Film Capacitors

Metallized Polyester Film Capacitors (MKT)

Series/Type: **B32932 ... B32936**

Date: August 2015

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Typical applications
- For connection in series with the mains
- For severe ambient conditions
- Capacitive power supply applications
- Energy meters

Climatic
- Max. operating temperature: 105 °C
- Climatic category (IEC 60068-1): 40/105/56

Features
- High stability of capacitance value
- X2 safety approval (up to 2.2 µF)
- RoHS-compatible

Construction
- Dielectric: metallized polyester
- Internal series connection
- Plastic case (UL 94 V-0)
- Epoxy resin sealing, flame-retardant

Terminals
- Parallel wire leads, lead-free tinned
- Standard lead lengths: 6 −1 mm
- Special lead lengths available on request

Marking
Manufacturer's logo, lot number,
date code, rated capacitance (coded),
capacitance tolerance (code letter),
rated AC voltage (IEC),
series number, sub-class (X2),
dielectric code (MKT), climatic category

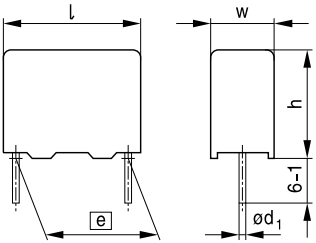
Delivery mode
Bulk (untaped, lead length 6 - 1 mm)
Taped (Ammo pack or reel)

Approvals

Approval mark	Standards	Certificate
	EN 60384-14 IEC 60384-14	40028058
	UL 60384-14	E97863
	CSA E60384-14:09	E97863

Note: X2 safety approval for C ≤ 2.2 µF

Dimensional drawing



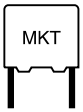
KMK0826-Q-E

Dimensions in mm

Lead spacing e ±0.4	Lead diameter d_1 ±0.05	Type
15	0.8	B32932
22.5	0.8	B32933
27.5	0.8	B32934
37.5	1.0	B32936

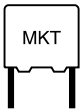
Marking examples

KMK1318-E



Overview of available types

Lead spacing	15 mm	22.5 mm	27.5 mm	37.5 mm
Type	B32932	B32933	B32934	B32936
C_R (µF)				
0.047				
0.068				
0.10				
0.15				
0.22				
0.33				
0.47				
0.56				
0.68				
0.82				
1.0				
1.5				
2.2				



B32932 ... B32936

AC applications (heavy duty series) / 305 V AC

Ordering codes and packing units

Lead spacing mm	C_R µF	Max. dimensions w × h × l mm	Ordering code (composition see below)	Ammo pack pcs./MOQ	Straight terminals, Reel pcs./MOQ	Straight terminals, Untaped pcs./MOQ	X2 safety appr.
15	0.047	5.0 × 10.5 × 18.0	B32932A3473+***	4680	5200	4000	X
	0.068	5.0 × 10.5 × 18.0	B32932A3683+***	4680	5200	4000	X
	0.10	6.0 × 11.0 × 18.0	B32932A3104+***	3840	4400	4000	X
	0.15	7.0 × 12.5 × 18.0	B32932A3154+***	3320	3600	4000	X
	0.22	8.5 × 14.5 × 18.0	B32932A3224+***	2720	2800	2000	X
	0.33	9.0 × 17.5 × 18.0	B32932A3334+***	2560	2800	2000	X
	0.47	11.0 × 18.5 × 18.0	B32932A3474M***	–	2200	1200	X
22.5	0.10	6.0 × 15.0 × 26.5	B32933A3104+***	2720	2800	2880	X
	0.15	6.0 × 15.0 × 26.5	B32933A3154+***	2720	2800	2880	X
	0.22	7.0 × 16.0 × 26.5	B32933A3224+***	2320	2400	2520	X
	0.33	7.0 × 16.0 × 26.5	B32933A3334+***	2320	2400	2520	X
	0.47	8.5 × 16.5 × 26.5	B32933A3474M***	1920	2000	2040	X
	0.47	10.5 × 16.5 × 26.5	B32933B3474+***	1560	1600	2160	X
	0.56	10.5 × 16.5 × 26.5	B32933A3564+***	1560	1600	2160	X
	0.68	10.5 × 18.5 × 26.5	B32933A3684+***	1560	1600	2160	X
	0.82	12.0 × 22.0 × 26.5	B32933A3824+***	–	–	1800	X
	1.0	12.0 × 22.0 × 26.5	B32933A3105M***	–	–	1800	X
	1.0	14.5 × 29.5 × 26.5	B32933B3105+***	–	–	1040	X
	1.5	14.5 × 29.5 × 26.5	B32933A3155+***	–	–	1040	X

