

## EMC filters

### 2-line filters

**Series/Type:** B84771\*000  
**Date:** December 2012

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**Power line filters for 1-phase systems**
**Rated voltage  $V_R$ : 250 V AC/DC**
**Rated current  $I_R$ : 1 A to 20 A**




**Construction**

- 2-line filter with IEC connector
- Appliance connector according to IEC/EN 60320-1
- Metal case

**Versions**

- With discharge resistor (B84771A\*)
- Without discharge resistor (B84771C\*)
- Medical version with low leakage current (B84771M\*)

**Features**

- Easy to install
- Compact design
- Cost optimized construction
- Degree of protection from front side IP 40<sup>1)</sup>
- Design complies with IEC / EN 60939, UL 1283, CSA C22.2 No.8
- ENEC10 approval obtained (1 A ... 15 A)<sup>2)</sup>, approval for 16 A ... 20 A is pending 
- UL and cUL approval obtained for 1 A ... 20 A  

**Applications**

- Switched-mode power supplies
- DC applications
- Measuring instruments
- Medical equipment

**Terminals**

Screw mounting, Snap-in version

- Line side: IEC inlet C14 according to IEC/EN 60320-1 (1 A ... 15 A)  
IEC inlet C20 according to IEC/EN 60320-1 (16 A ... 20 A)
- Load side: Tab connectors 6.3 × 0.8 mm

Litz wire version

- Line side: IEC inlet C14 according to IEC/EN 60320-1
- Load side: wire 160 mm × 3, wire size: type 1 A ... 8 A: AWG 18;  
type 10 A ... 15 A: AWG 16.

1) To IEC 60529:2001

2) ENEC approval at 12 A and 15 A types maximum with 10 A and 20 A type maximum with 16 A feasible.

**Marking**

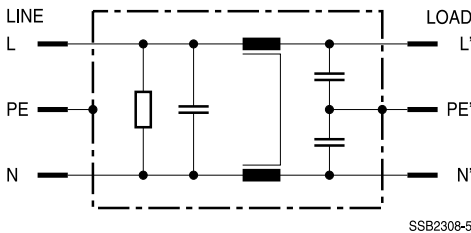
Marking on component:

Manufacturer's logo, ordering code, rated voltage, rated current, rated temperature, climatic category, date code

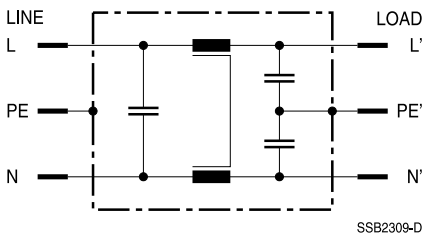
Minimum data on packaging:

Manufacturer's logo, ordering code, quantity, date code

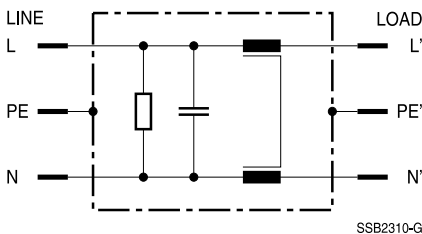
**Typical circuit diagram of B84771A\* (with discharge resistor)**



**Typical circuit diagram of B84771C\* (without discharge resistor)**






**Typical circuit diagram of B84771M\* (medical version)**



**Technical data and measuring conditions of B84771\*A000**

Rated voltage $V_R$	250 V AC (50/60 Hz) / 250 V DC
Rated current $I_R$	Referred to 50 °C rated temperature
Test voltage $V_{\text{test}}$	1 A ... 15 A types: 1000 V AC, 2 s (line/line) 16 A ... 20 A types: 1100 V DC, 2 s (line/line) B84771A/C*: 2000 V AC, 2 s (lines/case) B84771M*: 2500 V AC, 2 s (lines/case)
Leakage current $I_{LK}$	At $V_R$ and 50 Hz
Climatic category (IEC 60068-1)	25/085/21 (–25 °C/+85 °C/21 days damp heat test)

**Screw mounting versions with tab connectors: characteristics and ordering codes of B84771\*A000**
 $V_R = 250 \text{ V AC/DC}$ 

