

#### **RoHS compliant**

TYPES

### DIP4-pin type with current limiting and reinforced insulation

# **FEATURES**

**1. Current Limiting Function** To control an over current from flowing, the current limit function has been realized. It keeps an output current at a constant value when the current reaches a specified current limit value.

2. Enhances the capability of surge resistance between output terminals The current limit function controls the ON

time surge current to enhance the capability of surge resistance between output terminals.

**3. Reinforced insulation of 5,000 V** More than 0.4 mm internal insulation distance between inputs and outputs. Con-forms to EN41003, EN60950 (reinforced insulation).

#### 4. Controls low-level analog signals

GU 1 Form A

Current Limiting (AQY210HL)

PhotoMOS feature extremely low closedcircuit offset voltage to enable control of low-level analog signals without distortion.

5. High sensitivity and low onresistance

6. Low-level off state leakage current

# **TYPICAL APPLICATIONS**

• Telephone equipment

Photo MOS<sup>®</sup>

Modem

					Part No.						
	I/O isolation voltage	Output rating*		Daekaga	Through hole terminal	Si	Surface-mount terminal			Packing quantity	
		Lood	Lood		Tube packing style		Tape and reel packing style				
		Load voltage					Picked from the 1/2-pin side	Picked from the 3/4-pin side	Tube	Tape and reel	
AC/DC dual use	Reinforced 5,000 V	350 V	120 mA	DIP4-pin	AQY210HL	AQY210HLA	AQY210HLAX	AQY210HLAZ	1 tube contains: 100 pcs. 1 batch contains: 1,000 pcs.	1,000 pcs.	

\*Indicate the peak AC and DC values.

Note: For space reasons, only "210HL" is marked on the product. The three initial letters of the part number "AQY", the surface mount terminal shape indicator "A" and the packing style indicator "X" or "Z" are not marked on the device.

# RATING

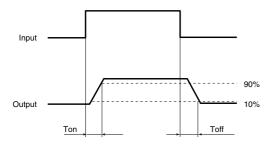
1. Absolute maximum ratings (Ambient temperature: 25°C 77°F)

Item		Symbol	AQY210HL(A)	Remarks
	LED forward current	IF	50 mA	
Input	LED reverse voltage	VR	5 V	
	Peak forward current	IFP	1 A	f = 100 Hz, Duty factor = 0.1%
	Power dissipation	Pin	75 mW	
Output	Load voltage (peak AC)	VL	350 V	
	Continuous load current	١L	0.12 A	Peak AC, DC
	Power dissipation	Pout	500 mW	
Total power dissipation		Ρτ	550 mW	
I/O isolation voltage		Viso	5,000 V AC	
Tempera	ture Operating	Topr	<b>−40°C to +85°C</b> −40°F to +185°F	Non-condensing at low temperatures
limits	Storage	Tstg	-40°C to +100°C -40°F to +212°F	

# GU 1 Form A Current Limiting (AQY210HL)

Item				AQY210HL(A)	Condition	
		Typical	1.2 mA	1 Mar.		
	LED operate current	Maximum	- IFon	3.0 mA	I∟ = Max.	
Innut		Minimum	1	0.4 mA	L May	
Input	LED turn off current	Typical	Foff	1.1 mA	I∟ = Max.	
	LED dropout voltage	Minimum	VF	1.25 (1.14 V at I⊧ = 5 mA)	I⊧ = 50 mA	
		Typical		1.5 V	IF = 50 MA	
	0	Typical	- Ron	20Ω	I⊧ = 5 mA	
_	On resistance	Maximum		25Ω	I∟ = Max. Within 1 s on time	
Output	Off state leakage current	Maximum	ILeak	1μΑ	I⊧ = 0 mA V∟ = Max.	
	Current limit	Typical	—	0.18 A	l⊧ = 5 mA	
	Turn on time*	Typical	- Ton	0.5 ms	I⊧ = 5 mA	
	Turn on time	Maximum	Ion	2.0 ms	I∟ = Max.	
	Turn off time*	Typical	- T <sub>off</sub>	0.08 ms	I⊧ = 5 mA	
Transfer characteristics		Maximum	I off	1.0 ms	I∟ = Max.	
5114140101151105		Typical	Ciso	0.8 pF	f = 1 MHz	
	I/O capacitance	Maximum	Ciso	1.5 pF	V <sub>B</sub> = 0 V	
	Initial I/O isolation resistance	Minimum	Riso	1,000 MΩ	500 V DC	

\*Turn on/Turn off time



# **RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS**

Please obey the following conditions to ensure proper device operation and resetting.

