## HEF4557B

## 1-to-64 bit variable length shift register

Rev. 6 - 18 November 2011
Product data sheet

## 1. General description

The HEF4557B is a static clocked serial shift register whose length may be programmed to be any number of bits between 1 and 64 . The number of bits selected is equal to the sum of the subscripts of the enabled length control inputs (L1, L2, L4, L8, L16, and L32) plus one. Serial data may be selected from the DA or $D B$ data inputs with the $A / \bar{B}$ select input. This feature is useful for recirculation purposes. Information on DA or DB is shifted into the first register position and all the data in the register is shifted one position to the right on the LOW to HIGH transition of CPO while $\overline{\mathrm{CP}} 1$ is LOW or on the HIGH to LOW transition of $\overline{C P} 1$ while CP0 is HIGH. A HIGH on master reset (MR) resets the register and forces Q to LOW and $\overline{\mathrm{Q}}$ to HIGH, independent of the other inputs.

It operates over a recommended $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DD}}$ power supply range of 3 V to 15 V referenced to $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{SS}}$ (usually ground). Unused inputs must be connected to $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DD}}, \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{SS}}$, or another input.

## 2. Features and benefits

- Fully static operation
- 5 V , 10 V , and 15 V parametric ratings
- Standardized symmetrical output characteristics
- Specified from $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
- Complies with JEDEC standard JESD 13-B


## 3. Ordering information

Table 1. Ordering information
All types operate from $-40{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$

| Type number | Package |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | Name | Description | Version |  |
| HEF4557BP | DIP16 | plastic dual in-line package; 16 leads (300 mil) | SOT38-4 |  |
| HEF4557BT | SO16 | plastic small outline package; 16 leads; body width 3.9 mm | SOT109-1 |  |


L16


Fig 2. Functional diagram

## 5. Pinning information

### 5.1 Pinning



Fig 3. Pin configuration

### 5.2 Pin description

Table 2. Pin description table

| Symbol | Pin | Description |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| L1, L2, L4, L8, L16, L32 | $2,1,15,14,13,12$ | bit-length control input |
| MR | 3 | asynchronous master reset |
| CPO | 4 | clock input |
| $\overline{\text { CP1 }}$ | 5 | clock input |
| DA, DB | 7,6 | data input |
| $V_{\text {SS }}$ | 8 | ground $(0 \mathrm{~V})$ |
| A/B | 9 | select data input |

Table 2. Pin description table ...continued

| Symbol | Pin | Description |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Q | 10 | buffered output |
| $\overline{\mathrm{Q}}$ | 11 | complementary buffered output |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DD}}$ | 16 | supply voltage |

## 6. Functional description

Table 3. Function table[1]

| Inputs |  |  |  |  |  | Output |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| MR | A/B | DA | DB | CPO | CP1 | Q |
| L | L | $\mathrm{D}_{1}$ | $\mathrm{D}_{2}$ | $\uparrow$ | L | $\mathrm{D}_{2}$ |
| L | H | $\mathrm{D}_{1}$ | $\mathrm{D}_{2}$ | $\uparrow$ | L | $\mathrm{D}_{1}$ |
| L | L | $\mathrm{D}_{1}$ | $\mathrm{D}_{2}$ | H | $\downarrow$ | $\mathrm{D}_{2}$ |
| L | H | $\mathrm{D}_{1}$ | $\mathrm{D}_{2}$ | H | $\downarrow$ | $\mathrm{D}_{1}$ |
| H | X | X | X | X | X | L |

[1] The moment $D_{n}$ appears at Q depends on the bit-length shown in Table 4; H = HIGH voltage level; L = LOW voltage level; $X=$ don't care; $\uparrow=$ positive-going transition; $\downarrow=$ negative-going transition; $D_{1}, D_{2}=$ either HIGH or LOW.

