

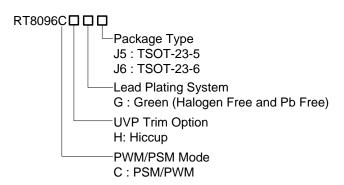
1A, 1.5MHz, 6V CMCOT Synchronous Step-Down Converter

General Description

The RT8096C is a high efficiency synchronous stepdown DC/DC converter. Its input voltage range is from 2.5V to 6V and provides an adjustable regulated output voltage from 0.6V to 3.4V while delivering up to 1A of output current.

The internal synchronous low on-resistance power switches increase efficiency and eliminate the need for an external Schottky diode. The Current Mode Constant-On-time (CMCOT) operation with internal compensation allows the transient response to be optimized over a wide range of loads and output capacitors. The RT8096C is available in the TSOT-23-5 and TSOT-23-6 packages.

Ordering Information



Note:

Richtek products are:

- ► RoHS compliant and compatible with the current requirements of IPC/JEDEC J-STD-020.
- ▶ Suitable for use in SnPb or Pb-free soldering processes.

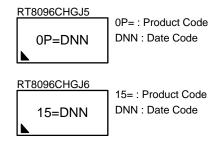
Features

- Efficiency Up to 95%
- R_{DSON} 160m Ω HS / 110m Ω LS
- V_{IN} Range 2.5V to 6V
- V_{REF} 0.6V with ±2% Accuracy
- CMCOT[™] Control Loop Design for Best Transient Response, Robust Loop Stability with Low-ESR (MLCC) C_{OUT}
- Fixed Soft-Start 1.2ms; PGOOD Function in TSOT-23-6
- Cycle-by-Cycle Over Current Protection
- Input Under Voltage Lockout
- Output Under Voltage Protection (UVP Hiccup)
- Thermal Shutdown Protection
- Power Saving at Light Load

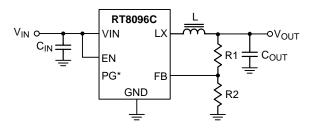
Applications

- STB. Cable Modem. & xDSL Platforms
- LCD TV Power Supply & Metering Platforms
- General Purpose Point of Load (POL)

Marking Information



Simplified Application Circuit



*For TSOT-23-6 Package Only

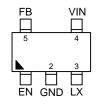
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Pin Configurations

(TOP VIEW)







TSOT-23-6

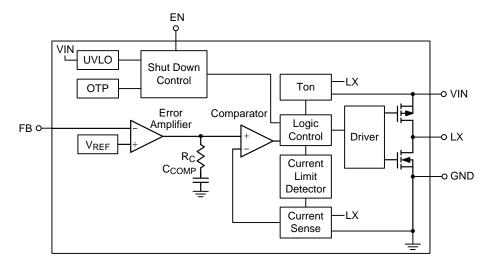
Functional Pin Description

Pin No.		Pin Name	Pin Function		
TSOT-23-5	TSOT-23-6	riii Naiile	Fill FullCuon		
1	1	EN	Enable Control Input.		
2	2	GND	Power Ground.		
3	3	LX	Switch Node.		
4	4	VIN	Supply Voltage Input. The RT8096C operates from a 2.5V to 6V input.		
5	6	FB	Feedback Voltage Input. An external resistor divider from the output to GND, tapped to the FB pin, sets the output voltage.		
	5	PG	Power Good Indicator. The output of this pin is an open-drain with external pull-up resistor. PG is pulled up when the FB voltage is within 90%, otherwise it is LOW.		

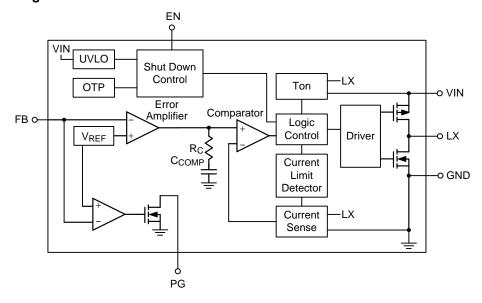


Function Block Diagram

For TSOT-23-5 Package



For TSOT-23-6 Package



Operation

The RT8096C is a synchronous low voltage step-down converter that can support the input voltage range from 2.5V to 6V and the output current can be up to 1A. The RT8096C uses a constant on-time, current mode architecture. In normal operation, the high side P-MOSFET is turned on when the switch controller is set by the comparator and is turned off when the Ton comparator resets the switch controller.

