

# CY62177DV30 MoBL<sup>®</sup> 32-Mbit (2 M × 16) Static RAM

### Features

- Very high speed: 55 ns
- Wide voltage range: 2.20 V-3.60 V
- Ultra-low active power
  - Typical active current: 2 mA at f = 1 MHz
  - Typical active current: 15 mA at f = f<sub>max</sub>
- Ultra low standby power
- Easy memory expansion with CE<sub>1</sub>, CE<sub>2</sub> and OE features
- Automatic power-down when deselected
- Complementary metal oxide semiconductor (CMOS) for optimum speed/power
- Packages offered in a 48-ball fine ball grid array (FBGA)

### **Functional Description**

The CY62177DV30 is a high-performance CMOS static RAM organized as 2M words by 16 bits. This device features advanced circuit design to provide ultra-low active current. This is ideal for providing More Battery Life<sup>™</sup> (MoBL<sup>®</sup>) in portable applications such as cellular telephones. The device also has an

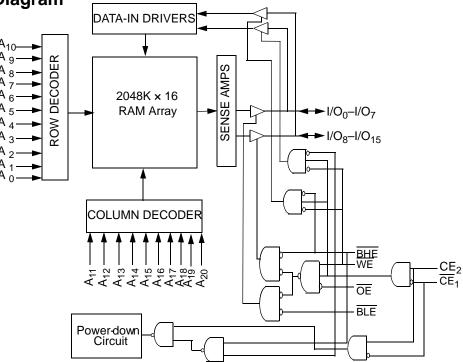
# Logic Block Diagram

automatic power-down feature that significantly reduces power consumption. The device can also be put into standby mode when deselected ( $\overline{CE}_1$  HIGH or  $CE_2$  LOW or both BHE and BLE are HIGH). The input/output pins ( $I/O_0$  through  $I/O_{15}$ ) are placed in a high-impedance state when: deselected ( $\overline{CE}_1$ HIGH or  $CE_2$  LOW), outputs are disabled ( $\overline{OE}$  HIGH), both Byte High Enable and Byte Low Enable are disabled (BHE, BLE HIGH), or during a write operation ( $\overline{CE}_1$  LOW,  $CE_2$  HIGH and WE LOW).

<u>Writing</u> to the device is accomplished by taking Chip Enables  $\overline{(CE_1 \text{ LOW and CE_2 HIGH)}}$  and Write Enable (WE) input LOW. If Byte Low Enable (BLE) is LOW, then data from I/O pins (I/O<sub>0</sub> through I/O<sub>7</sub>), is written into the location specified on the address pins (A<sub>0</sub> through A<sub>20</sub>). If Byte High Enable (BHE) is LOW, then data from I/O pins (I/O<sub>8</sub> through I/O<sub>15</sub>) is written into the location specified on the address pins (A<sub>0</sub> through A<sub>20</sub>).

<u>Rea</u>ding from the device is accomplished by taking Chip Enables  $(\overline{CE}_1 \text{ LOW} \text{ and } CE_2 \text{ HIGH})$  and Output Enable  $(\overline{OE}) \text{ LOW}$  while forcing the Write Enable (WE) HIGH. If Byte Low Enable (BLE) is LOW, then data from the memory location specified by the address pins will appear on  $I/O_0$  to  $I/O_7$ . If Byte High Enable (BHE) is LOW, then data from memory will appear on  $I/O_8$  to  $I/O_{15}$ . See the truth table for a complete description of read and write modes.

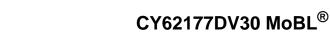
For a complete list of related documentation, click here.





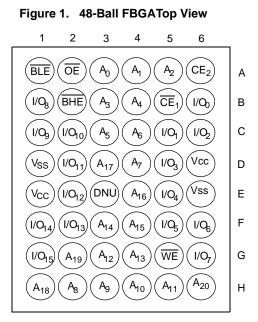
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## Pin Configuration<sup>[1]</sup>