Table 4. Bit-length select function table

| L32 | L16 | L8 | L4 | L2 | L1 | Register length |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| L | L | L | L | L | L | 1-bit |
| L | L | L | L | L | H | 2-bits |
| L | L | L | L | H | L | 3-bits |
| L | L | L | L | H | H | 4-bits |
| L | L | L | H | L | L | 5-bits |
| L | L | L | H | L | H | 6-bits |
| L | L | L | H | H | L | 7-bits |
| L | L | L | H | H | H | 8-bits |
| L1 to L16 continue to increment in a binary count with L32 LOW |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| L | H | H | H | H | H | 32-bits |
| H | L | L | L | L | L | 33-bits |
| H | L | L | L | L | H | 34-bits |
| L1 to L16 continue to increment in a binary count with L32 HIGH |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| H | H | H | H | L | L | 61-bits |
| H | H | H | H | L | H | 62-bits |
| H | H | H | H | H | L | 63-bits |
| H | H | H | H | H | H | 64-bits |

## 7. Limiting values

Table 5. Limiting values
In accordance with the Absolute Maximum Rating System (IEC 60134).

| Symbol | Parameter | Conditions | Min | Max | Unit |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DD}}$ | supply voltage |  | -0.5 | +18 | V |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{IK}}$ | input clamping current | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{I}}<-0.5 \mathrm{~V}$ or $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{I}}>\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DD}}+0.5 \mathrm{~V}$ | - | $\pm 10$ | mA |
| $\mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{I}}$ | input voltage |  | -0.5 | $\mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{DD}}+0.5$ | V |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{OK}}$ | output clamping current | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{O}}<-0.5 \mathrm{~V}$ or $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{O}}>\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DD}}+0.5 \mathrm{~V}$ | - | $\pm 10$ | mA |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\text {/O }}$ | input/output current |  | - | $\pm 10$ | mA |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{DD}}$ | supply current |  | - | 50 | mA |
| $\mathrm{~T}_{\text {stg }}$ | storage temperature |  | -65 | +150 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| $\mathrm{T}_{\text {amb }}$ | ambient temperature |  | -40 | +85 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| $\mathrm{P}_{\text {tot }}$ | total power dissipation | DIP16 package | $\underline{[1]}-$ | 750 | mW |
|  |  | $\underline{[2]}-$ | 500 | mW |  |
| P | power dissipation | per output | - | 100 | mW |

[1] For DIP16 package: $P_{\text {tot }}$ derates linearly with $12 \mathrm{~mW} / \mathrm{K}$ above $70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.
[2] For SO16 package: $\mathrm{P}_{\text {tot }}$ derates linearly with $8 \mathrm{~mW} / \mathrm{K}$ above $70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.

## 8. Recommended operating conditions

Table 6. Recommended operating conditions

| Symbol | Parameter | Conditions | Min | Typ | Max | Unit |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $V_{D D}$ | supply voltage |  | 3 | - | 15 | V |
| $\mathrm{~V}_{1}$ | input voltage |  | 0 | - | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DD}}$ | V |
| $\mathrm{T}_{\text {amb }}$ | ambient temperature | in free air | -40 | - | +85 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| $\Delta \mathrm{t} / \Delta \mathrm{V}$ | input transition rise and fall rate | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DD}}=5 \mathrm{~V}$ | - | - | 3.75 | $\mu \mathrm{~s} / \mathrm{V}$ |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DD}}=10 \mathrm{~V}$ | - | - | 0.5 | $\mu \mathrm{~s} / \mathrm{V}$ |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DD}}=15 \mathrm{~V}$ | - | - | 0.08 | $\mu \mathrm{~s} / \mathrm{V}$ |

## 9. Static characteristics

Table 7. Static characteristics
$V_{S S}=0 V ; V_{l}=V_{S S}$ or $V_{D D}$ unless otherwise specified.