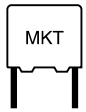
X = approval granted

MOQ = Minimum Order Quantity, consisting of 4 packing units.
Further intermediate capacitance values on request.

Composition of ordering code

+ = Capacitance tolerance code:
- M = ±20%
- K = ±10%

*** = Packaging code:
- 289 = Straight terminals, Ammo pack
- 189 = Straight terminals, Reel
- 000 = Straight terminals, Untaped (standard lead length 6 −1 mm)



Ordering codes and packing units

Lead spacing mm	C_R µF	Max. dimensions w × h × l mm	Ordering code (composition see below)	Ammo pack pcs./MOQ	Straight terminals, Reel pcs./MOQ	Straight terminals, Untaped pcs./MOQ	X2 safety appr.
27.5	0.47	11.0 × 19.0 × 31.5	B32934A3474+***	–	1400	1280	X
	0.56	11.0 × 19.0 × 31.5	B32934A3564+***	–	1400	1280	X
	0.68	11.0 × 19.0 × 31.5	B32934A3684+***	–	1400	1280	X
	0.82	11.0 × 19.0 × 31.5	B32934A3824+***	–	1400	1280	X
	1.0	11.0 × 19.0 × 31.5	B32934A3105M***	–	1400	1280	X
	1.0	11.0 × 21.0 × 31.5	B32934B3105+***	–	1400	1280	X
	1.5	13.5 × 23.0 × 31.5	B32934B3155M***	–	1200	1120	X
	1.5	14.0 × 24.5 × 31.5	B32934D3155+***	–	–	1040	X
	2.2	18.0 × 27.5 × 31.5	B32934B3225+***	–	–	800	X
37.5	1.0	12.0 × 22.0 × 41.5	B32936A3105+***	–	–	1620	X
	1.5	12.0 × 22.0 × 41.5	B32936A3155+***	–	–	1620	X
	2.2	14.0 × 25.0 × 41.5	B32936A3225+***	–	–	1380	X

X = approval granted

MOQ = Minimum Order Quantity, consisting of 4 packing units.
Further intermediate capacitance values on request.

Composition of ordering code

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- K = ±10%

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- 289 = Straight terminals, Ammo pack
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Technical data

Max. operating temperature $T_{op,max}$ ($T_{op} = T_{amb}$ + self-heating)	+105 °C			
Dissipation factor tan δ (in 10^{-3}) at 20 °C (upper limit values)	tan δ	1 kHz	10 kHz	
	C ≤ 1 µF	8	15	
	C > 1 µF	8	–	
Insulation resistance R_{ins} or time constant $\tau = C_R \cdot R_{ins}$ at 20 °C, rel. humidity ≤ 65% (minimum as-delivered values)	$C_R \leq 0.33$ µF		$C_R > 0.33$ µF	
	30000 MΩ		10000 s	
DC test voltage	1312 V DC, 2 s ($4.3 \cdot V_R$ according to IEC 60384-14)			
Passive flammability category to IEC 40 (CO) 752	B			
Capacitance tolerances (measured at 1 kHz)	±10% (K), ±20% (M)			
Rated AC voltage (IEC 60384-14)	305 V (50/60 Hz)			
Operating voltage V_{op} at high temperature	$T_A \leq 105$ °C		$V_{op} = 1.25 \cdot V_{AC}$ (1000 h)	
Damp heat test	Test conditions			
	1. Temperature: +85 °C ±2 °C Relative humidity (RH): 85% ±2% Test duration: 1000 hours Voltage value: 240 V AC, 50 Hz 2. Temperature: +40 °C ±2 °C Relative humidity (RH): 93% ±2% Test duration: 2000 hours Voltage value: 305 V AC, 50 Hz			
Limit values after damp heat test	Capacitance change (ΔC/C): ≤ 10% Dissipation factor change (Δtan δ): ≤ $5 \cdot 10^{-3}$ (at 1 kHz) Δtan δ/tan δ: ≤ 100% (at 10 kHz) Insulation resistance R_{ins} or time constant $\tau = C_R \cdot R_{ins}$: > 10 MΩ			
Reference standard	AEC-Q200			

