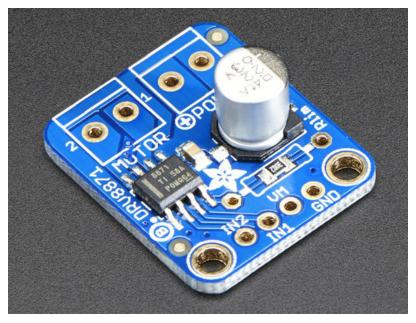


Adafruit DRV8871 Brushed DC Motor Driver Breakout

Created by lady ada

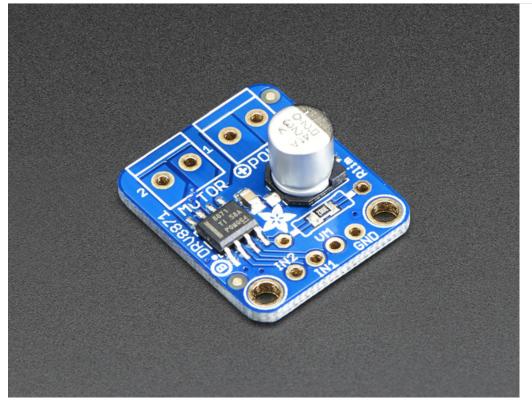


Last updated on 2018-08-22 03:54:40 PM UTC

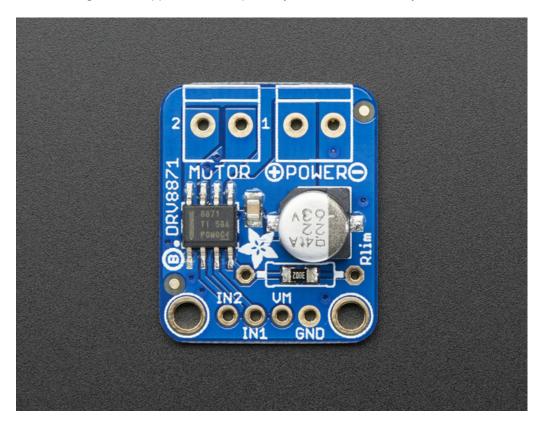
Guide Contents

Guide Contents	2
Overview	3
Pinouts	7
Motor power pins	7
Motor Input Pins	8
Motor Output	8
Assembly	10
Prepare the header strip and Add the breakout board:	11
Solder!	11
Usage	16
Download	19
Datasheets & Files	19
Schematic	19
Fabrication Print	19

Overview

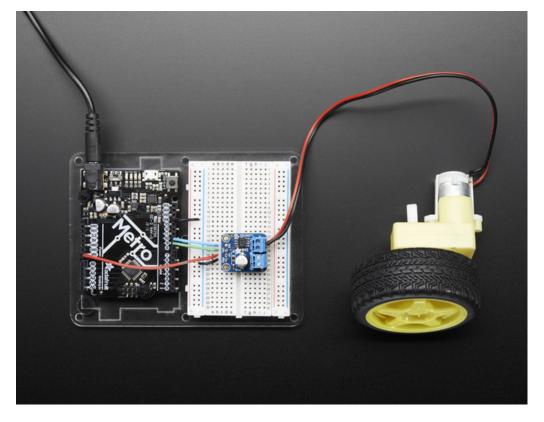


Crank up your robotics with powerful **Adafruit DRV8871** motor driver breakout board. This motor driver has a lot of great specs that make it useful for a wide variety of mechatronics. In particular, the simple resistor-set current limiting and auto-magic PWM support make it super easy to use with almost any brushed DC motor.

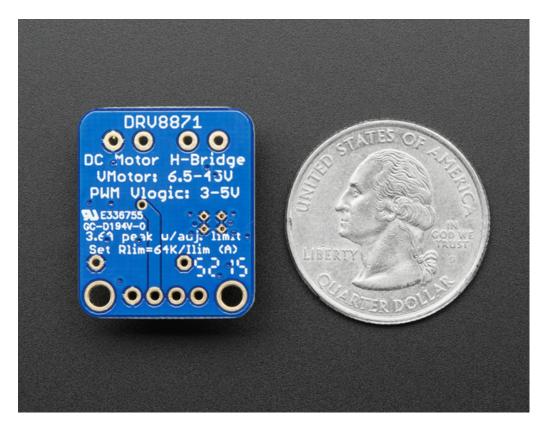


Check out the specs for the DRV8871:

