_	30		°C
Output Discharg	e Resistance	$R_{DSC}$	ations over the temperature range ar		50	_	Ω

**Note 5:** 100% production test at +25°C. Specifications over the temperature range are guaranteed by design and characterization.

Note 6: This IC includes two kinds of output voltage accuracy versions. A: ±1%, B: ±2%.

Note 7: The required minimum input operating voltage is equal to  $V_{OUT}+V_{DROP}$ , and if  $V_{OUT}+V_{DROP} < 2.5V$ , the required minimum input operating voltage must be set to 2.5V.  $V_{OUT}$  is the normal output voltage, e.g.  $V_{OUT}=2.8V$  for 2.8V fixed output version.

Note 8: Line regulation is calculated by 
$$\Delta V_{LINE} = \left(\frac{V_{OUT1} - V_{OUT2}}{\Delta V_{DD} \times V_{OUT}}\right) \times 100$$

Where  $V_{OUT1}$  is the output voltage when  $V_{DD1}$ =6.0V,  $V_{OUT2}$  is the output voltage when  $V_{DD2}$ = max ( $V_{OUT}$ +0.5V, 2.5V).  $\triangle V_{DD}$ = $V_{DD1}$ - $V_{DD2}$ .

Note 9: Load regulation is calculated by  $\Delta V_{LOAD} = V_{OUT1} - V_{OUT2}$ 

Where  $V_{OUT1}$  is the output voltage when  $I_{OUT1}$ =1mA, and  $V_{OUT2}$  is the output voltage when  $I_{OUT2}$ =1.0A.

Note 10: The temperature coefficient is calculated by  $TC_{V_{OUT}} = \frac{\Delta V_{OUT}}{\Delta T \times V_{OUT}}$ .

03/2011





#### **BL9110-5.0V Electrical Characteristics**

 $(V_{DD}=6.0V, V_{OUT}=5.0V, CE=V_{DD}, C_{IN}=2.2\mu F, C_{OUT}=2.2\mu F, T_A=25^{\circ}C, unless otherwise noted.)$ 

Param	eter	Symbol	Conditions	MIN	TYP	MAX	unit
Input Vo	ltage	$V_{DD}$		2.5		6	V
Output Voltage A	ccuracy (Note 6)	$\Delta V_{OUT}$	I <sub>OUT</sub> =1mA	-1 -2		+1 +2	%
Current	Limit	I <sub>LIM</sub>		1.0	1.3		Α
Short Circui	t Current	I <sub>scc</sub>	V <sub>OUT</sub> =0		250		mA
Quiescent	Current	I <sub>Q</sub>	I <sub>OUT</sub> =0mA		70	120	uA
Standby (	Current	I <sub>STBY</sub>	V <sub>CE</sub> =GND, Shutdown		0.01	1	uA
Dropout Volta	(note 7)	V	I <sub>OUT</sub> =300mA		100		mV
		$V_{DROP}$	I <sub>OUT</sub> =1A		340		IIIV
Line Regulat	ion <sup>(Note 8)</sup>	$\Delta V_{LINE}$	5.5V≤V <sub>DD</sub> ≤ 6V, I <sub>OUT</sub> =100mA		0.05	0.5	%/V
Load Regulat	tion (Note 9)	$\Delta V_{LOAD}$	1mA≤l <sub>OUT</sub> ≤1A		20		mV
Output Voltag	ge (Note 10)	TC <sub>VOUT</sub>	I <sub>OUT</sub> =100mA -40°C≤T≤85°C		±100		ppm/°C
CE	Logic Low	$V_{IL}$	Shutdown			0.4	V
Input Threshold	Logic High	V <sub>IH</sub>	Start up	1.0			V
CE Pull-down	Resistance	R <sub>CE</sub>	·		5		ΜΩ
Output Noise	e Voltage	e <sub>NO</sub>	10Hz to100KHz, I <sub>OUT</sub> =1mA		45		$V_{RMS}$
Power Supply	f=1kHz (VOUT≤3.3V)	PSRR	0.2V <sub>P-P</sub> Ripple		70		٩D
Rejection Ratio	f=1kHz (VOUT>3.3V)	PORK	I <sub>OUT</sub> =100mA		60		dB
Thermal Shutdow	n Temperature	$T_{SD}$	Shutdown, Temp increasing		165		°C
Thermal Shutdov	wn Hysteresis	T <sub>SDHY</sub>		_	30		°C
Output Discharg	e Resistance	$R_{DSC}$	ations over the temperature range ar		50		Ω

**Note 5:** 100% production test at +25°C. Specifications over the temperature range are guaranteed by design and characterization.

