

October 2008

SG6846B Highly Integrated Green-Mode PWM Controller

Features

- Low Startup Current: 8µA
- Low Operating Current: 3.7mA
- Peak-Current Mode Operation with Cycle-by-cycle Current Limiting
- PWM Frequency Continuously Decreasing with Burst Mode at Light Loads
- V_{DD} Over Voltage Protection (OVP)
- AC Input Brownout Protection with Hysteresis
- Constant Output Power Limit (Full AC Input Range)
- Internal Latch Circuit for OVP, OTP, and OCP (BLSY, BLSZ)
- Two-level OCP Delay with 200ms
- Programmable PWM Frequency with Frequency Hopping
- OCP Threshold is 2/3 Peak Current Limit
- Soft Startup Time: 5ms

Applications

General-purpose switch-mode power supplies and flyback power converters, including:

- Power Adapters
- Open-frame SMPS
- SMPS with Surge-current Output, such as for Printers, Scanners, Motor Drivers

Description

The highly integrated PWM controller, SG6846B, provides several features to enhance the performance of fly-back converters. To minimize standby power consumption, a proprietary green-mode function provides off-time modulation to continuously decrease the switching frequency under light-load conditions. Under zero-load conditions, the power supply enters burst-mode. This completely shuts off PWM output. If V_{FB} is larger than around 1.6V, PWM pulses out. This green-mode function enables power supplies to meet international power conservation requirements.

The SG6846B is designed for SMPS with surge-current output. It is incorporated with a two-level OCP function. Besides, the cycle-by-cycle current limiting, if the switching current is higher than OCP threshold and lasts for 200ms, SG6846B stops gate immediately and latches itself (BLSY version) or restarts after V_{DD} charges up to 16.5V (BCSY version). SG6846B also integrates frequency-hopping function internally. The frequency hopping function helps reduce EMI emission of a power supply with minimum line filters. It has built-in synchronized slope compensation, proprietary internal compensation for constant output power limit over universal AC input range. The gate output is clamped at 18V to protect the external MOSFET from over-voltage damage.

Protection include: AC input brownout protection with hysteresis and V_{DD} over-voltage protection. For over-temperature protection, an external NTC thermistor can be applied to sense the ambient temperature. When OCP, V_{DD} OVP, or OTP are activated, an internal latch circuit is used to latch-off the controller. The latch resets when V_{DD} supply is removed.

SG6846B is available in 8-pin SOP package.

Ordering Information

Part Number	Operating Temperature Range	OCP Latch	© Eco Status	Package	Packing Method
SG6846BLSY	-40 to +105°C	Yes	Green	8-Pin Small Outline Package (SOP)	Tape & Reel
SG6846BLSZ	-40 to +105°C	Yes	RoHS	8-Pin Small Outline Package (SOP)	Tape & Reel
SG6846BCSY	-40 to +105°C	No	Green	8-Pin Small Outline Package (SOP)	Tape & Reel
SG6846BCSZ	-40 to +105°C	No	RoHS	8-Pin Small Outline Package (SOP)	Tape & Reel

For Fairchild's definition of "green" Eco Status, please visit: http://www.fairchildsemi.com/company/green/rohs_green.html.

Typical Application

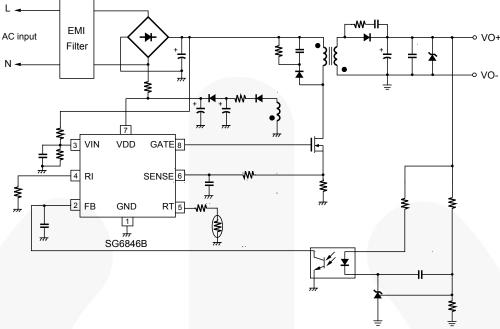
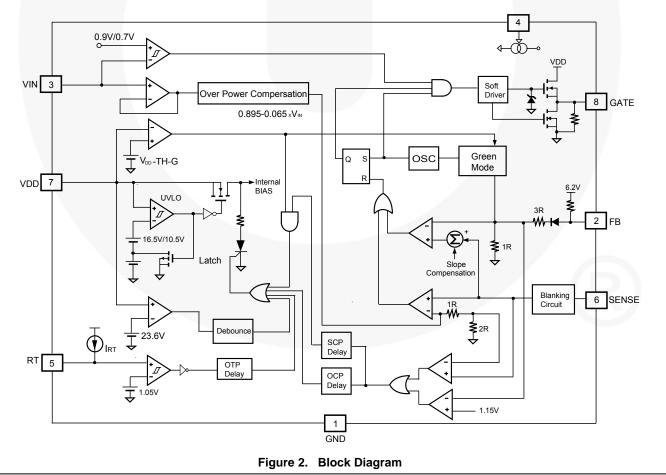


