



**VOIDLESS HERMETICALLY SEALED ULTRAFAST RECOVERY GLASS RECTIFIERS**  
 Qualified per MIL-PRF-19500/477

*Qualified Levels:*  
 JAN, JANTX,  
 JANTXV and JANS

**DESCRIPTION**

This "Ultrafast Recovery" rectifier diode series is military qualified and is ideal for high-reliability applications where a failure cannot be tolerated. The industry-recognized 2.5 amp rated rectifiers with working peak reverse voltages from 50 to 150 volts are hermetically sealed with voidless glass construction using an internal "Category 1" metallurgical bond. These devices are available in both surface mount MELF and leaded package configurations. Microsemi also offers numerous other rectifier products to meet higher and lower current ratings with various recovery time requirements including standard, fast and ultrafast device types in both through-hole and surface mount packages.

**Important:** For the latest information, visit our website <http://www.microsemi.com>.

**FEATURES**

- JEDEC registered surface mount equivalent of 1N5802, 1N5804, 1N5806 series.
- Voidless hermetically sealed glass package.
- Quadruple-layer passivation
- Extremely robust construction.
- Internal "Category 1" metallurgical bonds.
- JAN, JANTX, JANTXV and JANS qualifications are available per MIL-PRF-19500/477.
- RoHS compliant versions available (commercial grade only).

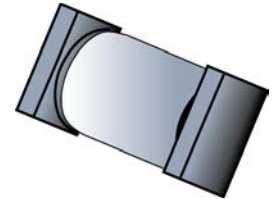
**APPLICATIONS / BENEFITS**

- Ultrafast recovery 2.5 amp rectifier series from 50 to 150 V.
- Military, space and other high-reliability applications.
- Switching power supplies or other applications requiring extremely fast switching & low forward loss.
- High forward surge current capability.
- Low thermal resistance.
- Controlled avalanche with peak reverse power capability.
- Inherently radiation hard as described in Microsemi [MicroNote 050](#).

**MAXIMUM RATINGS @ T<sub>A</sub> = 25°C unless otherwise specified**

| Parameters/Test Conditions   | Symbol   | Value                                | Unit |
|--|--|--------------------------------------|------|
| Junction and Storage Temperature   | T <sub>J</sub> and T <sub>STG</sub>                | -65 to +175                          | °C   |
| Thermal Resistance Junction-to-End Cap (see <a href="#">Figure 1</a> )         | R <sub>ΘJEC</sub>                                  | 13                                   | °C/W |
| Working Peak Reverse Voltage:  | 1N5802US & URS<br>1N5804US & URS<br>1N5806US & URS | V <sub>RWM</sub><br>50<br>100<br>150 | V    |
| Forward Surge Current <sup>(3)</sup>   | I <sub>FSM</sub>                                   | 35                                   | A    |
| Average Rectified Output Current @ T <sub>EC</sub> = +75 °C <sup>(1)</sup>     | I <sub>O1</sub>                                    | 2.5                                  | A    |
| Average Rectified Output-Current @ T <sub>A</sub> = +55 °C <sup>(2)</sup>      | I <sub>O2</sub>                                    | 1.0                                  | A    |
| Capacitance @ V <sub>R</sub> = 10 V, f = 1 MHz; V <sub>sig</sub> = 50 mV (p-p) | C  | 25                                   | pF   |
| Reverse Recovery Time <sup>(4)</sup>   | t <sub>rr</sub>                                    | 25                                   | ns   |
| Solder Temperature @ 10 s  | T <sub>SP</sub>                                    | 260                                  | °C   |

