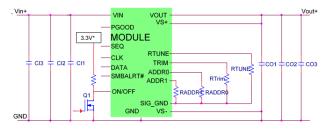
7Vdc –14Vdc input; 0.6Vdc to1.5Vdc output; 170A Output Current

# BUS

### **RoHS Compliant**

### Applications

- Networking equipment
- Telecommunications equipment
- Servers and storage applications
- Distributed power architectures
- Intermediate bus voltage applications
- Industrial equipment



### **Features**

- Compliant to RoHS Directive 2011/65/EU and amended Directive (EU) 2015/863.
- Compatible in a Pb-free or SnPb reflow environment (Z versions)
- Compliant to REACH Directive (EC) No 1907/2006
- Wide Input voltage range (7Vdc-14 Vdc)
- Output voltage programmable from 0.6Vdc to 1.5Vdc via external resistor or PMBus<sup>TM #</sup> commands
- Digital interface through the PMBus protocol
- Digital sequencing
- Fast digital loop control
- Power Good signal
- Fixed switching frequency with capability of external synchronization
- Output overcurrent protection (non-latching)
- Output overvoltage protection
- Over temperature protection
- Remote On/Off
- Ability to sink and source current
- Cost efficient open frame design
- Small size: 53.8 x 31.7 x 13.3 mm [ 2.118" x 1.248" x 0.524"]
- Wide operating temperature range [-40°C to 85°C]
- ANSI/UL\* 62368-1 and CAN/CSA<sup>+</sup> C22.2 No. 62368-1 Recognized, DIN VDE<sup>+</sup> 0868-1/A11:2017 (EN62368-1:2014/A11:2017)
- ISO\*\* 9001 and ISO 14001 certified manufacturing facilities

### Description

The 170A Digital TeraDLynx<sup>™</sup> power modules are non-isolated dc-dc converters that can deliver up to 170A of output current. These modules operate over a 7 to 14Vdc input range and provide a precisely regulated output voltage from 0.6 to 1.5Vdc. The output voltage is programmable via an external resistor and/or PMBus control. Features include a digital interface using the PMBus protocol, remote On/Off, adjustable output voltage, Power Good signal and overcurrent, overvoltage and overtemperature protection. The PMBus interface supports a range of commands to both control and monitor the module. The module also includes a real time compensation loop that allows optimizing the dynamic response of the converter to match the load with reduced amount of output capacitance leading to savings on cost and PWB area.

- \* UL is a registered trademark of Underwriters Laboratories, Inc.
- <sup>+</sup> CSA is a registered trademark of Canadian Standards Association.
- <sup>+</sup> VDE is a trademark of Verband Deutscher Elektrotechniker e.V.
- \*\* ISO is a registered trademark of the International Organization of Standards
- <sup>#</sup> The PMBus name and logo are registered trademarks of the System Management Interface Forum (SMIF)





7Vdc –14Vdc input; 0.6Vdc to 1.5Vdc output; 170A Output Current

### **Absolute Maximum Ratings**

Stresses in excess of the absolute maximum ratings can cause permanent damage to the device. These are only absolute stress ratings, functional operation of the device is not implied at these or any other conditions in excess of those given in the operations sections of the technical requirements. Exposure to absolute maximum ratings for extended periods can adversely affect the device reliability.

Parameter	Device	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
Input Voltage - Continuous	All	V <sub>IN</sub>	-0.3	15	V
SEQ, ADDR0, ADDR1, RTUNE, RTRIM, SYNC, VS+, ON/OFF	All		-0.3	3.6	V
CLK, DATA, SMBALERT#	All		-0.3	3.6	V
Operating Ambient Temperature	All	T <sub>A</sub>	-40	85	°C
(see Thermal Considerations section)					
Storage Temperature	All	T <sub>stg</sub>	-55	125	°C

### **Electrical Specifications**

Unless otherwise indicated, specifications apply over all operating input voltage, resistive load, and temperature conditions.

Parameter	Device	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Operating Input Voltage	All	V <sub>IN</sub>	7	_	14	Vdc
Maximum Input Current	All	I <sub>IN,max</sub>			40	Adc
$(V_{IN}=7V \text{ to } 14V, I_0=I_{0, max})$						
Input No Load Current	V <sub>O,set</sub> = 0.6 Vdc	I <sub>IN,No load</sub>		160		mA
$(V_{IN} = 12Vdc, I_0 = 0, module enabled)$	V <sub>0,set</sub> = 1.5Vdc	IIN1No load		200		mA
Input Stand-by Current (V <sub>IN</sub> = 12Vdc, module disabled)	All	I <sub>IN,stand-by</sub>		62		mA
Inrush Transient	All	l²t		1		A <sup>2</sup> s
Input Reflected Ripple Current, peak-to-peak (5Hz to 20MHz, $1\mu$ H source impedance; V <sub>IN</sub> =0 to 14V, I <sub>0</sub> = I <sub>Omax</sub> ; See Test Configurations)	All			5		mAp-p
Input Ripple Rejection (120Hz)	All			-54		dB
Output Voltage Set-point Tolerance over output voltage range from 0.5 to 1.5V						
0 to 85ºC	All	V <sub>O, set</sub>	-0.7		+0.7	% V <sub>O, set</sub>
-40 to 85⁰C	All	V <sub>O, set</sub>	-1.0		+1.0	% V <sub>O, set</sub>
Voltage Regulation <sup>1</sup>						
Line Regulation	(VIN=VIN, min to VIN, max)			2		mV
	(12V <sub>IN</sub> ±20%)			1		mV
Load $(I_0=I_{0, min} \text{ to } I_{0, max})$ Regulation	All			4		mV

<sup>1</sup>Worst case Line and load regulation data, all temperatures, from design verification testing as per IPC9592.

7Vdc -14Vdc input; 0.6Vdc to 1.5Vdc output; 170A Output Current

### Electrical Specifications (continued)

Parameter	Device	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Adjustment Range (selected by an external resistor)	All	Vout	0.6		1.5	Vdc
PMBus Adjustable Output Voltage Range	All	Vout	0.6		1.5	Vdc
PMBus Output Voltage Adjustment Step Size	All			61 <sup>2</sup>		μV
Remote Sense Range	All				0.3	Vdc
Output Ripple and Noise on nominal output ( $V_{IN}=V_{IN, nom}$ and $I_0=I_{0, min}$ to $I_{0, max}$ Co = 1500 $\mu$ F						
Peak-to-Peak (Full bandwidth)					30	$mV_{\text{pk-pk}}$
RMS (Full bandwidth)	All				12	mV <sub>rms</sub>
External Capacitance <sup>3</sup>						
Minimum output capacitance	All	C <sub>O,min</sub>	1500	—		μF
Maximum output capacitance	All	Co, max		_	40000	μF
Output Current (in either sink or source mode)	All	lo	0.005 *		170	Adc
Output Current Limit Inception (Hiccup Mode) (current limit does not operate in sink mode)	All	I <sub>O, lim</sub>		110		% I <sub>o,max</sub>
Output Short-Circuit Current	All	$I_{\text{O1, s/c}}$ , $I_{\text{O1, s/c}}$		40		Arms
(V₀≤250mV) (Hiccup Mode)						
Efficiency	V <sub>o,set</sub> = 0.6Vdc	η		85.9		%
	V <sub>O, set</sub> = 0.8Vdc	η		88.6		%
V <sub>IN</sub> = 12Vdc, T <sub>A</sub> =25°C	V <sub>o,set</sub> = 1.0Vdc	η		90.3		%
Io=Io, max , Vo= Vo,set	V <sub>O,set</sub> = 1.2Vdc	η		91.4		%
	V <sub>o, set</sub> = 1.5Vdc	η		92.6		%
Switching Frequency	All	f <sub>sw</sub>	-	400	-	kHz
Frequency Synchronization	All					
Synchronization Frequency Range	All		-15		+15	%
High-Level Input Voltage	All	VIH, SYNC	2.5			V
Low-Level Input Voltage	All	VIL,SYNC			1.1	V
Minimum Pulse Width, SYNC	All	tsync	256			ns

\* Minimum load on module should be 5mA

<sup>2</sup> this must be supported by an appropriate PMBus tool capable of writing at that resolution

<sup>3</sup> External capacitors may require using the new Tunable Loop<sup>™</sup> feature to ensure that the module is stable as well as getting the best transient response. See the Tunable Loop<sup>™</sup> section for details.

7Vdc –14Vdc input; 0.6Vdc to 1.5Vdc output; 170A Output Current

### **General Specifications**

Parameter	Device	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Calculated MTBF (I_0=0.8I_0, _max, T_A=40 °C) Telecordia Issue 2 Method 1 Case 3	All		11,556,226		Hours
Weight - Module with SMT Pins			57 (2.01)		g (oz.)
Module with Through Hole Pins			59 (2.08)		g (oz.)

### **Feature Specifications**

Unless otherwise indicated, specifications apply over all operating input voltage, resistive load, and temperature conditions. See Feature Descriptions for additional information.

Parameter	Device	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
On/Off Signal Interface						
(V <sub>IN</sub> =V <sub>IN, min</sub> to V <sub>IN, max</sub> ; open collector or equivalent,						
Signal referenced to GND)						
Device Code with no suffix - Negative Logic (See Ordering Information)						
(On/OFF pin is open collector/drain logic input with						
external pull-up resistor; signal referenced to GND)						
Logic High (Module OFF)						
Input High Current	All	Ін	_	-	1	mA
Input High Voltage	All	Vih	2	_	3.6*	Vdc
Logic Low (Module ON)						
Input low Current	All	lı.	_	_	10	μA
Input Low Voltage	All	VIL	-0.2	_	0.4	Vdc
	~	VIL	-0.2		0.4	vuc
Device Code with suffix "4" - Positive Logic (See Ordering Information)						
(On/OFF pin is open collector/drain logic input with						
external pull-up resistor; signal referenced to GND)						
Logic High (Module ON)						
Input High Current	All	Ін	_	_	10	μΑ
Input High Voltage	All	Vih	2	_	3.6*	Vdc
Logic Low (Module OFF)						
Input low Current	All	lı.	_	_	10	μΑ
Input Low Voltage	All	VIL	-0.2	_	0.4	Vdc
Turn-On Delay and Rise Times						
(V <sub>IN</sub> =V <sub>IN, nom</sub> , I <sub>O</sub> =I <sub>O, max</sub> , V <sub>O</sub> to within ±1% of steady state)						
Case 1: On/Off input is enabled and then input power is						
applied (delay from instant at which $V_{IN} = V_{IN, min}$ until Vo =	All	Tdelay	_	30	_	ms
10% of Vo, set)						
Case 2: Input power is applied for at least one second and						
then the On/Off input is enabled (delay from instant at which Von/Off is enabled until Vo = 10% of Vo, set)	All	Tdelay	-	15	—	ms
Output voltage Rise time (time for $V_0$ to rise from						
10% of Vo, set to 90% of Vo, set)	All	Trise	10		—	msec
Output voltage overshoot (T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C						
$V_{IN} = V_{IN, min}$ to $V_{IN, max}$ , $I_0 = I_{0, min}$ to $I_{0, max}$ )		Output			3.0	% V <sub>O, set</sub>
With or without maximum external capacitance						
Over Temperature Protection (See Thermal Considerations section)	All	T <sub>ref</sub>		135		°C
		-		4.25		*6
PMBus Over Temperature Warning Threshold	All	Twarn		125		°C

\*Use external resistive voltage divider to step down higher logic voltages

7Vdc –14Vdc input; 0.6Vdc to 1.5Vdc output; 170A Output Current

### Feature Specifications (cont.)

Parameter	Device	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Units
Tracking Accuracy (Power-Up: 0.5V/ms)	All	VSEQ –Vo			100	mV
(Power-Down: 0.5V/ms)	All	VSEQ –Vo			100	mV
(VIN, min to VIN, max; Io, min to Io, max VSEQ < Vo)						
Input Undervoltage Lockout						
Turn-on Threshold	All				7	Vdc
Turn-off Threshold	All		6.75			Vdc
Hysteresis	All			0.25		Vdc
PMBus Adjustable Input Under Voltage Lockout Thresholds	All		7		14	Vdc
Resolution of Adjustable Input Under Voltage Threshold	All				5.8	mV
PGOOD (Power Good) for output voltages set with Rtrim**						
Signal Interface Open Drain, $V_{supply} \leq 5VDC$						
Overvoltage threshold for PGOOD ON	All			112.5		%V <sub>O, set</sub>
Undervoltage threshold for PGOOD OFF	All			87.5		%V <sub>0, set</sub>
Pulldown resistance of PGOOD pin	All				2	Ω
Sink current capability into PGOOD pin	All				50	mA

\*\*If output voltage is set using VOUT COMMAND(21h) then PGOOD ON and PGOOD OFF thresholds should be manually set through PMBus commands 5E and 5F

7Vdc -14Vdc input; 0.6Vdc to 1.5Vdc output; 170A Output Current

### **Digital Interface Specifications**

Unless otherwise indicated, specifications apply over all operating input voltage, resistive load, and temperature conditions. See Feature Descriptions for additional information.

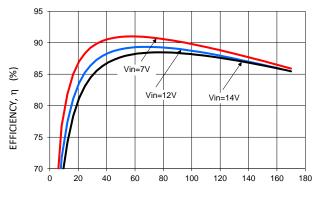
Parameter	Conditions	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
PMBus Signal Interface Characteristics						
Input High Voltage (CLK, DATA)		Vih	2.1			V
Input Low Voltage (CLK, DATA)		VIL			1.1	V
Input high level current (CLK, DATA)		Ін			0.5	μA
Input low level current (CLK, DATA)		IIL			4	mA
Output Low Voltage (CLK, DATA, SMBALERT#)	I <sub>OUT</sub> =4mA	Vol			0.25	V
Output high level open drain leakage current (DATA, SMBALERT#)	V <sub>OUT</sub> =3.6V	Іон	5		55	nA
Pin capacitance		Co			10	pF
PMBus Operating frequency range	Slave Mode	Fpmb	10		1000	kHz
Data hold time		<b>t</b> hd:dat		0		ns
Data setup time		tsu:dat		100		ns
Measurement System Characteristics						
Read delay time		tdly		110		μs
Output current measurement range		I <sub>RNG</sub>	0		185	А
Output current measurement resolution		Ires		250		mA
Output current measurement accuracy	-40°C to +85°C	I <sub>ACC</sub>			±5	% of Io,max
V <sub>OUT</sub> measurement range		V <sub>OUT</sub>	0		2.0	V
V <sub>OUT</sub> measurement accuracy		V <sub>OUT(gain)</sub>		±1		% of Vo,max
V <sub>OUT</sub> measurement resolution		V <sub>OUT(res)</sub>		0.61		mV
V <sub>IN</sub> measurement range		V <sub>IN</sub>	0		16	V
V <sub>IN</sub> measurement accuracy		$V_{IN(gain)}$		±2		%
V <sub>IN</sub> measurement resolution		V <sub>IN(res)</sub>		5.8		mV
Temperature measurement range		T <sub>MEAS</sub>	-25		150	°C
Temperature measurement accuracy		T <sub>MEAS(gain)</sub>	-8		8	°C
Temperature measurement resolution		T <sub>MEAS(res)</sub>		0.08		°C

7Vdc -14Vdc input; 0.6Vdc to 1.5Vdc output; 170A Output Current

### **Characteristic Curves**

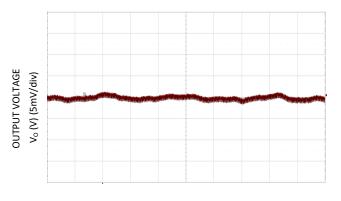
The following figures provide typical characteristics for the 170A Digital TeraDLynx<sup>™</sup> at 0.6Vo and 25°C.