Low side MOSFET peak current is measured by internal RSENSE. The error amplifier EA adjusts COMP voltage by comparing the feedback signal (VFB) from the output voltage with the internal 0.6V reference. When the load current increases, it causes a drop in the feedback voltage relative to the reference, then the COMP voltage rises to allow higher inductor current to match the load current.

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UV Comparator

If the feedback voltage (VFB) is lower than threshold voltage 0.2V, the UV comparator's output will go high and the switch controller will turn off the high side MOSFET. The output under voltage protection is designed to operate in Hiccup mode.

PGOOD Comparator

When the feedback voltage (VFB) is higher than threshold voltage 0.54V, the PGOOD open drain output will be high impedance. The internal PG MOSFET is typical 100Ω . The PGOOD signal delay time from EN is about 2ms.

Enable Comparator

A logic-high enables the converter; a logic-low forces the IC into shutdown mode.

Soft-Start (SS)

An internal current source charges an internal capacitor to build the soft-start ramp voltage. The V_{FB} voltage will track the internal ramp voltage during soft-start interval. The typical soft-start time is 1.2ms.

Over Current Protection (OCP)

The RT8096C provides over current protection by detecting low side MOSFET valley inductor current. If the sensed valley inductor current is over the current limit threshold (1.5A typ.), the OCP will be triggered. When OCP is tripped, the RT8096C will keep the over current threshold level until the over current condition is removed.

Thermal Shutdown (OTP)

The device implements an internal thermal shutdown function when the junction temperature exceeds 150°C. The thermal shutdown forces the device to stop switching when the junction temperature exceeds the thermal shutdown threshold. Once the die temperature decreases below the hysteresis of 20°C, the device reinstates the power up sequence.



Absolute Maximum Ratings (Note 1)	
Supply Input Voltage	0.3V to 6.5V
LX Pin Switch Voltage	$-0.3V$ to $(V_{IN} + 0.3V)$
<20ns	4.5V to 7.5V
 Power Dissipation, P_D @ T_A = 25°C 	
TSOT-23-5	- 0.43W
TSOT-23-6	- 0.5W
Package Thermal Resistance (Note 2)	
TSOT-23-5, θJA	- 230.6°C/W
TSOT-23-6, θJA	- 197.4°C/W
TSOT-23-5, θ _{JC}	21.8°C/W
TSOT-23-6, θ _{JC}	- 18.9°C/W
Lead Temperature (Soldering, 10 sec.)	- 260°C
Junction Temperature	40°C to 150°C
Storage Temperature Range	−65°C to 150°C
• ESD Susceptibility (Note 3)	
HBM (Human Body Model)	- 2kV
Recommended Operating Conditions (Note 4)	
Supply Input Voltage	- 2.5V to 6V
Ambient Temperature Range	40°C to 85°C
Junction Temperature Range	40°C to 125°C

Electrical Characteristics

(VIN = 3.6V, T_A = 25°C, unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	
Input Voltage	VIN		2.5	-	6	V	
Feedback Reference Voltage	VREF		0.588	0.6	0.612	V	
Feedback Leakage Current	I _{FB}	V _{FB} = 3.3V		-	1	μΑ	
DC Bias Current		Active, V _{FB} = 0.63V, Not Switching		22			
DC Bias Current		Shutdown			1	μΑ	
Switching Leakage Current					1	μΑ	
Switching Frequency				1.5		MHz	
Switch On Resistance, High	R _{PMOS}	Isw = 0.3A		160		mΩ	
Switch On Resistance, Low	R _{NMOS}	Isw = 0.3A		110		mΩ	
Valley Current Limit	ILIM		1.1	1.5	2	Α	
Under-Voltage Lockout	.,	VDD Rising		2.25	2.5	W	
Threshold	Vuvlo	VDD Falling		2	V		
Over-Temperature Threshold				150		°C	

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RT8096C

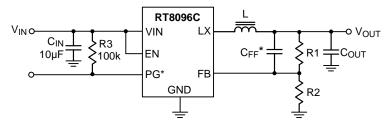


Parameter		Symbol	Test Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	
Enable Input	Logic-High	V _{IH}		1.5			· >	
Voltage	Logic-Low	VIL				0.4		
PG Pin Threshol	PG Pin Threshold		FB Rising		90		0/	
(relative to V _{OUT})			FB Falling		85		- %	
PG Open-Drain Impedance (PG = low)						100	Ω	
Soft-Start Time		T _{SS}			1.2		ms	
Minimum Off Time					120		ns	
Output Discharge Switch On Resistance					1.8		kΩ	

- Note 1. Stresses beyond those listed "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions may affect device reliability.
- Note 2. θ_{JA} is measured at $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ on a high effective thermal conductivity four-layer test board per JEDEC 51-7. The first layer of copper area is filled. θ_{JC} is measured at the top of the package.
- Note 3. Devices are ESD sensitive. Handling precaution recommended.
- Note 4. The device is not guaranteed to function outside its operating conditions.



