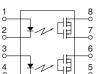
# Panasonic

# Automation Controls Catalog

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#### **RoHS compliant**

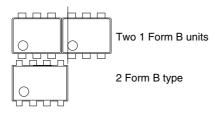
# of 400V load voltage

#### FEATURES

1. Approx. 1/2 the space compared with the mounting of Two 1 Form B PhotoMOS units

Normally closed

DIP8-pin type



 Applicable for 2 Form B use as well as two independent 1 Form B use
 Controls load currents up to 0.13 A with an input current of 5 mA
 High speed switching: operate time

typ. 0.46 ms

5. Extremely low closed-circuit offset voltages to enable control of small analog signals without distortion

PhotoMOS<sup>®</sup> GU 2 Form B (AQW414)

#### **TYPICAL APPLICATIONS**

- High-speed inspection machines
- Telephone equipment
- Computers

**TYPES** Output rating' Part No. Packing quantity Through hole Surface-mount terminal terminal Package I oad I oad Tape and reel packing style voltage current Tube packing style Tube Tape and reel Picked from the Picked from the 1/2/3-pin side 4/5/6-pin side 1 tube contains: AC/DC 50 pcs. AQW414A AQW414AX 400 V 100 mA DIP8-pin AQW414 AQW414A7 1,000 pcs 1 batch contains: dual use 500 pcs.

\*Indicate the peak AC and DC values.

Note: The surface mount terminal shape indicator "A" and the packing style indicator "X" or "Z" are not marked on the device.

## RATING

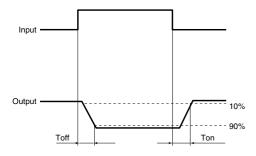
1. Absolute maximum ratings (Ambient temperature: 25°C 77°F)

Item		Symbol	AQW414(A)	Remarks	
	LED forward current	lF	50 mA		
Input	LED reverse voltage	VR	5 V		
	Peak forward current	IFP	1 A	f = 100 Hz, Duty factor = 0.1%	
	Power dissipation	Pin	75 mW		
Output	Load voltage (peak AC)	VL	400 V		
	Continuous load current	L	0.1 A (0.13 A)	Peak AC, DC (): in case of using only 1 channel	
	Peak load current	Ipeak	0.3 A	100 ms (1 shot), V∟ = DC	
	Power dissipation	Pout	800 mW		
Total power dissipation		Ρτ	850 mW		
I/O isolation voltage		Viso	1,500 V AC		
Temperature limits	Operating	Topr	<b>−40°C to +85°C</b> −40°F to +185°F	Non-condensing at low temperatures	
	Storage	Tstag	-40°C to +100°C -40°F to +212°F		

# GU 2 Form B (AQW414)

	Item		Symbol	AQW414(A)	Condition
	LED operate (OFF) current	Typical	Foff	0.7 mA	IL = Max.
		Maximum		3 mA	
	LED reverse (ON) current	$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	l∟ = Max.		
nput	LED reverse (ON) current	Typical	- IFon	0.64 mA	IL = IVIAX.
	LED dropout voltage	Typical		1.25 V (1.14 V at I⊧ = 5 mA)	I⊧ = 50 mA
	LED dropout voltage	Maximum	VF	1.5 V	IF = 50 IIIA
	$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	Typical		26 Ω	I⊧ = 0 mA
Dutput		l⊾= Max. Within 1 s on time			
	Off state leakage current	Maximum	Leak	1 μΑ	I⊧ = 5 mA V∟ = Max.
	Operate (OEE) time*	Typical	т.,	0.46 ms	I⊧ = 0 mA → 5 mA
	Operate (OFF) time	Maximum	loff	1 ms	I∟ = Max.
	Reverse (ON) time*	Typical	- Ton	0.40 ms	I⊧ = 5 mA → 0 mA
ransfer haracteristics	Reverse (ON) time	Maximum	Ion	1 ms	I∟ = Max.
		Typical	0	0.8 pF	f = 1 MHz
	I/O capacitance	Maximum	Ciso	1.5 pF	$V_B = 0 V$
	Initial I/O isolation resistance	Typical         0.8 pF           Maximum         1.5 pF	1,000 MΩ	500 V DC	

\*Operate/Reverse time



## **RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS**

Please obey the following conditions to ensure proper device operation and resetting.

