



**Normally closed type  
in a slim SIL package  
Load voltage 400V**

**PhotoMOS®  
Power 1 Form B  
(AQZ404)**

### FEATURES

**1. High sensitivity and low on-resistance**

Max. 0.5A load can be controlled with 5 mA input current. The on-resistance is low at typ. 2.8Ω.

**2. Normally closed (1 Form B) contact**

This has been realized thanks to the built-in MOSFET processed by our proprietary method, DSD (Double-diffused and Selective Doping) method.

**3. Slim SIL4-pin package**

(W) 3.5 × (D) 21.0 × (H) 12.5 mm

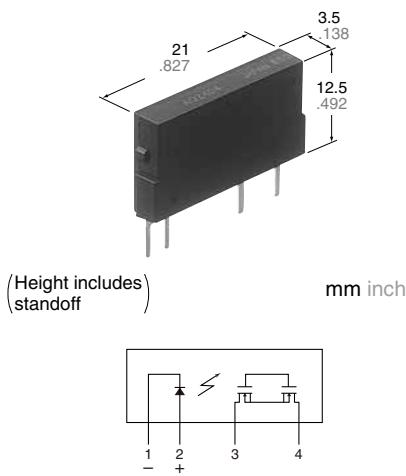
(W) .138 × (D) .827 × (H) .492 inch

The compact size of the 4-pin SIL package allows high density mounting.

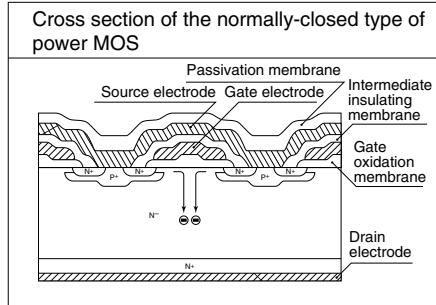
**4. Sockets are also available**

(PA1a-PS, PA1a-PS-H)

**5. Can be installed on the RT-3 relay terminal (Power PhotoMOS type)**



**RoHS compliant**



### TYPES

	Output rating*		Package	Part No.	Packing quantity	
	Load voltage	Load current			Inner carton	Outer carton
AC/DC dual use	400 V	0.5 A	SIL4-pin	AQZ404	25 pcs	500 pcs

\*Indicate the peak AC and DC values.

### RATING

**1. Absolute maximum ratings (Ambient temperature: 25°C 77°F)**

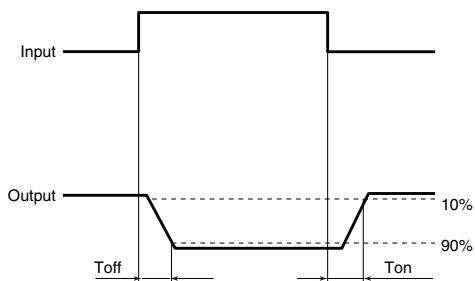
Item		Symbol	AQZ404	Remarks
Input	LED forward current	I <sub>F</sub>	50 mA	
	LED reverse voltage	V <sub>R</sub>	5 V	
	Peak forward current	I <sub>FP</sub>	1 A	f = 100 Hz, Duty factor = 0.1%
	Power dissipation	P <sub>in</sub>	75 mW	
Output	Load voltage (peak AC)	V <sub>L</sub>	400 V	
	Continuous load current	I <sub>L</sub>	0.5 A	Peak AC, DC
	Peak load current	I <sub>peak</sub>	1.5 A	100 ms (1 shot), V <sub>L</sub> = DC
	Power dissipation	P <sub>out</sub>	1.6 W	
Total power dissipation		P <sub>T</sub>	1.6 W	
I/O isolation voltage		V <sub>iso</sub>	2,500 V AC	
Temperature limits	Operating	T <sub>opr</sub>	-40°C to +85°C -40°F to +185°F	Non-condensing at low temperatures
	Storage	T <sub>stg</sub>	-40°C to +100°C -40°F to +212°F	

