

D6F-PH

MEMS Differential pressure Sensor

A Compact, High-accuracy Differential Pressure Sensor with Superior Resistance to Environments.

Air Digital

- High accuracy of $\pm 3\%$ RD
- Linearized and temperature compensated
- Digital output (I2C communication)
- High flow impedance to reduce the influence of bypass configuration



RoHS Compliant



Refer to the *Common Precautions for the D6F Series* on page 40.

Ordering Information

Applicable fluid (See note 1.)	Measurement range (See note 3.)	Model
Air (See note 2.)	0 to 250 Pa (0 to 1 in. H ₂ O)	D6F-PH0025AD1
	-50 to +50 Pa (± 0.2 in. H ₂ O)	D6F-PH0505AD3
	-500 to +500 Pa (± 2 in. H ₂ O)	D6F-PH5050AD3

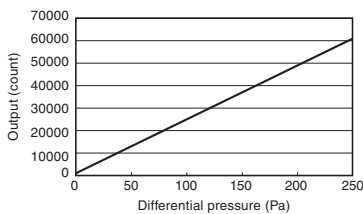
Note: 1. The Sensor be calibrated for different gas types. Consult your Omron representative.

Note: 2. Dry gas must not contain large particles, e.g., dust, oil, or mist.

Note: 3. At standard atmospheric pressure (1013.25 hPa)

Output Characteristics

D6F-PH0025AD1



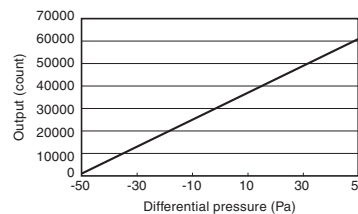
Differential pressure (Pa)	0	50	100	150	200	250
Output (HEX)	1024 (0400)	13024 (32E0)	25024 (61C0)	37024 (90A0)	49024 (BF80)	61024 (EE60)

Measurement conditions: Power supply voltage of 3.3 ± 0.1 VDC, ambient temperature of $25 \pm 5^\circ\text{C}$, and ambient humidity of 35% to 75%.

Differential pressure conversion formula: $Dp = (Op - 1024) / 60000 \times 250$

Dp = Differential pressure, Op = Output

D6F-PH0505AD3



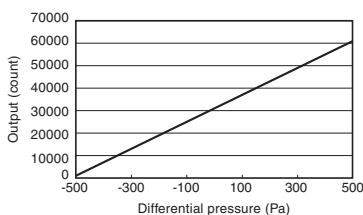
Differential pressure (Pa)	-50	-30	-10	0	10	30	50
Output (HEX)	1024 (0400)	13024 (32E0)	25024 (61C0)	31024 (7930)	37024 (90A0)	49024 (BF80)	61024 (EE60)

Measurement conditions: Power supply voltage of 3.3 ± 0.1 VDC, ambient temperature of $25 \pm 5^\circ\text{C}$, and ambient humidity of 35% to 75%.

Differential pressure conversion formula: $Dp = (Op - 1024) / 60000 \times 100 - 50$

Dp = Differential pressure, Op = Output

D6F-PH5050AD3



Differential pressure (Pa)	-500	-300	-100	0	100	300	500
Output (HEX)	1024 (0400)	13024 (32E0)	25024 (61C0)	31024 (7930)	37024 (90A0)	49024 (BF80)	61024 (EE60)

Measurement conditions: Power supply voltage of 3.3 ± 0.1 VDC, ambient temperature of $25 \pm 5^\circ\text{C}$, and ambient humidity of 35% to 75%.

Differential pressure conversion formula: $Dp = (Op - 1024) / 60000 \times 1000 - 500$

Dp = Differential pressure, Op = Output

Note. Change of gas density affects the sensor output.

Change of atmospheric pressure is compensated by the following formula.

$Dpeff = Dp \times (Pstd / Pamb)$

$Dpeff$: Effective differential pressure

Dp : Differential pressure of the sensor output

$Pstd$: Standard atmospheric pressure (1013.25 hPa)

$Pamb$: Actual ambient atmospheric pressure (hPa)