| Symbol | Parameter | Conditions | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DD}}$ | $\mathrm{T}_{\text {amb }}=-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  | $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{amb}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  | $\mathrm{T}_{\text {amb }}=8{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  | Unit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Min | Max | Min | Max | Min | Max |  |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IH}}$ | HIGH-level input voltage | $\left\|\mathrm{l}_{\mathrm{O}}\right\|<1 \mu \mathrm{~A}$ | 5 V | 3.5 | - | 3.5 | - | 3.5 | - | V |
|  |  |  | 10 V | 7.0 | - | 7.0 | - | 7.0 | - | V |
|  |  |  | 15 V | 11.0 | - | 11.0 | - | 11.0 | - | V |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\text {IL }}$ | LOW-level input voltage | $\left\|\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{O}}\right\|<1 \mu \mathrm{~A}$ | 5 V | - | 1.5 | - | 1.5 | - | 1.5 | V |
|  |  |  | 10 V | - | 3.0 | - | 3.0 | - | 3.0 | V |
|  |  |  | 15 V | - | 4.0 | - | 4.0 | - | 4.0 | V |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{OH}}$ | HIGH-level output voltage | $\left\|\mathrm{l}_{\mathrm{o}}\right\|<1 \mu \mathrm{~A}$ | 5 V | 4.95 | - | 4.95 | - | 4.95 | - | V |
|  |  |  | 10 V | 9.95 | - | 9.95 | - | 9.95 | - | V |
|  |  |  | 15 V | 14.95 | - | 14.95 | - | 14.95 | - | V |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\text {OL }}$ | LOW-level output voltage | $\left\|\mathrm{l}_{\mathrm{O}}\right\|<1 \mu \mathrm{~A}$ | 5 V | - | 0.05 | - | 0.05 | - | 0.05 | V |
|  |  |  | 10 V | - | 0.05 | - | 0.05 | - | 0.05 | V |
|  |  |  | 15 V | - | 0.05 | - | 0.05 | - | 0.05 | V |
| IOH | HIGH-level output current | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{O}}=2.5 \mathrm{~V}$ | 5 V | - | -1.7 | - | -1.4 | - | -1.1 | mA |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{O}}=4.6 \mathrm{~V}$ | 5 V | - | -0.52 | - | -0.44 | - | -0.36 | mA |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{O}}=9.5 \mathrm{~V}$ | 10 V | - | -1.3 | - | -1.1 | - | -0.9 | mA |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{O}}=13.5 \mathrm{~V}$ | 15 V | - | -3.6 | - | -3.0 | - | -2.4 | mA |
| loL | LOW-level output current | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{O}}=0.4 \mathrm{~V}$ | 5 V | 0.52 | - | 0.44 | - | 0.36 | - | mA |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{O}}=0.5 \mathrm{~V}$ | 10 V | 1.3 | - | 1.1 | - | 0.9 | - | mA |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{O}}=1.5 \mathrm{~V}$ | 15 V | 3.6 | - | 3.0 | - | 2.4 | - | mA |
| 1 | input leakage current |  | 15 V | - | $\pm 0.3$ | - | $\pm 0.3$ | - | $\pm 1.0$ | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
| $I_{\text {DD }}$ | supply current | $\mathrm{I}_{0}=0 \mathrm{~A}$ | 5 V | - | 50 | - | 50 | - | 375 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
|  |  |  | 10 V | - | 100 | - | 100 | - | 750 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
|  |  |  | 15 V | - | 200 | - | 200 | - | 1500 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
| $\mathrm{C}_{1}$ | input capacitance |  | - | - | - | - | 7.5 | - | - | pF |

## 10. Dynamic characteristics

Table 8. Dynamic characteristics
$V_{S S}=0 \mathrm{~V} ; T_{\text {amb }}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$; for test circuit see Figure 6; unless otherwise specified.