# Power 1 Form B (AQZ404)

## 2. Electrical characteristics (Ambient temperature: 25°C 77°F)

Item		Symbol	AQZ404	Condition
Input	LED operate (OFF) current	$I_{Foff}$	1.0 mA	$I_L = 100 \text{ mA}$ $V_L = 10 \text{ V}$
			3.0 mA	
	LED reverse (ON) current	$I_{For}$	0.4 mA	$I_F = 100 \text{ mA}$ $V_L = 10 \text{ V}$
			0.9 mA	
Output	LED dropout voltage	$V_F$	1.25 V (1.16 V at $I_F = 10 \text{ mA}$ )	$I_F = 50 \text{ mA}$
			1.5 V	
	On resistance	$R_{on}$	2.8 Ω	$I_F = 0 \text{ mA}, I_L = \text{Max.}$ Within 1 s on time
			4.0 Ω	
Transfer characteristics	Off state leakage current	$I_{Leak}$	10 μA	$I_F = 10 \text{ mA}, V_L = \text{Max.}$
	Operating (OFF) time*	$T_{off}$	3.9 ms	$I_F = 0 \rightarrow 10 \text{ mA}$ $I_L = 100 \text{ mA}, V_L = 10 \text{ V}$
			7.5 ms	
		$T_{on}$	9.4 ms	$I_F = 0 \rightarrow 5 \text{ mA}$ $I_L = 100 \text{ mA}, V_L = 10 \text{ V}$
			15 ms	
	Reverse (ON) time*	$T_{on}$	0.8 ms	$I_F = 5 \text{ mA} \rightarrow 0 \text{ or } 10 \text{ mA} \rightarrow 0$ $I_L = 100 \text{ mA}, V_L = 10 \text{ V}$
			3.0 ms	
	I/O capacitance	$C_{iso}$	0.8 pF	$f = 1 \text{ MHz}$ $V_B = 0 \text{ V}$
			1.5 pF	
Transfer characteristics	Initial I/O isolation resistance	$R_{iso}$	1,000 MΩ	500 V DC
	Maximum operating frequency	—	0.5 cps	$I_F = 10 \text{ mA}$ , Duty factor = 50% $I_L = \text{Max.}, V_L = \text{Max.}$

\*Operate/Reverse time



## RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

Please obey the following conditions to ensure proper device operation and resetting.

Item	Symbol	Recommended value	Unit
Input LED current	$I_F$	5 to 10	mA

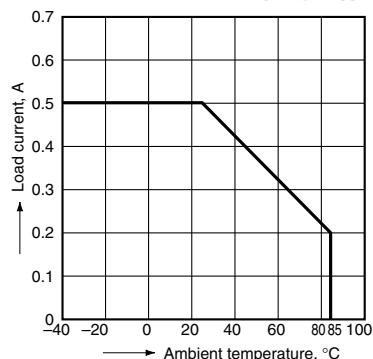
■ These products are not designed for automotive use.

If you are considering to use these products for automotive applications, please contact your local Panasonic Corporation technical representative.

## REFERENCE DATA

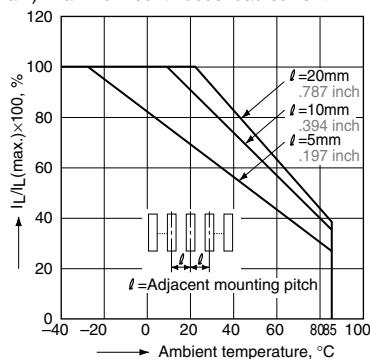
### 1. Load current vs. ambient temperature characteristics

Allowable ambient temperature: -40°C to +85°C  
-40°F to +185°F



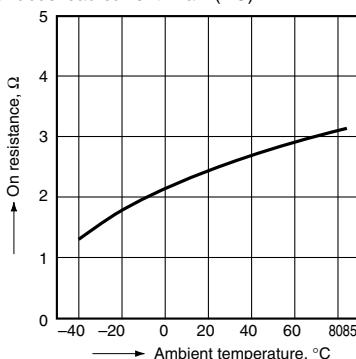
### 2. Load current vs. ambient temperature characteristics in adjacent mounting