Characteristics/Performance

Model	D6F-PH0025AD1	D6F-PH0505AD3	D6F-PH5050AD3
Differential pressure range (See note 1)	0 to 250 Pa	±50 Pa	±500 Pa
Calibration Gas (See note 2.)	Air		
Port Type	Bamboo joint, Maximum outside diameter: 4.9 mm, minimum outside diameter: 4.0 mm		
Power Supply	2.3 to 3.6 VDC		
Current Consumption	6 mA max. with no load and Vcc of 3.3 VDC, GND = 0 VDC, 25°C		
Resolution	12 bit		
Zero point tolerance (See note 4.)	±0.2 Pa		
Span tolerance (See note 4.)	±3% RD		
Span shift due to temperature variation	< 0.5% RD per 10°C		
Response time	33 ms typical at 12 bit resolution (50 ms max.) The processing time is 6 ms typical at 12 bit resolution.		
Gas flow through sensor (See note 3.)	63 mL/min	23 mL/min	100 mL/min
Interface	I2C		
Case material	PPS		
Degree of Protection	IEC IP40 (Excluding tubing sections.)		
Withstand Pressure	10 kPa		
Operating temperature (See note 5.)	-20 to +80°C		
Operating humidity (See note 5.)	35 to 85 %RH		
Storage temperature (See note 5.)	-40 to +80°C		
Storage humidity (See note 5.)	35 to 85 %RH		
Insulation Resistance	Between Sensor outer cover and lead terminals: 20 MΩ min. (at 500 VDC)		
Dielectric Strength	Between Sensor outer cover and lead terminals: 500 VAC, 50/60 Hz min. for 1 min (leakage current: 1 mA max.)		
Weight	5.2 g		

Note: 1. At standard atmospheric pressure (1013.25 hPa)

Note: 2. Dry gas must not contain large particles, e.g., dust, oil, or mist.

Note: 3. Type D6F-PH is based on thermal flow principle. Air flow is needed to measure the differential pressure.

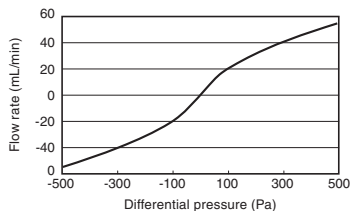
Typical characteristic of air flow by differential pressure is below.

Note: 4. The zero point tolerance and span tolerance are independent uncertainties and add according to the principles of error propagation.

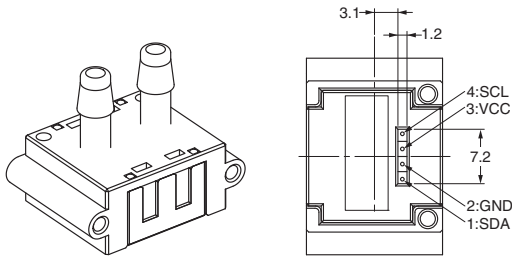
Note: 5. With no condensation or icing.

Note: 6. Please call us about functions, such as fault detection, temperature check, Vdd check, threshold value setup.

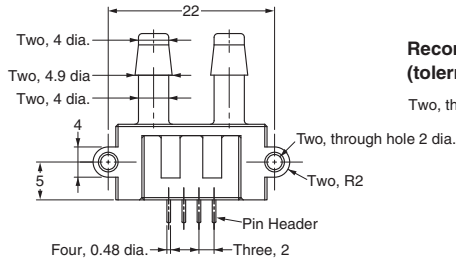
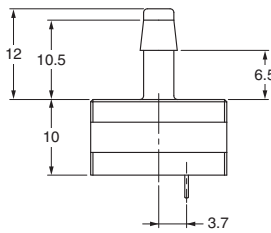
Relation between pressure and flow rate



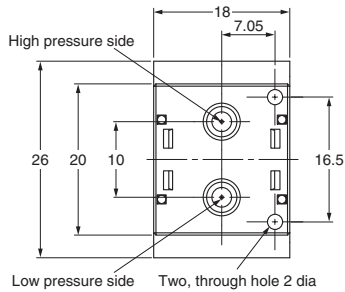
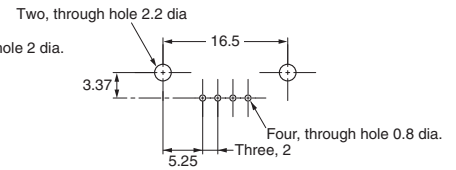
Connections/Dimensions (Unit: mm)



Mounting Direction
Install the Sensor so that the joints are facing upward.



Recommendation size for pin header installation (tolerances: ± 0.1)



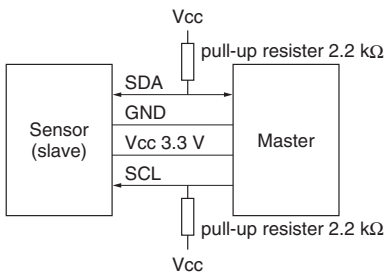
Tubes

Install tubes made of materials such as rubber or urethane so that they will not come out.
For urethane tubes, tubes with an outer diameter of 6 mm and an inner diameter of 4 mm are recommended.

Soldering Conditions

Use a soldering iron for 5 s at 350°C with a pressure of 100 gf max.

Electrical connection



Communication

Serial Interface	I2C
Master/Slave	Slave / Address: HEX : 0x6C BIN : 110_1100 (7bit)
Speed mode	Fast Mode 400kHz
Signal	
SCL	Serial Clock
SDA	Data Signal