| Symbol | Parameter | Conditions | VD |  | Extrapolation formula | Min | Typ | Max | Unit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{t}_{\text {PHL }}$ | HIGH to LOW propagation delay | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{CPO}, \overline{\mathrm{CP}} 1 \text { to } \mathrm{Q}, \overline{\mathrm{Q}} ; \\ & \text { see Figure } 4 \end{aligned}$ | 5 V | [1] | $213 \mathrm{~ns}+(0.55 \mathrm{~ns} / \mathrm{pF}) \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}$ | - | 240 | 480 | ns |
|  |  |  | 10 V |  | $79 \mathrm{~ns}+(0.23 \mathrm{~ns} / \mathrm{pF}) \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}$ | - | 90 | 180 | ns |
|  |  |  | 15 V |  | $57 \mathrm{~ns}+(0.16 \mathrm{~ns} / \mathrm{pF}) \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}$ | - | 65 | 130 | ns |
|  |  | MR to Q; see Figure 4 | 5 V |  | $143 \mathrm{~ns}+(0.55 \mathrm{~ns} / \mathrm{pF}) \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}$ | - | 170 | 340 | ns |
|  |  |  | 10 V |  | $69 \mathrm{~ns}+(0.23 \mathrm{~ns} / \mathrm{pF}) \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}$ | - | 80 | 160 | ns |
|  |  |  | 15 V |  | $52 \mathrm{~ns}+(0.16 \mathrm{~ns} / \mathrm{pF}) \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}$ | - | 60 | 120 | ns |
| $\mathrm{t}_{\text {PLH }}$ | LOW to HIGH propagation delay | $\mathrm{CP} 0, \overline{\mathrm{CP}} 1 \text { to } \mathrm{Q}, \overline{\mathrm{Q}} ;$ <br> see Figure 4 | 5 V | [1] | $213 \mathrm{~ns}+(0.55 \mathrm{~ns} / \mathrm{pF}) \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}$ | - | 240 | 480 | ns |
|  |  |  | 10 V |  | $79 \mathrm{~ns}+(0.23 \mathrm{~ns} / \mathrm{pF}) \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}$ | - | 90 | 180 | ns |
|  |  |  | 15 V |  | $57 \mathrm{~ns}+(0.16 \mathrm{~ns} / \mathrm{pF}) \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}$ | - | 65 | 130 | ns |
|  |  | MR to $\overline{\mathrm{Q}}$; see Figure 4 | 5 V |  | $113 \mathrm{~ns}+(0.55 \mathrm{~ns} / \mathrm{pF}) \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}$ | - | 140 | 280 | ns |
|  |  |  | 10 V |  | $59 \mathrm{~ns}+(0.23 \mathrm{~ns} / \mathrm{pF}) \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}$ | - | 70 | 140 | ns |
|  |  |  | 15 V |  | $47 \mathrm{~ns}+(0.16 \mathrm{~ns} / \mathrm{pF}) \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}$ | - | 55 | 110 | ns |
| $\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{t}}$ | transition time | see Figure 4 | 5 V | [1] | $10 \mathrm{~ns}+(1.00 \mathrm{~ns} / \mathrm{pF}) \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}$ | - | 60 | 120 | ns |
|  |  |  | 10 V |  | $9 \mathrm{~ns}+(0.42 \mathrm{~ns} / \mathrm{pF}) \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}$ | - | 30 | 60 | ns |
|  |  |  | 15 V |  | $6 \mathrm{~ns}+(0.28 \mathrm{~ns} / \mathrm{pF}) \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}$ | - | 20 | 40 | ns |
| $\mathrm{t}_{\text {su }}$ | set-up time | $\mathrm{DA}, \mathrm{DB}, \mathrm{A} / \overline{\mathrm{B}}$ to CP 0 , $\overline{\mathrm{CP}} 1 ;$ L1 to L32 = LOW; see Figure 5 | 5 V | [2] |  | 360 | 180 | - | ns |
|  |  |  | 10 V |  |  | 140 | 70 | - | ns |
|  |  |  | 15 V |  |  | 90 | 45 | - | ns |
|  |  | $\mathrm{DA}, \mathrm{DB}, \mathrm{A} / \overline{\mathrm{B}}$ to CPO , $\overline{\mathrm{CP}} 1 ; \mathrm{L} 32=\mathrm{HIGH} ;$ see Figure 5 | 5 V |  |  | +40 | -20 | - | ns |
|  |  |  | 10 V |  |  | +35 | -10 | - | ns |
|  |  |  | 15 V |  |  | +30 | -5 | - | ns |
| $t_{\text {h }}$ | hold time | $\mathrm{DA}, \mathrm{DB}, \mathrm{A} / \overline{\mathrm{B}}$ to CPO , $\overline{\mathrm{CP}} 1$; L1 to L32 = LOW; see Figure 5 | 5 V | [2] |  | -40 | -110 | - | ns |
|  |  |  | 10 V |  |  | -10 | -45 | - | ns |
|  |  |  | 15 V |  |  | 0 | -30 | - | ns |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{DA}, \mathrm{DB}, \mathrm{~A} / \overline{\mathrm{B}} \text { to } \mathrm{CPO}, \\ & \overline{\mathrm{CP} 1 ;} \\ & \text { L1 to } \mathrm{L32}=\mathrm{HIGH} ; \\ & \text { see Figure } 5 \end{aligned}$ | 5 V |  |  | 90 | 30 | - | ns |
|  |  |  | 10 V |  |  | 60 | 20 | - | ns |
|  |  |  | 15 V |  |  | 50 | 15 | - | ns |
| $t_{\text {w }}$ | pulse width | CPO input LOW; minimum width; see Figure 5 | 5 V |  |  | 180 | 90 | - | ns |
|  |  |  | 10 V |  |  | 60 | 30 | - | ns |
|  |  |  | 15 V |  |  | 40 | 20 | - | ns |
|  |  | $\overline{\mathrm{CP}} 1$ input HIGH; minimum width; see Figure 5 | 5 V |  |  | 180 | 90 | - | ns |
|  |  |  | 10 V |  |  | 60 | 30 | - | ns |
|  |  |  | 15 V |  |  | 40 | 20 | - | ns |
|  |  | MR input HIGH; minimum width; see Figure 5 | 5 V |  |  | 150 | 75 | - | ns |
|  |  |  | 10 V |  |  | 70 | 35 | - | ns |
|  |  |  | 15 V |  |  | 50 | 25 | - | ns |