OUTPUT CURRENT, Io (A)



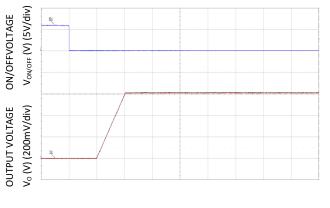
OUTPUT CURRENT, Io (A)



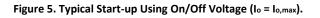


TIME, t (50µs/div)

Figure 3. Typical output ripple and noise ( $C_0=12x47\mu$ F ceramic + 10x470 $\mu$ F polymer, V<sub>IN</sub> = 12V, I<sub>0</sub> = I<sub>0,max</sub>,).



TIME, t (10ms/div)



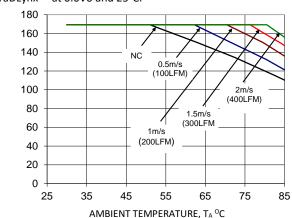
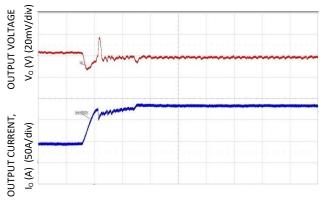


Figure 2. Derating Output Current versus Ambient Temperature and Airflow.

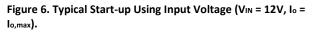


TIME, t (200µs /div)

Figure 4. Transient Response to Dynamic Load Change from 25% to 75% at 12Vin, Co= 12 x 47 $\mu$ F + 10 x 1000 $\mu$ F, R<sub>TUNE</sub> = 3.01k $\Omega$ .



#### TIME, t (10ms/div)

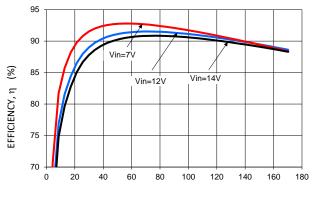


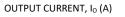
7Vdc -14Vdc input; 0.6Vdc to 1.5Vdc output; 170A Output Current

### **Characteristic Curves**

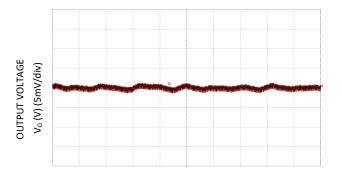
The following figures provide typical characteristics for the 170A TeraDLynx<sup>™</sup> at 0.8Vo and 25°C

OUTPUT CURRENT, Io (A)









TIME, t (50µs/div)

Figure 9. Typical output ripple and noise ( $C_0=12x47\mu$ F ceramic + 10x470 $\mu$ F polymer, VIN = 12V, Io = Io,max,)

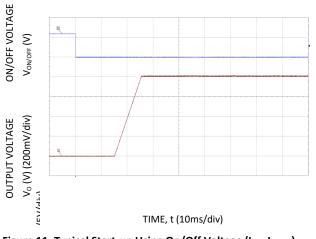


Figure 11. Typical Start-up Using On/Off Voltage (Io = Io,max).

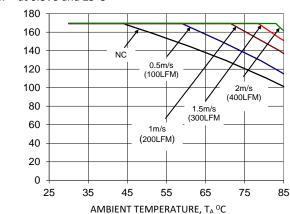
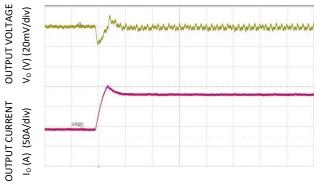
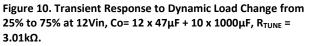
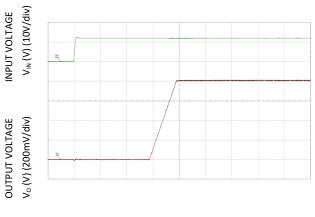


Figure 8. Derating Output Current versus Ambient Temperature and Airflow.









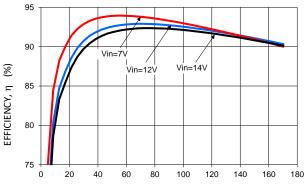
TIME, t (10ms/div)

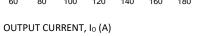
Figure 12. Typical Start-up Using Input Voltage ( $V_{IN}$  = 12V,  $I_0$  =  $I_{0,max}$ ).

7Vdc -14Vdc input; 0.6Vdc to 1.5Vdc output; 170A Output Current

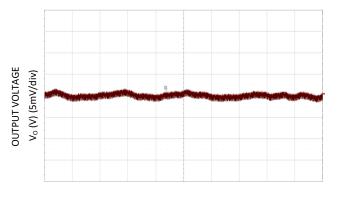
### **Characteristic Curves**

The following figures provide typical characteristics for the 170A Digital TeraDLynx<sup>™</sup> at 1.0Vo and 25°C.



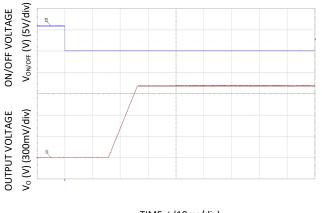






TIME, t (50µs/div)

Figure 15. Typical output ripple and noise (C<sub>0</sub>=12x47µF ceramic + 10x470µF polymer, VIN = 12V, Io = Io,max,)



TIME, t (10ms/div)



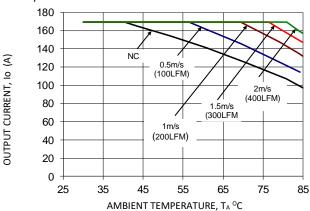


Figure 14. Derating Output Current versus Ambient Temperature and Airflow.

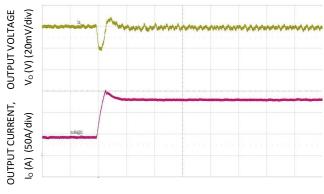
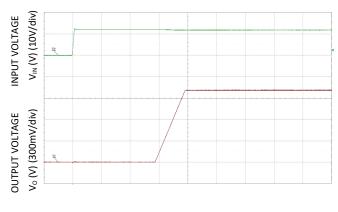
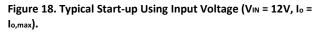




Figure 16. Transient Response to Dynamic Load Change from 25% to 75% at 12Vin, Co= 12 x 47µF + 10 x 1000µF, R<sub>TUNE</sub> = 3.01kΩ.



#### TIME, t (10ms/div)



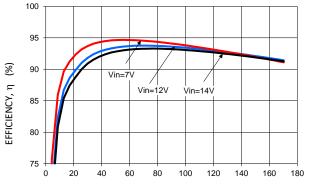
7Vdc –14Vdc input; 0.6Vdc to 1.5Vdc output; 170A Output Current

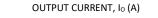
### **Characteristic Curves**

The following figures provide typical characteristics for the 170A Digital TeraDLynx<sup>™</sup> at 1.2Vo and 25°C.

₹

OUTPUT CURRENT, Io







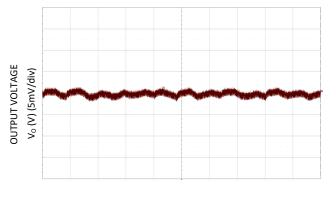




Figure 21. Typical output ripple and noise (C\_0=12x47 $\mu$ F ceramic + 10x470 $\mu$ F polymer, V\_IN = 12V, I\_0 = I\_{0,max,})

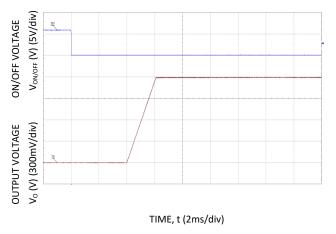


Figure 23. Typical Start-up Using On/Off Voltage (Io = Io,max).

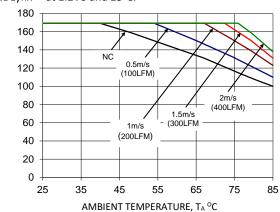
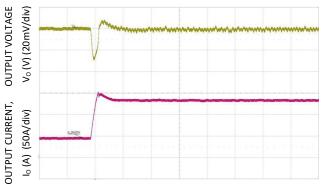
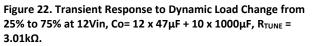
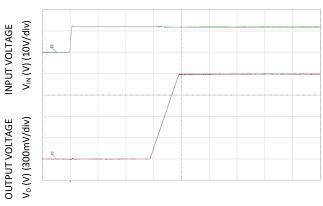


Figure 20. Derating Output Current versus Ambient Temperature and Airflow.



TIME, t (200µs /div)





#### TIME, t (10ms/div)

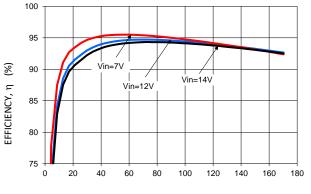
Figure 24. Typical Start-up Using Input Voltage (VIN = 12V,  $I_0 = I_{0,max}$ ).

7Vdc -14Vdc input; 0.6Vdc to 1.5Vdc output; 170A Output Current

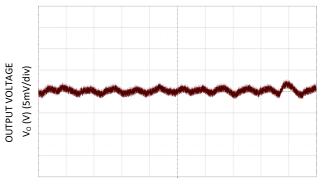
### **Characteristic Curves**

The following figures provide typical characteristics for the 170A Digital TeraDLynx<sup>™</sup> at 1.5Vo and 25°C.

OUTPUT CURRENT, Io (A)



OUTPUT CURRENT, I<sub>0</sub> (A) Figure 25. Converter Efficiency versus Output Current.



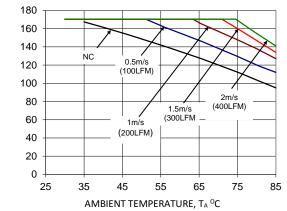
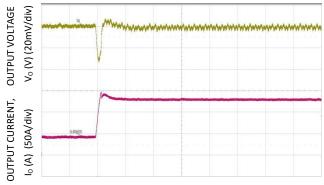


Figure 26. Derating Output Current versus Ambient Temperature and Airflow.

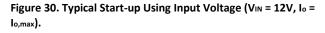


#### TIME, t (200µs /div)

Figure 28. Transient Response to Dynamic Load Change from 25% to 75% at 12Vin, Co= 12 x 47 $\mu$ F + 10 x 1000 $\mu$ F, R<sub>TUNE</sub> = 3.01k $\Omega$ .

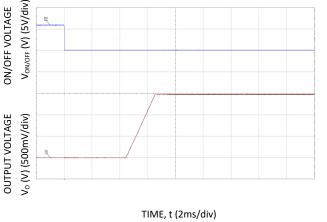


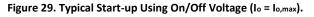
### TIME, t (2ms/div)



TIME, t (50μs/div)

Figure 27. Typical output ripple and noise (C\_0=12x47 $\mu$ F ceramic + 10x470 $\mu$ F polymer, V\_IN = 12V, I\_0 = I\_{0,max,})





Data Sheet

### 170A TeraDLynx<sup>™</sup>: Non-Isolated DC-DC Power Modules

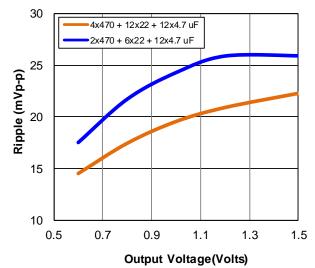
7Vdc –14Vdc input; 0.6Vdc to 1.5Vdc output; 170A Output Current

### **Design Considerations**

### **Input Filtering**

The 170A TeraDLynx<sup>™</sup> module should be connected to a low ac-impedance source. A highly inductive source can affect the stability of the module. An input capacitance must be placed directly adjacent to the input pins of the module, to minimize input ripple voltage and ensure module stability.

To minimize input voltage ripple, ceramic capacitors are recommended at the input of the module. Figure 31 shows the input ripple voltage for various output voltages at 170A of load current with 4x470 + 12x22 + 12x4.7  $\mu$ F and 2x470 + 6x22 + 12x4.7  $\mu$ F input capacitor combinations.



# Figure 31. Input ripple voltage for various output voltages with two input capacitor combinations at 170A load. Input voltage is 12V.

#### **Output Filtering**

These modules are designed for low output ripple voltage and will meet the maximum output ripple specification with minimum of  $12 \times 22 \mu$ F ceramic capacitors at the output of the module. However, additional output filtering may be required by the system designer for a number of reasons. First, there may be a need to further reduce the output ripple and noise of the module. Second, the dynamic response characteristics may need to be customized to a particular load step change.

To reduce the output ripple and improve the dynamic response to a step load change, additional capacitance at the output can be used. Low ESR polymer and ceramic capacitors are recommended to improve the dynamic response of the module. Figure 32 provides output ripple information for capacitance of ~3574µF (47µF (1210 ceramic) x 12 + 10µF (0805 ceramic) + 0.1uF (0402) x4 + 1000µF (polymer) x 3) at various Vo and a full load current of 170A. For stable operation of the module, limit the capacitance to less than the maximum output capacitance as specified in the electrical specification table. Optimal performance of the module can

be achieved by using the Tunable  $\mathsf{Loop}^\mathsf{TM}$  feature described later in this data sheet.

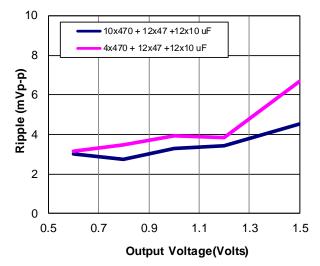


Figure 32. Peak to peak output ripple voltage for various output voltages with external capacitors at the output (170A load). Input voltage is 12V.

### Input (Vin/GND) and Output (Vout/GND) Power Pins

Vin, Vout and GND power pins must ALL be used in connection to their respective application layout/circuitry to ensure optimum electrical and thermal operation of the high-power module.

### **Safety Considerations**

For safety agency approval the power module must be For safety agency approval the power module must be installed in compliance with the spacing and separation requirements of the end-use safety agency standards, i.e., UL ANSI/UL\* 62368-1 and CAN/CSA+ C22.2 No. 62368-1 Recognized, DIN VDE 0868-1/A11:2017 (EN62368-1:2014/A11:2017)

For the converter output to be considered meeting the

Requirements of safety extra-low voltage (SELV) or ES1, the input must meet SELV/ES1 requirements. The power module has extra-low voltage (ELV) outputs when all inputs are ELV.

The input to these units is to be provided with a slow-blow fuse. When the input voltage is ≤ 8V, the recommendation is to use two 25A Littelfuse 456 series or equivalent fuses in parallel. For input voltages > 8V, a single 40A Littelfuse series 456 or equivalent fuse is recommended.

Data Sheet

### 170A TeraDLynx<sup>™</sup>: Non-Isolated DC-DC Power Modules

7Vdc -14Vdc input; 0.6Vdc to 1.5Vdc output; 170A Output Current

### **Analog Feature Descriptions**

### Remote On/Off

GE

The TeraDLynx 170A module can be turned ON and OFF either by using the ON/OFF pin (Analog interface) or through the PMBus interface (Digital). The module can be configured in a number of ways through the PMBus interface to react to the ON/OFF input:

- Module ON/OFF can controlled only through the analog interface (digital interface ON/OFF commands are ignored)
- Module ON/OFF can controlled only through the PMBus interface (analog interface is ignored)
- Module ON/OFF can be controlled by either the analog or digital interface

The default state of the module (as shipped from the factory) is to be controlled by the analog interface only. If the digital interface is to be enabled, or the module is to be controlled only through the digital interface, this change must be made through the PMBus. These changes can be made and written to non-volatile memory on the module so that it is remembered for subsequent use.