Note 6: This IC includes two kinds of output voltage accuracy versions. A: ±1%, B: ±2%.

Note 7: The required minimum input operating voltage is equal to  $V_{OUT}+V_{DROP}$ , and if  $V_{OUT}+V_{DROP} < 2.5V$ , the required minimum input operating voltage must be set to 2.5V.  $V_{OUT}$  is the normal output voltage, e.g.  $V_{OUT}=2.8V$  for 2.8V fixed output version.

Note 8: Line regulation is calculated by  $\Delta V_{LINE} = \left(\frac{V_{OUT1} - V_{OUT2}}{\Delta V_{DD} \times V_{OUT}}\right) \times 100$ 

Where  $V_{OUT1}$  is the output voltage when  $V_{DD1}$ =6.0V,  $V_{OUT2}$  is the output voltage when  $V_{DD2}$ = max ( $V_{OUT}$ +0.5V, 2.5V).  $\triangle V_{DD}$ = $V_{DD1}$ - $V_{DD2}$ .

Note 9: Load regulation is calculated by  $\Delta V_{LOAD} = V_{OUT1} - V_{OUT2}$ 

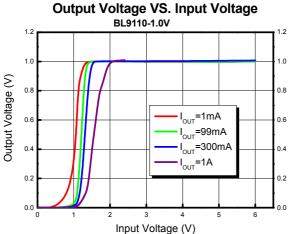
Where  $V_{OUT1}$  is the output voltage when  $I_{OUT1}$ =1mA, and  $V_{OUT2}$  is the output voltage when  $I_{OUT2}$ =1.0A.

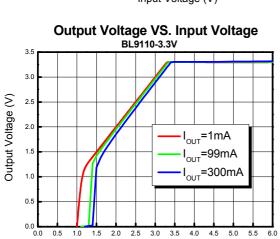




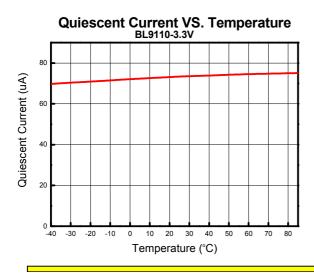
## **Typical Performance Characteristic**

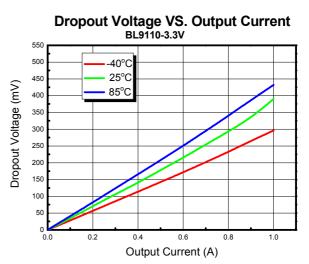
 $(V_{DD}=V_{OUT}+1V, \text{ and if } V_{OUT}<1.5V, V_{DD}=2.5V \text{ CE}=V_{DD}, C_{IN}=2.2\mu\text{F}, C_{OUT}=2.2\mu\text{F}, T_{A}=25^{\circ}\text{C}, \text{ unless otherwise noted.})$ 

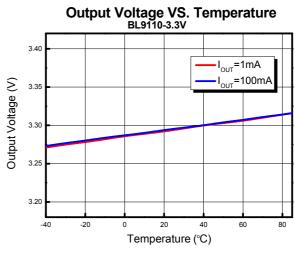


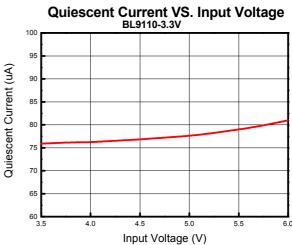


Input Voltage (V)



