

# PTC thermistors for overcurrent protection

SMDs, EIA sizes 3225 and 4032, 24  $\rm V$ 

 Series/Type:
 B59101, B59201, B59301

 Date:
 February 2012

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#### SMDs, EIA sizes 3225 and 4032, 24 V

SMD

#### Applications

- Overcurrent protection
- Short circuit protection

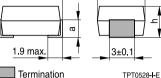
#### Features

- Molded epoxy encapsulation, lead-free tinned solder terminals
- Suitable for wave and reflow soldering
- Suitable for automatic placement
- Qualification based on AEC-Q200, Rev. D
- RoHS-compatible

### **Delivery mode**

Blister tape, 330-mm reel with 16-mm tape, taping to IEC 60286-3

# Dimensional drawing

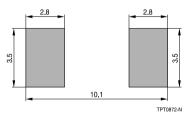


#### Dimensions (mm)

Туре	h ±0.5	w ±0.5	l ±0.5	a ±0.3	Size		
Reference temperature T <sub>ref</sub> = 80 °C							
P1101	3.3	6.3	8.0	1.7	3225		
P1201	3.3	6.3	8.0	1.7	3225		
P1301	3.3	8.0	10.0	2.3	4032		
Reference temperature T <sub>ref</sub> = 120 °C							
P1101	3.3	6.3	8.0	1.7	3225		
P1201	3.3	6.3	8.0	1.7	3225		
P1301	3.3	8.0	10.0	2.3	4032		

#### Geometry of solder pads

EIA case size 3225

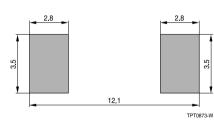


Recommended maximum dimensions (mm)

#### General technical data

V DC or V AC Max. operating voltage  $(T_A = 60 \ ^{\circ}C)$ V<sub>max</sub> 30 Rated voltage 24 V DC or V AC VR Ν Switching cycles 100 Tolerance of R<sub>B</sub>  $\Delta R_{R}$ ±25 %  $\mathsf{T}_{\mathsf{op}}$ Operating temperature range (V = 0)-40/+125 °C Top Operating temperature range  $(V = V_{max})$ -40/+60 °C

EIA case size 4032





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# Electrical specifications and ordering codes

Туре	I <sub>R</sub>	I <sub>s</sub>	I <sub>Smax</sub>	l <sub>r</sub>	R <sub>R</sub>	R <sub>min</sub>	Ordering code
			$(V = V_{max})$	(typ.)			
				$(V = V_{max})$			
	mA	mA	Α	mA	Ω	Ω	
Reference temperature T <sub>ref</sub> = 80 °C							
P1301	205	420	1.6	38	3.1	1.85	B59301P1080A062
P1201	165	340	1.0	34	4.6	2.70	B59201P1080A062
P1101	90	185	0.7	25	13	7.80	B59101P1080A062
Reference temperature T <sub>ref</sub> = 120 °C							
P1301	310	640	1.6	53	3.1	1.85	B59301P1120A062
P1201	265	545	1.0	45	4.6	2.70	B59201P1120A062
P1101	170	355	0.7	35	13	7.80	B59101P1120A062

# **Reliability data**

Test	Standard	Test conditions	$ \Delta R_{25}/R_{25} $
Electrical endurance,	IEC 60738-1	Room temperature, I <sub>Smax</sub> ; V <sub>max</sub>	< 25%
cycling		Number of cycles: 100	
Electrical endurance,	IEC 60738-1	Storage at V <sub>max</sub> /T <sub>op,max</sub> (V <sub>max</sub> )	< 25%
constant		Test duration: 1000 h	
Damp heat	IEC 60738-1	Temperature of air: 40 °C	< 10%
		Relative humidity of air: 93%	
		Duration: 56 days	
		Test according to IEC 60068-2-78	
Rapid change	IEC 60738-1	$T_1 = T_{op,min} (0 V), T_2 = T_{op,max} (0 V)$	< 10%
of temperature		Number of cycles: 5	
		Test duration: 30 min	
		Test according to IEC 60068-2-14, test Na	
Shock	IEC 60738-1	Acceleration: 390 m/s <sup>2</sup>	< 5%
		Pulse duration: 6 ms; $6 \times 4000$ pulses	
Bending test	IEC 60738-1	Components reflow-soldered to test board	< 10%
		Maximum bending: 2 mm	
		Test according to IEC 60068-2-21, test Ue	



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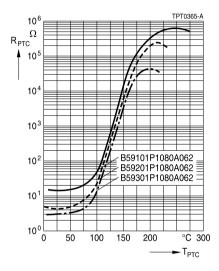
# <u>SMD</u>

#### Characteristics (typical) for T<sub>ref</sub> = 80 °C

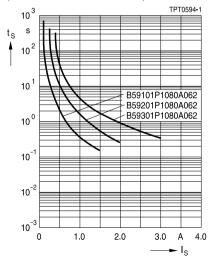
PTC resistance R<sub>PTC</sub> versus

PTC temperature T<sub>PTC</sub>

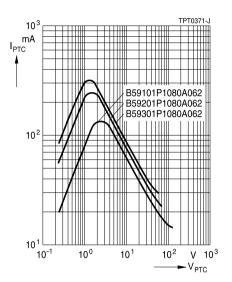
(measured at low signal voltage)



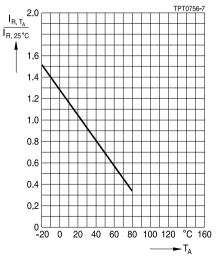
Switching time  $t_s$  versus switching current  $I_s$  (measured at 25 °C in still air)



PTC current I<sub>PTC</sub> versus PTC voltage V<sub>PTC</sub> (measured at 25 °C in still air)



Rated current  $I_{\text{R}}$  versus ambient temperature  $T_{\text{A}}$  (measured in still air)



Please read *Cautions and warnings* and *Important notes* at the end of this document.



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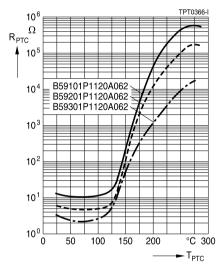
# SMD

#### Characteristics (typical) for T<sub>ref</sub> = 120 °C

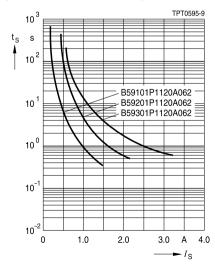
PTC resistance R<sub>PTC</sub> versus

PTC temperature T<sub>PTC</sub>

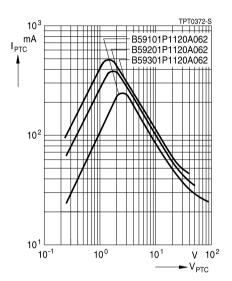
(measured at low signal voltage)



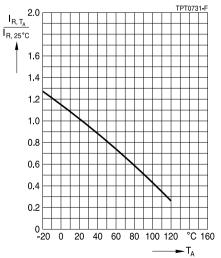
Switching time  $t_s$  versus switching current  $I_s$  (measured at 25 °C in still air)



PTC current I<sub>PTC</sub> versus PTC voltage V<sub>PTC</sub> (measured at 25 °C in still air)



Rated current  $I_R$  versus ambient temperature  $T_A$  (measured in still air)



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