### Analog On/Off

The 170A Digital TeraDLynx<sup>™</sup> power modules feature an On/Off pin for remote On/Off operation. With the Negative Logic On/Off option, (see Ordering Information), the module turns OFF during logic High and ON during logic Low. The On/Off signal should be always referenced to ground. Leaving the On/Off pin disconnected will turn the module ON when input voltage is present. With the positive logic on/off option, the module turns ON during logic high and OFF during logic low.

### **Digital On/Off**

#### Please see the Digital Feature Descriptions section.

#### **Monotonic Start-up and Shutdown**

The module has monotonic start-up and shutdown behavior on the output for any combination of rated input voltage, output current and operating temperature range.

### **Startup into Pre-biased Output**

The module will start into a pre biased output on output as long as the pre bias voltage is 0.5V less than the set output voltage.

#### **Analog Output Voltage Programming**

The output voltage of the module is programmable to any voltage from 0.6 to 1.5Vdc, as shown in Table 1, by connecting a resistor between the Trim and SIG\_GND pins of the module as shown in Fig 33.

Without an external resistor between the Trim pin and SIG\_GND pins, the output of the module will be 0.1 Vdc. The

value of the trim resistor,  $R_{Trim}$  for a desired output voltage, should be selected as shown in Table 1.

The trim resistor is only determined during module initialization and hence cannot be used for dynamic output voltage adjustment

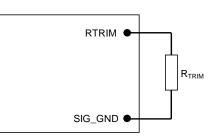


Figure 33. Circuit configuration for programming output voltage using an external resistor.

Table 1

V <sub>O, set</sub> (V)	Rtrim (Ω)	V <sub>O, set</sub> (V)	Rtrim (Ω)	V <sub>O, set</sub> (V)	Rtrim (Ω)
0.600	1090	1.000	2870	1.400	18900
0.620	1140	1.020	3050	1.420	23200
0.640	1180	1.040	3240	1.440	29800
0.660	1230	1.060	3480	1.460	40200
0.680	1290	1.080	3700	1.480	60400
0.700	1330	1.100	3920	1.500	115000
0.720	1380	1.120	4220		
0.740	1470	1.140	4530		
0.760	1560	1.160	4990		
0.780	1640	1.180	5360		
0.800	1740	1.200	5900		
0.820	1820	1.220	6420		
0.840	1930	1.240	6980		
0.860	2030	1.260	7680		
0.880	2130	1.280	8450		
0.900	2230	1.300	9420		
0.920	2340	1.320	10400		
0.940	2460	1.340	11700		
0.960	2610	1.360	13500		
0.980	2710	1.380	15800		

#### **Digital Output Voltage Adjustment**

#### Please see the Digital Feature Descriptions section.

### Remote Sense

The power module has a differential Remote Sense feature to minimize the effects of distribution losses by regulating the voltage between the sense pins (VS+ and VS-) for the output. The voltage drop between the sense pins and the VOUT and GND pins of the module should not exceed 0.3V.

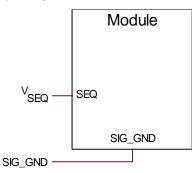
7Vdc -14Vdc input; 0.6Vdc to 1.5Vdc output; 170A Output Current

### **Digital Output Voltage Margining**

#### Please see the Digital Feature Descriptions section.

#### **Output Voltage Sequencing**

The power module includes a sequencing feature, EZ-SEQUENCE that enables users to implement various types of output voltage sequencing in their applications. This is accomplished via an additional sequencing pin. When not using the sequencing feature, leave it unconnected.



### Figure 34. Circuit showing connection of the sequencing signal to the SEQ pin.

When the sequencing voltage is applied to the SEQ pin, the output voltage tracks this voltage until the output reaches the set-point voltage. The final value of the sequencing voltage must be set higher than the set-point voltage of the module. The output voltage follows the sequencing voltage on a oneto-one basis. By connecting multiple modules together, multiple modules can track their output voltages to the voltage applied on the SEQ pin.

The module's output can track the SEQ pin signal with slopes of up to 0.5V/msec during power-up or power-down.

To initiate simultaneous shutdown of the modules, the SEQ pin voltage is lowered in a controlled manner. The output voltage of the modules tracks the voltages below their setpoint voltages on a one-to-one basis. A valid input voltage must be maintained until the tracking and output voltages reach ground potential.

#### **Digital Sequencing**

The module can support digital sequencing by allowing control of the turn-on delay and rise times as well as turn-off and fall times,

#### **Digital Output Voltage Margining**

#### Please see the Digital Feature Descriptions section.

### **Overcurrent Protection (OCP)**

To provide protection in a fault (output overload) condition, the unit is equipped with internal current-limiting circuitry on output and can endure current limiting continuously. The module overcurrent response is non-latching shutdown with automatic recovery. OCP response time is programmable through manufacturer specific commands. The unit operates normally once the output current is brought back into its specified range.

### **Digital Adjustable Overcurrent Warning**

### Please see the Digital Feature Descriptions section.

#### **Overtemperature Protection**

To provide protection in a fault condition, the unit is equipped with a thermal shutdown circuit. The unit will shut down if the overtemperature threshold of 135 °C (typ) is exceeded at the thermal reference point  $T_{ref}$ . Once the unit goes into thermal shutdown it will then wait to cool before attempting to restart.

#### **Digital Adjustable Overcurrent Warning/Shutdown**

Please see the Digital Feature Descriptions section.

**Digital Temperature Status via PMBus** 

Please see the Digital Feature Descriptions section.

#### Digitally Adjustable Output Over and Under Voltage Protection

#### Please see the Digital Feature Descriptions section.

#### Input Undervoltage Lockout

At input voltages below the input undervoltage lockout limit, module operation for the associated output is disabled. The module will begin to operate at an input voltage above the undervoltage lockout turn-on threshold.

**Digitally Adjustable Input Undervoltage Lockout** 

Please see the Digital Feature Descriptions section.

**Digitally Adjustable Power Good Thresholds** 

#### Please see the Digital Feature Descriptions section.

#### **Synchronization**

The module switching frequency is capable of being synchronized to an external signal frequency within a specified range. Synchronization is done by using the external signal applied to the SYNC pin of the module as shown in Fig. 35, with the converter being synchronized by the rising edge of the external signal. The Electrical Specifications table specifies the requirements of the external SYNC signal. If the SYNC pin is not used, the module should free run at the default switching frequency.

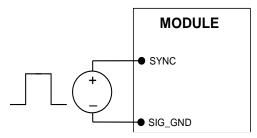


Figure 35. External source connections to synchronize switching frequency of the module.

7Vdc -14Vdc input; 0.6Vdc to 1.5Vdc output; 170A Output Current

# Measuring Output Current, Output Voltage and Input Voltage

#### Please see the Digital Feature Descriptions section.

### **Digital Compensator**

The TJT170 module uses digital control to regulate the output voltage. As with all POL modules, external capacitors are usually added to the output of the module for two reasons: to reduce output ripple and noise and to reduce output voltage deviations from the steady-state value in the presence of dynamic load current changes. Adding external capacitance however affects the voltage control loop of the module, typically causing the loop to slow down with sluggish response. Larger values of external capacitance could also cause the module to become unstable.

The TJT170 comes with default compensation values programmed into the non-volatile memory of the module. These digital compensation values can be adjusted externally to optimize transient response and also ensure stability for a wide range of external capacitance, as well as with different types of output capacitance. This can be done by two different methods.

- By allowing the user to select among several pre-tuned compensation choices to select the one most suited to the transient response needs of the load. This selection is made via a resistor RTune connected between the RTUNE and SIG\_GND pins as shown in Fig. 35. Table 2 shows various pre-tuned compensation combinations recommended for various external capacitor combinations.
- 2. Using PMBus to change compensation parameters in the module.

Note that during initial startup of the module, compensation values that are stored in non-volatile memory are used. If a resistor RTune is connected to the module, then the compensation values are changed to ones that correspond to the value of RTUNE. If RTUNE is open however, no change in compensation values is made. Finally, if the user chooses to do so, they can overwrite the compensation values via PMBus commands.

Recommended values of  $R_{TUNE}$  for different output capacitor combinations are given in Table 2. If no RTUNE is used, the default compensation values are used.

The TJT170 pre-tuned compensation can be divided into three different banks (COMP1, COMP2, COMP3) that are available to the user to compensate the control loop for various values and combinations of output capacitance and to obtain reliable and stable performance under different conditions. Each bank consists of 20 different sets of compensation coefficients precalculated for different values of output capacitance. The three banks are set up as follows:

- COMP1: Recommended for the case where all of the output capacitance is composed of only ceramic capacitors. The range of external output capacitance is from 1470  $\mu$ F to a maximum value of 17640  $\mu$ F)
- COMP2: For the most commonly used mix of ceramic and polymer type capacitors that have higher output capacitance in a smaller size. The range of output capacitance is from 2564  $\mu$ F to a maximum of 30564 uF. This is the combination of output capacitance and compensation that can achieve the best transient response at lowest cost and smallest size. For example, with the maximum output capacitance of 12 x 47 $\mu$ F ceramics + 25 x 1000  $\mu$ F polymer capacitors, and selecting RTUNE = 5.36k $\Omega$ , transient deviation can be as low as 25 mV, for a 50% load step (0 to 85A).
- COMP3: Suitable for a mix of ceramic and higher ESR polymers or electrolytic capacitors, with output capacitance ranging from a minimum of 2204 μF to a maximum of 30084 μF.

Selecting  $R_{TUNE}$  according to Table 2 will ensure stable operation of the module with sufficient stability margin as well as yield optimal transient response. Also, see section on Power Module Wizard after Table 2.

In applications with tight output voltage limits in the presence of dynamic current loading, additional output capacitance will be required. Table 3 lists recommended values of  $R_{TUNE}$  in order to meet 2% output voltage deviation limits for some common output voltages in the presence of an 85A to 170A step change (50% of full load), with an input voltage of 12V. Please contact your GE technical representative to obtain more details of this feature as well as for guidelines on how to select the right value of external RTUNE to tune the module for best transient performance and stable operation for other output

capacitance values. Simulation models are also available via the GE Power Module Wizard to predict stability characteristics and transient response.

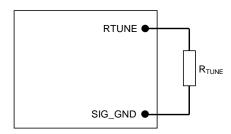


Figure 36. Circuit diagram showing connection of  $R_{\mbox{\scriptsize TUNE}}$  to tune the control loop of the module.

7Vdc -14Vdc input; 0.6Vdc to 1.5Vdc output; 170A Output Current

Output Capacitance	Number of Output	Total Output	R <sub>TUNE</sub>	R <sub>TUNE</sub>				
Туре	Capacitors**	Capacitance (µF)**	resistor (Ω)	Index	KD	KI	КР	AP
	Default Compensation Value		OPEN		375	2	37	150
Ceramic	10 x 47μF + 10 x 100μF	1398	29.1	0	375	2	37	150
Ceramic	12 x 47μF + 12 x 100μF	1644	88.7	1	441	3	44	150
Ceramic	14 x 47μF + 14 x 100μF	1890	150	2	506	3	51	150
Ceramic	16 x 47μF + 16 x 100μF	2136	213	3	572	3	57	150
Ceramic	19 x 47µF + 19 x 100µF	2505	280	4	671	3	67	150
Ceramic	22 x 47µF + 22 x 100µF	2874	348	5	770	4	77	150
Ceramic	25 x 47μF + 25 x 100μF	3243	417	6	869	4	87	150
Ceramic	28 x 47µF + 28 x 100µF	3612	493	7	968	4	97	150
Ceramic	31 x 47µF + 31 x 100µF	3981	569	8	1067	4	107	150
Ceramic	34 x 47µF + 34 x 100µF	4350	642	9	1166	4	117	150
Ceramic	38 x 47µF + 38 x 100µF	4842	723	10	1297	5	130	150
Ceramic	42 x 47µF + 42 x 100µF	5334	806	11	1429	5	143	150
Ceramic	48 x 47µF + 48 x 100µF	6072	898	12	1627	5	163	150
Ceramic	55 x 47μF + 55 x 100μF	6933	938	13	1858	5	186	150
Ceramic	63 x 47μF + 63 x 100μF	7917	1090	14	2121	6	212	150
Ceramic	72 x 47µF + 72 x 100µF	9024	1180	15	2418	6	242	150
Ceramic	82 x 47µF + 82 x 100µF	10254	1290	16	2748	7	275	150
Ceramic	93 x 47µF + 93 x 100µF	11607	1400	17	3110	7	311	150
Ceramic	105 x 47μF + 105 x 100μF	13083	1520	18	3506	7	351	150
Ceramic	120 x 47μF + 120 x 100μF	14928	1640	19	4000	8	400	150
Ceramic + Polymer	12 x 47μF + 2 x 1000μF	2672	1760	20	501	3	300	220
Ceramic + Polymer	12 x 47µF + 3 x 1000µF	3672	1890	21	688	3	413	220
Ceramic + Polymer	12 x 47µF + 4 x 1000µF	4672	2030	22	876	3	525	220
Ceramic + Polymer	12 x 47µF + 5 x 1000µF	5672	2150	23	1063	4	638	220
Ceramic + Polymer	12 x 47µF + 6 x 1000µF	6672	2320	24	1250	4	750	220
Ceramic + Polymer	12 x 47µF + 7 x 1000µF	7672	2460	25	1438	4	860	220
Ceramic + Polymer	12 x 47µF + 8 x 1000µF	8672	2640	26	1625	5	975	220
Ceramic + Polymer	12 x 47µF + 9 x 1000µF	9672	2840	27	1813	5	1088	220
Ceramic + Polymer	12 x 47μF + 10 x 1000μF	10672	3010	28	2000	5	1200	220
Ceramic + Polymer	12 x 47μF + 11 x 1000μF	11672	3200	29	2187	5	1312	220
Ceramic + Polymer	12 x 47μF + 12 x 1000μF	12672	3400	30	2375	5	1425	220
Ceramic + Polymer	12 x 47μF + 13 x 1000μF	13672	3650	31	2562	6	1537	220
Ceramic + Polymer	12 x 47μF + 15 x 1000μF	15672	3880	32	2937	6	1762	220
Ceramic + Polymer	12 x 47μF + 17 x 1000μF	17672	4120	33	3312	6	1987	220
Ceramic + Polymer	12 x 47μF + 19 x 1000μF	19672	4420	34	3687	7	2212	220
Ceramic + Polymer	12 x 47μF + 21 x 1000μF	21672	4700	35	4061	7	2437	220
Ceramic + Polymer	12 x 47μF + 23 x 1000μF	23672	5050	36	4436	7	2662	220
Ceramic + Polymer	12 x 47μF + 25 x 1000μF	25672	5360	37	4811	8	2887	220
Ceramic + Polymer	12 x 47μF + 27 x 1000μF	27672	5760	38	5186	8	3112	220
Ceramic + Polymer	12 x 47μF + 30 x 1000μF	30672	6120	39	5748	8	3449	220

#### Table 2. Recommended R<sub>TUNE</sub> Compensation.

\*\* Total output capacitance includes the capacitance inside the module is 4 x 47 $\mu$ F (3m $\Omega$  ESR).

Note: The capacitors used in the digital compensation Loop tables are  $47\mu F/3 m\Omega$  ESR ceramic,  $100uF/3.2m\Omega$  ceramic,  $1000 \mu F/6m\Omega$  ESR polymer capacitor and  $820uF/19m\Omega$  ESR Polymer capacitor.