$I_R$ A	$C_R$ X2	$C_R$ Y2	$L_R$	$I_{\text{leak}}^{(1)}$	$R_{\text{dis}}$	Approx. weight g	Ordering code	Approvals		
	$\mu\text{F}$	pF	mH	mA	M $\Omega$					
1	1 × 0.1	2 × 2200	2 × 12	0.173	1	40	B84771A0001A000	×	×	×
	1 × 0.1	2 × 2200	2 × 12	0.173	–	40	B84771C0001A000	×	×	×
	1 × 0.1	–	2 × 12	0	1	40	B84771M0001A000	×	×	×
3	1 × 0.1	2 × 2200	2 × 2.5	0.173	1	40	B84771A0003A000	×	×	×
	1 × 0.1	2 × 2200	2 × 2.5	0.173	–	40	B84771C0003A000	×	×	×
	1 × 0.1	–	2 × 2.5	0	1	40	B84771M0003A000	×	×	×
6	1 × 0.1	2 × 2200	2 × 0.84	0.173	1	40	B84771A0006A000	×	×	×
	1 × 0.1	2 × 2200	2 × 0.84	0.173	–	40	B84771C0006A000	×	×	×
	1 × 0.1	–	2 × 0.84	0	1	40	B84771M0006A000	×	×	×
8	1 × 0.1	2 × 2200	2 × 0.45	0.173	1	40	B84771A0008A000	×	×	×
	1 × 0.1	2 × 2200	2 × 0.45	0.173	–	40	B84771C0008A000	×	×	×
	1 × 0.1	–	2 × 0.45	0	1	40	B84771M0008A000	×	×	×
10	1 × 0.1	2 × 2200	2 × 0.24	0.173	1	40	B84771A0010A000	×	×	×
	1 × 0.1	2 × 2200	2 × 0.24	0.173	–	40	B84771C0010A000	×	×	×
	1 × 0.1	–	2 × 0.24	0	1	40	B84771M0010A000	×	×	×
12	1 × 0.1	2 × 2200	2 × 0.14	0.173	1	40	B84771A0012A000	×*	×	×
	1 × 0.1	2 × 2200	2 × 0.14	0.173	–	40	B84771C0012A000	×*	×	×
	1 × 0.1	–	2 × 0.14	0	1	40	B84771M0012A000	×*	×	×
15	1 × 0.1	2 × 2200	2 × 0.09	0.173	1	40	B84771A0015A000	×*	×	×
	1 × 0.1	2 × 2200	2 × 0.09	0.173	–	40	B84771C0015A000	×*	×	×
	1 × 0.1	–	2 × 0.09	0	1	40	B84771M0015A000	×*	×	×
16	1 × 0.33	2 × 2200	2 × 0.4	0.173	1	130	B84771A0016A000	P*	×	×
	1 × 0.33	–	2 × 0.4	0	1	130	B84771M0016A000	P*	×	×
20	1 × 0.33	2 × 2200	2 × 0.3	0.173	1	130	B84771A0020A000	P*	×	×
	1 × 0.33	–	2 × 0.3	0	1	130	B84771M0020A000	P*	×	×




× = Approval granted

P = Approval pending

\* = ENEC approval at 12 A and 15 A types maximum with 10 A, at 20 A type maximum with 16 A feasible.

1) Calculation according draft proposal IEC 60939–1 Ed. 3 (2008–10–29), annex A. "Calculation of leakage current" at 50 Hz. In practice are up to double values to be expected due to the insulation resistance values of the used ceramic capacitors. For the medical version results computationally the value 0. In practice are values 1 ... 2  $\mu\text{A}$  to be expected due to the insulation resistance values of the used materials.

**Snap-in versions with tab connectors: characteristics and ordering codes of B84771\*30\*A000**
 $V_R = 250 \text{ V AC/DC}$ 




$I_R$	$C_R$ X2	$C_R$ Y2	$L_R$	$I_{\text{leak}}^{1)}$	$R_{\text{dis}}$	Approx. weight	Ordering code	Approvals		
A	$\mu\text{F}$	$\text{pF}$	mH	mA	$\text{M}\Omega$	g				
1	$1 \times 0.1$	$2 \times 2200$	$2 \times 12$	0.173	1	40	B84771A3001A000	×	×	×
	$1 \times 0.1$	—	$2 \times 12$	0	1	40	B84771M3001A000	×	×	×
3	$1 \times 0.1$	$2 \times 2200$	$2 \times 2.5$	0.173	1	40	B84771A3003A000	×	×	×
	$1 \times 0.1$	—	$2 \times 2.5$	0	1	40	B84771M3003A000	×	×	×
6	$1 \times 0.1$	$2 \times 2200$	$2 \times 0.84$	0.173	1	40	B84771A3006A000	×	×	×
	$1 \times 0.1$	—	$2 \times 0.84$	0	1	40	B84771M3006A000	×	×	×
8	$1 \times 0.1$	$2 \times 2200$	$2 \times 0.45$	0.173	1	40	B84771A3008A000	×	×	×
	$1 \times 0.1$	—	$2 \times 0.45$	0	1	40	B84771M3008A000	×	×	×
10	$1 \times 0.1$	$2 \times 2200$	$2 \times 0.24$	0.173	1	40	B84771A3010A000	×	×	×
	$1 \times 0.1$	—	$2 \times 0.24$	0	1	40	B84771M3010A000	×	×	×
12	$1 \times 0.1$	$2 \times 2200$	$2 \times 0.14$	0.173	1	40	B84771A3012A000	×*	×	×
	$1 \times 0.1$	—	$2 \times 0.14$	0	1	40	B84771M3012A000	×*	×	×
15	$1 \times 0.1$	$2 \times 2200$	$2 \times 0.09$	0.173	1	40	B84771A3015A000	×*	×	×
	$1 \times 0.1$	—	$2 \times 0.09$	0	1	40	B84771M3015A000	×*	×	×

× = Approval granted

\* = ENEC approval at 12 A and 15 A types maximum with 10 A, at 20 A type maximum with 16 A feasible.

1) Calculation according draft proposal IEC 60939–1 Ed. 3 (2008–10–29), annex A. "Calculation of leakage current" at 50 Hz. In practice are up to double values to be expected due to the insulation resistance values of the used ceramic capacitors. For the medical version results computationally the value 0. In practice are values 1 ... 2  $\mu\text{A}$  to be expected due to the insulation resistance values of the used materials.

