



24V/3A

Sync. Step-Down Converter

Parameters Subject to Change Without Notice

DESCRIPTION

The JW[®]5060T is a monolithic buck switching regulator based on I2 architecture for fast transient response. Operating with an input range of 4V~24V, JW5060T delivers 3A of continuous output current with two integrated N-Channel MOSFETs. The internal synchronous power switches provide high efficiency without the use of an external Schottky diode. At light loads, the regulator operates in low frequency to maintain high efficiency and low output ripples.

JW5060T guarantees robustness with output short protection, thermal protection, current run-away protection, input under voltage lockout. JW5060T is available in TSOT23-6 and TSOT23-8 packages, which provide a compact solution with minimal external components.

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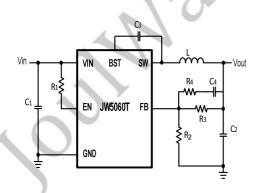
FEATURES

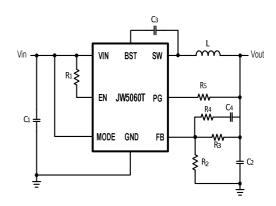
- 4V to 24V operating input range 3A output current
- Up to 95% efficiency
- High efficiency (>85%) at light load
- 800kHz switching frequency
- Internal soft-start
- Input under voltage lockout
- Current run-away protection
- Output short protection
- Thermal protection
- Available in TSOT23-6 and TSOT23-8 packages

APPLICATIONS

- Distributed Power Systems
- Networking Systems
- FPGA, DSP, ASIC Power Supplies
- Green Electronics/ Appliances
- Notebook Computers

TYPICAL APPLICATION

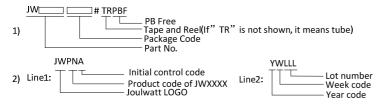




ORDER INFORMATION

| DEVICE ¹⁾ | PACKAGE | TOP MARKING ²⁾ | |
|----------------------|----------|---------------------------|--|
| JW5060TTSOTB#TRPBF | TSOT23-6 | JW6BX | |
| JW3000113018#1KPBF | 130123-0 | YWLLL | |
| JW5060TTSOTC#TRPBF | TSOT23-8 | JW6AX | |
| JW500011301C#1KPBF | 130123-6 | YWLLL | |

Notes:



PIN CONFIGURATION

TOP VIEW GND [6 BST GND 1 8 BST 7 EN SW 2 5 EN 6 FB VIN 3 VIN 3 4 FB 5 MODE PG 4 TSOT23-6 **TSOT23-8**

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATING1)

| VIN, EN, PG, MODE, SW Pin | -0.3V to |
|---------------------------------------|--|
| 25V BST Pin | |
| BST Pin | 0.3V(-3.1V for 10ns) to 25V (26V for 10ns) |
| All other Pins | 0.3V to 6V |
| Junction Temp. ^{2) 3)} | |
| Lead Temperature | |
| ESD Susceptibility (Human Body Model) | 2kV |

RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

| Input Voltage VIN | 4V t | o 24V |
|-----------------------------------|--|---------------------------------|
| Output Voltage Vout | | |
| THERMAL PERFORMANCE ⁴⁾ | $oldsymbol{	heta_{\!\scriptscriptstyle J\!A}}$ | $	heta_{\scriptscriptstyle Jc}$ |
| TSOT23-6 | 11055 | °C/W |
| TSOT23-8 | 11055 | °C/W |

Note:

- 1) Exceeding these ratings may damage the device.
- 2) The JW5060T guarantees robust performance from -40°C to 150°C junction temperature. The junction temperature range specification is assured by design, characterization and correlation with statistical process controls.
- 3) The JW5060T includes thermal protection that is intended to protect the device in overload conditions. Thermal protection is active when junction temperature exceeds the maximum operating junction temperature. Continuous operation over the specified absolute maximum operating junction temperature may damage the device.
- 4) Measured on JESD51-7, 4-layer PCB.

