



**OUTPUT CHARACTERISTICS**

Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
Rated Power	See derating curves			1.0	W
Voltage Set Point Accuracy	See tolerance envelope				
Line regulation	High $V_{IN}$ to low $V_{IN}$ ; All short circuit types		1.15	1.2	%/%
	High $V_{IN}$ to low $V_{IN}$ ; All other output types		1.0	1.2	

**ISOLATION CHARACTERISTICS**

Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
Isolation test voltage	Flash tested for 1 second	1000			VDC
Resistance	Viso= 1000VDC		10		GΩ

**GENERAL CHARACTERISTICS**

Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
Switching frequency	5V input types		110		kHz
	12V input types		145		
	15V input types		100		
	24V input types		100		
	Short circuit types		91		

**TEMPERATURE CHARACTERISTICS**

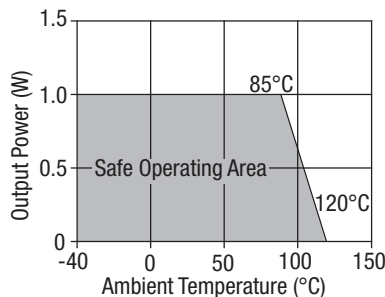
Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
Specification	All output types <sup>1</sup>	-40		85	°C
Storage		-50		130	
Case Temperature above ambient	Non-short circuit types	5V output types		41	
		All other output types <sup>2</sup>		32	
	Short circuit types (DIP)		23		
	Short circuit types (SIP)		24		
Cooling	Free air convection				

**ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS**

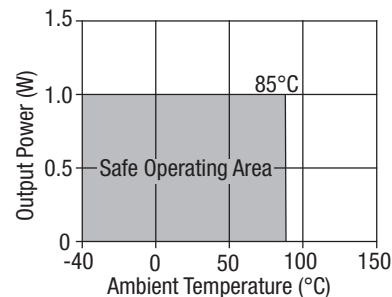
Lead temperature 1.5mm from case for 10 seconds	260°C
Input voltage $V_{IN}$ , NME05 types	7V
Input voltage $V_{IN}$ , NME12 types	15V
Input voltage $V_{IN}$ , NME15 types	18V
Input voltage $V_{IN}$ , NME24 types	28V

**TEMPERATURE DERATING GRAPH**

Non-short circuit types<sup>1</sup>:



Short circuit types:



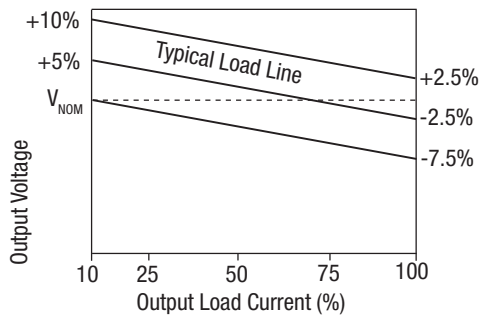
1. NME1515SC, NME24XXXC prior to date code X1635 have operating temperature range of 0 to 70°C.

2. Excludes 24V input types.

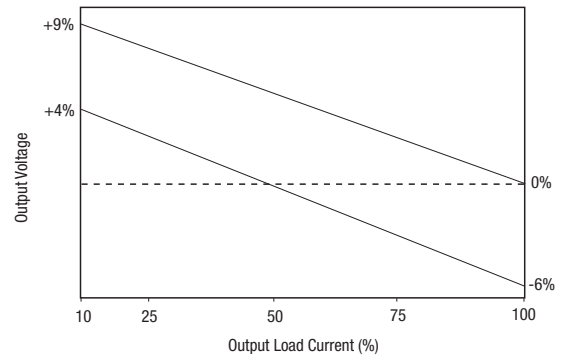
**TOLERANCE ENVELOPES**

The voltage tolerance envelope shows typical load regulation characteristics for this product series. The tolerance envelope is the maximum output voltage variation due to changes in output loading.