Typical Application Circuit



*For TSOT-23-6 Package Only

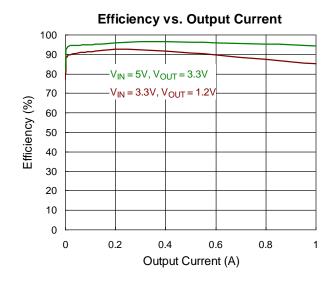
*CFF: Optional for performance fine-tune

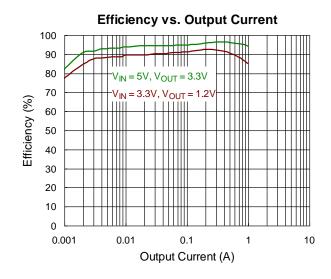
Table 1. Suggested Component Values

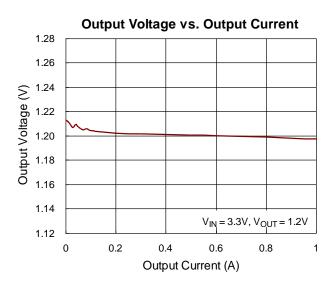
V _{OUT} (V)	R1 (kΩ)	R2 (k Ω)	L (μ H)	C _{OUT} (μF)
3.3	90	20	1 to 3.3	10
1.8	100	50	1 to 3.3	10
1.5	100	66.6	1 to 3.3	10
1.2	100	100	1 to 3.3	10
1.05	100	133	1 to 3.3	10
1	100	148	1 to 3.3	10