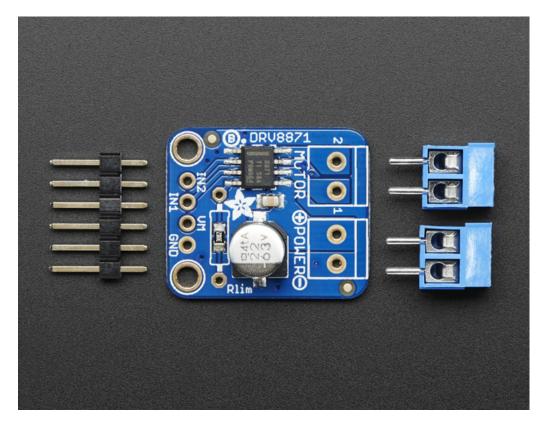
- 6.5V to 45V motor power voltage
- Up to 5.5V logic level on IN pins
- $565m\Omega$ Typical RDS(on) (high + low)
- 3.6A peak current
- PWM control
- Current limiting/regulation without an inline sense resistor
- Undervoltage lockout
- Overcurrent protection
- Thermal shutdown



Using it is super simple. Connect your motor to the **OUT** terminal block. Power the board with 6.5-45VDC power on **VMotor** and provide the H-bridge input control on **IN1** and **IN2**. You can even PWM the inputs and the driver chip will do the right thing.

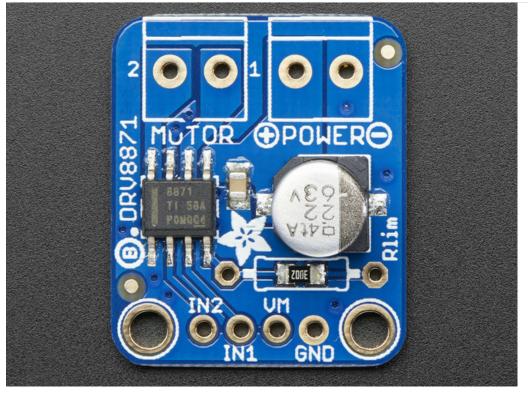


You can set the current limiting with an external resistor **Rlim**. We solder in a 30K resistor by default for a ~2A current limit, however you can remove this resistor and/or solder a resistor over it to change the resistance and change the limit.

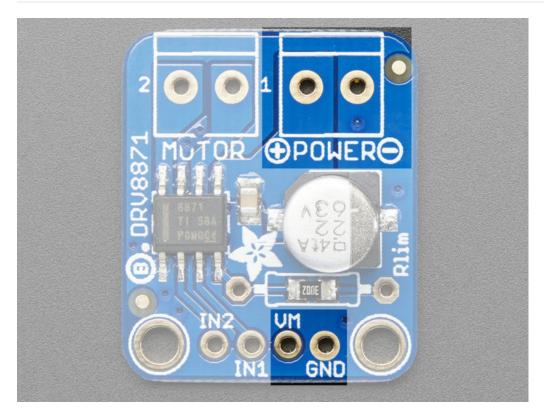


Each order comes with one fully assembled and tested motor driver breakout, two 2-pin terminal blocks and a small strip of header. Some light soldering is required to attach the header and terminal blocks but its a simple task that can be done with basic soldering equipment.

Pinouts



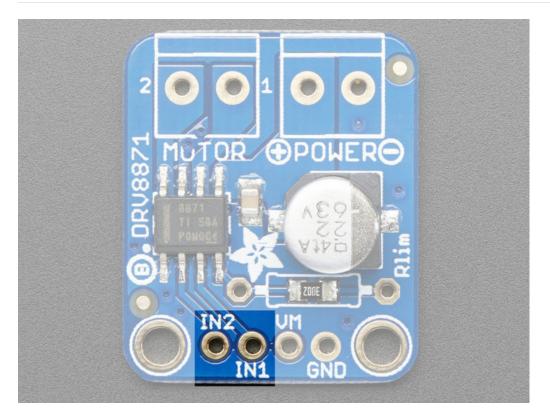
Motor power pins



These two sets of pads are connected internally so you can use breadboard or terminal blocks to provide motor

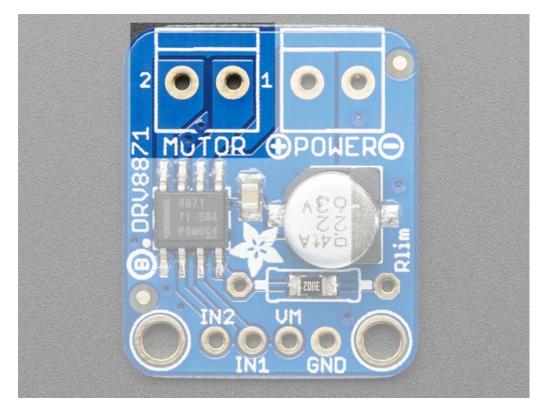
power. Use 6.5V-45VDC to power the motor and the chip. This isn't the same as the logic level of the chip, which is up to 5.5 VDC. You do not have to provide a logic level power supply to the chip, how nice is that?