**Screw mounting versions with litz wires: characteristics and ordering codes of B84771\*L000**
 $V_R = 250 \text{ V AC/DC}$ 

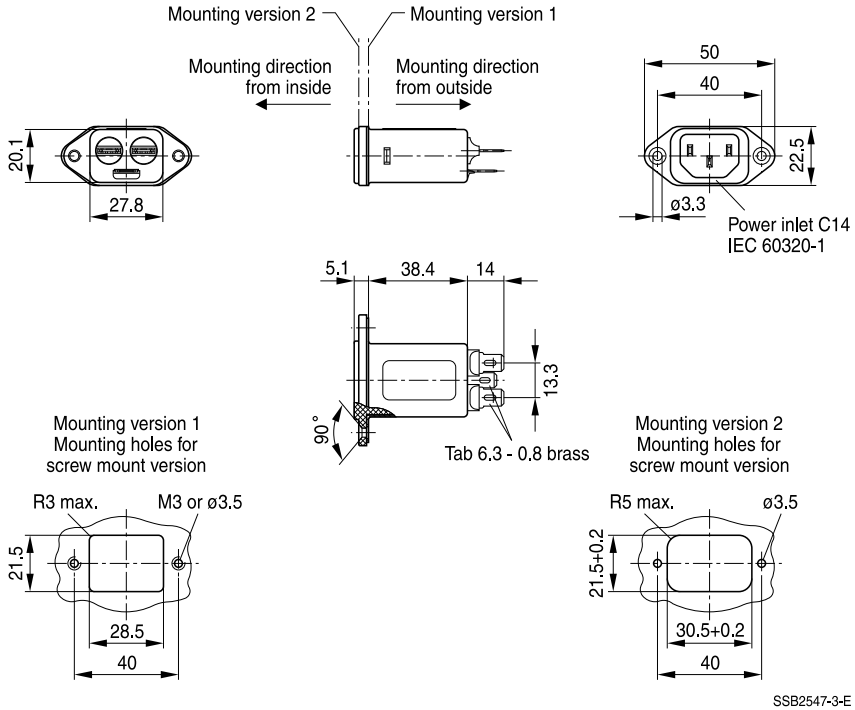
$I_R$ A	$C_R$ X2 $\mu\text{F}$	$C_R$ Y2 $\mu\text{F}$	$L_R$ mH	$I_{\text{leak}}^{1)}$ mA	$R_{\text{dis}}$ M $\Omega$	Approx. weight g	Ordering code	Approvals		
										
1	1 × 0.1	2 × 2200	2 × 12	0.173	1	40	B84771A0001L000	×	×	×
	1 × 0.1	—	2 × 12	0	1	40	B84771M0001L000	×	×	×
3	1 × 0.1	2 × 2200	2 × 2.5	0.173	1	40	B84771A0003L000	×	×	×
	1 × 0.1	—	2 × 2.5	0	1	40	B84771M0003L000	×	×	×
6	1 × 0.1	2 × 2200	2 × 0.84	0.173	1	40	B84771A0006L000	×	×	×
	1 × 0.1	—	2 × 0.84	0	1	40	B84771M0006L000	×	×	×
8	1 × 0.1	2 × 2200	2 × 0.45	0.173	1	40	B84771A0008L000	×	×	×
	1 × 0.1	—	2 × 0.45	0	1	40	B84771M0008L000	×	×	×
10	1 × 0.1	2 × 2200	2 × 0.24	0.173	1	40	B84771A0010L000	×	×	×
	1 × 0.1	—	2 × 0.24	0	1	40	B84771M0010L000	×	×	×
12	1 × 0.1	2 × 2200	2 × 0.14	0.173	1	40	B84771A0012L000	×*	×	×
	1 × 0.1	—	2 × 0.14	0	1	40	B84771M0012L000	×	×	×
15	1 × 0.1	2 × 2200	2 × 0.09	0.173	1	40	B84771A0015L000	×*	×	×
	1 × 0.1	—	2 × 0.09	0	1	40	B84771M0015L000	×	×	×

× = Approval granted

\* = ENEC approval at 12 A and 15 A types maximum with 10 A, at 20 A type maximum with 16 A feasible.

1) Calculation according draft proposal IEC 60939–1 Ed. 3 (2008–10–29), annex A. "Calculation of leakage current" at 50 Hz. In practice are up to double values to be expected due to the insulation resistance values of the used ceramic capacitors. For the medical version results computationally the value 0. In practice are values 1 ... 2  $\mu\text{A}$  to be expected due to the insulation resistance values of the used materials.