•	•		•
Item	Symbol	Recommended value	Unit
Input LED current	lF	5 to 10	mA

# For Dimensions. For Schematic and Wiring Diagrams. For Cautions for Use.

■ These products are not designed for automotive use.

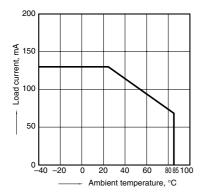
If you are considering to use these products for automotive applications, please contact your local Panasonic Corporation technical representative.

For more information.

### **REFERENCE DATA**

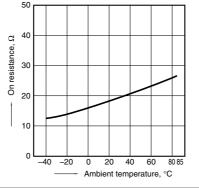
1. Load current vs. ambient temperature characteristics

Allowable ambient temperature: -40°C to +85°C -40°F to +185°F



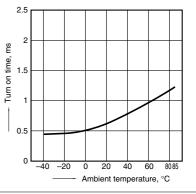
2. On resistance vs. ambient temperature characteristics

Measured portion: between terminals 3 and 4; LED current: 5 mA; Load voltage: Max. (DC) Continuous load current: Max.(DC)



3. Turn on time vs. ambient temperature characteristics

LED current: 5 mA; Load voltage: Max.(DC); Continuous load current: Max.(DC)

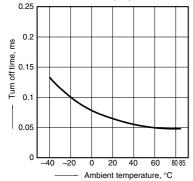


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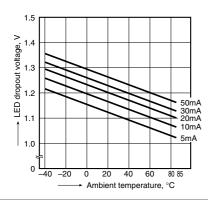
# GU 1 Form A Current Limiting (AQY210HL)

4. Turn off time vs. ambient temperature characteristics LED current: 5 mA; Load voltage: Max.(DC);

Continuous load current: Max.(DC)

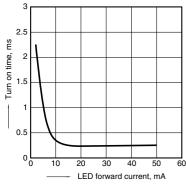


7. LED dropout voltage vs. ambient temperature characteristics LED current: 5 to 50 mA



# 10. Turn on time vs. LED forward current characteristics

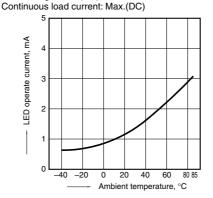
Measured portion: between terminals 3 and 4; Load voltage: Max.(DC); Continuous load current: Max.(DC); Ambient temperature:  $25^{\circ}C$   $77^{\circ}F$ 



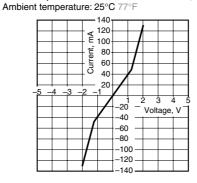
## What is current limit

When a load current reaches the specified output control current, a current limit function works against the load current to keep the current a constant value.

The current limit circuit built into the PhotoMOS thus controls the instantaneous load current to effectively ensure circuit safety. 5. LED operate current vs. ambient temperature characteristics Load voltage: Max.(DC);

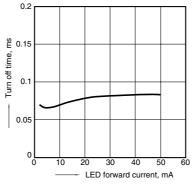


8. Current vs. voltage characteristics of output at MOS portion Measured portion: between terminals 3 and 4;



11. Turn off time vs. LED forward current characteristics

Measured portion: between terminals 3 and 4; Load voltage: Max.(DC); Continuous load current: Max.(DC); Ambient temperature:  $25^{\circ}C$   $77^{\circ}F$ 

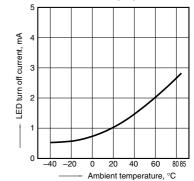


This safety feature protects circuits downstream of the PhotoMOS against over-current.

But, if the current-limiting feature is used longer than the specified time, the PhotoMOS can be destroyed. Therefore, set the output loss to the max. rate or less.

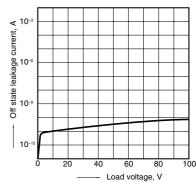
6. LED turn off current vs. ambient temperature characteristics Load voltage: Max.(DC);

Continuous load current: Max.(DC)



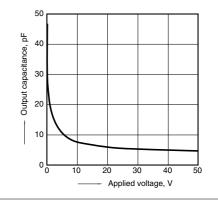
9. Off state leakage current vs. load voltage characteristics

Measured portion: between terminals 3 and 4; Ambient temperature: 25°C 77°F



# 12. Output capacitance vs. applied voltage characteristics

Measured portion: between terminals 3 and 4; Frequency: 1 MHz; Ambient temperature: 25°C 77°F



 Comparison of output voltage and output current characteristics V-I Characteristics