Motor Input Pins



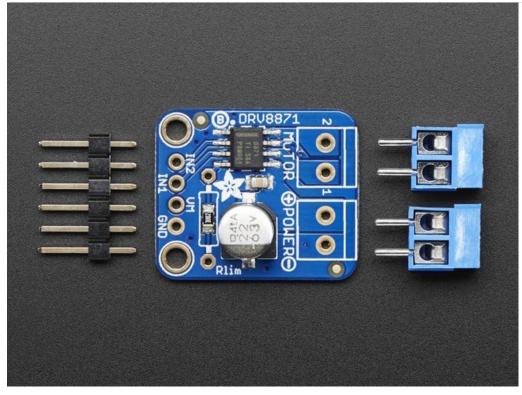
These are the inputs to the motor control. IN2 goes to OUT2, IN1 goes to IN1. Use up to 5.5V DC logic on these pins. You can PWM the inputs up to 200KHz, but lower frequencies will be more efficient.

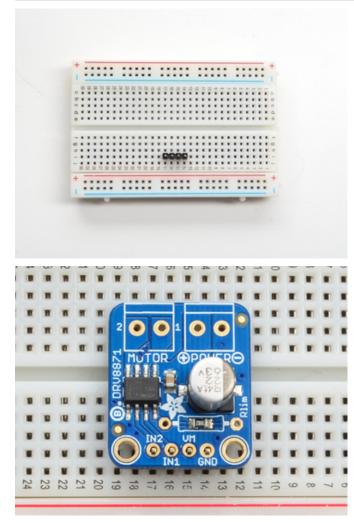
Motor Output



Pretty simple - this is where your motor goes! Works with any DC brushed motor. Use thick wires to avoid dropping voltage across the wire resistance

Assembly





Prepare the header strip and Add the breakout board:

Cut the strip to length if necessary. It will be easier to solder if you insert it into a breadboard - **long pins down**

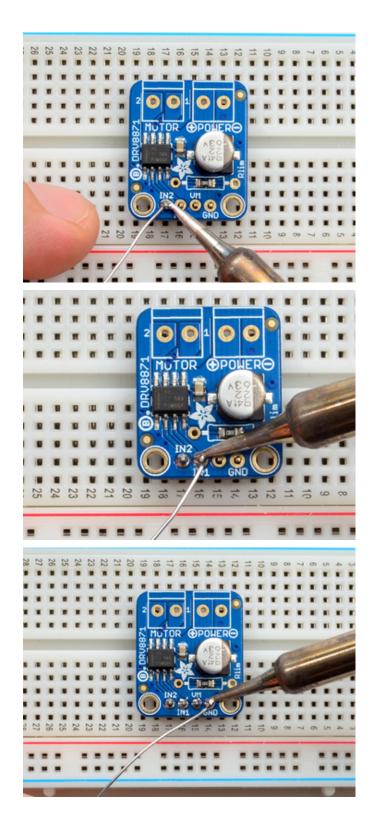
Place the breakout board over the pins so that the short pins poke through the breakout pads

Solder!

Be sure to solder all pins for reliable electrical contact.

(For tips on soldering, be sure to check out our Guide to Excellent Soldering (https://adafru.it/aTk)).

© Adafruit Industries





Next we will solder in the two 3.5mm terminal blocks used to connect power & the motor to the breakout board.

