

#### **NetFPGA-1G-CML™** Board Reference Manual

Revised July 16, 2014
This manual applies to the NetFPGA-1G-CML rev. E

#### **Overview**

The NetFPGA-1G-CML is a versatile, low-cost network hardware development platform featuring a Xilinx® Kintex®-7 XC7K325T FPGA and includes four Ethernet interfaces capable of negotiating up to 1 GB/s connections. 512 MB of 800 MHz DDR3 can support high-throughput packet buffering while 4.5 MB of QDRII+ can maintain low-latency access to high demand data, like routing tables. Rapid boot configuration is supported by a 128 MB BPI Flash, which is also available for non-volatile storage applications. The standard PCIe form factor supports high speed x4 Gen 2 interfacing. The FMC carrier connector provides a convenient expansion interface for extending card functionality via Select I/O and GTX serial interfaces. The FMC connector can support SATA-II data rates for network storage applications. The FMC connector can also be used to extend functionality via a wide variety of other cards designed for communication, measurement, and control.



The NetFPGA-1G-CML board.

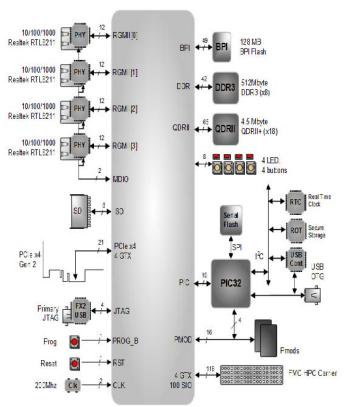
- Xilinx Kintex-7 XC7K325T-1FFG676 FPGA
- Low-jitter 200 MHz oscillator
- Four 10/100/1000 Ethernet PHYs with RGMII
- X4 Gen 2 PCI Express
- X16 4.5 MB QDRII+ static RAM (450 MHz)
- X8 512 MB DDR3 dynamic RAM (800 MHz)
- 1-Gbit BPI Flash
- SD card slot
- 32-bit PIC microcontroller
- USB microcontroller
- Real time clock
- Crypto-authentication chip
- High pin count FMC connector (VITA 57) withh 100 Select-IO and 4 GTX serial pairs
- Two Pmod connectors
- Four on-board LEDs and four on-board general-purpose buttons

The NetFPGA-1G-CML is designed to support the Stanford NetFPGA architecture with reference designs available through the NetFPGA GitHub Organization (www.github.com/organizations/NetFPGA). It is fully compatible with Xilinx Vivado™ and ISE® Design Suites as well as Xilinx SDK for embedded software design.



The Kintex-7 XC7K325T-1FFG676 FPGA has ample logic and I/O capacity for supporting a wide range of designs with the following capabilities:

- 50,950 slices, each containing four 6input LUTs and eight flip-flops
- Over 16 Mbit of fast on-chip block RAM
- Ten clock management tiles with one PLL and one mixed-mode clock manager each
- 840 DSP slices
- Integrated PCI Express
- Integrated AES bitstream encryption and SHA-256 authentication with batterybacked encryption key
- 400 Select I/O ports (250 high range, 150 high speed)
- Eight 6.6 Gb/s GTX serial transceivers



Kintex XC7K325T-1FFG676

### 1 FPGA Configuration

The system logic configuration is stored within the FPGA in SRAM-based memory cells. This data defines the FPGA's logic functions and circuit connections, but it is volatile since it remains valid only as long as power is applied. Because of this, the device is configured (i.e., programmed) every time it is turned-on. In addition, it may also be re-configured at any time power is applied. Once power is removed, the most recently programmed logic configuration is lost. The configuration data is commonly called a bitstream which is most often contained in files of type ".bit" or ".mcs". These files may be created several different ways using Xilinx development software.

The FPGA may be configured from three different sources. These include the on-board BPI flash, an off-board USB flash drive, or via a PC. The NetFPGA-1G follows a specific configuration sequence when it powers up and comes out of reset. If a valid "download.bit" file is detected on an attached UBS flash drive, that bitstream will be used to program the FPGA. The flash drive must be FAT formatted, contain a single "download.bit" file, and be attached to the USB-HOST port (J13) with jumper JP4 in place. If no flash drive bitstream is detected, an attempt will be made to configure the device from the on-board BPI flash address 0x0. If no flash bitstream is available, the board idles until it is programmed from a PC. PC programming can be done either via a USB cable connected to the USB PROG port (J12), or a JTAG programming cable connected to the Xilinx PROG CABLE port (J15). Any flash drive bitstreams that are not built for the Xilinx XC7K325T FPGA will be ignored. This power-on programming sequence can be reinitiated at any time after power is applied by depressing the red PROG button (BTN5).

Both Digilent and Xilinx distribute free software that can be used to transfer bitstreams from a PC as well as create bitstream files to load via a flash drive. Digilent's Adept and Xilinx's iMPACT applications can directly program the FPGA using a .bit file a standard USB A to Micro B cable connected to J12 or through any of several Digilent JTAG programming cables connected to J15. The on-board BPI flash is programmed via similar means. When



programming the BPI, iMPACT transfers a .mcs format bitstream to the flash in a two-step process. iMPACT first programs the FPGA directly with a special purpose BPI flash interface. It will then transfer the .mcs bitstream to the flash through that interface. This process is fully automated by the iMPACT program, so a designer only needs to be concerned with the creation of the .mcs file using Xilinx's design software.

More details on configuring the XC7K325T FPGA via the on-board BPI (using Master BPI mode), via the PIC USB-HOST (using Slave Serialmode), and via the JTAG mode can be found in the Xilinx 7 Series FPGAs Configuration User Guide (UG470).

# 2 Power Supplies

The NetFPGA-1G requires a 12V, 5A, or greater power source. Power is supplied via the J17 Molex connector at the rear of the PCB, as is often done with high performance PC graphics cards. *No power is supplied via the PCIe motherboard bus connector.* 

The NetFPGA-1G can be powered using the 6-pin PCIe power supply connector (Fig. 1) of any standard ATX power supply. When installed on a PC motherboard, you can directly plug the 6-pin PCIe power supply connector of your PC power supply into J17. When used standalone (without a motherboard), you need to short pins 15 and 16 (pulling down PS\_ON signal) of the main 20-pin connector of the standard ATX power supply to power-on the ATX unit (Fig.1).





Figure 1. Left: NetFPGA-1G can be powered by plugging the 6-pin PCIe power connector in J17; Right: Pin 16 and 17 are shorted using a jumper to power on a standard ATX power supply when used standalone.

Analog Devices voltage regulators provide a number of on-board power and reference voltages that are derived from the main 12V supply, as shown in Table 1. Supply power-on and power-off sequencing follows manufacturer recommendations. The on-board battery that supports encryption key storage and the real-time clock is charged when the PCB is powered on and should not need to be replaced during the lifetime of the board.

VADJ controls the signal levels used between the FMC connector and two FPGA Select I/O banks and can be set to 1.2 V, 1.8 V, 2.5 V, or 3.3 V as needed. The board is shipped with the VADJ supply turned off. To turn on VADJ, jumper JP5 is installed and the FPGA is configured to drive the VADJ\_EN pin (AD16) high. The VADJ voltage is selected via the FPGA configuration using pins AF19 and AF20 as shown in Table 1.

When jumper JP4 is in place, the USB HID connector provides 5V at up to 0.5 A to external USB devices, including keyboards, mice, and thumb drives. An Analog Devices ADM1177 hot swap controller and power monitor is used to allow safe device attachment and removal while the board is powered up. The PIC can also measure USB current and voltage by accessing the on-chip power monitor via the PIC I2C peripheral bus.



The Xilinx *Kintex-7 Data Sheet: DC and AC Switching Characteristics* (DS182) provides more information on the power supply requirements of the FPGA board.

Supply	Derived From	Application		
5.0 V	12.0 V	USB HID; FMC		
3.3 V	12.0 V	SD Card; Ethernet PHYs; Cypress FX2LP; Microchip PIC; BPI Flash; FPGA I/O Banks 14,15; FMC; PMODs		
2.0 V	5.0 V	FPGA auxiliary supply, VCCBAT; Backup battery; Real-time clock backup.		
1.8 V	12.0 V	QDRII+ supply		
1.8 V	3.3 V	FPGA GTX tran	sceiver Quad PLL	
1.5 V	12.0 V	DDR3; FPGA I/	O Bank 34	
1.2 V	12.0 V	FPGA GTX tran	sceiver terminati	on
1.0 V	12.0 V	FPGA GTX analog supply		
1.0 V	3.3 V	FPGA Core		
0.9 V	3.3 V	QDRII+ reference		
0.75 V	3.3 V	DDR3 reference		
		FPGA I/O Banks 12, 13; FMC; Configurable.		nfigurable.
VADI	42.01/	SET_VADJ2 FPGA AF20	SET_VADJ1 FPGA AF19	VADJ
VADJ	12.0 V	0	0	1.2 V
		0	1	1.8 V
		1	0	2.5 V
		1	1	3.3 V

Table 1. On-board power supplies.

#### 3 Oscillators and Clocks

On-board oscillators support various board subsystems. A low-jitter 125 MHz oscillator is provided for the Ethernet PHYs and a 50 MHz oscillator drives the FPGA master configuration clock. The Cypress FX2LF and Microchip PIC microcontroller each contain on-chip oscillators running at 24 MHz and 8 MHz, respectively.

