ESP32-WROOM-32

Datasheet



About This Document

This document provides the specifications for the ESP32-WROOM-32 module.

Document Updates

Please always refer to the latest version on https://www.espressif.com/en/support/download/documents.

Revision History

For revision history of this document, please refer to the last page.

Documentation Change Notification

Espressif provides email notifications to keep customers updated on changes to technical documentation. Please subscribe at www.espressif.com/en/subscribe. Note that you need to update your subscription to receive notifications of new products you are not currently subscribed to.

Certification

Download certificates for Espressif products from www.espressif.com/en/certificates.

Contents

| 1 | Overview | 6 |
|------------------------------|--|--|
| 2 2.1 2.2 2.3 | Pin Definitions Pin Layout Pin Description Strapping Pins | 8 8 8 9 |
| 3 3.1 3.2 3.3 3.4 | Functional Description CPU and Internal Memory External Flash and SRAM Crystal Oscillators RTC and Low-Power Management | 12 12 12 12 13 |
| 4 | Peripherals and Sensors | 14 |
| 5 5.1 5.2 5.3 5.4 5.5 | Electrical Characteristics Absolute Maximum Ratings Recommended Operating Conditions DC Characteristics (3.3 V, 25 °C) Wi-Fi Radio BLE Radio 5.5.1 Receiver 5.5.2 Transmitter Reflow Profile | 15 15 15 15 16 17 17 17 |
| 6 | Schematics | 19 |
| 7 | Peripheral Schematics | 20 |
| 8 | Physical Dimensions | 21 |
| 9 | Recommended PCB Land Pattern | 22 |
| 10.1 | Learning Resources Must-Read Documents Must-Have Resources | 23 23 23 |
| Re | vision History | 25 |

List of Tables

| 1 | ESP32-WROOM-32 Specifications | 6 |
|---|-----------------------------------|----|
| 2 | Pin Definitions | 8 |
| 3 | Strapping Pins | 10 |
| 4 | Absolute Maximum Ratings | 15 |
| 5 | Recommended Operating Conditions | 15 |
| 6 | DC Characteristics (3.3 V, 25 °C) | 15 |
| 7 | Wi-Fi Radio Characteristics | 16 |
| 8 | Receiver Characteristics – BLE | 17 |
| 9 | Transmitter Characteristics – BLF | 17 |

List of Figures

| 1 | ESP32-WROOM-32 Pin Layout (Top View) | 8 |
|---|---------------------------------------|----|
| 2 | Reflow Profile | 18 |
| 3 | ESP32-WROOM-32 Schematics | 19 |
| 4 | ESP32-WROOM-32 Peripheral Schematics | 20 |
| 5 | Physical Dimensions of ESP32-WROOM-32 | 21 |
| 6 | Recommended PCB Land Pattern | 22 |

1 Overview

ESP32-WROOM-32 is a powerful, generic Wi-Fi+BT+BLE MCU module that targets a wide variety of applications, ranging from low-power sensor networks to the most demanding tasks, such as voice encoding, music streaming and MP3 decoding.

At the core of this module is the ESP32-D0WDQ6 chip*. The chip embedded is designed to be scalable and adaptive. There are two CPU cores that can be individually controlled, and the CPU clock frequency is adjustable from 80 MHz to 240 MHz. The chip also has a low-power co-processor that can be used instead of the CPU to save power while performing tasks that do not require much computing power, such as monitoring of peripherals. ESP32 integrates a rich set of peripherals, ranging from capacitive touch sensors, Hall sensors, SD card interface, Ethernet, high-speed SPI, UART, I²S and I²C.

Note:

* For details on the part numbers of the ESP32 family of chips, please refer to the document ESP32 Datasheet.

The integration of Bluetooth[®], Bluetooth LE and Wi-Fi ensures that a wide range of applications can be targeted, and that the module is all-around: using Wi-Fi allows a large physical range and direct connection to the Internet through a Wi-Fi router, while using Bluetooth allows the user to conveniently connect to the phone or broadcast low energy beacons for its detection. The sleep current of the ESP32 chip is less than 5 μ A, making it suitable for battery powered and wearable electronics applications. The module supports a data rate of up to 150 Mbps, and 20 dBm output power at the antenna to ensure the widest physical range. As such the module does offer industry-leading specifications and the best performance for electronic integration, range, power consumption, and connectivity.

The operating system chosen for ESP32 is freeRTOS with LwIP; TLS 1.2 with hardware acceleration is built in as well. Secure (encrypted) over the air (OTA) upgrade is also supported, so that users can upgrade their products even after their release, at minimum cost and effort.

Table 1 provides the specifications of ESP32-WROOM-32.

Table 1: ESP32-WROOM-32 Specifications

| Categories | Items | Specifications | | |
|---------------|-------------------------|--|--|--|
| | RF certification | FCC/CE-RED/IC/TELEC/KCC/SRRC/NCC | | |
| Certification | Wi-Fi certification | Wi-Fi Alliance | | |
| Certification | Bluetooth certification | BQB | | |
| | Green certification | RoHS/REACH | | |
| Test | Reliablity | HTOL/HTSL/uHAST/TCT/ESD | | |
| | | 802.11 b/g/n (802.11n up to 150 Mbps) | | |
| Wi-Fi | Protocols | A-MPDU and A-MSDU aggregation and 0.4 μ s guard interval | | |
| VVI-F1 | | support | | |
| | Frequency range | 2.4 GHz ~ 2.5 GHz | | |
| | Protocols | Bluetooth v4.2 BR/EDR and BLE specification | | |
| | | NZIF receiver with -97 dBm sensitivity | | |
| Bluetooth | Radio | Class-1, class-2 and class-3 transmitter | | |
| | | AFH | | |
| | Audio | CVSD and SBC | | |