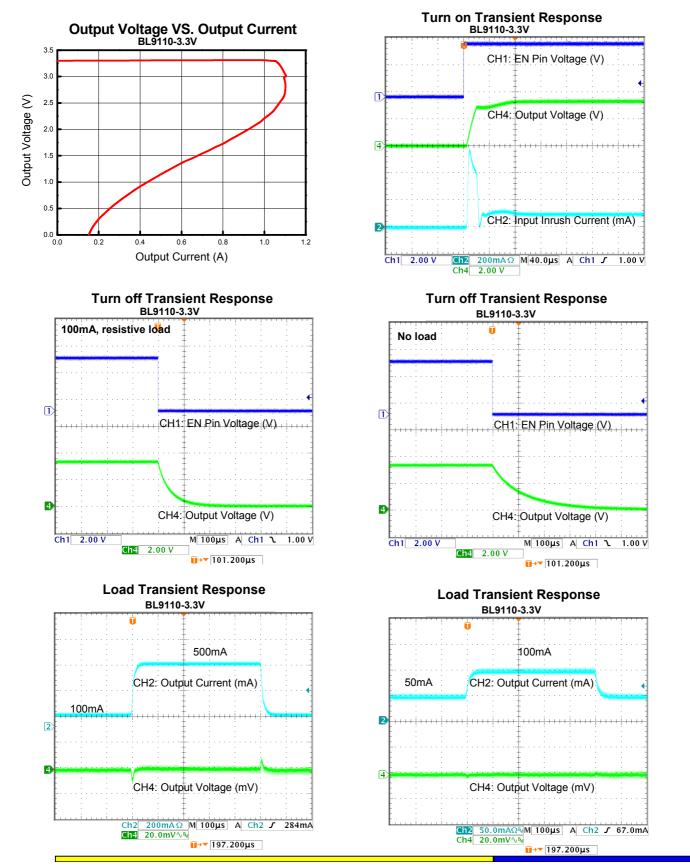








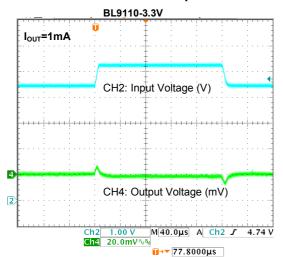




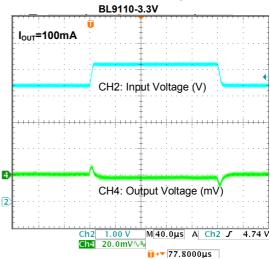




### **Line Transient Response**



## Line Transient Response





## **Applications Information**

The BL9110 is a low dropout CMOS-based positive voltage regulator that operates the input voltage from +2.5V to 6.0V. Output voltages are optional ranging from 1.0V to 5.0V, and can supply current up to 1.0 A.

### **Enable Function**

The BL9110 is shutdown by pulling the CE input low, and turn on by driving the input high. If this feature is not be used, the CE input should be floating or tied to VDD to keep the regulator on at all times.

# Programming the BL9110 Adjustable LDO regulator

The BL9110 is available in two types, either fixed or adjustable output voltage. The output range of the adjustable types is from 1V to 5V. The output voltage of the BL9110 adjustable regulator is programmed using an external resistor divider as show in Figure as below. The output voltage is calculated using equation as below:

$$V_{OUT} = V_{REF} \times \left(1 + \frac{R1}{R2}\right)$$

Where  $V_{REF}$ =1V is the internal reference voltage.

Resistors R1 and R2 should be chosen for approximately 50uA divider current. Lower value resistors can be used for improved noise performance, but the solution consumes more power. Higher resistor values should be avoided as leakage current at ADJ increases the output voltage error. The recommended design procedure

is to choose  $R2=20k\Omega$  to set the divider current at 50uA, and then calculate R1 using Equation as below:

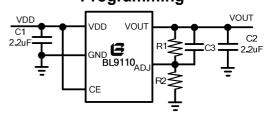
$$R1 = \left(\frac{V_{OUT}}{V_{REF}} - 1\right) \times R2$$

A small compensation capacitor C3 placed between VOUT and ADJ may improve the stability of the adjustable. The suggested value of this capacitor is about 10pF to 22pF.

# OUTPUT VOLTAGE PROGRAMMING GUIDE

OUTPUT VOLTAGTE	R1	R2
1.8V	16 kΩ	20 kΩ
2.5V	30 kΩ	20 kΩ
3.3V	51 kΩ	22 kΩ
3.6V	62 kΩ	24 kΩ

BL9110 Adjustable LDO regulator Programming



### **Thermal Protection**

Thermal overload protection limits total power dissipation in the BL9110. When the junction temperature exceeds  $T_J$ =165°C, the OTP circuit starts the thermal shutdown function and turns the pass element off allowing the IC to cool. The OTP circuit turns on the pass element again after IC's junction temperature cool by 30°C, result in a pulsed output during continuous thermal





overload conditions. Thermal-overloaded protection is designed to protect the BL9110 in the event of fault conditions. Do not exceed the absolute maximum junction temperature rating of T<sub>J</sub>=125°C continuous operation. The build-in fold-back current limit protection circuit will reduce current value as output voltage drops. When output is shorted to ground, current limit is reduced to 250mA, avoiding damaging the device.