The main FPGA system clock is provided by an ultra-low-jitter 200 MHz differential oscillator connected to pins AA2 and AA3 in I/O bank 34. This can drive up to ten internal PLLs (Phase Locked Loops) and MMCMs (Mixed-Mode Clock Managers) on the FPGA for high-performance multi-clock-domain designs. Please refer to the Xilinx 7-Series Clock Resources User Guide (UG472) for more details on FPGA internal clocking resources.

# 4 FPGA Memory

The XC7K325T FPGA includes 445 on-chip Block RAMs (BRAMs) of 36Kb, or 4096 bytes with two-bit error correction, which amounts to a total of 1.78 MB of on-chip, error-corrected static RAM that can be used for a variety of purposes ranging from program storage for deeply embedded "bare metal" applications to data



buffering and table lookup. Each 36Kb BRAM can be partitioned into two completely independent 18Kb RAMs to help facilitate more efficient hardware utilization. Furthermore, each BRAM can be configured for dual-port operation and includes register infrastructure tp support FIFO functionality. These BRAM ports can be organized in either single or dual-clock configurations. The Xilinx tool chain includes a rich selection of resources for on-chip BRAM configuration and initialization. Further information is provided in the Xilinx 7-Series FPGAs Memory Resources User Guide (UG473).

# 5 DDR3 Memory

The NetFPGA-1G includes a Micron MT41K512M8 512 MB DDR3 SDRAM which employs an 800 MHz byte-wide data bus capable of operating at a data rate of 1600 MT/s. Project development with the SDRAM involves using the Xilinx Memory Interface Generator (MIG) in either the XPS design tool or the Vivado Design Suite. The MIG is an interface generation wizard for selecting part types and configuring FPGA Select I/O resources for the memory hardware interface. The interface is automatically configured by the MIG for use with the AXI4 system bus and provides options for 2:1 or 4:1 memory-to-bus clock ratios. The NetFPGA-1G uses a VCCAUX-IO of 2:0V to support high performance DDR3 frequency settings. Please see the Xilinx 7 Series FPGAs Memory Interface Solutions User Guide (UG586) and the Micron 4Gb:x4,x8,x16 DDR3L SDRAM data sheet for more details.

# 6 QDRII+ Memory

A 4.5 MB Cypress CY7C2263KV18 QDRII+ Quad Data Rate SRAM is provided for applications that require high speed, low-latency memory. Common applications include FIFO buffers and table lookups. The notion of "Quad" data rate comes from the ability to simultaneously read from a unidirectional read port and write to a unidirectional write port on both clock edges. The NetFPGA-1G QDRII+ is capable of operating at up to 450MHz to yield data transfer rates of up to 900 MT/s per 2-byte port. This yields a peak bandwidth of up to 3.6 GB/s. The Xilinx Memory Interface Generator (MIG) is able to generate and configure an AXI4 based interface into the QDRII+ via the user friendly wizard tool. More information regarding the QDRII+ memory part and the Xilinx MIG tool can be found in the Cypress CY7C2263KV18/CY7C2265KV18 data sheet, the Cypress Application Note QDR-II, QDR-II+, DDR-II, DDR-II+ Design Guide (AN4065), and the Xilinx 7 Series FPGAs Memory Interface Solutions User Guide (UG586).

# 7 BPI Flash Memory

A 1-Gbit Numonyx BPI (Byte Peripheral Interface) flash memory in a 128 MB x16 configuration is provided to support high-speed FPGA configuration after board reset. High-speed single-step configuration enables enumeration via the PCIe interface within 100 mS, as required by the PCI specification. In BPI configuration mode, the FPGA acts as the bus master, driving the flash address and control signals to transfer previously stored bitstream data into the configuration SRAM.

The BPI flash has enough capacity to store multiple device configurations. This facilitates multi-stage configuration boot as well as applications that utilize dynamic reconfiguration. Configuration bitstreams are not the only data which can be stored in the BPI flash. After configuration is complete, the BPI programming pins may be used as normal Select I/O within the design. As a result, non-volatile data of any type can also be stored to and retrieved from the BPI after device configuration is complete. More information regarding BPI based device configuration is



available in the Xilinx 7-Series FPGAs Configuration User Guide (UG470) and application note XAPP587 BPI Fast Flash Memory data sheet for more specifics regarding device operation.

#### 8 SD Card

The NetFPGA-1G SD card connector supports a second non-volatile storage resource which is also removable. This connector supports a standard size SD memory card and meets all physical layer requirements of both SPI and SD bus protocols. It supports the UHS-I pin assignment standard (but *not* UHS-II) and provides high speed signaling at 3.3V to support SC, HC, and XC class SD cards. Please see *SD Specifications Part 1 Physical Layer Simplified Specification* by the Technical Committee of the SD Card Association for more details regarding the use of SD memory cards with this connector.

#### 9 PCle Interface

The NetFPGA-1G is designed with a PCI-Express form factor to support interconnection with common processor motherboards. Four of the FPGA's eight high speed serial GTX transceivers are dedicated to implementing up to four-lanes of Gen. 2.0 (5 GB/s) PCIe communications with a host processing system. These transceivers work in conjunction with the on-chip 7 Series Integrated PCI Express Block and synthesizable on-chip logic to provide a scalable, high performance PCI Express I/O core.

This core is configured and incorporated into designs using either the Xilinx ISE Coregen tool or via instantiation and customization from the Vivado Design Suite IP catalog. Please refer to the Xilinx 7 Series FPGAs Integrated Block for PCI Express V2.0 (PG054) product guide and 7 Series FPGAs GTX/GTH Transceivers (UG476) user guide for more information.

### 10 Ethernet PHYs

Four Realtek RTL8211 Ethernet transceivers (PHYs) are provided to interface to network connections via on-board RJ-45 connectors. Each RJ-45 has two LEDs to indicate link status and activity. Each PHY controls three LEDs: two on an associated RJ-45 and a third on-board (LD5-LD8). The Phys are programmed via a shared MDIO bus and are accessed via MDIO addresses 1 through 4: corresponding to connectors ETH1 through ETH4 on the PCB. At reset, each PHY defaults to 1Gbps with the LED configuration shown in Table 2.

On each RJ45, the bottom LED is the one that is closest to the PCle connector. The default behavior of the on-board LED is to mimic that of the top RJ45 LED. The default auto-negotiation behavior allows each PHY to independently adjust its rate to 10/100 Mbps or 1Gbps as needed.

Data is transferred to and from the PHYs via a Reduced Gigabit Media Independent Interface (RGMII). This is similar to the Gigabit Media Independent Interface (GMII), which uses eight bits for both transmit and receive data. RGMII achieves the same data rate with half the number of data bits and double-data-rate clocking. 1 Gbps data transfers are thereby achieved using a 125MHz clock with four bits transferred on each clock edge for both send and receive. This provides a significant reduction in the number of FPGA I/O pins required to support the four Ethernet interfaces.



Xilinx provides Ethernet MAC IP that will support 10/100/1000 Mb/s via the ISE Design Suite Coregen tool and the Vivado design suite. Please refer to Xilinx Product Guide PG051 LogiCORE IP Tri-Mode Ethernet MAC for more information.

LED	Action	Meaning
RJ45 Top	Slow blink	Connection Negotiation Complete
	On	Link activity present
DIAE Dottom	Off	No link activity
RJ45 Bottom	Fast blink	Link activity present

Table 2. RJ-45 Ethernet Connector LED Function.

# 11 PIC Subsystem

NetFPGA-1G includes a 32-bit PIC microcontroller for managing USB OTG, real-time clock, and secure storage interfacing. The PIC is pre-programmed with manufacturing test code and an ability to load FPGA bitstreams from a USB memory stick. It is possible to re-program the PIC to support end-user applications that make use of various other PIC subsystem features. This may be done via J14 using a PICKit 3 In-Circuit Debugger (Digilent p/n PG164130).

To run the pre-programmed manufacturing test, first set up the NetFPGA-1G and host PC as described in Appendix A: Manufacturing Test. When the board is powered on, the factory-loaded PIC firmware will search for the bitstream "mfg\_test.bit" on the USB flash drive and use it to configure the FPGA in slave serial mode. After the FPGA has been configured, a test menu will be displayed on the terminal emulator window connected to the PmodUSBUART, and the user can run the tests by following the menu prompts. If the board is set up as described in Appendix A, all tests should pass.

The address map of the PIC I<sub>2</sub>C peripherals is shown in Table 3. The PIC is also connected to an MX25L12835E SPI Serial Flash using general-purpose I/O ports for increased data storage. The flash's pins are connected to the PIC ports as shown in Table 4.

To program the PIC device, connect a PICkit 3 to the NetFPGA-1G by placing a 1x6 pin header in the zig-zag connector J14 and connect it to the PICkit 3 using a 6-pin cable. If Digilent's 6-pin Pmod cable is used, the white indicator dot on the NetFPGA-1G side should be above pin 6, and the dot on the PICkit 3 side will be face-up and opposite the white arrow on the PICkit 3. The PIC can then be programmed from Microchip's MPLAB X or MPLAB IPE by selecting the PICkit 3 as the programming tool.

<b>Component Name</b>	PIC I <sub>2</sub> C Controller	I <sub>2</sub> C 7-bit Address
AD5274 Digital Rheostat	12C2	0101110
ADM1177 Hot Swap Controller	12C2	1011011
ATSHA204 CryptoAuthentication	12C2	1100100
M41T62 Real-Time Clock	12C2	1101000
24LC128 Serial EEPROM	I2C1	1010001

Table 3. PIC I<sup>2</sup>C peripheral address map.