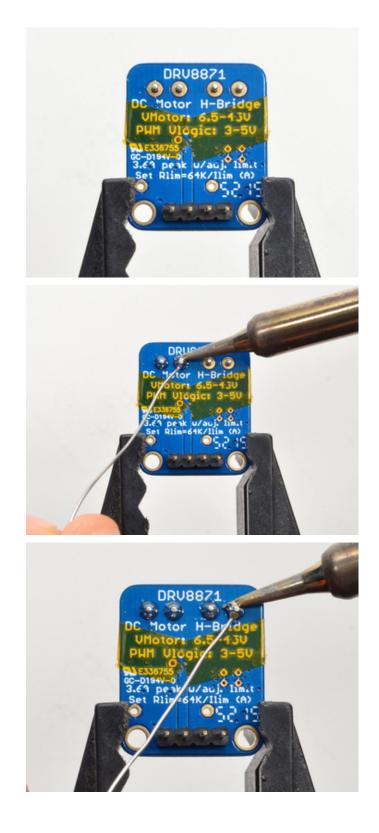
Make sure the open parts of the terminals face outwards so you can easily connect wires

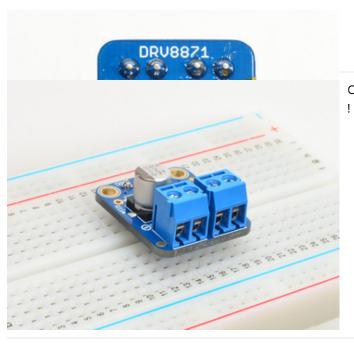
To make it easier to keep these in place, you can use some tape to hold down the two header pieces. Tacky clay also works, whatever you've got handy!





Solder in both pins of each terminal block. You can remove the tape when done.

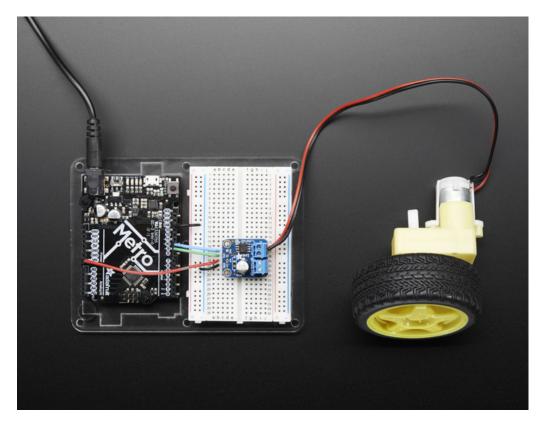




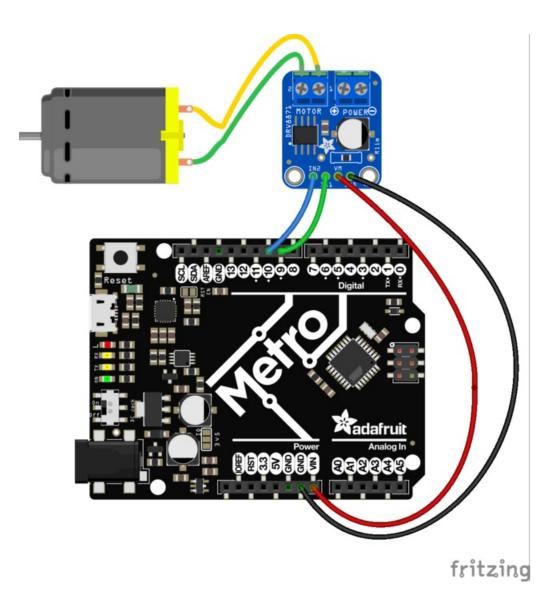
- OK You're done! Now you can get your motors spinnin'

Usage

Using the motor driver is really easy. Wire up the two input pins to your microcontroller's PWM outputs. We'll be using an Arduino but any microcontroller or microcomputer can be used. If you don't have PWM outputs you can also just use straight logic high and low but you wont get speed control



```
// Basic sketch for trying out the Adafruit DRV8871 Breakout
#define MOTOR_IN1 9
#define MOTOR IN2 10
void setup() {
 Serial.begin(9600);
 Serial.println("DRV8871 test");
 pinMode(MOTOR IN1, OUTPUT);
 pinMode(MOTOR_IN2, OUTPUT);
}
void loop() {
  // ramp up forward
 digitalWrite(MOTOR IN1, LOW);
 for (int i=0; i<255; i++) {</pre>
   analogWrite(MOTOR IN2, i);
   delay(10);
 }
 // forward full speed for one second
 delay(1000);
 // ramp down forward
 for (int i=255; i>=0; i--) {
    analogWrite(MOTOR_IN2, i);
    delay(10);
 }
 // ramp up backward
 digitalWrite(MOTOR IN2, LOW);
 for (int i=0; i<255; i++) {</pre>
    analogWrite(MOTOR IN1, i);
    delay(10);
  }
 // backward full speed for one second
 delay(1000);
 // ramp down backward
 for (int i=255; i>=0; i--) {
   analogWrite(MOTOR_IN1, i);
    delay(10);
 }
}
```