$I_L$ : Load current;  
 $I_{L(max)}$ : Maximum continuous load current



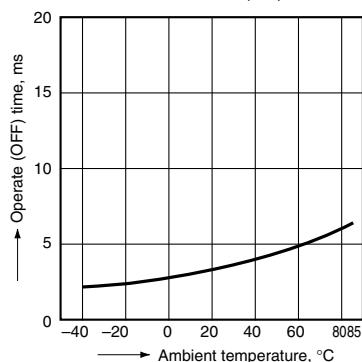
### 3. On resistance vs. ambient temperature characteristics

LED current: 0 mA; Load voltage: Max. (DC)  
Continuous load current: Max. (DC)



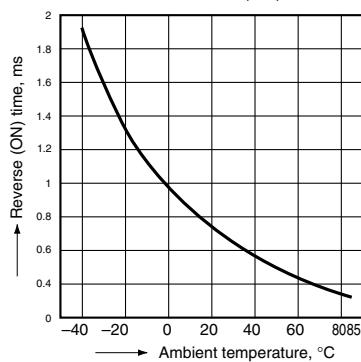
4. Operate (OFF) time vs. ambient temperature characteristics

LED current: 10 mA; Load voltage: 10 V (DC);  
Continuous load current: 100 mA (DC)



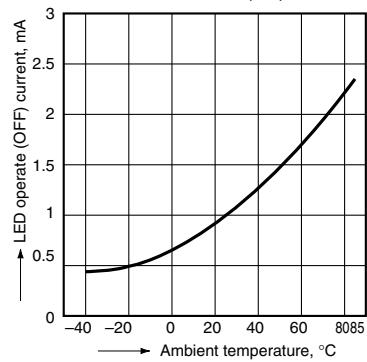
5. Reverse (ON) time vs. ambient temperature characteristics

LED current: 10 mA; Load voltage: 10 V (DC);  
Continuous load current: 100 mA (DC)



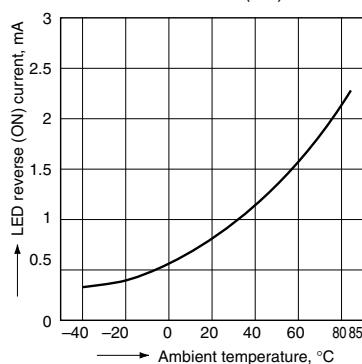
6. LED operate (OFF) current vs. ambient temperature characteristics

Load voltage: 10 V (DC);  
Continuous load current: 100 mA (DC)



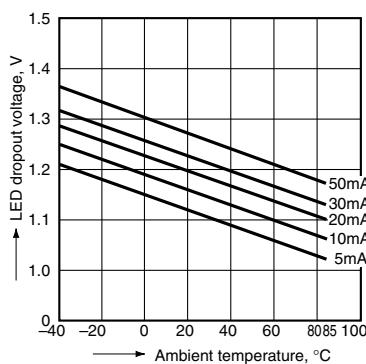
7. LED reverse (ON) current vs. ambient temperature characteristics

Load voltage: 10 V (DC);  
Continuous load current: 100 mA (DC)



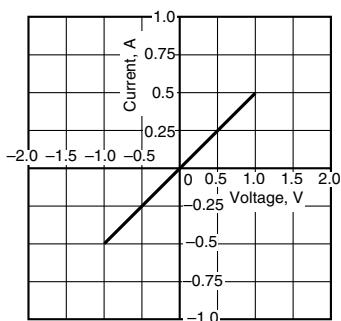
8. LED dropout voltage vs. ambient temperature characteristics

Sample: all types; LED current: 5 to 50 mA



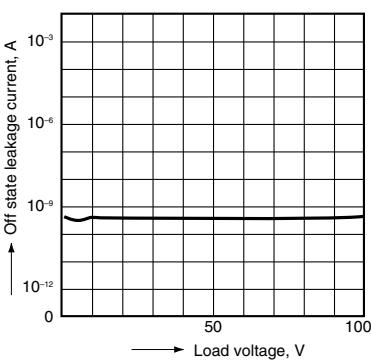
9. Current vs. voltage characteristics of output at MOS portion

Ambient temperature: 25°C 77°F



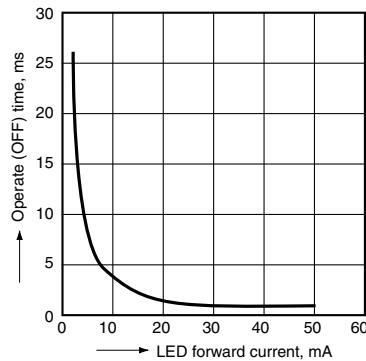
10. Off state leakage current vs. load voltage characteristics