- Notes:**
1. I<sub>O1</sub> is rated at 2.5 A @ T<sub>EC</sub> = 75 °C. Derate at 50 mA/°C for T<sub>EC</sub> above 125 °C.
  2. I<sub>O2</sub> is rated at 1.0 A @ T<sub>A</sub> = 55 °C for PC boards where thermal resistance from mounting point to ambient is sufficiently controlled (R<sub>ΘJX</sub> ≤ 154 °C/W) where T<sub>J(max)</sub> 175 °C is not exceeded. Derate at 8.33 mA/°C for T<sub>A</sub> above 55 °C.
  3. T<sub>A</sub> = 25 °C @ I<sub>O</sub> = 1.0 A and V<sub>RWM</sub> for ten 8.3 ms surges at 1 minute intervals.
  4. I<sub>F</sub> = 0.5 A, I<sub>RM</sub> = 0.5 A, I<sub>R(REC)</sub> = .05 A.




**"A" or D-5A Package (US)**



**"A" Package (URS)**

Also available in:

**"A" Package**  
 (axial-leaded)

 [1N5802, 04 and 06](#)

**MSC – Lawrence**

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 Lawrence, MA 01841  
 Tel: 1-800-446-1158 or  
 (978) 620-2600  
 Fax: (978) 689-0803

**MSC – Ireland**

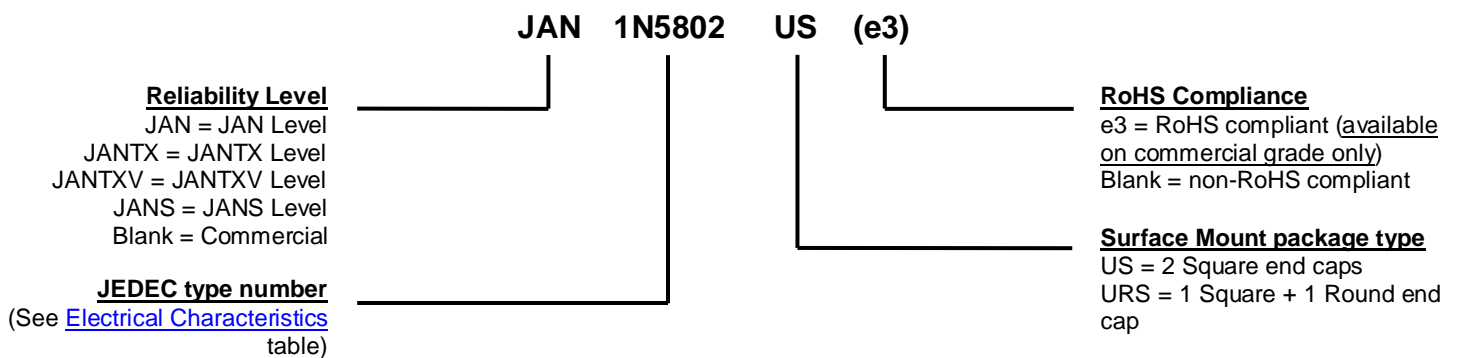
Gort Road Business Park,  
 Ennis, Co. Clare, Ireland  
 Tel: +353 (0) 65 6840044  
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[www.microsemi.com](http://www.microsemi.com)

**MECHANICAL and PACKAGING**

- CASE: Hermetically sealed voidless hard glass with tungsten slugs.
- TERMINALS: Tin/lead (Sn/Pb) or RoHS compliant matte/tin (commercial grade only) over nickel plate over copper.
- MARKING: Body painted and part number.
- POLARITY: Cathode indicated by band.
- TAPE & REEL option: Standard per EIA-481-B. Consult factory for quantities.
- WEIGHT: 193 milligrams.
- See [Package Dimensions](#) on last page.