Flash Pin	PIC Port
CS	RB10
SCLK	RB11
SI	RB12
SO	RB13
WP	RB14
HOLD	RB15

Table 4. PCI Flash connections.

#### 12 On-Board I/O

Built-in on-board I/O includes four LEDs and six buttons. Four of the buttons are general-purpose and two are set aside for special functions. The red special function buttons are reserved for use as an on-chip reset (BTN4 - RESET) to reset the design logic and a configuration reset (BTN5 – PROG) which initiates a new FPGA configuration sequence like that which occurs at power-on. It is important to note that the buttons and LEDs are not all constrained to the same IOSTANDARD on their associated ports, since they are connected to otherwise unallocated ports in different FPGA IO banks. Please refer to Appendix B for specific details regarding the button and LED IO port constraints.

# 13 Pmod Expansion Connectors

The NetFPGA-1G has two 12-pin connectors to support I/O expansion via Digilent Pmods. Digilent manufactures Pmod accessories that support a large variety of external interfaces that increase system flexibility. The Pmod connectors are 2x6 right-angle 100-mil female connectors that work with the standard 2x6 headers available from a variety of distributors. On the NetFPGA-1G, each 12-pin Pmod connector provides two 3.3V VCC supply connections (pins 6 and 12), two Ground connections (pins 5 and 11), and eight logic signals (Fig. 2). The supply pins can provide up to 1A of current to connected Pmod devices. The logic signals are not matched pairs. They are routed without impedance control or delay matching. Note also that the connectors are not keyed, so care should be taken to verify that any connected devices have Pin 1 aligned with Pin 1 on the connector. Pin 1, VCC, and GND are clearly labeled on the PCB to help simplify proper connection.

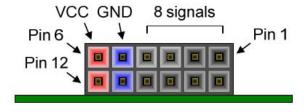


Figure 2. Pmod connectors, end view.



# 14 Expansion Connector

The NetFPGA-1G includes a VITA-57 compatible FMC (FPGA Mezzanine Card) carrier connector. A High Pin Count (HPC) connector is used to provide the maximum possible compatibility with a variety of commercially available mezzanine cards. Select I/O ports on the XC7K325T are connected to all of the standard Low Pin Count (LPC) signals on the connector, but only 22 of the HPC signals are supported due to the limitations of the FF676 package. Up to four differential send/receive pairs for GTX transceivers are also supported.

The FMC interface signals are driven by two Select I/O banks within the FPGA. Signal drive voltages within these banks are configured together to match the various requirements of different mezzanine cards. These banks are disabled on the board when shipped, but jumper JP5 (VADJ ENABLE) can be installed to prepare these I/O banks for use with the FMC connector. Three control outputs are then included in the FPGA design configuration to set the FMC signaling voltage and enable it. Those signals are VADJ\_EN, SET\_VADJ1, SET VADJ2, and are set according to Table 1. Keep in mind that the IOSTANDARD required by the pin constraints associated with the FMC interface will depend upon the VADJ selected, and that these VADJ programming signals should be set to constants within the design.

Please refer to the American National Standards Institute *ANSI/VITA 57.1 FPGA Mezzanine Card (FMC) Standard* for additional detail regarding standard FMC module and carrier requirements. Refer to Appendix B for specific I/O constraints relating FPGA pins to their associated FMC control and connector pins.



# **Appendix A: Manufacturing Test**

The following hardware is required to run all NetFPGA-1G Manufacturing tests:

- 1x HiTechGlobal PCI Express Test/SMA Breakout Board
- 8x SMA to SMA cable, 24"
- 2x Ethernet cables
- 1x NetFGPA-7 FMC Test Card
- 1x SD card, any size, loaded with an ASCII text file named "message.txt"
- 1x Micro (male) to Type A (female) USB adapter
- 1x USB thumb drive loaded with the production test bitstream, "mfg test.bit"
- 1x PmodUSBUART
- 2x 6 pin connector cable, 6"
- 1x Micro (male) to Type A (male) USB cable
- 2x 1x6 pin headers
- 46x 2 pin block jumpers
- 12 V power supply

If debug information in addition to pass/fail messages regarding manufacturing tests related to the FPGA is desired, an additional PmodUSBUART, 6 pin connector cable, and micro (male) to type A (male) USB cable is needed.

The following summary describes how to set up the manufacturing test hardware with the NetFPGA-1G:

- a) Load jumpers JP4 (USB HOST) and JP5 (VADJ ENABLE)
- b) For both Pmod headers JA and JB, plug a 1x6 pin header in the bottom row (pins 7-12) and place a jumper across pins 7-8 and another across pins 9-10
- c) Connect the NetFPGA-7 FMC Test Card to the FMC connector J11 and load all the jumper blocks horizontally (1 <-> 2, 3 <-> 4, 5 <-> 6, etc.)
- d) Connect one Ethernet cable between ETH1 and ETH2, and another between ETH3 and ETH4
- e) Connect the USB thumb drive containing "nf7 test.bit" to J13 using the micro to type A adapter cable
- f) Plug the SD card containing "message.txt" into the SD connector J10
- g) Connect a PmodUSBUART to pins 1-6 of JA using a 6 pin connector cable, and connect the PmodUSBUART to a host machine using a micro to type A USB cable
- h) Plug the NetFPGA-7 into the HTG PCIe test card. Loop the RX0-3 pairs on the HTG card to the TX0-4 pairs using SMA cables (RX0P <-> TX0P, RX0N <-> TX0N, etc.). Set switches 1-3 on the HTG card to 000. Additionally, power the HTG card with a Molex connector from a standard PC power supply, and ensure the power switch is set to ATX
- i) Plug a PCIe power connector from a standard PC power supply into J17 on the NetFPGA-7
- j) If FPGA debug information is desired, connect the additional PmodUSBUART, 6 pin connector cable, and micro (male) to type A (male) USB cable to pins 1-6 of Pmod connector JB and a host machine

Many tests can be run independently without the need for additional hardware. For example, the HiTech Global Breakout Board is only needed to test the PCIe edge connector. More details regarding individual tests are provided in the *NetFPGA-1G Manufacturing Test Reference Manual* available on the Digilent web site.



# **Appendix B: FPGA Pin Constraints**

The following list provides LOC and IOSTANDARD constraints for the main peripheral pins connected to the FPGA. This information can be used in a design UCF file with Xilinx ISE Design Suite, a design XDC file with Xilinx Vivado Design Suite, or with various interface generators included with Xilinx Coregen and MIG. Please see the Xilinx Constraints Guide (UG625) for ISE Design Suite based designs and Xilinx Vivado Design Suite User Guide: Using Constraints (UG903) for Vivado based designs.

Depending upon the design suite selected, this information can be expressed in either a UCF file or an XDC file as follows:

```
UCF format used with ISE Design Suite
NET <port name> LOC=<io location> | IOSTANDARD=<io standard type>;

XDC format used with Vivado Design Suite
set_property IOSTANDARD <io standard type> [get_ports { <port list> }]
set_property LOC <io location> [get_ports <port name>]
```

The information is presented in UCF format to express a clear association between the pin and the desired IO standard for the NetFPGA-1G, although it can be readily translated into the XDC format. LOC information is provided here for all pins. IOSTANDARD information is provided for SelectIO pins. Other useful properties are suggested where appropriate.

## **System Clock and Reset**

Port Name	IO Location	IO Standard Type
NET reset	LOC = AA8	<pre>IOSTANDARD=LVCMOS18; # RESET button (BTN4)</pre>
NET system_clk_p	LOC = AA3	IOSTANDARD=LVDS;
NET system_clk_n	LOC = AA2	IOSTANDARD=LVDS;

#### **DDR3 SDRAM**

Port Name	IO Location	IO Standard Type
NET ddr3_dq[0]	LOC = AE5	<pre>IOSTANDARD = SSTL15_T_DCI;</pre>
NET ddr3_dq[1]	LOC = AE3	<pre>IOSTANDARD = SSTL15_T_DCI;</pre>
NET ddr3_dq[2]	LOC = AD4	<pre>IOSTANDARD = SSTL15_T_DCI;</pre>
NET ddr3_dq[3]	LOC = AF3	<pre>IOSTANDARD = SSTL15_T_DCI;</pre>
NET ddr3_dq[4]	LOC = AE1	<pre>IOSTANDARD = SSTL15_T_DCI;</pre>
NET ddr3_dq[5]	LOC = AF2	<pre>IOSTANDARD = SSTL15_T_DCI;</pre>
NET ddr3_dq[6]	LOC = AD1	<pre>IOSTANDARD = SSTL15_T_DCI;</pre>
NET ddr3_dq[7]	LOC = AE2	<pre>IOSTANDARD = SSTL15_T_DCI;</pre>
NET ddr3_addr[0]	LOC = Y3	IOSTANDARD = SSTL15;
NET ddr3_addr[1]	LOC = Y2	IOSTANDARD = SSTL15;
NET ddr3_addr[2]	LOC = W3	IOSTANDARD = SSTL15;