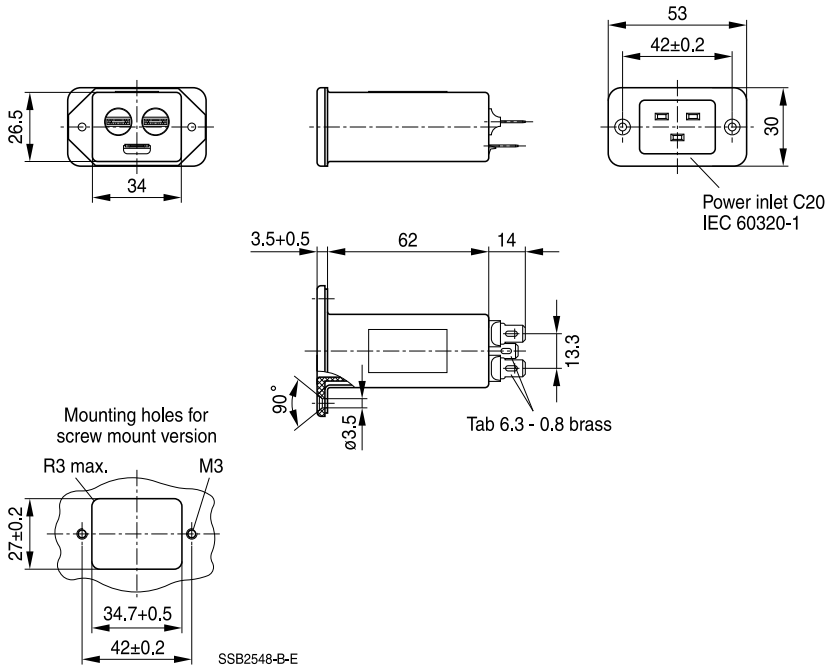
Dimensional drawings of screw mounting versions (1 A ... 15 A types)



General tolerances according to ISO 2768-cL  
Dimensions in mm

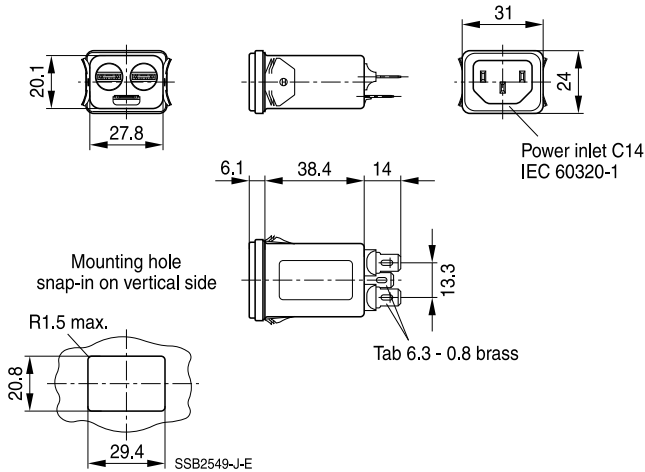


Dimensional drawings of screw mounting versions (16 A ... 20 A types)



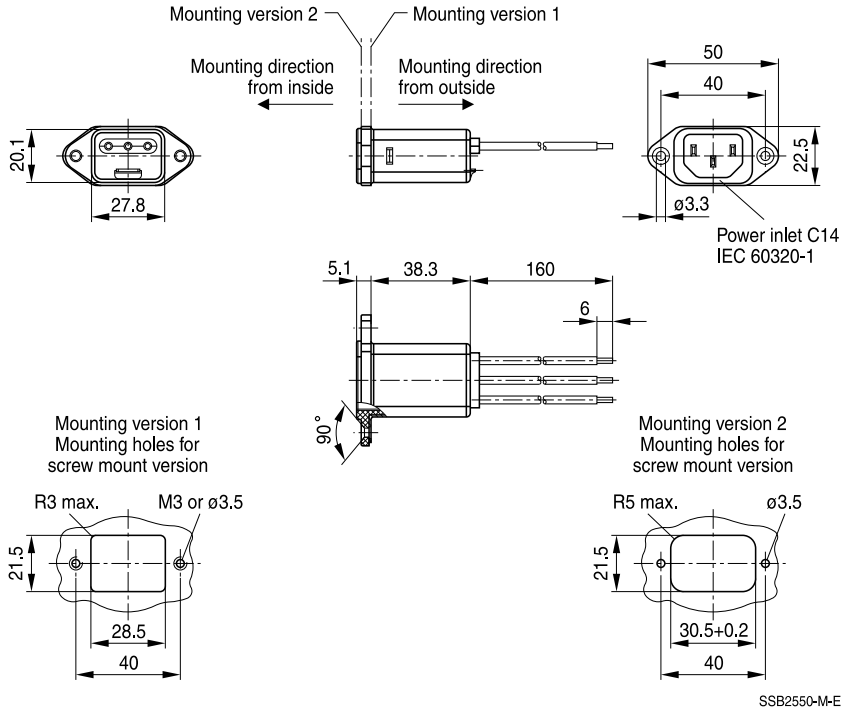
General tolerances according to ISO 2768-cL  
Dimensions in mm

**Dimensional drawings of snap-in versions, snapper on vertical side (1 A ... 15 A types)**



General tolerances according to ISO 2768–cL  
 Dimensions in mm

**Dimensional drawings of versions with litz wire output**

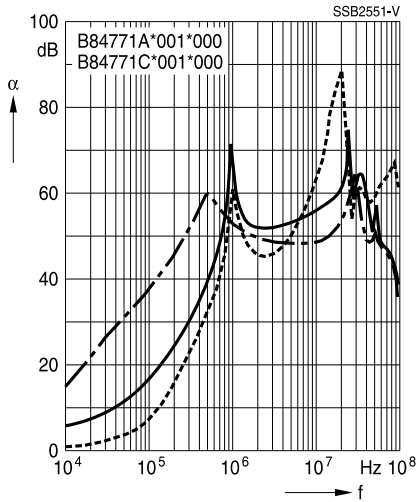


General tolerances according to ISO 2768–cL  
Dimensions in mm

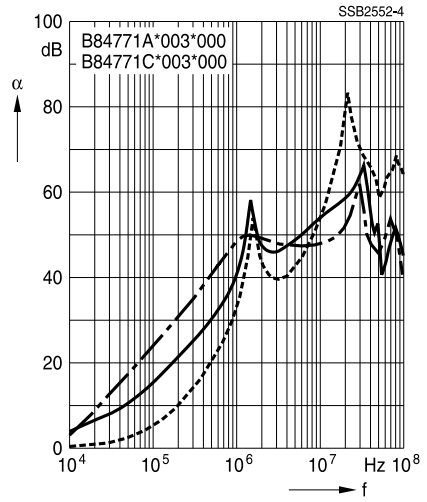
**Insertion loss** (typical values at  $Z = 50 \Omega$ )