Table 8. Dynamic characteristics ...continued
$V_{S S}=0 \mathrm{~V} ; T_{\text {amb }}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$; for test circuit see Figure 6; unless otherwise specified.

| Symbol | Parameter | Conditions | V ${ }_{\text {DD }}$ | Extrapolation formula | Min | Typ | Max | Unit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $t_{\text {rec }}$ | recovery time | MR input; L1 to L32 = LOW; see Figure 5 | 5 V | [2] | 500 | 250 | - | ns |
|  |  |  | 10 V |  | 250 | 125 | - | ns |
|  |  |  | 15 V |  | 150 | 75 | - | ns |
|  |  | MR input; $\mathrm{L} 32=\mathrm{HIGH}$ | 5 V |  | 110 | 50 | - | ns |
|  |  |  | 10 V |  | 70 | 30 | - | ns |
|  |  |  | 15 V |  | 60 | 25 | - | ns |
| $\mathrm{f}_{\max }$ | maximum frequency | see Figure 5 | 5 V |  | 2.5 | 5 | - | MHz |
|  |  |  | 10 V |  | 7 | 14 | - | MHz |
|  |  |  | 15 V |  | 10 | 20 | - | MHz |

[1] The typical values of the propagation delay and transition times are calculated from the extrapolation formulas shown ( $C_{L}$ in $\left.p F\right)$.
[2] The set-up, hold, and recovery times vary with the minimum number of bits selected. For intermediate numbers not specified, interpolate as shown in Table 9.

