3 Vdc - 14.4 Vdc Input, 0.45 Vdc - 5.5 Vdc /12 A Outputs



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Bel Power Inc., a subsidiary of Bel Fuse Inc.

SLDN-12D1Ax

## **RoHS Compliant**

Rev.B

#### **Features**

- Non-Isolated
- Power Good signal
- Remote On/Off
- Overtemperature protection
- Wide Input voltage range (3Vdc-14.4Vdc)
- Cost efficient open frame design
- Ability to sink and source current
- DOSA based
- Compliant to IPC-9592 (September 2008), Category 2, Class II
- Compliant to RoHS EU Directive 2002/95/EC
- Compatible in a Pb-free or SnPb reflow environment
- Output voltage programmable from 0.6Vdc to 5.5Vdc via external resistor.
   Digitally adjustable down to 0.45Vdc
- Digital interface through the PMBus<sup>TM</sup> protocol
- Tunable Loop<sup>TM</sup> to op timize dynamic output voltage response
- Flexible output voltage sequencing EZ-SEQUENCE
- Fixed switching frequency with capability of external synchronization
- Output overcurrent protection (non-latching)
- Wide operating temperature range [-40°C to 85°C]
- UL60950-1 Recognized (UL/cUL) (Pending)
- ISO 9001 and ISO 14001 certified manufacturing facilities

#### **Applications**

- Distributed power architectures
- Intermediate bus voltage applications
- Telecommunications equipment
- Servers and storage applications
- Networking equipment
- Industrial equipment



#### **Description**

The SLDN-12D1Ax power modules are non-isolated dc-dc converters that can deliver up to 12A of output current. These modules operate over a wide range of input voltage ( $V_{IN} = 3Vdc-14.4Vdc$ ) and provide a precisely regulated output voltage from 0.45Vdc to 5.5Vdc, programmable via an external resistor and PMBus control. Features include a digital interface using the PMBus protocol, remote On/Off, adjustable output voltage, over current and overtemperature protection. The PMBus interface supports a range of commands to both control and monitor the module. The module also includes the Tunable Loop  $^{TM}$  feature that allows the user to optimize the dynamic response of the converter to match the load with reduced amount of output capacitance leading to savings on cost and PWB area.

#### **Part Selection**

Output Voltage	Input Voltage	Max. Output Current			Model Number Active High	Model Number Active Low
0.45 - 5.5 Vdc	3 - 14.4 Vdc	12 A	60W	95.4%	SLDN-12D1A0	SLDN-12D1AL

Notes: Add "G" suffix at the end of the model number to indicate Tray Packaging.

3 Vdc - 14.4 Vdc Input, 0.45 Vdc - 5.5 Vdc /12 A Outputs



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#### **Part Number Explanation**

 $\frac{S}{1} \frac{LDN}{2} - \frac{12}{3} \frac{D}{4} \frac{1A}{5} \frac{0}{6}$ 

1---Surface mount

2---Series code

3---Output current (12A)

4--- Wide input voltage range (3-14.4V)

5--- With sequencing

6---Enable, active high, change "0" to "L"

means active low

## **Absolute Maximum Ratings**

Parameter	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Notes
Continuous Input Voltage	-0.3	-	15	V	
Voltage on SEQ ,SYNC,VS+ terminal	-	-	7	V	
Voltage on CLK,DATA,SMBALERT terminal	-	-	3.6	V	
Operating Ambient Temperature	-40	T <sub>A</sub>	85	°C	
Storage Temperature	-55	T <sub>stg</sub>	125	°C	

**Note:** Stresses in excess of the absolute maximum ratings can cause permanent damage to the device. These are absolute stress ratings only, functional operation of the device is not implied at these or any other conditions in excess of those given in the operations sections of the data sheet. Exposure to absolute maximum ratings for extended periods can adversely affect the device reliability.

**Input Specifications** 

Parameter	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Notes		
Operating Input Voltage	3	-	14.4	V			
Input Current (full load)	-	-	9	А	V <sub>IN</sub> =3V to 14.4V		
Input Current (no load)	-	52	-	mA	$V_{O,set} = 0.6 \text{ Vdc}$	$V_{IN} = 12Vdc, I_O = 0,$	
Input Current (no load)	-	85	-	mA	V <sub>O,set</sub> = 5 Vdc	module enabled	
Input Stand-by Current	-	6.5	-	mA	V <sub>IN</sub> = 12V, module disabled		
Input Reflected Ripple Current (pk-pk)	-	400	-	mA	5Hz to 20MHz, 1µH source impedance; V <sub>IN</sub> =0 to 14V, I <sub>O</sub> = I <sub>Omax</sub>		
I <sup>2</sup> t Inrush Current Transient	-	-	1	A <sup>2</sup> s			
Input Ripple Rejection (120Hz)	-	-55	-	dB			

#### CAUTION: This converter is not internally fused. An input line fuse must be used in application.

This power module can be used in a wide variety of applications, ranging from simple standalone operation to an integrated part of sophisticated power architecture. To preserve maximum flexibility, internal fusing is not included; however, to achieve maximum safety and system protection, always use an input line fuse. The safety agencies require a fast-acting fuse with a maximum rating of 15A. Based on the information provided in this data sheet on inrush energy and maximum dc input current, the same type of fuse with a lower rating can be used. Refer to the fuse manufacturer's data sheet for further information.

**Note:** Unless otherwise indicated, specifications apply over all operating input voltage, resistive load, and temperature conditions.

3 Vdc - 14.4 Vdc Input, 0.45 Vdc - 5.5 Vdc /12 A Outputs



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**Output Specifications** 

Parameter	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Notes
Output Voltage Set Point	-1.0	-	+1.0	%V <sub>o,set</sub>	with 0.1% tolerance for external resistor used to set output voltage
Output Voltage	-3.0	-	+3.0	%V <sub>o,set</sub>	Over all operating input voltage, resistive load, and temperature conditions until end of life
Output Voltage Range	-25	0	+25	%V <sub>o,set</sub>	
Output Voltage Adjustment Step Size	-	0.4	-	%V <sub>o,set</sub>	
Adjustment Range	0.6	-	5.5	V	Some output voltages may not be possible depending on the input voltage – see Feature Descriptions Section
Remote Sense Range	-	-	0.5	V	
Load Regulation VO ≥ 2.5V VO < 2.5V	-		10 10	mV mV	I <sub>O</sub> =I <sub>O, min</sub> to I <sub>O, max</sub>
Line Regulation VO ≥ 2.5V VO < 2.5V	-		0.4 5	%V <sub>o,set</sub> mV	V <sub>IN</sub> =V <sub>IN, min</sub> to V <sub>IN, max</sub>
Temperature Regulation (Tref=T <sub>A, min</sub> to T <sub>A, max</sub> )	-	-	0.4	%V <sub>o,set</sub>	T <sub>ref</sub> =T <sub>A, min</sub> to T <sub>A, max</sub>
Ripple and Noise (pk-pk)	-	50	100	mV	5Hz to 20MHz BW, V <sub>IN</sub> =V <sub>IN, nom</sub> and I <sub>O</sub> =I <sub>O, min</sub> to
Ripple and Noise (rms)	-	20	38	mV	$I_{O, max}$ Co = 0.1 $\mu$ F // 22 $\mu$ F ceramic capacitors)
Output Short-Circuit Current	-	0.92	-	Α	Vo≤250mV, Hiccup Mode
Output Capacitance2 ESR≥ 1 mΩ ESR≥0.15 mΩ ESR≥ 10 mΩ	22 22 22	- - -	47 1000 5000	uF uF uF	Without the Tunable Loop <sup>TM</sup> With the Tunable Loop <sup>TM</sup> With the Tunable Loop <sup>TM</sup>
Output Current	0	-	12	Α	In either sink or source mode
Output Current Limit Inception	-	130	-	% I <sub>o,max</sub>	Current limit does not operate in sink mode
Turn-On Delay and Rise	-	1.1	-	msec	Case 1: On/Off input is enabled and then input power is applied (delay from instant at which $V_{IN} = V_{IN}$ , min until $V_{O} = 10\%$ of Vo, set )
Times $(V_{IN}=V_{IN, nom}, I_O=I_{O, max}, V_O \text{ to within } \pm 1\% \text{ of steady state})$	-	700	-	μsec	Case 2: Input power is applied for at least one second and then the On/Off input is enabled (delay from instant at which Von/Off is enabled until Vo = 10% of Vo, set)
Output voltage Rise time	-	3.1	-	msec	time for Vo to rise from 10% of $V_{O}$ , set to 90% of $V_{O,set}$

- Notes: 1. Some output voltages may not be possible depending on the input voltage.
  2. External capacitors may require using the new Tunable Loop TM feature to ensure that the module is stable as well as getting the best transient response (See the Tunable Loop™ section for details).
  - 3. Unless otherwise indicated, specifications apply over all operating input voltage, resistive load, and temperature conditions.

3 Vdc - 14.4 Vdc Input, 0.45 Vdc - 5.5 Vdc /12 A Outputs



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# **General Specifications**

Parameter	Mir	1	Тур	Max	Unit	Notes
Efficiency						
Vo=			76.4	-	%	
Vo= Vo=			86.0 89.9	-	% %	V <sub>in</sub> = 12Vdc, T <sub>A</sub> =25°C
V0= V0=			92.2	-	% %	$I_o=I_{o, max}$ , $Vo=V_{o, set}$
Vo=:			93.6	-	%	
Vo=	5.0V -		95.4	-	%	
Switching Frequency	-		600	-	kHz	
Over Temperature Protection	-		150	-	°C	
Tracking Accuracy						Vin, min to Vin, max; Io, min to Io, max,
Power-Up: 2\			V <sub>SEQ</sub> -V <sub>o</sub>	100	mV	$V_{SEQ} < V_{o}$
Power-Down: 2\	//ms -		V <sub>SEQ</sub> -V <sub>o</sub>	100	mV	- SEQ - TO
PGOOD (Power Good) Overvoltage threshold for PGOOD ON			108		0/1/	
Overvoltage threshold for PGOOD ON Overvoltage threshold for PGOOD OFF			108	-	%V <sub>O, set</sub> %V <sub>O, set</sub>	
Undervoltage threshold for PGOOD ON			92	-	%V <sub>O, set</sub>	Signal Interface Open Drain,
Undervoltage threshold for PGOOD OF			90	_	%V <sub>O, set</sub>	Vsupply ≤ 5Vdc
Pulldown resistance of PGOOD pin	·   -		-	50	Ω	
Sink current capability into PGOOD pin	<b>-</b>		-	5	mA	
Weight	-		2.23	-	g	
МТВГ		21,774,843			hours	Calculated MTBF (I <sub>O</sub> =0.8I <sub>O, max</sub> , T <sub>A</sub> =40°C) Telecordia Issue 2 Method 1 Case 3
Dimensions						
Inches (L $\times$ W Millimeters (L $\times$ W		0.48 x 0.48 x 0.335 12.2 x 12.2 x 8.5			-	
Frequency Synchronization	·					1
Synchronization Frequency Range	510		-	720	KHz	
High-Level Input Voltage	2.0		-	-	V	
Low-Level Input Voltage	-		-	0.4	V	
Input Current, SYNC	-		-	100	mA	
Minimum Pulse Width, SYNC	100		-	-	nS	
Minimum Setup/Hold Time, SYNC	100		-	-	nS	

**Note**: Unless otherwise indicated, specifications apply over all operating input voltage, resistive load, and temperature conditions.