**5V, 12V, 15V & 24V Input types**



**Short circuit**



**TECHNICAL NOTES**

**ISOLATION VOLTAGE**

'Hi Pot Test', 'Flash Tested', 'Withstand Voltage', 'Proof Voltage', 'Dielectric Withstand Voltage' & 'Isolation Test Voltage' are all terms that relate to the same thing, a test voltage, applied for a specified time, across a component designed to provide electrical isolation, to verify the integrity of that isolation.

Murata Power Solutions NME series of DC/DC converters are all 100% production tested at their stated isolation voltage. This is 1kVDC for 1 second.

A question commonly asked is, "What is the continuous voltage that can be applied across the part in normal operation?"

The NME has been recognised by Underwriters Laboratory for functional insulation, both input and output should normally be maintained within SELV limits i.e. less than 42.4V peak, or 60VDC. The isolation test voltage represents a measure of immunity to transient voltages and the part should never be used as an element of a safety isolation system. The part could be expected to function correctly with several hundred volts offset applied continuously across the isolation barrier; but then the circuitry on both sides of the barrier must be regarded as operating at an unsafe voltage and further isolation/insulation systems must form a barrier between these circuits and any user-accessible circuitry according to safety standard requirements.

**REPEATED HIGH-VOLTAGE ISOLATION TESTING**

It is well known that repeated high-voltage isolation testing of a barrier component can actually degrade isolation capability, to a lesser or greater degree depending on materials, construction and environment. The NME series has toroidal isolation transformers, with no additional insulation between primary and secondary windings of enameled wire. While parts can be expected to withstand several times the stated test voltage, the isolation capability does depend on the wire insulation. Any material, including this enamel (typically polyurethane) is susceptible to eventual chemical degradation when subject to very high applied voltages thus implying that the number of tests should be strictly limited. We therefore strongly advise against repeated high voltage isolation testing, but if it is absolutely required, that the voltage be reduced by 20% from specified test voltage.

This consideration equally applies to agency recognized parts rated for better than functional isolation where the wire enamel insulation is always supplemented by a further insulation system of physical spacing or barriers.

**SAFETY APPROVAL**

The NME series has been recognised by Underwriters Laboratory (UL) to UL 60950 for functional insulation in a maximum ambient temperature of 85°C and/or case temperature limit of 100°C. Case temperature measured on the face opposite the pins.

The NME Series of converters are not internally fused so to meet the requirements of UL 60950 an anti-surge input line fuse should always be used with ratings as defined below.

- NME05xxxxC: 0.5A
- NME12xxxxC: 0.25A
- NME15xxxxC: 0.2A
- NME24xxxxC: 0.12A

All fuses should be UL recognised and rated at 125V.

File number E151252 applies.

**RoHS COMPLIANCE INFORMATION**

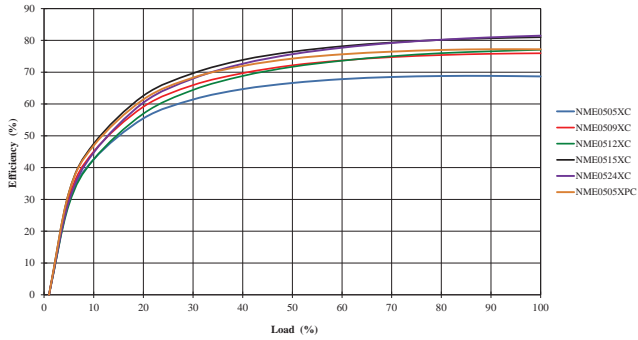


This series is compatible with RoHS soldering systems with a peak wave solder temperature of 260°C for 10 seconds. The pin termination finish on the SIP package type is Tin Plate, Hot Dipped over Matte Tin with Nickel Preplate. The DIP types are Matte Tin over Nickel Preplate. Both types in this series are backward compatible with Sn/Pb soldering systems.