### **Product Portfolio**

					Power Dissipatio					
Product	V	<sub>CC</sub> Range (	V)	Speed		Operatin	ig I <sub>CC</sub> (mA)		Standby	less(uA)
Froduct				(ns) $f = 1 \text{ MHz}$ $f = f_{\text{max}}$		f = 1 MHz f = f <sub>max</sub>		Stanuby	Standby I <sub>SB2</sub> (µA)	
	Min	Typ <sup>[2]</sup>	Max		<b>Typ</b> <sup>[2]</sup>	Max	<b>Typ</b> <sup>[2]</sup>	Max	<b>Typ</b> <sup>[2]</sup>	Max
CY62177DV30LL	2.2	3.0	3.6	55	2	4	15	30	5	50

Notes

DNU pins have to be left floating or tied to Vss to ensure proper application.
 Typical values are included for reference only and are not guaranteed or tested. Typical values are measured at V<sub>CC</sub> = V<sub>CC(typ.)</sub>, T<sub>A</sub> = 25 °C.



### **Maximum Ratings**

Exceeding maximum ratings may shorten the useful life of the device. User guidelines are not tested.

Storage temperature65 °C to + 150 °C
Ambient temperature with power applied55 °C to + 125 °C
Supply voltage to ground potential –0.3 V to V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.3 V
DC voltage applied to outputs in High Z state $^{[3,\ 4]}$
DC input voltage <sup>[3, 4]</sup> 0.3 V to V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.3 V

Output current into outputs (LOW)	20 mA
Static discharge voltage (per MIL-STD-883, method 3015)	>2001 V
Latch-up current	200 mA

## **Operating Range**

Device	Range	Ambient Temperature	<b>V<sub>CC</sub></b> <sup>[5]</sup>
CY62177DV30LL	Industrial	–40 °C to +85 °C	2.20 V to 3.60 V

### Electrical Characteristics Over the Operating Range

Parameter	Description	Test Cond	itions	Min	<b>Typ</b> <sup>[6]</sup>	Max	Unit
V <sub>OH</sub>	Output HIGH voltage	I <sub>OH</sub> = -0.1 mA	V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.20 V	2.0	-	-	V
		I <sub>OH</sub> = -1.0 mA	V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.70 V	2.4	-	-	V
V <sub>OL</sub>	Output LOW voltage I <sub>OL</sub> = 0.1 mA		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.20 V	-	-	0.4	V
		I <sub>OL</sub> = 2.1 mA	V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.70 V	-	-	0.4	V
V <sub>IH</sub>	Input HIGH voltage	$V_{CC} = 2.2 V \text{ to } 2.7 V$	$V_{CC} = 2.2 \text{ V to } 2.7 \text{ V}$		-	V <sub>CC</sub> +0.3 V	V
		$V_{CC} = 2.7 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}$	$V_{CC} = 2.7 V \text{ to } 3.6 V$			V <sub>CC</sub> +0.3 V	V
V <sub>IL</sub>	Input LOW voltage	$V_{CC} = 2.2 \text{ V to } 2.7 \text{ V}$		-0.3	_	0.6	V
		$V_{CC} = 2.7 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}$	V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.7 V to 3.6 V		_	0.8	V
I <sub>IX</sub>	Input leakage current	$GND \le V_I \le V_{CC}$	$GND \le V_I \le V_{CC}$		-	+1	μA
I <sub>OZ</sub>	Output leakage current	$GND \le V_O \le V_{CC}$ , output c	lisabled	-1	-	+1	μA
I <sub>CC</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> operating supply	$f = f_{MAX} = 1/t_{RC}$	$V_{CC} = V_{CCmax}$		15	30	mA
	current	f = 1 MHz	I <sub>OUT</sub> = 0 mA CMOS levels		2	4	mA
I <sub>SB1</sub>	Automatic CE power-down current—CMOS inputs	$ \begin{array}{l} \hline CE_1 \geq V_{CC} - 0.2 \text{ V},  CE_2 < 0.2 \text{ V}, \\ V_{IN} \geq V_{CC} - 0.2 \text{ V},  V_{IN} \leq 0.2 \text{ V}) \\ f = f_{MAX} (address and data only), \\ f = 0 (OE, WE, BHE and BLE),  V_{CC} = 3.60 \text{ V} \end{array} $		-	5	100	μA
I <sub>SB2</sub>	Automatic CE power-down current—CMOS inputs			_	5	50	μA