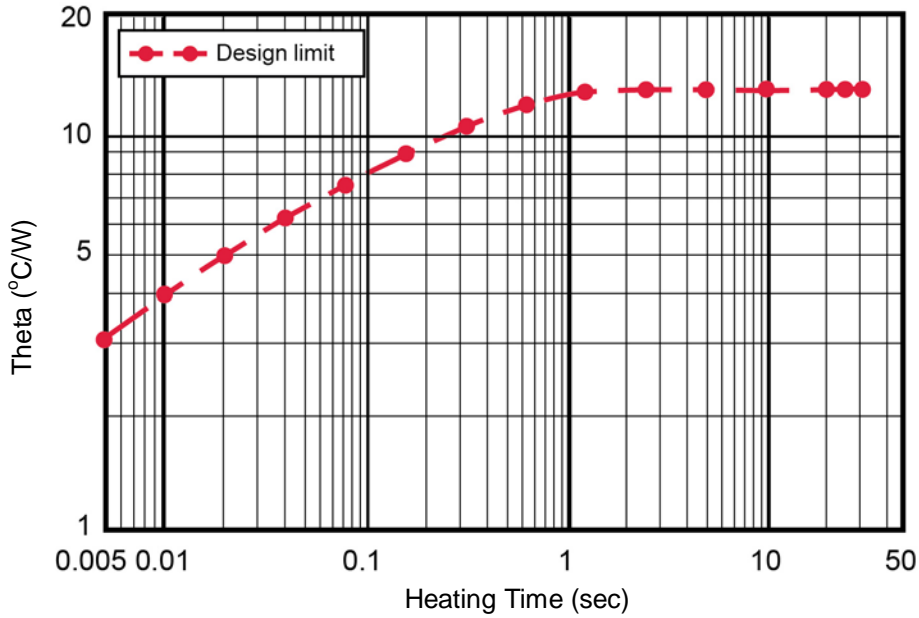
**PART NOMENCLATURE**

**SYMBOLS & DEFINITIONS**

| Symbol    | Definition   |
|-----------|--|
| $V_{BR}$  | Minimum Breakdown Voltage: The minimum voltage the device will exhibit at a specified current.   |
| $V_{RWM}$ | Working Peak Reverse Voltage: The maximum peak voltage that can be applied over the operating temperature range.   |
| $I_O$     | Average Rectified Output Current: Output current averaged over a full cycle with a 50 Hz or 60 Hz sine-wave input and a 180 degree conduction angle.   |
| $V_F$     | Maximum Forward Voltage: The maximum forward voltage the device will exhibit at a specified current.   |
| $I_R$     | Maximum Leakage Current: The maximum leakage current that will flow at the specified voltage and temperature.  |
| C         | Capacitance: The capacitance in pF at a frequency of 1 MHz and specified voltage.  |
| $t_{rr}$  | Reverse Recovery Time: The time interval between the instant the current passes through zero when changing from the forward direction to the reverse direction and a specified recovery decay point after a peak reverse current occurs. |