Figure 1. Typical Application

Block Diagram



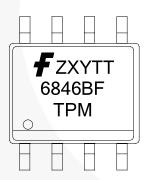
Marking Information



Marking for SG6846BLSZ (Pb-free)
 SG6846BCSZ (Pb-free)

- F: L = OCP Latch, C = OCP auto-recovery
- T: S = SOP
- P: Z = Lead Free + ROHS Compatible Null = regular package
- XXXXXXXX: Wafer Lot
- Y: Year; WW: Week
- V: Assembly Location

Figure 3. Top Mark 1



- F: Fairchild logo
- Z: Plant Code
- X: Year Code
- Y: Week Code
- TT: Die Run Code
- F: L = OCP Latch, C = OCP auto-recovery
- T: Package type, S = SOP
- P: Y = Green Package
- M: Manufacturing flow code

Marking for SG6846BLSY (Green-compound) SG6846BCSY (Green-compound)

Figure 4. Top Mark 2

Pin Configuration

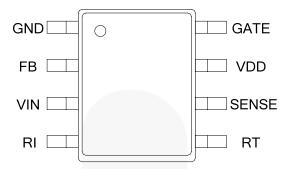


Figure 5. Pin Configuration

Pin Definitions

Pin#	Name	Function	Description
1	GND	Ground	Ground.
2	FB	Feedback	The signal from the external compensation circuit is fed into this pin. The PWM duty cycle is determined in response to the signal from this pin and the current-sense signal from pin 6.
3	VIN	Line-voltage Detection	Line-voltage detection is used for brownout protection with hysteresis. Constant output power limit over universal AC input range is achieved using this pin. Add a low-pass filter to filter out line ripple on the bulk capacitor.
4	RI	Reference Setting	A resistor from the RI pin to ground generates a reference current source that determines the switching frequency. Increasing the resistance reduces the switching frequency. A $26k\Omega$ resistor results in a $65kHz$ switching frequency.
5	RT	Temperature Detection	For over-temperature protection, an external NTC thermistor is connected from this pin to the GND pin. The impedance of the NTC decreases at high temperatures. Once the voltage of the RT pin drops below a threshold, PWM output is disabled.
6	SENSE	Current Sense	The sensed voltage is used for peak-current-mode control and cycle-by-cycle current limiting. If the switching current is higher than OCP threshold and lasts for 200ms, SG6846B turns off immediately. This two-level OCP feature is especially suitable for SMPS with surge current output.
7	VDD	Power Supply	If an open-circuit failure occurs in the feedback loop, the internal protection circuit disables PWM output as long as V _{DD} exceeds a threshold.
8	GATE	Driver Output	The totem-pole output driver for the power MOSFET; internally clamped below 18V.

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Stresses exceeding the absolute maximum ratings may damage the device. The device may not function or be operable above the recommended operating conditions and stressing the parts to these levels is not recommended. In addition, extended exposure to stresses above the recommended operating conditions may affect device reliability. The absolute maximum ratings are stress ratings only. All voltage values, except differential voltages, are given with respect to GND pin.

Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Max.	Unit	
V_{DD}	Supply Voltage			30	V
VL	Input Voltage to FB, SENSE, VIN, RT, RI	-0.3	7.0	V	
P_D	Power Dissipation at T _A <50°C	SOP		400	mW
Θ _{JC}	Thermal Resistance (Junction-to-Case)	SOP		54.4	°C/W
TJ	Operating Junction Temperature	-40	+150	°C	
T _{STG}	Storage Temperature Range	-65	+150	°C	
TL	Lead Temperature, Wave Soldering, 10 S	1	+260	°C	
ESD	Human Body Model, JESD22-A114		5.0	kV	
ESD	Charge Device Model, JESD22-C101		1.5	K.V	

Recommended Operating Conditions

The Recommended Operating Conditions table defines the conditions for actual device operation. Recommended operating conditions are specified to ensure optimal performance to the datasheet specifications. Fairchild does not recommend exceeding them or designing to Absolute Maximum Ratings.

Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Max.	Unit
T_A	Operating Ambient Temperature	-40	+105	°C

Electrical Characteristics

 V_{DD} = 15V and T_A = 25°C unless otherwise noted.

Symbol	Parameter	Test Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
V _{DD} Section	1		•	•	•	
$V_{DD\text{-}OP}$	Continuously Operating Voltage				20	V
$V_{DD\text{-}ON}$	Turn-on Threshold Voltage		15.5	16.5	17.5	V
$V_{DD\text{-}OFF}$	Turn-off Voltage		9.5	10.5	11.5	V
$V_{\text{DD-SCP}}$	Threshold Voltage on V _{DD} for Short-Circuit Protection		V _{DD-OFF} +0.5V	V _{DD-OFF} +1.0V	V _{DD-OFF} +1.5V	٧
$V_{DD\text{-}LH}$	Threshold Voltage for Latch-off Release		3	4	5	V
I _{DD-ST}	Startup Current	V _{DD-ON} – 0.16V		8	30	μA
I _{DD-OP}	Operating Supply Current	GATE Open		3.7	5.0	mA
V _{DD-OVP}	V _{DD} Over-Voltage Protection (Latch off)		23	24	25	V
t _{D-VDDOVP}	V _{DD} OVP Debounce Time	$R_1 = 26k\Omega$		150		μs
I _{DD-OVP}	V _{DD} OVP Latch-off Holding Current	V _{DD} = 5V	30	50	70	μA
V _{IN} Section				•		
V _{IN-OFF}	PWM Turn-off Threshold Voltage		0.65	0.70	0.75	V
$V_{\text{IN-ON}}$	PWM Turn-on Threshold Voltage		V _{IN-OFF} +0.18	V _{IN-OFF} +0.20	V _{IN-OFF} +0.22	V
Feedback I	nput Section		·			
A _V	Input-Voltage to Current-Sense Attenuation		1/3.5	1/4.0	1/4.5	V/V
Z _{FB}	Input Impedance		4.0	5.5	7.0	kΩ
V_{FBO}	FB Pin Open Voltage		5.2	6.2	6.6	V
Current Se	nse Section				•	
Z _{SENSE}	Input Impedance			12		kΩ
t _{PD}	Delay to Output			100	250	ns
t _{LEB}	Leading-edge Blanking Time		270	360	11/	ns
V_{SLOPE}	Slope Compensation	Duty = DCY _{MAX}	0.30	0.33	0.36	V
V _{STH1V}	Threshold Voltage for Current Limit	V _{IN} = 1V	0.80	0.83	0.86	V
V _{STH3V}	Threshold Voltage for Current Limit	V _{IN} = 3V	0.67	0.70	0.73	V
V _{STH1V-2/3}	OCP Threshold Voltage for Current Limit	V _{IN} = 1V	0.58	0.61	0.64	V
V _{STH3V-2/3}	OCP Threshold Voltage for Current Limit	V _{IN} = 3V	0.48	0.51	0.54	V
t _{D-OCP}	Delay Time for Over-Current Protection	$R_1 = 26k\Omega$	175	200	225	ms
t _{D-Short}	Output Short Circuit Protection delay time	$V_{CS} > V_{STH}, R_I = 26k\Omega,$ $V_{DD} < V_{DD-SCP}$	6	7	8	ms
t _{SS-65KHz}	Desired During Coff Ob-et Tire-	$R_l = 26k\Omega$	4.5	5.0	5.5	ms
t _{SS-130KHz}	Period During Soft Start Time	$R_I = 13k\Omega$	2.25	2.50	2.75	ms

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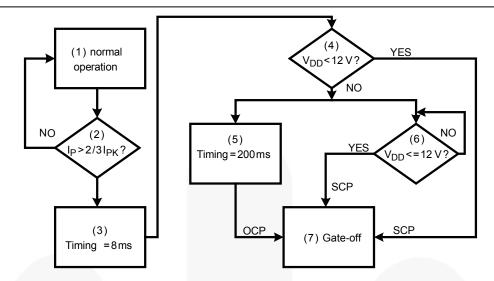


Figure 6. SG6846B OCP/SCP Logic Flow Diagram

Electrical Characteristics (Continued)

 V_{DD} = 15V and T_A = 25°C unless otherwise noted.