- unsymmetrical, adjacent branches terminated
- - - - - common mode, all branches in parallel (asymmetrical)
- - - - - differential mode (symmetrical)

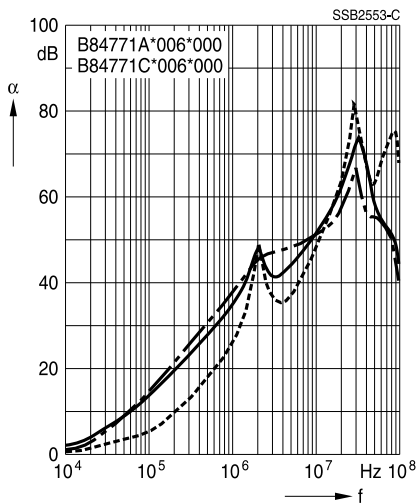
**Filter for 1 A**



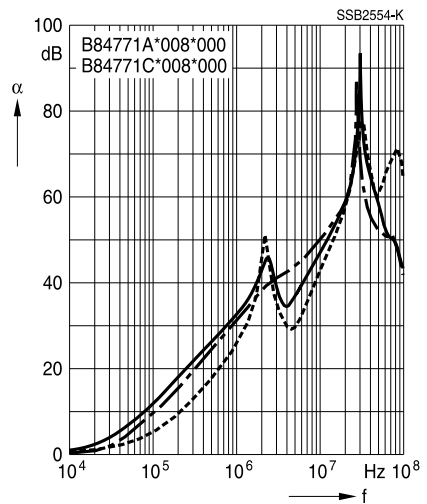
**Filter for 3 A**



**Filter for 6 A**



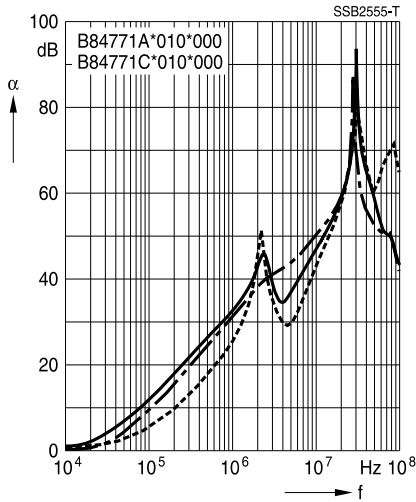
**Filter for 8 A**



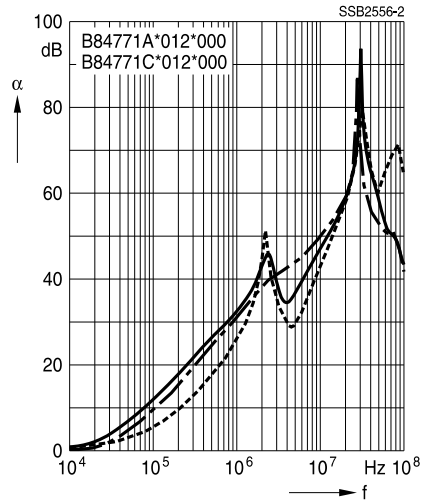
**Insertion loss** (typical values at  $Z = 50 \Omega$ )

- unsymmetrical, adjacent branches terminated
- - - - - common mode, all branches in parallel (asymmetrical)
- - - - - differential mode (symmetrical)