NET ddr3_addr[3]	LOC = W5	IOSTANDARD = SSTL15;
NET ddr3_addr[4]	LOC = AB2	IOSTANDARD = SSTL15;
NET ddr3_addr[5]	LOC = W1	IOSTANDARD = SSTL15;
NET ddr3_addr[6]	LOC = AC2	IOSTANDARD = SSTL15;
NET ddr3_addr[7]	LOC = U2	IOSTANDARD = SSTL15;
NET ddr3_addr[8]	LOC = AB1	IOSTANDARD = SSTL15;
NET ddr3_addr[9]	LOC = V1	IOSTANDARD = SSTL15;
NET ddr3_addr[10]	LOC = AD6	IOSTANDARD = SSTL15;
NET ddr3_addr[11]	LOC = Y1	IOSTANDARD = SSTL15;
NET ddr3_addr[12]	LOC = AC3	IOSTANDARD = SSTL15;
NET ddr3_addr[13]	LOC = V2	IOSTANDARD = SSTL15;
NET ddr3_addr[14]	LOC = AC1	IOSTANDARD = SSTL15;
NET ddr3_addr[15]	LOC = AD5	IOSTANDARD = SSTL15;
NET ddr3_ba[0]	LOC = AA5	IOSTANDARD = SSTL15;
NET ddr3_ba[1]	LOC = AC4	IOSTANDARD = SSTL15;
NET ddr3_ba[2]	LOC = V4	IOSTANDARD = SSTL15;
NET ddr3_ras_n	LOC = Y6	IOSTANDARD = SSTL15;
NET ddr3_cas_n	LOC = Y5	IOSTANDARD = SSTL15;
NET ddr3_we_n	LOC = U5	IOSTANDARD = SSTL15;
NET ddr3_reset_n	LOC = U1	IOSTANDARD = LVCMOS15;
NET ddr3_cke[0]	LOC = AB5	IOSTANDARD = SSTL15;
NET ddr3_odt[0]	LOC = U7	IOSTANDARD = SSTL15;
NET ddr3_cs_n[0]	LOC = U6	IOSTANDARD = SSTL15;
NET ddr3_dm[0]	LOC = AE6	IOSTANDARD = SSTL15;
NET ddr3_dqs_p[0]	LOC = AF5	<pre>IOSTANDARD = DIFF_SSTL15_T_DCI;</pre>
NET ddr3_dqs_n[0]	LOC = AF4	<pre>IOSTANDARD = DIFF_SSTL15_T_DCI;</pre>
NET ddr3_ck_p[0]	LOC = AA4	<pre>IOSTANDARD = DIFF_SSTL15;</pre>
NET ddr3_ck_n[0]	LOC = AB4	<pre>IOSTANDARD = DIFF_SSTL15;</pre>

### QDRII+

Port Name	IO Location	IO Standard Type
NET qdriip_d[0]	LOC = V8	<pre>IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I;</pre>
NET qdriip_d[1]	LOC = V7	<pre>IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I;</pre>
<pre>NET qdriip_d[2]</pre>	LOC = W9	<pre>IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I;</pre>