| Categories | Items | Specifications |
|------------|----------------------------------|--|
| | | SD card, UART, SPI, SDIO, I2C, LED PWM, Motor PWM, |
| | Module interfaces | I ² S, IR, pulse counter, GPIO, capacitive touch sensor, ADC, |
| | IVIOGGIE II ILEITACES | DAC, Two-Wire Automotive Interface (TWAI®), compatible |
| | | with ISO11898-1 (CAN Specification 2.0) |
| | On-chip sensor | Hall sensor |
| | Integrated crystal | 40 MHz crystal |
| Hardware | Integrated SPI flash | 4 MB |
| | Operating voltage/Power supply | 3.0 V ~ 3.6 V |
| | Operating current | Average: 80 mA |
| | Minimum current delivered by | 500 mA |
| | power supply | 300 IIIA |
| | Recommended operating tem- | -40 °C ~ +85 °C |
| | perature range | -40 0 0 4 +00 0 |
| | Package size | (18.00±0.10) mm × (25.50±0.10) mm × (3.10±0.10) mm |
| | Moisture sensitivity level (MSL) | Level 3 |

2 Pin Definitions

2.1 Pin Layout

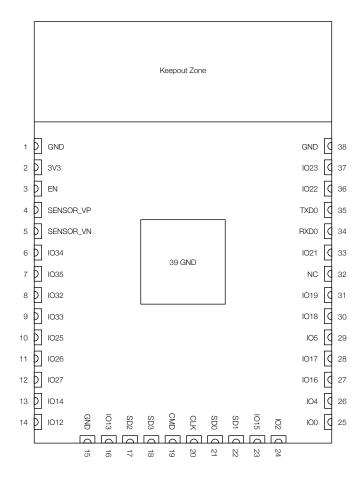


Figure 1: ESP32-WROOM-32 Pin Layout (Top View)

2.2 Pin Description

ESP32-WROOM-32 has 38 pins. See pin definitions in Table 2.

Table 2: Pin Definitions

| Name | No. | Туре | Function |
|-----------|-----|------|--|
| GND | 1 | Р | Ground |
| 3V3 | 2 | Р | Power supply |
| EN | 3 | I | Module-enable signal. Active high. |
| SENSOR_VP | 4 | I | GPIO36, ADC1_CH0, RTC_GPIO0 |
| SENSOR_VN | 5 | I | GPIO39, ADC1_CH3, RTC_GPIO3 |
| IO34 | 6 | I | GPIO34, ADC1_CH6, RTC_GPIO4 |
| IO35 | 7 | I | GPIO35, ADC1_CH7, RTC_GPIO5 |
| 1032 | 8 | I/O | GPIO32, XTAL_32K_P (32.768 kHz crystal oscillator input), ADC1_CH4, |
| 1032 | 0 | 1/0 | TOUCH9, RTC_GPIO9 |
| 1033 | 9 | I/O | GPIO33, XTAL_32K_N (32.768 kHz crystal oscillator output), ADC1_CH5, |
| 1000 | 9 | 1/0 | TOUCH8, RTC_GPIO8 |

| Name | No. | Туре | Function | | | |
|----------|-------------|------|--|--|--|--|
| IO25 | 10 | I/O | GPIO25, DAC_1, ADC2_CH8, RTC_GPIO6, EMAC_RXD0 | | | |
| IO26 | 11 | I/O | GPIO26, DAC_2, ADC2_CH9, RTC_GPIO7, EMAC_RXD1 | | | |
| IO27 | 12 | I/O | GPIO27, ADC2_CH7, TOUCH7, RTC_GPIO17, EMAC_RX_DV | | | |
| IO14 | 13 | I/O | GPIO14, ADC2_CH6, TOUCH6, RTC_GPIO16, MTMS, HSPICLK, HS2_CLK, SD_CLK, EMAC_TXD2 | | | |
| IO12 | 14 | I/O | GPIO12, ADC2_CH5, TOUCH5, RTC_GPIO15, MTDI, HSPIQ, HS2_DATA2, SD_DATA2, EMAC_TXD3 | | | |
| GND | 15 | Р | Ground | | | |
| IO13 | 16 | I/O | GPIO13, ADC2_CH4, TOUCH4, RTC_GPIO14, MTCK, HSPID, HS2_DATA3, SD_DATA3, EMAC_RX_ER | | | |
| SHD/SD2* | 17 | I/O | GPIO9, SD_DATA2, SPIHD, HS1_DATA2, U1RXD | | | |
| SWP/SD3* | 18 | I/O | GPIO10, SD_DATA3, SPIWP, HS1_DATA3, U1TXD | | | |
| SCS/CMD* | 19 | I/O | GPIO11, SD_CMD, SPICSO, HS1_CMD, U1RTS | | | |
| SCK/CLK* | 20 | I/O | GPIO6, SD_CLK, SPICLK, HS1_CLK, U1CTS | | | |
| SDO/SD0* | 21 | I/O | GPIO7, SD_DATA0, SPIQ, HS1_DATA0, U2RTS | | | |
| SDI/SD1* | 22 | I/O | GPIO8, SD_DATA1, SPID, HS1_DATA1, U2CTS | | | |
| IO15 | IO15 23 I/O | | GPIO15, ADC2_CH3, TOUCH3, MTDO, HSPICS0, RTC_GPIO13, HS2_CMD, SD_CMD, EMAC_RXD3 | | | |
| 102 | 24 | I/O | GPIO2, ADC2_CH2, TOUCH2, RTC_GPIO12, HSPIWP, HS2_DATA0, SD_DATA0 | | | |
| IO0 | 25 | I/O | GPIO0, ADC2_CH1, TOUCH1, RTC_GPIO11, CLK_OUT1, EMAC_TX_CLK | | | |
| 104 | 26 | I/O | GPIO4, ADC2_CH0, TOUCH0, RTC_GPIO10, HSPIHD, HS2_DATA1, SD_DATA1, EMAC_TX_ER | | | |
| IO16 | 27 | I/O | GPIO16, HS1_DATA4, U2RXD, EMAC_CLK_OUT | | | |
| IO17 | 28 | I/O | GPIO17, HS1_DATA5, U2TXD, EMAC_CLK_OUT_180 | | | |
| IO5 | 29 | I/O | GPIO5, VSPICS0, HS1_DATA6, EMAC_RX_CLK | | | |
| IO18 | 30 | I/O | GPIO18, VSPICLK, HS1_DATA7 | | | |
| IO19 | 31 | I/O | GPIO19, VSPIQ, U0CTS, EMAC_TXD0 | | | |
| NC | 32 | - | - | | | |
| IO21 | 33 | I/O | GPIO21, VSPIHD, EMAC_TX_EN | | | |
| RXD0 | 34 | I/O | GPIO3, U0RXD, CLK_OUT2 | | | |
| TXD0 | 35 | I/O | GPIO1, U0TXD, CLK_OUT3, EMAC_RXD2 | | | |
| IO22 | 36 | I/O | GPIO22, VSPIWP, UORTS, EMAC_TXD1 | | | |
| IO23 | 37 | I/O | GPIO23, VSPID, HS1_STROBE | | | |
| GND | 38 | Р | Ground | | | |