LED current: 10 mA;  
Ambient temperature: 25°C 77°F



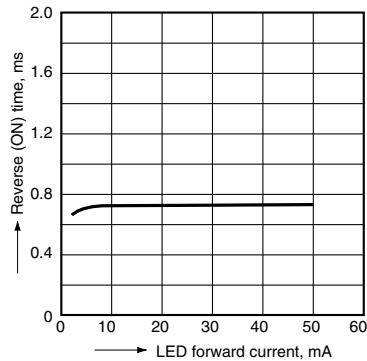
11. Operate (OFF) time vs. LED forward current characteristics

Load voltage: 10 V (DC); Continuous load current:  
100 mA (DC); Ambient temperature: 25°C 77°F



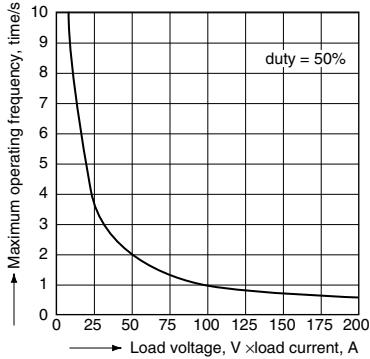
12. Reverse (ON) time vs. LED forward current characteristics

Load voltage: 10 V (DC); Continuous load current:  
100 mA (DC); Ambient temperature: 25°C 77°F



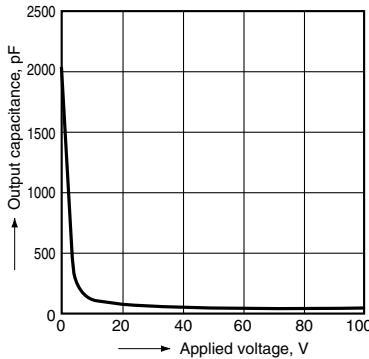
13. Maximum operating frequency vs. load voltage/current characteristics

LED current: 10 mA;  
Ambient temperature: 25°C 77°F



14. Output capacitance vs. applied voltage characteristics

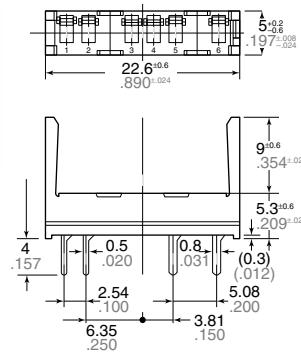
LED current: 10 mA; Frequency: 1 MHz;  
Ambient temperature: 25°C 77°F



## ACCESSORY (mm inch)

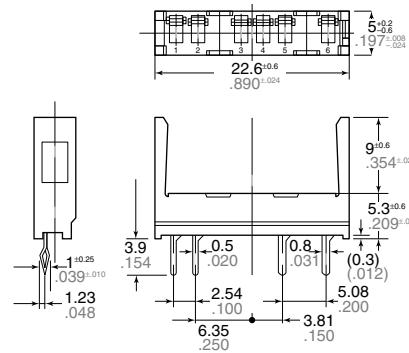
### Socket

Standard type



PA1a-PS

Self clinching type

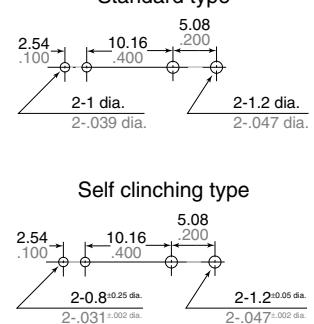


PA1a-PS-H

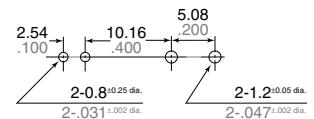
General Tolerance:  $\pm 0.3 \pm 0.012$

General Tolerance:  $\pm 0.3 \pm 0.012$

PC board pattern  
(BOTTOM VIEW)  
Standard type



Self clinching type



Tolerance:  $\pm 0.1 \pm 0.004$