

Features

- Wide 4V to 18V Operating Input Range
- 2A Continuous Output Current
- 1MHz Switching Frequency
- Short Protection with Hiccup-Mode
- Built-in Over Current Limit
- Built-in Over Voltage Protection
- Force-PWM Mode
- Internal Soft-Start

Applications

- Digital Set-top Box (STB)
- Tablet Personal Computer (Pad)
- Flat-Panel Television and Monitor
- Wi-Fi Router / AP

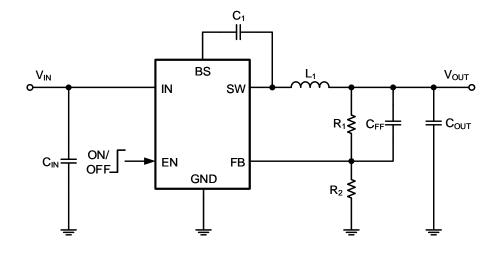
General Description

- 110mΩ/70mΩ Low RDS(ON) Internal Power MOSFETs
- Output Adjustable from 0.6V
- No Schottky Diode Required
- Integrated internal compensation
- Thermal Shutdown
- Available in SOT23-6 Package
- -40 °C to +85 °C Temperature Range
- Digital Video Recorder (DVR)
- Portable Media Player (PMP)
- Cable Modem / XDSL
- General Purposes

The RY8121 is a high frequency, synchronous, rectified, step-down, switch-mode converter with internal power MOSFETs. It offers a very compact solution to achieve a 3A peak output current over a wide input supply range, with excellent load and line regulation.

The RY8121 requires a minimal number of readily available, external components and is available in a space saving SOT23-6 package.

Typical Application Circuit

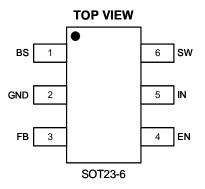


Basic Application Circuit



Pin Description

Pin Configuration



Top Marking: BD<u>YLL</u> (device code: BD, Y=year code, LL= lot number code)

Pin Description

Pin	Name	Function
1 BS		Bootstrap. A capacitor connected between SW and BST pins is required to form a
		floating supply across the high-side switch driver.
2	GND	Ground Pin
3 FB		Adjustable Version Feedback input. Connect FB to the center point of the external
		resistor divider
4 EN		Drive this pin to a logic-high to enable the IC. Drive to a logic-low to disable the IC
	LIN	and enter micro-power shutdown mode.
5	IN	Power Supply Pin
6	SW	Switching Pin

Order Information

Marking	Part No.	Model	Description	Package	T/R Qty.
BD <u>YLL</u>	70301025	RY8121	RY8121 PWM Buck, 4-18V, 2A, 1MHz, VFB 0.6V, SOT23-6	SOT23-6	3000PCS



Absolute Maximum Ratings (1) (2)

V _{IN} , EN, Voltage0.3V to 21V	V_{SW} Voltage0.3V to $(V_{IN} + 0.5V)$
V_{FB} Voltages0.3 to $6V$	V _{BS} Voltage (Vsw-0.3) to (Vsw+5V)
Operating Temperature Range40 $^{\circ}$ C to +85 $^{\circ}$ C	Storage Temperature Range65 $^{\circ}$ C to 150 $^{\circ}$ C
Lead Temperature (Soldering, 10s) +300 °C	Junction Temperature+150°C
θ_{JA}	ESD (Human Body Made) HMB2KV
θ _{JC} 110 ℃/W	ESD (Machine Made) MM 200V
Note1: Exceeding these ratings may damage the dev	ice.

Note2: The device is not guaranteed to function outside of its operating conditions.

Electrical Characteristics ^{(3) (4)}

Parameter	Test Conditions	Min	Тур.	Max	Unit
Input Voltage Range		4		18	V
Supply Current in Operation	Ven=3.0V, Vfb=1.1V		0.4	0.6	mA
Supply Current in Shutdown	VEN =0 or EN = GND			4	uA
Regulated Feedback Voltage	$T_A = 25 \text{ °C}, 4V \le V_{IN} \le 18V$	0.588	0.6	0.612	V
High-Side Switch On-Resistance			110		mΩ
Low-Side Switch On-Resistance			70		mΩ
High-Side Switch Leakage Current	VEN=0V, VSW=0V		0	10	uA
Upper Switch Current Limit	Minimum Duty Cycle		3		А
Oscillation Frequency			1		MHz
Maximum Duty Cycle	Vfb=0.6V		92		%
Minimum On-Time			60		nS
Minimum Off-Time			90		nS
EN up Threshold	V _{EN} -Rising	1.05	1.15	1.25	V
EN Threshold Hysteresis			140		mV
Soft Start			1.03		mS
Thermal Shutdown			160		°C
Thermal Hysteresis			20		°C

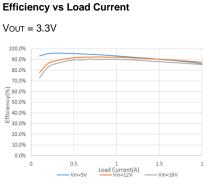
Note3: MOSFET on-resistance specifications are guaranteed by correlation to wafer level measurements.