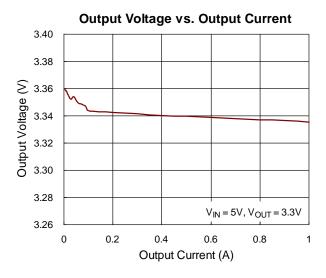


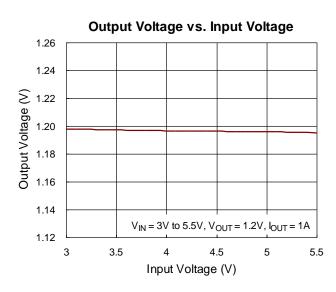
Typical Operating Characteristics

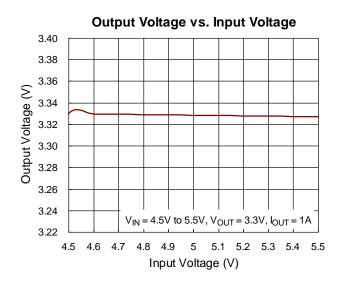




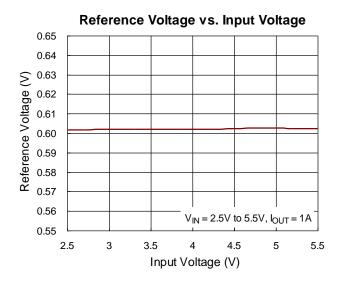


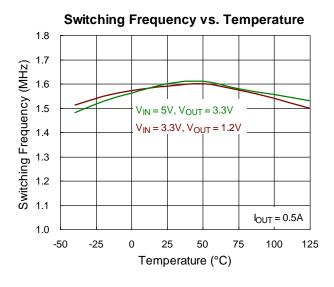


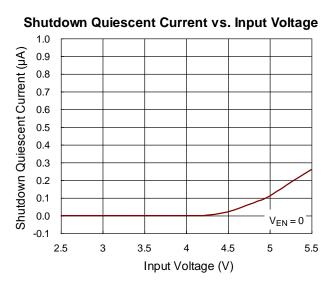


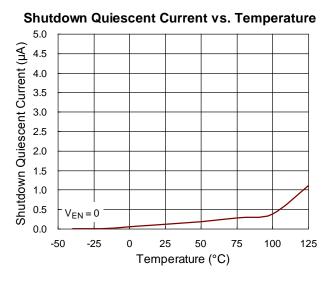


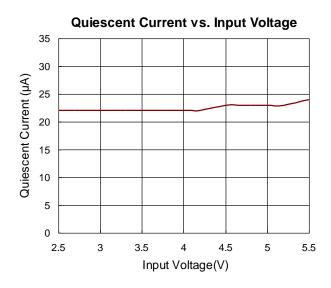


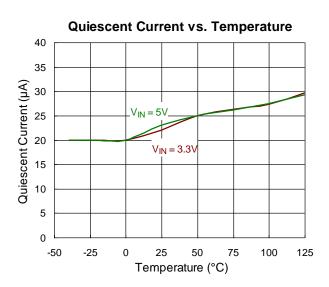








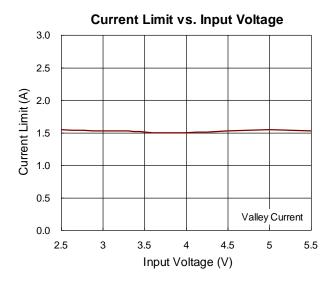


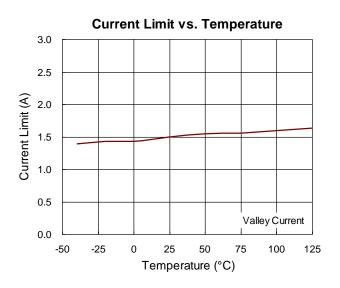


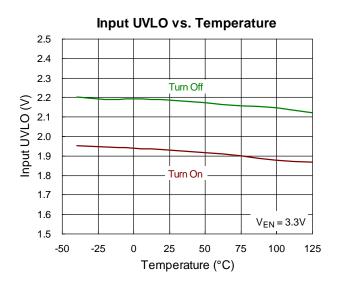
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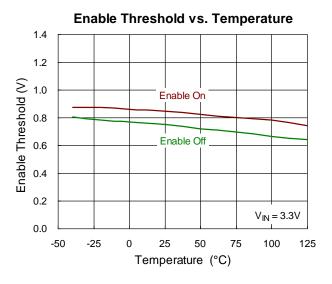
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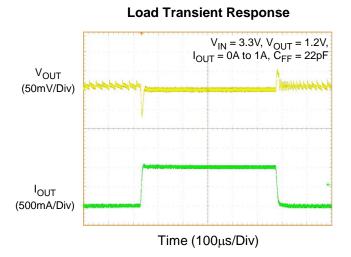


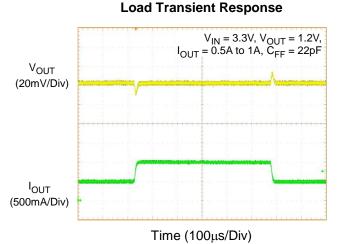






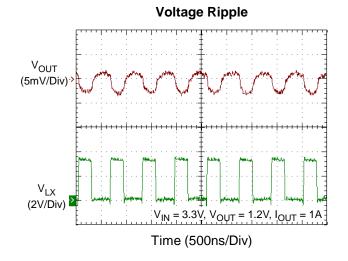


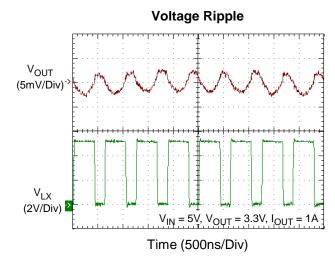


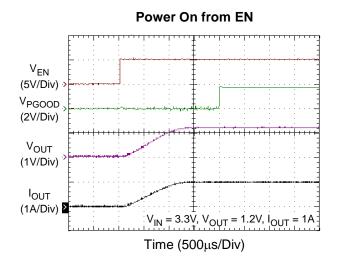


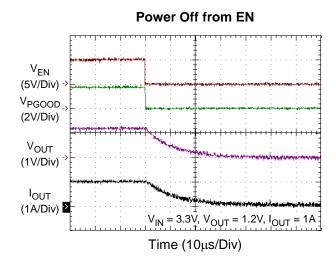
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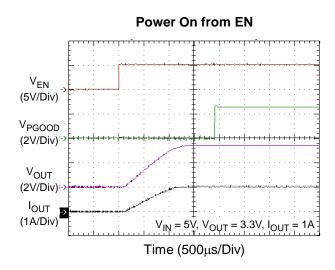


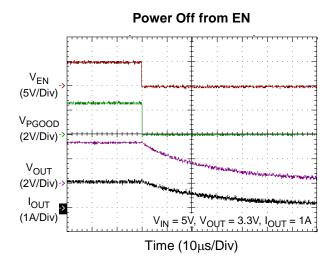














Application Information

The RT8096C is a single-phase step-down converter. It provides single feedback loop, constant on-time current mode control with fast transient response. An internal 0.6V reference allows the output voltage to be precisely regulated for low output voltage applications. A fixed switching frequency (1.5MHz) oscillator and internal compensation are integrated to minimize external component count. Protection features include over current protection, under voltage protection and over temperature protection.