NET qdriip_d[4]	NET qdriip_d[3]	LOC = Y11	IOSTANDARD = HSTL I;
NET qdriip_d[6]			_
NET qdriip_d[6]			_
NET qdriip_d[8]			
NET qdriip_d[8]			
NET qdriip_d[9]			_
NET qdriip_d[10]			_
NET qdriip_d[11]			_
NET qdriip_d[12]			
NET qdriip_d[13]			_
NET qdriip_d[14]			_
NET qdriip_d[15]			_
NET qdriip_d[16]			_
NET qdriip_q[0]			_
NET qdriip_q[0]			_
NET qdriip_q[1]			_
NET qdriip_q[2]			
NET qdriip_q[3]			
NET qdriip_q[4]			
NET qdriip_q[5]			
NET qdriip_q[6]			
NET qdriip_q[7]			
NET qdriip_q[8]			
NET qdriip_q[9]			
NET qdriip_q[10]         LOC = AD19         IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I_DCI;           NET qdriip_q[11]         LOC = AD18         IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I_DCI;           NET qdriip_q[12]         LOC = AC19         IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I_DCI;           NET qdriip_q[13]         LOC = AB20         IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I_DCI;           NET qdriip_q[14]         LOC = AA20         IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I_DCI;           NET qdriip_q[15]         LOC = AD20         IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I_DCI;           NET qdriip_q[16]         LOC = AC17         IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I_DCI;           NET qdriip_sa[0]         LOC = AC9         IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I;           NET qdriip_sa[0]         LOC = AC9         IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I;           NET qdriip_sa[1]         LOC = AF7         IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I;           NET qdriip_sa[2]         LOC = AA9         IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I;           NET qdriip_sa[3]         LOC = AC8         IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I;           NET qdriip_sa[4]         LOC = AC8         IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I;           NET qdriip_sa[5]         LOC = AB7         IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I;           NET qdriip_sa[6]         LOC = AB12         IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I;           NET qdriip_sa[8]         LOC = AC11         IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I;           NET qdriip_sa[10]         LOC = AC12         IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I;			
NET qdriip_q[11]         LOC = AD18         IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I_DCI;           NET qdriip_q[12]         LOC = AC19         IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I_DCI;           NET qdriip_q[13]         LOC = AB20         IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I_DCI;           NET qdriip_q[14]         LOC = AA20         IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I_DCI;           NET qdriip_q[15]         LOC = AD20         IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I_DCI;           NET qdriip_q[16]         LOC = AC17         IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I_DCI;           NET qdriip_a[0]         LOC = AB17         IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I;           NET qdriip_sa[0]         LOC = AC9         IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I;           NET qdriip_sa[1]         LOC = AF7         IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I;           NET qdriip_sa[2]         LOC = AA9         IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I;           NET qdriip_sa[3]         LOC = AC8         IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I;           NET qdriip_sa[4]         LOC = AC8         IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I;           NET qdriip_sa[5]         LOC = AB7         IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I;           NET qdriip_sa[6]         LOC = AB12         IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I;           NET qdriip_sa[8]         LOC = AC11         IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I;           NET qdriip_sa[9]         LOC = AC12         IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I;           NET qdriip_sa[10]         LOC = AB10         IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I;			
NET qdriip_q[12] LOC = AC19 IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I_DCI;  NET qdriip_q[13] LOC = AB20 IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I_DCI;  NET qdriip_q[14] LOC = AA20 IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I_DCI;  NET qdriip_q[15] LOC = AD20 IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I_DCI;  NET qdriip_q[16] LOC = AC17 IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I_DCI;  NET qdriip_q[17] LOC = AB17 IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I_DCI;  NET qdriip_sa[0] LOC = AC9 IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I;  NET qdriip_sa[1] LOC = AF7 IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I;  NET qdriip_sa[2] LOC = AA9 IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I;  NET qdriip_sa[3] LOC = AA9 IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I;  NET qdriip_sa[4] LOC = AC8 IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I;  NET qdriip_sa[4] LOC = AC8 IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I;  NET qdriip_sa[6] LOC = AB12 IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I;  NET qdriip_sa[6] LOC = AB12 IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I;  NET qdriip_sa[7] LOC = AD13 IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I;  NET qdriip_sa[8] LOC = AC11 IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I;  NET qdriip_sa[9] LOC = AC11 IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I;  NET qdriip_sa[9] LOC = AC12 IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I;  NET qdriip_sa[10] LOC = Y12 IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I;  NET qdriip_sa[11] LOC = AB10 IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I;  NET qdriip_sa[12] LOC = AB10 IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I;  NET qdriip_sa[13] LOC = AA13 IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I;  NET qdriip_sa[14] LOC = AA13 IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I;  NET qdriip_sa[15] LOC = Y13 IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I;  NET qdriip_sa[15] LOC = AA12 IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I;			
NET qdriip_q[13]         LOC = AB20         IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I_DCI;           NET qdriip_q[14]         LOC = AA20         IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I_DCI;           NET qdriip_q[15]         LOC = AD20         IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I_DCI;           NET qdriip_q[16]         LOC = AC17         IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I_DCI;           NET qdriip_q[17]         LOC = AB17         IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I_DCI;           NET qdriip_sa[0]         LOC = AC9         IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I;           NET qdriip_sa[1]         LOC = AF7         IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I;           NET qdriip_sa[2]         LOC = AA9         IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I;           NET qdriip_sa[3]         LOC = AD8         IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I;           NET qdriip_sa[4]         LOC = AC8         IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I;           NET qdriip_sa[5]         LOC = AB1         IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I;           NET qdriip_sa[6]         LOC = AB12         IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I;           NET qdriip_sa[8]         LOC = AC11         IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I;           NET qdriip_sa[9]         LOC = AC12         IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I;           NET qdriip_sa[10]         LOC = Y12         IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I;           NET qdriip_sa[12]         LOC = AB10         IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I;           NET qdriip_sa[13]         LOC = AA13         IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I;      <			
NET qdriip_q[14]         LOC = AA20         IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I_DCI;           NET qdriip_q[15]         LOC = AD20         IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I_DCI;           NET qdriip_q[16]         LOC = AC17         IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I_DCI;           NET qdriip_q[17]         LOC = AB17         IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I_DCI;           NET qdriip_sa[0]         LOC = AC9         IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I;           NET qdriip_sa[1]         LOC = AF7         IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I;           NET qdriip_sa[2]         LOC = AA9         IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I;           NET qdriip_sa[3]         LOC = AD8         IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I;           NET qdriip_sa[4]         LOC = AC8         IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I;           NET qdriip_sa[5]         LOC = AB7         IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I;           NET qdriip_sa[6]         LOC = AB12         IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I;           NET qdriip_sa[8]         LOC = AC11         IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I;           NET qdriip_sa[8]         LOC = AC12         IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I;           NET qdriip_sa[10]         LOC = AC12         IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I;           NET qdriip_sa[11]         LOC = AB11         IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I;           NET qdriip_sa[12]         LOC = AB10         IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I;           NET qdriip_sa[13]         LOC = AA13         IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I; <tr< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr<>			
NET qdriip_q[15]         LOC = AD20         IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I_DCI;           NET qdriip_q[16]         LOC = AC17         IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I_DCI;           NET qdriip_q[17]         LOC = AB17         IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I_DCI;           NET qdriip_sa[0]         LOC = AC9         IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I;           NET qdriip_sa[1]         LOC = AF7         IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I;           NET qdriip_sa[2]         LOC = AA9         IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I;           NET qdriip_sa[3]         LOC = AD8         IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I;           NET qdriip_sa[4]         LOC = AC8         IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I;           NET qdriip_sa[5]         LOC = AB7         IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I;           NET qdriip_sa[6]         LOC = AB12         IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I;           NET qdriip_sa[7]         LOC = AC11         IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I;           NET qdriip_sa[8]         LOC = AC11         IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I;           NET qdriip_sa[9]         LOC = AC12         IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I;           NET qdriip_sa[10]         LOC = Y12         IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I;           NET qdriip_sa[12]         LOC = AB10         IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I;           NET qdriip_sa[13]         LOC = AC13         IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I;           NET qdriip_sa[14]         LOC = AC13         IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I;			
NET qdriip_q[16] LOC = AC17 IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I_DCI;  NET qdriip_q[17] LOC = AB17 IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I_DCI;  NET qdriip_sa[0] LOC = AC9 IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I;  NET qdriip_sa[1] LOC = AF7 IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I;  NET qdriip_sa[2] LOC = AA9 IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I;  NET qdriip_sa[3] LOC = AD8 IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I;  NET qdriip_sa[4] LOC = AC8 IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I;  NET qdriip_sa[5] LOC = AB7 IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I;  NET qdriip_sa[6] LOC = AB12 IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I;  NET qdriip_sa[6] LOC = AD13 IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I;  NET qdriip_sa[8] LOC = AC11 IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I;  NET qdriip_sa[9] LOC = AC12 IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I;  NET qdriip_sa[10] LOC = Y12 IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I;  NET qdriip_sa[11] LOC = AB10 IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I;  NET qdriip_sa[12] LOC = AB10 IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I;  NET qdriip_sa[13] LOC = AA13 IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I;  NET qdriip_sa[14] LOC = AA13 IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I;  NET qdriip_sa[15] LOC = AC13 IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I;  NET qdriip_sa[15] LOC = Y13 IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I;  NET qdriip_sa[15] LOC = Y13 IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I;  NET qdriip_sa[16] LOC = Y13 IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I;			
NET qdriip_q[17]  NET qdriip_sa[0]  LOC = AC9  IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I_DCI;  NET qdriip_sa[1]  LOC = AF7  IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I;  NET qdriip_sa[2]  LOC = AA9  IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I;  NET qdriip_sa[3]  LOC = AA9  IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I;  NET qdriip_sa[3]  LOC = AD8  IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I;  NET qdriip_sa[4]  LOC = AC8  IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I;  NET qdriip_sa[5]  LOC = AB7  IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I;  NET qdriip_sa[6]  LOC = AB12  IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I;  NET qdriip_sa[7]  LOC = AD13  IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I;  NET qdriip_sa[8]  LOC = AC11  IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I;  NET qdriip_sa[9]  LOC = AC11  IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I;  NET qdriip_sa[10]  LOC = AC12  IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I;  NET qdriip_sa[11]  LOC = AB11  IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I;  NET qdriip_sa[12]  LOC = AB10  IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I;  NET qdriip_sa[13]  LOC = AA13  IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I;  NET qdriip_sa[14]  LOC = AC13  IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I;  NET qdriip_sa[15]  LOC = AC13  IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I;  NET qdriip_sa[15]  LOC = AA12  IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I;  NET qdriip_sa[15]  LOC = AA12  IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I;			
NET qdriip_sa[0] LOC = AC9 IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I; NET qdriip_sa[1] LOC = AF7 IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I; NET qdriip_sa[2] LOC = AA9 IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I; NET qdriip_sa[3] LOC = AD8 IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I; NET qdriip_sa[4] LOC = AC8 IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I; NET qdriip_sa[5] LOC = AB7 IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I; NET qdriip_sa[6] LOC = AB12 IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I; NET qdriip_sa[6] LOC = AD13 IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I; NET qdriip_sa[7] LOC = AD13 IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I; NET qdriip_sa[8] LOC = AC11 IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I; NET qdriip_sa[9] LOC = AC12 IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I; NET qdriip_sa[10] LOC = Y12 IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I; NET qdriip_sa[11] LOC = AB11 IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I; NET qdriip_sa[12] LOC = AB10 IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I; NET qdriip_sa[13] LOC = AA13 IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I; NET qdriip_sa[14] LOC = AC13 IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I; NET qdriip_sa[15] LOC = Y13 IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I; NET qdriip_sa[15] LOC = Y13 IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I; NET qdriip_sa[16] LOC = Y13 IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I;			
NET qdriip_sa[1] LOC = AF7 IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I;  NET qdriip_sa[2] LOC = AA9 IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I;  NET qdriip_sa[3] LOC = AD8 IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I;  NET qdriip_sa[4] LOC = AC8 IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I;  NET qdriip_sa[5] LOC = AB7 IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I;  NET qdriip_sa[6] LOC = AB12 IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I;  NET qdriip_sa[6] LOC = AD13 IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I;  NET qdriip_sa[7] LOC = AC11 IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I;  NET qdriip_sa[8] LOC = AC11 IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I;  NET qdriip_sa[9] LOC = AC12 IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I;  NET qdriip_sa[10] LOC = Y12 IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I;  NET qdriip_sa[11] LOC = AB11 IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I;  NET qdriip_sa[12] LOC = AB10 IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I;  NET qdriip_sa[13] LOC = AA13 IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I;  NET qdriip_sa[14] LOC = AC13 IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I;  NET qdriip_sa[15] LOC = Y13 IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I;  NET qdriip_sa[16] LOC = AA12 IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I;			<pre>IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I_DCI;</pre>
NET qdriip_sa[2] LOC = AA9 IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I; NET qdriip_sa[3] LOC = AD8 IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I; NET qdriip_sa[4] LOC = AC8 IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I; NET qdriip_sa[5] LOC = AB7 IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I; NET qdriip_sa[6] LOC = AB12 IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I; NET qdriip_sa[7] LOC = AD13 IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I; NET qdriip_sa[8] LOC = AC11 IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I; NET qdriip_sa[9] LOC = AC12 IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I; NET qdriip_sa[10] LOC = Y12 IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I; NET qdriip_sa[11] LOC = AB11 IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I; NET qdriip_sa[12] LOC = AB10 IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I; NET qdriip_sa[13] LOC = AA13 IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I; NET qdriip_sa[14] LOC = AC13 IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I; NET qdriip_sa[15] LOC = AC13 IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I; NET qdriip_sa[15] LOC = Y13 IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I; NET qdriip_sa[16] LOC = AA12 IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I;			_
NET qdriip_sa[3] LOC = AD8 IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I; NET qdriip_sa[4] LOC = AC8 IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I; NET qdriip_sa[5] LOC = AB7 IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I; NET qdriip_sa[6] LOC = AB12 IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I; NET qdriip_sa[7] LOC = AD13 IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I; NET qdriip_sa[8] LOC = AC11 IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I; NET qdriip_sa[9] LOC = AC12 IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I; NET qdriip_sa[10] LOC = Y12 IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I; NET qdriip_sa[11] LOC = AB11 IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I; NET qdriip_sa[12] LOC = AB10 IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I; NET qdriip_sa[13] LOC = AB10 IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I; NET qdriip_sa[14] LOC = AA13 IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I; NET qdriip_sa[15] LOC = AC13 IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I; NET qdriip_sa[16] LOC = Y13 IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I; NET qdriip_sa[16] LOC = AA12 IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I;			_
NET qdriip_sa[4] LOC = AC8 IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I; NET qdriip_sa[6] LOC = AB12 IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I; NET qdriip_sa[6] LOC = AB12 IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I; NET qdriip_sa[7] LOC = AD13 IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I; NET qdriip_sa[8] LOC = AC11 IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I; NET qdriip_sa[9] LOC = AC12 IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I; NET qdriip_sa[10] LOC = Y12 IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I; NET qdriip_sa[11] LOC = AB11 IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I; NET qdriip_sa[12] LOC = AB10 IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I; NET qdriip_sa[13] LOC = AA13 IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I; NET qdriip_sa[14] LOC = AC13 IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I; NET qdriip_sa[15] LOC = Y13 IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I; NET qdriip_sa[16] LOC = Y13 IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I; NET qdriip_sa[16] LOC = AA12 IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I;			_
NET qdriip_sa[5] LOC = AB7 IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I; NET qdriip_sa[6] LOC = AB12 IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I; NET qdriip_sa[7] LOC = AD13 IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I; NET qdriip_sa[8] LOC = AC11 IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I; NET qdriip_sa[9] LOC = AC12 IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I; NET qdriip_sa[10] LOC = Y12 IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I; NET qdriip_sa[11] LOC = AB11 IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I; NET qdriip_sa[12] LOC = AB10 IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I; NET qdriip_sa[13] LOC = AA13 IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I; NET qdriip_sa[14] LOC = AC13 IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I; NET qdriip_sa[15] LOC = Y13 IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I; NET qdriip_sa[16] LOC = AA12 IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I;			
NET qdriip_sa[6] LOC = AB12 IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I; NET qdriip_sa[7] LOC = AD13 IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I; NET qdriip_sa[8] LOC = AC11 IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I; NET qdriip_sa[9] LOC = AC12 IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I; NET qdriip_sa[10] LOC = Y12 IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I; NET qdriip_sa[11] LOC = AB11 IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I; NET qdriip_sa[12] LOC = AB11 IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I; NET qdriip_sa[12] LOC = AB10 IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I; NET qdriip_sa[13] LOC = AA13 IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I; NET qdriip_sa[14] LOC = AC13 IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I; NET qdriip_sa[15] LOC = Y13 IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I; NET qdriip_sa[16] LOC = AA12 IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I;			_
NET qdriip_sa[7] LOC = AD13 IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I; NET qdriip_sa[8] LOC = AC11 IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I; NET qdriip_sa[9] LOC = AC12 IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I; NET qdriip_sa[10] LOC = Y12 IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I; NET qdriip_sa[11] LOC = AB11 IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I; NET qdriip_sa[12] LOC = AB10 IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I; NET qdriip_sa[13] LOC = AB10 IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I; NET qdriip_sa[13] LOC = AA13 IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I; NET qdriip_sa[14] LOC = AC13 IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I; NET qdriip_sa[15] LOC = Y13 IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I; NET qdriip_sa[16] LOC = AA12 IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I;			<pre>IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I;</pre>
NET qdriip_sa[8]  LOC = AC11  IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I;  NET qdriip_sa[9]  LOC = AC12  IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I;  NET qdriip_sa[10]  LOC = Y12  IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I;  NET qdriip_sa[11]  LOC = AB11  IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I;  NET qdriip_sa[12]  LOC = AB10  IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I;  NET qdriip_sa[13]  LOC = AA13  IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I;  NET qdriip_sa[14]  LOC = AC13  IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I;  NET qdriip_sa[15]  LOC = Y13  IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I;  NET qdriip_sa[16]  LOC = AA12  IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I;			
NET qdriip_sa[9] LOC = AC12 IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I;  NET qdriip_sa[10] LOC = Y12 IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I;  NET qdriip_sa[11] LOC = AB11 IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I;  NET qdriip_sa[12] LOC = AB10 IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I;  NET qdriip_sa[13] LOC = AA13 IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I;  NET qdriip_sa[14] LOC = AC13 IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I;  NET qdriip_sa[15] LOC = Y13 IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I;  NET qdriip_sa[16] LOC = AA12 IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I;			_
NET qdriip_sa[10] LOC = Y12 IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I;  NET qdriip_sa[11] LOC = AB11 IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I;  NET qdriip_sa[12] LOC = AB10 IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I;  NET qdriip_sa[13] LOC = AA13 IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I;  NET qdriip_sa[14] LOC = AC13 IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I;  NET qdriip_sa[15] LOC = Y13 IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I;  NET qdriip_sa[16] LOC = AA12 IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I;			_
NET qdriip_sa[11] LOC = AB11 IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I;  NET qdriip_sa[12] LOC = AB10 IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I;  NET qdriip_sa[13] LOC = AA13 IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I;  NET qdriip_sa[14] LOC = AC13 IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I;  NET qdriip_sa[15] LOC = Y13 IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I;  NET qdriip_sa[16] LOC = AA12 IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I;			
<pre>NET qdriip_sa[12] LOC = AB10</pre>			_
<pre>NET qdriip_sa[13]</pre>			_
<pre>NET qdriip_sa[14] LOC = AC13</pre>		LOC = AB10	<pre>IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I;</pre>
NET qdriip_sa[15] LOC = Y13 IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I; NET qdriip_sa[16] LOC = AA12 IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I;			<pre>IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I;</pre>
NET qdriip_sa[16] LOC = AA12 IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I;			<pre>IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I;</pre>
	NET qdriip_sa[15]	LOC = Y13	IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I;
NET qdriip_sa[17] LOC = AA10 IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I;			<pre>IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I;</pre>
	NET qdriip_sa[17]	LOC = AA10	IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I;