7Vdc –14Vdc input; 0.6Vdc to 1.5Vdc output; 170A Output Current

	• •							
Output Capacitance Type	Number of Output Capacitors**	Total Output Capacitance (μF)**			KD	KI	КР	АР
Ceramic + Electrolytic	12 x 47μF + 2 x 820μF	2312	6570	40	176	2	176	220
Ceramic + Electrolytic	12 x 47μF + 3 x 820μF	3312	7060	41	238	3	238	220
Ceramic + Electrolytic	12 x 47μF + 4 x 820μF	3952	7590	42	301	3	301	220
Ceramic + Electrolytic	12 x 47μF + 5 x 820μF	4772	8160	43	363	3	363	220
Ceramic + Electrolytic	12 x 47μF + 6 x 820μF	5592	8870	44	426	4	426	220
Ceramic + Electrolytic	12 x 47μF + 7 x 820μF	6412	9530	45	488	4	488	220
Ceramic + Electrolytic	12 x 47μF + 8 x 820μF	7312	10400	46	550	4	550	220
Ceramic + Electrolytic	12 x 47μF + 9 x 820μF	8052	11300	47	613	4	613	220
Ceramic + Electrolytic	12 x 47μF + 10 x 820μF	8872	12400	48	675	5	675	220
Ceramic + Electrolytic	12 x 47μF + 11 x 820μF	9692	13700	49	738	5	738	220
Ceramic + Electrolytic	12 x 47µF + 12 x 820µF	10512	15000	50	800	5	800	220
Ceramic + Electrolytic	12 x 47μF + 14 x 820μF	12152	16700	51	925	5	925	220
Ceramic + Electrolytic	12 x 47µF + 16 x 820µF	13792	18700	52	1050	6	1050	220
Ceramic + Electrolytic	12 x 47µF + 18 x 820µF	15432	21000	53	1174	6	1174	220
Ceramic + Electrolytic	12 x 47μF + 20 x 820μF	17072	24000	54	1299	6	1299	220
Ceramic + Electrolytic	12 x 47μF + 23 x 820μF	19532	28000	55	1486	7	1486	220
Ceramic + Electrolytic	12 x 47μF + 26 x 820μF	21992	33000	56	1674	7	1674	220
Ceramic + Electrolytic	12 x 47μF + 29 x 820μF	24452	40200	57	1861	8	1861	220
Ceramic + Electrolytic	12 x 47μF + 32 x 820μF	26912	50500	58	2048	8	2048	220
Ceramic + Electrolytic	12 x 47μF + 36 x 820μF	30192	68000	59	2298	8	2298	220

#### Table 2 (continued). RTUNE compensation table

\*\* Total output capacitance includes the capacitance inside the module is 4 x 47µF (3mΩ ESR).

Note: The capacitors used in the digital compensation Loop tables are 47μF/3 mΩ ESR ceramic, 100uF/3.2mΩ ceramic, 1000 μF/6mΩ ESR polymer capacitor and 820uF/19mΩ ESR Electrolytic capacitor.

#### **Power Module Wizard**

GE offers a free web based easy to use tool that helps users simulate the Tunable Loop performance of the TJT170. Go to <u>http://ge.transim.com/pmd/Home</u> and sign up for a free account and use the module selector tool. The tool also offers downloadable Simplis/Simetrix models that can be used to assess transient performance, module stability, etc.

### Bin 'a' and Bin 'b' settings using the models available through Power Module Wizard

The TJT170 module has a built-in non-linear compensation adjustment to speed up its transient response to dynamic loading conditions. When the module senses a load transition in progress, it automatically adjusts the KD, KI, KP settings to higher values and then reverts to the values set before the transient conditions. The adjustment of the PID coefficients is as follows:

Steady State			Transient Condition					
Bin 'a' – User set valu	es based on RTUNE or	programmed	Bin 'b' – Controller adjusted values for duration of transient					
KD	KI	КР	KD	KI	КР			
Α	В	Х	1.5 x A	2 x B	2 x C			

For determining the voltage response to a current load transient, it is more accurate to use the Bin 'b' settings corresponding to the selected KD, KI, KP values. For Loop Stability Simulations, the selected PID values corresponding to Bin 'a' should be used.

7Vdc –14Vdc input; 0.6Vdc to 1.5Vdc output; 170A Output Current

### **Digital Feature Descriptions**

### **PMBus Interface Capability**

The 170A TeraDLynx power modules have a PMBus interface that supports both communication and control. The PMBus Power Management Protocol Specification can be obtained from www.pmbus.org. The modules support a subset of version 1.1 of the specification (see Table 4 for a list of the specific commands supported). Most module parameters can be programmed using PMBus and stored as defaults for later use.

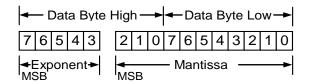
Communication over the module PMBus interface supports the Packet Error Checking (PEC) scheme. The PMBus master must generate the correct PEC byte for all transactions, and check the PEC byte returned by the module.

The module also supports the SMBALERT# response protocol whereby the module can alert the bus master if it wants to talk. For more information on the SMBus alert response protocol, see the System Management Bus (SMBus) specification.

The module has non-volatile memory that is used to store configuration settings. Not all settings programmed into the device are automatically saved into this non-volatile memory, only those specifically identified as capable of being stored can be saved (see Table 4 for which command parameters can be saved to non-volatile storage).

#### **PMBus Data Format**

For commands that set thresholds, voltages or report such quantities, the module supports the "Linear" data format among the three data formats supported by PMBus. The Linear Data Format is a two-byte value with an 11-bit, two's complement mantissa and a 5-bit, two's complement exponent. The format of the two data bytes is shown below:



The value is of the number is then given by

Value = Mantissa x 2 <sup>Exponent</sup>

#### PMBus Addressing

The power module is addressed through the PMBus using a device address. The module supports 128 possible addresses (0 to 127 in decimal) which can be set using resistors connected from the ADDR0 and ADDR1 pins to SIG\_GND. Note that some of these addresses (0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11 12, 40, 44, 45, 55 in decimal) are reserved according to the SMBus specification and may not be useable. The address is set in the form of two octal (0 to 7) digits, with each pin setting one digit. The ADDR1 pin sets the high order digit and ADDR0 sets the low order digit. The resistor values suggested for each digit are shown in Table 3 (E96 series resistors are recommended). Note that if either address resistor value is outside the range specified in Table 4, the module will respond to address 127.

The user must know which I<sup>2</sup>C addresses are reserved in a system for special functions and set the address of the module to avoid interfering with other system operations. Both 100kHz and 400kHz bus speeds are supported by the module. Connection for the PMBus interface should follow the High Power DC specifications given in section 3.1.3 in the SMBus specification V2.0 for the 400kHz bus speed or the

Low Power DC specifications in section 3.1.2. The complete SMBus specification is available from the SMBus web site, <u>smbus.org</u>.

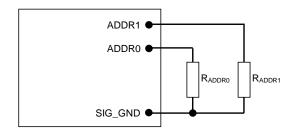


Figure 37. Circuit showing connection of resistors used to set the PMBus address of the module.

				٦	Table 3						
				PMBus	Address	Table					
					ADDR1	Resistor	Values				
ADDR0 Resistor Values	4.99K	15.4k	27.4K	41.2K	54.9K	71.5K	90.9K	110K	137K	162K	191K
4.99K	1	13	25	37	49	61	73	85	97	109	121
15.4K	2	14	26	38	50	62	74	86	98	110	122
27.4K	3	15	27	39	51	63	75	87	99	111	123
41.2K	4	16	28	40	52	64	76	88	100	112	124
54.9K	5	17	29	41	53	65	77	89	101	113	125
71.5K	6	18	30	42	54	66	78	90	102	114	126
90.9K	7	19	31	43	55	67	79	91	103	115	127
110K	8	20	32	44	56	68	80	92	104	116	64
137K	9	21	33	45	57	69	81	93	105	117	64
162K	10	22	34	46	58	70	82	94	106	118	64
191K	11	23	35	47	59	71	83	95	107	119	64
232K	12	24	© 2 <b>0 1</b> 7 G	ner <del>å</del> ßEleo	tric @0mp	any. 7Al rig	hts 😤 erv	ed. 96	108	120	64

7Vdc –14Vdc input; 0.6Vdc to 1.5Vdc output; 170A Output Current

### **Operation (01h)**

This is a paged register. The OPERATION command can be used to turn the module on or off in conjunction with the ON/OFF pin input. It is also used to margin up or margin down the output voltage

### **PMBus Enabled On/Off**

The module can also be turned on and off via the PMBus interface. The OPERATION command is used to actually turn the module on and off via the PMBus, while the ON\_OFF\_CONFIG command configures the combination of analog ON/OFF pin input and PMBus commands needed to turn the module on and off. Bit [7] in the OPERATION command data byte enables the module, with the following functions:

- 0 : Output is disabled
- 1 : Output is enabled

This module uses the lower five bits of the ON\_OFF\_CONFIG data byte to set various ON/OFF options as follows:

Bit Position	4	3	2	1	0
Access	r/w	r/w	r/w	r	r
Function	PU	CMD	CPR	Х	CPA
Default Value	1	0	1	x	1

PU: Sets the default to either operate any time input power is present or for the ON/OFF to be controlled by the analog ON/OFF input and the PMBus OPERATION command. This bit is used together with the CP, CMD and ON bits to determine startup.

Bit Value	Action
0	Module powers up any time power is present regardless of state of the analog ON/OFF pin
1	Module does not power up until commanded by the analog ON/OFF pin and the OPERATION command as programmed in bits [2:0] of the ON_OFF_CONFIG register.

CMD: The CMD bit controls how the device responds to the OPERATION command.

Bit Value	Action
0	Module ignores the ON bit in the OPERATION
0	command
1	Module responds to the ON bit in the
Ţ	OPERATION command

CPR: Sets the response of the analog ON/OFF pin. This bit is used together with the CMD, PU and ON bits to determine startup.

Bit Value	Action
	Module ignores the analog ON/OFF pin, i.e.
0	ON/OFF is only controlled through the
	PMBUS via the OPERATION command
1	Module requires the analog ON/OFF pin to
L	be asserted to start the unit

CPA: Sets the action of the analog ON/OFF pin when turning the controller OFF. This bit is internally read and cannot be modified by the user

#### **PMBus Adjustable Soft Start Rise Time**

The soft start rise time of module output is adjustable in the module via PMBus. The TON\_RISE command can set the rise time in ms, and allows choosing soft start times between 1 and 1000ms. Rise time below 10msec may cause the module to overshoot its voltage setpoint during startup

### **Output Voltage Adjustment Using the PMBus**

Two PMBus commands are available to change the output voltage setting. The first, VOUT\_COMMAND can set the output voltage directly. The second, VOUT\_TRIM is used to apply an offset to the commanded output voltage.

Since the output voltage can be set using an external RTrim resistor as well, an additional PMBus command MFR\_VOUT\_SET\_MODE is used to tell the module whether the VOUT\_COMMAND is used to directly set output voltage or whether RTrim is to be used. If MFR\_VOUT\_SET\_MODE is set to where bit position 7 is set at 1, then VOUT\_COMMAND is ignored and output voltage is set solely by RTrim. If bit 7 of MFR\_VOUT\_SET\_MODE is set to 0, then output voltage is set using VOUT\_COMMAND, and the value of RTrim is only used at startup to set the output voltage.

The second output voltage adjustment command VOUT\_TRIM works in either case to provide a fixed offset to the output voltage. This allows PMBus adjustment of the output voltage irrespective of how MFR\_VOUT\_SET\_MODE is set and allows digital adjustment of the output voltage setting even when RTrim is used.

For all digital commands used to set or adjust the output voltage via PMBus, the resolution is 98µV.

#### **Output Voltage Margining Using the PMBus**

The output voltage of the module can be margined via PMBus between 0.6 and 1.5V. The margining voltage can be adjusted in  $98\mu$ V steps.

#### **PMBus Adjustable Overcurrent Warning**

The module can provide an overcurrent warning via the PMBus. The threshold for the overcurrent warning can be set using the parameter IOUT\_OC\_WARN\_LIMIT. This command uses the "Linear" data format with a two byte data word where the upper five bits [7:3] of the high byte represent the exponent and the remaining three bits of the high byte [2:0] and the eight bits in the low byte represent the mantissa. The value of the IOUT\_OC\_WARN\_LIMIT can be stored to non-volatile memory using the STORE\_DEFAULT\_ALL command.

#### **Temperature Status via PMBus**

The module provides information related to temperature of the module through standardized PMBus commands. Commands READ\_TEMPERATURE1, READ\_TEMPERATURE\_2 are mapped to module temperature and internal temperature of the PWM controller, respectively. The temperature readings are returned in °C and in two bytes.

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# PMBus Adjustable Output Over, Under Voltage Protection

The module has output over and under voltage protection capability. The PMBus command VOUT\_OV\_FAULT\_LIMIT is used to set the output over voltage threshold. The default value is configured to be 112.5% of the commanded output. The command VOUT\_UV\_FAULT\_LIMIT sets the threshold that detects an output under voltage fault. The default values are 87.5% of the commanded output voltage. Both commands use two data bytes formatted in the Linear format.

#### PMBus Adjustable Input Undervoltage Lockout

The module allows adjustment of the input under voltage lockout and hysteresis. The command VIN\_ON allows setting the input voltage turn on threshold, while the VIN\_OFF command sets the input voltage turn off threshold. For the VIN\_ON command possible values are 7 to 14V and for the VIN\_OFF command, possible values are 6.75V to 14V. Both VIN\_ON and VIN\_OFF commands use the "Linear" format with two data bytes.

## Measurement of Output Current, Output Voltage and Input Voltage

The module can measure key module parameters such as output current, output voltage and input voltage and provide this information through the PMBus interface.

#### **Measuring Output Current Using the PMBus**

The module measures output current by using a signal derived from the switching FET currents. The current gain factor is accessed using the IOUT\_CAL\_GAIN command, and consists of two bytes in the Linear data format. During manufacture, each module is calibrated by measuring and storing the current gain factor into non-volatile storage.

The current measurement accuracy is also improved by each module being calibrated during manufacture with the offset in the current reading. The IOUT\_CAL\_OFFSET command is used to store and read the current offset. The READ\_IOUT command provides module average output current information. This command only supports positive output current, i.e. current sourced from the module. If the converter is sinking current a reading of 0 is provided. The READ\_IOUT command returns two bytes of data in the Linear data format.

#### **Measuring Output Voltage Using the PMBus**

The module provides output voltage information using the READ\_VOUT command. The command returns two bytes of data in Linear format.

#### **Measuring Input Voltage Using the PMBus**

The module provides input voltage information using the READ\_VIN command. The command returns two bytes of data in the Linear format.

### Reading the Status of the Module using the PMBus

The module supports a number of status information commands implemented in PMBus. A 1 in the bit position indicates the fault that is flagged.

STATUS\_BYTE: Returns one byte of information with a summary of the most critical device faults.

Bit Position	Flag	Default Value
7	Х	0
6	OFF	0
5	VOUT Overvoltage	0
4	IOUT Overcurrent	0
3	VIN Undervoltage	0
2	Temperature	0
1	CML (Comm. Memory Fault)	0
0	None of the above	0

, Low Byte
summary of the module's fault/warning conditions.
STATUS_WORD: Returns two bytes of information with a

Bit Position	Flag	Default Value
7	Х	0
6	OFF	0
5	VOUT Overvoltage	0
4	IOUT Overcurrent	0
3	VIN Undervoltage	0
2	Temperature	0
1	CML (Comm. Memory Fault)	0
0	None of the above	0

#### **High Byte**

Bit Position	Flag	Default Value
7	VOUT fault or warning	0
6	IOUT fault or warning	0
5	Х	0
4	Х	0
3	POWER_GOOD# (is negated)	0
2	Х	0
1	Х	0
0	Х	0

STATUS\_VOUT: Returns one byte of information relating to the status of the module's output voltage related faults.