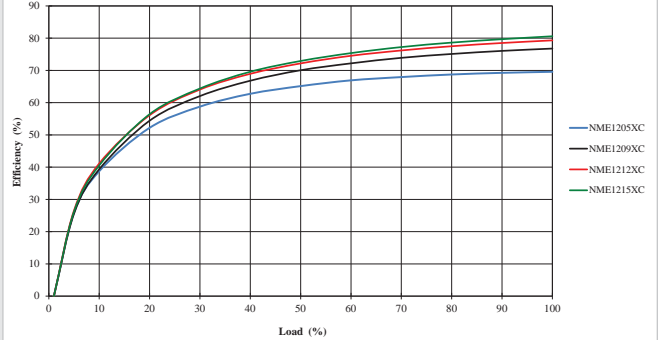
For further information, please visit [www.murata-ps.com/rohs](http://www.murata-ps.com/rohs)

**EFFICIENCY VS LOAD**

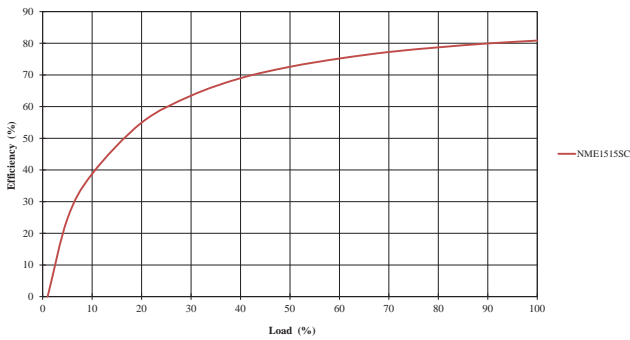
**5V & Short circuit input variants**



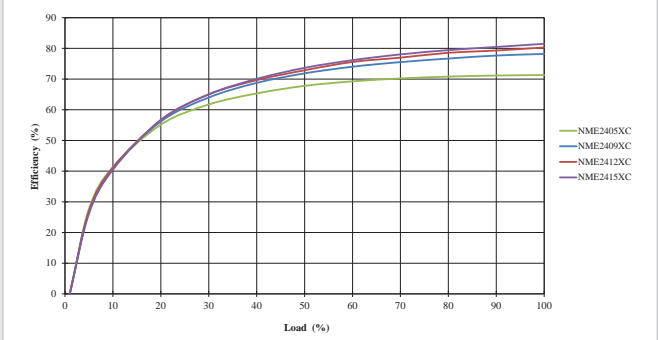
**12V Inputs**



**15V Inputs**



**24V Inputs**



**APPLICATION NOTES**

**Minimum load**

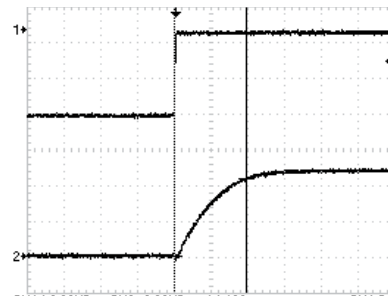
The minimum load to meet datasheet specification is 10% of the full rated load across the specified input voltage range. Lower than 10% minimum loading will result in an increase in output voltage, which may rise to typically double the specified output voltage if the output load falls to less than 5%.

**Capacitive loading and start up**

Typical start up times for this series, with a typical input voltage rise time of 2.2µs and output capacitance of 10µF, are shown in the table below. The product series will start into a capacitance of 47µF with an increased start time, however, the maximum recommended output capacitance is 10µF.

	Start-up time µs
NME0505XC	991
NME0509XC	3524
NME0512XC	5630
NME0515XC	7750
NME0524XC	19850
NME1205XC	682
NME1209XC	2102
NME1212XC	4030
NME1215XC	6193
NME1515SC	685
NME2405XC	135
NME2409XC	260
NME2412XC	430
NME2415XC	640
NME0505XPC	350

Typical Start-Up Wave Form



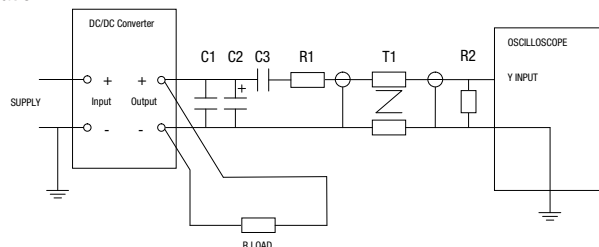
**Ripple & Noise Characterisation Method**

Ripple and noise measurements are performed with the following test configuration.