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

| VIN=12V, T_A =25 C , Unless otherwise stated. | | | | | | |
|--|--------------------------|--|------|------|---------------|------|
| ltem | Symbol | Conditions | Min. | Тур. | Max. | Unit |
| V _{IN} Under Voltage Lock-out Threshold | V _{IN_H} | V _{IN} rising | | | 3.8 | V |
| V _{IN} Under Voltage Lock-out Threshold | V _{IN_L} | Vin falling | 3 | | | V |
| V _{IN} Under voltage Lockout Hysteresis ⁵⁾ | V _{IN_MIN_HYST} | | | 200 | | mV |
| Shutdown Supply Current | I _{SD} | V _{EN} =0V, Vin=24V | | | 1 | μA |
| Supply Current | IQ | V _{EN} =5V, V _{FB} =1.2V | | 250 | | μΑ |
| Feedback Voltage | V_{FB} | 4V <v<sub>VIN<24V</v<sub> | 750 | 765 | 780 | mV |
| Top Switch Resistance ⁵⁾ | R _{DS(ON)T} | | | 70 | .) | mΩ |
| Bottom Switch Resistance ⁵⁾ | R _{DS(ON)B} | | | 38 | r | mΩ |
| Top Switch Leakage Current | I _{LEAK_TOP} | V _{IN} =24V, V _{EN} =0V, V _{SW} =0V | | | 1 | μA |
| Bottom Switch Leakage Current | I _{LEAK_BOT} | V _{IN} =24V, V _{EN} =0V, V _{SW} =24V | 5 | | 1 | μΑ |
| Top Switch Current Limit ⁵⁾ | I _{LIM_TOP} | ~ | 5 | 6 | 7 | Α |
| Minimum On Time ⁵⁾ | T _{ON_MIN} | 4.7 | | 120 | | ns |
| Minimum Off Time ⁵⁾ | T _{OFF_MIN} | V _{FB} =0.4V | | 100 | | ns |
| EN Input High Voltage | V _{EN_H} | | 2.2 | | | V |
| EN Input Low Voltage | V _{EN_L} | | | | 1.7 | V |
| Soft-Start Time ⁵⁾ | t _{SS} | | | 1.6 | | ms |
| Power good lower threshold | PGD_LTH | FB falling | | 88% | | |
| Power good upper threshold | PGD_uth | FB rising | | 112% | | |
| Power good delay ⁵⁾ | PGD_DLY | PG from low to high | | 422 | | μS |
| Thermal Shutdown ⁵⁾ | T _{TSD} | | | 140 | | °C |
| Thermal Shutdown hysteresis ⁵⁾ | T _{TSD_HYST} | | | 15 | | °C |

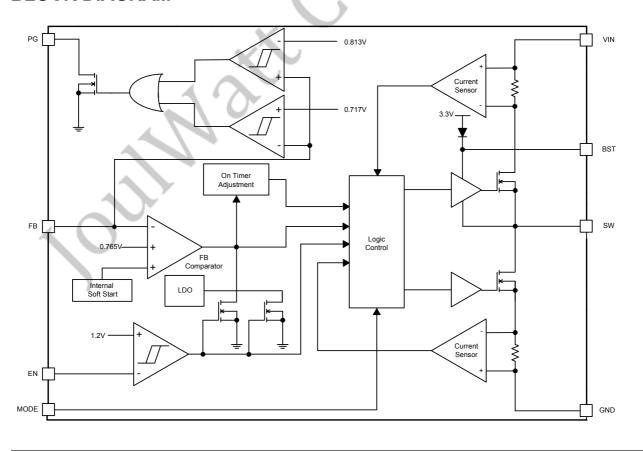
Note:

5) Guaranteed by design.

PIN DESCRIPTION

| Pin | | Nama | Description | | |
|----------|----------|--------|--|--|--|
| TSOT23-6 | TSOT23-8 | Name | Description | | |
| 1 | 1 | GND | Ground pin. | | |
| 2 | 2 | SW | SW is the switching node that supplies power to the output. Connect the output | | |
| 2 | 2 | SW | LC filter from SW to the output load. | | |
| | 3 | | Input voltage pin. VIN supplies power to the IC. Connect a 4V to 24V supply to | | |
| 3 | | VIN | VIN and bypass VIN to GND with a suitably large capacitor to eliminate noise | | |
| | | | on the input to the IC. | | |
| 4 | 6 | FB | Output feedback pin. FB senses the output voltage and is regulated by the | | |
| 4 | O | ГБ | control loop to 0.765V. Connect a resistive divider at FB. | | |
| 5 | 7 | EN | Drive EN pin high to turn on the regulator and low to turn off the regulator. | | |
| 6 | 6 8 BST | | Connect a 0.1uF capacitor between BST and SW pin to supply current for the | | |
| 0 | | | top switch driver. | | |
| | | | Power good monitor output. This is an open-drain output so a $30 k\Omega$ to $100 k\Omega$ | | |
| | 4 | PG | resistor should be connected at this pin to the VCC pin when output voltage is | | |
| | | | 5V. The resistor can be lower to $20 k\Omega$ if the output voltage is 3.3V. | | |
| | 5 | MODE | Pull MODE pin low to VIN to achieve PFM operation. Pull MODE up to GND or | | |
| 5 1/1/ | | IVIODE | floating to achieve FCC operation. | | |