Bit Position	Flag	Default Value
7	VOUT OV Fault	0
6	VOUT_OV_WARNING	0
5	VOUT_UV_WARNING	0
4	VOUT UV Fault	0
3	Х	0
2	Х	0
1	Х	0
0	Х	0

### GE

### 170A TeraDLynx<sup>TM</sup>: Non-Isolated DC-DC Power Modules

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STATUS\_IOUT: Returns one byte of information relating to the status of the module's output voltage related faults.

Bit Position	Flag	Default Value
7	IOUT OC Fault	0
6	Х	0
5	IOUT OC Warning	0
4	Х	0
3	Х	0
2	Х	0
1	Х	0
0	Х	0

STATUS\_TEMPERATURE: Returns one byte of information relating to the status of the module's temperature related faults.

Bit Position	Flag	Default Value
7	OT Fault	0
6	OT Warning	0
5	Х	0
4	Х	0
3	Х	0
2	Х	0
1	Х	0
0	Х	0

STATUS\_CML: Returns one byte of information relating to the status of the module's communication related faults.

Bit Position	Flag	Default Value
7	Invalid/Unsupported Command	0
6	Invalid/Unsupported Data	0
5	Packet Error Check Failed	0
4	Memory Fault Detected	0
3	Х	0
2	Х	0
1	Other Communication Fault	0
0	Х	0

MFR\_SPECIFIC\_00: Returns information related to the type of module and revision number. Bits [7:2] in the Low Byte indicate the module type (001110 corresponds to the TJT170 series of module), while bits [7:3] in the high byte indicate the revision number of the module.

	Low Byte											
Bit Position	Flag	Default Value										
7:2	Module Name	001110										
1:0	Reserved	10										

	High Byte												
Bit Position	Flag	Default Value											
7:3	Module Revision Number	None											
2:0	Reserved	000											

### **User-Programmable Compensation Coefficients**

The output voltage control compensation coefficients can be changed by the user via PMBus commands. On startup, the module uses stored values of the four compensation parameters KD, KI, KP and ALPHA. If the module detects a valid value of RTUNE connected to the module, the values of KD, KI, KP and ALPHA are then changed to the appropriate values. Beyond this, the user can use the PMBus commands listed below to overwrite the values of KD, KP, KI and ALPHA.

MFR\_SPECIFIC\_KP: Allows the user to program the value of the KP compensation coefficient. The allowed range is -32768 to 32767. The entire 16 bits are used to enter this range of integer values in two's complement binary format. For stable operation, the maximum allowed value is 10922

MFR\_SPECIFIC\_KI: Allows the user to program the value of the KI compensation coefficient. The allowed range is -32768 to 32767. The entire 16 bits are used to enter this range of integer values in two's complement binary format. For stable operation, the maximum allowed value is 10922

MFR\_SPECIFIC\_KD: Allows the user to program the value of the KD compensation coefficient. The allowed range is -32768 to 32767. The entire 16 bits are used to enter this range of integer values in two's complement binary format. For stable operation, the maximum allowed value is 10922

MFR\_SPECIFIC\_ALPHA: Allows the user to program the value of the ALPHA compensation coefficient. The allowed range is -256 to 256. The entire 16 bits are used to enter this range of integer values in two's complement binary format.

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### **Summary of Supported PMBus Commands**

Please refer to the PMBus 1.1 specification for more details of these commands. For the registers where a range is specified, any value outside the range is ignored and the module continues to use the previous value.

				Tab	le 4							
Hex Code	Command				Brief D	escripti	on					Non-Volatile Memory Storage
couc		Turn Module on or o	off. Also	used to	margin	the out	put volt	age				memory storage
		Format			-	Unsigne	d Binary	/			1	
01	ODEDATION	Bit Position	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	-	VEC
01	OPERATION	Access	r/w	r	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r	r	1	YES
		Function	On	Х		Ma	rgin		Х	Х		
		Default Value	1	0	0	0	0	0	Х	Х		
		Configures the ON/0 commands	OFF fund	ctionalit	y as a co	ombinat	ion of ai	nalog Ol	N/OFF p	oin and I	PMBus	
		Format		I		Unsigne	d Binary		r			
02	ON_OFF_CONFIG	Bit Position	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0		YES
		Access	r	r	r	r/w	r/w	r/w	r	r		
		Function	X	X	X	pu	cmd	cpr	Х	сра	-	
		Default Value	0	0	0	1	0	1	Х	1		
03	CLEAR_FAULTS	Clear any fault bits t device has been ass	erting it							-		
		Used to control writ the module whose of memory (EEPROM)	comman	d code	matche	s the val	ue in th	e data b	0		0	
		Format	7	6			d Binary				-	
		Bit Position Access	7 r/w	6 r/w	5 r/w	4	3	2	1	0	-	
		Function	bit7	-	bit5	X X	X X	X X	x	X X	-	
		Default Value	0	bit6 0	0	X	x	X	X X	X	1	
10	WRITE_PROTECT	Bit5: 0 – Enables all	-	-	-			~	Λ	~	1	YES
		and ON_OFI Bit 6: 0 – Enables all 1 – Disables all OPERATION Bit7: 0 – Enables all	<ul> <li>1 – Disables all writes except the WRITE_PROTECT, OPERATION and ON_OFF_CONFIG (bit 6 and bit7 must be 0)</li> <li>Bit 6: 0 – Enables all writes as permitted in bit5 or bit7</li> <li>1 – Disables all writes except for the WRITE_PROTECT and OPERATION commands (bit5 and bit7 must be 0)</li> <li>Bit7: 0 – Enables all writes as permitted in bit5 or bit6</li> <li>1 – Disables all writes except for the WRITE_PROTECT command</li> </ul>									
11	STORE_DEFAULT_ALL	Copies all current re the module. Takes a	-	-					memor	y (EEPRO	DM) on	
42		Restores all current							he moo	dule non	-volatile	
12	RESTORE_DEFAULT_ALL	memory (EEPROM)	0	- 8								
		The module has MC changed		r	r		r	r	e values		be	
20	VOUT_MODE	Bit Position	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	4	
		Access	r	r	r	r	r	r	r	r	-	
		Function	0	Mode 0	0	2	's comp 0	lement 0	Expone	nt 0	-	
		Default Value	-	-	-		÷	÷		_	1	
		Set desired output v VOUT_MODE comm Format	-	-	e is 0.6	to 1.5V.			d expor	nent of -	14 per	
		Bit Position	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	1	
		Access	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	]	
21	VOUT_COMMAND	Function				Man	itissa				]	YES
		Default Value				Vari	able					
		Bit Position	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	1	
		Access	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	1	
		Function					itissa				4	
		Default Value				Vari	able				]	

### Table 4

7Vdc –14Vdc input; 0.6Vdc to 1.5Vdc output; 170A Output Current

Hex	Command				Bri	ef Descr	iption_					Non-Volatile
Code		Apply of fined offers		to th -				oith a st		. realist	r or the	Memory Storage
		Apply a fixed offset VOUT COMMAND.								n resisto	r or the	
		Allowed range is ±3	•	expone	nt of -14	+ per vC		DE COM	iniana.			
		Format		1	inear, t	w0's cov	nnlama	nt hinar	v			
		Bit Position	15	14	13	12	11	10	y 9	8		
		Access	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	o r/w		
22	VOUT_TRIM	Function	.,	• / •	•/ ••		tissa	• / ••	./ ••	., ••		YES
		Default Value	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
		Bit Position	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0		
		Access	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w		
		Function	.,	.,	.,		tissa	.,	.,	.,		
		Default Value	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
		Applies an offset to	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	ng module	
		output voltage (bet			•						•	
		command VOUT_CO						•	•			
		Format			inear, t							
		Bit Position	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8		
		Access	r/w	r	r	r	r	r	r	r		
23	VOUT_CAL_OFFSET	Function			1		tissa	1				YES
		Default Value		Va	riable b	ased on	factory	calibrat	ion			
		Bit Position	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0		
		Access	r	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w		
		Function				Man	tissa					
		Default Value		Va	riable b	ased on	factory	calibrati	ion			
		Sets the target volta	ge for n							-14 per	VOUT MODE	
		command. Allowed						•		•	-	
		Format			inear, t	wo's cor	npleme	nt binar	у			
		Bit Position	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8		
		Access	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w		
25	VOUT_MARGIN_HIGH	Function				Man	tissa					YES
		Default Value				Vari	able					
		Bit Position	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0		
		Access	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w		
		Function				Man	tissa					
		Default Value				Vari	able					
		Sets the target volta	ge for n	narginin	g the ou	utput lov	w. Impli	ed expo	nent of	-14 per '	VOUT_MODE	
		command. Allowed					·	•			-	
		Format		L	.inear, t	wo's cor	npleme	nt binar	y			
		Bit Position	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8		
		Access	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w		
26	VOUT_MARGIN_LOW	Function				Man	itissa					YES
		Default Value				Vari	able					
		Bit Position	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0		
		Access	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w		
		Function				Man	itissa					
		Default Value				Vari	able					
		Sets the value of ing	out volta	ge at w	hich the	modula	o turns a	n. Expo	nent is f	ixed at	-6. Allowed	
		range is 7 to 14V.		BCULW		mouule		באףט	incrit is I	incu at '	J. Allowed	
		Format			inear, t	wo's co	npleme	nt binar	v			
		Bit Position	15	14	13	12	11	10	y 9	8		
		Access	r	r	r	r	r	r	r/w	r/w		
35	VIN_ON	Function			Exponen		<u> </u>		Mantiss			YES
55	0.4	Default Value	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	1		123
		Bit Position	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0		
		Access	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w		
		Function	.,	.,	.,		itissa	.,	.,	.,		
		Default Value	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0		
			-	-	5		5	5	5	5	l	

7Vdc –14Vdc input; 0.6Vdc to 1.5Vdc output; 170A Output Current

Нех	Command			Non-Volatile								
Code	comilaita					f Descrip						Memory Storage
		Sets the value of inp		ge at w	hich the	module	e turns o	ff. Expc	nent is f	ixed at	-6. Allowed	
		range is 6.75 to 14V										
		Format				wo's cor	· ·					
		Bit Position	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8		
		Access	r	r	r	r	r	r	r/w	r/w		
36	VIN_OFF	Function			xponen				Mantissa			YES
		Default Value	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	1		
		Bit Position	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0		
		Access	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w		
		Function				Man						
		Default Value	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0		
		Applies a gain corre										
		module measureme		•					egister i	s divide	d by 8192	
		to generate the corr	rection f			-						
		Format				wo's cor	-					
		Bit Position	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8		
38	IOUT_CAL_GAIN	Access	r	r	r	r	r	r	r	r/w		YES
50		Function				Inte	-					125
		Default Value		1		ased on						
		Bit Position	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0		
		Access	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w		
		Function				Inte						
		Default Value				ased on						
		Returns the value of							measur	ed outp	ut current.	
		The exponent is fixe	d at -2.	The allo	wed rar	nge is -50	) to +50	Α.				
		Format		L	inear, tv.	wo's cor	nplemei	nt binar	y			
		Bit Position         15         14         13         12         11         10         9         8										
		Access	r	r	r	r	r	r/w	r	r		
39	IOUT_CAL_OFFSET	Function		E	Exponen	t		1	Mantissa	a		YES
		Default Value	1	1	1	1	0		Variable			
		Bit Position	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0		
		Access	r	r	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w		
		Function				Man	tissa					
		Default Value		Va	riable ba	ased on	factory	calibrat	ion			
		Sets the voltage leve	el for an	output	overvol	tage fau	lt. Impl	ied exp	onent of	-14 per		
		VOUT_MODE comm	and. Al								-	
		Format			Linear, t	two's co	mplime	nt binar	у			
		Bit Position	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8		
		Access	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w		
40	VOUT_OV_FAULT_LIMIT	Function				Mar	ntissa					YES
		Default Value				Var	able					
		Bit Position	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0		
		Access	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w		
		Function				Mar	ntissa					
		Default Value				Vari	iable					
		Instructs the module	e on wh	at actio	n to take	e in resp	onse to	an outr	ut over	voltage	fault	
		Format				Unsigne		-			1	
		Bit Position	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	1	
41	VOUT_OV_FAULT_RESPONSE	Access	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r	r	r	1	YES
		Function	RSP [1]	RSP [0]	RS[2]	RS[1]	RS[0]	x	x	x		YES
		Default Value	1	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	
		Default Value	L T	5	-	-	-	0		5	J	

7Vdc –14Vdc input; 0.6Vdc to 1.5Vdc output; 170A Output Current

Hex Code	Command				Non-Volatile							
coue		Sets the value of ou	toutvol	tage at s	which +	no modu		rates w	arning f		voltage	Memory Storage
		Exponent is fixed at								or over-	voltage.	
		Format	-14. All		-			nt binar			1	
		Bit Position	15	14	13	12	11	10	y 9	8		
		Access	r	r	r	r	r	r/w	r/w	r/w		
42	VOUT_OV_WARN_LIMIT	Function			Exponen				Mantissa			YES
72		Default Value			-xponen		able		viane 55	A		125
		Bit Position	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0		
		Access	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w		
		Function			i i	Man	tissa					
		Default Value				Vari	able					
		Sets the value of ou	tout vol	tage at v	which th	ne modu	ile gene	rates wa	arning fo	or under	-voltage	
		Exponent is fixed at	•	•			•		•		voltage.	
		Format						nt binar			1	
		Bit Position	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8		
		Access	r	r	r	r	r	r/w	r/w	r/w		
43	VOUT_UV_WARN_LIMIT	Function			Exponen				Mantissa		1	YES
-	``	Default Value			•		able				1	-
		Bit Position	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0		
		Access	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w		
		Function				Man	itissa					
		Default Value				Vari	able					
		Sets the voltage leve	el for an	output	underv	oltage fa	ault. Exp	ponent i	s fixed a	nt -14. A	Allowed	
		range is 0.05 to 2V.										
		Format		L	inear, t	wo's cor	npleme	nt binar	у			
		Bit Position	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8		
		Access	r	r	r	r	r	r/w	r/w	r/w		
44	VOUT_UV_FAULT_LIMIT	Function		E	Exponen			I	Mantissa	a .		YES
		Default Value		-		1	able	-		_		
		Bit Position	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0		
		Access	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w		
		Function Default Value					itissa able					
		Instructs the modul	e on wh	at actio					out unde	ervoltage	e fault. I	
		Format Dit Desition	_	C			d Binary		4	0		
45		Bit Position	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0		VEC
45	VOUT_UV_FAULT_RESPONSE	Access	r/w RSP	r/w RSP	r/w	r/w	r/w	r	r	r		YES
		Function	[1]	[0]	RS[2]	RS[1]	RS[0]	Х	Х	Х		
		Default Value	1	0	1	1	1	0	0	0		
				-				-	÷	-	ho	
		Sets the current level maximum of 185A)						-		DEIOMI	line	
		maximum of 185A). The exponent is fixed at -2. Triggers SMBALERT.							1			
		Format				1	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	nt binar	-			
		Bit Position	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8		
16		Access	r	r	r	r	r	r	r/w	r/w		VEC
46	IOUT_OC_FAULT_LIMIT	Function			Exponen	1			Mantissa			YES
		Default Value	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	0		
		Bit Position	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0		
		Access Function	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w		
		Default Value	1	1	1	ivian 0	tissa 0	1	0	0		
			1	Т	1	0	0	1	U	0	l	