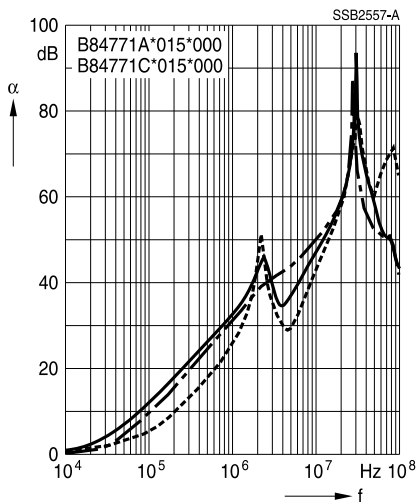
Filter for 10 A



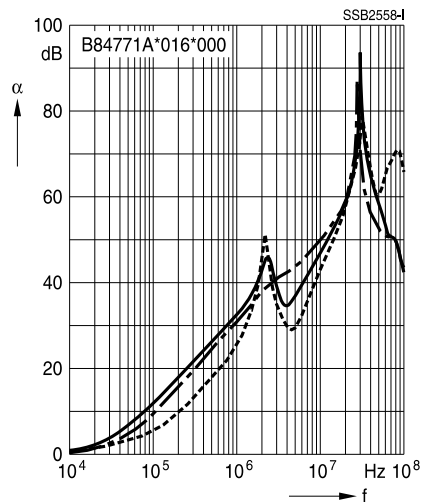
Filter for 12 A



Filter for 15 A



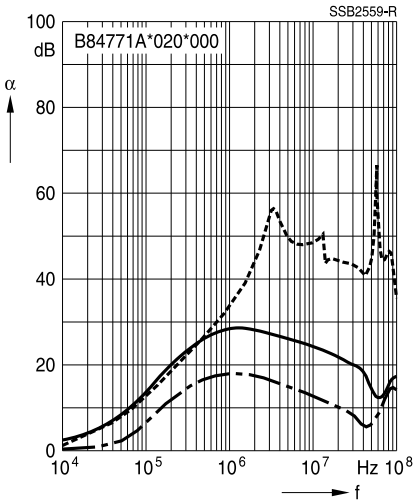
Filter for 16 A



**Insertion loss** (typical values at  $Z = 50 \Omega$ )

- unsymmetrical, adjacent branches terminated
- - - - - common mode, all branches in parallel (asymmetrical)
- - - - - differential mode (symmetrical)

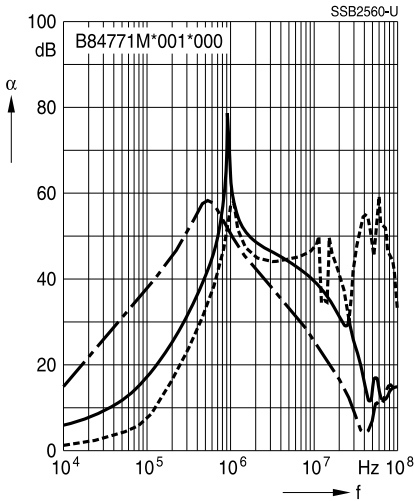
Filter for 20 A



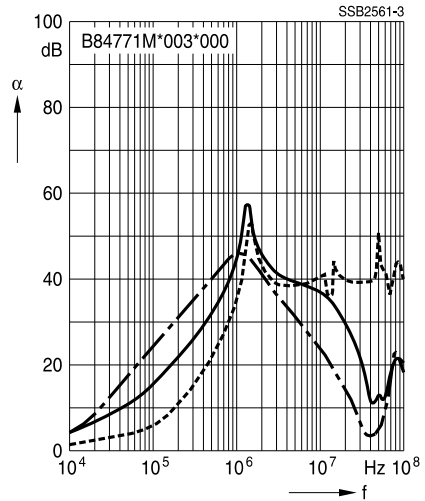
**Insertion loss for medical version** (typical values at  $Z = 50 \Omega$ )

- unsymmetrical, adjacent branches terminated
- - - - - common mode, all branches in parallel (asymmetrical)
- - - - - differential mode (symmetrical)

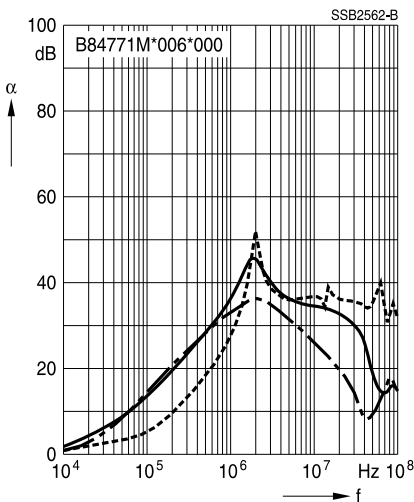
Filter for 1 A



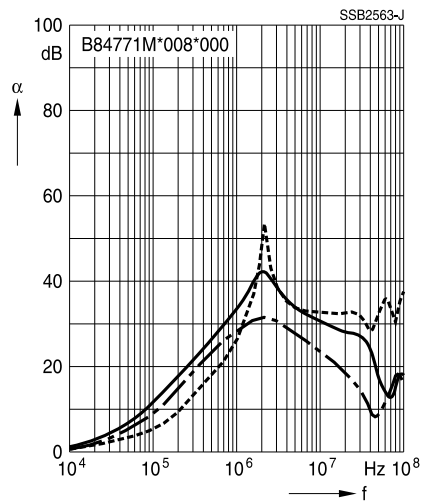
Filter for 3 A



Filter for 6 A



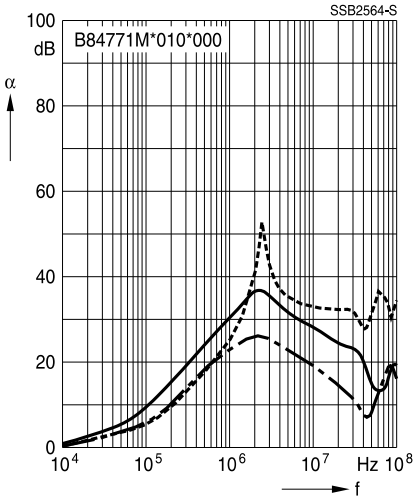
Filter for 8 A



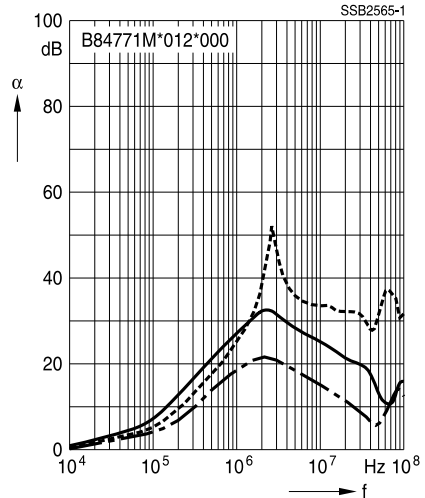
**Insertion loss for medical versions (typical values at  $Z = 50 \Omega$ )**