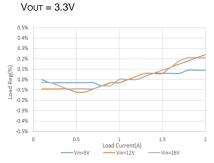
Note4: Thermal shutdown specifications are guaranteed by correlation to the design and characteristics analysis.



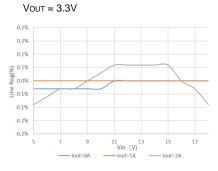
Typical Performance Characteristics ^{(5) (6)}

Note 5: Performance waveforms are tested on the evaluation board. Note 6: $V_{IN} = 12V$, $V_{OUT} = 3.3V$, $T_A = +25$ °C, unless otherwise noted



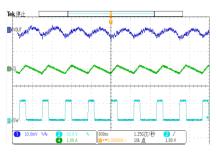


Line Regulation



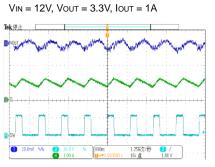
Output Ripple Voltage

VIN = 12V, VOUT = 3.3V, IOUT = 0A



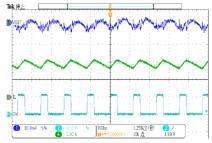
Output Ripple Voltage

Load Regulation

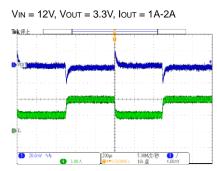


Output Ripple Voltage

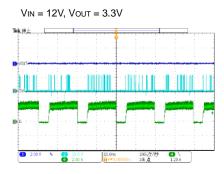




Loop Response

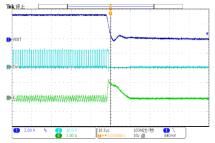


Hiccup with Output Short



Short Circuit Entry

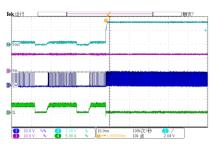
VIN = 12V, VOUT = 3.3V





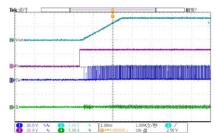
Short Circuit Recovery

VIN = 12V, VOUT = 3.3V



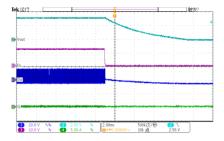
Enable Startup at No Load

VIN = 12V, VOUT = 3.3V, IOUT = 0A



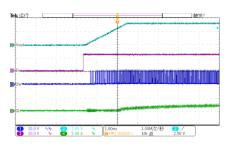
Enable Shutdown at No Load

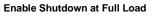
VIN = 12V, VOUT = 3.3V, IOUT = 0A



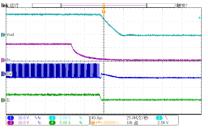
Enable Startup at Full Load

VIN = 12V, VOUT = 3.3V, IOUT = 2A



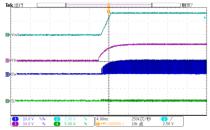


 $V_{IN} = 12V$, $V_{OUT} = 3.3V$, $I_{OUT} = 2A$



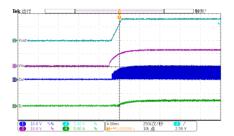
Power Up at No Load

 $V_{IN} = 12V$, $V_{OUT} = 3.3V$, $I_{OUT} = 0A$



Power Up at Full Load

VIN = 12V, VOUT = 3.3V, IOUT = 2A





Functional Block Diagram

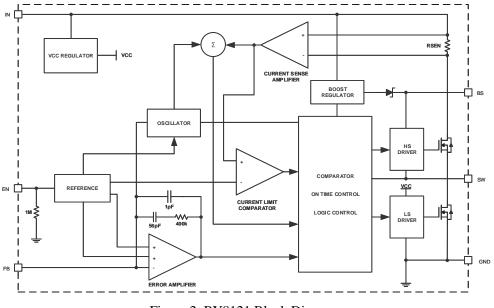


Figure 2. RY8121 Block Diagram

Functions Description

Internal Regulator

The RY8121 is a current mode step down DC/DC converter that provides excellent transient response with no extra external compensation components. This device contains an internal, low resistance, high voltage power MOSFET, and operates at a high 1MHz operating frequency to ensure a compact, high efficiency design with excellent AC and DC performance.