7Vdc –14Vdc input; 0.6Vdc to 1.5Vdc output; 170A Output Current

4A 4F	Command IOUT_OC_WARN_LIMIT OT_FAULT_LIMIT	Sets the value of cu Allowed range is 0 t Format Bit Position Access Function Default Value Bit Position Access Function Default Value Sets the temperatu 140°C. The exponen Format Bit Position	o 185A. 15 r 1 7 r/w 1 r e level a	The exp L 14 r E 1 6 r/w	nich the ponent is	s fixed a wo's cor 12 r	generat	igers SN nt binar 10 r N 0	1BALERT	8 r/w	rent.	Memory Storage
		Allowed range is 0 t Format Bit Position Access Function Default Value Bit Position Access Function Default Value Sets the temperatur 140°C. The exponent	o 185A. 15 r 1 7 r/w 1 r e level a	The exp L 14 r E 1 6 r/w	inear, tv 13 r Exponen 1 5	s fixed a wo's cor 12 r t 1 4	t -2. Trig nplemer 11 r 0	igers SN nt binar 10 r N 0	1BALERT / 9 r Mantissa	8 r/w	rent.	
		Format Bit Position Access Function Default Value Bit Position Access Function Default Value Sets the temperatur 140°C. The exponent Format	15 r 1 7 r/w 1 re level a	L 14 r 1 6 r/w 0	inear, tv 13 r Exponen 1 5	wo's cor 12 r t 1 4	nplemer 11 r 0	nt binary 10 r N 0	/ 9 r Mantissa	8 r/w		
		Bit Position Access Function Default Value Bit Position Access Function Default Value Sets the temperatur 140°C. The exponent Format	r 1 7 r/w 1 re level a	14 r 1 6 r/w	13 r Exponen 1 5	12 r t 1 4	11 r 0	10 r 0	9 r Aantissa	r/w		
		Access Function Default Value Bit Position Access Function Default Value Sets the temperatur 140°C. The exponent Format	r 1 7 r/w 1 re level a	r E 1 6 r/w	r Exponen 1 5	r t 1 4	r O	r N O	r Aantissa	r/w		
		Function Default Value Bit Position Access Function Default Value Sets the temperatur 140°C. The exponent Format	1 7 r/w 1 re level a	E 1 6 r/w 0	xponen 1 5	t 1 4	0	N 0	<b>A</b> antissa	1		
		Default Value Bit Position Access Function Default Value Sets the temperatur 140°C. The exponen Format	7 r/w 1 re level a	1 6 r/w 0	1 5	1 4	-	0				
4F	OT_FAULT_LIMIT	Bit Position Access Function Default Value Sets the temperatur 140°C. The exponen Format	7 r/w 1 re level a	6 r/w 0	5	4	-	-	1	0		YES
4F	OT_FAULT_LIMIT	Access Function Default Value Sets the temperatur 140°C. The exponen Format	r/w 1 re level a	r/w 0			- 3		4	-		
4F	OT_FAULT_LIMIT	Function Default Value Sets the temperatur 140°C. The exponen Format	1 re level a	0	r/w			2	1	0		
4F	OT_FAULT_LIMIT	Default Value Sets the temperatur 140°C. The exponen Format	re level a	-			r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w		
4F	OT_FAULT_LIMIT	Sets the temperature 140°C. The exponent Format	re level a	-	1	Man 0	tissa 1	0	0	0		
4F	OT_FAULT_LIMIT	140°C. The exponent		hours w		-		-	-	-	ngo is 25 to	
4F	OT_FAULT_LIMIT	Format	IL IS IIXE						Lurs. All	oweu ra	inge is 35 to	
4F	OT_FAULT_LIMIT						nplemer	nt hinan	,			
4F	OT_FAULT_LIMIT		15	14	13	12	11	10 10	9	8		
4F	OT_FAULT_LIMIT	Access	15 r	14 r	13 r	r	r	r/w	9 r	o r		
		Function	, í		- Exponen				' Aantissa			YES
		Default Value	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		TE3
		Bit Position	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0		
		Access	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w		
		Function	.,	• / ••	'/ **	Man		• / ••	• / ••	., ••		
		Default Value	1	0	0	0	1	0	1	0		
		Configures the over		-	-	-	1	-		~		
		Format					d Binary					
		Bit Position	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0		
50	OT_FAULT_RESPONSE	Access	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r	r	r		YES
			RSP	RSP								
		Function	[1]	[0]	RS[2]	RS[1]	RS[0]	Х	Х	Х		
		Default Value	1	0	1	1	1	0	0	0		
		Sets the over temper							to 130°	C. The e	exponent is	
		fixed at 0. Valid valu	ies die T								1	
		Format		1	· · · · ·		npleme					
		Bit Position	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8		
51	OT_WARN_LIMIT	Access	r	r	r	r	r	r	r	r		YES
J1		Function		1	Exponen				Mantissa			165
		Default Value	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
		Bit Position		6	5	-	3		1	0		
		Access Function	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w Man	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w		
		Default Value	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	1		
		Sets the input overv									5 to 15\/	
		Triggers SMBALERT.		aurtiin	n. Expo	nent is t	ikeu di -	0. AIIUW	reu rang	e is 0.7:	5 (U 13V.	
		Format		L	inear, tv	wo's con	nplemer	nt binary	/.			
		Bit Position	15	14	13	12tr	11	10	9	8	]	
		Access	r	r	r	r	r	r	r/w	r/w		VEC
55	VIN_OV_FAULT_LIMIT	Function		E	Exponen	t		ſ	Mantissa	1		YES
		Default Value	1	1	0	1	0	0	1	1		
		Bit Position	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0		
		Access	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w		
		Function				Man 0	tissa					
		Default Value	1	0	1		0	0	0	0		

7Vdc –14Vdc input; 0.6Vdc to 1.5Vdc output; 170A Output Current

Hex					(conti	<u>,</u>						Non-Volatile
Code	Command				Brie	f Descrij	ption					Memory Storage
		Configures the VIN	overvolt	age fau								
		Format				Unsigne	ed Binary					
		Bit Position	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0		
56	VIN_OV_FAULT_RESPONSE	Access	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r	r	r		YES
		Function	RSP	RSP	RS[2]	RS[1]	RS[0]	х	х	х		
		DefeultMalue	[1]	[0]	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	
		Default Value	1	0		, v	v	v	v	0		
		Sets the value of the						e low w	arning.	Exponer	nt fixed at -	
		6. Allowed range is	6.75 to :				n. Mpleme	nt hinar			1	
		Format Bit Position	15	14	13	12	11	10 10	y 9	8		
		Access	15 r	14 r	15 r	12 r	r	r	r/w	o r/w		
57	VIN_OV_WARN_LIMIT	Function	-		Exponer				Mantiss	,	_	YES
57		Default Value	1	1	0	1	0	0	1	1		TLS
		Bit Position	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	-	
		Access	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w		
		Function			• ·		ntissa				1	
		Default Value	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	]	
		Sets the value of the	e input v	/oltage 1	that cau	ses innu	it voltag	e low w	arning	Expone	nt fixed at -	
		6. Allowed range is		-		-						
		Format					mpleme	nt binar	у		]	
		Bit Position	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8		
		Access	r	r	r	r	r	r	r/w	r/w		
58	VIN_UV_WARN_LIMIT	Function			Exponer	nt			Mantiss	а		YES
		Default Value	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	1		
		Bit Position	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	-	
		Access	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w		
		Function			<u> </u>	1	ntissa					
		Default Value	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0		
		Sets the value of the					nput und	dervolta	ge fault	. Expone	ent fixed at -	
		6. Allowed range is	5 to 14V								1	
		Format Bit Desition	7	1			mpleme		y 1	0		
		Bit Position Access		6 r	5	4 r	3	2 r	r/w	r/w		
59	VIN UV FAULT LIMIT	Function	r		r Exponer		r		Mantiss			YES
55		Default Value	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	1		TLS
		Bit Position	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	_	
		Access	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	1	
		Function			•	Mar	ntissa	•	•		1	
		Default Value	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	]	
		Instructs the modul		at actio	n to tak	e in rocr	nonse to	an innu	tundor	voltago	fault	
		Format		αι αι ΙΟ			ed Binary		t under	voitage		
		Bit Position	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	1	
5A	VIN_UV_FAULT_RESPONSE	Access	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r	r	r	1	YES
			RSP	RSP							1	
		Function	[1]	[0]	RS[2]	RS[1]	RS[0]	Х	Х	х		
		Default Value	1	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	]	
		Sets the output volt	age leve	at whi	ich the P	2600D 1	nin is as	serted h	igh. Im	nlied ev	ponent of -	
		14 per VOUT_MODI	0						·o·			
		Format				-	mpleme		y		1	
		Bit Position	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	1	
		Access	r	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	1	
5E	POWER_GOOD_ON	Function					ntissa				]	YES
	_	Default Value				Vari	iable				]	
		Bit Position	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	]	
		Access	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	1	
		Function					ntissa				_	
		Default Value				Vari	iable					

7Vdc –14Vdc input; 0.6Vdc to 1.5Vdc output; 170A Output Current

Hex	Command				-	of Docor	-					Non-Volatile
Code	Command					ef Descr	- -					Memory Storage
		Sets the output volt	-						ed low.	Implied ex	ponent of -	
		14 per VOUT_MODI	E comma								7	
		Format	45			two's co					-	
		Bit Position	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	4	
		Access	r	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	-	
5F	POWER_GOOD_OFF	Function					ntissa					YES
		Default Value	7	6	5	4 Va	riable	2	1	0	-	
		Bit Position Access	r/w	ь r/w	r/w	4 r/w	3 r/w	z r/w	1 r/w	r/w	-	
		Function	17 W	17 W	17 W		ntissa	17 W	1/W	1/ W	-	
		Default Value					riable					
		Sets the delay time	in ma of	the out					word ray	ago is 0 to	1000mc	
		Sets the delay time	in ms of	the out	•	•	•	•		nge is 0 to	1000ms.	
		Format			Linear,	two's co	mplem	ent bina				
		Bit Position	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8		
		Access	r	r	r	r	r	r	r/w	r/w	4	
60	TON_DELAY	Function			xponen	1			Mantis		4	YES
		Default Value	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	
		Bit Position	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	-	
		Access	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	-	
		Function		-	-	1	ntissa	-			4	
$\vdash$		Default Value	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0		
		Sets the rise time in		he outp	ut volta	ge durin	g startu	p. The e	exponen	t is fixed a	at 0. Allowed	
		range is 1 to 1000m	s.			. ,					1	
		Format	_	1		two's co			1		-	
	TON_RISE	Bit Position	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	-	
64		Access	r	r	R	r	r	r	r/w	r/w	-	VEC
61	TON_RISE	Function Default Value	0	0	Exponen	0	0	0	Mantis 0	sa O	1	YES
		Bit Position	7	6	0 5	4	3	2	1	0	-	
		Access	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	-	
		Function	1/ 1/	17 VV	17 VV		ntissa	17 W	1/ 1/	1/ 1		
		Default Value	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	-	
$\vdash$		Sets the delay time	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	d at 0.	
		Allowed range is 0 t				and an	ing turn	511. 111	c cxpon			
		Format	00011		Linear	two's co	mplem	ent bina	arv		1	
		Bit Position	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	1	
		Access	r	r	R	r	r	r	r/w	r/w	1	
64	TOFF_DELAY	Function			Exponen				Mantis		1	YES
		Default Value	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	
		Bit Position	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	1	
		Access		r/w						r/w	1	
		Function		•	•		ntissa	•		•	1	
		Default Value	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	
		Sets the fall time in	ms of th	ie outpu	ut voltag	ge during	g turn-o	ff. Expo	nent is f	ixed at 0.	Allowed	
		range is 0 to 1000m	s.	· ·							_	
		Format			Linear,	two's co	mplem	ent bina	ary			
		Bit Position	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8		
		Access	r	r	R	r	r	r	r/w	r/w		
65	TOFF_FALL	Function		E	xponen	it			Mantis	sa		YES
		Default Value	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	
		Bit Position	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	4	
		Access	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	4	
		Function				1	ntissa		1		4	
		Default Value	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1		

7Vdc –14Vdc input; 0.6Vdc to 1.5Vdc output; 170A Output Current

Hex				-	+ (00										Non	Volatile
Code	Command						scriptio									ry Storage
		Returns one byte of	informa	ation w	ith a su					modu	e fau	lts				
		Format		-			nsigned	1				-				
		Bit Position	7	6	5		4	-	3	2	1	-	0			
78	STATUS_BYTE	Access	r	r	R		r		r	r	r		r			
		Flag	х	OFF	VOU <sup>-</sup> V				I_UV T	EMP	CML	от	HER			
		Default Value					Varia	ble								
		Returns two bytes o	of inform	nation v	with a s	umma	ry of th	e mo	dule's fa	ult/wa	rning	con	ditior	IS		
		Format					Unsigne	ed bir	nary							
		Bit Position	15	14		13	12	2	11	10	9	)	8			
		Access	r	r		R	r		r	r	1	r	r			
79	STATUS_WORD	Flag	VOUT	IOUT_	<u>oc</u> 1	NPUT	х		PGOOD	x	>	<	х			
75	STATUS_WORD	Default Value					Var	iable		-						
		Bit Position	7	6		5	4		3	2	1	L	0			
		Access	r	r		R	r		r	r	1	r	r			
		Flag	х	OFF	vc	י0_דט	-		VIN_U	/ TEM	P CN	ЛL	OTHE	R		
		Default Value						iable						<u> </u>		
		Returns one byte of	intorma	ation w	ith the	status				out vol	tage ı	elat	ed fai	ults		
		Format	<u> </u>		6		Unsign	ed Bi						_		
		Bit Position	7		6		5		4	3	2			0		
7A	STATUS_VOUT	Access	r		r		r		r	r	r		r	r		
		Flag	VOUT_	ov v	OUT_O Warn	v_   v	OUT_U Warn	/_   ·	VOUT_U	v x	Х	2	х	х		
		Default Value	Variable													
			rns one byte of information with the status of the module's output current related faults													
		Format	_				igned B					_				
7B	STATUS_IOUT	Bit Position	7		6 5	4		3				0				
	-	Access	r		r r	r	IOUT	r				r				
		Flag	IOUT	00	х х	х	IOUT_ Variable		WARN	Х	X	х				
		Default Value Returns one	hvte of i	nforma	tion w				module	's inni	it rola	hote	faulte			
		Format		morma			Unsign			, s inpo		neu	Taunts	, 		
		Bit Position		7		6		5	4	3	2	<b>.</b>	1 (	0		
7C		Access		r		r		r	r	 r		_		r		
	STATUS_INPUT	Flag	VIN_O					_UV_						X		
						RNING	WAF					ĺ	·   '			
		Default Value						iable		-•	1		-			
		Returns one byte of	informa	ation w	ith the				ıle's tem	peratu	re rel	ated	l fault	S		
		Format	ļ		1		ned Bir			-	-					
7D	STATUS_TEMPERATURE	Bit Position	7			6	5	4	3 2		0	_				
		Access	r			r	r	r	r r		r	4				
		Flag	OT_F/	AULT	OT_V	VARN	X	Х	ХХ	X	Х	4				
		Default Value				V	ariable									
		Returns one byte of	informa	ation w	ith the	status	of the r	nodu	ile's com	munic	ation	rela	ted fa	aults		
		Format					Unsign									
		Bit Position	7		6	5	4	3	2		1		(	)		
7E	STATUS_CML	Access	r		r	r	r	r	r		r			r		
		Flag	Inva Comm		Invalid Data	PEC Fail	x	x	x c	)ther C	omm	Fau	lt )	<		
		Default Value			2414	1.011		iable	<u> </u>					$\dashv$		
							var	IdDIE	:							