BLOCK DIAGRAM

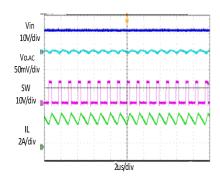


TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

Vin =12V, Vout = 3.3V, L = $2.2\mu H$, Cout = $44\mu F$, TA = $+25^{\circ} C$, unless otherwise noted

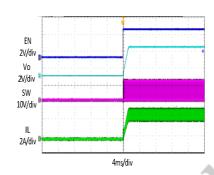
Steady State Test

VIN=12V, Vout=3.3V lout=3A



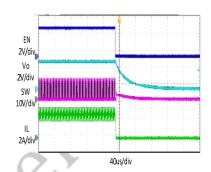
Startup through Enable

VIN=12V, Vout=3.3V lout=3A(Resistive load)



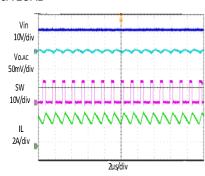
Shutdown through Enable

VIN=12V, Vout=3.3V lout=3A (Resistive load)



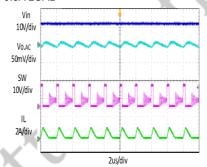
Heavy Load Operation

3A LOAD



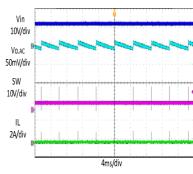
Medium Load Operation

0.3A LOAD



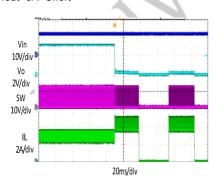
Light Load Operation

0 A LOAD



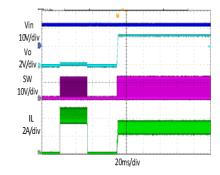
Short Circuit Protection

VIN=12V, Vout=3.3V lout=3A- Short



Short Circuit Recovery

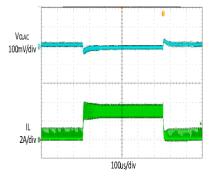
VIN=12V, Vout=3.3V lout= Short-3A



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Load Transient

C4=100pF,R4=1k $0.3A \text{ LOAD} \rightarrow 3A \text{ LOAD} \rightarrow 0.3A \text{ LOAD}$



TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS (PFM Mode)

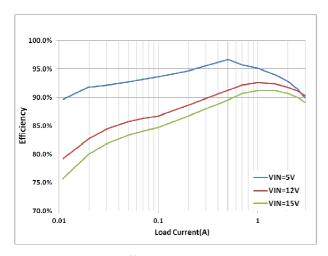


Figure 1. Efficiency vs Load Current (Vout=3.3V, L=2.2uH)

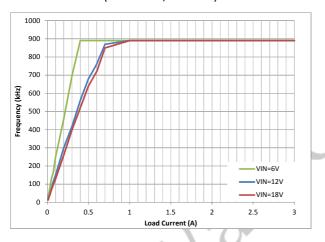


Figure 3. Frequency vs Load Current (Vout=3.3V, L=2.2uH)

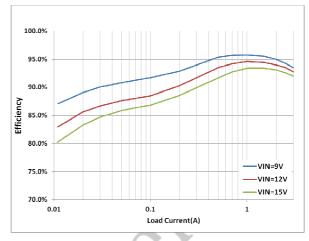


Figure 2. Efficiency vs Load Current (Vout=5V, L=3.3uH)

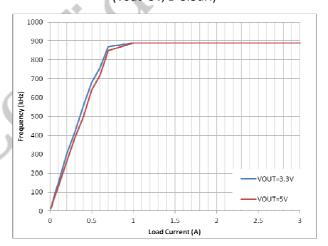


Figure 4. Frequency vs Load Current (Vin=12V)

FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION

JW5060T is a synchronous step-down regulator based on I2 control architecture. It regulates input voltages from 4V to 24V down to an output voltage as low as 0.765V, and is capable of supplying up to 3A of load current.

Shut-Down Mode

JW5060T shuts down when voltage at EN pin is driven below 0.3V. The entire regulator is off and the supply current consumed by JW5060T drops below 1uA.