- V<sub>IL(min.)</sub> = -2.0 V for pulse durations less than 20 ns.
   V<sub>IL(Max)</sub> = V<sub>CC</sub> + 0.75 V for pulse durations less than 20 ns.
   Full device AC operation requires linear V<sub>CC</sub> ramp from 0 to V<sub>CC(min)</sub> ≥ 500 μs.
   Typical values are included for reference only and are not guaranteed or tested. Typical values are measured at V<sub>CC</sub> = V<sub>CC(typ.)</sub>, T<sub>A</sub> = 25 °C



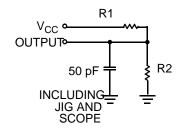
#### Capacitance

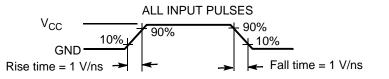
Parameter <sup>[7]</sup>	Description	Test Conditions	Max.	Unit
C <sub>IN</sub>	Input capacitance	$T_{A} = 25 ^{\circ}C, f = 1 \text{MHz},$	12	pF
C <sub>OUT</sub>	Output capacitance	$V_{CC} = V_{CC(typ)}$	12	pF

#### Thermal Resistance

Parameter <sup>[7]</sup>	Description	Test Conditions	BGA	Unit
$\theta_{JA}$	Thermal resistance (Junction to ambient)	Still Air, soldered on a 3 × 4.5 inch, two-layer printed circuit board	55	°C/W
θ <sup>JC</sup>	Thermal resistance (Junction to case)		16	°C/W

### **AC Test Loads and Waveforms**





Equivalent to: THÉVENIN EQUIVALENT

Parameters	2.5 V (2.2 V to 2.7 V)	3.0 V (2.7 V to 3.6 V)	Unit
R1	16667	1103	Ω
R2	15385	1554	Ω
R <sub>TH</sub>	8000	645	Ω
V <sub>TH</sub>	1.20	1.75	V

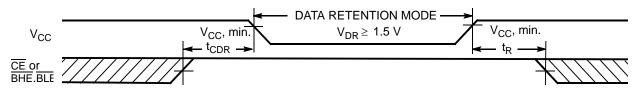
### Data Retention Characteristics (Over the Operating Range)

Parameter	Description	Conditions		Min	<b>Typ</b> <sup>[8]</sup>	Max	Unit
V <sub>DR</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> for data retention			1.5	-	-	V
ICCDR	Data retention current	$\label{eq:V_CC} \begin{array}{l} \frac{V_{CC}}{CE} = 1.5 \ V \\ \overline{CE}_1 \geq V_{CC} - 0.2 \ V, \ CE_2 < 0.2 \\ V_{IN} \geq V_{CC} - 0.2 \ V \ or \ V_{IN} \leq 0. \end{array}$	2 V, 2 V	-	-	25	μA
t <sub>CDR</sub> <sup>[7]</sup>	Chip deselect to data retention time			0	-	_	ns
t <sub>R</sub> <sup>[9]</sup>	Operation recovery time			55	-	_	ns

- 7. Tested initially and after any design or process changes that may affect these parameters.
- 8. Typical values are included for reference only and are not guaranteed or tested. Typical values are measured at  $V_{CC} = V_{CC(typ.)}$ ,  $T_A = 25$  °C
- 9. Full device operation requires linear V<sub>CC</sub> ramp from V<sub>DR</sub> to V<sub>CC(min.)</sub>  $\geq$  100 µs or stable at V<sub>CC(min.)</sub>  $\geq$  100 µs.