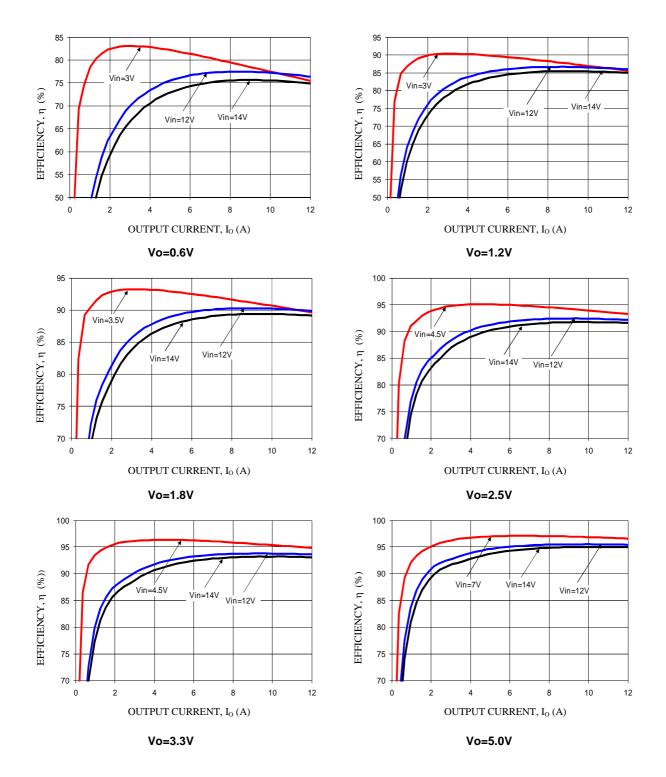
3 Vdc - 14.4 Vdc Input, 0.45 Vdc - 5.5 Vdc /12 A Outputs



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## **Efficiency Data**

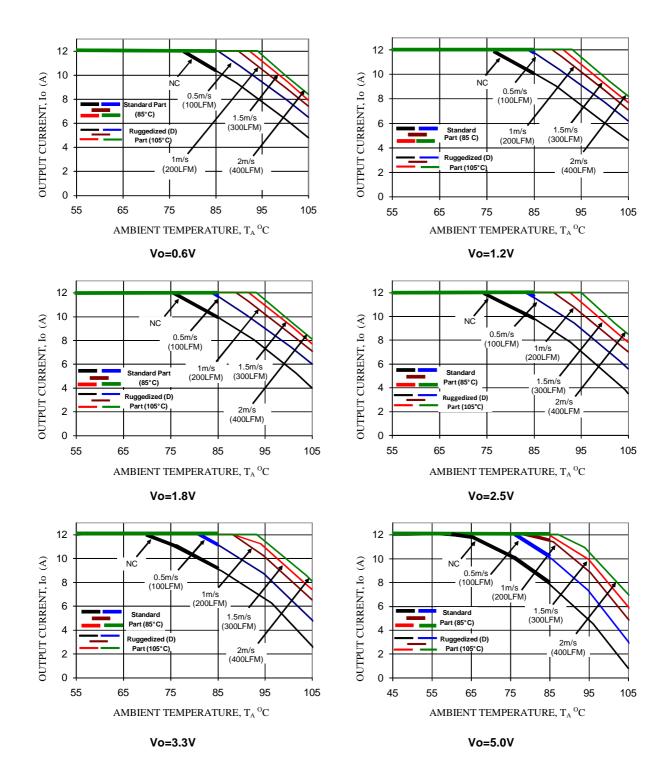


3 Vdc - 14.4 Vdc Input, 0.45 Vdc - 5.5 Vdc /12 A Outputs



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Thermal Derating Curves

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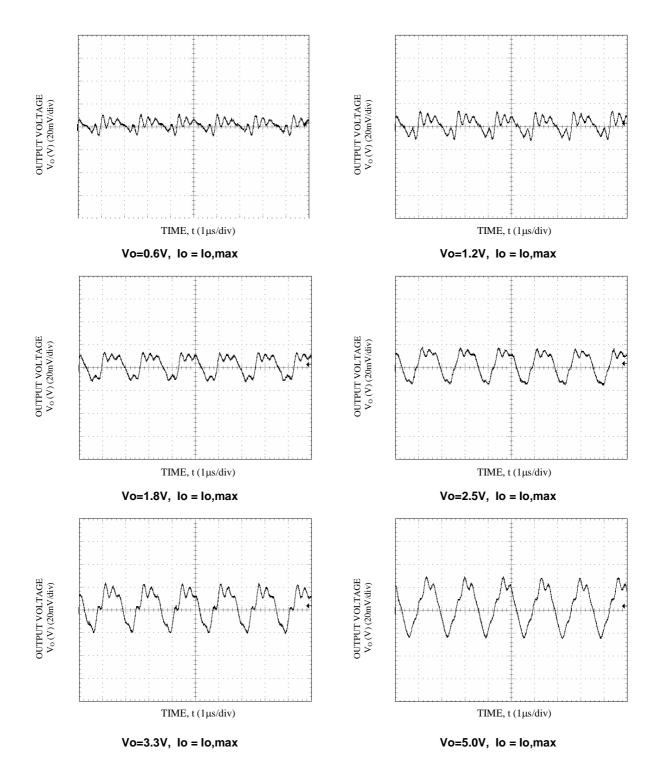


3 Vdc - 14.4 Vdc Input, 0.45 Vdc - 5.5 Vdc /12 A Outputs



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Output ripple and Noise Waveforms

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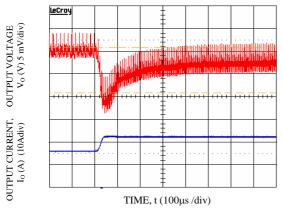
3 Vdc - 14.4 Vdc Input, 0.45 Vdc - 5.5 Vdc /12 A Outputs



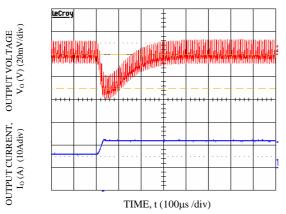
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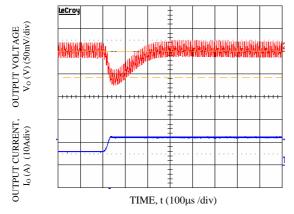
## **Transient Response Waveforms**



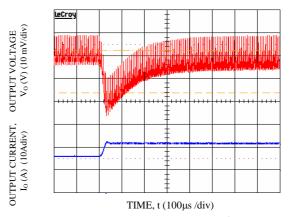
Transient Response to Dynamic Load Change from 50% to 100%. Vo=0.6V



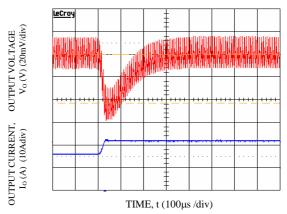
Transient Response to Dynamic Load Change from 50% to 100%. Vo=1.8V



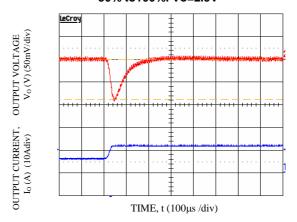
Transient Response to Dynamic Load Change from 50% to 100%. Vo=3.3V



Transient Response to Dynamic Load Change from 50% to100%. Vo=1.2V



Transient Response to Dynamic Load Change from 50% to100%. Vo=2.5V

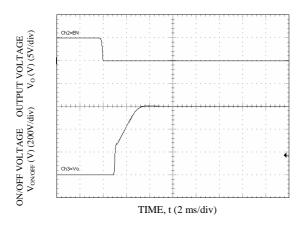


Transient Response to Dynamic Load Change from 50% to 100%. Vo=5.0V

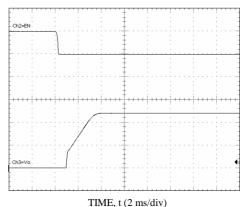
3 Vdc - 14.4 Vdc Input, 0.45 Vdc - 5.5 Vdc /12 A Outputs



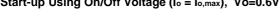
Oct. 11,2012 **Startup Time**  Bel Power Inc., a subsidiary of Bel Fuse Inc.

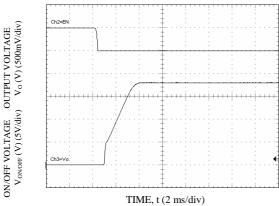


OUTPUT VOLTAGE  $V_{O}(V)$  (500mV/div) V<sub>ON/OFF</sub> (V) (5V/div) ON/OFF VOLTAGE

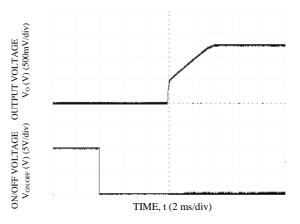


Start-up Using On/Off Voltage (Io = Io,max), Vo=0.6V

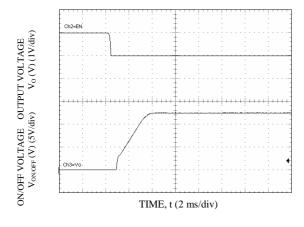




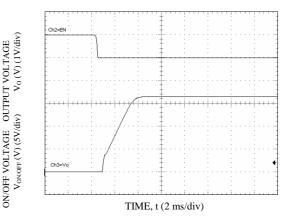
Start-up Using On/Off Voltage (Io = Io,max), Vo=1.2V



Start-up Using On/Off Voltage (Io = Io,max), Vo=1.8V



Start-up Using On/Off Voltage (Io = Io,max), Vo=2.5V



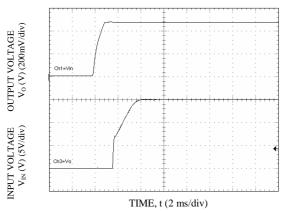
Start-up Using On/Off Voltage (Io = Io,max), Vo=3.3V

Start-up Using On/Off Voltage (Io = Io,max), Vo=5.0V

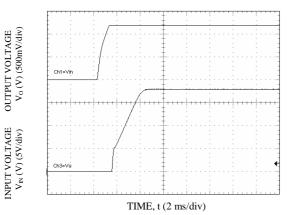
3 Vdc - 14.4 Vdc Input, 0.45 Vdc - 5.5 Vdc /12 A Outputs



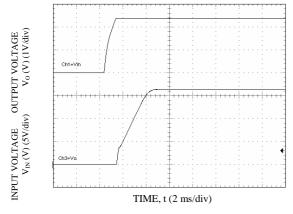
Oct. 11,2012 Startup Time (continued) Bel Power Inc., a subsidiary of Bel Fuse Inc.



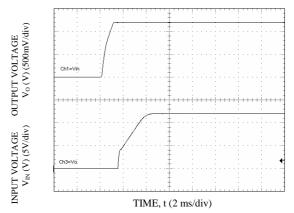
Start-up Using Input Voltage ( $V_{IN} = 12V$ ,  $I_0 = I_{o,max}$ ), Vo=0.60V



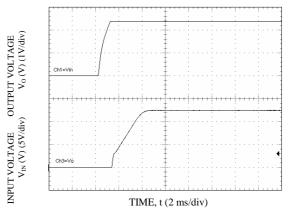
Start-up Using Input Voltage ( $V_{IN} = 12V$ ,  $I_0 = I_{o,max}$ ),  $V_{o}=1.8V$ 



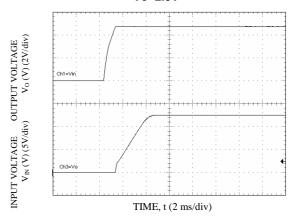
Start-up Using Input Voltage ( $V_{IN} = 12V$ ,  $I_0 = I_{o,max}$ ),  $V_0=3.3V$ 



Start-up Using Input Voltage ( $V_{IN} = 12V$ ,  $I_0 = I_{o,max}$ ),  $V_0=1.2V$ 



Start-up Using Input Voltage ( $V_{IN} = 12V$ ,  $I_o = I_{o,max}$ ),  $V_{o}=2.5V$ 



Start-up Using Input Voltage ( $V_{IN} = 12V$ ,  $I_o = I_{o,max}$ ),  $V_{o}=5.0V$ 

3 Vdc - 14.4 Vdc Input, 0.45 Vdc - 5.5 Vdc /12 A Outputs



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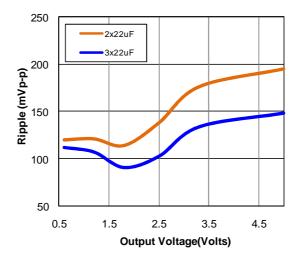
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## **Input Filtering**

The SLDN-12D1Ax module should be connected to a low ac-impedance source. A highly inductive source can affect the stability of the module. An input capacitance must be placed directly adjacent to the input pin of the module, to minimize input ripple voltage and ensure module stability.

To minimize input voltage ripple, ceramic capacitors are recommended at the input of the module. Figure 37 shows the input ripple voltage for various output voltages at 12A of load current with 2x22  $\mu$ F or 3x22  $\mu$ F ceramic capacitors and an input of 12V.

Figure 37



**Note:** Input ripple voltage for various output voltages with  $2x22 \mu F$  or  $3x22 \mu F$  ceramic capacitors at the input (12A load). Input voltage is 12V.