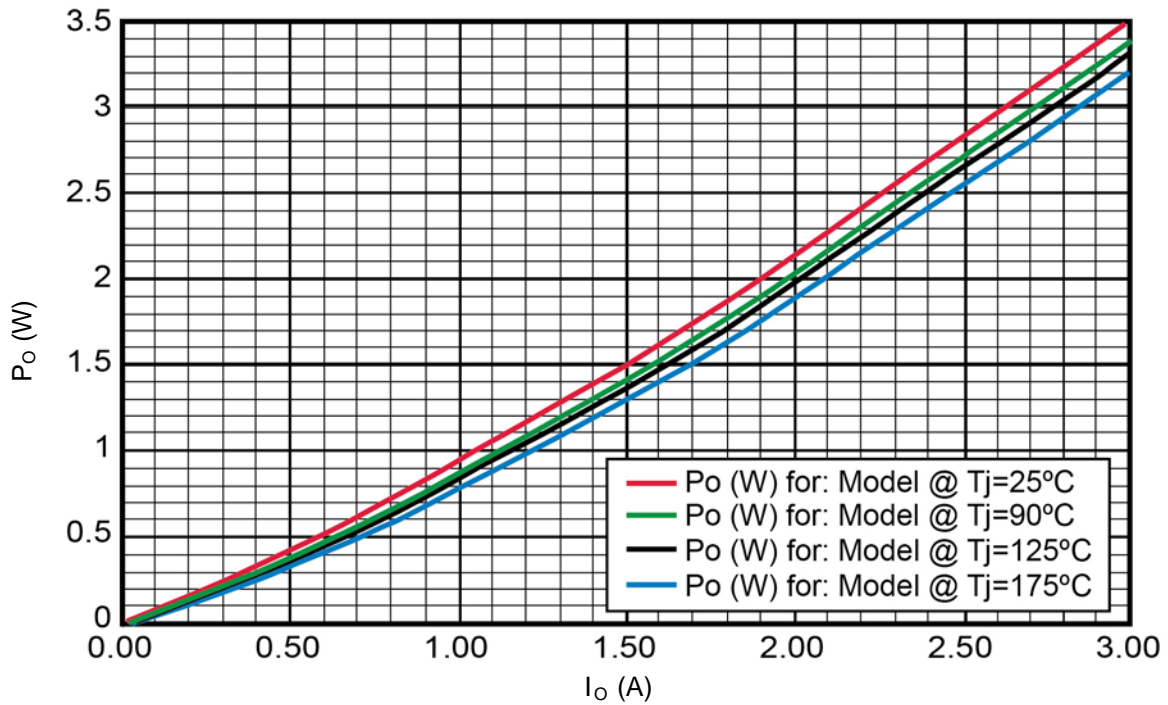
**ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

| TYPE           | BREAKDOWN VOLTAGE (MIN.) @ 100 $\mu$ A $V_{(BR)}$ | MAXIMUM FORWARD VOLTAGE @ 8.3 ms pulse $V_{FM}$ |               | REVERSE CURRENT (MAX.) @ $V_{RWM}$ $I_R$ |                  | SURGE CURRENT (MAX) $I_{FSM}$ (Note 1) | REVERSE RECOVERY TIME (MAX) $t_{rr}$ (Note 2) | THERMAL IMPEDANCE @ $t_H = 10$ ms $Z_{\theta JX}$ (Note 3) |
|----------------|---|---|---------------|--|------------------|--|---|--|
|                |   | $I_F = 1.0$ A                                   | $I_F = 2.5$ A | 25 $^{\circ}$ C                          | 125 $^{\circ}$ C |  |   |  |
| 1N5802US & URS | 60  | 0.875   | 0.975         | 1  | 175              | 35                                     | 25  | 4.0  |
| 1N5804US & URS | 110   | 0.875   | 0.975         | 1  | 175              | 35                                     | 25  | 4.0  |
| 1N5806US & URS | 160   | 0.875   | 0.975         | 1  | 175              | 35                                     | 25  | 4.0  |