Table 9. Interpolation table [1]

| Length control inputs |  |  |  |  |  | Minimum number of bits selected | Set-up, hold, and recovery times | Example: $\mathrm{t}_{\text {rec }}$ minimum, $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DD}}=5 \mathrm{~V}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| L1 | L2 | L4 | L8 | L16 | L32 |  |  |  |
| L | L | L | L | L | L | 1 | see Table 8 | 500 ns |
| H | L | L | L | L | L | 2 | (interpolate in 6 | 435 ns |
| X | H | L | L | L | L | 3 | equal steps) | 370 ns |
| X | X | H | L | L | L | 5 |  | 305 ns |
| $x$ | X | X | H | L | L | 9 |  | 240 ns |
| $x$ | $x$ | $x$ | X | H | L | 17 |  | 175 ns |
| X | X | X | X | X | H | 33 | see Table 8 | 110 ns |

[1] $\mathrm{H}=$ HIGH voltage level; $\mathrm{L}=$ LOW voltage level; $\mathrm{X}=$ don't care

Table 10. Dynamic power dissipation $\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{D}}$
$P_{D}$ can be calculated from the formulas shown. $V_{S S}=0 \mathrm{~V} ; t_{r}=t_{f} \leq 20 \mathrm{~ns} ; T_{\text {amb }}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.

| Symbol | Parameter | $V_{D D}$ | Typical formula for $P_{D}(\mu \mathbf{W})$ | where: |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :--- | :--- |
| $P_{D}$ | dynamic power <br> dissipation | 5 V | $P_{D}=3500 \times f_{i}+\Sigma\left(f_{o} \times C_{L}\right) \times V_{D D^{2}}$ | $f_{i}=$ input frequency in $M H z$, |
|  |  | $10 V$ | $P_{D}=15000 \times f_{i}+\Sigma\left(f_{o} \times C_{L}\right) \times V_{D D^{2}}$ | $f_{o}=$ output frequency in $M H z$, |
|  |  |  | $P_{D}=37000 \times f_{i}+\Sigma\left(f_{o} \times C_{L}\right) \times V_{D D^{2}}$ | $C_{L}=$ output load capacitance in $p F$, |
|  |  | $V_{D D}=$ supply voltage in $V$, |  |  |
|  |  | $\Sigma\left(f_{o} \times C_{L}\right)=$ sum of the outputs. |  |  |

## 11. Waveforms



For measurement points see Table 11.
Logic levels: $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{OL}}$ and $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{OH}}$ are typical output voltage levels that occur with the output load.
Fig 4. Propagation delays


Set-up and hold times are shown as positive values but may be specified as negative values.
The shaded area indicates where data can change for predictable performance.
For measurement points see Table 11.
Fig 5. Waveforms showing recovery time for MR and minimum CP0, $\overline{C P} 1$, and MR pulse widths, set-up and hold times for DA, DB, and A/B to CP0 and CP1

a. Input waveforms

b. Test circuit

Test data is given in Table 11.
Definitions for test circuit:
Device Under Test (DUT)
$C_{L}=$ Load capacitance including jig and probe capacitance;
$R_{T}=$ Termination resistance should be equal to output impedance $Z_{o}$ of the pulse generator.
Fig 6. Test circuit for switching times

Table 11. Measurement points and test data

| Supply voltage | Input | Load |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | $\mathbf{V}_{\mathbf{I}}$ | $\mathbf{V}_{\mathbf{M}}$ | $\mathbf{t}_{\mathbf{r}}, \mathbf{t}_{\mathbf{f}}$ | $\mathbf{C}_{\mathbf{L}}$ |
|  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DD}}$ | $0.5 \mathrm{~V}_{\mathbf{I}}$ | $\leq 20 \mathrm{~ns}$ | 50 pF |