NET qdriip_sa[18]	LOC = AB9	<pre>IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I;</pre>
NET qdriip_w_n	LOC = AD9	<pre>IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I;</pre>
NET qdriip_r_n	LOC = AE7	<pre>IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I;</pre>
NET qdriip_dll_off_n	LOC = AC7	<pre>IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I;</pre>
<pre>NET qdriip_bw_n[0]</pre>	LOC = W11	<pre>IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I;</pre>
NET qdriip_bw_n[1]	LOC = V11	<pre>IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I;</pre>
<pre>NET qdriip_cq_p[0]</pre>	LOC = AB16	<pre>IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I_DCI;</pre>
NET qdriip_cq_n[0]	LOC = AC18	<pre>IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I_DCI;</pre>
NET qdriip_qvld[0]	LOC = AA19	<pre>IOSTANDARD = HSTL_I_DCI;</pre>
<pre>NET qdriip_k_p[0]</pre>	LOC = AE12	<pre>IOSTANDARD = DIFF_HSTL_I;</pre>
NET qdriip_k_n[0]	LOC = AF12	<pre>IOSTANDARD = DIFF_HSTL_I;</pre>

## **BPI Flash**

Port Name	IO Location	IO Standard Type
NET bpi_clk_out	LOC = C8	IOSTANDARD = LVCMOS33;
NET bpi_we_n	LOC = L18	IOSTANDARD = LVCMOS33;
NET bpi_oe_n	LOC = M17	<pre>IOSTANDARD = LVCMOS33;</pre>
NET bpi_ce_n	LOC = C23	IOSTANDARD = LVCMOS33;
NET bpi_adv	LOC = D20	IOSTANDARD = LVCMOS33;
NET bpi_addr_cmd<0>	LOC = J23	IOSTANDARD = LVCMOS33;
NET bpi_addr_cmd<1>	LOC = K23	IOSTANDARD = LVCMOS33;
NET bpi_addr_cmd<2>	LOC = K22	IOSTANDARD = LVCMOS33;
NET bpi_addr_cmd<3>	LOC = L22	IOSTANDARD = LVCMOS33;
NET bpi_addr_cmd<4>	LOC = J25	IOSTANDARD = LVCMOS33;
NET bpi_addr_cmd<5>	LOC = J24	IOSTANDARD = LVCMOS33;
NET bpi_addr_cmd<6>	LOC = H22	IOSTANDARD = LVCMOS33;
NET bpi_addr_cmd<7>	LOC = H24	IOSTANDARD = LVCMOS33;
NET bpi_addr_cmd<8>	LOC = H23	IOSTANDARD = LVCMOS33;
NET bpi_addr_cmd<9>	LOC = G21	IOSTANDARD = LVCMOS33;
NET bpi_addr_cmd<10>	LOC = H21	IOSTANDARD = LVCMOS33;
NET bpi_addr_cmd<11>	LOC = H26	IOSTANDARD = LVCMOS33;
NET bpi_addr_cmd<12>	LOC = J26	IOSTANDARD = LVCMOS33;
NET bpi_addr_cmd<13>	LOC = E26	IOSTANDARD = LVCMOS33;
NET bpi_addr_cmd<14>	LOC = F25	IOSTANDARD = LVCMOS33;
NET bpi_addr_cmd<15>	LOC = G26	IOSTANDARD = LVCMOS33;
NET bpi_addr_cmd<16>	LOC = K17	IOSTANDARD = LVCMOS33;
NET bpi_addr_cmd<17>	LOC = K16	IOSTANDARD = LVCMOS33;
NET bpi_addr_cmd<18>	LOC = L20	IOSTANDARD = LVCMOS33;
NET bpi_addr_cmd<19>	LOC = J19	IOSTANDARD = LVCMOS33;
NET bpi_addr_cmd<20>	LOC = J18	IOSTANDARD = LVCMOS33;
NET bpi_addr_cmd<21>	LOC = J20	IOSTANDARD = LVCMOS33;
NET bpi_addr_cmd<22>	LOC = K20	IOSTANDARD = LVCMOS33;
NET bpi_addr_cmd<23>	LOC = G20	IOSTANDARD = LVCMOS33;
NET bpi_addr_cmd<24>	LOC = H19	IOSTANDARD = LVCMOS33;
NET bpi_addr_cmd<25>	LOC = E20	IOSTANDARD = LVCMOS33;
NET bpi_data<0>	LOC = B24	IOSTANDARD = LVCMOS33;
NET bpi_data<1>	LOC = A25	IOSTANDARD = LVCMOS33;



NET bpi_data<2>	LOC = B22	IOSTANDARD = LVCMOS33;
NET bpi_data<3>	LOC = A22	IOSTANDARD = LVCMOS33;
NET bpi_data<4>	LOC = A23	IOSTANDARD = LVCMOS33;
NET bpi_data<5>	LOC = A24	IOSTANDARD = LVCMOS33;
NET bpi_data<6>	LOC = D26	IOSTANDARD = LVCMOS33;
NET bpi_data<7>	LOC = C26	IOSTANDARD = LVCMOS33;
NET bpi_data<8>	LOC = C24	IOSTANDARD = LVCMOS33;
NET bpi_data<9>	LOC = D21	IOSTANDARD = LVCMOS33;
NET bpi_data<10>	LOC = C22	IOSTANDARD = LVCMOS33;
NET bpi_data<11>	LOC = B20	IOSTANDARD = LVCMOS33;
NET bpi_data<12>	LOC = A20	IOSTANDARD = LVCMOS33;
NET bpi_data<13>	LOC = E22	IOSTANDARD = LVCMOS33;
NET bpi_data<14>	LOC = C21	IOSTANDARD = LVCMOS33;
NET bpi_data<15>	LOC = B21	IOSTANDARD = LVCMOS33;