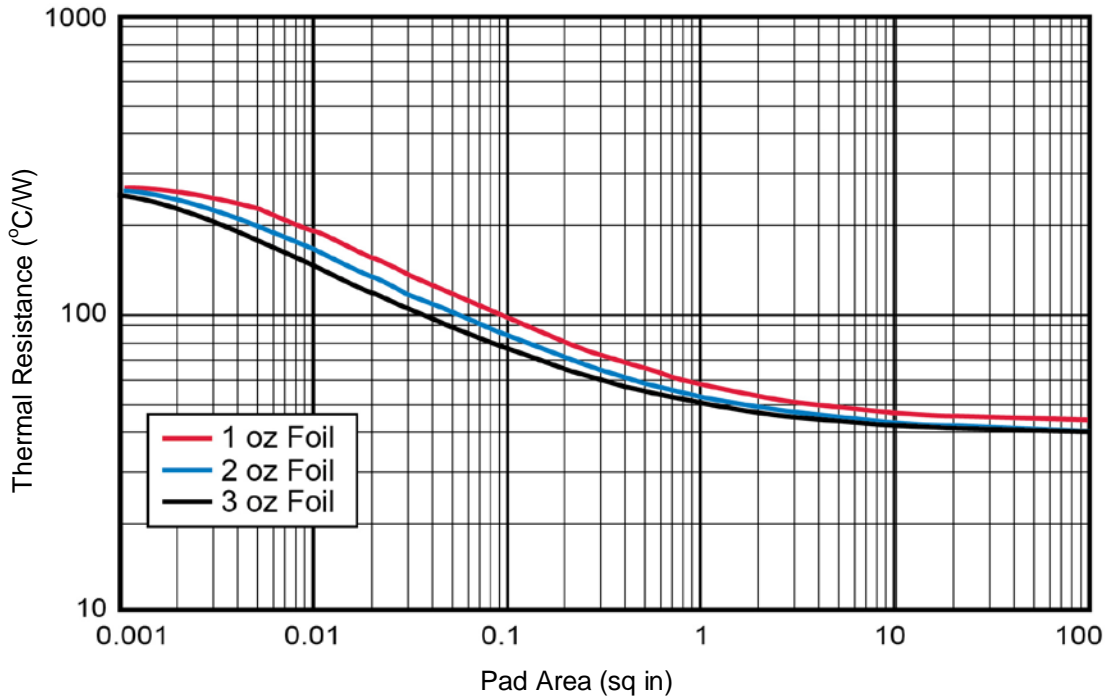
- NOTES:**
1.  $T_A = 2.5^{\circ}\text{C}$  @  $I_O = 1.0$  A and  $V_{RWM}$  for ten 8.3 ms surges at 1 minute intervals ( $I_{FSM}$  surge is also a maximum rating).
  2.  $I_F = 0.5$  A,  $I_{RM} = 0.5$  A,  $I_{R(REC)} = .05$  A ( $t_{rr}$  reverse recovery time is also a maximum rating).
  3. For the complete thermal impedance curve over a broad range of heating times, see [Figure 1](#).

**GRAPHS**


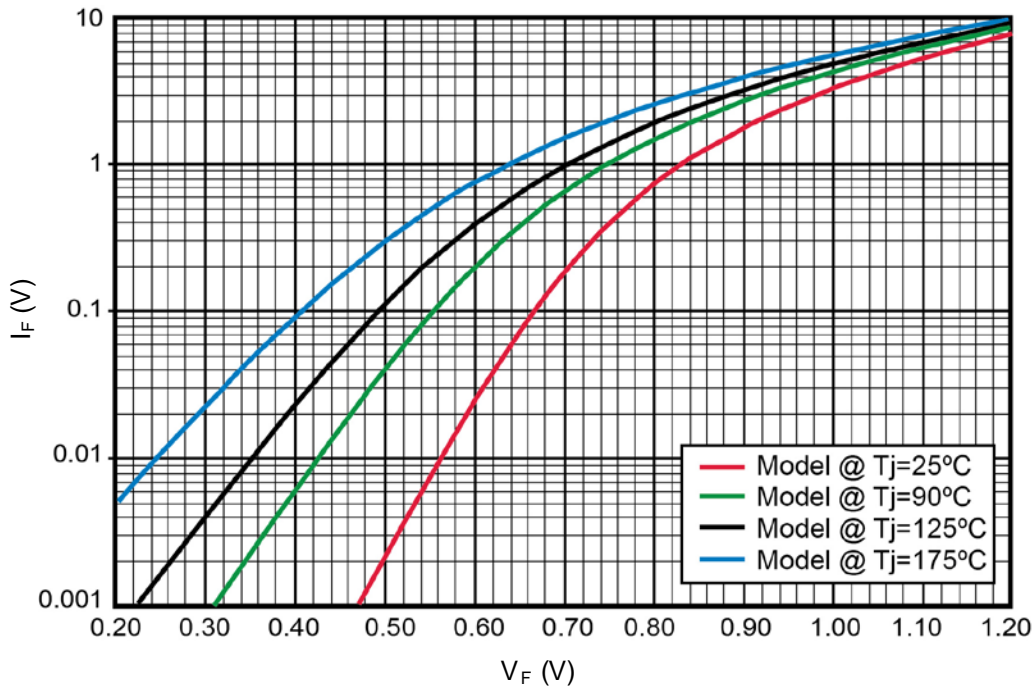
**FIGURE 1**  
Maximum Thermal Impedance