# Operating Region and Power Dissipation

The maximum power dissipation of BL9110 depends on the thermal resistance of the case and circuit board, the temperature difference between the die junction and ambient air, and the rate of airflow. The power dissipation across the device is

$$P_D = (V_{DD} - V_{OUT}) \times I_{OUT} + V_{DD} \times I_Q$$

The maximum power dissipation is:

$$P_D(MAX) = (T_J(MAX) - T_A)/\theta_{JA}$$

Where  $T_J$  (MAX) is the maximum operation junction temperature 125°C,  $T_A$  is the ambient temperature and the  $\theta_{JA}$  is the junction to ambient thermal resistance. The GND pin of the BL9110 performs the dual function of providing an electrical connection to ground and channeling heat away. Connect the GND pin to ground using a large pad or ground plane.

# **Capacitor Selection and Regulator Stability**

Like any low-dropout regulator, the external

capacitors used with the BL9110 must be carefully selected for regulator stability and performance. The BL9110 requires an output capacitor between the VOUT and GND pins for phase compensation. Using a capacitor whose value is ≥1µF on the BL9110 input and the amount capacitance can be increased without limit. The input capacitor must be located a distance of not more than 0.5 inch from the input pin of the IC and returned to a clean analog ground. Any good quality ceramic or tantalum can be used for this capacitor. The capacitor with larger value and lower **ESR** (equivalent series resistance) provides better PSRR and line-transient response. The output capacitor must meet both requirements for minimum amount of capacitance and ESR in all LDO applications. The BL9110 is designed specifically to work with low ESR ceramic output capacitor in space-saving and performance consideration. In the BL9110, phase compensation is made with the capacitor for securing output operation even if the load current is varied. For this purpose, use a 2.2uF capacitor between VOUT pin and GND pin as close as possible.

### **Load-Transient Considerations**

The BL9110 load-transient response graphs show two components of the output response: a DC shift from the output impedance due to the load current change, and the transient response. The DC shift is quite small due to the excellent load regulation of the IC. Typical output voltage transient spike for a step change in the load current from 0mA to 50mA is tens of mV,





depending on the ESR of the output capacitor. Increasing the output capacitor's value and decreasing the ESR attenuates the overshoot.

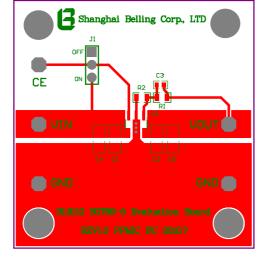
### **Input-Output (Dropout) Voltage**

A regulator's minimum input-output voltage differential (or dropout voltage) determines the lowest usable supply voltage. battery-powered systems, this will determine the useful end-of-life battery voltage. Because the BL9110 uses a P-Channel MOSFET pass transistor, the function dropout voltage is а of drain-to-source on resistance [R<sub>DS(ON)</sub>] multiplied by the load current.

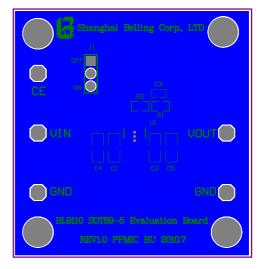
### **BL9110 SOT89-5 PCB Layout for Reference**

### **Layout Considerations**

To improve AC performance such as PSRR, output noise, and transient response, it is recommended that the PCB be designed with separate ground planes for VDD and VOUT, with each ground plane connected only at the GND pin of the device. Make VDD and GND lines sufficiently wide. If their impedance is high, noise pickup or unstable operation may result. Connect a capacitor C1 between VDD and GND pin, as close as possible to the pins. Set external components, especially the output capacitor C2, as close as possible to the IC, and make wiring as short as possible.



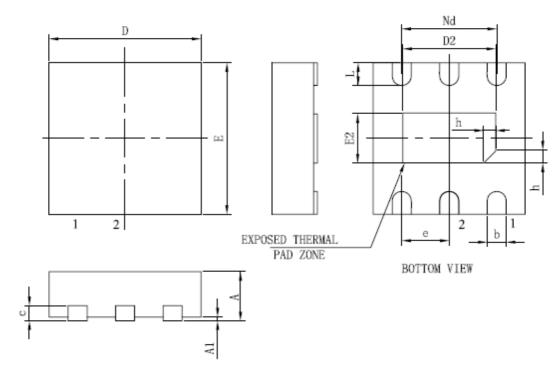
Top Layer



Bottom Layer

## **Package Description**

### DFN-6

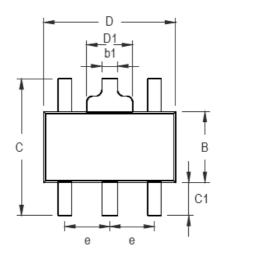


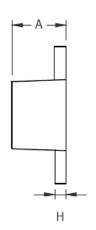
	Dimensions In Millimeters			
Symbol				
	Min	NOM	Max	
Α	0.7	0.75	0.8	
A1		0.02 0.05		
b	0.25	0.3	0.35	
С	0.18	0.2	0.25	
D	1.95	2	2.05	
D2	1		1.45	
е	0.65BSC			
Nd	1.30BSC			
Е	1.95	2	2.05	
E2	0.50		0.85	
L	0.25	0.30	0.40	
h	0.1	0.15	0.2	