Output Voltage Setting

Connect a resistive voltage divider at the FB between V_{OUT} and GND to adjust the output voltage. The output voltage is set according to the following equation :

$$V_{OUT} = V_{REF} \times \left(1 + \frac{R1}{R2}\right)$$

where V_{REF} is the feedback reference voltage 0.6V (typ.).

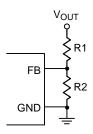


Figure 1. Setting VouT with a Voltage Divider

Chip Enable and Disable

The EN pin allows for power sequencing between the controller bias voltage and another voltage rail. The RT8096C remains in shutdown if the EN pin is lower than 400mV. When the EN pin rises above the V_{EN} trip point, the RT8096C begins a new initialization and soft-start cycle.

Internal Soft-Start

The RT8096C provides an internal soft-start function to prevent large inrush current and output voltage overshoot when the converter starts up. The soft-start (SS) automatically begins once the chip is enabled. During soft-start, the internal soft-start capacitor becomes charged and generates a linear ramping up voltage across the capacitor. This voltage clamps the

voltage at the FB pin, causing PWM pulse width to increase slowly and in turn reduce the input surge current. The internal 0.6V reference takes over the loop control once the internal ramping-up voltage becomes higher than 0.6V.

UVLO Protection

The RT8096C has input Under Voltage Lockout protection (UVLO). If the input voltage exceeds the UVLO rising threshold voltage (2.25V typ.), the converter resets and prepares the PWM for operation. If the input voltage falls below the UVLO falling threshold voltage during normal operation, the device will stop switching. The UVLO rising and falling threshold voltage has a hysteresis to prevent noise-caused reset.

Inductor Selection

The switching frequency (on-time) and operating point (% ripple or LIR) determine the inductor value as shown below:

$$L = \frac{V_{OUT} \times (V_{IN} - V_{OUT})}{f_{SW} \times LIR \times I_{LOAD(MAX)} \times V_{IN}}$$

where LIR is the ratio of the peak-to-peak ripple current to the average inductor current.

Find a low loss inductor having the lowest possible DC resistance that fits in the allotted dimensions. The core must be large enough not to saturate at the peak inductor current (IPEAK):

$$I_{PEAK} = I_{LOAD(MAX)} + \left(\frac{LIR}{2} \times I_{LOAD(MAX)}\right)$$

The calculation above serves as a general reference. To further improve transient response, the output inductor can be further reduced. This relation should be considered along with the selection of the output capacitor.

Inductor saturation current should be chosen over IC's current limit.



Input Capacitor Selection

High quality ceramic input decoupling capacitor, such as X5R or X7R, with values greater than $10\mu F$ are recommended for the input capacitor. The X5R and X7R ceramic capacitors are usually selected for power regulator capacitors because the dielectric material has less capacitance variation and more temperature stability.

Voltage rating and current rating are the key parameters when selecting an input capacitor. Generally, selecting an input capacitor with voltage rating 1.5 times greater than the maximum input voltage is a conservatively safe design.

The input capacitor is used to supply the input RMS current, which can be approximately calculated using the following equation:

$$I_{IN_RMS} = I_{LOAD} \times \sqrt{\frac{V_{OUT}}{V_{IN}} \times \left(1 - \frac{V_{OUT}}{V_{IN}}\right)}$$

The next step is selecting a proper capacitor for RMS current rating. One good design uses more than one capacitor with low equivalent series resistance (ESR) in parallel to form a capacitor bank.

The input capacitance value determines the input ripple voltage of the regulator. The input voltage ripple can be approximately calculated using the following equation:

$$\Delta V_{IN} = \frac{I_{OUT(MAX)}}{C_{IN} \times f_{SW}} \times \frac{V_{OUT}}{V_{IN}} \times \left(1 - \frac{V_{OUT}}{V_{IN}}\right)$$

Output Capacitor Selection

The output capacitor and the inductor form a low pass filter in the Buck topology. In steady state condition, the ripple current flowing into/out of the capacitor results in ripple voltage. The output voltage ripple (V_{P-P}) can be calculated by the following equation:

$$V_{P_P} = LIR \times I_{LOAD(MAX)} \times \left(ESR + \frac{1}{8 \times C_{OUT} \times f_{SW}}\right)$$

When load transient occurs, the output capacitor supplies the load current before the controller can respond. Therefore, the ESR will dominate the output voltage sag during load transient. The output voltage undershoot (V_{SAG}) can be calculated by the following equation :

 $V_{SAG} = \Delta I_{LOAD} \times ESR$

For a given output voltage sag specification, the ESR value can be determined.