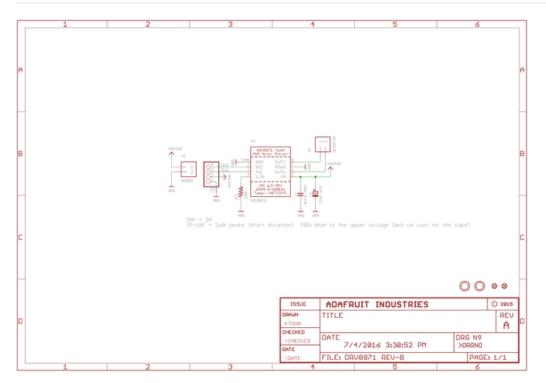


Download

Datasheets & Files

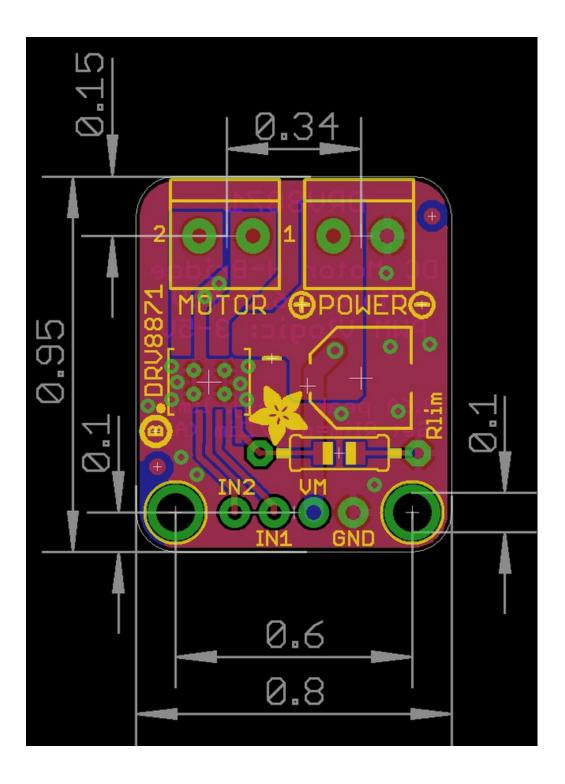
- DRV8871 Datasheet (https://adafru.it/oES)
- EagleCAD PCB Files on GitHub (https://adafru.it/oET)
- Fritzing object in our library (https://adafru.it/aP3)

Schematic



Fabrication Print

Dimensions in Inches



X-ON Electronics

Largest Supplier of Electrical and Electronic Components

Click to view similar products for Power Management IC Development Tools category:

Click to view products by Adafruit manufacturer:

Other Similar products are found below :

EVAL-ADM1168LQEBZ EVB-EP5348UI MIC23451-AAAYFLEV MIC5281YMMEEV DA9063-EVAL ADP122-3.3-EVALZ ADP130-0.8-EVALZ ADP130-1.2-EVALZ ADP130-1.5-EVALZ ADP130-1.8-EVALZ ADP1714-3.3-EVALZ ADP1716-2.5-EVALZ ADP1740-1.5-EVALZ ADP1752-1.5-EVALZ ADP1828LC-EVALZ ADP1870-0.3-EVALZ ADP1871-0.6-EVALZ ADP1873-0.6-EVALZ ADP1874-0.3-EVALZ ADP1882-1.0-EVALZ ADP199CB-EVALZ ADP2102-1.25-EVALZ ADP2102-1.875EVALZ ADP2102-1.8-EVALZ ADP2102-2-EVALZ ADP1882-1.0-EVALZ ADP199CB-EVALZ ADP2102-1.25-EVALZ ADP2102-1.875EVALZ ADP2102-1.8-EVALZ ADP2102-2-EVALZ ADP2102-3-EVALZ ADP2102-4-EVALZ ADP2106-1.8-EVALZ ADP2147CB-110EVALZ AS3606-DB BQ24010EVM BQ24075TEVM BQ24155EVM BQ24157EVM-697 BQ24160EVM-742 BQ24296MEVM-655 BQ25010EVM BQ3055EVM NCV891330PD50GEVB ISLUSBI2CKIT1Z LM2744EVAL LM2854EVAL LM3658SD-AEV/NOPB LM3658SDEV/NOPB LM3691TL-1.8EV/NOPB LM4510SDEV/NOPB LM5033SD-EVAL LP38512TS-1.8EV EVAL-ADM1186-1MBZ EVAL-ADM1186-2MBZ