Pulse handling capability

"dV/dt" represents the maximum permissible voltage change per unit of time for non-sinusoidal voltages, expressed in V/µs.

"k_0" represents the maximum permissible pulse characteristic of the waveform applied to the capacitor, expressed in $V^2/\mu s$.

Note:
The values of dV/dt and k_0 provided below must not be exceeded in order to avoid damaging the capacitor.

dV/dt and k_0 values

Lead spacing (mm)	15	22.5	27.5	37.5
dV/dt (V/µs)	90	50	35	25
k_0 ($V^2/\mu s$)	108000	60000	42000	30000

Mounting guidelines

1 Soldering

1.1 Solderability of leads

The solderability of terminal leads is tested to IEC 60068-2-20, test Ta, method 1.

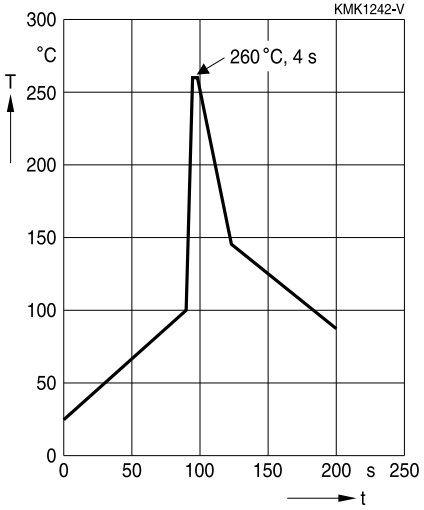
Before a solderability test is carried out, terminals are subjected to accelerated ageing (to IEC 60068-2-2, test Ba: 4 h exposure to dry heat at 155 °C). Since the ageing temperature is far higher than the upper category temperature of the capacitors, the terminal wires should be cut off from the capacitor before the ageing procedure to prevent the solderability being impaired by the products of any capacitor decomposition that might occur.

Solder bath temperature	235 ±5 °C
Soldering time	2.0 ±0.5 s
Immersion depth	2.0 +0/−0.5 mm from capacitor body or seating plane
Evaluation criteria: Visual inspection	 Wetting of wire surface by new solder ≥90%, free-flowing solder

1.2 Resistance to soldering heat

Resistance to soldering heat is tested to IEC 60068-2-20, test Tb, method 1A.
Conditions:

Series		Solder bath temperature	Soldering time
MKT	boxed (except 2.5 × 6.5 × 7.2 mm) coated uncoated (lead spacing > 10 mm)	260 ±5 °C	10 ±1 s
MFP MKP	 (lead spacing > 7.5 mm)		
MKT	boxed (case 2.5 × 6.5 × 7.2 mm)		5 ±1 s
MKP MKT	(lead spacing ≤ 7.5 mm) uncoated (lead spacing ≤ 10 mm) insulated (B32559)		< 4 s recommended soldering profile for MKT uncoated (lead spacing ≤ 10 mm) and insulated (B32559)



Immersion depth	2.0 +0/−0.5 mm from capacitor body or seating plane
Shield	Heat-absorbing board, (1.5 ±0.5) mm thick, between capacitor body and liquid solder
Evaluation criteria:	
Visual inspection	No visible damage
$\Delta C/C_0$	2% for MKT/MKP/MFP 5% for EMI suppression capacitors
tan δ	As specified in sectional specification