## **Output Filtering**

These modules are designed for low output ripple voltage and will meet the maximum output ripple specification with 0.1  $\mu$ F ceramic and 22  $\mu$ F ceramic capacitors at the output of the module. However, additional output filtering may be required by the system designer for a number of reasons. First, there may be a need to further reduce the output ripple and noise of the module. Second, the dynamic response characteristics may need to be customized to a particular load step change.

To reduce the output ripple and improve the dynamic response to a step load change, additional capacitance at the output can be used. Low ESR polymer and ceramic capacitors are recommended to improve the dynamic response of the module. Figure 38 provides output ripple information for different external capacitance values at various  $V_o$  and a full load current of 12A. For stable operation of the module, limit the capacitance to less than the maximum output capacitance as specified in the electrical specification table. Optimal performance of the module can be achieved by using the Tunable Loop<sup>TM</sup> feature described later in this data sheet.

3 Vdc - 14.4 Vdc Input, 0.45 Vdc - 5.5 Vdc /12 A Outputs

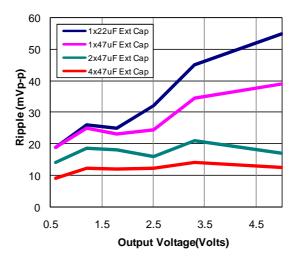


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## **Output Filtering (continued)**

Figure 38



**Note:** Output ripple voltage for various output voltages with external 1x10 μF, 1x47 μF, 2x47 μF or 4x47 μF ceramic capacitors at the output (12A load). Input voltage is 12V.

## **Safety Considerations**

For safety agency approval the power module must be installed in compliance with the spacing and separation requirements of the end-use safety agency standards, i.e., UL 60950-1 2nd, CSA C22.2 No. 60950-1-07, DIN EN 60950-1:2006 + A11 (VDE0805 Teil 1 + A11):2009-11; EN 60950-1:2006 + A11:2009-03.

For the converter output to be considered meeting the requirements of safety extra-low voltage (SELV), the input must meet SELV requirements. The power module has extra-low voltage (ELV) outputs when all inputs are ELV. The input to these units is to be provided with a slow-blow fuse with a maximum rating of 15 A in the positive input lead.

3 Vdc - 14.4 Vdc Input, 0.45 Vdc - 5.5 Vdc /12 A Outputs



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# **Analog Feature Descriptions**Remote On/Off

Parameter	Parameter		Тур	Max	Unit	Notes
Signal Low (Unit On)	Active Low	- 0.2	-	0.6	V	The remote on/off pin open, Unit on.
Signal High (Unit Off)	Active Low	2.0	-	$V_{in,max}$	V	The remote on/on pin open, onit on.
Signal Low (Unit Off)	Active High	- 0.2	-	0.6	V	The remote on/off pin open, Unit on.
Signal High (Unit On)	Active High	2.0	-	$V_{in,max}$	V	The remote on/on pin open, onit on.

The SLDN-12D1Ax module can be turned ON and OFF either by using the ON/OFF pin (Analog interface) or through the PMBus interface (Digital). The module can be configured in a number of ways through the PMBus interface to react to the two ON/OFF inputs:

- Module ON/OFF can be controlled only through the analog interface (digital interface ON/OFF commands are ignored)
- Module ON/OFF can be controlled only through the PMBus interface (analog interface is ignored)
- Module ON/OFF can be controlled by either the analog or digital interface

The default state of the module (as shipped from the factory) is to be controlled by the analog interface only. If the digital interface is to be enabled, or the module is to be controlled only through the digital interface, this change must be made through the PMBus. These changes can be made and written to non-volatile memory on the module so that it is remembered for subsequent use.

#### **Analog On/Off**

The SLDN-12D1Ax power modules feature an On/Off pin for remote On/Off operation. Two On/Off logic options are available. In the Positive Logic On/Off option, (device code suffix "0" – see Ordering Information), the module turns ON during a logic High on the On/Off pin and turns OFF during a logic Low. With the Negative Logic On/Off option, (device code suffix "L" – see Ordering Information), the module turns OFF during logic High and ON during logic Low. The On/Off signal should be always referenced to ground. For either On/Off logic option, leaving the On/Off pin disconnected will turn the module ON when input voltage is present.

For positive logic modules, the circuit configuration for using the On/Off pin is shown in Figure 39. When the external transistor Q2 is in the OFF state, the internal transistor Q1 is turned ON, and the internal PWM #Enable signal is pulled low causing the module to be ON. When transistor Q2 is turned ON, the On/Off pin is pulled low and the module is OFF. A suggested value for  $R_{\text{pullup}}$  is  $20 \text{k}\Omega$ .

For negative logic On/Off modules, the circuit configuration is shown in Fig. 40. The On/Off pin should be pulled high with an external pull-up resistor (suggested value for the 3V to 14V input range is 20Kohms). When transistor Q2 is in the OFF state, the On/Off pin is pulled high, transistor Q1 is turned ON and the module is OFF. To turn the module ON, Q2 is turned ON pulling the On/Off pin low, turning transistor Q1 OFF resulting in the PWM Enable pin going high.

3 Vdc - 14.4 Vdc Input, 0.45 Vdc - 5.5 Vdc /12 A Outputs



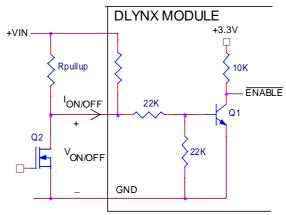
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#### **Digital On/Off**

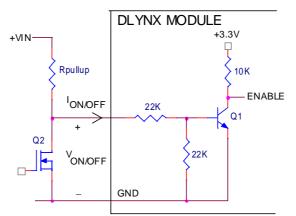
Please see the Digital Feature Descriptions section.

Figure 39



Circuit configuration for using positive On/Off logic

Figure 40



Circuit configuration for using negative On/Off logic

## **Monotonic Start-up and Shutdown**

The SLDN-12D1Ax module has monotonic start-up and shutdown behavior for any combination of rated input voltage, output current and operating temperature range.

## **Startup into Pre-biased Output**

The SLDN-12D1Ax module can start into a prebiased output as long as the prebias voltage is 0.5V less than the set output voltage.

3 Vdc - 14.4 Vdc Input, 0.45 Vdc - 5.5 Vdc /12 A Outputs



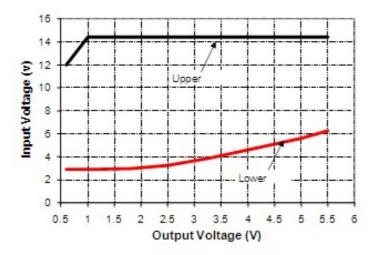
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## **Output Voltage Programming**

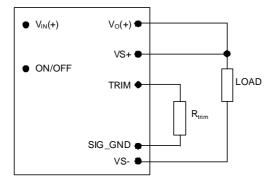
The output voltage of the module is programmable to any voltage from 0.6dc to 5.5Vdc by connecting a resistor between the Trim and SIG\_GND pins of the module. Certain restrictions apply on the output voltage set point depending on the input voltage. These are shown in the Output Voltage vs. Input Voltage Set Point Area plot in Fig. 41. The Upper Limit curve shows that for output voltages lower than 1V, the input voltage must be lower than the maximum of 14.4V. The Lower Limit curve shows that for output voltages higher than 0.6V, the input voltage needs to be larger than the minimum of 3V.

Figure 41



Output Voltage vs. Input Voltage Set Point Area plot showing limits where the output voltage can be set for different input voltages.

Figure 42



Circuit configuration for programming output voltage using an external resistor.

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## **Output Voltage Programming(continued)**

Without an external resistor between Trim and SIG\_GND pins, the output of the module will be 0.6Vdc.To calculate the value of the trim resistor, *Rtrim* for a desired output voltage, should be as per the following equation:

$$Rtrim = \left[\frac{12}{(Vo - 0.6)}\right] k\Omega$$

Rtrim is the external resistor in  $k\Omega$   $V_o$  is the desired output voltage.

Table 1 provides Rtrim values required for some common output voltages.

Table1

V <sub>O, set</sub> (V)	Rtrim (KΩ)
0.6	Open
0.9	40
1.0	30
1.2	20
1.5	13.33
1.8	10
2.5	6.316
3.3	4.444
5.0	2.727

By using a  $\pm 0.5\%$  tolerance trim resistor with a TC of  $\pm 100$ ppm, a set point tolerance of  $\pm 1.5\%$  can be achieved as specified in the electrical specification.

#### **Remote Sense**

The SLDN-12D1Ax power modules has a Remote Sense feature to minimize the effects of distribution losses by regulating the voltage between the sense pins (VS+ and VS-). The voltage drop between the sense pins and the VOUT and GND pins of the module should not exceed 0.5V.

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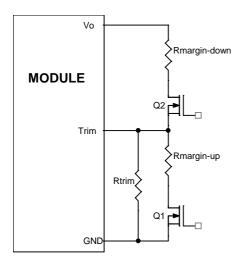
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## **Analog Voltage Margining**

Output voltage margining can be implemented in the SLIN-12E2Ax modules by connecting a resistor,  $R_{\text{margin-up}}$ , from the Trim pin to the ground pin for margining-up the output voltage and by connecting a resistor,  $R_{\text{margin-down}}$ , from the Trim pin to output pin for margining-down.

Figure 43



Circuit Configuration for margining Output voltage

#### **Digital Output Voltage Margining**

Please see the Digital Feature Descriptions section.

## **Output Voltage Sequencing**

The SLDN-12D1Ax module includes a sequencing feature, EZ-SEQUENCE that enables users to implement various types of output voltage sequencing in their applications. This is accomplished via an additional sequencing pin. When not using the sequencing feature, leave it unconnected.

The voltage applied to the SEQ pin should be scaled down by the same ratio as used to scale the output voltage down to the reference voltage of the module. This is accomplished by an external resistive divider connected across the sequencing voltage before it is fed to the SEQ pin as shown in Fig. 44. In addition, a small capacitor (suggested value 100pF) should be connected across the lower resistor R1.

For all Bel modules, the minimum recommended delay between the ON/OFF signal and the sequencing signal is 10ms to ensure that the module output is ramped up according to the sequencing signal. This ensures that the module soft-start routine is completed before the sequencing signal is allowed to ramp up.

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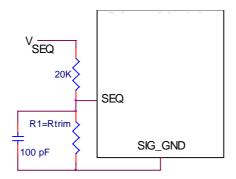


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## **Output Voltage Sequencing (continued)**

Figure 44



Circuit showing connection of the sequencing signal to the SEQ pin

When the scaled down sequencing voltage is applied to the SEQ pin, the output voltage tracks this voltage until the output reaches the set-point voltage. The final value of the sequencing voltage must be set higher than the set-point voltage of the module. The output voltage follows the sequencing voltage on a one-to-one basis. By connecting multiple modules together, multiple modules can track their output voltages to the voltage applied on The SEQ pin.

To initiate simultaneous shutdown of the modules, the SEQ pin voltage is lowered in a controlled manner. The output voltage of the modules tracks the voltages below their set-point voltages on a one-to-one basis. A valid input voltage must be maintained until the tracking and output voltages reach ground potential. Note that in all of modules, the PMBus Output Undervoltage Fault will be tripped when sequencing is employed. This will be detected using the STATUS\_WORD and STATUS\_VOUT PMBus commands. In addition, the SMBALERT# signal will be asserted low as occurs for all faults and warnings. To avoid the module shutting down due to the Output Undervoltage Fault, the module must be set to continue operation without interruption as the response to this fault (see the description of the PMBus command VOUT\_UV\_FAULT\_RESPONSE for additional information).

#### **Overcurrent Protection**

To provide protection in a fault (output overload) condition, the unit is equipped with internal current-limiting circuitry and can endure current limiting continuously. At the point of current-limit inception, the unit enters hiccup mode. The unit operates normally once the output current is brought back into its specified range.

#### **Digital Adjustable Overcurrent Warning**

Please see the Digital Feature Descriptions section.

#### **Overtemperature Protection**

To provide protection in a fault condition, the unit is equipped with a thermal shutdown circuit. The unit will shut down if the overtemperature threshold of  $150^{\circ}$ C(typ) is exceeded at the thermal reference point T<sub>ref</sub>. Once the unit goes into thermal shutdown it will then wait to cool before attempting to restart.