### Data Retention Waveform<sup>[10, 11]</sup>



#### Switching Characteristics Over the Operating Range

Parameter <sup>[11, 12]</sup>	Description	Min	Max	Unit
READ CYCLE				
t <sub>RC</sub>	Read cycle time	55	_	ns
t <sub>AA</sub>	Address to data valid	_	55	ns
t <sub>OHA</sub>	Data hold from address change	10	_	ns
t <sub>ACE</sub>	CE LOW to data valid	_	55	ns
t <sub>DOE</sub>	OE LOW to data valid	_	25	ns
t <sub>LZOE</sub>	OE LOW to LOW Z <sup>[13]</sup>	5	_	ns
t <sub>HZOE</sub>	OE HIGH to High Z <sup>[13, 14]</sup>	_	20	ns
t <sub>LZCE</sub>	CE LOW to Low Z <sup>[13]</sup>	10	_	ns
t <sub>HZCE</sub>	CE HIGH to High Z <sup>[13, 14]</sup>	_	20	ns
t <sub>PU</sub>	CE LOW to power-up	0	_	ns
t <sub>PD</sub>	CE HIGH to power-down	_	55	ns
t <sub>DBE</sub>	BLE/BHE LOW to data valid	_	55	ns
t <sub>LZBE</sub>	BLE/BHE LOW to Low Z <sup>[13]</sup>	10	_	ns
t <sub>HZBE</sub>	BLE/BHE HIGH to HIGH Z <sup>[13, 14]</sup>	_	20	ns
WRITE CYCLE <sup>[15, 16]</sup>				•
t <sub>WC</sub>	Write cycle time	55	_	ns
t <sub>SCE</sub>	CE LOW to write end	40	_	ns
t <sub>AW</sub>	Address set-up to write end	40	_	ns
t <sub>HA</sub>	Address hold from write end	0	_	ns
t <sub>SA</sub>	Address set-up to write start	0	_	ns
t <sub>PWE</sub>	WE pulse width	40	_	ns
t <sub>BW</sub>	BLE/BHE LOW to write end	40	-	ns
t <sub>SD</sub>	Data set-up to write end	25	_	ns
t <sub>HD</sub>	Data hold from write end	0	_	ns
t <sub>HZWE</sub>	WE LOW to High Z <sup>[13, 14]</sup>	-	20	ns
t <sub>LZWE</sub>	WE HIGH to Low Z <sup>[13]</sup>	10	_	ns

Notes

10. BHE.BLE is the AND of both BHE and BLE. Chip can be deselected by either disabling the chip enable signals or by disabling both BHE and BLE. 11. CE is the logical combination of  $\overline{CE}_1$  and  $\overline{CE}_2$ . When  $\overline{CE}_1$  is LOW and  $\overline{CE}_2$  is HIGH,  $\overline{CE}$  is LOW; when  $\overline{CE}_1$  is HIGH or  $\overline{CE}_2$  is LOW,  $\overline{CE}$  is HIGH.

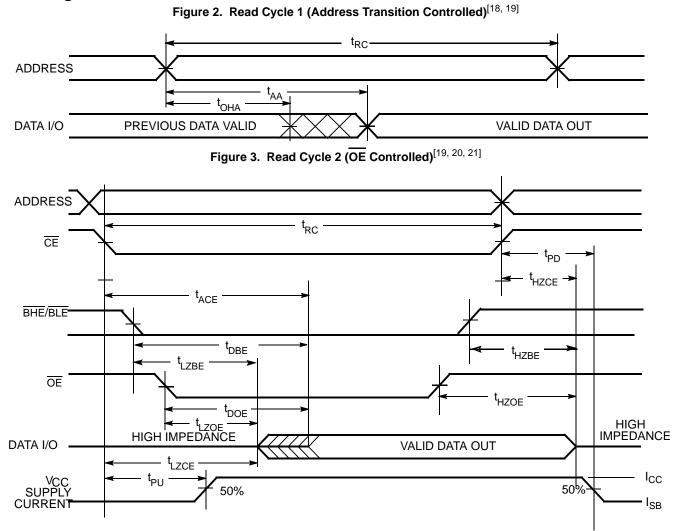
Test conditions for all parameters other than tri-state parameters assume signal transition time of 1 ns/V, timing reference levels of V<sub>CC(typ</sub>)/2, input pulse levels of 0 to V<sub>CC(typ</sub>), and output loading of the specified I<sub>OL</sub>/I<sub>OH</sub> as shown in the "AC Test Loads and Waveforms" section.
 At any given temperature and voltage condition, t<sub>HZCE</sub> is less than t<sub>LZCE</sub>, t<sub>HZBE</sub> is less than t<sub>LZOE</sub>, t<sub>HZOE</sub> is less than t<sub>LZOE</sub>, and t<sub>HZWE</sub> is less than t<sub>LZOE</sub>, and t<sub>HZWE</sub> for any given

device.

14. t<sub>HZOE</sub>, t<sub>HZDE</sub>, and t<sub>HZWE</sub> transitions are measured when the <u>outputs</u> enter a high impedance state.
15. The internal Write time of the memory is defined by the overlap of WE, CE = V<sub>IL</sub>, BHE and/or BLE = V<sub>IL</sub>. All signals must be ACTIVE to initiate a write and any of these signals can terminate a write by going INACTIVE. The <u>data</u> input set-up and hold timing should be referenced to the edge of the signal that terminates the write.
16. The minimum write cycle pulse width for Write Cycle No. 3 (WE controlled, OE LOW) should be equal to the sum of tsD and tHZWE.