Notice:

Strapping Pins 2.3

ESP32 has five strapping pins, which can be seen in Chapter 6 Schematics:

^{*} Pins SCK/CLK, SDO/SD0, SDI/SD1, SHD/SD2, SWP/SD3 and SCS/CMD, namely, GPIO6 to GPIO11 are connected to the integrated SPI flash integrated on the module and are not recommended for other uses.

- MTDI
- GPIO0
- GPI02
- MTDO
- GPI05

Software can read the values of these five bits from register "GPIO STRAPPING".

During the chip's system reset release (power-on-reset, RTC watchdog reset and brownout reset), the latches of the strapping pins sample the voltage level as strapping bits of "0" or "1", and hold these bits until the chip is powered down or shut down. The strapping bits configure the device's boot mode, the operating voltage of VDD_SDIO and other initial system settings.

Each strapping pin is connected to its internal pull-up/pull-down during the chip reset. Consequently, if a strapping pin is unconnected or the connected external circuit is high-impedance, the internal weak pull-up/pull-down will determine the default input level of the strapping pins.

To change the strapping bit values, users can apply the external pull-down/pull-up resistances, or use the host MCU's GPIOs to control the voltage level of these pins when powering on ESP32.

After reset release, the strapping pins work as normal-function pins.

Refer to Table 3 for a detailed boot-mode configuration by strapping pins.

Voltage of Internal LDO (VDD_SDIO) Pin Default 3.3 V 1.8 V MTDI 0 Pull-down **Booting Mode** SPI Boot Pin Default Download Boot GPI00 Pull-up 1 0 Pull-down GPIO2 Don't-care Enabling/Disabling Debugging Log Print over U0TXD During Booting Pin **U0TXD** Active **UOTXD Silent** Default MTDO Pull-up 1 0 Timing of SDIO Slave FE Sampling FE Sampling **RE Sampling** RE Sampling Pin Default FE Output RE Output FE Output RE Output **MTDO** Pull-up 0 0 GPIO5 Pull-up 0 1 1

Table 3: Strapping Pins

Note:

- Firmware can configure register bits to change the settings of "Voltage of Internal LDO (VDD_SDIO)" and "Timing of SDIO Slave" after booting.
- The module integrates a 3.3 V SPI flash, so the pin MTDI cannot be set to 1 when the module is powered up.

The strapping pins need a setup and hold time before and after the EN signal goes high. For details please refer

to Section Strapping Pins in *ESP32 Datasheet*.

This chapter describes the modules and functions integrated in ESP32-WROOM-32.

3.1 CPU and Internal Memory

ESP32-D0WDQ6 contains two low-power Xtensa® 32-bit LX6 microprocessors. The internal memory includes:

- 448 KB of ROM for booting and core functions.
- 520 KB of on-chip SRAM for data and instructions.
- 8 KB of SRAM in RTC, which is called RTC FAST Memory and can be used for data storage; it is accessed by the main CPU during RTC Boot from the Deep-sleep mode.
- 8 KB of SRAM in RTC, which is called RTC SLOW Memory and can be accessed by the co-processor during the Deep-sleep mode.
- 1 Kbit of eFuse: 256 bits are used for the system (MAC address and chip configuration) and the remaining 768 bits are reserved for customer applications, including flash-encryption and chip-ID.

3.2 External Flash and SRAM

ESP32 supports multiple external QSPI flash and SRAM chips. More details can be found in Chapter SPI in the ESP32 Technical Reference Manual. ESP32 also supports hardware encryption/decryption based on AES to protect developers' programs and data in flash.