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## **Digital Temperature Status via PMBus**

Please see the Digital Feature Descriptions section.

## **Digitally Adjustable Output Over and Under Voltage Protection**

Please see the Digital Feature Descriptions section.

## Input Undervoltage Lockout

At input voltages below the input undervoltage lockout limit, the module operation is disabled. The module will begin to operate at an input voltage above the undervoltage lockout turn-on threshold.

## **Digitally Adjustable Input Undervoltage Lockout**

Please see the Digital Feature Descriptions section.

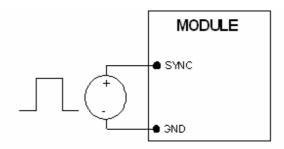
## **Digitally Adjustable Power Good Thresholds**

Please see the Digital Feature Descriptions section.

## **Synchronization**

The SLDN-12D1Ax module switching frequency can be synchronized to a signal with an external frequency within a specified range. Synchronization can be done by using the external signal applied to the SYNC pin of the module as shown in Fig. 45, with the converter being synchronized by the rising edge of the external signal. The Electrical Specifications table specifies the requirements of the external SYNC signal. If the SYNC pin is not used, the module should free run at the default switching frequency. If synchronization is not being used, connect the SYNC pin to GND.

Figure 45



External source connections to synchronize switching frequency of the module.

#### Measuring Output Current, Output Voltage and Input Voltage

Please see the Digital Feature Descriptions section.

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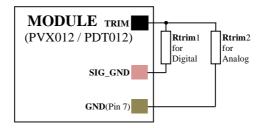
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## **Dual Layout**

Identical dimensions and pin layout of modules permit migration from one to the other without needing to change the layout. To support this, 2 separate Trim Resistor locations have to be provided in the layout. As shown in Fig. 46, for the digital modules, the resistor is connected between the TRIM pad and SGND and in the case of the analog module it is connected between TRIM and GND.

Figure 46



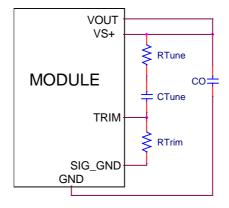
Connections to support either Analog or Digital module on the same layout.

# Tunable $Loop^{TM}$

The SLDN-12D1Ax module has a feature that optimizes transient response of the module called Tunable Loop<sup>™</sup>. External capacitors are usually added to the output of the module for two reasons: to reduce output ripple and noise (see Figure 38) and to reduce output voltage deviations from the steady-state value in the presence of dynamic load current changes. Adding external capacitance however affects the voltage control loop of the module, typically causing the loop to slow down with sluggish response. Larger values of external capacitance could also cause the module to become unstable.

could also cause the module to become unstable. The Tunable Loop<sup>TM</sup> allows the user to externally adjust the voltage control loop to match the filter network connected to the output of the module. The Tunable Loop<sup>TM</sup> is implemented by connecting a series R-C between the VS+ and TRIM pins of the module, as shown in Fig. 47. This R-C allows the user to externally adjust the voltage loop feedback compensation of the module.

Figure 47



Circuit diagram showing connection of R<sub>TUME</sub> and C<sub>TUNE</sub> to tune the control loop of the module.

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# **Tunable Loop**<sup>™</sup>(continued)

Recommended values of  $R_{\text{TUNE}}$  and  $C_{\text{TUNE}}$  for different output capacitor combinations are given in Table 2. Table 2 shows the recommended values of  $R_{\text{TUNE}}$  and  $C_{\text{TUNE}}$  for different values of ceramic output capacitors up to 1000uF that might be needed for an application to meet output ripple and noise requirements. Selecting  $R_{\text{TUNE}}$  and  $C_{\text{TUNE}}$  according to Table 2 will ensure stable operation of the module.

In applications with tight output voltage limits in the presence of dynamic current loading, additional output capacitance will be required. Table 3 lists recommended values of  $R_{\text{TUNE}}$  and  $C_{\text{TUNE}}$  in order to meet 2% output voltage deviation limits for some common output voltages in the presence of a 6A to 12A step change (50% of full load), with an input voltage of 12V.

Please contact your Bel Power technical representative to obtain more details of this feature as well as for guidelines on how to select the right value of external R-C to tune the module for best transient performance and stable operation for other output capacitance values.

Table 2

Co	1x47μF	2x47μF	4x47μF	6x47μF	10x47μF	20x47μF
R <sub>TUNE</sub>	330	330	330	330	220	180
C <sub>TUNE</sub>	100pF	560pF	1500pF	2200pF	10nF	6800pF

General recommended values of of  $R_{\text{TUNE}}$  and  $C_{\text{TUNE}}$  for Vin=12V and various external ceramic capacitor combinations.

Table 3

Vo	5V	3.3V	2.5V	1.8V	1.2V	0.6V
Со	5x47μF	1x47μF + 330μF Polymer	3x47μF + 330μF Polymer	1x47μF + 2x330μF Polymer	1x47μF + 3x330μF Polymer	3x47μF + 6x330μF Polymer
R <sub>TUNE</sub>	330	330	270	270	220	180
C <sub>TUNE</sub>	1500pF	2700pF	3300pF	5600pF	10nF	47nF
ΔV	99mV	58mV	47mV	34mV	24mV	12mV

Recommended values of  $R_{\text{TUNE}}$  and  $C_{\text{TUNE}}$  to obtain transient deviation of 2% of Vout for a 6A step load with Vin=12V.

**Note:** The capacitors used in the Tunable Loop tables are 47  $\mu$ F/3 m $\Omega$  ESR ceramic and 330  $\mu$ F/12 m $\Omega$  ESR polymer capacitors.

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# **Digital Feature Descriptions PMBus Interface Capability**

The SLDN-12D1Ax power modules have a PMBus interface that supports both communication and control. The PMBus Power Management Protocol Specification can be obtained from www.pmbus.org. The modules support a subset of version 1.1 of the specification (see Table 6 for a list of the specific commands supported). Most module parameters can be programmed using PMBus and stored as defaults for later use.

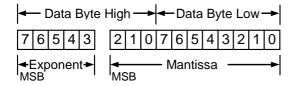
All communication over the module PMBus interface must support the Packet Error Checking (PEC) scheme. The PMBus master must generate the correct PEC byte for all transactions, and check the PEC byte returned by the module.

The module also supports the SMBALERT response protocol whereby the module can alert the bus master if it wants to talk. For more information on the SMBus alert response protocol, see the System Management Bus (SMBus) specification.

The module has non-volatile memory that is used to store configuration settings. Not all settings programmed into the device are automatically saved into this non-volatile memory, only those specifically identified as capable of being stored can be saved (see Table 6 for which command parameters can be saved to non-volatile storage).

#### **PMBus Data Format**

For commands that set thresholds, voltages or report such quantities, the module supports the "Linear" data format among the three data formats supported by PMBus. The Linear Data Format is a two byte value with an 11-bit, two's complement mantissa and a 5-bit, two's complement exponent. The format of the two data bytes is shown below:



The value is of the number is then given by Value = Mantissa x 2 Exponent

#### **PMBus Addressing**

The SLDN-12D1Ax modules can be addressed through the PMBus using a device address. The module has 64 possible addresses (0 to 63 in decimal) which can be set using resistors connected from the ADDR0 and ADDR1 pins to SIG\_GND. Note that some of these addresses (0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11 12, 40, 44, 45, 55 in decimal) are reserved according to the SMBus specifications and may not be useable. The address is set in the form of two octal (0 to 7) digits, with each pin setting one digit. The ADDR1 pin sets the high order digit and ADDR0 sets the low order digit. The resistor values suggested for each digit are shown in Table 4 (1% tolerance resistors are recommended). Note that if either address resistor value is outside the range specified in Table 4, the module will respond to address 127.

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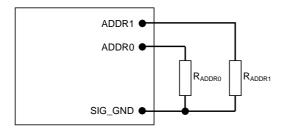
#### PMBus Addressing(continued)

Table 4

Digit	Resistor Value
	$(\mathbf{K}\Omega)$
0	10
1	15.4
2	23.7
3	36.5
4	54.9
5	84.5
6	130
7	200

The user must know which I<sup>2</sup>C addresses are reserved in a system for special functions and set the address of the module to avoid interfering with other system operations. Both 100kHz and 400kHz bus speeds are supported by the module. Connection for the PMBus interface should follow the High Power DC specifications given in section 3.1.3 in the SMBus specification V2.0 for the 400kHz bus speed or the Low Power DC specifications in section 3.1.2. The complete SMBus specification is available from the SMBus web site, smbus.org.

Figure 48



Circuit showing connection of resistors used to set the PMBus address of the module.

#### **PMBus Enabled On/Off**

The SLDN-12D1Ax module can also be turned on and off via the PMBus interface. The OPERATION command is used to actually turn the module on and off via the PMBus, while the ON\_OFF\_CONFIG command configures the combination of analog ON/OFF pin input and PMBus commands needed to turn the module on and off. Bit [7] in the OPERATION command data byte enables the module, with the following functions:

0 : Output is disabled1 : Output is enabled

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#### PMBus Enabled On/Of(continued)

This module uses the lower five bits of the ON\_OFF\_CONFIG data byte to set various ON/OFF options as follows:

	4	3	2	1	0
Access	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r
Function	PU	CMD	CPR	POL	CPA
Default Value	1	0	1	1	1

PU: Sets the default to either operate any time input power is present or for the ON/OFF to be controlled by the analog ON/OFF input and the PMBus OPERATION command. This bit is used together with the CP, CMD and ON bits to determine startup.

Bit Value	Action
0	Module powers up any time power is present regardless of state of the analog ON/OFF pin
1	Module does not power up until commanded by the analog ON/OFF pin and the OPERATION command as programmed in bits [2:0] of the ON_OFF_CONFIG register.

CMD: The CMD bit controls how the device responds to the OPERATION command.

Bit Value	Action
0	Module ignores the ON bit in the OPERATION command
1	Module responds to the ON bit in the OPERATION command

CPR: Sets the response of the analog ON/OFF pin. This bit is used together with the CMD, PU and ON bits to determine startup.

Bit Value	Action
0	Module ignores the analog ON/OFF pin, i.e. ON/OFF is only controlled through the PMBUS via the OPERATION command
1	Module requires the analog ON/OFF pin to be asserted to start the unit

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#### **PMBus Adjustable Soft Start Rise Time**

The soft start rise time can be adjusted in the module via PMBus. When setting this parameter, make sure that the charging current for output capacitors can be delivered by the module in addition to any load current to avoid nuisance tripping of the overcurrent protection circuitry during startup. The TON\_RISE command sets the rise time in ms, and allows choosing soft start times between 600µs and 9ms, with possible values listed in Table 5. Note that the exponent is fixed at -4 (decimal) and the upper two bits of the mantissa are also fixed at 0.

Table 5

Rise Time	Exponent	Mantissa
600μs	11100	0000001010
900μs	11100	00000001110
1.2ms	11100	00000010011
1.8ms	11100	00000011101
2.7ms	11100	00000101011
4.2ms	11100	00001000011
6.0ms	11100	00001100000
9.0ms	11100	00010010000

#### **Output Voltage Adjustment Using the PMBus**

The VOUT\_SCALE\_LOOP parameter is important for a number of PMBus commands related to output voltage trimming, margining, over/under voltage protection and the PGOOD thresholds. The output voltage of the module is set as the combination of the voltage divider formed by RTrim and a  $20k\Omega$  upper divider resistor inside the module, and the internal reference voltage of the module. The reference voltage VREF is nominally set at 600mV, and the output regulation voltage is then given by

$$V_{\scriptscriptstyle OUT} = \left\lceil \frac{20000 + RTrim}{RTrim} \right\rceil \times V_{\scriptscriptstyle REF}$$

Hence the SLDN-12D1Ax module output voltage is dependent on the value of RTrim which is connected external to the module. The information on the output voltage divider ratio is conveyed to the module through the VOUT\_SCALE\_LOOP parameter which is calculated as follows:

$$VOUT\_SCALE\_LOOP = \frac{RTrim}{20000 + RTrim}$$

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#### **Output Voltage Adjustment Using the PMBus(continued)**

The VOUT\_SCALE\_LOOP parameter is specified using the "Linear" format and two bytes. The upper five bits [7:3] of the high byte are used to set the exponent which is fixed at –9 (decimal). The remaining three bits of the high byte [2:0] and the eight bits of the lower byte are used for the mantissa. The default value of the mantissa is 00100000000 corresponding to 256 (decimal), corresponding to a divider ratio of 0.5. The maximum value of the mantissa is 512 corresponding to a divider ratio of 1. Note that the resolution of the VOUT\_SCALE\_LOOP command is 0.2%.