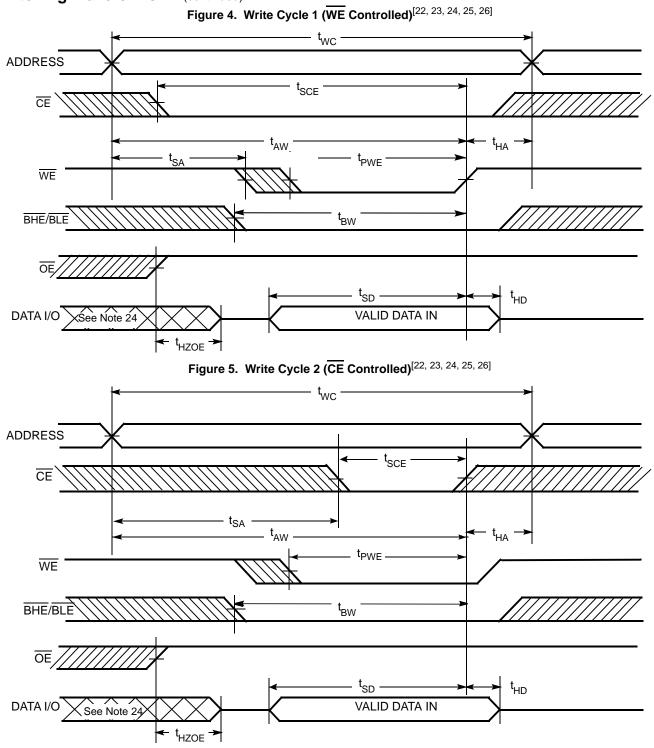
# Switching Waveforms<sup>[17]</sup>



- 17. All Read/Write switching waveforms are shown for <u>16-bit</u> data transactions only. 18. <u>The</u> device is continuously selected.  $\overrightarrow{OE}$ ,  $\overrightarrow{CE} = V_{IL}$ ,  $\overrightarrow{BHE}$  and/or  $\overrightarrow{BLE} = V_{IL}$ .
- 19. WE is HIGH for read cycle.
- 20. Address valid prior to or coincident with  $\overline{CE}$ ,  $\overline{BHE}$ ,  $\overline{BLE}$  transition LOW. 21.  $\overline{CE}$  is the logical combination of  $\overline{CE}_1$  and  $\overline{CE}_2$ . When  $\overline{CE}_1$  is LOW and  $\overline{CE}_2$  is HIGH,  $\overline{CE}$  is LOW; when  $\overline{CE}_1$  is HIGH or  $\overline{CE}_2$  is LOW,  $\overline{CE}$  is HIGH.



## Switching Waveforms<sup>[17]</sup> (continued)



#### Notes

22. Descent I/O is high impedance if  $\overline{OE} = V_{|H.}$ 23. If  $\overline{CE}$  goes HIGH simultaneously with WE =  $V_{|H}$ , the output remains in a high-impedance state.

24. During this period, the I/Os are in output state and input signals should not be applied.
 25. CE is the logical combination of CE<sub>1</sub> and CE<sub>2</sub>. When CE<sub>1</sub> is LOW and CE<sub>2</sub> is HIGH, CE is LOW; when CE<sub>1</sub> is HIGH or CE<sub>2</sub> is LOW, CE is HIGH.
 26. The internal Write time of the memory is defined by the overlap of WE, CE = V<sub>IL</sub>. HHE and/or BLE = V<sub>IL</sub>. All signals must be ACTIVE to initiate a write and any of these signals can terminate a write by going INACTIVE. The data input set-up and hold timing should be referenced to the edge of the signal that terminates the write.