Power Switch

N-Channel MOSFET switches are integrated on the JW5060T to down convert the input voltage to the regulated output voltage. Since the top MOSFET needs a gate voltage great than the input voltage, a boost capacitor connected between BST and SW pins is required to drive the gate of the top switch. The boost capacitor is charged by the internal 3.7V rail when SW is low.

Vin Under-Voltage Protection

A resistive divider can be connected between Vin and ground, with the central tap connected to EN, so that when Vin drops to the pre-set value, EN drops below 2V to trigger input under voltage lockout protection.

Thermal Protection

When the temperature of the JW5060T rises above 140°C, it is forced into thermal shut-down. Only when core temperature drops below 125°C can the regulator becomes active again.

Output Current Run-Away Protection

At start-up, due to the high voltage at input and low voltage at output, current inertia of the output inductor can be easily built up, resulting in a large start-up output current.

A valley current limit is designed in JW5060T so that only when output current drops below the valley current limit can the top power switch be turned on. By such control mechanism, the output current at start-up is well controlled.

Output Short Protection

When the output is shorted to ground, the regulator is allowed to switch for 1024 cycles. If the short condition is cleared within this period, then the regulator resumes normal operation. If the short condition is still present after 1024 switching cycles, then no switching is allowed and the regulator enters hiccup mode for 2048 cycles. After the 2048 hiccup cycles, the regulator will try to start-up again. If the short condition still exists after 1024 cycles of switching, the regulator enters hiccup mode. This process of start-up and hiccup iterate itself until the short condition is removed.

Power Good

The JW5060T has power-good (PG) output. The PG pin is the open drain of a MOSFET. Connect to a voltage source (such as Vout) through a resistor. When the output voltage becomes within +-12% of the target value, internal comparators detect power good state and the power good signal becomes high. If the feedback voltage goes under or higher 12% of the target value, the power good signal becomes low.

APPLICATION INFORMATION

Output Voltage Set

The output voltage is determined by the resistor divider connected at the FB pin, and the voltage ratio is:

$$V_{FB} = V_{out} \cdot \frac{R_2}{R_2 + R_3}$$

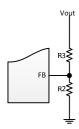
where VFB is the feedback voltage and Vout is the output voltage.

Choose R₂ around 15k Ω , and then R₃ can be calculated by:

$$R_3 = R_2 \cdot \left(\frac{V_{\text{out}}}{0.765} - 1\right)$$

Too large resistance and the following table lists the recommended values.

| VOUT(V) | R2(kΩ) | R3(kΩ) |
|---------|--------|--------|
| 1 | 13.3 | 4.02 |
| 1.2 | 28 | 16 |
| 1.5 | 16 | 15.4 |
| 2.5 | 20.5 | 46.4 |
| 3.3 | 16 | 53.1 |
| 5 | 16 | 88.7 |



Input Capacitor

The input capacitor is used to supply the AC input current to the step-down converter and maintaining the DC input voltage. The ripple current through the input capacitor can be calculated by:

$$I_{C1} = I_{LOAD} \cdot \sqrt{\frac{v_{OUT}}{v_{IN}} \cdot \left(1 - \frac{v_{OUT}}{v_{IN}}\right)}$$

where ILOAD is the load current, Vout is the output voltage, Vin is the input voltage.

Thus the input capacitor can be calculated by the following equation when the input ripple voltage is determined.

$$c_1 = \frac{I_{LOAD}}{f_s \cdot \Delta V_{IN}} \cdot \frac{V_{OUT}}{V_{IN}} \cdot \left(1 - \frac{V_{OUT}}{V_{IN}}\right)$$

where C₁ is the input capacitance value, fs is the switching frequency, $\triangle VIN$ is the input ripple voltage.

The input capacitor can be electrolytic, tantalum or ceramic. To minimizing the potential noise, a small X5R or X7R ceramic capacitor, i.e. 0.1uF, should be placed as close to the IC as possible when using electrolytic capacitors.

A 22uF ceramic capacitor is recommended in typical application.

Output Capacitor

The output capacitor is required to maintain the DC output voltage, and the capacitance value determines the output ripple voltage. The output voltage ripple can be calculated by:

$$\Delta V_{OUT} = \frac{V_{OUT}}{f_s \cdot L} \cdot \left(1 - \frac{V_{OUT}}{V_{IN}}\right) \cdot \left(R_{ESR} + \frac{1}{8 \cdot f_s \cdot C_2}\right)$$

where C₂ is the output capacitance value and RESR is the equivalent series resistance value of the output capacitor.