Symbol	Parameter			Test Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	
Oscillator Section									
fosc	Normal PWM Frequency	тсу	Center Frequency	$R_{I} = 26k\Omega, V_{FB} > V_{N}$	62	65	68	kHz	
		•	Jitter Range		±3.7	±4.2	±4.7		
f _{OSC,MAX}	Maximum PWM		Center Frequency	$R_{I} = 13k\Omega, V_{FB}>V_{N}$	124	130	136	kHz	
	Frequency		Jitter Range		±7.4	±8.4	±9.4		
f _{OSC,MIN}	Minimum PWM Frequency Freq		Center Frequency	$R_{I} = 36k\Omega, V_{FB} > V_{N}$	44.8	47.0	49.2	kHz	
			Jitter Range		±2.54	±2.90	±3.26		
t _{hop-1}	Jitter Period	Jitter Period		R_{I} = 26k Ω , $V_{FB} \ge V_{N}$	3.9	4.4	4.9	ms	
f _{OSC-G}	Green-Mode Minimum	Freq	uency	$R_I = 26k\Omega$	18.0	22.5	25.0	kHz	
S _G	Slope for Green-Mode	Mod	ulation	R _I = 26kΩ		85	- y/-	Hz/mV	
V_{FB-N}	FB Pin Frequency	Pin,	FB voltage	- R _I = 26kΩ. V _{FB} = V _N	1.9	2.1	2.3	V	
▼ FB-N	Reduction Threshold	Jitter	Range		3.7	4.2	4.7	KHz	
V_{FB-G}	FB Voltage at f _{OSC-G}	Pin,	FB voltage	$R_I = 26k\Omega$, $V_{FB} = V_G$	1.4	1.6	1.8	V	
f_{DV}	Frequency Variation v	s. V _{DD} Deviation		V _{DD} = 11.5V to 20V			5	%	
f _{DT}	Frequency Variation v Deviation	s. Ter	mperature	T _A = -30 to 85°C		1.5	5.0	%	

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Electrical Characteristics (Continued)

 V_{DD} = 15V and T_A = 25°C unless otherwise noted.

Symbol	Parameter	Test Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
PWM Outp	ut Section			•	•	•
DCY _{MAX}	Maximum Duty Cycle		80	85	90	%
V _{OL}	Output Voltage Low	V _{DD} = 15V, I _O = 50mA			1.5	V
V _{OH}	Output Voltage High	$V_{DD} = 12V, I_{O} = 50mA$	8			V
t _R	Rising Time	GATE = 1nF		350		ns
t _F	Falling Time	GATE = 1nF		50		ns
V _{CLAMP}	Gate Output Clamping Voltage	V _{DD} = 20V			18	V
Over-Temp	perature Protection (OTP) Section ⁽¹⁾					
I _{RT}	Output Current of RT Pin	$R_I = 26k\Omega$	64	70	76	μA
V _{RTTH}	Threshold Voltage for OTP		1.00	1.05	1.10	V
. /		SG6846BLSY or SG6846BCSY, R _I = 26kΩ, V _{FB} >V _N		100		ms
t _{DOTP-LATCH}	Over-Temperature Latch-off Debounce	SG6846BLSZ or SG6846BCSZ, R _I = 26kΩ, V _{FB} >V _N		100		μs
R _{RT-OFF}	Equivalent Impedance of RT for OTP ⁽¹⁾	$R_I = 26k\Omega$	14	15	16	kΩ
R _I Section					•	
RI _{NOR}	R _I Operating Range		13		36	kΩ
RI _{MAX}	Maximum R _I Value for Protection		10			ΜΩ
RI _{MIN}	Minimum R _I Value for Protection				6	kΩ

Note:

1. The relationship between $R_{RT\text{-}OFF}$ and R_{I} is: $R_{RT\text{-}OFF} = V_{OTP\text{-}LATCH\text{-}OFF} / I_{RT} = V_{RT} / (70 \,\mu\text{A} \times 26 / R_{I} \, (K\Omega))$ (1)