ESP32 can access the external QSPI flash and SRAM through high-speed caches.

- The external flash can be mapped into CPU instruction memory space and read-only memory space simultaneously.
 - When external flash is mapped into CPU instruction memory space, up to 11 MB + 248 KB can be mapped at a time. Note that if more than 3 MB + 248 KB are mapped, cache performance will be reduced due to speculative reads by the CPU.
 - When external flash is mapped into read-only data memory space, up to 4 MB can be mapped at a time. 8-bit, 16-bit and 32-bit reads are supported.
- External SRAM can be mapped into CPU data memory space. Up to 4 MB can be mapped at a time. 8-bit, 16-bit and 32-bit reads and writes are supported.

ESP32-WROOM-32 integrates a 4 MB SPI flash, which is connected to GPIO6, GPIO7, GPIO8, GPIO9, GPIO10 and GPIO11. These six pins cannot be used as regular GPIOs.

3.3 Crystal Oscillators

The module uses a 40-MHz crystal oscillator.

RTC and Low-Power Management

With the use of advanced power-management technologies, ESP32 can switch between different power modes.

For details on ESP32's power consumption in different power modes, please refer to section "RTC and Low-Power Management" in ESP32 Datasheet.

Please refer to Section Peripherals and Sensors in *ESP32 Datasheet*.

Note:

External connections can be made to any GPIO except for GPIOs in the range 6-11. These six GPIOs are connected to the module's integrated SPI flash. For details, please see Section 6 Schematics.

5 Electrical Characteristics

5.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

Stresses beyond the absolute maximum ratings listed in Table 4 below may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and do not refer to the functional operation of the device that should follow the recommended operating conditions.

Table 4: Absolute Maximum Ratings

| Symbol | Parameter | Min | Max | Unit |
|----------------------------------|------------------------------|------|-------|------|
| VDD33 | Power supply voltage | -0.3 | 3.6 | V |
| l _{output} ¹ | Cumulative IO output current | - | 1,100 | mA |
| T_{store} | Storage temperature | -40 | 150 | °C |

- The module worked properly after a 24-hour test in ambient temperature at 25 °C, and the IOs in three domains (VDD3P3_RTC, VDD3P3_CPU, VDD_SDIO) output high logic level to ground. Please note that pins occupied by flash and/or PSRAM in the VDD_SDIO power domain were excluded from the test.
- 2. Please see Appendix IO_MUX of ESP32 Datasheet for IO's power domain.

5.2 Recommended Operating Conditions

Table 5: Recommended Operating Conditions

| Symbol | Parameter | Min | Typical | Max | Unit |
|-----------|--|-----|---------|-----|------|
| VDD33 | Power supply voltage | 3.0 | 3.3 | 3.6 | V |
| I_{VDD} | Current delivered by external power supply | 0.5 | - | - | А |
| Т | Operating temperature | -40 | - | 85 | °C |

5.3 DC Characteristics (3.3 V, 25 °C)

Table 6: DC Characteristics (3.3 V, 25 °C)

| Symbol | Par | ameter | Min | Тур | Max | Unit |
|-----------------|---|---|-----------------------|-----|-----------------------|------|
| C_{IN} | Pin capacitance | | - | 2 | - | рF |
| V_{IH} | High-level input voltage | | 0.75×VDD ¹ | - | VDD1+0.3 | V |
| V_{IL} | Low-level input voltage | | -0.3 | - | 0.25×VDD ¹ | V |
| $ I_{IH} $ | High-level input current | - | - | 50 | nA | |
| $ I_{IL} $ | Low-level input current | | - | ı | 50 | nA |
| V_{OH} | High-level output voltage | | 0.8×VDD ¹ | i | - | V |
| V_{OL} | Low-level output voltage | | - | - | 0.1×VDD ¹ | V |
| | High-level source current | VDD3P3_CPU power domain 1, 2 | - | 40 | - | mA |
| 1 | $(VDD^1 = 3.3 \text{ V}, V_{OH} >= 2.64 \text{ V},$ | VDD3P3_RTC power domain ^{1, 2} | - | 40 | - | mA |
| I _{OH} | output drive strength set to the maximum) | VDD_SDIO power domain ^{1, 3} | - | 20 | - | mA |

| Symbol | Parameter | Min | Тур | Max | Unit |
|----------------|--|-----|-----|-----|------|
| | Low-level sink current | | | | |
| I_{OL} | $(VDD^1 = 3.3 \text{ V}, V_{OL} = 0.495 \text{ V},$ | - | 28 | - | mA |
| | output drive strength set to the maximum) | | | | |
| R_{PU} | Resistance of internal pull-up resistor | - | 45 | - | kΩ |
| R_{PD} | Resistance of internal pull-down resistor | - | 45 | - | kΩ |
| V_{IL_nRST} | Low-level input voltage of CHIP_PU to power off the chip | - | - | 0.6 | V |

Notes:

- 1. Please see Appendix IO_MUX of <u>ESP32 Datasheet</u> for IO's power domain. VDD is the I/O voltage for a particular power domain of pins.
- 2. For VDD3P3_CPU and VDD3P3_RTC power domain, per-pin current sourced in the same domain is gradually reduced from around 40 mA to around 29 mA, $V_{OH}>=2.64$ V, as the number of current-source pins increases.
- 3. Pins occupied by flash and/or PSRAM in the VDD_SDIO power domain were excluded from the test.