## 12. Package outline



DIMENSIONS (inch dimensions are derived from the original mm dimensions)

| UNIT | $\mathbf{A}$ <br> $\mathbf{m a x}$. | $\mathbf{A}_{\mathbf{1}}$ <br> $\mathbf{m i n}$. | $\mathbf{A}_{\mathbf{2}}$ <br> $\boldsymbol{m a x}$. | $\mathbf{b}$ | $\mathbf{b}_{\mathbf{1}}$ | $\mathbf{b}_{\mathbf{2}}$ | $\mathbf{c}$ | $\mathbf{D}^{(\mathbf{1})}$ | $\mathbf{E}^{(\mathbf{1})}$ | $\mathbf{e}$ | $\mathbf{e}_{\mathbf{1}}$ | $\mathbf{L}$ | $\mathbf{M}_{\mathbf{E}}$ | $\mathbf{M}_{\mathbf{H}}$ | $\mathbf{w}$ | $\mathbf{Z}^{(\mathbf{1})}$ <br> $\mathbf{m a x}$. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| mm | 4.2 | 0.51 | 3.2 | 1.73 | 0.53 | 1.25 | 0.36 | 19.50 | 6.48 | 2.54 | 7.62 | 3.60 <br> 3.05 | 8.25 <br> 7.80 | 10.0 <br> 8.3 | 0.254 | 0.76 |
| inches | 0.17 | 0.02 | 0.13 | 0.068 | 0.38 | 0.85 | 0.23 | 18.55 | 6.20 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | 0.051 | 0.015 | 0.033 | 0.014 | 0.77 | 0.26 | 0.1 | 0.3 | 0.14 | 0.32 | 0.39 | 0.01 | 0.03 |

Note

1. Plastic or metal protrusions of 0.25 mm ( 0.01 inch ) maximum per side are not included.

| OUTLINE VERSION | REFERENCES |  |  | EUROPEAN PROJECTION | ISSUE DATE |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | IEC | JEDEC | JEITA |  |  |
| SOT38-4 |  |  |  | $\square$ (+) | $\begin{aligned} & -95-01-14 \\ & 03-02-13 \end{aligned}$ |

Fig 7. Package outline SOT38-4 (DIP16)


DIMENSIONS (inch dimensions are derived from the original mm dimensions)

| UNIT | $\mathbf{A}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{m a x}$ |  | $\mathbf{A}_{\mathbf{1}}$

Note

1. Plastic or metal protrusions of 0.15 mm ( 0.006 inch ) maximum per side are not included.

| OUTLINE VERSION | REFERENCES |  |  | EUROPEAN PROJECTION | ISSUE DATE |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | IEC | JEDEC | JEITA |  |  |
| SOT109-1 | 076E07 | MS-012 |  | $\square$ | $\begin{aligned} & 99-12-27 \\ & 03-02-19 \end{aligned}$ |

Fig 8. Package outline SOT109-1 (SO16)

## 13. Revision history

Table 12. Revision history

| Document ID | Release date | Data sheet status | Change notice | Supersedes |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| HEF4557B v. 6 | 20111118 | Product data sheet | - | HEF4557B v. 5 |
| Modifications: | - Section Applications removed <br> - Table 7: $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{OH}}$ minimum values changed to maximum <br> - Figure 5: " $\bar{A} / B$ input" changed to " $A / \bar{B}$ input" |  |  |  |
| HEF4557B v. 5 | 20091216 | Product data sheet | - | HEF4557B v. 4 |
| HEF4557B v. 4 | 20090916 | Product data sheet | - | HEF4557B_CNV v. 3 |
| HEF4557B_CNV v. 3 | 19950101 | Product specification | - | HEF4557B_CNV v. 2 |
| HEF4557B_CNV v. 2 | 19950101 | Product specification | - | - |

## 14. Legal information

### 14.1 Data sheet status

| Document status $\underline{[1][2]}$ | Product status[3] | Definition |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Objective [short] data sheet | Development | This document contains data from the objective specification for product development. |
| Preliminary [short] data sheet | Qualification | This document contains data from the preliminary specification. |
| Product [short] data sheet | Production | This document contains the product specification. |

[1] Please consult the most recently issued document before initiating or completing a design.
[2] The term 'short data sheet' is explained in section "Definitions"
[3] The product status of device(s) described in this document may have changed since this document was published and may differ in case of multiple devices. The latest product status information is available on the Internet at URL http://www.nxp.com.

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