Typical Performance Characteristics

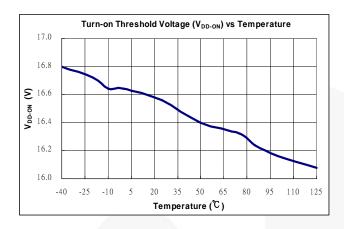


Figure 7. Turn-on Threshold Voltage (V_{DD-ON}) vs. Temperature

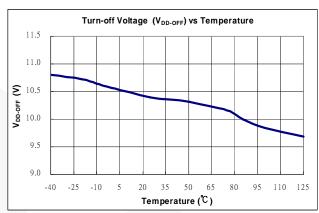


Figure 8. Turn-off Threshold Voltage (V_{DD-OFF}) vs. Temperature

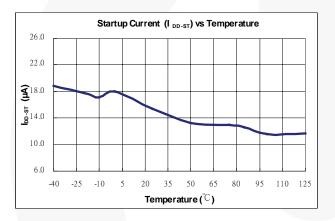


Figure 9. Startup Current (IDD-ST) vs. Temperature

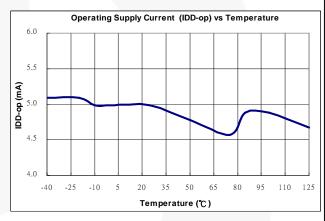


Figure 10. Operating Supply Current (I_{DD-op}) vs. Temperature

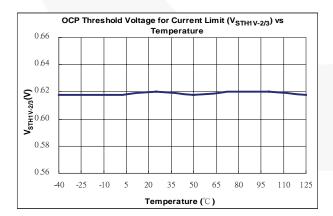


Figure 11. OCP Threshold Voltage for Current Limit (V_{STH1V-2/3}) vs. Temperature

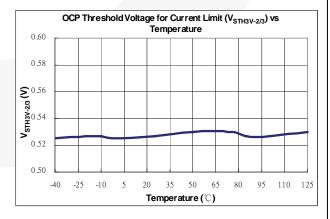
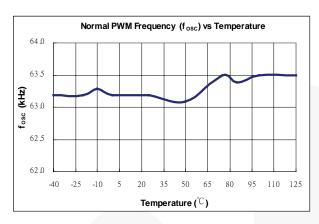


Figure 12. OCP Threshold Voltage for Current Limit (V_{STH3V-2/3}) vs. Temperature

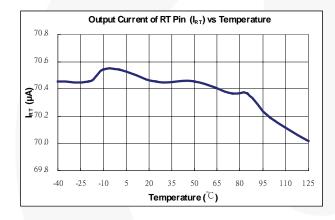
Typical Performance Characteristics (Continued)



87.2 87.0 88.8 86.6 86.4 86.2 -40 -25 -10 5 20 35 50 65 80 95 110 125 Temperature (℃)

Figure 13. Normal PWM Frequency (fosc) vs. Temperature

Figure 14. Maximum Duty Cycle (D_{CYmax}) vs. Temperature



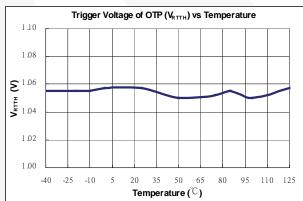
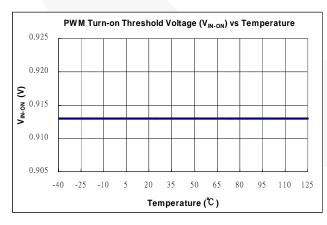


Figure 15. Output Current of RT pin (I_{RT}) vs. Temperature

Figure 16. Trigger Voltage of OTP(V_{RTTH}) vs. Temperature



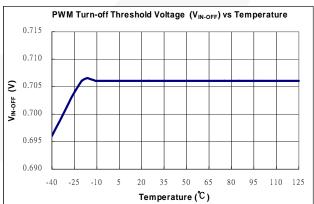


Figure 17. PWM Turn-on Threshold Voltage (V_{IN-ON}) vs. Temperature

Figure 18. PWM Turn-off Threshold Voltage (V_{IN-OFF}) vs. Temperature

Operation Description

Startup Operation

The turn-on/turn-off thresholds are fixed internally at 16.5V and 10.5V. To enable the SG6846B during startup, the hold-up capacitor must first be charged to 16.5V through the startup resistor.

If an open-circuit or short-circuit to ground occurs at the RI pin, the internal protection circuit immediately shuts down the controller.