5.4 Wi-Fi Radio

Table 7: Wi-Fi Radio Characteristics

| Parameter | Condition | Min | Typical | Max | Unit |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------|------|-------------|------|------|
| Operating frequency range note1 | - | 2412 | - | 2484 | MHz |
| Output impedance note2 | - | - | note 2 | - | Ω |
| TX power ^{note3} | 11n, MCS7 | 12 | 13 | 14 | dBm |
| | 11b mode | 17.5 | 18.5 | 20 | dBm |
| Sensitivity | 11b, 1 Mbps | - | -98 | - | dBm |
| | 11b, 11 Mbps | - | -89 | - | dBm |
| | 11g, 6 Mbps | - | -92 | - | dBm |
| | 11g, 54 Mbps | - | -74 | - | dBm |
| | 11n, HT20, MCS0 | - | -91 | - | dBm |
| | 11n, HT20, MCS7 | - | - 71 | - | dBm |
| | 11n, HT40, MCS0 | - | -89 | - | dBm |
| | 11n, HT40, MCS7 | - | -69 | - | dBm |
| Adjacent channel rejection | 11g, 6 Mbps | - | 31 | - | dB |
| | 11g, 54 Mbps | - | 14 | - | dB |
| | 11n, HT20, MCS0 | - | 31 | - | dB |
| | 11n, HT20, MCS7 | - | 13 | - | dB |

- 1. Device should operate in the frequency range allocated by regional regulatory authorities. Target operating frequency range is configurable by software.
- 2. For the modules that use IPEX antennas, the output impedance is 50 Ω . For other modules without IPEX antennas, users do not need to concern about the output impedance.
- 3. Target TX power is configurable based on device or certification requirements.

BLE Radio 5.5

5.5.1 Receiver

Table 8: Receiver Characteristics - BLE

| Parameter | Conditions | Min | Тур | Max | Unit |
|------------------------------------|---------------------|-----|------------|-----|------|
| Sensitivity @30.8% PER | - | - | -97 | - | dBm |
| Maximum received signal @30.8% PER | - | 0 | - | - | dBm |
| Co-channel C/I | - | - | +10 - | | dB |
| | F = F0 + 1 MHz | - | - 5 | - | dB |
| | F = F0 - 1 MHz | - | - 5 | - | dB |
| Adjacent channel colectivity C/I | F = F0 + 2 MHz | - | -25 | - | dB |
| Adjacent channel selectivity C/I | F = F0 - 2 MHz | - | -35 | - | dB |
| | F = F0 + 3 MHz | - | -25 | - | dB |
| | F = F0 - 3 MHz | - | -45 | - | dB |
| | 30 MHz ~ 2000 MHz | -10 | - | - | dBm |
| Out-of-band blocking performance | 2000 MHz ~ 2400 MHz | -27 | - | - | dBm |
| | 2500 MHz ~ 3000 MHz | -27 | - | - | dBm |
| | 3000 MHz ~ 12.5 GHz | -10 | - | - | dBm |
| Intermodulation | - | -36 | - | - | dBm |

5.5.2 Transmitter

Table 9: Transmitter Characteristics - BLE

| Parameter | Conditions | Min | Тур | Max | Unit |
|---|----------------------|-----|-------|-----|----------------|
| RF transmit power | - | - | 0 | - | dBm |
| Gain control step | - | - | 3 | - | dBm |
| RF power control range | - | -12 | - | +9 | dBm |
| | $F = F0 \pm 2 MHz$ | - | -52 | - | dBm |
| Adjacent channel transmit power | $F = F0 \pm 3 MHz$ | - | -58 | - | dBm |
| | $F = F0 \pm > 3 MHz$ | - | -60 | - | dBm |
| $\Delta f1_{	ext{avg}}$ | - | - | - | 265 | kHz |
| $\Delta~f2_{\sf max}$ | - | 247 | - | - | kHz |
| $\Delta~f2_{ m avg}/\Delta~f1_{ m avg}$ | - | - | -0.92 | - | - |
| ICFT | - | - | -10 | - | kHz |
| Drift rate | - | - | 0.7 | - | kHz/50 μ s |
| Drift | - | - | 2 | - | kHz |

Reflow Profile 5.6

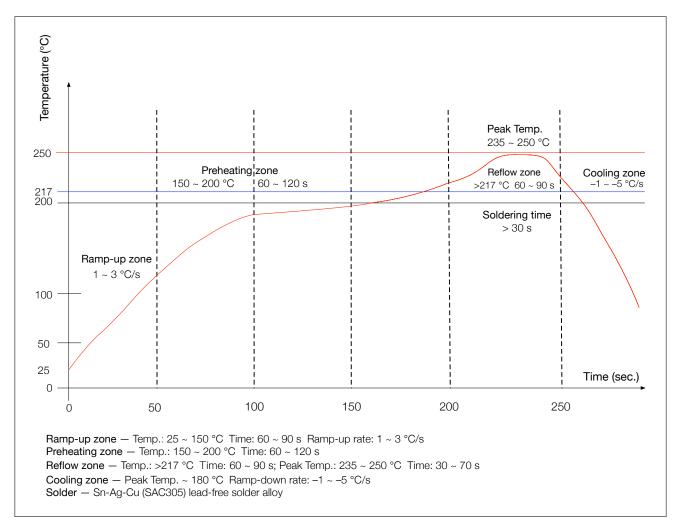


Figure 2: Reflow Profile

Note:

Solder the module in a single reflow.

