



## Surge arrester

2-electrode arrester

**Series/Type:** EC90X  
**Ordering code:** B88069X0720S102  
Version/Date: Issue 05 / 2006-08-31

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Features	Applications
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Standard size</li> <li>▪ High current rating</li> <li>▪ Very fast response time</li> <li>▪ Stable performance over life</li> <li>▪ Very low capacitance</li> <li>▪ High insulation resistance</li> <li>▪ RoHS-compatible</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Modem</li> <li>▪ XDSL-splitter</li> <li>▪ Data lines</li> <li>▪ Tuner</li> <li>▪ Antenna</li> </ul>

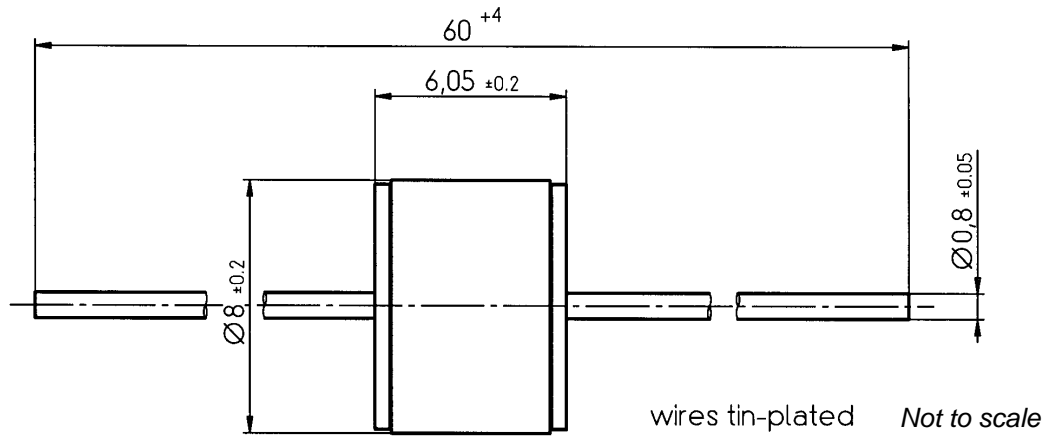
**Electrical specifications**

DC spark-over voltage <sup>1) 2)</sup>	90 ± 20	V %
Impulse spark-over voltage		
at 100 V/μs - for 99% of measured values	< 500	V
- typical values of distribution	< 450	V
at 1 kV/μs - for 99% of measured values	< 600	V
- typical values of distribution	< 550	V
Service life		
10 operations      50 Hz, 1 s	5	A
1 operations      50 Hz, 0.18 s (9 cycles)	20	A
10 operations      8/20 μs	5	kA
1 operation      8/20 μs	10	kA
1 operation      10/350 μs	1	kA
300 operations    10/1000 μs	100	A
Insulation resistance at 50 V <sub>DC</sub>	> 1	GΩ
Capacitance at 1 MHz	< 1	pF
Arc voltage at 1 A	~ 12	V
Glow to arc transition current	~ 0.8	A
Glow voltage	~ 80	V
Weight	~ 1.5	g
Operation and storage temperature	-40 ... +90	°C
Climatic category (IEC 60068-1)	40/ 90/ 21	
Marking, red positive	<b>EPCOSEC 90 YY O</b> EC - Series 90 - Nominal voltage YY - Year of production O - Non radioactive	

<sup>1)</sup> At delivery AQL 0.65 level II, DIN ISO 2859

<sup>2)</sup> In ionized mode

Terms in accordance with ITU-T Rec. K.12 and DIN 57845/VDE0845

**Dimensional drawing**


*Dimensions in mm*

*Non controlled document*

**Cautions and warnings**

- Surge arresters must not be operated directly in power supply networks.
- Surge arresters may become hot in case of longer periods of current stress (danger of burning).
- Surge arresters may be used only within their specified values. In case of overload, the lead contacts may fail or the component may be destroyed.
- Damaged surge arresters must not be re-used.

## Important notes

The following applies to all products named in this publication:

1. Some parts of this publication contain **statements about the suitability of our products for certain areas of application**. These statements are based on our knowledge of typical requirements that are often placed on our products in the areas of application concerned. We nevertheless expressly point out **that such statements cannot be regarded as binding statements about the suitability of our products for a particular customer application**. As a rule, EPCOS is either unfamiliar with individual customer applications or less familiar with them than the customers themselves. For these reasons, it is always ultimately incumbent on the customer to check and decide whether an EPCOS product with the properties described in the product specification is suitable for use in a particular customer application.
2. We also point out that **in individual cases, a malfunction of passive electronic components or failure before the end of their usual service life cannot be completely ruled out in the current state of the art, even if they are operated as specified**. In customer applications requiring a very high level of operational safety and especially in customer applications in which the malfunction or failure of a passive electronic component could endanger human life or health (e.g. in accident prevention or life-saving systems), it must therefore be ensured by means of suitable design of the customer application or other action taken by the customer (e.g. installation of protective circuitry or redundancy) that no injury or damage is sustained by third parties in the event of malfunction or failure of a passive electronic component.
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