- unsymmetrical, adjacent branches terminated
- - - - - common mode, all branches in parallel (asymmetrical)
- - - - - differential mode (symmetrical)

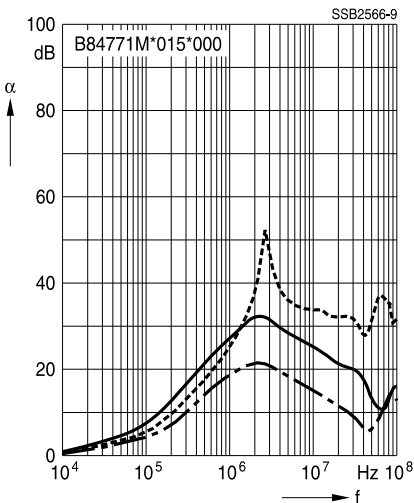
Filter for 10 A



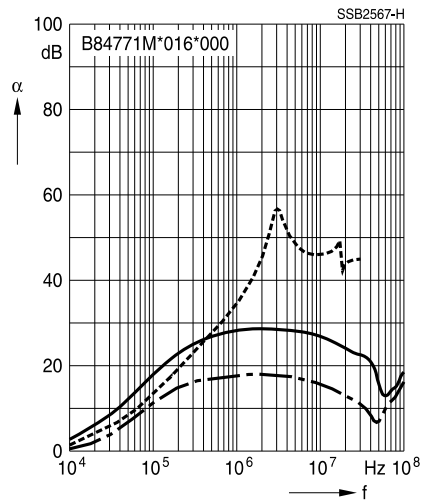
Filter for 12 A



Filter for 15 A



Filter for 16 A

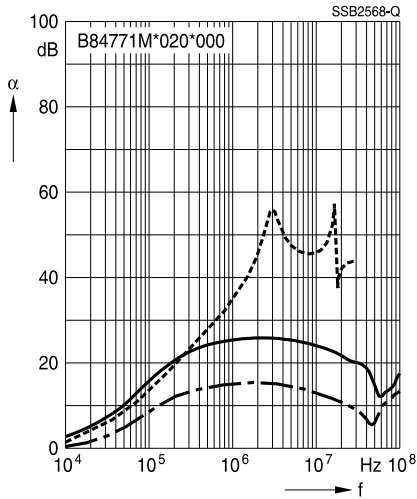




**Insertion loss for medical versions** (typical values at  $Z = 50 \Omega$ )

- unsymmetrical, adjacent branches terminated
- - - - - common mode, all branches in parallel (asymmetrical)
- - - - - differential mode (symmetrical)

Filter for 20 A



## Cautions and warnings

Please read all safety and warning notes carefully before installing the EMC filter and putting it into operation (see ) . The same applies to the warning signs on the filter. Please ensure that the signs are not removed nor their legibility impaired by external influences.

Death, serious bodily injury and substantial material damage to equipment may occur if the appropriate safety measures are not carried out or the warnings in the text are not observed.

## Using according to the terms

The EMC filters may be used only for their intended application within the specified values in low-voltage networks in compliance with the instructions given in the data sheets and the data book. The conditions at the place of application must comply with all specifications for the filter used.

### Warning

- It shall be ensured that only qualified persons (electricity specialists) are engaged on work such as planning, assembly, installation, operation, repair and maintenance. They must be provided with the corresponding documentation.
- Danger of electric shock. EMC filters contain components that store an electric charge. Dangerous voltages can continue to exist at the filter terminals for longer than five minutes even after the power has been switched off.
- The protective earth connections shall be the first to be made when the EMC filter is installed and the last to be disconnected. Depending on the magnitude of the leakage currents, the particular specifications for making the protective-earth connection must be observed.
- Impermissible overloading of the EMC filter, such as with circuits able to cause resonances, impermissible voltages at higher frequencies etc. can lead to bodily injury and death as well as cause substantial material damages (e.g. destruction of the filter housing).
- EMC filters must be protected in the application against impermissible exceeding of the rated currents by overcurrent protective circuitry.
- In case of leakage currents  $>3.5$  mA you shall mount the PE conductor stationary with the required cross section before beginning of operation and save it against disconnecting. For leakage currents  $I_L^{(1)} < 10$  mA the PE conductor must have a KU value<sup>2)</sup> of  $4.5 A^{3)}$ ; for leakage currents  $I_L \geq 10$  mA the PE conductor must have a KU value of 6.<sup>4)</sup>
- Sine-wave filters must be protected in the application against impermissible exceeding of the component temperature.
- The converter output frequency must be within the specified range to avoid resonances and uncontrolled warming of the sinusoidal output filter.

1)  $I_L$  = leakage current let-go

2) The KU value (symbol KU) is a classification parameter of safety-referred failure types designed to ensure protection against hazardous body currents and excessive heating.

3) A value of KU = 4.5 with respect to interruptions is attained with: a) a permanently connected protective earth circuit  $\geq 2.5$  mm<sup>2</sup> connected via shroud connectors (IEC 60309–2) and b) a protective earth circuit.