The hold-up capacitor continues to supply V_{DD} before energy can be delivered from the auxiliary winding of the main transformer. The V_{DD} must not drop below 10.5V during this startup process. This UVLO hysteresis window ensures that the hold-up capacitor can adequately supply V_{DD} during startup.

The typical startup current is only 8µA, which allows a high-resistance, low-wattage startup resistor to be used. For constant output power limit over a universal inputvoltage range, the peak-current threshold is adjusted by the voltage of the VIN pin. Since the VIN pin is connected to the rectified AC input line voltage through the resistive divider, a higher line voltage generates a higher V_{IN} voltage. The threshold voltage decreases as the V_{IN} increases, making the maximum output power at high line input voltage equal to that at low line input. The value of R-C network should not be so large it affects the power limit (shown in Figure 19). R and C should put on less than 300Ω and 1000pF, respectively, to minimize power loss. A 1.5MΩ/0.25W startup resistor and a 10µF/25V V_{DD} hold-up capacitor are sufficient for a universal input range.

The required operating current has been reduced to 3.7mA, which enables higher efficiency and reduces the V_{DD} hold-up capacitance requirement.

Green-Mode Operation

The proprietary green-mode function provides off-time modulation to continuously decrease the switching frequency under light-load conditions. Maximum on-time is limited to provide protection against abnormal conditions. To further reduce power consumption under zero-load condition, the PWM oscillator is completely turned off and the power supply enters burst-mode. Green mode dramatically reduces power consumption under light-load and zero-load conditions. Power supplies using SG6846B can meet restrictive international regulations regarding standby power consumption.

Oscillator Operation

A resistor connected from the RI pin to GND generates a internal reference current source used to determine the PWM frequency. Increasing the resistance decreases the amplitude of the current source and reduces the PWM frequency. Using a $26 k\Omega$ resistor results in a corresponding 65kHz switching frequency. The relationship between $R_{\rm I}$ and the switching frequency is:

$$f_{\text{PWM}}(kHz) = \frac{1690}{R_{\text{I}}(k\Omega)}$$
 (2)

If an open-circuit or short-circuit to ground occurs at the RI pin, the internal protection circuit immediately shuts down the controller.

Two-level Over-current Protection (OCP)

The cycle-by-cycle current limiting shuts down the PWM immediately when the switching current is over the peak-current threshold. Additionally, when the switching current is higher than over-current threshold, the internal counter counts down. When the total accumulated counting time is more than ~200ms (R_I = 26k Ω), the controller is latched off and the internal counter counts up. When the switching current is lower than over-current threshold, the internal counter counts down. When the total accumulated counting time is more than ~200ms (R_I = 26k Ω), the controller is latched off.

This two-level OCP protection and up/down counter are especially designed for SMPS with surge current output, such as those for printers, scanners, and motor drivers.

Constant Output Power Limit

For constant output power limit over universal input-voltage range, the peak-current threshold is adjusted by the voltage of the VIN pin. Since the VIN pin is connected to the rectified AC input line voltage through the resistive divider, a higher line voltage generates a higher $V_{\rm IN}$ voltage. The threshold voltage decreases as $V_{\rm IN}$ increases, making the maximum output power at high-line input voltage equal to that at low-line input.

Brownout Protection

Since the VIN pin is connected through a resistive divider to the rectified AC input line voltage, it can also be used for brownout protection. If the $V_{\rm IN}$ voltage is less than 0.7V, the PWM output is shut off. If the $V_{\rm IN}$ is over 0.9V, the PWM output is turned on again. The hysteresis window for on/off is ~0.2V.

V_{DD} Over-voltage Protection (OVP)

 V_{DD} over-voltage protection is built in to prevent damage. If V_{DD} is over 24V, SG6846B is latched off.

Over-Temperature Protection (OTP)

An external NTC thermistor can be connected from the RT pin to GND. The impedance of the NTC decreases at high temperatures. When the voltage of the RT pin drops below 1.05V, the SG6846B is turned off. For protection-mode options, see Ordering Information.

Operation Description (Continued)

Noise Immunity

Noise from the current sense or the control signal may cause significant pulse-width jitter, particularly in continuous-conduction mode. Slope compensation helps alleviate this problem. Good placement and layout practices should be followed. Avoid long PCB traces and component leads. Compensation and filter components should be located near the SG6846B.