Item	Symbol	Recommended value	Unit
Input LED current	F	5	mA

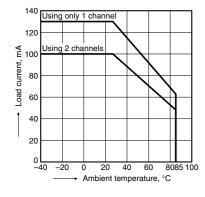
#### These products are not designed for automotive use.

If you are considering to use these products for automotive applications, please contact your local Panasonic Corporation technical representative.

#### **REFERENCE DATA**

1. Load current vs. ambient temperature characteristics

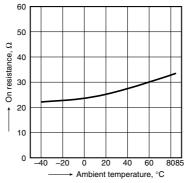
Allowable ambient temperature: -40°C to +85°C –40°F to +185°F



#### 2. On resistance vs. ambient temperature characteristics

Measured portion: between terminals 5 and 6, 7 and 8; LED current: 0 mA;

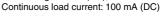


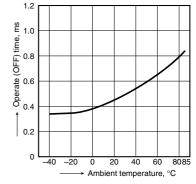


3. Operate (OFF) time vs. ambient temperature characteristics

LED current: 5 mA;

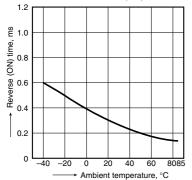
Load voltage: 400 V (DC);



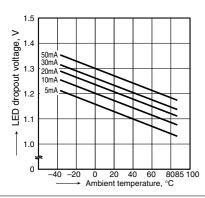


# 4. Reverse (ON) time vs. ambient temperature characteristics

LED current: 5 mA; Load voltage: 400 V (DC); Continuous load current: 100 mA (DC)



7. LED dropout voltage vs. ambient temperature characteristics LED current: 5 to 50 mA

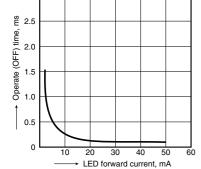


10. Operate (OFF) time vs. LED forward current characteristics

Measured portion: between terminals 5 and 6, 7 and 8; Load voltage: 400 V (DC);

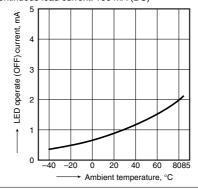
Continuous load current: 100 mA (DC); Ambient temperature: 25°C 77°F





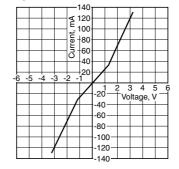
5. LED operate (OFF) current vs. ambient temperature characteristics Load voltage: 400 V (DC);

Continuous load current: 100 mA (DC)



8. Current vs. voltage characteristics of output at MOS portion

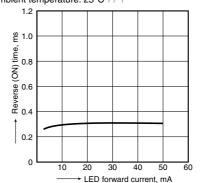
Measured portion: between terminals 5 and 6, 7 and 8; Ambient temperature: 25°C  $77^\circ F$ 



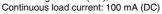
11. Reverse (ON) time vs. LED forward current characteristics

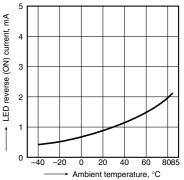
Measured portion: between terminals 5 and 6, 7 and 8; Load voltage: 400 V (DC); Continuous load current: 100 mA (DC);

Ambient temperature: 25°C 77°F



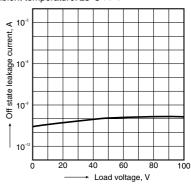
6. LED reverse (ON) current vs. ambient temperature characteristics Load voltage: 400 V (DC);





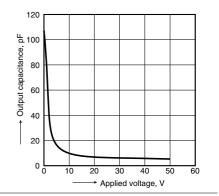
9. Off state leakage current vs. load voltage characteristics

Measured portion: between terminals 5 and 6, 7 and 8; Ambient temperature: 25°C  $77^\circ F$ 



12. Output capacitance vs. applied voltage characteristics

Measured portion: between terminals 5 and 6, 7 and 8; LED current: 5 mA; Frequency: 1 MHz; Ambient temperature:  $25^{\circ}C$   $77^{\circ}F$ 



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