4) KU = 6 with respect to interruptions is achieved for fixed–connection lines  $\geq 10$  mm<sup>2</sup> where the type of connection and line layout correspond to the requirements for PEN conductors as specified in relevant standards.

The table below summarizes the safety instructions that must be observed without fail. A detailed description can be found in the relevant chapters of the databook.

Topic	Instructions	Reference chapter (databook), paragraph
Selecting a filter	When selecting a filter, it is mandatory to observe the rated data of the equipment (such as its rated input current, rated voltage, harmonic content etc.) as well as the derating instructions in Chapters 9 and 10.	Selector guide for converter filters
Protection from residual voltages Discharge resistors	Active parts must be discharged within 5 s to a voltage of less than 60 V (or 50 $\mu$ C). If this limit cannot be observed due to the operating mode, the hazardous point must be permanently marked in a clearly visible way.  Filters which are not permanently connected (e.g. when the test voltage is applied to the filter at the incoming goods inspection) must be discharged after the voltage has been switched off.	Safety regulations, 6.1  Safety regulations, 6.2
Installing and removing of EMC filters Installation	When installing and removing our EMC filters, a voltage-free state must be set up and secured with observance of the five safety rules described in EN 50110-1.	Safety regulations, 6.4
Use in IT systems	The special features of the IT system ("first fault case" and other fault cases) shall be observed.	Power distribution system (network types), 7.6
Safety notes on leakage currents	The filter leakage currents specified in the data book are intended for user information only. The maximum leakage current of the entire electrical equipment or appliance is limited for safety reasons. Please obtain the applicable limits for your application from the relevant regulations, provisions and standards.	Leakage current, 8.4 Leakage current, 8.6
Voltage derating Hazards caused by overloading the filters	If the permissible limits for the higher-frequency voltages at the filter are exceeded, the filter may be damaged or destroyed.	Voltage derating, 9.8
Current derating at elevated ambient temperatures	Non-observance of the current derating may lead to overheating and consequently represents a fire hazard.	Current derating, 10.1
Protective earth connection at operating currents >250 A	For operating currents greater than 250 A, we recommend the PE connection to be set up between the feed (filter: line) and output (filter: load) not via the PE terminal bolt in the filter housing.	Mounting instructions, point 2

Topic	Instructions	Reference chapter (databook), paragraph
Mounting position	Note the mounting position of the filters! It must always be ensured that natural convection is not impaired.	Mounting instructions, point 13
Long motor cables	Long motor cables cause parasitic currents in the installation.	Mounting instructions, point 15

**Symbols and terms**

Symbol	English	German
$\alpha$	Insertion loss	Einfügungsdämpfung
$C_R$	Rated capacitance	Bemessungskapazität
$C_X$	Capacitance X capacitor	Kapazität X-Kondensator
$C_Y$	Capacitance Y capacitor	Kapazität Y-Kondensator
$\Delta V$	Voltage drop (input to output)	Spannungsabfall im Filter
$dv/dt$	Rate of voltage rise	Spannungsanstiegsgeschwindigkeit
$f$	Frequency	Frequenz
$f_M$	Converter output frequency	Motorfrequenz
$f_P$	Pulse frequency	Pulsfrequenz
$f_R$	Rated frequency	Bemessungsfrequenz
$f_{res}$	Resonant frequency	Resonanzfrequenz
$I_{LK}$	Filter leakage current	Filter-Ableitstrom
$I_C$	Current through capacitor	Strom durch Kondensator
$I_{max}$	Maximum current	Maximalstrom
$I_N$	Nominal current	Nennstrom
$I_{op}$	Operating current (design current)	Betriebsstrom
$I_{pk}$	Rated peak withstand current	Bemessungs-Stoßstromfestigkeit
$I_q$	Capacitive reactive current	Kapazitiver Blindstrom
$I_R$	Rated current	Bemessungsstrom
$I_S$	Interference current	Störstrom
$L$	Inductance	Induktivität
$L_R$	Rated inductance	Bemessungsinduktivität
$L_{stray}$	Stray inductance	Streuinduktivität
$P_{loss}$	Power loss	Verlustleistung
$R$	Resistance	Widerstand
$R_{is}$	Insulation resistance	Isolationswiderstand
$R_{typ}$	DC resistance, typical value	Gleichstromwiderstand, Richtwert
$T_A$	Ambient temperature	Umgebungstemperatur
$T_{max}$	Upper category temperature	Obere Kategorietemperatur
$T_{min}$	Lower category temperature	Untere Kategorietemperatur
$T_R$	Rated temperature	Bemessungstemperatur
$V_{eff}$	RMS voltage	Effektivspannung
$V_{LE}$	Voltage line to earth; voltage line to ground	Spannung Phase zu Erdpotential
$V_N$	Nominal voltage	Netzspannung
$V_R$	Rated voltage	Bemessungsspannung
$V_{peak}$	Peak voltage	Spitzenspannung
$V_{test}$	Test voltage	Prüfspannung
$V_X$	Voltage over X capacitor	Spannung über X-Kondensator
$V_Y$	Voltage over Y capacitor	Spannung über Y-Kondensator
$Z$	Impedance	Scheinwiderstand
$ Z $	Impedance, absolute value	Scheinwiderstand (Betragswert)

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