1.3 General notes on soldering

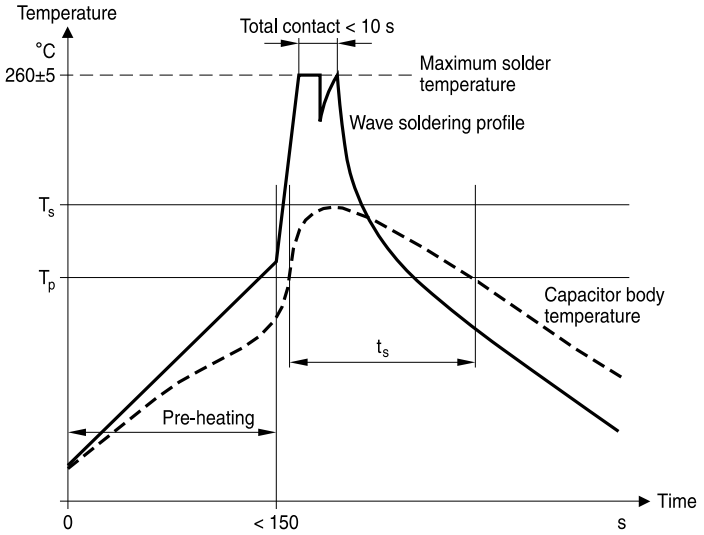
Permissible heat exposure loads on film capacitors are primarily characterized by the upper category temperature T_{max}. Long exposure to temperatures above this type-related temperature limit can lead to changes in the plastic dielectric and thus change irreversibly a capacitor's electrical characteristics. For short exposures (as in practical soldering processes) the heat load (and thus the possible effects on a capacitor) will also depend on other factors like:

- Pre-heating temperature and time
- Forced cooling immediately after soldering
- Terminal characteristics:
  diameter, length, thermal resistance, special configurations (e.g. crimping)
- Height of capacitor above solder bath
- Shadowing by neighboring components
- Additional heating due to heat dissipation by neighboring components
- Use of solder-resist coatings

The overheating associated with some of these factors can usually be reduced by suitable countermeasures. For example, if a pre-heating step cannot be avoided, an additional or reinforced cooling process may possibly have to be included.

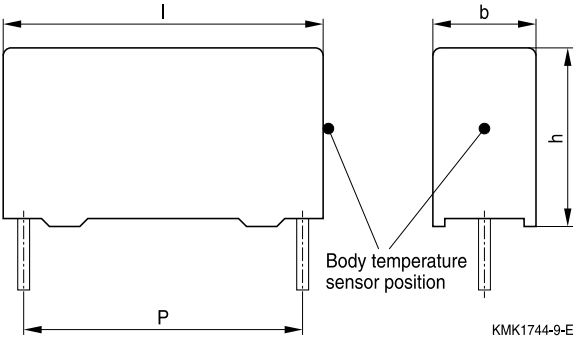
EPCOS recommendations

As a reference, the recommended wave soldering profile for our film capacitors is as follows:



T_s: Capacitor body maximum temperature at wave soldering
T_p: Capacitor body maximum temperature at pre-heating

KMK1745-A-E



Body remperature should follow the description below:

- MKP capacitor
  During pre-heating: $T_p \leq 110$ °C
  During soldering: $T_s \leq 120$ °C, $t_s \leq 45$ s
- MKT capacitor
  During pre-heating: $T_p \leq 125$ °C
  During soldering: $T_s \leq 160$ °C, $t_s \leq 45$ s

When SMD components are used together with leaded ones, the film capacitors should not pass into the SMD adhesive curing oven. The leaded components should be assembled after the SMD curing step.

Leaded film capacitors are not suitable for reflow soldering.

For uncoated MKT capacitors with lead spacings ≤10 mm (B32560/B32561) the following measures are recommended:

- pre-heating to not more than 110 °C in the preheater phase
- rapid cooling after soldering

Please refer to EPCOS Film Capacitor Data Book in case more details are needed.