# Switching Waveforms<sup>[17]</sup> (continued)

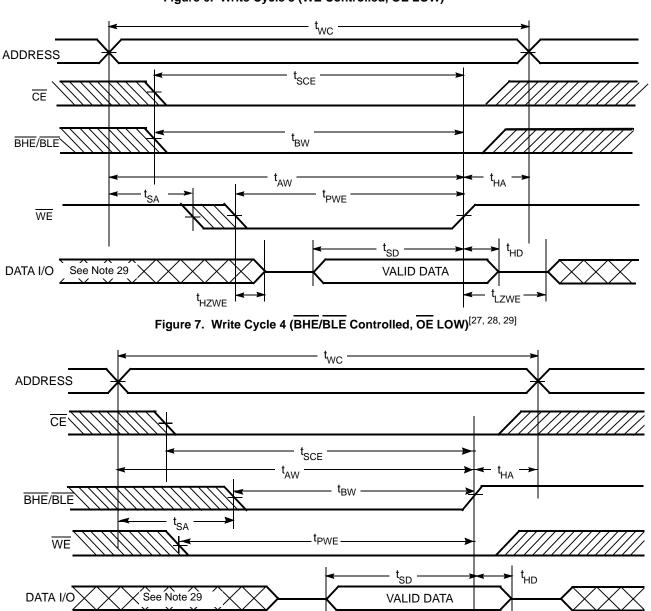


Figure 6. Write Cycle 3 ( $\overline{\text{WE}}$  Controlled,  $\overline{\text{OE}}$  LOW)<sup>[27, 28, 29, 30]</sup>

- 27.  $\overline{CE}$  is the logical combination of  $\overline{CE}_1$  and  $\overline{CE}_2$ . When  $\overline{CE}_1$  is LOW and  $\overline{CE}_2$  is HIGH,  $\overline{CE}$  is LOW; when  $\overline{CE}_1$  is HIGH or  $\overline{CE}_2$  is LOW,  $\overline{CE}$  is HIGH. 28. If  $\overline{CE}$  goes HIGH simultaneously with  $\overline{WE} = V_{1H}$ , the output remains in a high-impedance state. 29. During this period, the I/Os are in output state and input signals should not be applied.

- 30. The minimum write cycle pulse width should be equal to the sum of tSD and tHZWE.





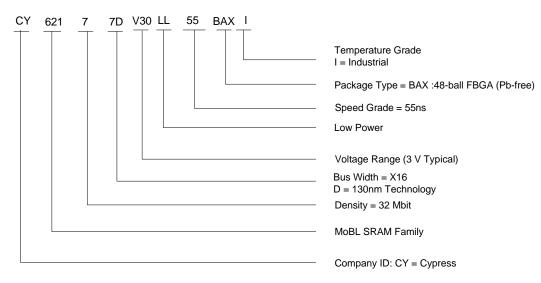
#### **Truth Table**

CE <sub>1</sub>	CE <sub>2</sub>	WE	OE	BHE	BLE	Inputs/Outputs	Mode	Power
Н	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	High Z	Deselect/power-down	Standby (I <sub>SB</sub> )
Х	L	Х	Х	Х	Х	High Z	Deselect/power-down	Standby (I <sub>SB</sub> )
Х	Х	Х	Х	Н	Н	High Z	Deselect/power-down	Standby (I <sub>SB</sub> )
L	Н	Н	L	L	L	Data out (I/O <sub>0</sub> -I/O <sub>15</sub> )	Read	Active (I <sub>CC</sub> )
L	Н	Н	L	Н	L	Data out (I/O <sub>0</sub> –I/O <sub>7</sub> ); High Z (I/O <sub>8</sub> –I/O <sub>15</sub> )	Read	Active (I <sub>CC</sub> )
L	Н	Н	L	L	Н	High Z (I/O <sub>0</sub> –I/O <sub>7</sub> ); Data Out (I/O <sub>8</sub> –I/O <sub>15</sub> )	Read	Active (I <sub>CC</sub> )
L	Н	Н	Н	L	Н	High Z	Output disabled	Active (I <sub>CC</sub> )
L	Н	Н	Н	Н	L	High Z	Output disabled	Active (I <sub>CC</sub> )
L	Н	Н	Н	L	L	High Z	Output disabled	Active (I <sub>CC</sub> )
L	Н	L	Х	L	L	Data in (I/O <sub>0</sub> –I/O <sub>15</sub> )	Write	Active (I <sub>CC</sub> )
L	Н	L	Х	Н	L	Data in (I/O <sub>0</sub> –I/O <sub>7</sub> ); High Z (I/O <sub>8</sub> –I/O <sub>15</sub> )	Write	Active (I <sub>CC</sub> )
L	Н	L	Х	L	Н	High Z (I/O <sub>0</sub> –I/O <sub>7</sub> ); Data in (I/O <sub>8</sub> –I/O <sub>15</sub> )	Write	Active (I <sub>CC</sub> )