C1	1µF X7R multilayer ceramic capacitor, voltage rating to be a minimum of 3 times the output voltage of the DC/DC converter
C2	10µF tantalum capacitor, voltage rating to be a minimum of 1.5 times the output voltage of the DC/DC converter with an ESR of less than 100mΩ at 100 kHz
C3	100nF multilayer ceramic capacitor, general purpose
R1	450Ω resistor, carbon film, ±1% tolerance
R2	50Ω BNC termination
T1	3T of the coax cable through a ferrite toroid
RLOAD	Resistive load to the maximum power rating of the DC/DC converter. Connections should be made via twisted wires

Measured values are multiplied by 10 to obtain the specified values.

**Differential Mode Noise Test Schematic**



**APPLICATION NOTES (continued)**

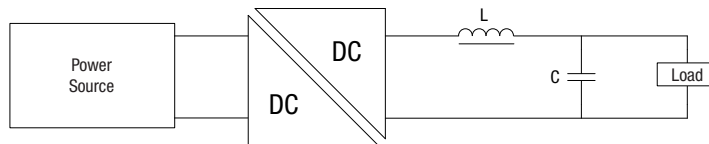
**Output Ripple Reduction**

By using the values of inductance and capacitance stated, the output ripple at the rated load is lowered to 5mV p-p max.

**Component selection**

**Capacitor:** It is required that the ESR (Equivalent Series Resistance) should be as low as possible, ceramic types are recommended. The voltage rating should be at least twice (except for 15V output), the rated output voltage of the DC/DC converter.

**Inductor:** The rated current of the inductor should not be less than that of the output of the DC/DC converter. At the rated current, the DC resistance of the inductor should be such that the voltage drop across the inductor is <2% of the rated voltage of the DC/DC converter. The SRF (Self Resonant Frequency) should be >20MHz.

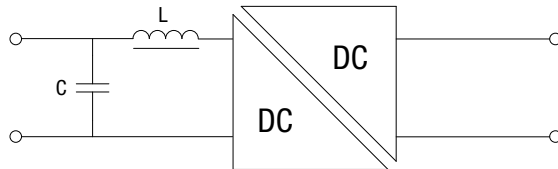


	Inductor			Capacitor
	L, $\mu$ H	SMD	Through Hole	C, $\mu$ F
NME0505XC	47	82473C	11R473C	4.7 $\mu$ F
NME0509XC	47	82473C	11R473C	1 $\mu$ F
NME0512XC	68	82683C	11R683C	1 $\mu$ F
NME0515XC	100	82104C	11R104C	0.47 $\mu$ F
NME0524XC	100	82104C	11R104C	0.47
NME1205XC	100	82104C	11R104C	4.7 $\mu$ F
NME1209XC	47	82473C	11R473C	1 $\mu$ F
NME1212XC	68	82683C	11R683C	0.47 $\mu$ F
NME1215XC	100	82104C	11R104C	0.47 $\mu$ F
NME1515SC				
NME2405XC				
NME2409XC				
NME2412XC				
NME2415XC				
NME0505XPC	22	82223C	11R223C	1 $\mu$ F

**EMC FILTERING AND SPECTRA**

**FILTERING**

The following table shows the additional input capacitor and input inductor typically required to meet EN 55022 Curve B Quasi-Peak EMC limit, as shown in the following plots. The following plots show positive and negative quasi peak and CISPR22 Average Limit B (pink line) and Quasi Peak Limit B (green line) adherence limits.