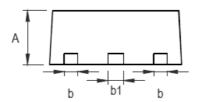
**DFN-6 Surface Mount Package** 



### SOT89-5







Symbol	Dimensions In Millimeters		Dimensions In Inches	
	Min	Max	Min	Max
Α	1.397	1.600	0.055	0.063
b	0.356	0.508	0.014	0.020
b1	0.406	0.533	0.016	0.021
В	2.388	2.591	0.094	0.102
С	3.937	4.242	0.155	0.167
C1	0.787	1.194	0.031	0.047
D	4.394	4.597	0.173	0.181
D1	1.397	1.702	0.055	0.067
е	1.500 TYP.		0.060	TYP.
Н	0.356	0.432	0.014	0.017

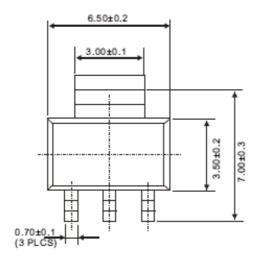
SOT89-5 Surface Mount Package

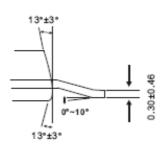


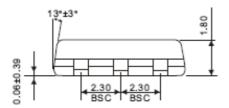


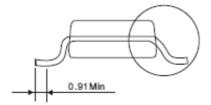
### SOT-223-3

### SOT-223





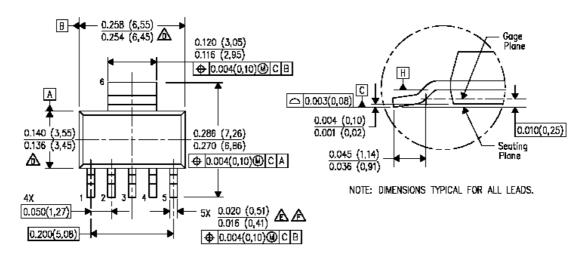


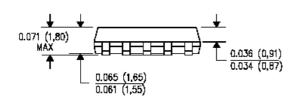


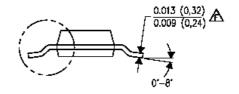




### **SOT-223-5**



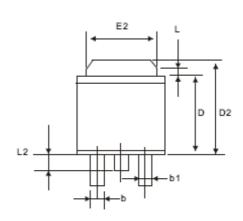


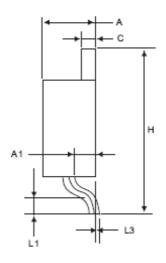


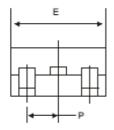


## SOT-252-3

TO-252





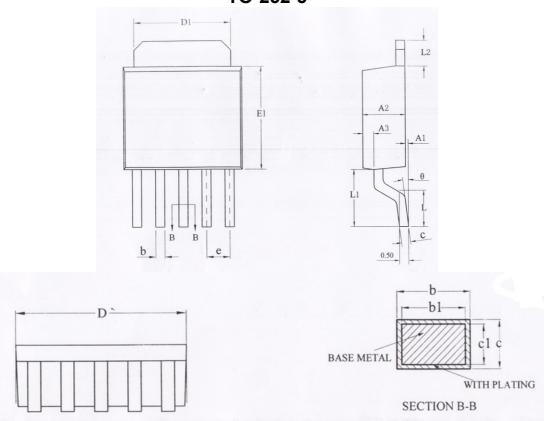


SYMBOL	MILLIMETERS		INCHES	
STMBOL	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
Α	2.250	2.350	0.089	0.093
A1	0.950	1.050	0.037	0.041
С	0.490	0.530	0.019	0.021
E	6.400	6.600	0.252	0.260
E2	5.300	5.450	0.209	0.215
D	6.000	6.200	0.236	0.244
D2	7.100	7.300	0.280	0.287
Н	9.700	10.100	0.382	0.398
L	0.600	Ref	0.024	Ref
L1	1.425	1.625	0.056	0.064
L2	0.650	0.850	0.026	0.033
L3	0.020	0.120	0.001	0.005
b	0.770	0.850	0.030	0.033
b1	0.840	0.940	0.033	0.037
Р	2.290	BSC	0.090	BSC