When PMBus commands are used to trim or margin the output voltage, the value of VREF is what is changed inside the module, which in turn changes the regulated output voltage of the module.

The nominal output voltage of the module can be adjusted with a minimum step size of 0.4% over a ±25% range from nominal using the VOUT TRIM command over the PMBus.

The VOUT\_TRIM command is used to apply a fixed offset voltage to the output voltage command value using the "Linear" mode with the exponent fixed at -10 (decimal). The value of the offset voltage is given by

$$V_{OUT(offset)} = VOUT \_TRIM \times 2^{-10}$$

This offset voltage is added to the voltage set through the divider ratio and nominal VREF to produce the trimmed output voltage. The valid range in two's complement for this command is —4000h to 3999h. The high order two bits of the high byte must both be either 0 or 1. If a value outside of the +/-25% adjustment range is given with this command, the module will set it's output voltage to the nominal value (as if VOUT\_TRIM had been set to 0), assert SMBALRT#, set the CML bit in STATUS\_BYTE and the invalid data bit in STATUS\_CML..

#### **Output Voltage Margining Using the PMBus**

The SLDN-12D1Ax module can also have its output voltage margined via PMBus commands. The command VOUT\_MARGIN\_HIGH sets the margin high voltage, while the command VOUT\_MARGIN\_LOW sets the margin low voltage. Both the VOUT\_MARGIN\_HIGH and VOUT\_MARGIN\_LOW commands use the "Linear" mode with the exponent fixed at -10 (decimal). Two bytes are used for the mantissa with the upper bit [7] of the high byte fixed at 0. The actual margined output voltage is a combination of the VOUT\_MARGIN\_HIGH or VOUT\_MARGIN\_LOW and the VOUT\_TRIM values as shown below.

```
V_{OUT(MH)} =
(VOUT\_MARGIN\_HIGH + VOUT\_TRIM) \times 2^{-10}
V_{OUT(ML)} =
(VOUT\_MARGIN\_LOW + VOUT\_TRIM) \times 2^{-10}
```

Note that the sum of the margin and trim voltages cannot be outside the ±25% window around the nominal output voltage. The data associated with VOUT\_MARGIN\_HIGH and VOUT\_MARGIN\_LOW can be stored to non-volatile memory using the STORE\_DEFAULT\_ALL command.

The module is commanded to go to the margined high or low voltages using the OPERATION command. Bits [5:2] are used to enable margining as follows:

00XX: Margin Off

0101 : Margin Low (Ignore Fault)
0110 : Margin Low (Act on Fault)
1001 : Margin High (Ignore Fault)
1010 : Margin High (Act on Fault)

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#### **PMBus Adjustable Overcurrent Warning**

The SLDN-12D1Ax module can provide an overcurrent warning via the PMBus. The threshold for the overcurrent warning can be set using the parameter IOUT\_OC\_WARN\_LIMIT. This command uses the "Linear" data format with a two byte data word where the upper five bits [7:3] of the high byte represent the exponent and the remaining three bits of the high byte [2: ent the mantissa. The exponent is fixed at –1 (decimal). The upper five bits of the mantissa are fixed at 0 while the lower six bits are programmable with a default value of 13.5 (decimal). The resolution of this warning limit is 500mA. The value of the IOUT\_OC\_WARN\_LIMIT can be stored to non-volatile memory using the STORE\_DEFAULT\_ALL0] and the eight bits in the low byte repres command.

#### **Temperature Status via PMBus**

The SLDN-12D1Ax module can provide information related to temperature of the module through the STATUS\_TEMPERATURE command. The command returns information about whether the pre-set over temperature fault threshold and/or the warning threshold have been exceeded.

#### **PMBus Adjustable Output Over and Under Voltage Protection**

The SLDN-12D1Ax module has output over and under voltage protection capability. The PMBus command VOUT\_OV\_FAULT\_LIMIT is used to set the output over voltage threshold from four possible values: 108%, 110%, 112% or 115% of the commanded output voltage. The command VOUT\_UV\_FAULT\_LIMIT sets the threshold that causes an output under voltage fault and can also be selected from four possible values: 92%, 90%, 88% or 85%. The default values are 112% and 88% of commanded output voltage. Both commands use two data bytes formatted as two's complement binary integers. The "Linear" mode is used with the exponent fixed to -10 (decimal) and the effective over or under voltage trip points given by:

$$\begin{split} V_{OUT(OV\_REQ)} &= (VOUT\_OV\_FAULT\_LIMIT) \times 2^{-10} \\ V_{OUT(UV\_REQ)} &= (VOUT\_UV\_FAULT\_LIMIT) \times 2^{-10} \end{split}$$

Values within the supported range for over and undervoltage detection thresholds will be set to the nearest fixed percentage. Note that the correct value for VOUT\_SCALE\_LOOP must be set in the module for the correct over or under voltage trip points to be calculated.

In addition to adjustable output voltage protection, the 12A module can also be programmed for the response to the fault. The VOUT\_OV\_FAULT RESPONSE and VOUT\_UV\_FAULT\_RESPONSE commands specify the response to the fault. Both these commands use a single data byte with the possible options as shown below.

- 1. Continue operation without interruption (Bits [7:6] = 00, Bits [5:3] = xxx)
- 2. Continue for four switching cycles and then shut down if the fault is still present, followed by no restart or continuous restart (Bits [7:6] = 01, Bits [5:3] = 000 means no restart, Bits [5:3] = 111 means continuous restart)
- 3. Immediate shut down followed by no restart or continuous restart (Bits [7:6] = 10, Bits [5:3] = 000 means no restart, Bits [5:3] = 111 means continuous restart).
- 4. Module output is disabled when the fault is present and the output is enabled when the fault no longer exists (Bits [7:6] = 11, Bits [5:3] = xxx).

Note that separate response choices are possible for output over voltage or under voltage faults.

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#### **PMBus Adjustable Input Undervoltage Lockout**

The SLDN-12D1Ax module allows adjustment of the input under voltage lockout and hysteresis. The command VIN\_ON allows setting the input voltage turn on threshold, while the VIN\_OFF command sets the input voltage turn off threshold. For the VIN\_ON command, possible values are 2.75V, and 3V to 14V in 0.5V steps. For the VIN\_OFF command, possible values are 2.5V to 14V in 0.5V steps. If other values are entered for either command, they will be mapped to the closest of the allowed values.

Both the VIN\_ON and VIN\_OFF commands use the "Linear" format with two data bytes. The upper five bits represent the exponent (fixed at -2) and the remaining 11 bits represent the mantissa. For the mantissa, the four most significant bits are fixed at 0.

#### **Power Good**

The SLDN-12D1Ax module provides a Power Good (PGOOD) signal that is implemented with an open-drain output to indicate that the output voltage is within the regulation limits of the power module. The PGOOD signal will be de-asserted to a low state if any condition such as overtemperature, overcurrent or loss of regulation occurs that would result in the output voltage going outside the specified thresholds. The PGOOD thresholds are user selectable via the PMBus (the default values are as shown in the Feature Specifications Section). Each threshold is set up symmetrically above and below the nominal value. The POWER\_GOOD\_ON command sets the output voltage level above which PGOOD is asserted (lower threshold). For example, with a 1.2V nominal output voltage, the POWER\_GOOD\_ON threshold can set the lower threshold to 1.14 or 1.1V. Doing this will automatically set the upper thresholds to 1.26 or 1.3V.

The POWER\_GOOD\_OFF command sets the level below which the PGOOD command is de-asserted. This command also sets two thresholds symmetrically placed around the nominal output voltage. Normally, the POWER\_GOOD\_ON threshold is set higher than the POWER\_GOOD\_OFF threshold.

Both POWER\_GOOD\_ON and POWER\_GOOD\_OFF commands use the "Linear" format with the exponent fixed at -10 (decimal). The two thresholds are given by

$$V_{OUT(PGOOD\_ON)} = (POWER\_GOOD\_ON) \times 2^{-10}$$
  
 $V_{OUT(PGOOD\_OFF)} = (POWER\_GOOD\_OFF) \times 2^{-10}$ 

Both commands use two data bytes with bit [7] of the high byte fixed at 0, while the remaining bits are r/w and used to set the mantissa using two's complement representation. Both commands also use the VOUT\_SCALE\_LOOP parameter so it must be set correctly. The default value of POWER\_GOOD\_ON is set at 1.1035V and that of the POWER\_GOOD\_OFF is set at 1.08V. The values associated with these commands can be stored in non-volatile memory using the STORE\_DEFAULT\_ALL command.

The PGOOD terminal can be connected through a pullup resistor(suggested value 100 K $\Omega$ ) to a source of 5VDC or lower.

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#### Measurement of Output Current, Output Voltage and Input Voltage

The SLDN-12D1Ax module is capable of measuring key module parameters such as output current and voltage and input voltage and providing this information through the PMBus interface. Roughly every 200µs, the module makes 16 measurements each of output current, voltage and input voltage. Average values of of these 16 measurements are then calculated and placed in the appropriate registers. The values in the registers can then be read using the PMBus interface.

#### **Measuring Output Current Using the PMBus**

The SLDN-12D1Ax module measures current by using the inductor winding resistance as a current sense element. The inductor winding resistance is then the current gain factor used to scale the measured voltage into a current reading. This gain factor is the argument of the IOUT\_CAL\_GAIN command, and consists of two bytes in the linear data format. The exponent uses the upper five bits [7:3] of the high data byte in two-s complement format and is fixed at –15 (decimal). The remaining 11 bits in two's complement binary format represent the mantissa. During manufacture, each module is calibrated by measuring and storing the current gain factor into non-volatile storage.

The current measurement accuracy is also improved by each module being calibrated during manufacture with the offset in the current reading. The IOUT\_CAL\_OFFSET command is used to store and read the current offset. The argument for this command consists of two bytes composed of a 5-bit exponent (fixed at -4d) and a 11-bit mantissa. This command has a resolution of 62.5mA and a range of -4000mA to +3937.5mA.

The READ\_IOUT command provides module average output current information. This command only supports positive or current sourced from the module. If the converter is sinking current a reading of 0 is provided. The READ\_IOUT command returns two bytes of data in the linear data format. The exponent uses the upper five bits [7:3] of the high data byte in two-s complement format and is fixed at –4 (decimal). The remaining 11 bits in two's complement binary format represent the mantissa with the 11th bit fixed at 0 since only positive numbers are considered valid.

Note that the current reading provided by the module is not corrected for temperature. The temperature corrected current reading for module temperature  $T_{Module}$  can be estimated using the following equation where IOUT\_CORR is the temperature corrected value of the current measurement, IREAD\_OUT is the module current measurement value,  $T_{IND}$  is the temperature of the inductor winding on the module. Since it may be difficult to measure  $T_{IND}$ , it may be approximated by an estimate of the module temperature.

#### **Measuring Output Voltage Using the PMBus**

The SLDN-12D1Ax module can provide output voltage information using the READ\_VOUT command. The command returns two bytes of data all representing the mantissa while the exponent is fixed at -10 (decimal).

During manufacture of the module, offset and gain correction values are written into the non-volatile memory of the module. The command VOUT\_CAL\_OFFSET can be used to read and/or write the offset (two bytes consisting of a 16-bit mantissa in two's complement format) while the exponent is always fixed at -10 (decimal). The allowed range for this offset correction is -125 to 124mV. The command VOUT\_CAL\_GAIN can be used to read and/or write the gain correction - two bytes consisting of a five-bit exponent (fixed at -8) and a 11-bit mantissa. The range of this correction factor is -0.125V to +0.121V, with a resolution of 0.004V. The corrected output voltage reading is then given by:

$$\begin{split} &V_{OUT}(Final) = \\ &[V_{OUT}(Initial) \times (1 + VOUT\_CAL\_GAIN)] \\ &+ VOUT\_CAL\_OFFSET \end{split}$$

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#### **Measuring Input Voltage Using the PMBus**

The SLDN-12D1Ax module can provide output voltage information using the READ\_VIN command. The command returns two bytes of data in the linear format. The upper five bits [7:3] of the high data form the two's complement representation of the mantissa which is fixed at –5 (decimal). The remaining 11 bits are used for two's complement representation of the mantissa, with the 11<sup>th</sup> bit fixed at zero since only positive numbers are valid.