**C** Ceramic capacitor

Part Number	Inductor			Capacitor
	L, $\mu$ H	SMD	Through Hole	C, $\mu$ F
NME0505XC	4.7		13R472C	4.7
NME0509XC				
NME0512XC				
NME0515XC	4.7		13R472C	4.7
NME0524XC				
NME1205XC	10		13R103C	1
NME1209XC				
NME1212XC	10		13R103C	1

Part Number	Inductor			Capacitor
	L, $\mu$ H	SMD	Through Hole	C, $\mu$ F
NME1215XC				
NME1515SC				
NME2405XC	22		13R223C	10
NME2409XC				
NME2412XC	22		13R223C	10
NME2415XC				
NME0505XPC	10	82103C	13R103C	1

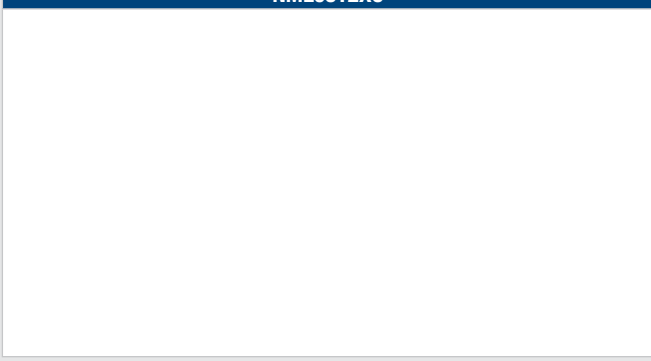
**NME0505XC**



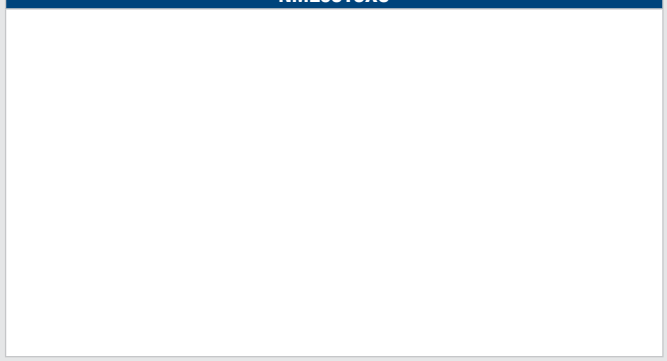
**NME0509XC**



**NME0512XC**



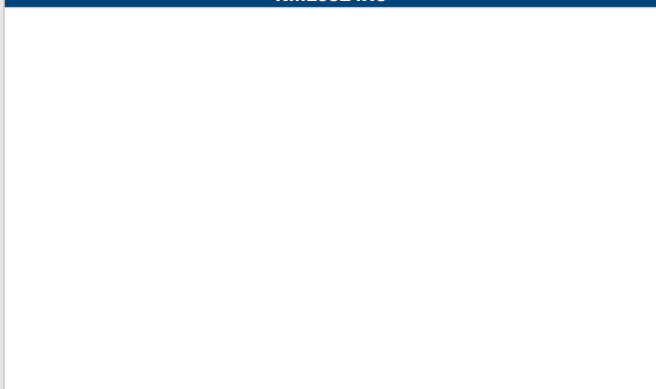
**NME0515XC**



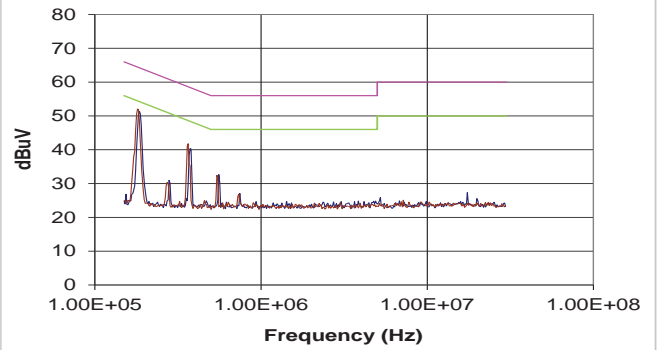