6 Schematics

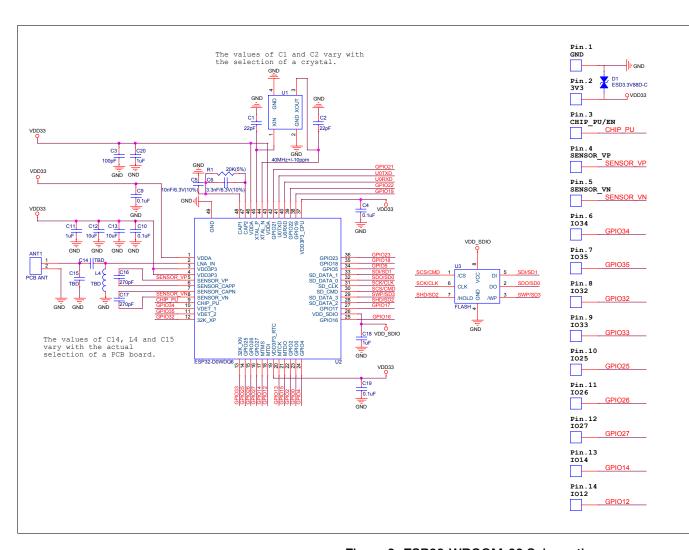


Figure 3: ESP32-WROOM-32 Schematics

7 Peripheral Schematics

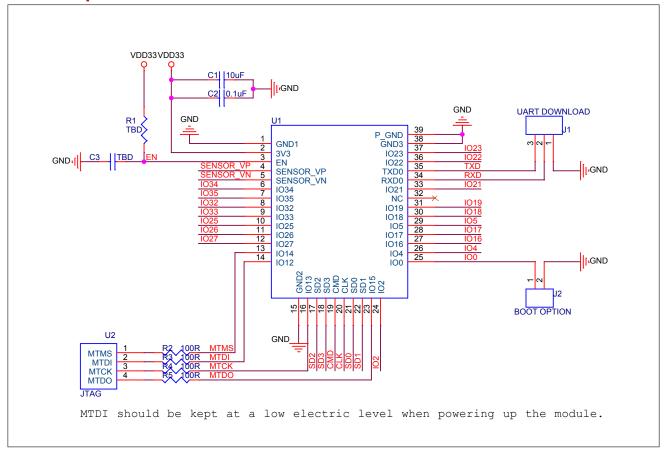


Figure 4: ESP32-WROOM-32 Peripheral Schematics

Note:

- Soldering Pad 39 to the Ground of the base board is not necessary for a satisfactory thermal performance. If users do want to solder it, they need to ensure that the correct quantity of soldering paste is applied.
- To ensure the power supply to the ESP32 chip during power-up, it is advised to add an RC delay circuit at the EN pin. The recommended setting for the RC delay circuit is usually R = 10 k Ω and C = 1 μ F. However, specific parameters should be adjusted based on the power-up timing of the module and the power-up and reset sequence timing of the chip. For ESP32's power-up and reset sequence timing diagram, please refer to Section *Power Scheme* in *ESP32 Datasheet*.

8 Physical Dimensions

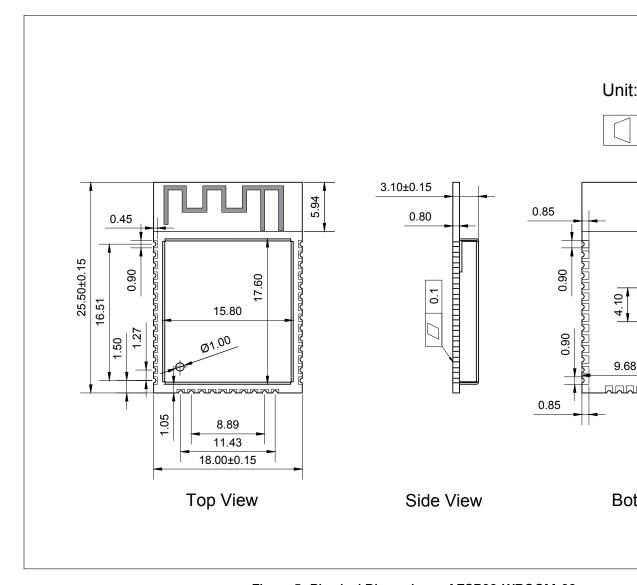


Figure 5: Physical Dimensions of ESP32-WROOM-32

Recommended PCB Land Pattern 9

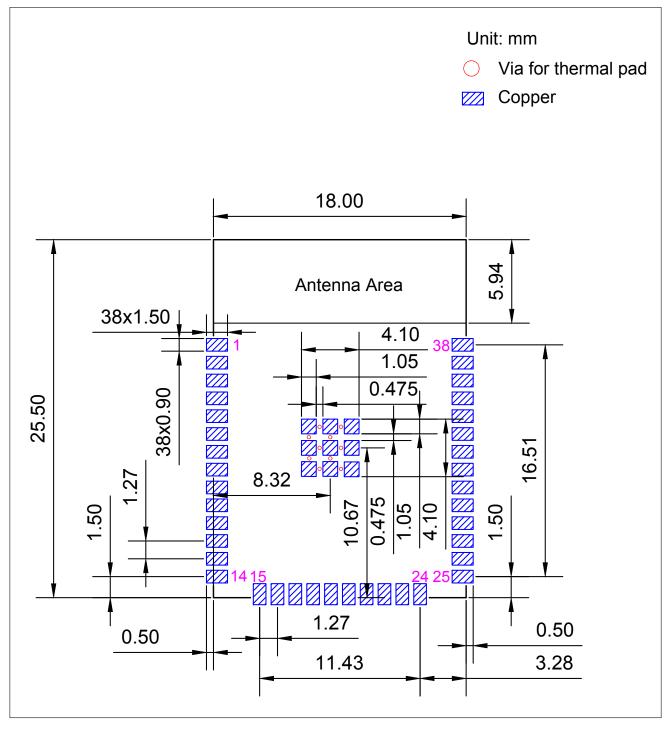


Figure 6: Recommended PCB Land Pattern

Learning Resources

10.1 **Must-Read Documents**

The following link provides documents related to ESP32.