During module manufacture, offset and gain correction values are written into the non-volatile memory of the module. The command VIN\_CAL\_OFFSET can be used to read and/or write the offset - two bytes consisting of a five-bit exponent (fixed at -5) and a11-bit mantissa in two's complement format. The allowed range for this offset correction is -2 to 1.968V, and the resolution is 32mV. The command VIN\_CAL\_GAIN can be used to read and/or write the gain correction - two bytes consisting of a five-bit exponent (fixed at -8) and a 11-bit mantissa. The range of this correction factor is -0.125V to +0.121V, with a resolution of 0.004V. The corrected output voltage reading is then given by:

$$V_{IN}(Final) =$$

$$[V_{IN}(Initial) \times (1 + VIN \_CAL\_GAIN)] + VIN \_CAL\_OFFSET$$

#### Reading the Status of the Module using the PMBus

The SLDN-12D1Ax module supports a number of status information commands implemented in PMBus. However, not all features are supported in these commands. A 1 in the bit position indicates the fault that is flagged.

STATUS\_BYTE: Returns one byte of information with a summary of the most critical device faults.

Bit Position	Flag	Default Value
7	X	0
6	OFF	0
5	VOUT Overvoltage	0
4	IOUT Overcurrent	0
3	VIN Undervoltage	0
2	Temperature	0
1	CML (Comm. Memory Fault)	0
0	None of the above	0

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## Reading the Status of the Module using the PMBus(continued)

STATUS\_WORD: Returns two bytes of information with a summary of the module's fault/warning conditions.

Bit Position	Flag	Default Value
7	X	0
6	OFF	0
5	VOUT Overvoltage	0
4	IOUT Overcurrent	0
3	VIN Undervoltage	0
2	Temperature	0
1	CML (Comm. Memory	0
1	Fault)	0
0	None of the above	0

Bit Position	Flag	Default Value
7	VOUT fault or warning	0
6	IOUT fault or warning	0
5	X	0
4	X	0
3	POWER_GOOD# (is negated)	0
2	X	0
1	X	0
0	X	0

STATUS\_VOUT : Returns one byte of information relating to the status of the module's output voltage related faults

Bit Position	Flag	Default Value
7	VOUT OV Fault	0
6	X	0
5	X	0
4	VOUT UV Fault	0
3	X	0
2	X	0
1	X	0
0	X	0

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## Reading the Status of the Module using the PMBus(continued)

STATUS\_IOUT : Returns one byte of information relating to the status of the module's output voltage related faults.

Bit Position	Flag	Default Value
7	IOUT OC Fault	0
6	X	0
5	IOUT OC Warning	0
4	X	0
3	X	0
2	X	0
1	X	0
0	X	0

 $STATUS\_TEMPERATURE: Returns one byte of information relating to the status of the module's temperature related faults.$ 

Bit Position	Flag	Default Value
7	OT Fault	0
6	OT Warning	0
5	X	0
4	X	0
3	X	0
2	X	0
1	X	0
0	X	0

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#### Reading the Status of the Module using the PMBus(continued)

STATUS\_CML: Returns one byte of information relating to the status of the module's communication related faults

Bit Position	Flag	Default Value
7	Invalid/Unsupported Command	0
6	Invalid/Unsupported Command	0
5	Packet Error Check Failed	0
4	X	0
3	X	0
2	X	0
1	Other Communication Fault	0
0	X	0

MFR\_VIN\_MIN: Returns minimum input voltage as two data bytes of information in Linear format (upper five bits are exponent – fixed at -2, and lower 11 bits are mantissa in two's complement format – fixed at 12)

MFR\_VOUT\_MIN : Returns minimum output voltage as two data bytes of information in Linear format (upper five bits are exponent – fixed at -10, and lower 11 bits are mantissa in two's complement format – fixed at 614)

MFR\_SPECIFIC\_00: Returns information related to the type of module and revision number. Bits [7:2] in the Low Byte indicate the module type (000000 corresponds to the PDT012 series of module), while bits [7:3] indicate the revision number of the module.

Bit Position	KΊΩσ	Default Value
7:2	Module Name	000000
1:0	Reserved	10

Bit Position	HΊΩσ	Default Value
7:3	Module Revision Number	None
2:0	Reserved	000

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## Bel Power Inc., a subsidiary of Bel Fuse Inc. **Summary of Supported PMBus Commands**

Please refer to the PMBus 1.1 specification for more details of these commands. Table 6

Hex Code	Command	Brief Description									Non-Volatile Memory Storage
	OPERATION	Turn Module on or off. Also used to margin the output voltage									
		Format									
0.1		Bit Position	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
01		Access	r/w	r	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r	r	
		Function	On	X		Ma	rgin		X	X	
		Default Value	0	0	0	0	0	0	X	X	
		Configures the ON/OPMBus commands									
	011 0777 001777	Format					d Binary				
02	ON_OFF_CONFIG	Bit Position	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	YES
		Access	r	r	r	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r	
		Function	X	X	X	pu	cmd	pol	cpa	X	
		Default Value	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	
03	CLEAR_FAULTS	Clear any fault bits t the device has been									
	WRITE_PROTECT	Used to control writ in the module whose volatile memory (EI									
		Format				Unsigne	d Binary	y			
		Bit Position	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
		Access	r/w	r/w	r/w	X	X	X	X	X	
		Function	bit7	bit6	bit5	X	X	X	X	X	
10		<b>Default Value</b> Bit5: 0 – Enables all	0	0	0	X	X	X	X	X	YES
		1 – Disables all and ON_OI Bit 6: 0 – Enables al 1 – Disables al OPERATI Bit7: 0 – Enables all 1 – Disables all (bit5 and bi									
11	STORE_DEFAULT_ALL	Copies all current re (EEPROM) on the r									
12	RESTORE_DEFAULT_ALL	Restores all current volatile memory (EI	register	settings							
		Copies the current re	egister s	etting ir						ches the	
		value in the data byt	e into n	on-volat	ile men		PROM)	on the	module		
13	STORE_DEFAULT_CODE	Bit Position	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
		Access	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	w	
		Function					nd code				
		Restores the current									
14	RESTORE_DEFAULT_CODE	the value in the data (EEPROM)									
14		Bit Position	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
		Access	W	W	W	W	w nd code	W	W	W	
		Function									
		The module has MC be changed	DE set	to Linea	r and E	xponent	set to -1	10. Thes	se values	s cannot	
20	MONTE MODE	Bit Position	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
20	VOUT_MODE	Access	r	r	r	r	r	r	r	r	
		Function		Mode			I	Exponer	nt	·	
		Default Value	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	

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Hex Code	Command	Brief Description No													
	VOUT_TRIM	Apply a fixed offset fixed at -10.	Storage												
22		Format Bit Position	7	6	5	4	3	nt binar	1	0					
		Access Function	r/w	r/w	r/w		Byte	r/w	r/w	r/w	YES				
		Default Value Bit Position Access	0 7 r/w	0 6 r/w	0 5 r/w	0 4 r/w	0 3 r/w	0 2 r/w	0 1 r/w	0 0 r/w					
		Function Default Value	0	0	0		Byte 0	0	0	0					
		Sets the target voltage for margining the output high. Exponent is fixed at -10.													
		Format													
		Bit Position	7	6	5	4	3	nt binar	1	0					
		Access	r	r/w											
25	VOUT_MARGIN_HIGH	Function				High	Byte				YES				
23	VOOT_MAKGIN_IIIGII	Default Value	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	11.5				
		Bit Position	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0					
		Access	r/w												
		Function		•			Byte								
		Default Value	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	1					
		Sets the target voltage	-10												
		Bit Position	7	6	5	4	3	nt binar	1	0					
		Access	r	r/w	YES										
		Function					Byte								
26	VOUT_MARGIN_LOW	Default Value	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0					
		Bit Position	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0					
		Access	r/w												
		Function		•		Low	Byte								
		Default Value	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	1					
		Sets the scaling of the													
		Format						nt binar	y						
		Bit Position	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	YES				
		Access	r	r	r	r	r	r	r/w	r/w					
29	VOUT_SCALE_LOOP	Function			Exponer				Mantiss		YES				
	, col_serill_loor	Default Value	1	0	1	1	1	0	0	1	- 25				
		Bit Position	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0					
		Access	r/w												
		Function	_	_			ıtissa	_	_						
		Default Value	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0					
35															
		Sets the value of inp	ut volta												
		Format						nt binar	ř –						
		Bit Position	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0					
	VIN_ON	Access	r	r	r	r	r	r	r	r					
		Function			Exponer				Mantiss		YES				
		Default Value	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0					
		Bit Position	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0					
		Access	r	r/w											
		Function	0	I 0			itissa		1	1					
		Default Value	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1					

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Hex Code	Command		Non-Volatile Memory Storage											
		Sets the value of inp												
36	VIN_OFF	Format												
		Bit Position	7	6	5	4	mpleme 3	2	1	0				
		Access	r	r	r	r	r	r	r	r				
		Function		]	Exponer	nt			Mantissa	a	******			
		Default Value	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	YES			
		Bit Position	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0				
		Access	r	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w				
		Function				Man	tissa		•					
		Default Value	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0				
		Returns the value of current												
		Format					mpleme		T .					
		Bit Position	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0				
		Access	r	r	r	r	r	r	r	r/w				
38	IOUT_CAL_GAIN	Function			Exponer				Mantissa		YES			
		Default Value	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	V				
		Bit Position	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0				
		Access	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w				
		Function		37.3	7 . 11		itissa n factor	121			1			
		Default Value												
		Returns the value of current												
	IOUT_CAL_OFFSET	Format					mpleme							
		Bit Position	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0				
		Access	r	r	r	r	r	r/w	r	r				
39		Function			Exponer		1 0		Mantissa		YES			
		Default Value	7	6	5	4	3	2	0	0				
		Bit Position Access	r	r	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w				
		Function	1	1	1/W		tissa	1/W	1/ W	1/W				
		Default Value	0	0	V· V			n factor	y calibra	ation				
		Default value	U	U	<u> </u>	ariabic	based 0.	ii iactoi	y canora	ation	<u> </u>			
		Sets the voltage level for an output overvoltage fault. Exponent is fixed at -10.												
		Format												
		Bit Position	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0				
		Access	r	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w				
40	VOLT OV EATHT LIMIT	Function				High	Byte				VEC			
40	VOUT_OV_FAULT_LIMIT	Default Value	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	YES			
		Bit Position	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0				
		Access	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w				
		Function					Byte			,				
		Default Value	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0				
41	VOUT_OV_FAULT_RESPONSE	Instructs the module Format Bit Position	on wha	t action			nse to a		overvolt 1	age fault				
			r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w			-	YES			
		Access	RSP	RSP				r	r	r	1 ES			
		Function Default Value	[1]	[0]	RS[2]	RS[1]	RS[0]	X 1	X 0	X 0				
		Detault value		1		1	1 1	1	U	U				
		1									1			