Error Amplifier

The error amplifier compares the FB pin voltage with the internal FB reference (VFB) and outputs a current proportional to the difference between the two. This output current is then used to charge or discharge the internal compensation network, which is used to control the power MOSFET current. The optimized internal compensation network minimizes the external component counts and simplifies the control loop design.

Internal Soft-Start

The soft-start is implemented to prevent the converter output voltage from overshooting during startup. When the chip starts, the internal circuitry generates a soft-start voltage (SS) ramping up from 0V to 0.6V. When it is lower than the internal reference (REF), SS overrides REF so the error amplifier uses SS as the reference. When SS is higher than REF, REF regains control. The SS time is internally max to 1.2ms.

Over Current Protection & Hiccup

The RY8121 has cycle-by-cycle over current limit when the inductor current peak value exceeds the set current limit threshold. Meanwhile, output voltage starts to drop until FB is below the Under-Voltage (UV) threshold, typically 25% below the reference. Once a UV is triggered, the RY8121 enters hiccup mode to periodically restart the part. This protection mode is especially useful when the output is dead-short to ground. The average short circuit



current is greatly reduced to alleviate the thermal issue and to protect the regulator. The RY8121 exits the hiccup mode once the over current condition is removed.

Startup and Shutdown

If both VIN and EN are higher than their appropriate thresholds, the chip starts. The reference block starts first, generating stable reference voltage and currents, and then the internal regulator is enabled. The regulator provides stable supply for the remaining circuitries. Three events can shut down the chip: EN low, VIN low and thermal shutdown. In the shutdown procedure, the signaling path is first blocked to avoid any fault triggering. The comp voltage and the internal supply rail are then pulled down. The floating driver is not subject to this shutdown command.

Applications Information

Setting the Output Voltage

RY8121 require an input capacitor, an output capacitor and an inductor. These components are critical to the performance of the device. RY8121 are internally compensated and do not require external components to achieve stable operation. The output voltage can be programmed by resistor divider.

$$V_{OUT} = V_{FB} \times \frac{R1 + R2}{R2}$$

V _{OUT}	R1	R2	L1 _{MIN}	L1 _{TYP}	L1 _{MAX}	CIN	COUT	C _{FF} Opt.
1V	6.7KΩ	10KΩ	2.2µH	2.2µH	4.7µH	20-47uF	20-68uF	220-470pF
1.05V	7.5KΩ	10KΩ	2.2µH	2.2µH	4.7µH	20-47uF	20-68uF	220-470pF
1.2V	10KΩ	10KΩ	2.2µH	2.2µH	4.7µH	20-47uF	20-68uF	220-470pF
1.5V	15KΩ	10KΩ	2.2µH	2.2µH	4.7µH	20-47uF	20-68uF	220-470pF
3.3V	45KΩ	10KΩ	3.3µH	3.3µH	4.7µH	20-47uF	20-68uF	220-470pF
5.0V	73.3KΩ	10KΩ	3.3µH	4.7μΗ	4.7µH	20-47uF	20-68uF	100-220pF

Selecting the Inductor

The recommended inductor values are shown in the Application Diagram. It is important to guarantee the inductor core does not saturate during any foreseeable operational situation. The inductor should be rated to handle the peak load current plus the ripple current: Care should be taken when reviewing the different saturation current ratings that are specified by different manufacturers. Saturation current ratings are typically specified at 25 $^{\circ}$ C, so ratings at maximum ambient temperature of the application should be requested from the manufacturer.

$$L = \frac{V_{OUT} \times (V_{IN} - V_{OUT})}{V_{IN} \times \Delta I_L \times F_{OSC}}$$

Where ΔIL is the inductor ripple current. Choose inductor ripple current to be approximately 30% if the maximum load current. The maximum inductor peak current is:

$$I_{L(MAX)} = I_{LOAD} + \frac{\Delta I_L}{2}$$

Email: <u>support@rychip.com</u> ©RYCHIP Semiconductor Inc. http://www.rychip.com Page 7 / 9



Under light load conditions below 100mA, larger inductance is recommended for improved efficiency.