• ESP32 Datasheet

This document provides an introduction to the specifications of the ESP32 hardware, including overview, pin definitions, functional description, peripheral interface, electrical characteristics, etc.

• ESP32 ECO V3 User Guide

This document describes differences between V3 and previous ESP32 silicon wafer revisions.

• ECO and Workarounds for Bugs in ESP32

This document details hardware errata and workarounds in the ESP32.

• ESP-IDF Programming Guide

It hosts extensive documentation for ESP-IDF ranging from hardware guides to API reference.

• ESP32 Technical Reference Manual

The manual provides detailed information on how to use the ESP32 memory and peripherals.

• ESP32 Hardware Resources

The zip files include the schematics, PCB layout, Gerber and BOM list of ESP32 modules and development boards.

• ESP32 Hardware Design Guidelines

The guidelines outline recommended design practices when developing standalone or add-on systems based on the ESP32 series of products, including the ESP32 chip, the ESP32 modules and development boards.

ESP32 AT Instruction Set and Examples

This document introduces the ESP32 AT commands, explains how to use them, and provides examples of several common AT commands.

• ESP Product Selector

10.2 **Must-Have Resources**

Here are the ESP32-related must-have resources.

• ESP32 BBS

This is an Engineer-to-Engineer (E2E) Community for ESP32 where you can post questions, share knowledge, explore ideas, and help solve problems with fellow engineers.

• ESP32 GitHub

ESP32 development projects are freely distributed under Espressif's MIT license on GitHub. It is established to help developers get started with ESP32 and foster innovation and the growth of general knowledge about the hardware and software surrounding ESP32 devices.

• ESP32 Tools

This is a webpage where users can download ESP32 Flash Download Tools and the zip file "ESP32 Certification and Test".

• ESP-IDF

This webpage links users to the official IoT development framework for ESP32.

• ESP32 Resources

This webpage provides the links to all available ESP32 documents, SDK and tools.

Revision History

| Date | Version | Release notes |
|--------------|--|---|
| | | Replaced Espressif Product Ordering Information with ESP Product Selector |
| 2021.08 v3.2 | v3.2 | Updated the description of TWAI in Table 1 |
| | | Labeled this document as (Not Recommended For New Designs) |
| 2021.02 V3.1 | Modified the note below Figure 2: Reflow Profile | |
| | | Updated the trade mark from TWAI™ to TWAI® |
| | \/O 1 | Deleted Reset Circuit and Discharge Circuit for VDD33 Rail in Section 7: Peripheral |
| | V3.1 | Schematics |
| | | Updated Figure 5: Physical Dimensions of ESP32-WROOM-32 and Figure 6: Recommended |
| | | PCB Land Pattern |
| | | Added TWAI TM in Table 1; |
| 2020.11 V3.0 | //3.0 | Added a note under Figure 2: Reflow Profile; |
| | V 3.0 | Updated the C value in RC circuit from 0.1 μ F to 1 μ F; |
| | | Provided feedback link. |
| | | Changed the supply voltage range from 2.7 V ~ 3.6 V to 3.0 V ~ 3.6 V; |
| | | • Added Moisture sensitivity level (MSL) 3 in Table 1 ESP32-WROOM-32 Specifications; |
| | | Added notes about "Operating frequency range" and "TX power" under Table 7 Wi-Fi |
| 2019.09 | V2.9 | Radio Characteristics; |
| | | Updated Section 7 Peripheral Schematics and added a note about RC delay circuit |
| | | under it; |
| | | Updated Figure 6 Recommended PCB Land Pattern. |
| 2019.01 | V2.8 | Changed the RF power control range in Table 9 from −12 ~ +12 to −12 ~ +9 dBm. |
| 2018.10 | V2.7 | Added "Cumulative IO output current" entry to Table 4: Absolute Maximum Ratings; |
| 2010.10 | V Z.1 | Added more parameters to Table 6: DC Characteristics. |
| | | • Added reliability test items the module has passed in Table 1: ESP32-WROOM-32 |
| | | Specifications, and removed software-specific information; |
| | | Updated section 3.4: RTC and Low-Power Management; |
| 2018.08 | V2.6 | • Changed the module's dimensions from (18±0.2) mm x (25.5 ±0.2) mm x (3.1±0.15) |
| | | mm to (18.00±0.10) mm x (25.50±0.10) mm x (3.10±0.10) mm; |
| | | Updated Figure 8: Physical Dimensions; |
| | | Updated Table 7: Wi-Fi Radio. |
| | | Changed the module name to ESP32-WROOM-32; |
| | | Deleted Temperature Sensor in Table 1: ESP32-WROOM-32 Specifications; |
| 2018.06 | | Updated Chapter 3: Functional Description; |
| | | Added Chapter 6: Recommended PCB Land Pattern; |
| | V2.5 | Changes to electrical characteristics: |
| | VZIO | Updated Table 4: Absolute Maximum Ratings; |
| | | Added Table 5: Recommended Operating Conditions; |
| | | Added Table 6: DC Characteristics; |
| | | Updated the values of "Gain control step", "Adjacent channel transmit power" in Table |
| | | 9: Transmitter Characteristics - BLE. |
| 2018.03 | V2.4 | Updated Table 1 in Chapter 1. |
| | | Deleted information on LNA pre-amplifier; |
| 2018 01 | 1/2 3 | Not Recommended For New Designs (NRND) |