### **SD Card Connector**

Port Name	IO Location	IO Standard Type	
NET sd-cd	LOC = AE15	IOSTANDARD = LVCMOS18	PULLUP;
NET sd-wp	LOC = AF15	IOSTANDARD = LVCMOS18	PULLUP;
NET sd-cclk	LOC = AA18	IOSTANDARD = LVCMOS18;	
NET sd-cmd	LOC = AF18	IOSTANDARD = LVCMOS18;	
NET sd-d0	LOC = AE17	IOSTANDARD = LVCMOS18;	
NET sd-d1	LOC = AF17	IOSTANDARD = LVCMOS18;	
NET sd-d2	LOC = AD15	IOSTANDARD = LVCMOS18;	
NET sd-d3	LOC = AE18	IOSTANDARD = LVCMOS18;	



# **PCI Express**

Port Name	IO Location	IO Standard Type
NET pcie-rx0_p	LOC = H2;	
NET pcie-tx0_p	LOC = J4;	
NET pcie-rx0_n	LOC = H1;	
NET pcie-tx0_n	LOC = J3;	
NET pcie-rx1_p	LOC = K2;	
NET pcie-tx1_p	LOC = L4;	
NET pcie-rx1_n	LOC = K1;	
NET pcie-tx1_n	LOC = L3;	
NET pcie-rx2_p	LOC = M2;	
NET pcie-tx2_p	LOC = N4;	
NET pcie-rx2_n	LOC = M1;	
NET pcie-tx2_n	LOC = N3;	
NET pcie-rx3_p	LOC = P2;	
NET pcie-tx3_p	LOC = R4;	
NET pcie-rx3_n	LOC = P1;	
NET pcie-tx3_n	LOC = R3;	
NET pcie-clk_p	LOC = H6;	
NET pcie-clk_n	LOC = H5;	
NET pcie-perstn	LOC = L17	IOSTANDARD = LVCMOS33 PULLUP NODELAY;
NET pcie-wake	LOC = K18	IOSTANDARD = LVCMOS33;
NET pcie-prsnt	LOC = AA7	IOSTANDARD = LVCMOS18;

### **Ethernet PHYS**

Port Name	IO Location	IO Standard Type
NET mdc	LOC = V13	IOSTANDARD = LVCMOS18;
NET mdio	LOC = W13	IOSTANDARD = LVCMOS18;
NET phy_rstn_1	LOC = K21	IOSTANDARD = LVCMOS33;
NET phy_rstn_2	LOC = L23	IOSTANDARD = LVCMOS33;
NET phy_rstn_3	LOC = E25	<pre>IOSTANDARD = LVCMOS33;</pre>
NET phy_rstn_4	LOC = D18	IOSTANDARD = LVCMOS33;
NET phy_intrn_1	LOC = J8	<pre>IOSTANDARD = LVCMOS18     PULLUP;</pre>
NET phy_intrn_2	LOC = J14	<pre>IOSTANDARD = LVCMOS18     PULLUP;</pre>
NET phy_intrn_3	LOC = K15	<pre>IOSTANDARD = LVCMOS18     PULLUP;</pre>
NET phy_intrn_4	LOC = M16	<pre>IOSTANDARD = LVCMOS18</pre>
NET rgmii_rxd_1[0]	LOC = A14	<pre>IOSTANDARD = LVCMOS18;</pre>
NET rgmii_rxd_1[1]	LOC = B14	IOSTANDARD = LVCMOS18;
NET rgmii_rxd_1[2]	LOC = E12	<pre>IOSTANDARD = LVCMOS18;</pre>



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NET rgmii_rxd_1[3]	LOC = D13	IOSTANDARD = LVCMOS18;
NET rgmii_txd_1[0]	LOC = G12	IOSTANDARD = LVCMOS18;
NET rgmii_txd_1[1]	LOC = F13	IOSTANDARD = LVCMOS18;
NET rgmii_txd_1[2]	LOC = F12	IOSTANDARD = LVCMOS18;
NET rgmii_txd_1[3]	LOC = H11	IOSTANDARD = LVCMOS18;
NET rgmii_rx_ctl_1	LOC = C13	IOSTANDARD = LVCMOS18;
NET rgmii_rxc_1	LOC = E11	<pre>IOSTANDARD = LVCMOS18;</pre>
NET rgmii_tx_ctl_1	LOC = F10	<pre>IOSTANDARD = LVCMOS18;</pre>
NET rgmii_txc_1	LOC = E13	<pre>IOSTANDARD = LVCMOS18;</pre>
NET rgmii_rxd_2[0]	LOC = B15	<pre>IOSTANDARD = LVCMOS18;</pre>
NET rgmii_rxd_2[1]	LOC = F14	IOSTANDARD = LVCMOS18;
NET rgmii_rxd_2[2]	LOC = C14	<pre>IOSTANDARD = LVCMOS18;</pre>
NET rgmii_rxd_2[3]	LOC = H12	IOSTANDARD = LVCMOS18;
NET rgmii_txd_2[0]	LOC = J13	<pre>IOSTANDARD = LVCMOS18;</pre>
NET rgmii_txd_2[1]	LOC = G14	IOSTANDARD = LVCMOS18;
NET rgmii_txd_2[2]	LOC = H14	<pre>IOSTANDARD = LVCMOS18;</pre>
NET rgmii_txd_2[3]	LOC = H13	IOSTANDARD = LVCMOS18;
NET rgmii_rx_ctl_2	LOC = A15	<pre>IOSTANDARD = LVCMOS18;</pre>
NET rgmii_rxc_2	LOC = G11	IOSTANDARD = LVCMOS18;
NET rgmii_tx_ctl_2	LOC = J11	<pre>IOSTANDARD = LVCMOS18;</pre>
NET rgmii_txc_2	LOC = D14	IOSTANDARD = LVCMOS18;
NET rgmii_rxd_3[0]	LOC = A13	<pre>IOSTANDARD = LVCMOS18;</pre>
NET rgmii_rxd_3[1]	LOC = C9	IOSTANDARD = LVCMOS18;
NET rgmii_rxd_3[2]	LOC = D11	<pre>IOSTANDARD = LVCMOS18;</pre>
NET rgmii_rxd_3[3]	LOC = C11	IOSTANDARD = LVCMOS18;
NET rgmii_txd_3[0]	LOC = D10	<pre>IOSTANDARD = LVCMOS18;</pre>
NET rgmii_txd_3[1]	LOC = G10	IOSTANDARD = LVCMOS18;
NET rgmii_txd_3[2]	LOC = D9	<pre>IOSTANDARD = LVCMOS18;</pre>
NET rgmii_txd_3[3]	LOC = F9	IOSTANDARD = LVCMOS18;
NET rgmii_rx_ctl_3	LOC = A12	<pre>IOSTANDARD = LVCMOS18;</pre>
NET rgmii_rxc_3	LOC = C12	IOSTANDARD = LVCMOS18;
NET rgmii_tx_ctl_3	LOC = F8	<pre>IOSTANDARD = LVCMOS18;</pre>
NET rgmii_txc_3	LOC = J10	IOSTANDARD = LVCMOS18;
NET rgmii_rxd_4[0]	LOC = B11	<pre>IOSTANDARD = LVCMOS18;</pre>
NET rgmii_rxd_4[1]	LOC = A10	IOSTANDARD = LVCMOS18;
NET rgmii_rxd_4[2]	LOC = B10	IOSTANDARD = LVCMOS18;
NET rgmii_rxd_4[3]	LOC = A9	IOSTANDARD = LVCMOS18;
NET rgmii_txd_4[0]	LOC = A8	IOSTANDARD = LVCMOS18;
NET rgmii_txd_4[1]	LOC = D8	IOSTANDARD = LVCMOS18;
NET rgmii_txd_4[2]	LOC = G9	IOSTANDARD = LVCMOS18;
NET rgmii_txd_4[3]	LOC = H9	<pre>IOSTANDARD = LVCMOS18;</pre>
NET rgmii_rx_ctl_4	LOC = B12	IOSTANDARD = LVCMOS18;
NET rgmii_rxc_4	LOC = E10	<pre>IOSTANDARD = LVCMOS18;</pre>
NET rgmii_tx_ctl_4	LOC = H8	IOSTANDARD = LVCMOS18;
NET rgmii_txc_4	LOC = B9	IOSTANDARD = LVCMOS18;

# **PIC Interface**

Port Name	IO Location	IO Standard Type
NET pic2fpga_sck	LOC = AA17	IOSTANDARD = LVCMOS18;
NET pic2fpga_sdo	LOC = V16	IOSTANDARD = LVCMOS18;
NET pic2fpga_ss_n	LOC = W16	<pre>IOSTANDARD = LVCMOS18;</pre>