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Hex Code	Command	Brief Description									Non-Volatile Memory Storage		
		Sets the voltage leve	el for an	output	undervo	ltage fau	ılt. Exp	onent is	fixed a	t -10.			
		Format				wo's co							
		Bit Position	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			
		Access	r	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w			
44	VOUT_UV_FAULT_LIMIT	Function				High	Byte				YES		
	VOOT_CV_TACET_ENIT	Default Value	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	11.5		
		Bit Position	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			
		Access	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w			
		Function			1 0		Byte						
		Default Value	1	0	0	0	1	1	1	1			
		Instructs the module on what action to take in response to a output undervoltage fault											
		Format				Unsigne							
45	VOUT_UV_FAULT_RESPONSE	Bit Position	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	YES		
		Access	r/w RSP	r/w RSP	r/w	r/w	r/w	r	r	r			
		Function	[1]	[0]	RS[2]	RS[1]	RS[0]	X	X	X			
		Default Value	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0			
		Sets the output over	current										
		Format		]	Linear, t	wo's co	mpleme	nt binar	у				
	IOUT_OC_WARN_LIMIT	Bit Position	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			
		Access	r	r	r	r	r	r	r	r			
4A		Function			Exponer				Mantiss		YES		
		Default Value	7	6	5	4	3	2	0	0			
		Bit Position Access	r	r	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w			
		Function	1	1	1/ W	Man		1/ W	1/ W	1/ W			
		Default Value	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	1			
		Sets the output voltage level at which the PGOOD pin is asserted high. Exponent is fixed at -10.											
		Format				wo's co			у				
		Bit Position	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			
	novemb	Access	r	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w			
5E	POWER_GOOD_ON	Function	0	0	1 0		Byte	1			YES		
		Default Value Bit Position	7	6	5	0 4	3	1 2	0	0			
		Access	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w			
		Function	1/ VV	1/ VV	I/ VV	Low		1/ VV	1/ VV	1/ VV			
		Default Value	0	1	1	0	1	0	1	0			
		Sets the output volta is fixed at -10.	_			•				Exponent			
		Format				wo's co							
		Bit Position	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			
517	DOWED COOD OFF	Access	r	r/w	r/w	r/W	r/W	r/w	r/w	r/w	VEC		
5F	POWER_GOOD_OFF	Function Default Value	0	0	0	High 0	Byte 0	1	0	0	YES		
		Default Value Bit Position	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			
		Access	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w			
		Function	2, 11	1 2, 11	, **	Low		2, 11	2, 11				
		Default Value	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	0			
		<u> </u>	•		•				•		i		

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Hex Code	Command	Brief Description									Non-Volatile Memory Storage
		Sets the rise time of	the out	out volta	ige duri	ng starti	ıp				
		Format					mpleme	nt binar	у		
		Bit Position	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
		Access	r	r	r	r	r	r	r	r/w	
61	TON_RISE	Function			Exponei	nt			Mantiss	a	YES
01	TOI\_KISE	Default Value	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	TLS
		Bit Position	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
		Access	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	
		Function Default Value	0	0	1	0	ntissa 1	0	1	0	
		Default value	U	U	1	U	1 1	U	1	U	
		Returns one byte of	informa	tion wit	h a sum	mary of	the mos	st critica	l modul	e faults	
		Format	IIIOIIII	tion wi			ed Binar		ii iiiodui	c rauras	
		Bit Position	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
78	STATUS_BYTE	Access	r	r	r	r	r	r	r	r	
			X	OFF	VOUT	IOUT	VIN_	ТЕМР	CML	OTHE	
		Flag			_OV	_OC	UV			R	
		Default Value	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	Returns two bytes of information with a summary of the module's fault/warning conditions  Format Linear, two's complement binary										
		Format Bit Position	7	6	5	4	3	2	y 1	0	
		Access	r	r	r	r	r	r	r	r	
				IOUT			PGOO				
79	STATUS_WORD	Flag	VOUT	OC	X	X	D	X	X	X	
	_	Default Value	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
		Bit Position	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
		Access	r	r	r	r	r	r	r	r	
		Flag	X	OFF	VOUT OV	IOUT OC	VIN_ UV	TEMP	CML	OTHE R	
		Default Value	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
		Returns one byte of related faults	informa	tion wit					put volt	age	
7A	STATUS_VOUT	Format Bit Position	7	, 1	6 5		ed Binar		2 1	0	
/A	31A103_V001	Access	r		r 1		r		r r	r	
		Flag	VOUT		X		UT UV		X X	X	
		Default Value	(	_	0 (		0		0 0	0	
		Returns one byte of related faults			h the sta	atus of t	he modu	ıle's out			
		Format					ed Binar	,			
7B	STATUS_IOUT	Bit Position	7		6 5	4	3		2	1 0	
		Access	r		rr	r IC	T OC	WAR	r	r r	
		Flag Default Value	IOUT 0		X X 0 0	X IC	UT_OC 0	_wARI	N X	X X 0 0	
		Returns one byte of									
		faults				I Ima' -	JD:	.,		<del></del> 1	
75		Format Bit Position	_	, 1			ed Binar		2 1 1	-	
7D	STATUS_TEMPERATURE	Access	7 r		6 r	+	5 4 r r	3 r	2 1 r r	_	
		Flag	OT_F		OT_W.	ARN	X X	X	X		
		Default Value	01_17		01_W		0  0	0	0 0		
		2 cruait , uiut			- 0	1	- 1 0		J   0		

3 Vdc - 14.4 Vdc Input, 0.45 Vdc - 5.5 Vdc /12 A Outputs



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Hex Code	Command	Brief Description								Non-Volatile Memory Storage		
		Returns one byte of related faults	informa	tion v	vith the st	atus of	the 1	nodul	e's co	mmunicat	ion	
		Format	Format Unsigned Binary									
		Bit Position	7		6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
7E	STATUS_CML	Access	r		r	r	r	r	r	r	r	
	_	Flag	Inva Comn		Invalid Data	PEC Fail	X	X	X	Other Comm Fault	X	
		Default Value	0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
							_	_	U	U	U	
		Returns the value of the input voltage applied to the module  Format Linear, two's complement binary										
		Format	7				comp				0	
		Bit Position	7	6	5	4		3	2	1	0	
		Access	r	r	r	r		r	r	r	r	
88	READ_VIN	Function			Expone	_		_		Mantissa		
		Default Value	1	1	0	1		1	0	0	0	
		Bit Position	7	6	5	4		3	2	1	0	
		Access	r	r	r	r		r	r	r	r	
		Function				M	antiss	sa				
		Default Value	0	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	
		Returns the value of	f the out	put vo							-10.	
		Format			Linear,		comp	-		1 -		
		Bit Position	7	6	5	4		3	2	1	0	
		Access	r	r	r	r		r	r	r	r	
8B	READ_VOUT	Function				M	antiss	sa				
ов		Default Value	0	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	
		Bit Position	7	6	5	4		3	2	1	0	
		Access	r	r	r	r		r	r	r	r	
		Function				M	antiss	sa				
		Default Value	0	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	
		Returns the value of the output current of the module										
		Format			Linear,	two's	comp	lemen	t bina	ry		
		Bit Position	7	6	5	4		3	2	1	0	
		Access	r	r	r	r		r	r	r	r	
9.0	DEAD JOUT	Function			Expone	nt				Mantissa		
8C	READ_IOUT	Default Value	1	1	1	0		0	0	0	0	
		Bit Position	7	6	5	4		3	2	1	0	
		Access	r	r	r	r		r	r	r	r	
		Function				_	antiss			1		
		Default Value	0	0	0	0	_	0	0	0	0	
		Returns one byte inconly)										
			1			Unsign	ned D	incer				
98	PMBUS_REVISION	Format Bit Docition	7				neu E		2	1 1	0	YES
	-	Bit Position	7	6	5	4	+	3	2	1	0	
		Access	r	r	r	r		r	r	r	r	
		Default Value	0	0	0	1		0	0	0	1	
		Returns the minimu Format			Linear,	two's		lemen	t bina	ry		
		Bit Position	7	6	5	4		3	2	1	0	
		Access	r	r	r	r		r	r	r	r	
4.0	MED VIDI MINI	Function			Expone	nt				Mantissa		N/EG
A0	MFR_VIN_MIN	Default Value	1	1	1	1		0	0	0	0	YES
		Bit Position	7	6	5	4		3	2	1	0	
		Access	r	r	r	r	1	r	r	r	r	
		Function	<u> </u>				antiss	i	-	1 1		
		Default Value	0	0	0	0		1	1	0	0	
		Definant value				1 0		4			U	
·												1

3 Vdc - 14.4 Vdc Input, 0.45 Vdc - 5.5 Vdc /12 A Outputs



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Hex Code	Command			Br	ief Desc	cription					Non-Volatile Memory Storage
		Returns the minimu	m outpu	t voltag	e possib	le from	the mod	lule(rea	d only).		
		Format		]	Linear, t	wo's co	mpleme	nt binar	у		
		Bit Position	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
		Access	r	r	r	r	r	r	r	r	
A4	MED MOUTE MAN	Function		]	Exponer	nt			Mantissa	ì	T/E/G
	MFR_VOUT_MIN	Default Value	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	YES
		Bit Position	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
		Access	r	r	r	r	r	r	r	r	
		Function				Man	tissa	ı	I		
		Default Value	0	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	
		Returns module nan	ne infor	mation()	ead only	v)			1		
		Format	lic imori	mation		Unsigne	d Rinar	W.		1	
		Bit Position	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
		Access	r	r		r	r	r			
		Function	1	1 1	r	Rese		1 1	r	r	
D0	MFR_SPECIFIC_00	Default Value	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	YES
			7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
		Bit Position									
		Access	r	r	r Madul	r Nome	r	r	Page	r	
		Function				e Name	0		Rese		
		Default Value	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	
		Applies an offset to errors in module me +124mV).Exponent	asureme	ents of at -10	he outp		ge (betw	een-125	5mV and		YES
		Bit Position	7	6	5	4	3	2	y 1	0	
			r/w	r	r	r	r	r	r		
D4	VOUT_CAL_OFFSET	Access	1/W	1	1	Man		1	1	r	
		Function	V	0	0	0	ussa 0	0	0	0	
		Default Value	7		5	4	3	2	0	0	
		Bit Position		6							
		Access	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	
		Function Default Value	V	V	V	Man V	ussa V	V	37	V	
		Applies a gain corregain errors in modul 0.121).	ction to	the RE.	AD_VO	UT com	mand re	esults to	n-0.125 a	e out	
			7						ř	0	
		Bit Position	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
D5	VOUT_CAL_GAIN	Access	r	r	r	r	r	r	r Montices	r/w	YES
	- <b>-</b>	Function Default Value	1		Exponer		0		Mantissa		
		Default Value	7	6	5	0 4	3	2	0	0 0	
		Bit Position						r/w			
		Access	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w Man	r/w	1/W	r/w	r/w	
		Function Default Value	V	V	V	Wian V	ussa	V	V	V	
<u> </u>		Default Value				v	V	V	V		<del> </del>
		Applies an offset co offset errors in mod +1.968).		suremer	ts of th		oltage (	betwee	n -2V an		
		Bit Position	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
		Access	r	r	r	r	r/w	r	r	r/w	
D6	VIN_CAL_OFFSET	Function	<u> </u>		Exponer		2, 11		Mantissa		YES
		Default Value	1	1	0	1	V	0	0	V	
		Bit Position	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
		Access	r	r	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	
			Г	Г	1/W	Man		1/W	1/W	1/W	
		Function Default Value	0	0	V	V	ussa V	V	V	V	
		Default Value	U	U	ı v	_ v	v	V	V	V	

3 Vdc - 14.4 Vdc Input, 0.45 Vdc - 5.5 Vdc /12 A Outputs



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Hex Code	Command		Brief Description										
			pplies a gain correction to the READ_VIN command results to calibrate out gain errors module measurements of the input voltage (between -0.125 and 0.121)										
		Format		Linear, two's complement binary									
		Bit Position	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			
		Access	r	r	r	r	r/w	r	r	r/w			
D7	VIN_CAL_GAIN	Function	Exponent Mantissa							YES			
		Default Value	1	1	0	0	V	0	0	V			
		Bit Position	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			
		Access	r	r	r	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w			
		Function				Mar	tissa						
		Default Value	0	0	0	V	V	V	V	V			

3 Vdc - 14.4 Vdc Input, 0.45 Vdc - 5.5 Vdc /12 A Outputs



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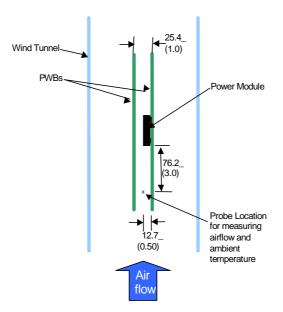
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## **Thermal Considerations**

The SLDN-12D1Ax Power modules operate in a variety of thermal environments; however, sufficient cooling should always be provided to help ensure reliable operation.

Considerations include ambient temperature, airflow, module power dissipation, and the need for increased reliability. A reduction in the operating temperature of the module will result in an increase in reliability. The thermal data presented here is based on physical measurements taken in a wind tunnel. The test set-up is shown in Figure 49. The preferred airflow direction for the module is in Figure 50.