| Date | Version | Release notes | | | |
|--------------|---------|--|--|--|--|
| | | Updated section 3.4 RTC and Low-Power Management; | | | |
| | | Added reset circuit in Chapter 7 and a note to it. | | | |
| | | Updated the description of the chip's system reset in Section 2.3 Strapping Pins; | | | |
| 2017.10 V2.2 | | Deleted "Association sleep pattern" in Table "Power Consumption by Power Modes" and | | | |
| | V2.2 | added notes to Active sleep and Modem-sleep; | | | |
| | | Updated the note to Figure 4 Peripheral Schematics; | | | |
| | | Added discharge circuit for VDD33 rail in Chapter 7 and a note to it. | | | |
| 0017.00 | V/O 1 | Updated operating voltage/power supply range updated to 2.7 ~ 3.6V; | | | |
| 2017.09 V2.1 | | Updated Chapter 7. | | | |
| | V0.0 | Changed the sensitivity of NZIF receiver to -97 dBm in Table 1; | | | |
| | | Updated the dimensions of the module; | | | |
| 2017.08 | | Updated Table "Power Consumption by Power Modes" Power Consumption by Power | | | |
| 2017.00 | V2.0 | Modes, and added two notes to it; | | | |
| | | Updated Table 4, 7, 8, 9; | | | |
| | | Added Chapter 8; | | | |
| | | Added the link to certification download. | | | |
| | | Added a note to Section 2.1 Pin Layout; | | | |
| 2017.06 | V1.9 | Updated Section 3.3 Crystal Oscillators; | | | |
| 2017.06 | V1.9 | Updated Figure 3 ESP-WROOM-32 Schematics; | | | |
| | | Added Documentation Change Notification. | | | |
| 2017.05 | V1.8 | Updated Figure 1 Top and Side View of ESP32-WROOM-32 (ESP-WROOM-32). | | | |
| | | Added the module's dimensional tolerance; | | | |
| 2017.04 | V1.7 | Changed the input impedance value of 50Ω in Table 7 Wi-Fi Radio Characteristics to output | | | |
| | | impedance value of 30+j10 Ω . | | | |
| 2017.04 | V1.6 | Added Figure 2 Reflow Profile. | | | |
| | | Updated Section 2.2 Pin Description; | | | |
| 2017.03 | V1.5 | Updated Section 3.2 External Flash and SRAM; | | | |
| | | Updated Section 4 Peripherals and Sensors Description. | | | |
| | V1.4 | Updated Chapter 1 Preface; | | | |
| | | Updated Chapter 2 Pin Definitions; | | | |
| | | Updated Chapter 3 Functional Description; | | | |
| 2017.03 | | Updated Table Recommended Operating Conditions; | | | |
| | | Updated Table 7 Wi-Fi Radio Characteristics; | | | |
| | | Updated Section 5.6 Reflow Profile; | | | |
| | | Added Chapter 10 Learning Resources. | | | |
| 2016.12 | V1.3 | Updated Section 2.1 Pin Layout. | | | |
| 2016.11 | V1.2 | Added Figure 7 Peripheral Schematics. | | | |
| 2016.11 | V1.1 | Updated Chapter 6 Schematics. | | | |
| 2016.08 | V1.0 | First release. | | | |



Disclaimer and Copyright Notice

Information in this document, including URL references, is subject to change without notice.

ALL THIRD PARTY'S INFORMATION IN THIS DOCUMENT IS PROVIDED AS IS WITH NO WARRANTIES TO ITS AUTHENTICITY AND ACCURACY.

NO WARRANTY IS PROVIDED TO THIS DOCUMENT FOR ITS MERCHANTABILITY, NON-INFRINGEMENT, FITNESS FOR ANY PARTICULAR PURPOSE, NOR DOES ANY WARRANTY OTHERWISE ARISING OUT OF ANY PROPOSAL, SPECIFICATION OR SAMPLE.

All liability, including liability for infringement of any proprietary rights, relating to use of information in this document is disclaimed. No licenses express or implied, by estoppel or otherwise, to any intellectual property rights are granted herein.

The Wi-Fi Alliance Member logo is a trademark of the Wi-Fi Alliance. The Bluetooth logo is a registered trademark of Bluetooth SIG.

All trade names, trademarks and registered trademarks mentioned in this document are property of their respective owners, and are hereby acknowledged.

Copyright © 2021 Espressif Systems (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. All rights reserved.

Not Recommended For New Designs (NRND)

X-ON Electronics

Largest Supplier of Electrical and Electronic Components

Click to view similar products for Adafruit Accessories category:

Click to view products by Adafruit manufacturer:

Other Similar products are found below:

3209 3561 3560 3562 2503 3011 3048 2973 2868 2958 2836 2968 3610 3568 3551 2858 3353 3584 3484 2865 3556 3559 3262 3348 2499 2878 2963 3219 3005 2882 PGM1202 02-LDR1 02-LDR12 02-LDR13 02-LDR14 02-LDR15 02-LDR2 02-LDR3 02-LDR4 2194 862 460 905 02-LDR20 02-LDR21 02-LDR22 02-LDR23 1008 1020 1031