The output capacitor can be low ESR electrolytic, tantalum or ceramic, which lower ESR capacitors get lower output ripple voltage. The output capacitors also affect the system stability and transient response, and a 22uF~66uF ceramic capacitor is recommended in typical application.

Inductor

The inductor is used to supply constant current to the output load, and the value determines the

ripple current which affect the efficiency and the output voltage ripple. The ripple current is typically allowed to be 40% of the maximum switch current limit, thus the inductance value can be calculated by:

$$L = \frac{V_{\text{OUT}}}{f_{\text{S}} \cdot \Delta I_{\text{L}}} \cdot \left(1 - \frac{V_{\text{OUT}}}{V_{\text{IN}}}\right)$$

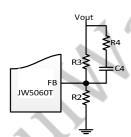
where VIN is the input voltage, VOUT is the output voltage, fs is the switching frequency, and \triangle IL is the peak-to-peak inductor ripple current.

External Bootstrap Capacitor

A bootstrap capacitor is required to supply voltage to the top switch driver. A 0.1uF low ESR ceramic capacitor is recommended to connected to the BST pin and SW pin.

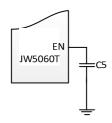
Feedforward Capacitor

In order to minimize the ripple of output voltage at light load, a feedforward capacitor in series with a resistor should be in parallel to the upper divider resistor. Choose R4 around $1k\Omega$ and C4 around 100pF.



Start up through EN

If JW5060T start up through EN, a 10nF or larger capacitor should be connected between EN pin and GND to eliminate noise.



PCB Layout Note

For minimum noise problem and best operating performance, the PCB is preferred to following the guidelines as reference.

- Place the input decoupling capacitor as close to JW5060T (VIN pin and PGND) as possible to eliminate noise at the input pin. The loop area formed by input capacitor and GND must be minimized.
- 2. Put the feedback trace as far away from the inductor and noisy power traces as possible.
- The ground plane on the PCB should be as large as possible for better heat dissipation.

TSOT23-6:

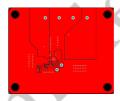


Figure 1. Top Layer



Figure 2. Bottom Layer



Figure 3. Top Silk Layer TSOT23-8:

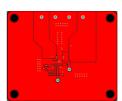


Figure 1. Top Layer



Figure 2. Bottom Layer

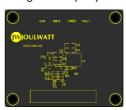
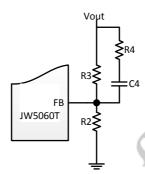


Figure 3. Top Silk Layer

External Components Suggestion:

| Vout(V) | R2 (kΩ) | R3 (kΩ) | R4 (kΩ) | C4 (pF) | L(uH) | Cout(uF) |
|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|-------|----------|
| 1 | 13.3 | 4.02 | 1 | 100 | 2.2 | 54~66 |
| 1.2 | 28 | 16 | 1 | 100 | 2.2 | 54~66 |
| 1.5 | 16 | 15.4 | 1 | 100 | 2.2 | 54~66 |
| 2.5 | 20.5 | 46.4 | 1 | 100 | 2.2 | 22~66 |
| 3.3 | 16 | 53.1 | 1 | 100 | 2.2 | 22~66 |
| 5 | 16 | 88.7 | 1 | 100 | 3.3 | 22~66 |



REFERENCE DESIGN

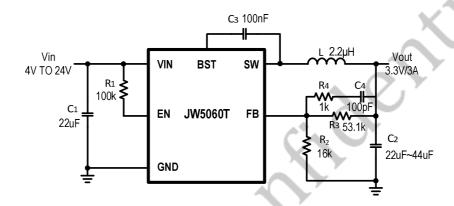
Reference 1:

Vin: 4V~24V

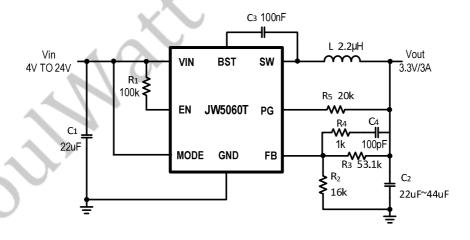
Vout: 3.3V

lout: 0~3A

TSOT23-6:



TSOT23-8:



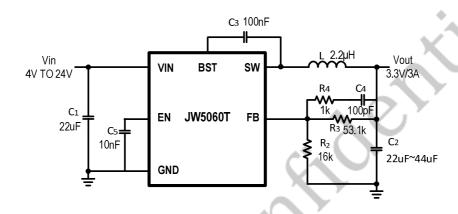
Start up Through EN

Vin: 4V~24V

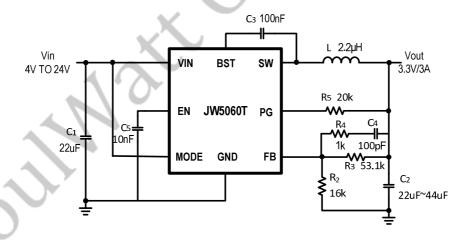
Vout: 3.3V

lout: 0~3A

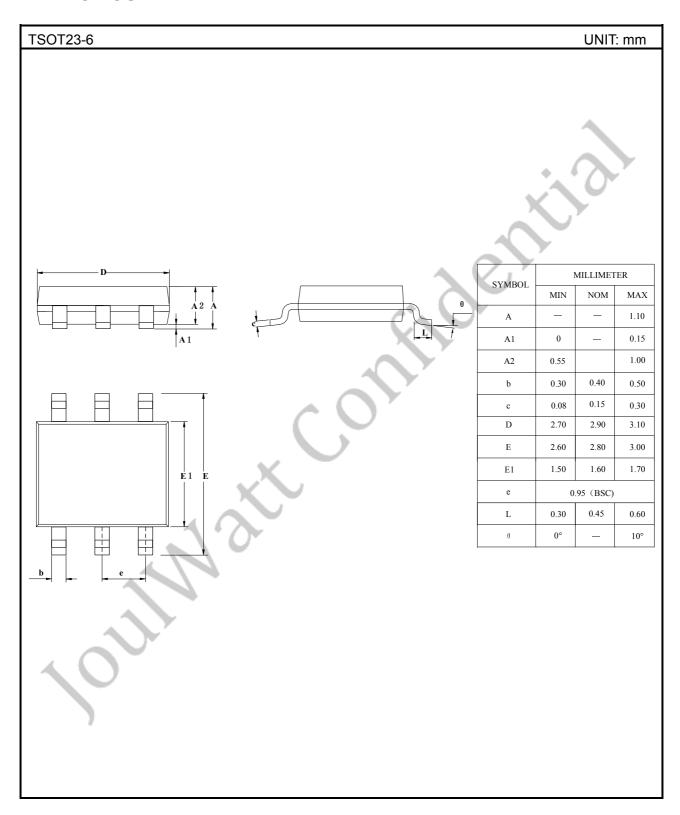
TSOT23-6:

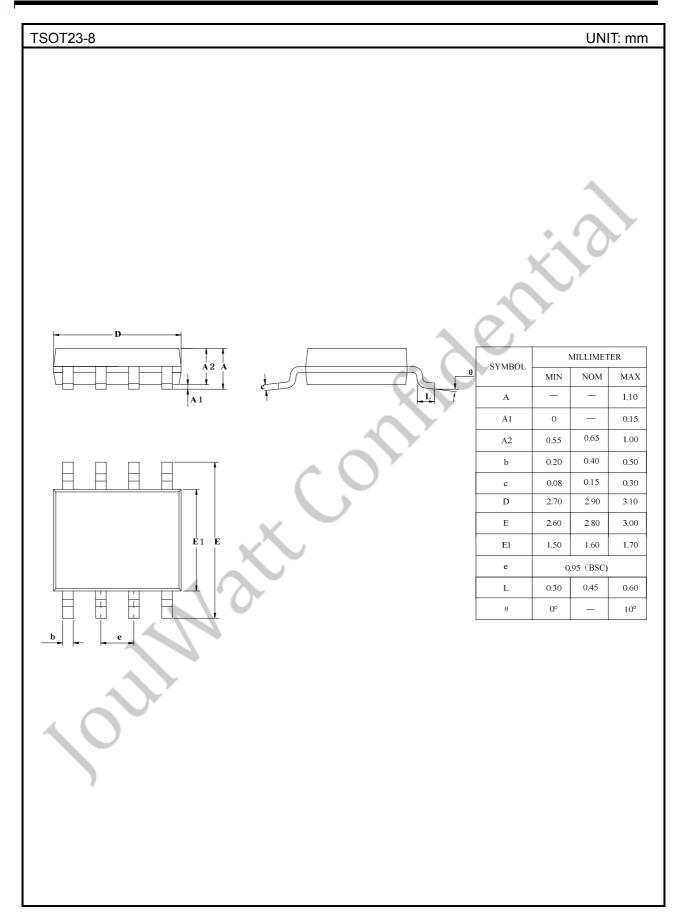


TSOT23-8:



PACKAGE OUTLINE





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