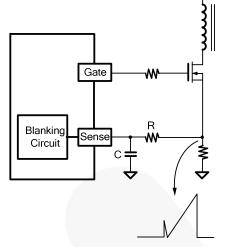


Figure 19. Current Sense R-C Filter

Reference Circuit

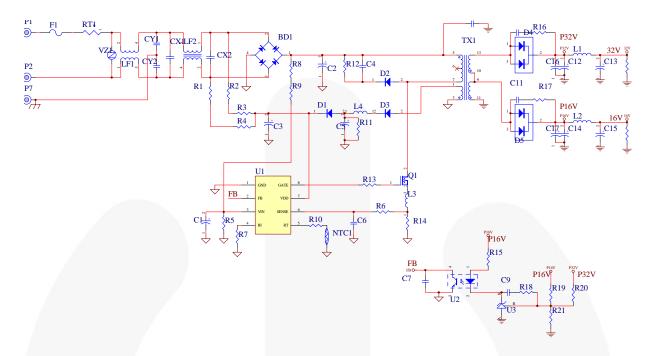


Figure 20. Application Circuit for 32V / 16V Output

BOM

_ •						
Part No.	Value	Part No.	Value	Part No.	Value	
R1, R2, R3, R4	470ΚΩ +/-5%	C4	103P 630V	D3	FR103 1.0A 200V	
R8, R9	S1MΩ +/-1%	C10,C11	102P 1KV	BD1	DBL406G	
R5	16K2Ω +/-1%	C6,C7	102P 50V	D4	BYT28-300	
R15	1K5Ω +/-5%	C9	222P 50V	D5	BYV32-150	
R13	10Ω +/-5%	C14,C17	470μ 25V	F1	250V4A QUICK	
R18	4K7Ω +/-5%	C15	220µ 25V	L1,L2	1.8µH	
R21	15ΚΩ +/-1%	C13,C16	220µ 50V	L4	10µH	
R7	27ΚΩ +/-5%	C2	150µ 400V	U3	TL431 +/-1%	
R6	330Ω +/-1%	C1	4.7μ 50V	U1	SG6846	
R19	102ΚΩ +/-1%	C3	10μ 50V	U2	PC817	
R14	0Ω22 +/-5%	CX1	X1 0.47μ 275V	Q1	7NB60	
R16, R17	1W 20Ω +/-5%	C8	Y2 222P 250V	TX1	EI-33	
R11	20ΚΩ +/-5%	C5	100μ 50V	RT1	SCK053	
R12	100ΚΩ +/-5%	CX2	X2 0.1µF 275V	VZ1	14ψ 470V	
R20	887ΚΩ +/-1%	D1	1N4148			
R22	10ΚΩ +/-1%	D2	BYV95C			

Physical Dimensions

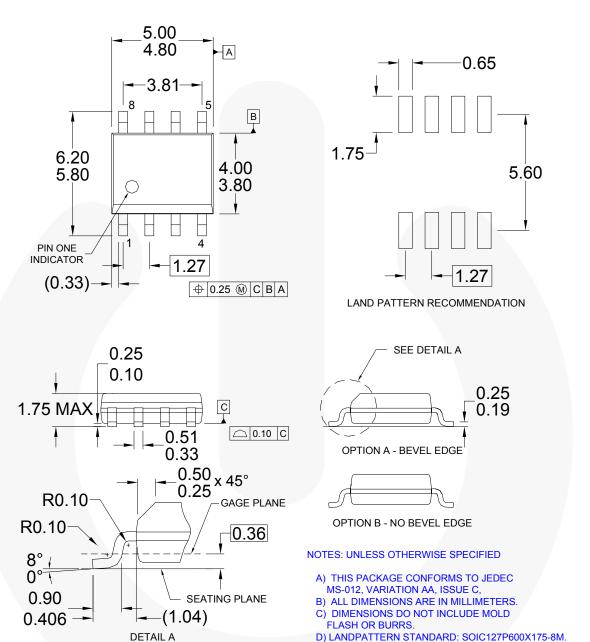


Figure 21. 8-Pin Small Outline Package (SOP)

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Package drawings are provided as a service to customers considering Fairchild components. Drawings may change in any manner without notice. Please note the revision and/or date on the drawing and contact a Fairchild Semiconductor representative to verify or obtain the most recent revision. Package specifications do not expand the terms of Fairchild's worldwide terms and conditions, specifically the warranty therein, which covers Fairchild products.

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