NET pic2fpga_gpi00	LOC = W18	IOSTANDARD = LVCMOS18;
NET pic2fpga_gpi01	LOC = V17	<pre>IOSTANDARD = LVCMOS18;</pre>
NET pic2fpga_sdi	LOC = W15	IOSTANDARD = LVCMOS18;
NET fpga2pic_sck	LOC = W14	IOSTANDARD = LVCMOS18;
NET fpga2pic_sdi	LOC = V14	IOSTANDARD = LVCMOS18;
NET fpga2pic_ss_n	LOC = V18	<pre>IOSTANDARD = LVCMOS18;</pre>
NET fpga2pic_sdo	LOC = V19	<pre>IOSTANDARD = LVCMOS18;</pre>

## On-Board LED and Button I/O

Port Name	IO Location	IO Standard Type
NET led_0	LOC = E17	IOSTANDARD = LVCMOS33;
NET led_1	LOC = AF14	IOSTANDARD = LVCMOS18;
NET led_2	LOC = F17	IOSTANDARD = LVCMOS33;
NET led_3	LOC = W19	IOSTANDARD = LVCMOS18;
NET btn_0	LOC = W6	<pre>IOSTANDARD = LVCMOS15;</pre>
NET btn_1	LOC = E18	IOSTANDARD = LVCMOS33;
NET btn_2	LOC = AC6	<pre>IOSTANDARD = LVCMOS15;</pre>
NET btn_3	LOC = AB6	<pre>IOSTANDARD = LVCMOS15;</pre>

## **Pmod Connectors**

Port Name	IO Location	IO Standard Type
NET pmod_ja_1	LOC = D19	IOSTANDARD = LVCMOS33;
NET pmod_ja_2	LOC = E23	IOSTANDARD = LVCMOS33;
NET pmod_ja_3	LOC = D25	IOSTANDARD = LVCMOS33;
NET pmod_ja_4	LOC = F23	IOSTANDARD = LVCMOS33;
NET pmod_ja_7	LOC = F19	IOSTANDARD = LVCMOS33;
NET pmod_ja_8	LOC = G22	IOSTANDARD = LVCMOS33;
NET pmod_ja_9	LOC = D24	IOSTANDARD = LVCMOS33;
NET pmod_ja_10	LOC = E21	IOSTANDARD = LVCMOS33;
NET pmod_jb_1	LOC = F20	IOSTANDARD = LVCMOS33;
NET pmod_jb_2	LOC = E15	IOSTANDARD = LVCMOS33;
NET pmod_jb_3	LOC = H18	IOSTANDARD = LVCMOS33;
NET pmod_jb_4	LOC = G19	IOSTANDARD = LVCMOS33;
NET pmod_jb_7	LOC = H17	IOSTANDARD = LVCMOS33;
NET pmod_jb_8	LOC = J21	IOSTANDARD = LVCMOS33;
NET pmod_jb_9	LOC = L19	IOSTANDARD = LVCMOS33;
NET pmod_jb_10	LOC = F18	IOSTANDARD = LVCMOS33;

#### **FMC Connector**

IOSTANDARD depends upon VADJ for LA, HA, and CLK pins.

Port Name	IO Location	IO Standard Type
NET VADJ_EN	LOC = AD16	IOSTANDARD = LVCMOS18;
NET SET_VADJ1	LOC = AF19	IOSTANDARD = LVCMOS18;
NET SET_VADJ2	LOC = AF20	IOSTANDARD = LVCMOS18;
NET FMC_LA00_P	LOC = Y22;	



NET FMC_LA00_N	LOC = AA22;
NET FMC_LA01_P	LOC = N21;
NET FMC_LA01_N	LOC = N22;
NET FMC_LA02_P	LOC = AB22;
NET FMC_LA02_N	LOC = AC22;
NET FMC_LA03_P	LOC = AF24;
NET FMC LA03 N	LOC = AF25;
NET FMC LA04 P	LOC = AA25;
NET FMC LA04 N	LOC = AB25;
	LOC = AE23;
NET FMC_LA05_P	
NET FMC_LA05_N	LOC = AF23;
NET FMC_LA06_P	LOC = W20;
NET FMC_LA06_N	LOC = Y21;
NET FMC_LA07_P	LOC = AB26;
NET FMC_LA07_N	LOC = AC26;
NET FMC_LA08_P	LOC = AD26;
NET FMC_LA08_N	LOC = AE26;
NET FMC_LA09_P	LOC = Y25;
NET FMC_LA09_N	LOC = Y26;
NET FMC_LA10_P	LOC = W21;
NET FMC_LA10_N	LOC = V21;
NET FMC_LA11_P	LOC = W25;
NET FMC_LA11_N	LOC = W26;
NET FMC_LA12_P	LOC = W23;
NET FMC LA12 N	LOC = W24;
NET FMC_LA13_P	LOC = U22;
NET FMC LA13 N	LOC = V22;
NET FMC_LA14_P	LOC = R26;
NET FMC LA14 N	LOC = P26;
NET FMC LA15 P	LOC = T24;
NET FMC LA15 N	LOC = T25;
NET FMC LA16 P	LOC = V23;
NET FMC LA16 N	LOC = V24;
NET FMC_LA17_P	LOC = R22;
NET FMC_HAI7_F	LOC = R23;
NET FMC_LA18_P	LOC = P23;
NET FMC_LAI8_P	
	LOC = N23;
NET FMC_LA19_P	LOC = T22;
NET FMC_LA19_N	LOC = T23;
NET FMC_LA20_P	LOC = R25;
NET FMC_LA20_N	LOC = P25;
NET FMC_LA21_P	LOC = M24;
NET FMC_LA21_N	LOC = L24;
NET FMC_LA22_P	LOC = M25;
NET FMC_LA22_N	LOC = L25;
NET FMC_LA23_P	LOC = P24;
NET FMC_LA23_N	LOC = N24;
NET FMC_LA24_P	LOC = U17;
NET FMC_LA24_N	LOC = T17;
NET FMC_LA25_P	LOC = T18;
NET FMC_LA25_N	LOC = T19;
NET FMC_LA26_P	LOC = M21;



NET FMC_LA26_N	LOC = M22;
NET FMC_LA27_P	LOC = N26;
NET FMC_LA27_N	LOC = M26;
NET FMC_LA28_P	LOC = R16;
NET FMC_LA28_N	LOC = R17;
NET FMC_LA29_P	LOC = K25;
NET FMC_LA29_N	LOC = K26;
NET FMC_LA30_P	LOC = N19;
NET FMC_LA30_N	LOC = M20;
NET FMC_LA31_P	LOC = P19;
NET FMC_LA31_N	LOC = P20;
NET FMC LA32 P	LOC = P16;
NET FMC LA32 N	LOC = N17;
NET FMC LA33 P	LOC = N18;
NET FMC LA33 N	LOC = M19;
NET FMC HA00 P	LOC = U19;
NET FMC HA00 N	LOC = U20;
NET FMC HA01 P	LOC = T20;
NET FMC HA01 N	LOC = R20;
NET FMC HA02 P	LOC = AD23;
NET FMC HA02 N	LOC = AD24;
NET FMC_HA03_P	LOC = AB21;
	LOC = AC21;
NET FMC_HA03_N	
NET FMC_HA04_P	LOC = U24;
NET FMC_HA04_N	LOC = U25;
NET FMC_HA05_P	LOC = V26;
NET FMC_HA05_N	LOC = U26;
NET FMC_HA06_P	LOC = AD25;
NET FMC_HA06_N	LOC = AE25;
NET FMC_HA07_P	LOC = AD21;
NET FMC_HA07_N	LOC = AE21;
NET FMC_HA08_P	LOC = AE22;
NET FMC_HA08_N	LOC = AF22;
NET FMC_HA09_P	LOC = R18;
NET FMC_HA09_N	LOC = P18;
NET FMC_HA10_P	LOC = U16;
NET FMC_HA10_N	LOC = N16;
NET FMC_HA11_P	LOC = Y20;
NET FMC_HA11_N	LOC = U21;
NET FMC_CLKO_M2C_N	LOC = P21;
NET FMC_CLKO_M2C_P	LOC = R21;
NET FMC_CLK1_M2C_N	LOC = AC24;
NET FMC_CLK1_M2C_P	LOC = AC23;
NET FMC_CLK2_M2C_N	LOC = AB24;
NET FMC_CLK2_M2C_P	LOC = AA23;
NET FMC_CLK3_M2C_N	LOC = AA24;
NET FMC_CLK3_M2C_P	LOC = Y23;
NET FMC_DP0_M2C_N	LOC = C3;
NET FMC_DP0_M2C_P	LOC = C4;
NET FMC_DP0_C2M_N	LOC = A3;
NET FMC_DP0_C2M_P	LOC = A4;
NET FMC_DP1_M2C_N	LOC = E3;
NET FMC_DP1_M2C_P	LOC = E4;



NET FMC_DP1_C2M_N	LOC = D1;
NET FMC_DP1_C2M_P	LOC = D2;
NET FMC_DP2_M2C_N	LOC = B5;
NET FMC_DP2_M2C_P	LOC = B6;
NET FMC_DP2_C2M_N	LOC = A3;
NET FMC_DP2_C2M_P	LOC = A4;
NET FMC_DP3_M2C_N	LOC = G3;
NET FMC_DP3_M2C_P	LOC = G4;
NET FMC_DP3_C2M_N	LOC = F1;
NET FMC_DP3_C2M_P	LOC = F2;
NET FMC_GBTCLK0_M2C_N	LOC = F5;
NET FMC_GBTCLK0_M2C_P	LOC = F6;
NET FMC_GBTCLK1_M2C_N	LOC = D5;
NET FMC_GBTCLK1_M2C_P	LOC = D6;