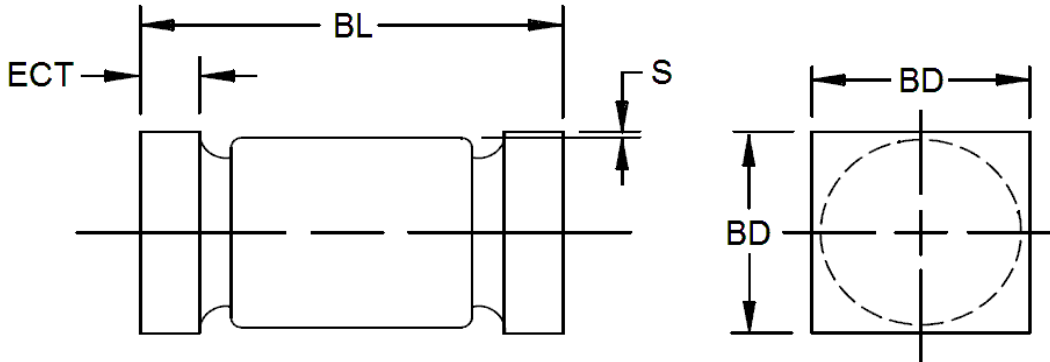
**FIGURE 2**  
Rectifier Power Versus  $I_o$  (Average Forward Current)

**GRAPHS (continued)**


**FIGURE 3**  
Thermal Resistance vs FR4 Pad Area At Ambient  
 PCB horizontal (for each pad) with 1, 2, and 3 oz copper

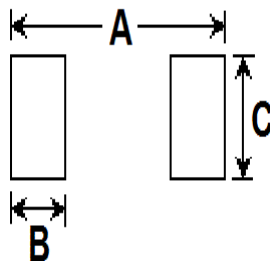


**FIGURE 4**  
Forward Voltage vs Forward Current

**PACKAGE DIMENSIONS**

**NOTES:**

1. Dimensions are in inches.
2. Millimeters are given for general information only.
3. Dimensions are pre-solder dip.
4. Minimum clearance of glass body to mounting surface on all orientations.
5. Cathode marking to be either in color band, three dots spaced equally or a color dot on the face of the end tab.
6. Color dots will be .020 inch (0.51 mm) diameter minimum and those on the face of the end tab shall not lie within .020 inch (0.51 mm) of the mounting surface.
7. In accordance with ASME Y14.5M, diameters are equivalent to  $\Phi x$  symbology.
8. On "URS" one end cap shall be square and the other end cap shall be round.

| Ltr        | DIMENSIONS |      |             |      | Notes |
|------------|------------|------|-------------|------|-------|
|            | INCH       |      | MILLIMETERS |      |       |
|            | Min        | Max  | Min         | Max  |       |
| <b>BD</b>  | .091       | .103 | 2.31        | 2.62 | 8     |
| <b>BL</b>  | .168       | .200 | 4.27        | 5.08 |       |
| <b>ECT</b> | .019       | .028 | 0.48        | 0.71 | 8     |
| <b>S</b>   | .003       |      | 0.08        |      |       |
|            |            |      |             |      |       |

**PAD LAYOUT**


| DIM      | INCH  | MILLIMETERS |
|----------|-------|-------------|
| <b>A</b> | 0.288 | 7.32        |
| <b>B</b> | 0.070 | 1.78        |
| <b>C</b> | 0.155 | 3.94        |

NOTE: If mounting requires adhesive separate from the solder, an additional 0.080 inch diameter contact may be placed in the center between the pads as an optional spot for cement.