7Vdc –14Vdc input; 0.6Vdc to 1.5Vdc output; 170A Output Current

Hex Code	Command			Non-Vola Memory Sto								
		Returns the value o	f the inc	out volta	ige appl	ied to th	ne modu	ıle.				Ŭ
		Format					npleme		v			
		Bit Position	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8		
		Access	r	r	r	r	r	r	r	r		
		Function			Exponen				Mantiss			
88	READ_VIN	Default Value			-np on on		able			a		
		Bit Position	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0		
		Access	r	r	r	r	r	r	r	r		
		Function					itissa					
		Default Value					able					
		Returns the value of	f the our	tout vol	tage of			onent i	s fixed a	t -14		
		Format					npleme			1.14		
		Bit Position	15	14	13	12	11	10	y 9	8		
		Access	r	r	r	12 r	r	r	r	r		
		Function					itissa					
8B	READ_VOUT	Default Value					able					
		Bit Position	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0		
		Access	r	r	r	r r	r	r	r	r		
		Function	'				itissa					
		Default Value					able					
-		Returns the value of	f the our	tout cur	ront of							
		Format					npleme	nt hinar	.,			
		Bit Position	15	14	13	12	11	10	y 9	8		
		Access	15 r	14 r	r	12 r	r	r	r	o r		
		Function	'		 Exponen				v Mantiss			
8C	READ_IOUT	Default Value			-xponei		able		viaiitiss	a		
		Bit Position	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0		
		Access	r	r	r	r	r	r	r	r		
		Function	'				itissa					
		Default Value					able					
		Returns a module F	ET nack:	and tom	poratur		able					
			страска Г									
		Format Bit Position	15		13		npleme	1		8		
				14		12	11	10	9			
		Access Function	r	r	r	r	r	r	r	r		
8D	READ_TEMPERATURE_1	Default Value		1	Exponen		able		Mantiss	a		
		Bit Position	7	6	5	vari 4	able 3	2	1	0		
		Access	r	r	r r	4 r	r	r z	r	r		
		Function	1	I				'		1		
		Default Value					itissa able					
		Returns the module	PWM c	ontrolle	er tempe							
		Format					npleme	nt binar	v			
		Bit Position	15	14	13	12	11	10	, 9	8		
		Access	r	r	r	12 r	r	r	r	r		
		Function	r r r r r						Vantiss			
8E	READ_TEMPERATURE_2	Default Value		l	ponen		able	· · ·		~		
		Bit Position	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0		
		Access	r	r	r	r	r	r	r	r		
		Function			· · ·		tissa	I .				
		Default Value					able					

7Vdc –14Vdc input; 0.6Vdc to 1.5Vdc output; 170A Output Current

Hex	Command			-	Brief De		n					Non-Volatile
Code		Returns the switchin	ng Frequ					auency	is in Kile	ohertz and	lis	Memory Storage
		read only, consisting		-		iver ter.	ine rie	queriey	15 11 1010		115	
		Format		l	inear, t	wo's cor	npleme	nt binar	٠v			
		Bit Position	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8		
		Access	r	r	r	r	r	r	r	r		
95	READ_FREQUENCY	Function				1	eger					
		Default Value	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1		
		Bit Position	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0		
		Access	r	r	r	r	r	r	r	r		
		Function Default Value	1	0	0	1	eger 0	0	0	0		
		Returns one byte in		-	-		-	-	-	U		
		Format	alcating	the me			d Binary					
98	PMBUS_REVISION	Bit Position	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0		YES
	_	Access	r	r	r	r	r	r	r	r		
		Default Value	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1		
		Value used to progr				al coeffic	cient of	the PID	comper	nsation Blo	ock.	
		Do not use value hig	gher tha									
		Format			inear, t							
		Bit Position	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8		
DO		Access Function	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w		VEC
BO	MFR_SPECIFIC_KP	Default Value					eger able					YES
		Bit Position	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0		
		Access	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w		
		Function	,	,	,		eger					
		Default Value					able					
		Value used to progr not use value higher		0922							0	
		Format Bit Position	15	14	_inear, t 13	12	11	10 10	y 9	8		
		Access	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w		
B1	MFR_SPECIFIC_KI	Function	.,	.,	.,		eger	.,	.,	.,		YES
		Default Value					able					
		Bit Position	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0		
		Access	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w		
		Function					eger					
		Default Value Value used to progr	am spec	cific diff	erential	-	able ent of th	ne PID co	ompens	ation. Do	not	
		Fourset			incar t	wo's	mplage	nthing				
		Format Bit Position	15	14	_inear, t	wo's cor 12	npieme 11	nt binar 10	y 9	8		
		Access	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w		
B2	MFR_SPECIFIC_KD	Function	.,	.,			eger	.,	,	.,		
		Default Value					able					YES
		Bit Position	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0		
		Access	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w		
		Function					eger					
		Default Value					able					
		Value used to progr	am spec							: ۱		
		Format Bit Desition	15	1	_inear, t							
		Bit Position	15 r/w	14 r/w	13 r/w	12 r/w	11 r/w	10 r/w	9 r/w	8 r/w		
B3	MFR_SPECIFIC_ALPHA	Access Function	i/W	1/W	I/W		eger	1/W	ı/w	1/1		YES
D3		Default Value					able			———————————————————————————————————————		TES
		Bit Position	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0		
		Access	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w		
		Function			<u> </u>		eger			·		
1		Default Value					able					

7Vdc –14Vdc input; 0.6Vdc to 1.5Vdc output; 170A Output Current

Harris			Tai	JIE 4 (	Conti	nueu					_		Non Veletile
Hex Code	Command				Brie	f Descri	ption						Non-Volatile Memory Storage
_couc		Returns module nar	ne inform	ation (	read or	nly)							unemory etorage
		Format		,		Unsigne	ed Bina	ry					
		Bit Position	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	9 8			
		Access	r	r	r	r	r	r	1	r r			
		Function				Rese	erved						
D0	MFR_SPECIFIC_00	Default Value	0	0	0	0	0	0	(	0 0			YES
		Bit Position	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	L 0			
		Access	r	r	r	r	r	r	1	r r			
		Function			Module	e Name			F	Reserved			
		Default Value	0	0	1	1	1	0	(	0 0			
		Applies an offset to	the READ	_VOUT	comm	and res	ults to	calibra	ite out	offset er	ors in mo	odule	
		measurements of th	e output	voltage	e (betw	een -12	5mV a	nd +12	4mV).	Exponen	t is fixed	at -	
		14.									_		
		Format		Li	inear, tv	vo's co	mplem	ent bir	nary				
		Bit Position	15	14	13	12	11	10		9 8			
D4	MFR_READ_VOUT_CAL_OF	Access	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/v	v r/	w r/w	,		YES
	FSET	Function					ntissa						11.5
		Default Value			iable ba			· .			_		
		Bit Position	7	6	5	4	3	2	1		_		
		Access	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/v	/ r/	w r/w	·		
		Function			- 1. 1 · ·		ntissa				_		
L		Default Value	<u> </u>		iable ba						_		
		Applies an offset to			•						•		
		output voltage (betv	ween -63i	nV and	1+62m\	v) wher	n using	Frim re	esistor.	Exponei	nt is fixed	at -	
		14.											
		Format Bit Basition	15		inear, t		1				_		
		Bit Position	15 r/w	14	13	12	11	10					
D7	MFR_VOUT_CAL_OFFSET	Access Function	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w ntissa	r/v	v r/	w r/w			YES
		Default Value		Var	iable ba			v calibi	ration		_		
		Bit Position	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	1 0	_		
		Access	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/v			,		
		Function	1/ 00	1/ 00	1/ ••		ntissa	1/1	v <u> </u>	1/1			
		Default Value		Var	iable ba			v calibi	ration				
		Bit 7 used to determ	nine whet							ne VOUT	сомма	ND.	
		Bit 7: 1 – Output vol											
		the VOUT_TRIM cor											
		Bit 7: 0 – Output vol			t by VO	UT_COI	MMAN	D and	can be	adjusted	from set	value	
		using the VOUT_TRI										~~	
		Bit 0: Used to indica			-								
		levels, margin levels											
D <u>8</u>	MFR_VOUT_SET_MODE	more of the values hused.	lave chân	ged fro	un the	uerauit	. II CHIS	DILISU	, men	ule defat	it values	are	YES
		useu.											
		Format				Unsi	gned B	Binary				]	
	Bit Position 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0							)					
		Access	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/	w		
		Flag	VOUT_SI		х	х	х	х	х	USER C			
			T_MODE		_								
L		Default Value	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	(	)		
DB	MFR_FW_REVISION	Value used to program the firmware revision. This command is read only.           Format         Linear, two's complement binary											
		Format				1		1		<u> </u>	_		
		Bit Position	15	14	13	12	11			9 8			
		Access	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w			/w r/v	v		
		Function	+		Inte	eger – N		ersion/			_		
		Default Value		6	-		riable	-	<u> </u>	1 0	_		
		Bit Position	7	6	5	4	3	2		1 0			
		Access											
		-	Function Integer – Minor Version										
L		Default Value Variable											

7Vdc -14Vdc input; 0.6Vdc to 1.5Vdc output; 170A Output Current

### Table 4 (Continued)

Hex Code	Command				Brief	Descript	tion					Non-Volatile Memory Storage
		Returns the index derived from the resistor strapped to the RTUNE pin of the module. Range is from 0 to 59.										
		Format										
DD	MFR_RTUNE_INDEX	Bit Position	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0		YES
		Access	r	r	r	r	r	r	r	r		
		Function				Integ	ger					
		Default Value				Varia	ble					
		corresponding PMB Format	Gets or sets the write protection status of various PMBus commands. When a bit is set, the corresponding PMBus command is write protected and can only be read.         Format       Unsigned Binary									
	MFR_WRITE_PROTECT	Bit Position	15	14	13	12	11	1	0	9	8	
		Access	r	r	r	r	r		r	r	r	
		Function				Re	served					
		Default Value	х	х	х	х	х		х	х	x	
DF		Bit Position	7	6	5	4	3		2	1	0	YES
Di		Access	r	r	r	r	r/v	/ r/	/w	r/w	r/w	125
		Function	Reserved Used						1			
		Default Value	х	х	х	х	1		1	1	0	
		Bit 0: ON_OFF_CONFIG Bit 1: IOUT_OC_FAULT_LIMIT Bit 2: OT_FAULT_LIMIT Bit 3: OT_FAULT_RESP Bits 4 – 15: Reserved										
FO	MFR_MODULE_DATE_LOC_ SN	YY : year of manufac FF: Factory where m WW: Fiscal week of	tead only command which returns 12 bytes with the value of YYFFWWXXXXXX, where Y : year of manufacture F: Factory where manufactured VW: Fiscal week of the year when unit was manufactured XXXXX: Unique number for the specific unit – corresponding to serial number on the label of								YES	

SMBALERT# is also triggered:

when an invalid/unrecognized PMBus command (write or read) is issued

• By invalid PMBus data (write)

• By PEC Failure (when used)

By Enable OFF (when used)

• Module is out of Power Good Range

### **Digital Power Insight (DPI)**

### GE offers a software tool that set helps users evaluate and simulate the PMBus performance of the TJT170A modules without the need to write software.

The software can be downloaded for free at <a href="http://go.ge-energy.com/DigitalPowerInsight.html">http://go.ge-energy.com/DigitalPowerInsight.html</a>. A GE USB to I2C adapter and associated cable set are required for proper functioning of the software suite. For first time users, the GE DPI Evaluation Kit can be purchased from leading distributors at a nominal price and can be used across the entire range of GE Digital POL Modules.

7Vdc –14Vdc input; 0.6Vdc to 1.5Vdc output; 170A Output Current

### **Thermal Considerations**

Power modules operate in a variety of thermal environments; however, sufficient cooling should always be provided to help ensure reliable operation.

Considerations include ambient temperature, airflow, module power dissipation, and the need for increased reliability. A reduction in the operating temperature of the module will result in an increase in reliability. The thermal data presented here is based on physical measurements taken in a wind tunnel. The test set-up is shown in Figure 37. The preferred airflow direction for the module is in Figure 38.

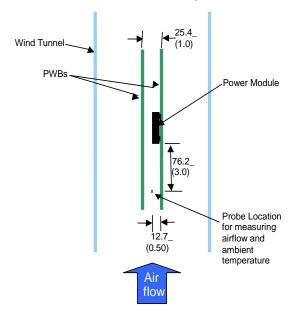
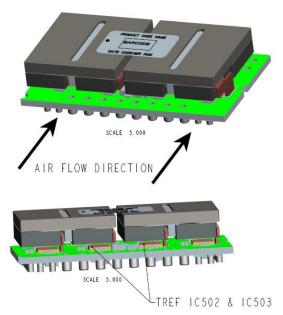


Figure 37. Thermal Test Setup.



#### Figure 38. Preferred airflow direction and location of hotspots of the module (Tref).

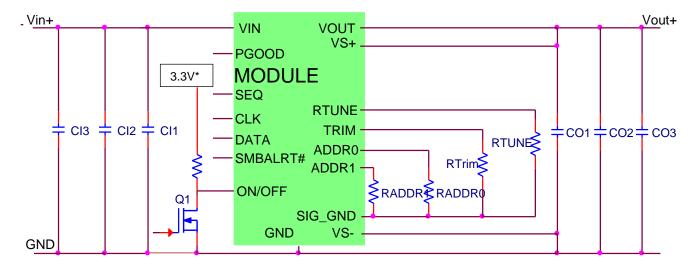
The thermal reference points,  $T_{ref}$  used in the specifications are also shown in Figure 38. For reliable operation the temperatures at these points should not exceed 120°C. The output power of the module should not exceed the rated power of the module (Vo,set x Io,max).

Please refer to the Application Note "Thermal Characterization Process For Open-Frame Board-Mounted Power Modules" for a detailed discussion of thermal aspects including maximum device temperatures.

7Vdc -14Vdc input; 0.6Vdc to 1.5Vdc output; 170A Output Current

### **Example Application Circuit**

Requirements:	
Vin:	12V
Vout:	1.2V
lout:	170A max., worst case load transient is from 85A to 127.5A, 10A/usec
∆Vout:	25mV for worst case load transient
Vin, ripple	2% of Vin (240mV p-p)



3.3V* can be deriv Cl1	ed from Vin through a suitable voltage divider network 4 x 0.047 μF (high-frequency decoupling capacitor)
CI2	12 x 22 μF
CI3	4 x 470 μF (polymer or electrolytic)
CO1	$4x$ 0.047 $\mu\text{F}$ (high-frequency decoupling capacitor)
CO2	12 x 47 μF
CO3	10 x 1000 μF
RTune	3010Ω
RTrim	5.9ΚΩ

<u>Note:</u> The DATA, CLK and SMBALRT pins do not have any pull-up resistors inside the module. Typically, the PMBus master controller will have pull-up resistors as well as provide the driving source for these signals.

If running the simulation at ge.transim.com remember to use bin 'a' parameters to determine the Loop Stability, and bin 'b' parameters to determine the transient response.