**EMC FILTERING AND SPECTRA**

**NME0524XC**



**NME0505XPC**



**NME1205XC**



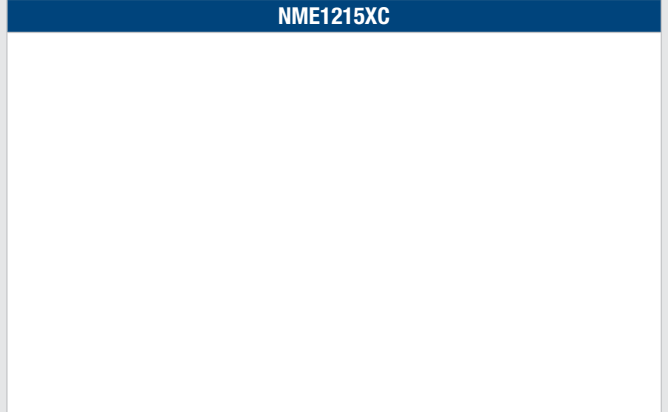
**NME1209XC**



**NME1212XC**



**NME1215XC**



**EMC FILTERING AND SPECTRA**

**NME1515SC**



**NME2405XC**



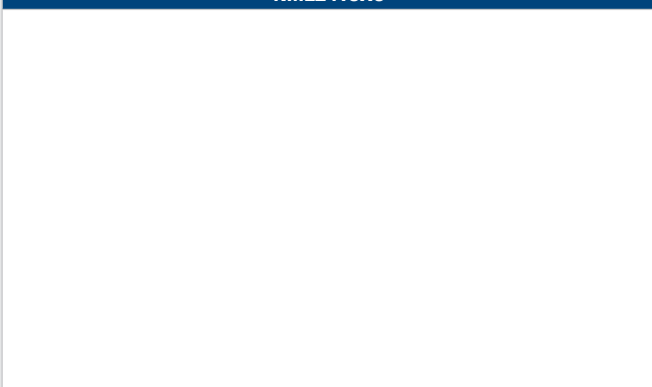
**NME2409XC**



**NME2412XC**



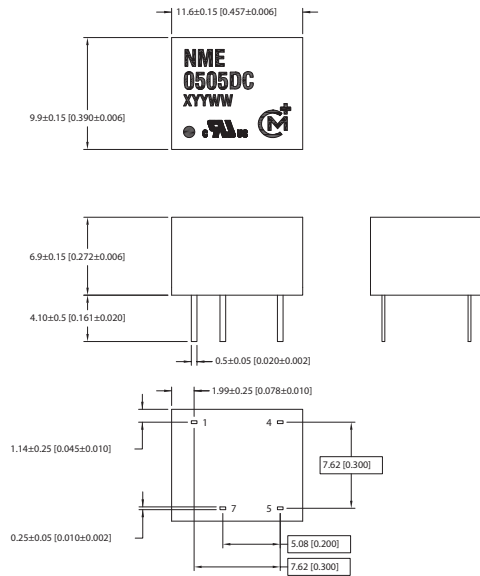
**NME2415XC**



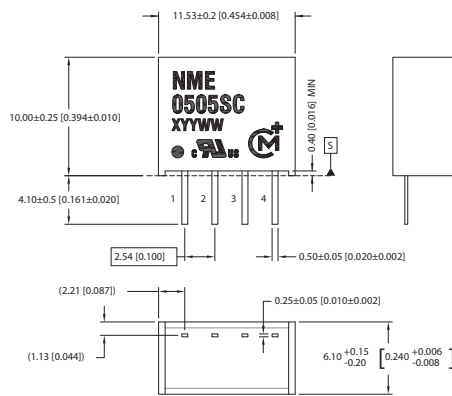
**PACKAGE SPECIFICATIONS**

**MECHANICAL DIMENSIONS**

DIP Package



SIP Package



**PIN CONNECTIONS - 8 PIN DIP**

Pin	Function
1	-VIN
4	+VIN
5	+VOUT
7	-VOUT

**PIN CONNECTIONS - 4 PIN SIP**

Pin	Function
1	-VIN
2	+VIN
3	-VOUT
4	+VOUT

All dimensions in mm (inches) Controlling dimension is mm.