Cautions and warnings

- Do not exceed the upper category temperature (UCT).
- Do not apply any mechanical stress to the capacitor terminals.
- Avoid any compressive, tensile or flexural stress.
- Do not move the capacitor after it has been soldered to the PC board.
- Do not pick up the PC board by the soldered capacitor.
- Do not place the capacitor on a PC board whose PTH hole spacing differs from the specified lead spacing.
- Do not exceed the specified time or temperature limits during soldering.
- Avoid external energy inputs, such as fire or electricity.
- Avoid overload of the capacitors.

The table below summarizes the safety instructions that must always be observed. A detailed description can be found in the relevant sections of the chapters "General technical information" and "Mounting guidelines".

Topic	Safety information	Reference chapter "General technical information"
Storage conditions	Make sure that capacitors are stored within the specified range of time, temperature and humidity conditions.	4.5 "Storage conditions"
Flammability	Avoid external energy, such as fire or electricity (passive flammability), avoid overload of the capacitors (active flammability) and consider the flammability of materials.	5.3 "Flammability"
Resistance to vibration	Do not exceed the tested ability to withstand vibration. The capacitors are tested to IEC 60068-2-6. EPCOS offers film capacitors specially designed for operation under more severe vibration regimes such as those found in automotive applications. Consult our catalog "Film Capacitors for Automotive Electronics".	5.2 "Resistance to vibration"

Topic	Safety information	Reference chapter "Mounting guidelines"
Soldering	Do not exceed the specified time or temperature limits during soldering.	1 "Soldering"
Cleaning	Use only suitable solvents for cleaning capacitors.	2 "Cleaning"
Embedding of capacitors in finished assemblies	When embedding finished circuit assemblies in plastic resins, chemical and thermal influences must be taken into account. Caution: Consult us first, if you also wish to embed other uncoated component types!	3 "Embedding of capacitors in finished assemblies"

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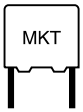
Symbols and terms

Symbol	English	German
α	Heat transfer coefficient	Wärmeübergangszahl
α_C	Temperature coefficient of capacitance	Temperaturkoeffizient der Kapazität
A	Capacitor surface area	Kondensatoroberfläche
β_C	Humidity coefficient of capacitance	Feuchtekoeffizient der Kapazität
C	Capacitance	Kapazität
C_R	Rated capacitance	Nennkapazität
ΔC	Absolute capacitance change	Absolute Kapazitätsänderung
$\Delta C/C$	Relative capacitance change (relative deviation of actual value)	Relative Kapazitätsänderung (relative Abweichung vom Ist-Wert)
$\Delta C/C_R$	Capacitance tolerance (relative deviation from rated capacitance)	Kapazitätstoleranz (relative Abweichung vom Nennwert)
dt	Time differential	Differentielle Zeit
Δt	Time interval	Zeitintervall
ΔT	Absolute temperature change (self-heating)	Absolute Temperaturänderung (Selbsterwärmung)
$\Delta \tan \delta$	Absolute change of dissipation factor	Absolute Änderung des Verlustfaktors
ΔV	Absolute voltage change	Absolute Spannungsänderung
dV/dt	Time differential of voltage function (rate of voltage rise)	Differentielle Spannungsänderung (Spannungsflankensteilheit)
$\Delta V/\Delta t$	Voltage change per time interval	Spannungsänderung pro Zeitintervall
E	Activation energy for diffusion	Aktivierungsenergie zur Diffusion
ESL	Self-inductance	Eigeninduktivität
ESR	Equivalent series resistance	Ersatz-Serienwiderstand
f	Frequency	Frequenz
f_1	Frequency limit for reducing permissible AC voltage due to thermal limits	Grenzfrequenz für thermisch bedingte Reduzierung der zulässigen Wechselspannung
f_2	Frequency limit for reducing permissible AC voltage due to current limit	Grenzfrequenz für strombedingte Reduzierung der zulässigen Wechselspannung
f_r	Resonant frequency	Resonanzfrequenz
F_D	Thermal acceleration factor for diffusion	Therm. Beschleunigungsfaktor zur Diffusion
F_T	Derating factor	Deratingfaktor
i	Current (peak)	Stromspitze
I_C	Category current (max. continuous current)	Kategoriestrom (max. Dauerstrom)