Another parameter that has influence on the output voltage sag is the equivalent series inductance (ESL). The rapid change in load current results in di/dt during transient. Therefore, the ESL contributes to part of the voltage sag. Using a capacitor with low ESL can obtain better transient performance. Generally, using several capacitors connected in parallel can have better transient performance than using a single capacitor for the same total ESR.

Thermal Considerations

For continuous operation, do not exceed absolute maximum junction temperature. The maximum power dissipation depends on the thermal resistance of the IC package, PCB layout, rate of surrounding airflow, and difference between junction and ambient temperature. The maximum power dissipation can be calculated by the following formula:

$$P_{D(MAX)} = (T_{J(MAX)} - T_A) / \theta_{JA}$$

where $T_{J(MAX)}$ is the maximum junction temperature, T_A is the ambient temperature, and θ_{JA} is the junction to ambient thermal resistance.

For recommended operating condition specifications, the maximum junction temperature is 125°C. The junction to ambient thermal resistance, θ_{JA} , is layout dependent. For TSOT-23-5 package, the thermal resistance, θ_{JA} , is 230.6°C/W on a standard four-layer thermal test board. For TSOT-23-6 package, the thermal resistance, θ_{JA} , is 197.4°C/W on a standard four-layer thermal test board. The maximum power dissipation at $T_A=25^{\circ}C$ can be calculated by the following formula :

 $P_{D(MAX)} = (125^{\circ}C - 25^{\circ}C) / (230.6^{\circ}C/W) = 0.43W$ for TSOT-23-5 package

$$P_{D(MAX)} = (125^{\circ}C - 25^{\circ}C) / (197.4^{\circ}C/W) = 0.5W$$
 for TSOT-23-6 package

The maximum power dissipation depends on the operating ambient temperature for fixed $T_{J(MAX)}$ and thermal resistance, θ_{JA} . The derating curve in Figure 2 allows the designer to see the effect of rising ambient temperature on the maximum power dissipation.



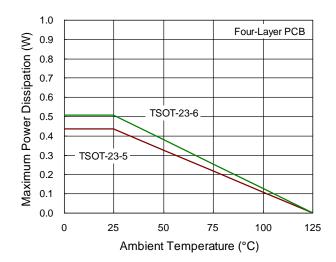
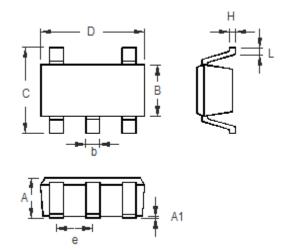


Figure 2. Derating Curve of Maximum Power Dissipation



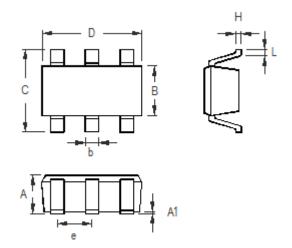
Outline Dimension



Symbol	Dimensions Ir	n Millimeters	Dimensions In Inches		
	Min	Max	Min	Max	
А	0.700	1.000	0.028	0.039	
A1	0.000	0.100	0.000	0.004	
В	1.397	1.803	0.055	0.071	
b	0.300	0.559	0.012	0.022	
С	2.591	3.000	0.102	0.118	
D	2.692	3.099	0.106	0.122	
е	0.838	1.041	0.033	0.041	
Н	0.080	0.254	0.003	0.010	
L	0.300	0.610	0.012	0.024	

TSOT-23-5 Surface Mount Package





Symbol	Dimensions Ir	n Millimeters	Dimensions In Inches		
	Min	Max	Min	Max	
А	0.700	1.000	0.028	0.039	
A1	0.000	0.100	0.000	0.004	
В	1.397	1.803	0.055	0.071	
b	0.300	0.559	0.012	0.022	
С	2.591	3.000	0.102	0.118	
D	2.692	3.099	0.106	0.122	
е	0.838	1.041	0.033	0.041	
Н	0.080	0.254	0.003	0.010	
L	0.300	0.610	0.012	0.024	

TSOT-23-6 Surface Mount Package

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