Selecting the Output Capacitor

Special attention should be paid when selecting these components. The DC bias of these capacitors can result in a capacitance value that falls below the minimum value given in the recommended capacitor specifications table. The ceramic capacitor's actual capacitance can vary with temperature. The capacitor type X7R, which operates over

a temperature range of -55° C to $+125^{\circ}$ C, will only vary the capacitance to within $\pm 15\%$. The capacitor type X5R has a similar tolerance over a reduced temperature range of -55° C to $+85^{\circ}$ C. Many large value ceramic capacitors, larger than 1uF are manufactured with Z5U or Y5V temperature characteristics. Their capacitance can drop by more than 50% as the temperature varies from 25 °C to 85 °C. Therefore X5R or X7R is recommended over Z5U and Y5V in applications where the ambient temperature will change significantly above or below 25 °C.

Tantalum capacitors are less desirable than ceramic for use as output capacitors because they are more expensive when comparing equivalent capacitance and voltage ratings in the 0.47uF to 44uF range. Another important consideration is that tantalum capacitors have higher ESR values than equivalent size ceramics. This means that while it may be possible to find a tantalum capacitor with an ESR value within the stable range, it would have to be larger in capacitance (which means bigger and more costly) than a ceramic capacitor with the same ESR value. It should also be noted that the ESR of a typical tantalum will increase about 2:1 as the temperature goes from 25 $^{\circ}$ C down to -40°C, so some guard band must be allowed.

PC Board Layout Consideration

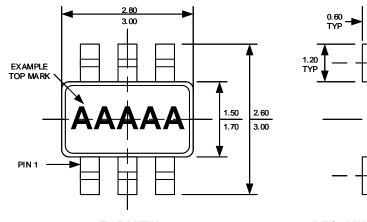
PCB layout is very important to achieve stable operation. It is highly recommended to duplicate EVB layout for optimum performance. If change is necessary, please follow these guidelines for reference.

- 1. Keep the path of switching current short and minimize the loop area formed by Input capacitor, high-side MOSFET and low-side MOSFET.
- 2. Bypass ceramic capacitors are suggested to be put close to the Vin Pin.
- 3. Ensure all feedback connections are short and direct. Place the feedback resistors and compensation components as close to the chip as possible.
- 4. VOUT, SW away from sensitive analog areas such as FB.
- 5. Connect IN, SW, and especially GND respectively to a large copper area to cool the chip to improve thermal performance and long-term reliability.

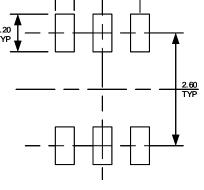


Package Description

SOT23-6



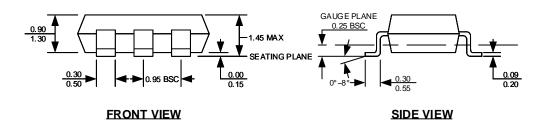




0.95

BSC

RECOMMENDED PAD LAYOUT



NOTE:

1. CONTROL DIMENSION IS IN INCHES. DIMENSION IN BRACKET IS IN MILLIMETERS.

- CONTROL DIMENSION IN INCHES, DIMENSION IN BRACKET IS IN MILLIMETERS.
 PACKAGE LENGTH DOES NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH, PROTRUSIONS OR GATE BURRS.
 PACKAGE WIDTH DOES NOT INCLUDE INTERLEAD FLASH OR PROTRUSIONS.
 LEAD COPLANARITY (BOTTOM OF LEADS AFTER FORMING) SHALL BE 0.004" INCHES MAX.
 DRAWING CONFORMS TO JEDEC MS-012, VARIATION BA.

6. DRAWING IS NOT TO SCALE.

X-ON Electronics

Largest Supplier of Electrical and Electronic Components

Click to view similar products for Isolated DC/DC Converters category:

Click to view products by RYCHIP manufacturer:

Other Similar products are found below :

ESM6D044440C05AAQ FMD15.24G PSL486-7LR PSR152.5-7IR Q48T30020-NBB0 AVO240-48S12B-6L AVO250-48S28B-6L NAN-0505 HW-L16D JAHW100Y1 217-1617-001 22827 SPB05C-12 SQ24S15033-PS0S 18952 19-130041 CE-1003 CE-1004 GQ2541-7R PSE1000DCDC-12V RDS180245 MAU228 419-2065-201 449-2075-101 TME 0303S TME 0505S TME 1205S TME 1212S TME 2405S TME 2412S J80-0041NL V300C24C150BG 419-2062-200 419-2063-401 419-2067-101 419-2067-501 419-2068-001 DCG40-5G DFC15U48D15 449-2067-000 XGS-0512 XGS-1205 XGS-1212 XGS-2412 XGS-2415 XKS-1215 033456 NCT1000N040R050B SPB05B-15 SPB05C-15