Figure 49

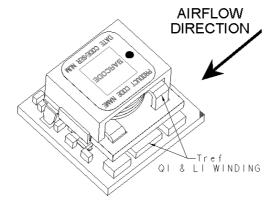


Thermal Test Setup.

The thermal reference points,  $T_{ref}$  used in the specifications are also shown in Figure 50. For reliable operation the temperatures at these points should not exceed 120°C. The output power of the module should not exceed the rated power of the module ( $V_{o,set} \times I_{o,max}$ ).

Please refer to the Application Note "Thermal Characterization Process For Open-Frame Board-Mounted Power Modules" for a detailed discussion of thermal aspects including maximum device temperatures.





Preferred airflow direction and location of hot-spot of the module(T<sub>ref</sub>).

3 Vdc - 14.4 Vdc Input, 0.45 Vdc - 5.5 Vdc /12 A Outputs



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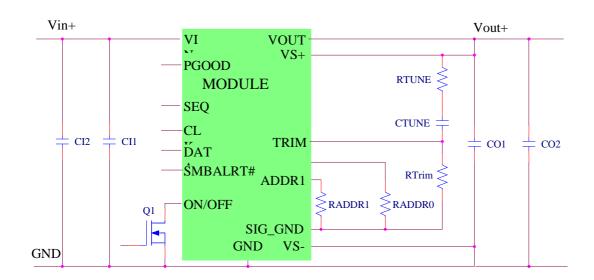
## **Example Application Circuit**

#### Requirements:

Vin: 12V Vout: 1.8V

Iout: 9A max., worst case load transient is from 6A to 9A  $\Delta$ Vout: 1.5% of V<sub>out</sub> (27mV) for worst case load transient

Vin, ripple 1.5% of  $V_{in}$  (180mV, p-p)



CI1 2x22µF/16V ceramic capacitor (e.g. Murata GRM32ER61C226KE20)

CI2 47µF/16V bulk electrolytic

CO1 2 x 47μF/6.3V ceramic capacitor (e.g. Murata GRM31CR60J476ME19)

CO2 1 x 330μF/6.3V Polymer (e.g. Sanyo Poscap)

 $C_{Tune}$  3300pF ceramic capacitor (can be 1206, 0805 or 0603 size)  $R_{Tune}$  270 ohms SMT resistor (can be 1206, 0805 or 0603 size)

 $R_{Trim}$  10k $\Omega$  SMT resistor (can be 1206, 0805 or 0603 size, recommended tolerance of 0.1%)

3 Vdc - 14.4 Vdc Input, 0.45 Vdc - 5.5 Vdc /12 A Outputs



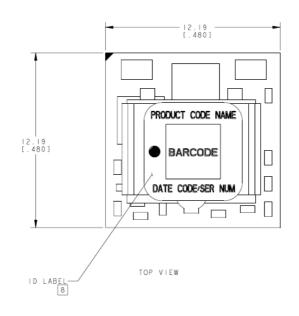
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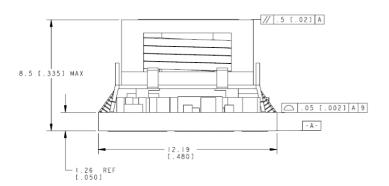
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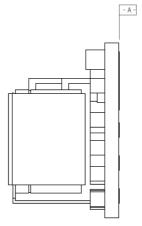
#### **Mechanical Outline**

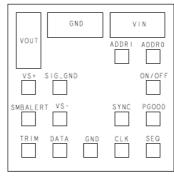
Dimensions are in millimeters and (inches).

Tolerances: x.x mm  $\pm$  0.5 mm (x.xx in.  $\pm$  0.02 in.) [unless otherwise indicated] x.xx mm  $\pm$  0.25 mm (x.xxx in  $\pm$  0.010 in.)









BOTTOM VIEW

PIN	FUNCTION	PIN	FUNCTION
1	ON/OFF	10	PGOOD
2	VIN	11	SYNC
3	GND	12	VS-
4	VOUT	13	SIG. GND
5	VS+ (SENSE)	14	SMBALERT
6	TRIM	15	DATA
7	GND	16	ADDR0
8	CLK	17	ADDR1
9	SEQ		

3 Vdc - 14.4 Vdc Input, 0.45 Vdc - 5.5 Vdc /12 A Outputs



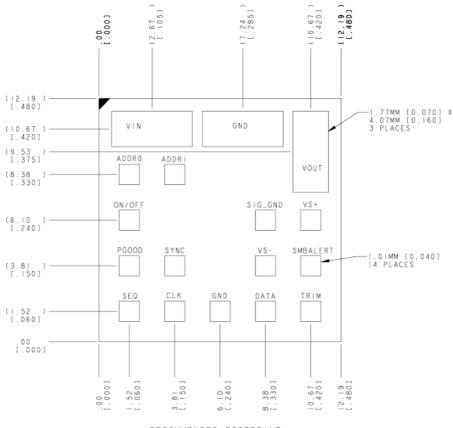
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## **Recommended Pad Layout**

Dimensions are in millimeters and (inches).

Tolerances: x.x mm  $\pm$  0.5 mm (x.xx in.  $\pm$  0.02 in.) [unless otherwise indicated] x.xx mm  $\pm$  0.25 mm (x.xxx in  $\pm$  0.010 in.)



RECOMMENDED FOOTPRINT -THROUGH THE BOARD-

PIN	FUNCTION	PIN	<b>FUNCTION</b>
1	ON/OFF	10	PGOOD
2	VIN	11	SYNC
3	GND	12	VS-
4	VOUT	13	SIG_GND
5	VS+ (SENSE)	14	SMBALERT
6	TRIM	15	DATA
7	GND	16	ADDR0
8	CLK	17	ADDR1
9	SEQ		

3 Vdc - 14.4 Vdc Input, 0.45 Vdc - 5.5 Vdc /12 A Outputs



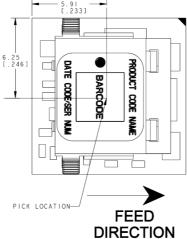
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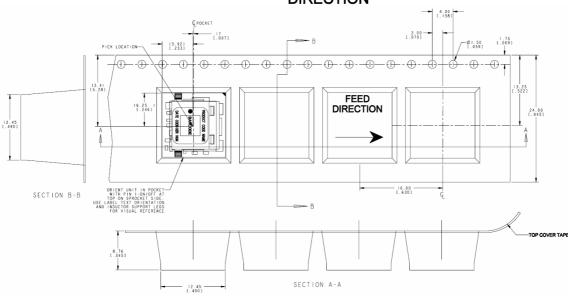
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## **Packaging Details**

The SLDN-12D1Ax 12A modules are supplied in tape & reel as standard. Modules are shipped in quantities of 200 modules per reel.

All Dimensions are in millimeters and (in inches).





**Reel Dimensions:** 

Outside Dimensions: 330.2 mm (13.00)
Inside Dimensions: 177.8 mm (7.00")
Tape Width: 24.00 mm (0.945")

3 Vdc - 14.4 Vdc Input, 0.45 Vdc - 5.5 Vdc /12 A Outputs



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#### **Surface Mount Information**

#### **Pick and Place**

The SLDN-12D1Ax modules use an open frame construction and are designed for a fully automated assembly process. The modules are fitted with a label designed to provide a large surface area for pick and place operations. The label meets all the requirements for surface mount processing, as well as safety standards, and is able to withstand reflow temperatures of up to 300°C. The label also carries product information such as product code, serial number and the location of manufacture.

#### **Nozzle Recommendations**

The SLDN-12D1Ax module weight has been kept to a minimum by using open frame construction. Variables such as nozzle size, tip style, vacuum pressure and placement speed should be considered to optimize this process. The minimum recommended inside nozzle diameter for reliable operation is 3mm. The maximum nozzle outer diameter, which will safely fit within the allowable component spacing, is 7 mm.

#### **Bottom Side / First Side Assembly**

This SLDN-12D1Ax module is not recommended for assembly on the bottom side of a customer board. If such an assembly is attempted, components may fall off the module during the second reflow process.

#### **Lead Free Soldering**

The SLDN-12D1Ax modules are lead-free (Pb-free) and RoHS compliant and fully compatible in a Pb-free soldering process. Failure to observe the instructions below may result in the failure of or cause damage to the modules and can adversely affect long-term reliability.

#### **Pb-free Reflow Profile**

Power Systems will comply with J-STD-020 Rev. C (Moisture/Reflow Sensitivity Classification for Nonhermetic Solid State Surface Mount Devices) for both Pb-free solder profiles and MSL classification procedures. This standard provides a recommended forced-air-convection reflow profile based on the volume and thickness of the package (table 4-2). The suggested Pb-free solder paste is Sn/Ag/Cu (SAC). The recommended linear reflow profile using Sn/Ag/Cu solder is shown in Fig. 50. Soldering outside of the recommended profile requires testing to verify results and performance.

#### **MSL** Rating

The SLDN-12D1Ax modules have a MSL rating of 2.

3 Vdc - 14.4 Vdc Input, 0.45 Vdc - 5.5 Vdc /12 A Outputs



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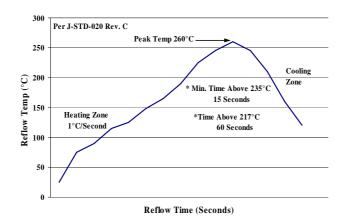
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#### **Surface Mount Information(continued)**

#### Storage and Handling

The recommended storage environment and handling procedures for moisture-sensitive surface mount packages is detailed in J-STD-033 Rev. A (Handling, Packing, Shipping and Use of Moisture/Reflow Sensitive Surface Mount Devices). Moisture barrier bags (MBB) with desiccant are required for MSL ratings of 2 or greater. These sealed packages should not be broken until time of use. Once the original package is broken, the floor life of the product at conditions of  $\leq$  30°C and 60% relative humidity varies according to the MSL rating (see J-STD-033A). The shelf life for dry package SMT packages will be a minimum of 12 months from the bag seal date, when stored at the following conditions: < 40° C, < 90% relative humidity.

Figure51



Recommended linear reflow profile using Sn/Ag/Cu solder.

#### **Post Solder Cleaning and Drying Considerations**

Post solder cleaning is usually the final circuit-board assembly process prior to electrical board testing. The result of inadequate cleaning and drying can affect both the reliability of a power module and the testability of the finished circuit-board assembly. For guidance on appropriate soldering, cleaning and drying procedures, refer to Board Mounted Power Modules: Soldering and Cleaning Application Note (AN04-001).

3 Vdc - 14.4 Vdc Input, 0.45 Vdc - 5.5 Vdc /12 A Outputs



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#### **Revision History**

Date	Revision	Changes Detail	Approval
2011-10-19	Α	First release	HL LU
2012-05-09	В	Adding patent information.	HL LU

### **RoHS Compliance**

Complies with the European Directive 2002/95/EC, calling for the elimination of lead and other hazardous substances from electronic products.



Bel Power Digital Non-Isolated DC-DC products use technology licensed from Power-One, protected by US patents: US20040246754, US2004090219A1, US2004093533A1, US2004123164A1, US2004123167A1, US2004178780A1, US2004179382A1, US20050200344, US20050223252, US2005289373A1, US20060061214, US2006015616A1, US20060174145, US20070226526, US20070234095, US20070240000, US20080052551, US20080072080, US20080186006, US6741099, US6788036, US6936999, US6949916, US7000125, US7049798, US7068021, US7080265, US7249267, US7266709, US7315156, US7372682, US7373527, US7394445, US7456617, US7459892, US7493504, US7526660.

Outside the US the Power-One licensed technology is protected by patents: AU3287379AA, AU3287437AA, AU3290643AA, AU3291357AA, CN10371856C, CN1045261OC, CN10458656C, CN10459360C, CN10465848C, CN11069332A, CN11124619A, CN11346682A, CN1685299A, CN1685459A, CN1685582A, CN1685583A, CN1698023A, CN1802619A, EP1561156A1, EP1561268A2, EP1576710A1, EP1576711A1, EP1604254A4, EP1604264A4, EP1714369A2, EP1745536A4, EP1769382A4, EP1899789A2, EP1984801A2, W004044718A1, W004045042A3, W004045042C1, W004062061 A1, W004062062A1, W004070780A3, W004084390A3, W004084391A3, W005079227A3, W005081771A3, W006019569A3, W02007001584A3, W02007094935A3

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