### GE

### 170A TeraDLynx<sup>™</sup>: Non-Isolated DC-DC Power Modules

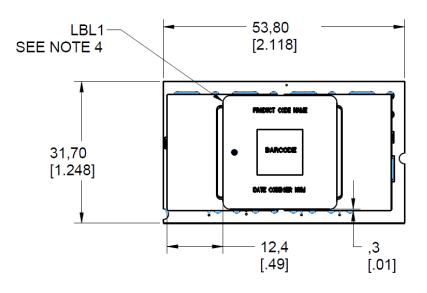
7Vdc -14Vdc input; 0.6Vdc to 1.5Vdc output; 170A Output Current

### Mechanical Outline (SMT)

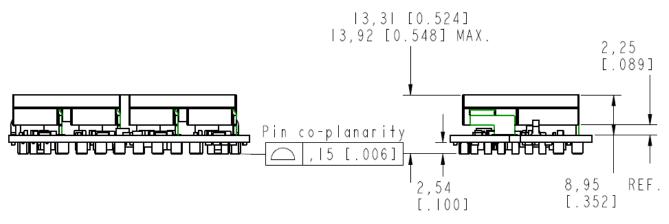
Dimensions are in millimeters and (inches).

Tolerances: x.x mm  $\pm$  0.5 mm (x.xx in.  $\pm$  0.02 in.) [unless otherwise indicated]

x.xx mm  $\pm$  0.25 mm (x.xxx in  $\pm$  0.010 in.)

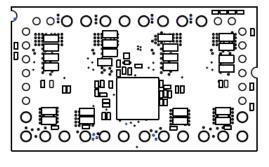






FRONT VIEW

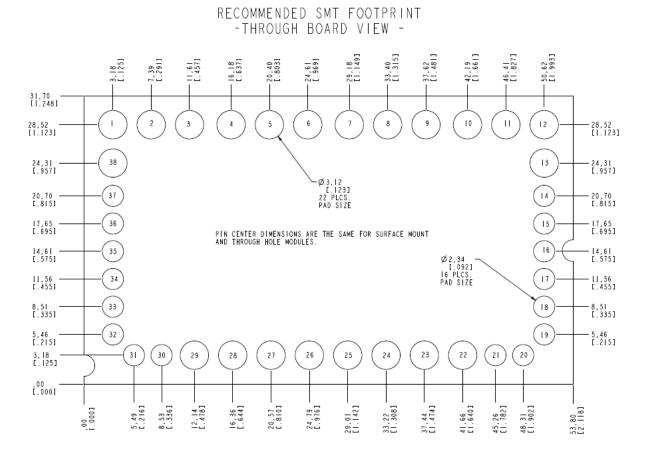
SIDE VIEW



BOTTOM VIEW

7Vdc -14Vdc input; 0.6Vdc to 1.5Vdc output; 170A Output Current

### **Recommended SMT Pad Layout**



PIN	FUNCTION	PIN	FUNCTION	PIN	FUNCTION
1	VOUT**	15	PWR_GOOD	29	VIN
2	VOUT**	16	RTUNE	30	NC
3	GND**	17	TRIM	31	SHARE
4	VOUT**	18	SEQ	32	ON/OFF
5	VOUT**	19	SIG_GND*	33	SMBALERT#
6	GND**	20	VS+	34	DATA
7	VOUT**	21	VS-	35	CLK
8	VOUT**	22	GND**	36	ADDR0
9	GND**	23	VIN**	37	ADDR1
10	VOUT**	24	GND**	38	GND**
11	VOUT**	25	VIN**		
12	GND**	26	GND**		
13	GND**	27	VIN**		
14	SYNC	28	GND**		

(\*) DO NOT connect SIG\_GND to any other GND paths. It needs to be kept separate from other grounds on the board external to the module

(\*\*) Vin, Vout and GND power pins must ALL be used in connection to respective application layout/circuitry to ensure optimum electrical and thermal operation of the high-power module.

### GE

### 170A TeraDLynx<sup>™</sup>: Non-Isolated DC-DC Power Modules

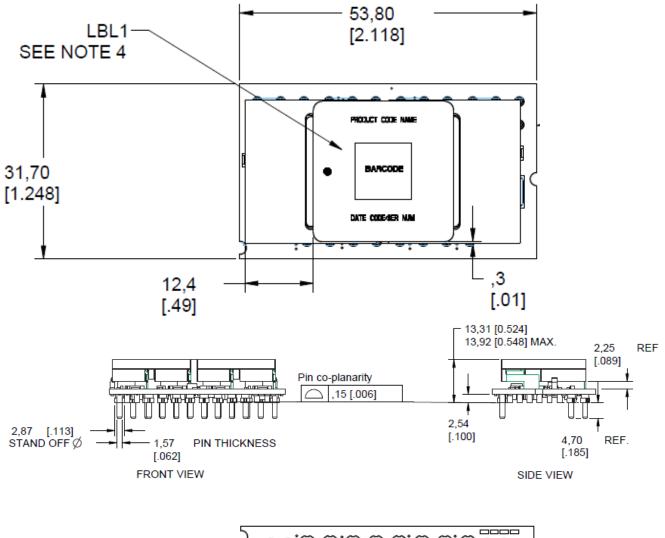
7Vdc –14Vdc input; 0.6Vdc to 1.5Vdc output; 170A Output Current

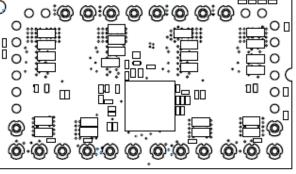
### Mechanical Outline (Through hole)

Dimensions are in millimeters and (inches).

Tolerances: x.x mm  $\pm$  0.5 mm (x.xx in.  $\pm$  0.02 in.) [unless otherwise indicated]

x.xx mm  $\pm$  0.25 mm (x.xxx in  $\pm$  0.010 in.)

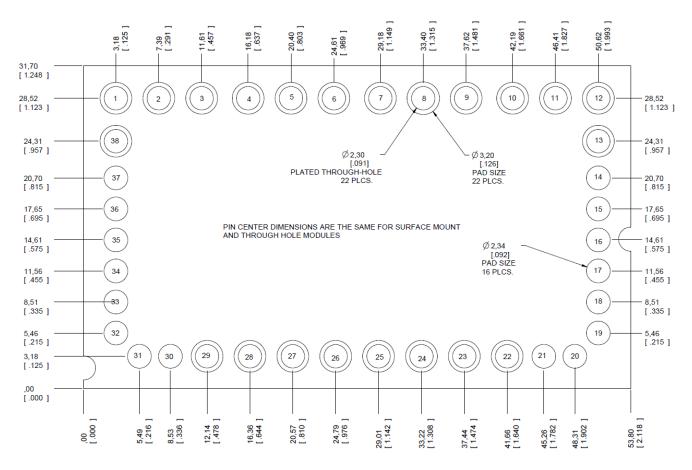




BOTTOM VIEW

7Vdc -14Vdc input; 0.6Vdc to 1.5Vdc output; 170A Output Current

### **Recommended Through-hole Layout**



Note: In the Through-Hole version of the TJT170, pins 1-13, 22-29 and 38 are Through-Hole pins, pins 14-21, 30-37 are SMT pins. The drawing above shows the recommended layout as a combination of holes in the PWB to accommodate the Through-Hole pins and pads on the top layer to accommodate the SMT pins.

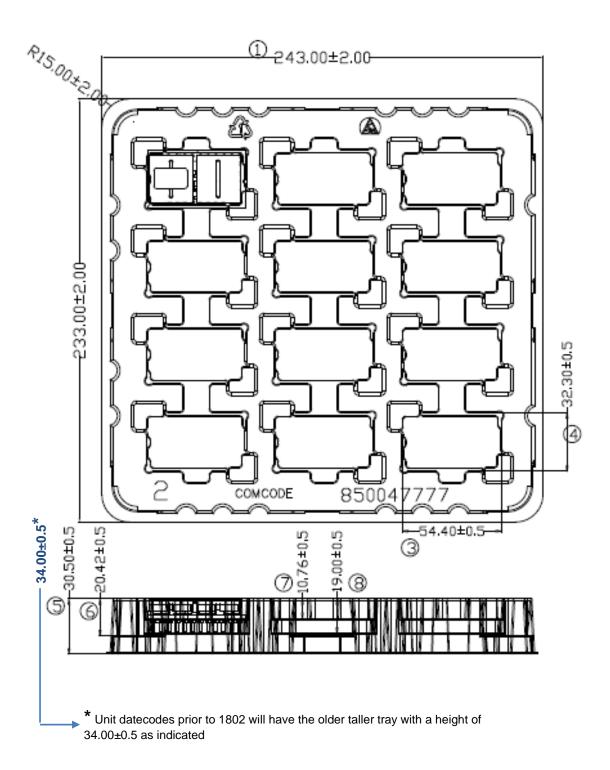
PIN	FUNCTION	PIN	FUNCTION	PIN	FUNCTION
1	VOUT	15	PWR_GOOD	29	VIN
2	VOUT	16	RTUNE	30	NC
3	GND	17	TRIM	31	SHARE
4	VOUT	18	SEQ	32	ON/OFF
5	VOUT	19	SIG_GND*	33	SMBALERT#
6	GND	20	VS+	34	DATA
7	VOUT	21	VS-	35	CLK
8	VOUT	22	GND	36	ADDR0
9	GND	23	VIN	37	ADDR1
10	VOUT	24	GND	38	GND
11	VOUT	25	VIN		
12	GND	26	GND		
13	GND	27	VIN		
14	SYNC	28	GND		

\*Do not connect SIG\_GND to any other GND paths. It needs to be kept separate from other grounds on the board external to the module

7Vdc –14Vdc input; 0.6Vdc to 1.5Vdc output; 170A Output Current

### **Packaging Details**

The 170A TeraDLynx<sup>™</sup> modules are supplied in trays. Modules are shipped in quantities of 12 modules per layer, 24 per box. All Dimensions are in millimeters. All radius unspecified are R2.0mm. All angles unspecified are 5°.



Data Sheet

### 170A TeraDLynx<sup>™</sup>: Non-Isolated DC-DC Power Modules

7Vdc -14Vdc input; 0.6Vdc to 1.5Vdc output; 170A Output Current

### **Surface Mount Information**

### **Pick and Place**

The 170A TeraDLynx<sup>™</sup> modules use an open frame construction and are designed for a fully automated assembly process. The modules are fitted with a label designed to provide a large surface area for pick and place operations. The label meets all the requirements for surface mount processing, as well as safety standards, and is able to withstand reflow temperatures of up to 300°C. The label also carries product information such as product code, serial number and the location of manufacture.

#### Nozzle, Stencil Recommendations

The module weight has been kept to a minimum by using open frame construction. Variables such as nozzle size, tip style, vacuum pressure and placement speed should be considered to optimize this process. The minimum recommended inside nozzle diameter for reliable operation is 15mm. The maximum nozzle outer diameter, which will safely fit within the allowable component spacing, is 22 mm. The minimum stencil to be used should be larger than the modules co-planarity spec.

#### **Bottom Side / First Side Assembly**

This module is not recommended for assembly on the bottom side of a customer board. If such an assembly is attempted, components may fall off the module during the second reflow process.

#### **Lead Free Soodering**

The modules are lead-free (Pb-free) and RoHS compliant and fully compatible in a Pb-free soldering process. Failure to observe the instructions below may result in the failure of or cause damage to the modules and can adversely affect longterm reliability.

#### **Pb-free Reflow Profile**

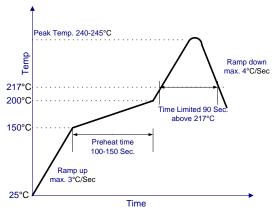
Power Systems will comply with J-STD-020 Rev. C (Moisture/Reflow Sensitivity Classification for Nonhermetic Solid State Surface Mount Devices) for both Pb-free solder profiles and MSL classification procedures. This standard provides a recommended forced-air-convection reflow profile based on the volume and thickness of the package (table 4-2). The suggested Pb-free solder paste is Sn/Ag/Cu (SAC). The recommended linear reflow profile using Sn/Ag/Cu solder is shown in Fig. 40. Soldering outside of the recommended profile requires testing to verify results and performance.

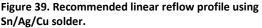
#### **MSL** Rating

The 170A TeraDLynx<sup>™</sup> modules have a MSL rating of 3.

#### **Storage and Handling**

The recommended storage environment and handling procedures for moisture-sensitive surface mount packages is detailed in J-STD-033 Rev. A (Handling, Packing, Shipping and Use of Moisture/Reflow Sensitive Surface Mount Devices). Moisture barrier bags (MBB) with desiccant are required for MSL ratings of 2 or greater. These sealed packages should not be broken until time of use. Once the original package is broken, the floor life of the product at conditions of  $\leq$  30°C and 60% relative humidity varies according to the MSL rating (see J-STD-033A). The shelf life for dry packed SMT packages will be a minimum of 12 months from the bag seal date, when stored at the following conditions: < 40° C, < 90% relative humidity.





#### **Post Solder Cleaning and Drying Considerations**

Post solder cleaning is usually the final circuit-board assembly process prior to electrical board testing. The result of inadequate cleaning and drying can affect both the reliability of a power module and the testability of the finished circuit-board assembly. For guidance on appropriate soldering, cleaning and drying procedures, refer to *Board Mounted Power Modules: Soldering and Cleaning* Application Note (AN04-001).

### **Through Hole Information**

The 170A TeraDLynx<sup>™</sup> modules are lead-free (Pb-free) and RoHS compliant and fully compatible in an Pb-free soldering process. For the through-hole application, it is recommended that the modules are assembled in the pin and paste reflow process, not in the wave solder process. Failure to observe the instructions below may result in the failure of or cause damage to the modules and can adversely affect long-term reliability

### GE

### 170A TeraDLynx<sup>™</sup>: Non-Isolated DC-DC Power Modules

7Vdc –14Vdc input; 0.6Vdc to 1.5Vdc output; 170A Output Current

### **Ordering Information**

Please contact your GE Sales Representative for pricing, availability and optional features.

### Table 5. Device Codes

Device Code	Input Voltage Range	Output Voltage	Output Current	On/Off Logic	Interconnect	Comcodes
TJT170A0X3Z <sup>#</sup>	7 – 14Vdc	0.6 – 1.5 Vdc	170A	Negative	TH	150043981
TJT170A0X43Z <sup>#</sup>	7 – 14Vdc	0.6 – 1.5 Vdc	170A	Positive	ТН	150049605
TJT170A0X3-SZ#	7 – 14Vdc	0.6 – 1.5 Vdc	170A	Negative	SMT	150041744
TJT170A0X43-SZ#	7 – 14Vdc	0.6 – 1.5 Vdc	170A	Positive	SMT	150049607

-Z refers to RoHS compliant parts

# **\*TJT170A0X3-SZ, TJT170A0X3Z, TJT170A0X43-SZ and TJT170A0X43Z are End of Life (EOL). Last Time Buy September 30, 2020. Orders after September 30, 2020 will continue to be accepted until supplies last.** "

#### Table 6. Coding Scheme

Package Identifier	Family	Sequencing Option	Output current		On/Off logic	Remote Sense	Options		ROHS Compliance
т	J	Т	170A0	Х		3	-SR	-H	Z
P=Pico U=Micro M=Mega G=Giga T=Tera	J = DLynx II	T=with EZ Sequence X=without sequencing	170A	X = programm able output	4 = positive No entry = negative	3 = Remote Sense	S = Surface Mount R = Tape & Reel No entry = Through hole	Extra Ground Pins	Z = ROHS6

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