## **Ordering Information**

Speed (ns)	Ordering Code	Package Diagram	Package Type	Operating Range
55	CY62177DV30LL-55BAXI	51-85191	48-ball FBGA (8 mm × 9.5 mm × 1.2 mm) (Pb-free)	Industrial

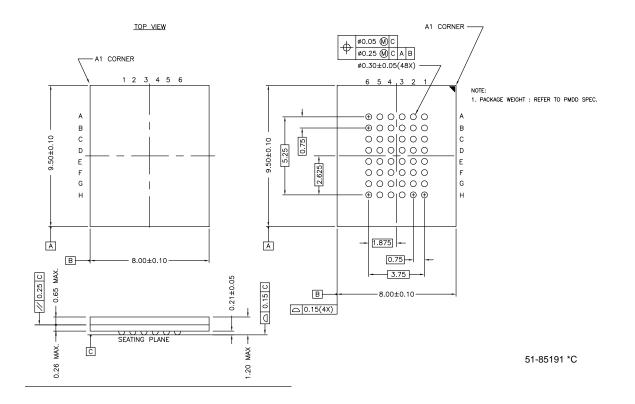
#### **Ordering Code Definitions**





## Package Diagram

Figure 8. 48 ball FBGA (8 × 9.5 × 1.2 mm) (51-85191)



## **Reference Information**

#### Acronyms

Acronym	Description
CMOS	complementary metal oxide semiconductor
I/O	input/output
SRAM	static random access memory
FBGA	fine ball grid array

#### **Document Conventions**

#### Units of Measure

Symbol	Unit of Measure
°C	degrees Celsius
μΑ	microampere
mA	milliampere
MHz	megahertz
ns	nanosecond
pF	picofarad
V	volt
Ω	ohm
W	watt



## **Document History Page**

Document Title: CY62177DV30 MoBL <sup>®</sup> 32-Mbit (2 M × 16) Static RAM Document #: 38-05633				
Revision	ECN	Orig. of Change	Submission Date	Description of Change
**	251075	AJU	See ECN	New Datasheet
*A	330363	AJU	See ECN	Changed title of data sheet from CYM62177DV30 to CY62177DV30 Added second chip enable ( $CE_2$ ) Added footnote #12 on page 5
*В	400960	NXR	See ECN	Changed address of Cypress Semiconductor Corporation on Page# 1 from "3901 North First Street" to "198 Champion Court" Changed $I_{SB1}$ from 60 and 40 $\mu$ A to 100 $\mu$ A for the L and LL versions for both the 55 and the 70 ns speed bins respectively.
*C	469187	NXR	See ECN	Converted from Preliminary to Final Changed the $I_{SB2(Max)}$ from 40 $\mu$ A to 50 $\mu$ A for LL version of both 45 ns and 55 ns speed bins Changed the $I_{CCDR(Max)}$ from 20 $\mu$ A to 25 $\mu$ A for LL version Updated the Ordering Information table
*D	2896036	AJU	03/19/10	Removed inactive parts from Ordering Information. Updated package diagram. Updated links in Sales, Solutions, and Legal Information.
*E	3153110	RAME	01/25/2011	Updated datasheet as per template Removed CY62177DV30L related info Removed 70 ns speed bin related info Added Ordering Code Definitions Added Reference Information and Units of Measure table
*F	3329873	RAME	07/27/11	Removed footnote # 8 and its reference because of single package availability. Updated template and styles according to current Cypress standards. Added acronyms and units. Removed reference to AN1064 SRAM system guidelines.
*G	3685455	MEMJ	07/20/2012	Added Note 16. Updated text in Switching Waveforms diagrams. Updated Package Diagram.
*Н	4576526	MEMJ	11/21/2014	Added related documentation hyperlink in page 1. Updated Figure 8 in Package Diagram (spec 51-85191 *B to *C). Added Note 16 in Switching Characteristics Over the Operating Range. Added note reference 16 in the Switching Characteristics table. Added Note 30 in Switching Waveforms[17]. Added note reference 30 in Figure 6.



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