Symbol	English	German
I_{RMS}	(Sinusoidal) alternating current, root-mean-square value	(Sinusförmiger) Wechselstrom
i_z	Capacitance drift	Inkonstanz der Kapazität
k_0	Pulse characteristic	Impulskennwert
L_S	Series inductance	Serieninduktivität
λ	Failure rate	Ausfallrate
λ_0	Constant failure rate during useful service life	Konstante Ausfallrate in der Nutzungsphase
λ_{test}	Failure rate, determined by tests	Experimentell ermittelte Ausfallrate
P_{diss}	Dissipated power	Abgegebene Verlustleistung
P_{gen}	Generated power	Erzeugte Verlustleistung
Q	Heat energy	Wärmeenergie
ρ	Density of water vapor in air	Dichte von Wasserdampf in Luft
R	Universal molar constant for gases	Allg. Molarkonstante für Gas
R	Ohmic resistance of discharge circuit	Ohmscher Widerstand des Entladekreises
R_i	Internal resistance	Innenwiderstand
R_{ins}	Insulation resistance	Isolationswiderstand
R_P	Parallel resistance	Parallelwiderstand
R_S	Series resistance	Serienwiderstand
S	severity (humidity test)	Schärfegrad (Feuchtetest)
t	Time	Zeit
T	Temperature	Temperatur
τ	Time constant	Zeitkonstante
tan δ	Dissipation factor	Verlustfaktor
tan δ_D	Dielectric component of dissipation factor	Dielektrischer Anteil des Verlustfaktors
tan δ_P	Parallel component of dissipation factor	Parallelanteil des Verlfustfaktors
tan δ_S	Series component of dissipation factor	Serienanteil des Verlustfaktors
T_A	Temperature of the air surrounding the component	Temperatur der Luft, die das Bauteil umgibt
T_{max}	Upper category temperature	Obere Kategorietemperatur
T_{min}	Lower category temperature	Untere Kategorietemperatur
t_{OL}	Operating life at operating temperature and voltage	Betriebszeit bei Betriebstemperatur und -spannung
T_{op}	Operating temperature	Beriebstemperatur
T_R	Rated temperature	Nenntemperatur
T_{ref}	Reference temperature	Referenztemperatur
t_{SL}	Reference service life	Referenz-Lebensdauer



Symbol	English	German
V_{AC}	AC voltage	Wechselspannung
V_C	Category voltage	Kategoriespannung
$V_{C,RMS}$	Category AC voltage	(Sinusförmige) Kategorie-Wechselspannung
V_{CD}	Corona-discharge onset voltage	Teilentlade-Einsatzspannung
V_{ch}	Charging voltage	Ladespannung
V_{DC}	DC voltage	Gleichspannung
V_{FB}	Fly-back capacitor voltage	Spannung (Flyback)
V_i	Input voltage	Eingangsspannung
V_o	Output voltage	Ausgangssspannung
V_{op}	Operating voltage	Betriebsspannung
V_p	Peak pulse voltage	Impuls-Spitzenspannung
V_{pp}	Peak-to-peak voltage Impedance	Spannungshub
V_R	Rated voltage	Nennspannung
$\hat{V}_R$	Amplitude of rated AC voltage	Amplitude der Nenn-Wechselspannung
V_{RMS}	(Sinusoidal) alternating voltage, root-mean-square value	(Sinusförmige) Wechselspannung
V_{SC}	S-correction voltage	Spannung bei Anwendung "S-correction"
V_{sn}	Snubber capacitor voltage	Spannung bei Anwendung "Beschaltung"
Z	Impedance	Scheinwiderstand
e	Lead spacing	Rastermaß

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