## TO-252-5



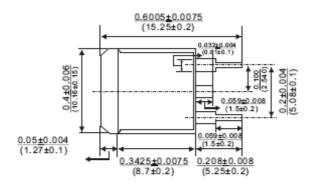
Symbol	Dimensions In Millimeters			
Syllibol	MIN	NOM	MAX	
A1	0.05	0.15	0.25	
A2	2.1	2.3	2.5	
A3	0.5	0.6	0.7	
b	0.46		0.6	
b1	0.45	0.5	0.55	
С	0.49		0.56	
c1	0.48	0.5	0.52	
D	6.3	6.5	6.7	
D1	5.30 REF			
E1	5.30	5.50	5.70	
е	1.27BSC			
L	1.40	1.50	1.60	
L1	3.0	3.1	3.2	
L2	1.40BSC			
Θ	0 8°			

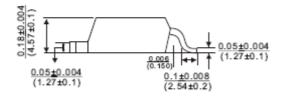


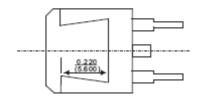


### TO-263-3

### TO-263





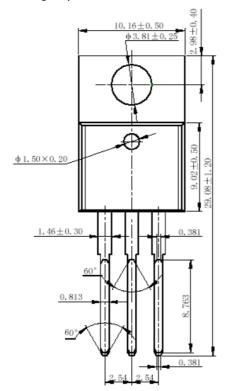


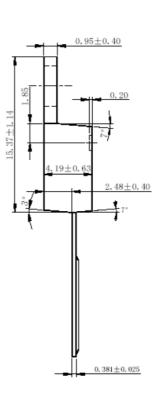




### TO-220-3

### Package specification:

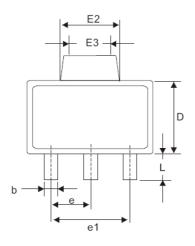


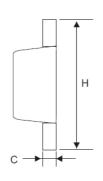


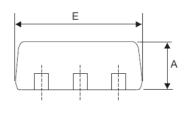


## **SOT-89-3**

### SOT-89-3L







SYMBOL	MILLIMETERS		INCHES	
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
Α	1.450	1.500	0.057	0.061
b	0.440	0.480	0.017	0.019
С	0.360	0.400	0.014	0.016
E	4.450	4.550	0.175	0.179
E2	1.500	1.700	0.059	0.067
E3	1.400 Ref		0.055 Ref	
е	1.500 BS C		0.059 BS C	
e1	3.000 BS C		0.118 BSC	
D	2.450	2.550	0.096	0.100
Н	4.150	4.250	0.163	0.167
L	0.900	1.100	0.035	0.043

## **X-ON Electronics**

Largest Supplier of Electrical and Electronic Components

Click to view similar products for LDO Voltage Regulators category:

Click to view products by Belling manufacturer:

Other Similar products are found below:

M38D29FFHP#U1 702103A 717726C 742457H MP20051DN-LF-Z R5F111PGGFB#30 AP7363-SP-13 NCP103AMX285TCG
NCV8664CST33T3G NCV8752AMX28TCG L9454 AP7362-HA-7 LX13043CLD TCR3DF185,LM(CT TCR3DF24,LM(CT
TCR3DF285,LM(CT TCR3DF31,LM(CT TCR3DF45,LM(CT TLF4949EJ L9708 L970813TR 030014BB 059985X NCP121AMX173TCG
NCP4687DH15T1G NCV8703MX30TCG 701326R 702087BB 755078E TCR2EN28,LF(S LM1117DT-1.8/NO LT1086CM#TRPBF
AZ1085S2-1.5TRE1 MAX15101EWL+T NCV8170AXV250T2G SCD337BTG TCR3DF27,LM(CT TCR3DF19,LM(CT
TCR3DF125,LM(CT TCR2EN18,LF(S MAX15103EWL+T TS2937CZ-5.0 C0 MAX8878EUK30-T MAX663CPA NCV4269CPD50R2G
NCV8716MT30TBG AZ1117IH-1.2TRG1 MP2013GQ-P AP2112R5A-3.3TRG1 AP7315-25W5-7