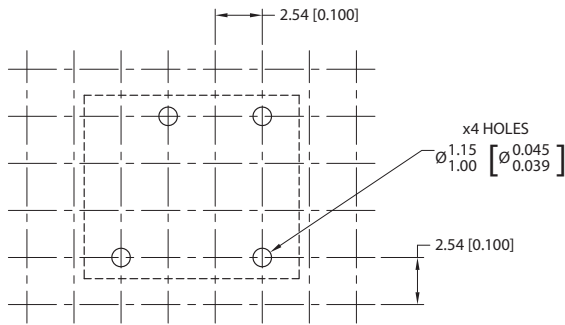
All pins on a 2.54 (0.100) pitch and within ±0.1 (0.004) of true position from pin 1 at seating plane 'S'

Weight: 1.30g (SIP) 1.48g (DIP) 1.5g (SP DIP)

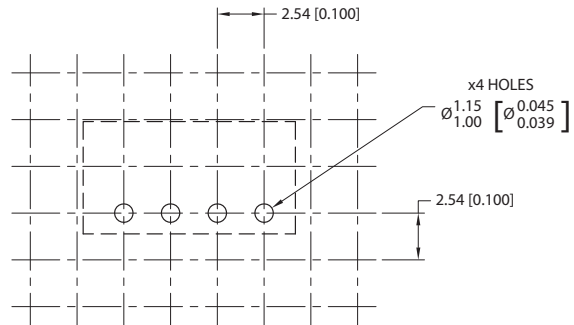
**PACKAGE SPECIFICATIONS (continued)**

**RECOMMENDED FOOTPRINT DETAILS**

8 Pin DIP Package

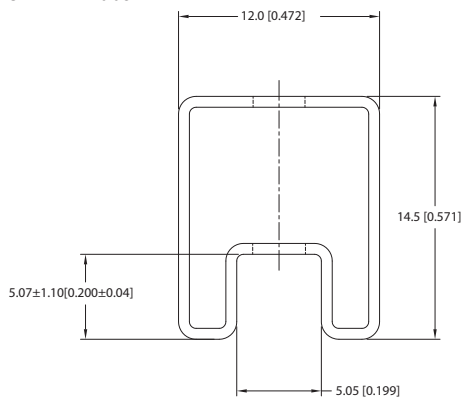


4 Pin SIP Package

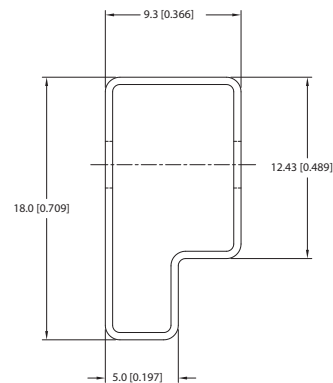


**TUBE OUTLINE DIMENSIONS**

8 Pin DIP Tube



4 Pin SIP Tube



Unless otherwise specified all dimensions in mm [inches]  $\pm 0.55$ mm [0.022].  
 Tube Length (8 Pin DIP) : 520mm [20.472]  $\pm 2.0$  [0.079].  
 Tube Length (4 Pin SIP) : 520mm [20.472]  $\pm 2.0$  [0.079].

Tube Quantity : 35

Murata Power Solutions, Inc.  
 11 Cabot Boulevard, Mansfield, MA 02048-1151 U.S.A.  
 ISO 9001 and 14001 REGISTERED



This product is subject to the following **operating requirements** and the **Life and Safety Critical Application Sales Policy**:  
 Refer to: <http://www.murata-ps.com/requirements/>

Murata Power Solutions, Inc. makes no representation that the use of its products in the circuits described herein, or the use of other technical information contained herein, will not infringe upon existing or future patent rights. The descriptions contained herein do not imply the granting of licenses to make, use, or sell equipment constructed in accordance therewith. Specifications are subject to change without notice.  
 © 2017 Murata Power Solutions, Inc.